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Corporate governance



CORPORATE GOVERNANCE STATEMENT

SP AusNet is committed to achieving high standards of corporate governance.

This Statement outlines the key aspects of SP AusNet's corporate governance framework and main corporate governance practices for the 2009/2010 year by reference to the ASX Corporate Governance Council's *Corporate Governance Principles and Recommendations*, 2nd Edition ("ASX Principles and Recommendations").

Throughout the reporting period, SP AusNet followed all but two¹ of the Recommendations contained in the ASX Principles and Recommendations. An explanation for each of these departures is included in this Statement.

Material relating to SP AusNet's corporate governance practices may be found in the "Corporate Governance" section of SP AusNet's website, www.sp-ausnet.com.au. These corporate governance practices will continue to evolve in the light of the changing circumstances of SP AusNet and will be tailored to meet those circumstances.

This Statement applies to all entities comprising "SP AusNet" or the "Stapled Group" as described in the Directors' Reports.

PRINCIPLE 1: LAY SOLID FOUNDATIONS FOR MANAGEMENT AND OVERSIGHT

Board responsibilities

The Board has adopted a formal *Board Charter* that sets out its role and responsibilities. The *Board Charter* may be found in the "Corporate Governance" section of SP AusNet's website. (*ASX Recommendations 1.1 and 1.3*)

The role of the Board is to represent and serve the interests of securityholders by overseeing and appraising the strategies, policies and performance of SP AusNet, including the performance of the Managing Director and management. The Board seeks to protect and optimise SP AusNet's performance and build sustainable value for securityholders in accordance with all duties and obligations imposed on it by SP AusNet's constitutions and by law. The Board sets SP AusNet's values and standards. It also ensures that securityholders are kept informed of SP AusNet's performance and major developments affecting its state of affairs.

The responsibilities of the Board include approving the appointment of the Managing Director, Chief Financial Officer and other senior executives, approving SP AusNet's corporate strategy and monitoring its implementation, and reviewing and guiding systems of risk management and internal control, and ethical and legal compliance. The Board is also responsible for approving major capital expenditure, acquisitions and divestitures, and monitoring and reviewing policies and processes aimed at ensuring the integrity of financial and other reporting. To assist in the discharge of its responsibilities, the Board may delegate any of its powers to its committees, a Director, employee or other person.

The *Board Charter* identifies matters which are specifically reserved for the Board or its committees, including the approval of dividends and distributions, corporate governance principles and policies, and the review of the provision of services by SPI Management Services.

¹ ASX Recommendations: 2.1 – majority independent directors; 2.2 – independent chairman.

Management must supply the Board with information to enable it to discharge its duties effectively. Directors are entitled to request additional information, including external advice, at any time.

The management function is conducted by, or under the supervision of, the Managing Director as directed by the Board. The Board approves corporate objectives for the Managing Director and, together with the Managing Director, develops his duties and responsibilities with limits to management's authorities. The Board is responsible for reviewing the role and responsibilities of management.

The Board reviews the *Board Charter* at least annually.

Performance of Executives

A formal performance evaluation of the Managing Director and senior executives occurs annually through the development of performance plans linked to SP AusNet's business plan for the year. The performance plans have key performance targets set by the Board and the Managing Director sets personal targets for key executives. Key performance targets cover such areas as safety, finance, network performance and reliability, and program delivery.

The performance evaluation process for the Managing Director and senior executives takes the form of an individual assessment by the Chairman in the case of the Managing Director, and in the case of senior executives, by the Managing Director. Performance outcomes are linked to short-term incentives and recommendations are made to the Remuneration Committee and to the Board for approval.

A formal evaluation of the Managing Director and senior executives was undertaken during the 2009/2010 year in accordance with this process. (ASX Recommendations 1.2 and 1.3)

Induction and Continuing Education

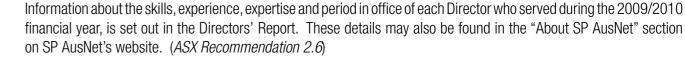
Induction procedures are put in place as necessary to allow new Directors and key executives to participate fully and actively in informed decision-making at the earliest opportunity. The procedures are designed to allow new Directors and key executives to gain an understanding of SP AusNet's financial, strategic, operational and risk management position, the rights, duties and responsibilities of the Directors, the roles and responsibilities of management and the roles of Board committees. In addition, each new Director is provided with a letter of appointment setting out the key terms of their appointment.

All Directors and key executives have access to, and are encouraged to participate in, continuing education to update and enhance their skills and knowledge.

PRINCIPLE 2: STRUCTURE THE BOARD TO ADD VALUE

The Board determines its size and composition, subject to the terms of SP AusNet's constitutions. The *Board Charter* requires that the Board comprise Directors with a broad range of skills, expertise and experience from a diverse range of backgrounds. The Board reviews its composition at least annually.

SP AusNet's constitutions provide for a minimum of four and a maximum of 14 Directors. The Board currently comprises eight Non-executive Directors, including the Chairman, and one Executive Director, being the Managing Director. Although Mr Martyn Myer is not seeking re-election at the 2010 Annual General Meeting, the Board is well advanced in the process of identifying a new candidate to join the Board. As soon as practicable after this process is finalised, SP AusNet will announce the details of the new Director appointment. The new Director will be subject to re-election at the 2011 Annual General Meeting. Following the appointment of the new Director, the Board will comprise eight Non-executive Directors, and one Executive Director.



Independence of Directors

The Board has adopted the definition of independence set out in the ASX Principles and Recommendations and as defined in 'Corporate Governance: *A Guide for Fund Managers and Corporations*' issued by the Investment and Financial Services Association Limited.

Having regard to these definitions, the Board considers a Director to be independent if he or she is not a member of management and is free of any interest and any business or other relationship which could, or could reasonably be perceived to, materially interfere with the independent exercise of their judgement. The Board assesses the materiality of any given relationship that may affect independence on a case-by-case basis. Each Non-executive Director is required to regularly disclose to the Board all information that may be relevant to this assessment, including their interests in contracts and other directorships and offices held.

The Directors considered by the Board to be independent are Tony lannello, George Lefroy, Martyn Myer and lan Renard. During the 2009/2010 year, none of the independent Directors had any interest or relationship that could, or could reasonably be perceived to, materially interfere with the independent exercise of their judgment. Ng Kee Choe, Jeremy Davis, Eric Gwee and Ho Tian Yee are nominee directors of SP AusNet's majority securityholder, Singapore Power International Pte Limited ("SPI") and therefore, are not considered to be independent. (ASX Recommendation 2.6)

SP AusNet has noted ASX Recommendation 2.1 that a majority of the board be independent directors, and that it has not followed this recommendation during the 2009/2010 year. However, the Board believes that its current composition is appropriate having regard to SPI's majority securityholding in SP AusNet, and the corporate knowledge and expertise that the non-independent Non-executive Directors contribute to SP AusNet. The nominee directors of SPI have also provided continuity to the affairs of SP AusNet before and after listing. (ASX Recommendation 2.6)

The Board acknowledges that all Directors – whether independent or not – should bring an independent judgement to bear on Board decisions. To facilitate this, each Director has access in appropriate circumstances to independent professional advice at SP AusNet's expense. (ASX Recommendation 2.6)

Role of the Chairman and the Managing Director

The Board acknowledges the importance of a clear division of responsibility at the head of SP AusNet. The roles of Chairman and Managing Director are therefore exercised by separate individuals. (ASX Recommendation 2.3)

The Chairman, Ng Kee Choe, is responsible for leading the Board. His role includes ensuring the efficient organisation and conduct of the Board's functions, facilitating effective contribution by all Directors and promoting constructive relations between the Board and management. The Chairman's role also includes ensuring that the Board is provided with all information relevant to SP AusNet's operations and strategies to assist in the discharge of the Board's duties, reviewing corporate governance matters with the Company Secretary and reporting on those matters to the Board.

SP AusNet has noted ASX Recommendation 2.2 that the chairperson be an independent director, and that it has not followed this recommendation during the 2009/2010 year. Although the Chairman is not considered to be independent, by virtue of his directorship of Singapore Power Limited, the Board believes that he is the most appropriate person for the role, given his extensive business experience, particularly in financial services, and the fact that he is also the Chairman of Singapore Power Limited. (ASX Recommendation 2.6)



The Managing Director, Nino Ficca, is responsible to the Board for the discharge of the management function and the implementation of corporate objectives determined by the Board.

Standing Board Committees

To assist in the discharge of its duties, the Board has established the following standing committees ("Committees"):

- Nomination Committee (ASX Recommendation 2.4);
- Remuneration Committee (ASX Recommendation 8.1);
- Audit and Risk Management Committee (ASX Recommendation 4.1); and
- Compliance Committee.

Each Committee has a formal charter which sets out its role and responsibilities, composition, structure and membership requirements. The Committee charters may be found in the "Corporate Governance" section of SP AusNet's website. (ASX Recommendations 2.6, 4.4 and 8.3)

Further information on each Committee is set out below and elsewhere in this Statement. Additional details in relation to the members of each Committee, as well as the number of times each Committee met during the 2009/2010 year and each member's attendance at those meetings, are set out in the Directors' Report. (ASX Recommendations 2.6, 4.4 and 8.3)



Nomination Committee	Remuneration Committee	Audit and Risk Management Committee	Compliance Committee
The role, responsibilities, composition, structure and membership requirements of the Nomination Committee are set out in the Nomination Committee Charter. (ASX Recommendation 2.4) The members of the Nomination Committee are: Ng Kee Choe (Chairman); Jeremy Davis; Eric Gwee; and Ian Renard. (ASX Recommendation 2.6) SP AusNet has noted the specific commentary and guidance on ASX Recommendation 2.4 that a nomination committee should consist of a majority of independent directors and that the committee be chaired by an independent director. Whilst SP AusNet has not followed this guidance during the 2009/2010 year, the Board believes that the current composition of the Nomination Committee is appropriate having regard to the individual expertise of the Directors. The Committee's members were selected on this basis, even though only one of the four members is independent.	The role, responsibilities, composition, structure and membership requirements of the Remuneration Committee are set out in the Remuneration Committee Charter. (ASX Recommendation 8.1) The members of the Remuneration Committee are: • George Lefroy (Chairman); • Eric Gwee; • Ho Tian Yee; and • Martyn Myer. (ASX Recommendation 8.3) SP AusNet has noted the specific commentary and guidance on ASX Recommendation 8.1 that a remuneration committee should consist of a majority of independent directors. Whilst SP AusNet has not followed this guidance during the 2009/2010 year, the Board believes that the current composition of the Remuneration Committee is appropriate having regard to the individual expertise of the Directors. The Committee's members were selected on this basis, even though there is an equal number of independent and non-independent members. The Chairman of the Committee is independent (ASX Recommendation 8.1)	The role, responsibilities, composition, structure and membership requirements of the Audit and Risk Management Committee are set out in the Audit and Risk Management Committee Charter. (ASX Recommendations 4.1, 4.2 and 4.3) The members of the Audit and Risk Management Committee are: • Tony lannello (Chairman); • Jeremy Davis; • Eric Gwee; • Martyn Myer; and • lan Renard. (ASX Recommendation 4.4) The members are all Non-executive Directors and a majority (including the Chairman) are independent. (ASX Recommendation 4.2) The members are all financially literate and have sufficient knowledge and understanding to allow them to discharge their responsibilities.	The role, responsibilities, composition, structure and membership requirements of the Compliance Committee Charter. The members of the Compliance Committee are: In Renard (Chairman); Eric Gwee. Ho Tian Yee; Tony lannello; and Martyn Myer. The members are all Non-executive Directors and a majority (including the Chairman) are independent.

The Board is provided with a copy of the minutes of each Committee meeting, together with recommendations, at a meeting of the Board. The Chairman of the Board and all Directors may request additional information from the Committees. Each Committee reviews its membership and its charter annually and makes recommendations for amendments (if any) to the Board.

Compliance Committee

The objective of the Compliance Committee is to support and advise the Board on compliance matters relevant to SP AusNet Finance Trust and the Responsible Entity.

The Compliance Committee's functions include:

- monitoring the extent to which the Responsible Entity complies with its compliance plan and the constitution of SP AusNet Finance Trust and reporting the Committee's findings to the Board;
- reporting to the Board any notifiable breaches of the *Corporations Act* and any breaches of the Australian Financial Services Licence held by the Responsible Entity;
- reviewing related party transactions relevant to the Responsible Entity;
- recommending to the Board the appointment or re-appointment of the compliance plan auditors and determining the terms of their appointment; and
- regularly assessing the compliance plan and recommending to the Board any changes required.

As required by the Australian Financial Services Licence, the Compliance Committee has also established a complaints handling process and receives reports on that process.

Special Purpose Board Committees

Special purpose Board committees are established by the Board where deemed necessary to deal with specific projects or where a potential conflict of interest exists.

Matters of importance in relation to which special purpose Board committees have been established include:

- The Advanced Metering Infrastructure (AMI) Due Diligence Committee was established during the 2007/08 year to oversee the progress of the implementation of the government-mandated AMI program. This Committee has continued in this role during the 2009/2010 year.
- The Bushfire Litigation and Inquiry Response Committee was established in early 2009 to oversee and guide SP AusNet's response to the Victorian bushfires of February 2009.
- The Funding Committee was established in late February 2009 to advise the Board and management on strategy and due diligence issues associated with a capital raising project undertaken in May 2009.
- The Issuing Committee was established in November 2009 to advise the Board on the parameters, amount, price and terms and conditions of SP AusNet's re-financing activities undertaken in early 2010.

Appointment of Directors

The Nomination Committee reviews and makes recommendations to the Board regarding the appointment of new Directors, including establishing formal and transparent procedures for the identification of suitable candidates. The Nomination Committee also makes recommendations regarding the criteria for Board membership, processes for the review of the performance of individual Directors and the Board as a whole, and Board succession plans.

Candidates for appointment to the Board are sought on the basis of their ability to complement the Board's current composition, as well as their independence. In support of their candidature, Non-executive Directors are required to provide details of their other commitments and an indication of the time involved. The Nomination Committee reviews these details prior to the Non-executive Director's appointment, and regularly thereafter, to ensure that the Director has sufficient time to discharge their duties in the manner expected of them.

All Directors, other than the Managing Director, are subject to re-election in accordance with SP AusNet's constitutions and the ASX Listing Rules.

Performance Evaluation

The Board acknowledges the importance of the regular review of its performance and the performance of its Committees against appropriate measures.

The Board undertook a formal evaluation of its performance and the operation of its Committees during the 2009/2010 year. The performance evaluation process was conducted internally and consisted of the completion of a comprehensive questionnaire by the Directors. The results of the questionnaire were collated and reviewed by the Chairman. (ASX Recommendations 2.5 and 2.6)

The Nomination Committee undertook a formal evaluation during the 2009/2010 year of individual Directors who are due to retire and offer themselves for re-election at the Annual General Meeting (AGM). The results of this evaluation were considered by the Board in determining whether to support the re-election of those Directors.

PRINCIPLE 3: PROMOTE ETHICAL AND RESPONSIBLE DECISION MAKING

Code of Business Conduct

SP AusNet is committed to acting ethically and responsibly in all of its business dealings.

SP AusNet has developed a *Code of Business Conduct* to guide all Directors, officers, employees, contractors and consultants as to the practices necessary to maintain confidence in SP AusNet's integrity, the standards for dealing with obligations to external stakeholders and the responsibility and accountability of individuals for reporting and investigating reports of unethical practices.

The *Code of Business Conduct* may be found in the "Corporate Governance" section of SP AusNet's website. (*ASX Recommendations 3.1 and 3.3*)

Specifically, the *Code of Business Conduct* requires that SP AusNet's business be conducted:

- in accordance with good corporate governance standards;
- for the purpose of delivering securityholder value in a responsible way;
- to maintain confidence in SP AusNet's integrity and to ensure that it is an organisation that people can trust;
- to maintain the highest ethical standards by fostering the responsibility and accountability of individuals within SP AusNet for reporting and investigating reports of unethical practices;
- to ensure compliance with SP AusNet's legal and other obligations in respect of its key stakeholders, to
 ensure that SP AusNet is dedicated to the broader community and to ensure its role in the community is an
 honest, legal and ethical one; and
- in accordance with SP AusNet's core values.

The *Code of Business Conduct* specifically addresses conflicts of interests, business gifts and entertainment, improper use of SP AusNet property and assets, dealing with government officials, political activities and reporting unlawful and unethical behaviour.



Whistleblower Policy

In keeping with the spirit of the *Code of Business Conduct*, SP AusNet has developed a *Whistleblower Policy* to encourage anyone engaged in the provision of services to SP AusNet who has witnessed, is aware of or suspects, any wrongful act to report it without fear of reprisal. The *Whistleblower Policy* sets out the way in which SP AusNet will respond to reports of wrongful acts.

The Whistleblower Policy may be found in the "Corporate Governance" section of SP AusNet's website

As part of SP AusNet's continuous drive to achieve high standards of corporate governance, SP AusNet has engaged STOPline — an external, confidential provider of whistleblower disclosure services. STOPline provides an additional, confidential avenue to report suspected wrongdoings in accordance with the *Whistleblower Policy*.

Responsible Entity's Conflicts of Interest

The Responsible Entity has established a *Conflicts of Interest Policy* to ensure that adequate arrangements are in place for the management of conflicts between its own interests and those of its clients as a financial services licensee. The policy is designed to raise awareness of SP AusNet's expectations and requirements in relation to conflicts and to further promote SP AusNet's culture of compliance.

Dealing in Securities

SP AusNet has adopted *Guidelines for Dealing in Securities*. Through a trading windows approach, the guidelines establish a best practice procedure relating to the buying and selling of SP AusNet securities for Directors, executives and senior management, employees, certain contractors, and their associates ("Relevant Persons").

The Guidelines for Dealing in Securities may be found in the "Corporate Governance" section of SP AusNet's website. (ASX Recommendations 3.2 and 3.3)

Pursuant to the guidelines, Relevant Persons must not buy, sell or otherwise deal in SP AusNet securities if they possess non-public, price-sensitive information. Relevant Persons may generally only deal in SP AusNet securities in the period of 31 days from the second day following:

- the announcement of half-yearly results;
- the announcement of annual results; or
- the holding of the Annual General Meeting.

Outside these periods, Relevant Persons must generally receive clearance for any proposed dealing in SP AusNet securities from the Chairman, the Chairman of the Audit and Risk Management Committee, the Company Secretary or the Managing Director (as set out in the guidelines).

The guidelines prohibit Relevant Persons dealing in SP AusNet securities on a short-term or speculative trading basis, except in circumstances of demonstrated financial hardship with prior clearance from the Chairman or the Managing Director.

The guidelines also prohibit Relevant Persons entering into transactions or arrangements that operate to limit the economic risk of unvested entitlements to SP AusNet securities (including under equity-based remuneration schemes), and require Relevant Persons to obtain clearance before entering into transactions in associated products which operate to limit the economic risk of their vested entitlements to SP AusNet securities.

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PRINCIPLE 4: SAFEGUARD INTEGRITY IN FINANCIAL REPORTING

The Board has ultimate responsibility for ensuring the integrity of SP AusNet's financial reporting. To assist in discharging its responsibility, the Board has put in place a structure of review and authorisation designed to ensure the truthful and factual presentation of SP AusNet's financial position.

Audit and Risk Management Committee

The Audit and Risk Management Committee assists the Board in discharging its responsibilities relating to the financial reporting and audit processes, systems of internal controls, the process for monitoring compliance with applicable laws, regulations and codes of conduct (including in relation to related party transactions) and risk management systems.

Specifically, the role of the Audit and Risk Management Committee includes:

- reviewing the appropriateness of accounting principles adopted by SP AusNet in the composition and presentation of financial reports and approving all significant accounting policy changes;
- reviewing the adequacy and effectiveness of SP AusNet's risk management, internal compliance and control systems and the process and evidence the Managing Director and the Chief Financial Officer adopt to satisfy themselves of these factors;
- reviewing the legal and regulatory matters that are brought to its attention by the internal and external auditor; and
- overseeing the conduct and scope of the external and internal audit functions, including making recommendations to the Board on the appointment, performance, remuneration and replacement of the external or internal auditor.

The Audit and Risk Management Committee has full access to, and the co-operation of, management and full discretion to invite any Director, members of management, or the internal or external auditor (with or without management present) to attend its meetings. The Audit and Risk Management Committee also has the authority to conduct or authorise special investigations, and engage independent advisers as required to assist in those investigations.

Declaration by the Managing Director and the Chief Financial Officer

The Managing Director and the Chief Financial Officer provide a written declaration in accordance with section 295A of the *Corporations Act* to the Board that the financial reports for SP AusNet and the individual entities comprising SP AusNet are complete and present a true and fair view of SP AusNet's financial position and performance in accordance with the relevant accounting standards.

The Board has received the Managing Director's and the Chief Financial Officer's declaration in respect of the financial reports for the financial year ended 31 March 2010.

To enable the Managing Director and Chief Financial Officer to provide the declaration, senior executives and their nominated staff complete representations providing assurances in relation to their respective areas of responsibility.

External Auditor Independence

SP AusNet's policy is to appoint an external auditor who is suitably qualified and whose independence is unequivocal.

The Audit and Risk Management Committee has approved an *Auditor Independence Policy* which is intended to maintain the independence of SP AusNet's external auditor by regulating the provision of non-audit services by the external auditor.

The *Auditor Independence Policy* may be found in the "Corporate Governance" section of SP AusNet's website (as an attachment to the *Audit and Risk Management Committee Charter*).

The *Auditor Independence Policy* requires that the provision of a permissible non-audit service by the external auditor be pre-approved by the Chief Financial Officer or the Managing Director (up to a limit of \$100,000 in aggregate at any time) or the Chairman of the Audit and Risk Management Committee. The Chief Financial Officer provides a quarterly report to the Audit and Risk Management Committee which describes any non-audit services provided by the external auditor since the last report.

The Audit and Risk Management Committee reviews the performance of the external auditor annually and is responsible for making recommendations to the Board in relation to the appointment or re-appointment of the external auditor. The Audit and Risk Management Committee determines the term of the external auditor's appointment and reviews the scope and results of the audit and its cost-effectiveness.

The Audit and Risk Management Committee reviews the *Auditor Independence Policy* and compliance with that Policy, seeking to balance the maintenance of independence and objectivity of the external auditor and value for money. The Audit and Risk Management Committee also ensures that the external audit engagement partner for SP AusNet rotate off SP AusNet's audit at least every five years.

The present external auditor for SP AusNet is KPMG. KPMG is also the external auditor for Singapore Power Limited. The Board considers that KPMG's similar role for Singapore Power Limited does not affect KPMG's independence, and accordingly, the appointment of KPMG to the role of external auditor for SP AusNet is considered appropriate.

Further details of the services provided by the external auditor and the fees paid or payable for those services are set out in the Directors' Report.

PRINCIPLE 5: MAKE TIMELY AND BALANCED DISCLOSURE

Continuous Disclosure

SP AusNet has developed a *Continuous Disclosure Policy* that sets out its practice in relation to continuous disclosure. The Continuous Disclosure Policy may be found in the "Corporate Governance" section of SP AusNet's website. (*ASX Recommendations 5.1 and 5.2*)

The *Continuous Disclosure Policy* records and communicates SP AusNet's commitment to continuous disclosure and establishes a best practice procedure relating to compliance with continuous disclosure obligations. The Policy identifies material price-sensitive information, requires the reporting of such information to the Company Secretary for review and ensures that SP AusNet and individual officers are aware of the penalties for contravening relevant legislative provisions and ASX Listing Rules.

The Company Secretary is primarily responsible for the management of the *Continuous Disclosure Policy* and for all communications with the ASX and SGX-ST in relation to continuous disclosure issues. However, no announcements are made to the ASX and SGX-ST without the prior approval of the Managing Director (or his delegate).

All material disclosed to the ASX and SGX-ST is immediately published on SP AusNet's website.

The Audit and Risk Management Committee considers potential continuous disclosure issues at each of its meetings.



The Audit and Risk Management Committee gives particular attention to emerging and changing circumstances with a view to determining whether any disclosures are required in respect of those matters.

PRINCIPLE 6: RESPECT THE RIGHTS OF SECURITYHOLDERS

Communications

SP AusNet has developed an integrated securityholder communications approach to assist with communicating information to the market in a timely and efficient manner. A copy of this approach may be found on SP AusNet's website. (ASX Recommendations 6.1 and 6.2)

All relevant announcements made to the market and related information, such as information and presentations provided to analysts and *Open Briefing* interviews, are published on SP AusNet's website immediately after they have been released to the ASX and SGX-ST (as applicable). The full-year and half-year financial results are also published on the website. SP AusNet makes available on the website the preceding three years' press releases and announcements as well as the preceding three years of financial data.

SP AusNet encourages securityholders to attend SP AusNet's Annual General Meeting to meet the Directors and management and to ask questions. SP AusNet's 2010 Annual General Meeting will be web-cast in order to improve access for securityholders unable to be physically present at the meeting. The full text of notices of meeting and explanatory material will be published on SP AusNet's website. (*ASX Recommendation 6.1*)

SP AusNet's external auditor, KPMG, is required to attend the Annual General Meeting. Securityholders will be given a reasonable opportunity to ask questions of the external auditor or its representative concerning the conduct of the audit and the preparation and content of the auditor's report.

SP AusNet holds a number of investor relations events in Singapore each year to provide Singapore-based investors with the opportunity to meet and ask questions of SP AusNet's management team, particularly following the release of the annual financial results.

In addition, SP AusNet convenes quarterly Stakeholder Consultative Committee meetings and Regional Forums to canvass opinions from subject matter experts and the community on aspects of SP AusNet's business activities that impact consumers, the environment and commercial relationships.

PRINCIPLE 7: RECOGNISE AND MANAGE RISK

Risk Management and Internal Controls

SP AusNet is committed to understanding and effectively managing risk to provide greater certainty and confidence for its securityholders, employees, customers, suppliers and the communities in which it operates. Finding the right balance between risk and reward enhances its profitability and business performance, and minimises future exposures.

The Board reviews and guides SP AusNet's overall systems of risk management and internal controls, and ensures that securityholders are informed in a timely manner of material changes to SP AusNet's risk profile.

The Audit and Risk Management Committee assists the Board in discharging these responsibilities. (*ASX Recommendation 7.1*) The Committee has oversight of the adequacy and effectiveness of SP AusNet's risk management, including the establishment and maintenance of risk identification and management processes and the review of SP AusNet's assessment of material business risks (financial and non-financial).

The Managing Director is accountable to the Audit and Risk Management Committee and the Board for the implementation of risk management processes in line with good corporate governance.

Risks faced by SP AusNet are managed on an enterprise-wide basis and are identified, analysed, evaluated and prioritised in a consistent manner utilising common systems and methodologies. Management and employees are responsible for embedding risk management in SP AusNet's core business activities, functions and processes. Risk awareness and tolerance for risk are key considerations in SP AusNet's decision making. SP AusNet uses its risk management capabilities to maximise the value from its assets, projects and other business opportunities and to assist in encouraging excellence, innovation and optimisation.

During the 2009/2010 period, management has reported to the Board as to the effectiveness of SP AusNet's management of its material business risks. (*ASX Recommendation 7.2*) The Board satisfied itself that management had designed and implemented a risk management and internal control system to manage the company's material business risks and to report to it on whether those risks were being managed effectively. The Board received a report during 2009/2010 that outlined material business risks, amendments to business risks since the prior report and the key activities involved in embedding an effective risk management culture.

SP AusNet's *Risk Management Policy* may be found in the "Corporate Governance" section of SP AusNet's website. (ASX Recommendations 7.1 and 7.4)

Assurance by the Managing Director and the Chief Financial Officer

The Managing Director and the Chief Financial Officer provide a written statement to the Board that:

- the declaration provided in accordance with section 295A of the Corporations Act is founded on sound systems of risk management and internal compliance and control which implement the policies of the Board: and
- the systems of risk management and internal compliance and control are operating efficiently and effectively in all material respects in relation to financial reporting risks. (ASX Recommendation 7.3)

The Board has received the Managing Director's and the Chief Financial Officer's written assurance on financial reporting risks in respect of the 2009/2010 financial year.

To enable the Managing Director and Chief Financial Officer to provide the above assurance, senior executives and their nominated staff complete representations providing assurances in relation to their respective areas of responsibility.

PRINCIPLE 8: REMUNERATE FAIRLY AND RESPONSIBLY

Remuneration Policies

The Board acknowledges the need to adopt remuneration policies that attract and maintain talented and motivated Directors and employees so as to encourage enhanced performance and to pursue long-term growth and success for SP AusNet. The Board also recognises the importance of there being a clear relationship between performance and remuneration.

SP AusNet's remuneration policies in relation to its Directors and key executives are set out in the Directors' Report. Details of the nature and amount of remuneration paid to each Director and each senior executive (and their link to corporate performance) are also set out in the Directors' Report. (ASX Recommendations 8.2 and 8.3)



Role of Nomination Committee and Remuneration Committee

The Nomination Committee advises the Board on matters relating to the appointment and performance of Directors and of the Board as a whole, review of Board and Committee membership and performance, and Board succession planning.

The Remuneration Committee reviews, and advises the Board on, the general remuneration framework for Directors and senior managers, and the performance of senior managers and other SP AusNet employees. The Remuneration Committee also reviews SP AusNet's obligations on matters such as superannuation and other employment benefits and entitlements.

Members of management may attend meetings of the Nomination Committee or the Remuneration Committee by invitation, however may not be present during, or participate in, deliberations where the matter does or could affect their position, remuneration or other related matters.

From time to time, external specialist remuneration advice is sought in respect of general remuneration arrangements and, in particular, advice on remuneration market movements is sought on an annual basis.

Executive Remuneration

SPI Management Services is a wholly-owned subsidiary of SPI. SPI Management Services entered into a management services agreement with SP AusNet Transmission and SP AusNet Distribution in November 2005 and, separately, with the Responsible Entity in November 2005. SPI Management Services provides the services of the executive team of SP AusNet, including the Managing Director. Further details about SP AusNet's relationship with SPI Management Services are set out below.

The remuneration and incentive package for the Managing Director and other senior executives (including the Company Secretary) is determined and paid by SPI Management Services. However, SPI Management Services must consider any recommendations made by the SP AusNet Board in relation to remuneration, incentive payments and programs, and key performance measures in respect of senior executives which promote alignment of 'owner-management' interests.

The Remuneration Committee reviews any reports provided by SPI Management Services relating to the remuneration, incentive payments and programs, and key performance measures for the Managing Director and other senior executives and makes recommendations to the Board. In this regard, SP AusNet aims to ensure that the remuneration of its Managing Director and other senior executives is market competitive, consistent with best practice and supportive of the interests of securityholders.

The Managing Director and other senior executives (including the Company Secretary) are remunerated through a combination of:

- base salary;
- short-term performance-based cash bonuses; and
- long-term performance-based incentives pursuant to a long-term incentive plan.

The SP AusNet long-term incentive plan was implemented for executives in the 2007/2008 reporting period, as is common in the market place, to attract and retain staff that are important to the creation of long-term value for securityholders.

Details of the remuneration paid to the Managing Director and key management personnel are set out in the Remuneration Report at pages 37 to 50 of the Directors' Report for SP Australia Networks (Distribution) Limited.

Financial reports

» SP Australia Networks (Distribution) Ltd

Non-executive Director Remuneration

The remuneration policy for Non-executive Directors and the amount of remuneration paid to Non-executive Directors is discussed in detail in the Remuneration Report at pages 37 to 50 of the Directors' Report for SP AusNet Distribution. Non-executive Directors are not provided with any form of retirement benefits or equity-based compensation. (ASX Recommendations 8.2 and 8.3)

The remuneration of Non-executive Directors is not linked to SP AusNet's performance in order to maintain their independence and impartiality.

In setting fee levels, the Remuneration Committee takes into account:

- SP AusNet's existing remuneration policies;
- independent professional advice;
- fees paid by comparable companies;
- the general time commitment required from Non-executive Directors and the risks associated with discharging the duties attaching to the role of Director; and
- the level of remuneration necessary to attract and retain Non-executive Directors of a suitable calibre.

RELATIONSHIP WITH SPI MANAGEMENT SERVICES

SP AusNet Transmission and SP AusNet Distribution have engaged SPI Management Services, pursuant to a management services agreement ("MSA"), to provide management and administration services and to manage the electricity transmission network, the electricity and gas distribution networks and other businesses on SP AusNet's behalf.

The Responsible Entity has entered into a separate management services agreement ("RE MSA") with SPI Management Services to provide management and administrative services in respect of SP AusNet Finance Trust.

SPI Management Services will consult with and seek advice from Singapore Power Limited and its subsidiaries from time to time in the performance of its work under both the MSA and RE MSA. The term of the MSA and the RE MSA is for an initial period of ten years commencing on 1 October 2005. SP AusNet may renew the MSA and RE MSA for two further ten-year periods.

Pursuant to the MSA, SP AusNet has agreed to pay SPI Management Services a Management Fee comprising a Management Services Charge and a Performance Fee for each financial year during the term of the MSA. The Management Services Charge is to compensate SPI Management Services for expenses relating to all remuneration and other employment entitlements and benefits of the employees of SPI Management Services who provide services to SP AusNet. The Performance Fee is to incentivise SPI Management Services to meet or better the non-financial and financial performance of SP AusNet and to align the interests of SPI Management Services with those of SP AusNet.

SPI Management Services also receives a fixed management fee from the Responsible Entity for the provision of its services pursuant to the RE MSA. Further information in relation to the management and performance fees of the Responsible Entity can be found at page 240 of the Annual Report for SP AusNet Distribution.

SPI Management Services has in place a *Conflicts of Interest and Related Party Protocol* which sets out the proposed practice for dealing with conflicts between the duties of officers of SP AusNet to SP AusNet and their employment duties to SPI Management Services, SP AusNet's interests in operating the business and the interests of SPI Management Services as a wholly owned subsidiary of Singapore Power Limited and issues arising from any actual or proposed provision of a financial benefit, by SP AusNet, to a related party.

The Audit and Risk Management Committee and the Compliance Committee annually review the performance of SPI Management Services and the fee structure under the MSA and RE MSA respectively.



General Purpose Financial Report

For the financial year ended 31 March 2010



» SP Australia Networks (Distribution) Ltd

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This financial report covers both SP Australia Networks (Distribution) Ltd as an individual entity and the combined entity consisting of SP Australia Networks (Distribution) Ltd and its subsidiaries, SP Australia Networks (Transmission) Ltd and its subsidiaries, and SP Australia Networks (Finance) Trust. The financial report is presented in Australian dollars.

SP Australia Networks (Distribution) Ltd is a company limited by shares, incorporated and domiciled in Victoria, Australia. Its registered office and principal place of business is:

Level 31, 2 Southbank Boulevard Southbank, Victoria 3006 Australia

A description of the nature of SP Australia Networks (Distribution) Ltd's operations and its principal activities is included in the Directors' report.

The financial report was authorised for issue by the Directors on 11 May 2010.



SP Australia Networks (Distribution) Ltd

Directors' report

The Directors of SP Australia Networks (Distribution) Ltd ("SP AusNet Distribution") present their report on the general purpose financial report of the company and combined entity for the financial year ended 31 March 2010.

This general purpose financial report has been prepared as an aggregation of the financial statements of SP AusNet Distribution and subsidiaries, SP Australia Networks (Transmission) Ltd ("SP AusNet Transmission") and subsidiaries and SP Australia Networks (Finance) Trust ("SP AusNet Finance Trust") as if all entities operate together. They are therefore treated as a combined entity ("Stapled Group" or "SP AusNet").

Pursuant to the Stapling Deed effective 21 October 2005, the Stapled Group was established for the purpose of facilitating a joint quotation of SP AusNet Distribution, SP AusNet Transmission and SP AusNet Finance Trust on the Australian Securities Exchange ("ASX") and the Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited ("SGX-ST"). The Stapled Group was listed on 14 December 2005.

So long as the three entities remain jointly quoted, the number of shares in each of SP AusNet Distribution and SP AusNet Transmission and the number of units in SP AusNet Finance Trust shall be equal and shareholders and unitholders shall be identical.

Directors

The persons listed below were Directors of SP AusNet Distribution during the whole of the financial period and up to the date of this report unless otherwise noted.

Non-executive Directors

Ng Kee Choe (Chairman)

Jeremy Guy Ashcroft Davis AM

Eric Gwee Teck Hai

Ho Tian Yee

Antonino (Tony) Mario lannello

George Allister Lefroy

Martyn Kenneth Myer AO

Ian Andrew Renard

Executive Director

Nino Ficca (Managing Director)

Principal activities

The principal activities of SP AusNet are:

- Electricity distribution delivery of electricity to approximately 620,000 consumer supply points over 80,000 square kilometres in eastern Victoria including Melbourne's outer eastern suburbs;
- **Gas distribution** delivery of natural gas to approximately 572,000 consumer connection points over 60,000 square kilometres in central and western Victoria including some of Melbourne's western suburbs;
- Electricity transmission the transmission of electricity within the state of Victoria; and
- Select Solutions the provision of competitive niche asset services.

SP Australia Networks (Distribution) Ltd

Directors' report (continued)

Principal activities (continued)

The principal activities of SP AusNet are conducted through the following main operating group companies:

- SPI Electricity Pty Ltd;
- SPI Networks (Gas) Pty Ltd; and
- SPI PowerNet Pty Ltd.

Distributions

Distributions paid to securityholders during the financial year were as follows:

	Final 2009 distribution paid 25 June 2009		Interim 2010 distribut paid 22 December 20	
	Cents per security	Total distribution \$M	Cents per security	Total distribution \$M
Distributions from earnings				
Fully franked dividend paid by SP AusNet Transmission	1.911	40.5	1.289	34.3
Assessable interest income paid by SP AusNet Finance Trust	2.692	57.1	1.887	50.3
Return of capital paid by SP AusNet Finance Trust	1.324	28.1	0.824	21.9
Total distributions	5.927	125.7	4.000	106.5

In relation to the final distributions on 25 June 2009 of \$125.7 million, \$12.3 million was utilised in the allotment of new securities issued under the Distribution Reinvestment Plan.

In relation to the interim distributions on 22 December 2009 of \$106.5 million, \$34.6 million was utilised in the allotment of new securities issued under the Distribution Reinvestment Plan.

Since the end of the financial year the Directors have approved a final distribution for 2010 of \$108.2 million (4.000 cents per fully paid stapled security) to be paid on 29 June 2010 comprised as follows:

		1.591 43.0 2.261 61.2	
	'		
Fully franked dividend payable by SP AusNet Transmission	1.591	43.0	
Assessable interest income payable by SP AusNet Finance Trust	2.261	61.2	
Return of capital payable by SP AusNet Finance Trust	0.148	4.0	
	4.000	108.2	



SP Australia Networks (Distribution) Ltd

Directors' report (continued)

Review of operations

A summary of the Stapled Group's revenues and results by significant industry segments is set out below:

	Electricity distribution \$M	Gas distribution \$M	Transmission \$M	Inter-segment eliminations \$M	Combined \$M
	•	·	·	•	•
Regulated revenue	467.2	181.2	482.5	(9.3)	1,121.6
Excluded services	17.1	3.2	21.0	(4.5)	36.8
Customer contributions	34.6	4.0	-	· ,	38.6
Service revenue	95.8	1.1	9.1	-	106.0
Other revenue	11.5	1.3	18.7	(0.9)	30.6
Total segment revenue	626.2	190.8	531.3	(14.7)	1,333.6
Segment result before interest expense	176.9	94.6	272.3	-	543.8
Segment interest expense	(104.0)	(59.6)	(145.9)	-	(309.5)
Unallocated finance income less unallocated	,	,	,		` 14.8́
finance expenses					
Profit before income tax					249.1
Income tax expense					(40.1)
Net profit for the year				_	209.0

SP Australia Networks (Distribution) Ltd

Directors' report (continued)

Discussion and analysis for the year ended 31 March 2010

This discussion and analysis is provided to assist readers in understanding the general purpose financial report.

SP AusNet achieved a net profit after tax ("NPAT") of \$209.0 million for the 12 months ended 31 March 2010.

SP AusNet derives most of its earnings from three regulated energy network businesses, which include Victoria's high voltage electricity transmission network, an electricity distribution network located in eastern Victoria and a gas distribution network in western Victoria. Overall revenue increased by 14 per cent to \$1,333.6 million. The increase in revenue arose from the increased activity associated with Select Solutions and a combination of regulated price adjustments, an increase in customer connections and customer contributions. Revenue for each segment is discussed below.

As a diversified energy delivery networks business, SP AusNet plays a vital role in underpinning the economic and social strength of Victorian communities, while contributing to the wider Australian energy market. The sustainability of the networks is key to SP AusNet's business decisions and SP AusNet is committed to continually improving its networks' performance for customers.

Comparison to the previous financial year is affected by a one-off write-down of \$43.3 million (before tax) on meters in the previous year. Operating costs excluding finance costs and abnormal items were \$789.8 million, an increase of 11 per cent over last year. The decrease in management services fees of \$25.9 million was more than offset by other increases in operating costs in relation to the increased activity associated with Select Solutions, increased land tax on easements (as a pass through cost) and increased maintenance costs in relation to line easements.

Electricity distribution business

SP AusNet's electricity distribution business contributed \$626.2 million in total revenues prior to intercompany eliminations (excluding interest income) for the year ended 31 March 2010. Revenues were favourably impacted by the annual regulated price adjustments, the strong growth in customer numbers and the increase in service revenue from Select Solutions (discussed below) but were partially offset by the slower economic growth and milder weather which have resulted in lower consumption than for the same period last year. The electricity distribution business contributed \$176.9 million to profits from operating activities for the year ended 31 March 2010. As at 31 March 2010, SP AusNet had 619,728 customers connected to its electricity distribution network representing an increase of 11,417 customers or 1.9 per cent during the year. During the financial year 7,780 GWh was distributed through the distribution network, representing a decrease of 1.4 per cent over the previous financial year. Total capital expenditure for the year was \$350.6 million, of which \$103.7 million was customer initiated and \$70.0 million was in relation to Advanced Metering Infrastructure.

In early February 2009, the state of Victoria was impacted by bushfires. The bushfires also damaged or destroyed many electricity assets and led to around 34,000 of SP AusNet's rural customers being without supply for some time. This had a consequent impact on SP AusNet's S-Factor performance. SP AusNet has applied to the Australian Energy Regulator ("AER") for the relevant parts of the 2006 Tariff Order to be revoked and remade in respect of S-Factor performance. It is too early to estimate the financial impact, if any, of the outcomes of the AER's decision.

A \$9.5 million major upgrade of the existing Bright sub station commenced during the year, to help meet growing demand for electricity in Bright and the Alpine area. The upgrade will provide improved electricity supply and capacity for more than 4,000 residents and businesses in the area, especially during the winter period, which is traditionally Bright's time of peak demand.

With continued population growth in the outer south east, particularly surrounding Cranbourne and Pakenham, SP AusNet this year also began construction work on the \$20.0 million Officer zone sub station. This project, in one of Melbourne's principal growth corridors, will ensure SP AusNet keeps pace with new customer demand.

On 30 November 2009, SP AusNet submitted to the AER its regulatory proposal for the new pricing regime that will apply for five years from 1 January 2011. The regulatory proposal, available on the AER's website, sought an initial real price rise from 2011 to 2015 and a real increase in net capital expenditure to \$1,372.0 million (in 2010 dollars). The AER is expected to release its draft determination in June 2010, with its final determination required by 31 October 2010.



SP Australia Networks (Distribution) Ltd

Directors' report (continued)

Discussion and analysis for the year ended 31 March 2010 (continued)

Gas distribution business

SP AusNet's gas distribution business contributed \$190.8 million in total revenues prior to intercompany eliminations (excluding interest income) for the year ended 31 March 2010. Revenues were favourably impacted by the annual regulated price adjustments at 1 January 2009, and by strong growth in customer numbers offset by milder weather conditions. The gas distribution business contributed \$94.6 million to profits from operating activities for the year ended 31 March 2010. As at 31 March 2010, SP AusNet had 571,678 customers connected to its gas distribution network representing an increase of 17,181 or 3.1 per cent during the year. Total gas delivered through the network was 71.4 PJ, a decrease of 5.2 per cent over the previous corresponding financial year. Total capital expenditure for the year was \$67.6 million of which \$43.8 million was customer initiated.

Electricity transmission business

SP AusNet's electricity transmission business contributed \$531.3 million in total revenues prior to intercompany eliminations (excluding interest income) for the year ended 31 March 2010. Revenues were favourably impacted as a result of the increase in the regulated revenue path and the pass through of the increase in land tax on easements due to a revised assessment by the State Revenue Office and as a result of the completion of new customer connection projects. The electricity transmission business contributed \$272.3 million to profits from operating activities for the year ended 31 March 2010. Total electricity transmitted through the network was 51,278 GWh which is a decrease of 1.0 per cent over the previous corresponding financial year due to slower economic growth and milder weather conditions. Transmission regulated revenue is not subject to volume risk.

During the year, SP AusNet successfully completed a \$9.0 million project at the Cranbourne Terminal Station. The upgrade will reinforce current network infrastructure to meet the rapidly expanding demand in the Cranbourne area.

In November 2009, the Bogong Hydro Power Station was connected to SP AusNet's electricity transmission network The Bogong Hydro Power Station creates an additional 94,000 MWh of renewable electricity each year.

A \$17.4 million project to upgrade the Hazelwood Terminal Station commenced in February 2010 and will result in power supply being strengthened for more than 350,000 customers across Victoria. Due for completion in October 2010, the multi-million dollar works involve upgrading the existing 500 kV switchyard, which converts extra high voltage electricity to a level that can be distributed to homes.

Total capital expenditure was \$162.5 million for the period, including \$42.2 million customer initiated, \$109.3 million company initiated projects and \$9.1 million of general capital expenditure, as well as \$1.9 million in relation to Advanced Metering Infrastructure.

Select Solutions business

Select Solutions provides services to SP AusNet and also provides competitive niche asset services, in particular metering and vegetation management, asset inspection and technical services to external parties including Jemena Asset Management Pty Ltd (referred to as "Jemena"). The agreements with Jemena commenced 1 April 2009 and are for an initial five year term. The agreements will continue for further five year terms unless terminated by either party by giving notice to terminate at the end of the current term. These agreements have resulted in SP AusNet extending its footprint to introduce these niche services into New South Wales.

Select Solutions contributed \$109.2 million in revenue to SP AusNet (comprising \$106.0 million in service revenue and \$3.2 million in other revenue), an increase of \$75.0 million in external revenue over the previous year for the equivalent services now provided by Select Solutions. Select Solution's contribution to EBITDA from external works for the year was \$8.0 million. The results for Select Solutions are predominantly included in the electricity distribution results.

Parent entity

The parent entity made a profit of \$1,568.6 million due to the receipt of a dividend of \$1,693.2 million. Excluding the dividend, the parent entity incurred a loss of \$124.6 million mainly attributable to interest expense incurred on loans from subsidiaries and from SP AusNet Finance Trust. The intercompany interest eliminates in the combined entity.

SP Australia Networks (Distribution) Ltd

Directors' report (continued)

Discussion and analysis for the year ended 31 March 2010 (continued)

Financial position

Securityholders' equity was \$2,774.1 million as at 31 March 2010. Total securityholders' equity includes 100 per cent of the ownership interests in SP AusNet Transmission and SP AusNet Finance Trust, which have been disclosed as minority interests, as they are owned by securityholders directly. The proceeds from the equity raising in May and June 2009 and the proceeds from the Distribution Reinvestment Plan ("DRP") issue on 25 June 2009 and 22 December 2010 were allocated to units in SP AusNet Finance Trust with the shares in SP AusNet Transmission and SP AusNet Distribution issued at nominal consideration.

Reserves are negative due to the valuation of derivatives held under cash flow hedging arrangements. SP AusNet does not enter into or trade financial instruments, including derivative financial instruments, for speculative purposes.

SP AusNet recognises actuarial gains and losses on defined benefit superannuation funds directly in retained earnings. Actuarial gains for the year ended 31 March 2010 for SP AusNet were \$39.6 million (before tax). The actuarial gain was mainly due to investment returns. Defined benefit funds are long-term in nature and the actuarial calculations are based on long-term expectations. Any short-term fluctuations from the long-term average will result in movements in the net surplus/deficit position of the fund. The net liability position of the SP AusNet funds has moved from a net deficit position at 31 March 2009 of \$80.3 million to a net deficit position at 31 March 2010 of \$30.0 million. SP AusNet makes contributions to the defined benefit funds as requested by the funds.

The Directors have reviewed the assets held in the form of interest rate swaps, cross-currency swaps and other derivative contracts, and have also reviewed related counterparty credit exposures. The Directors are satisfied that these assets are not overstated. Included in borrowings are USD \$975.0 million, GBP £250.0 million, CHF 475.0 million and HK \$700.0 million facilities. As these facilities are accounted for as being in a hedge relationship, the decrease in the facilities arising from exchange rate movements is offset by an increase in the fair value of the derivatives that are hedging the exchange rate movement.

At balance date, SP AusNet's current assets exceed its current liabilities by \$30.3 million. In total, SP AusNet had access to undrawn but committed bank debt facilities as at 31 March 2010 of \$325.0 million under non-current bank debt facilities and \$245.0 million under current bank debt facilities.

Cash flow statements

Net operating cash inflows for the year ended 31 March 2010 were \$420.6 million, an increase of \$71.8 million on the comparative period predominantly due to an increase in receipts from customers.

Net outflows from investing activities of \$581.0 million resulted primarily from payments for property, plant and equipment.

The net inflow from financing activities of \$698.3 million resulted primarily from borrowings of \$1,283.5 million and the proceeds from issue of new securities of \$399.3 million (net of transaction costs), offset by repayment of borrowings, and the cash component of the distributions paid during the period of \$185.5 million.

Victorian February bushfires

In early February 2009, the state of Victoria was impacted by bushfires. The Victorian Government subsequently established a Royal Commission of Inquiry into the Victorian bushfire crisis and SP AusNet has and continues to extend its full support and assistance to the Inquiry.

In the months following these bushfires, SP AusNet was served with a writ that alleges that "faulty and/or defective power lines" caused loss and damage as a consequence of the fire known as the Kilmore East fire. More recently, SP AusNet has been advised of a number of additional writs alleging that SP AusNet is implicated in the fire known as the Beechworth fire, where a tree limb allegedly brought down power lines, causing loss and damage. SP AusNet will vigorously defend these claims.

It is too early for SP AusNet to speculate on the outcome of any claims which may be instituted by third parties. If these claims are pursued, SP AusNet has liability insurance which provides cover for bushfire liability. SP AusNet reviews its insurance cover annually and ensures it is commensurate with the scale and size of its operations, the risks assessed to be associated with its operations and with industry standards and practice. SP AusNet's bushfire mitigation and vegetation management programs fully comply with Electricity Safety (Bushfire Mitigation) Regulations and are audited annually by Energy Safe Victoria. SP AusNet had a "zero" bushfire mitigation index throughout the 2008-09 bushfire season.



SP Australia Networks (Distribution) Ltd

Directors' report (continued)

Discussion and analysis for the year ended 31 March 2010 (continued)

Climate Change

The National Greenhouse and Energy Reporting Act 2007 was passed in September 2007 to establish a mandatory corporate system for the reporting of greenhouse gas, energy production and consumption. Corporations that meet thresholds as determined by the legislation are required to report. The reporting period commenced on 1 July 2008, and covers the Australian financial year. Corporations meeting or exceeding the thresholds were required to register by 31 August 2009 and lodge their first full report by 31 October 2009. SP AusNet meets the current thresholds under the National Greenhouse and Energy Reporting ("NGER") framework and lodged its first full report with the Department of Climate Change prior to the 31 October 2009 deadline. On 28 February 2010 the Department of Climate Change published its findings from the first year of reporting under NGER. The Department of Climate Change reviewed the data and conducted audits where they were not satisfied with the accuracy and/or completeness of data and in these cases they required amended inputs. SP AusNet was not required to be part of any audit conducted and our data input at the end of October 2009 was accepted unchanged.

In March 2009, the Australian Government released its exposure draft legislation on the *National Carbon Pollution Reduction Scheme* ("CPRS") for consultation. However, the future of the CPRS, which was due to start in mid-2011, is uncertain as the Australian Senate has twice voted against the current form of the proposed CPRS legislation. On 27 April 2010 the Australian Government announced that the scheme would be delayed until at least 2013, stating that it remains committed to the scheme.

SP AusNet is closely monitoring the development of the regulatory framework for this emissions trading scheme. Under the draft legislation, SP AusNet is expected to have liabilities under the CPRS for unaccounted for gas losses from the gas distribution network. At this stage, it is too early to quantify the impacts and opportunities arising from the CPRS.

Debt raising

SP AusNet's common or central funding vehicle ("CFV") operates through SPI Electricity & Gas Australia Holdings Pty Ltd, a subsidiary of SP AusNet Distribution. SP AusNet has access to the funds through the CFV.

In May 2009, SP AusNet successfully established \$275.0 million of three year bank debt facilities. These facilities were used to replace \$205.0 million of working capital facilities and commercial paper standby lines. In June 2009, SP AusNet successfully established an additional \$50.0 million three year bank debt facility, bringing the total raised under the bilateral facilities executed in May 2009 to \$325.0 million. This facility was used to replace \$50.0 million of commercial paper standby lines. The remaining \$50.0 million of working capital facilities were not renewed, and expired in August 2009. The bilateral bank debt facilities were undrawn as at 31 March 2010, and as a consequence there was \$325.0 million of undrawn but committed non-current debt available under these facilities.

In February 2010, SP AusNet successfully completed a CHF 475.0 million five and a half year Swiss franc bond issue to raise approximately \$520.1 million. In March 2010, SP AusNet also successfully completed a HK\$700.0 million ten year Hong Kong dollar bond issue to raise approximately \$100.0 million and a \$300.0 million seven and a half year Australian dollar bond issue.

The proceeds from these issues have been or will be used to repay existing debt, fund capital expenditure and for other working capital requirements. This effectively completes SP AusNet's refinancing requirements of \$960.0 million for the 2011 financial year well ahead of the scheduled maturity dates.

SP AusNet has an A- credit rating from Standard and Poor's and A1 from Moody's.

Capital Management Initiatives

In June 2009, SP AusNet successfully completed an accelerated non-renounceable entitlement offer ("Entitlement Offer") raising a total of \$408.4 million. \$336.6 million was raised from the institutional component of the Entitlement Offer and \$71.8 million was raised from the retail component of the Entitlement Offer. These amounts exclude the costs of raising these funds. A total of 526,678,606 securities were issued under the non-renounceable entitlement offer completed in June 2009 at an issue price of \$0.78 per stapled security for eligible securityholders in Australia and New Zealand and S\$0.86 per stapled security for eligible securityholders in Singapore. The proceeds from the equity raising together with the proceeds from the distribution reinvestment plan issues on 25 June 2009 (\$12.3 million) and on 22 December 2009 (\$34.6 million) were allocated to units in SP AusNet Finance Trust with the shares in SP AusNet Transmission and SP AusNet Distribution issued at nominal consideration.

Beyond the year ended 31 March 2010, distributions will be determined based on operating cash flows after funding 100 per cent of maintenance capital expenditure and a portion of growth capital expenditure. SP AusNet's long-term aim is to continue to deliver sustainable growth in securityholder value.

SP Australia Networks (Distribution) Ltd

Directors' report (continued)

Discussion and analysis for the year ended 31 March 2010 (continued)

Advanced Metering Infrastructure roll-out Program

The Victorian Government has mandated completion of the roll-out of smart electricity meters by the end of 2013. SP AusNet is on target to meet this schedule. Installation of the new electricity meters commenced in November 2009 and is progressing steadily. The program's aims are to enhance customer relationships, reduce peak demand and improve existing network asset efficiency, network reliability and performance.

One key aspect of the program was the introduction of Time of Use tariffs through which customers are charged different rates at different times of the day for their electricity consumption. The pricing structure is designed to help Victorians control their energy costs via consumption patterns. On 22 March 2010 the Victorian Government announced a temporary moratorium on the introduction of Time of Use tariffs as a result of concerns raised by a number of Victorian community groups. The terms and conditions of the moratorium are yet to be defined but there is no impact on the roll-out of smart electricity meters.

Weather events

A number of severe weather events have affected SP AusNet's electricity distribution network during the financial year. Strong winds of up to 110km/hr, and storms, particularly during July, August and September, interrupted power supply to customers and resulted in an increase in the Unplanned Supply Average Interruption Duration Index ("USAIDI") with 30 minutes lost. The financial impact on Guaranteed Service Levels ("GSL") was immaterial. SP AusNet closely monitors extreme weather forecasts and puts emergency plans in place to enable the fastest and most efficient response.

Australian Taxation Office Audits

The Australian Taxation Office ("ATO") is undertaking large business audits of the SP AusNet group. The focus of the audits is as follows:

- deductions claimed in respect of fees imposed under Section 163AA of the Electricity Industry Act 1993 in the 1999 to 2001 tax years;
- deductions claimed in respect of intellectual property referable to the 1998 tax year and each subsequent year; and
- the entry allocable cost amount ("ACA") step 1 amount (relating to the cost of membership interests) when the SPI
 Australia Group Pty Ltd ("SPIAG") consolidated group joined the SP AusNet Distribution consolidated group on 2 August
 2004

In the year ended 31 March 2007, SP AusNet Transmission reversed \$81.4 million of previously recognised deferred tax liabilities. The reversal was in relation to Section 163AA imposts (\$53.3 million), intellectual property (\$18.3 million) and general interest charges (\$9.8 million), on the basis of expert advice which enabled SP AusNet Transmission to be satisfied that the deductions were properly taken for income tax purposes. The reversed deferred tax liabilities, which predominantly related to primary tax payable, are not necessarily indicative of any outflow or liability that may actually arise from an adverse ATO audit outcome or that may ultimately arise in the event that the matters are subject to litigation.

On 31 March 2010, the ATO advised SP AusNet Transmission that it intends to disallow deductions claimed in respect of Section 163AA imposts, although it has not yet issued an amended assessment to confirm this position. The ATO has invited SP AusNet Transmission to make a submission (before 30 May 2010) regarding whether the ATO should remit all or part of general interest and administrative charges that may apply in respect of Section 163AA imposts.

The ultimate timeframe or likely outcomes of the ATO audits are not known.

Despite the ATO audit activities, SP AusNet has not changed its view in regard to the availability of deductions for Section 163AA imposts and intellectual property or its entry ACA step 1 amount when the SPIAG consolidated group joined the SP AusNet Distribution consolidated group.



SP Australia Networks (Distribution) Ltd

Directors' report (continued)

Discussion and analysis for the year ended 31 March 2010 (continued)

Distribution Reinvestment Plan

The take up rate for the DRP in June 2009 was approximately ten per cent and in December 2009 was in excess of 30 per cent. The DRP will be in operation for the final distribution.

Significant changes in the state of affairs

Other than referred to above, in the opinion of the Directors, there were no significant changes in the state of affairs of the Stapled Group that occurred during the year under review.

Matters subsequent to the end of the financial year

Distributions

Since the end of the financial year, the Directors have approved a final distribution for 2010 of \$108.2 million (4.000 cents per stapled security) to be paid on 29 June 2010.

With the exception of the matter outlined above, the Directors are not aware of any circumstances that have arisen since 31 March 2010 that have significantly affected or may significantly affect the operations, and results of those operations or the state of affairs, of the Stapled Group in financial years subsequent to 31 March 2010.

Likely developments and expected results of operations

Information on likely developments in the operations of the Stapled Group and the expected results of operations, other than already disclosed in this report, have not been included in this report because the Directors believe it would be likely to result in unreasonable prejudice to the Stapled Group.

Environmental regulation

The Stapled Group was subject to both Federal and State Government environmental legislation during the year. The most significant areas of environmental legislation affecting the Stapled Group in Victoria are those which regulate noise emissions, greenhouse gas emissions, the discharge of emissions to land, air and water, the management of oils, chemicals and dangerous goods, the disposal of wastes, and those which govern the assessment of land use including the approval of developments. The Directors are not aware of any breaches of legislation during the year which are material in nature.

SP Australia Networks (Distribution) Ltd

Directors' report (continued)

Information on Directors

Ng Kee Choe – Chairman – Non-executive

Bachelor of Science (Honours), University of Singapore

Experience and expertise

Mr Ng is Chairman and Director of Singapore Power Limited. He also serves as Chairman and Director of NTUC Income Insurance Co-operative Limited and as President-Commissioner of PT Bank Danamon Indonesia, Tbk. He is a Director of Singapore Airport Terminal Services Limited, Singapore Exchange Ltd and Fullerton Financial Holdings Pte Ltd. He is a member of the Temasek Advisory Panel, International Advisory Council of China Development Bank and Chairman of Tanah Merah Country Club. Mr Ng was formerly Vice-Chairman and Director of DBS Group Holdings. He retired from his executive position with DBS Group Holdings Ltd in 2003 after 33 years of service in various executive roles.

Other current listed company directorships

Singapore Airport Terminal Services Ltd (2000 to date) (SGX-ST listed entity)
Singapore Exchange Ltd (2003 to date) (SGX-ST listed entity)
PT Bank Danamon Indonesia, Tbk (2004 to date) (Jakarta Stock Exchange listed entity)
CapitaLand Limited (2010 to date) (SGX-ST listed entity)

Former listed company directorships in last 3 years

None

Date of initial appointment

SP AusNet Transmission - 26 October 2005 SP AusNet Distribution - 31 May 2005 Responsible Entity - 9 September 2005

Special responsibilities

Chairman of the SP AusNet Board, Chairman of the Nomination Committee, Chairman of the Issuing Committee and Chairman of the Funding Committee.

Nino Ficca - Managing Director

Bachelor of Engineering (Electrical) (Honours), Deakin University Graduate Diploma in Management, Deakin University Advanced Management Programme, Harvard Business School, USA

Experience and expertise

Mr Ficca has over 25 years' experience in the energy industry, including numerous senior management roles with SPI PowerNet Pty Ltd including as Managing Director since 2003. He also serves as a Director of SPI Management Services Pty Ltd and of Enterprise Business Services (Australia) Pty Ltd. He is a member of the Australian Institute of Company Directors. Mr Ficca was formerly Deputy Chairman and Director of the Energy Supply Association of Australia.

Other current listed company directorships

None

Former listed company directorships in last 3 years

None

Date of initial appointment

SP AusNet Transmission - 7 September 2005 SP AusNet Distribution - 31 May 2005 Responsible Entity - 31 May 2005

Special responsibilities

Managing Director and member of the Advanced Metering Infrastructure Due Diligence Committee, the Bushfire Litigation and Inquiry Response Committee, the Issuing Committee and the Funding Committee.

SP Australia Networks (Distribution) Ltd

Directors' report (continued)

Information on Directors (continued)

Jeremy Guy Ashcroft Davis AM - Non-executive Director

Bachelor of Economics (Honours), University of Sydney MBA, Stanford University AM (Economics), Stanford University FAICD

Experience and expertise

Professor Davis is a Professor Emeritus of the University of New South Wales, after retiring from the Australian Graduate School of Management (AGSM). He is a Director of Singapore Power Limited, Transurban Group and CHAMP Ventures Pty Ltd. Previously, Professor Davis spent ten years as a management consultant with the Boston Consulting Group and has served as a Director of the Australian Stock Exchange Ltd.

Other current listed company directorships

Transurban Group (1997 to date)

Former listed company directorships in last 3 years

None

Date of initial appointment

SP AusNet Transmission - 26 October 2005 SP AusNet Distribution - 31 May 2005 Responsible Entity - 9 September 2005

Special responsibilities

Member of the Audit and Risk Management Committee, the Nomination Committee, the Advanced Metering Infrastructure Due Diligence Committee and the Funding Committee.

Eric Gwee Teck Hai - Non-executive Director

Bachelor of Engineering (Mechanical), University of Melbourne

Experience and expertise

Mr Gwee is a Director of Singapore Power Limited and Chairman of SP Services Limited. He is also a Director of WorleyParsons Ltd and a Director of Melbourne Business School Ltd. He has served as Chairman of the Board of Governors for the Institute of Technical Education (ITE) and ITE Holding Pte Ltd, both in Singapore. Mr Gwee has also served as Chairman of CPG Corporation Pte Ltd and the Public Transport Council and was formerly a Director of ExxonMobil Singapore Private Ltd.

Other current listed company directorships

WorleyParsons Ltd (2005 to date)

Former listed company directorships in last 3 years

None

Date of initial appointment

SP AusNet Transmission - 26 October 2005 SP AusNet Distribution - 31 May 2005 Responsible Entity - 9 September 2005

Special responsibilities

Member of the Audit and Risk Management Committee, the Compliance Committee, the Nomination Committee and the Remuneration Committee.



SP AusNet'

SP Australia Networks (Distribution) Ltd

Directors' report (continued)

Information on Directors (continued)

Ho Tian Yee – Non-executive Director

Bachelor of Economics (Honours), Portsmouth University, UK

Experience and expertise

Mr Ho is currently the Managing Director and principal shareholder of Pacific Asset Management (S) Pte Ltd, a fund management company. Mr Ho was previously the General Manager and Managing Director of Bankers Trust Co. Singapore. Mr Ho currently serves as a non-executive Director of Singapore Exchange Ltd, and Fraser & Neave Ltd. He is also Chairman of Times Publishing Ltd, a subsidiary of Fraser & Neave as well as a member of the Risk Committee of the Government of Singapore Investment Corporation and a member of the Investment Committee of the Mount Alvernia Hospital. Mr Ho is a Board member of Singapore Power Ltd.

Other current listed company directorships

Singapore Exchange Ltd (1999 to date) (SGX-ST listed company) Fraser & Neave Ltd (1997 to date) (SGX-ST listed company)

Former listed company directorships in last 3 years

None

Date of initial appointment

SP AusNet Transmission – 1 September 2008 SP AusNet Distribution – 1 September 2008 Responsible Entity – 1 September 2008

Special responsibilities

Member of the Compliance Committee, the Remuneration Committee, the Issuing Committee and the Funding Committee.

Antonino (Tony) Mario lannello – Independent Non-executive Director

Bachelor of Commerce, University of Western Australia Advanced Management Programme, Harvard Business School, USA

Experience and expertise

Mr Iannello is Chairman of listed companies Aviva Corporation Ltd and Energia Minerals Ltd. He is also Chairman of HBF Health Ltd, MG Kailis Group of Companies and Harrier Resourcing People Pty Ltd. He is a member of the Murdoch University Senate and Pacific Road Corporate Finance Advisory Board. Mr Iannello was formerly Managing Director of Western Power Corporation and previously he held a number of senior executive roles at the Bank of Western Australia.

Other current listed company directorships

Aviva Corporation Ltd (2008 to date) Energia Minerals Ltd (2010 to date)

Former listed company directorships in last 3 years

None

Date of initial appointment

SP AusNet Transmission – 6 June 2006 SP AusNet Distribution – 6 June 2006 Responsible Entity – 6 June 2006

Special responsibilities

Chairman of the Audit and Risk Management Committee and member of the Compliance Committee, the Bushfire Litigation and Inquiry Response Committee, the Issuing Committee and the Funding Committee.

SP Australia Networks (Distribution) Ltd

Directors' report (continued)

Information on Directors (continued)

George Allister Lefroy - Independent Non-executive Director

Bachelor of Engineering (Honours), University of Western Australia Master of Engineering Science, University of Western Australia PhD in Chemical Engineering, Cambridge University

Experience and expertise

Dr Lefroy is President Commissioner of PT Chandra Asri, Jakarta. He was formerly Executive Vice President of Shell Chemicals Ltd and a Director of Singapore Power Limited and Australian Power and Energy Limited (now Monash Energy Holdings Limited).

Other current listed company directorships

Cobar Consolidated Resources Ltd (2006 to date)

Former listed company directorships in last 3 years

None

Date of initial appointment

SP AusNet Transmission - 26 October 2005 SP AusNet Distribution - 31 May 2005 Responsible Entity - 9 September 2005

Special responsibilities

Chairman of the Remuneration Committee and of the Advanced Metering Infrastructure Due Diligence Committee.

Martyn Kenneth Myer AO - Independent Non-executive Director

Bachelor of Engineering (Mechanical), Swinburne College of Technology

Master of Engineering Science, Monash University

Master of Science in Management, Sloan School of Management, Massachusetts Institute of Technology (MIT)

Experience and expertise

Mr Myer has extensive experience in financial services, engineering and biotechnology. He is Chairman of Cogstate Ltd (a health services company involved in cognitive performance testing), and a Director of Diversified United Investments Ltd and the Royal Institution of Australia. He was formerly a Director of Coles Myer Limited and was Managing Director of Merlyn Asset Management Pty Ltd, a boutique funds management company. Prior to his move into the financial services industry, he had extensive experience with some of Australia's leading manufacturers. Mr Myer is President of the Myer Foundation. He is on the boards of several philanthropic organisations, including membership of the Council of the University of Melbourne.

Other current listed company directorships

Cogstate Ltd (Chairman) (1999 to date)
Diversified United Investments Ltd (1991 to date)

Former listed company directorships in last 3 years

None

Date of initial appointment

SP AusNet Transmission - 26 October 2005 SP AusNet Distribution - 9 September 2005 Responsible Entity - 9 September 2005

Special responsibilities

Member of the Audit and Risk Management Committee, the Compliance Committee, the Remuneration Committee and the Bushfire Litigation and Inquiry Response Committee.

SP Australia Networks (Distribution) Ltd

Directors' report (continued)

Information on Directors (continued)

lan Andrew Renard – Independent Non-executive Director

Bachelor of Arts, University of Melbourne Master of Laws, University of Melbourne Doctor of Laws (Hon), University of Melbourne

Experience and expertise

Mr Renard is trustee of the R E Ross Trust and former Chancellor of the University of Melbourne. He served as a partner of the law firm Arthur Robinson & Hedderwicks from 1979 to 2001, including as the firm's full-time Managing Partner from 1989 to 1991. Mr Renard is a Director of CSL Ltd and a Director of Hillview Quarries Pty Ltd.

Other current listed company directorships

CSL Ltd (1998 to date)

Former listed company directorships in last 3 years

Newcrest Mining Ltd (1998 to 2006)

Date of initial appointment

SP AusNet Transmission - 26 October 2005 SP AusNet Distribution - 31 May 2005 Responsible Entity - 9 September 2005

Special responsibilities

Chairman of the Compliance Committee and the Bushfire Litigation and Inquiry Response Committee and member of the Audit and Risk Management Committee, the Nomination Committee and the Funding Committee.

Company Secretary

Susan Elizabeth Taylor

Bachelor of Laws, University of Melbourne
Bachelor of Commerce, University of Melbourne
Graduate Diploma in Corporations and Securities Law, University of Melbourne

Ms Taylor has been Company Secretary of SP AusNet Distribution, SP AusNet Transmission and the Responsible Entity since 6 October 2008. She has over 18 years' experience in energy transactional and regulatory law. She was formerly a partner at the Australian law firm Freehills and Senior Attorney with the U.S. Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, with a mergers and acquisitions, corporations and competition law background.

SP Australia Networks (Distribution) Ltd

Directors' report (continued)

Meetings of Directors

The number of meetings of the Board of Directors of SP AusNet Distribution, SP AusNet Transmission and the Responsible Entity held during the year ended 31 March 2010, and the number of meetings attended by each Director, are set out in the following table. All meetings were held jointly.

		Board of SP AusNet Distribution		P AusNet	Board of Responsible Entity	
	Α	В	Α	В	Α	В
Ng Kee Choe	6	7	6	7	6	7
Nino Ficca	7	7	7	7	7	7
Jeremy Davis	6	7	6	7	6	7
Eric Gwee	5	7	5	7	5	7
Ho Tian Yee	7	7	7	7	7	7
Tony lannello	7	7	7	7	7	7
George Lefroy	7	7	7	7	7	7
Martyn Myer	7	7	7	7	7	7
lan Renard	5	7	5	7	5	7

A = Number of meetings attended

The number of meetings of each standing Board committee of SP AusNet Distribution, SP AusNet Transmission and the Responsible Entity held during the year ended 31 March 2010, and the number of meetings attended by each Director, are set out in the following table.

	Audit and Risk Management Committee			Compliance Committee		Nomination Committee		Remuneration Committee	
	A	В	Α	В	Α	В	Α	В	
Ng Kee Choe	**	**	**	**	3	3	**	**	
Nino Ficca	**	**	**	**	**	**	**	**	
Jeremy Davis	5	5	**	**	3	3	**	**	
Eric Gwee	3	5	3	4	3	3	4	5	
Ho Tian Yee	**	**	3	4	**	**	4	5	
Tony lannello	5	5	4	4	**	**	**	**	
George Lefroy	**	**	**	**	**	**	5	5	
Martyn Myer	5	5	3	4	**	**	5	5	
lan Renard	5	5	4	4	3	3	**	**	

A = Number of meetings attended

B = Number of meetings held during the time the Director held office

B = Number of meetings held during the time the Director held office

^{** =} Not a member of the relevant committee

SP Australia Networks (Distribution) Ltd

Directors' report (continued)

Meetings of Directors (continued)

The number of meetings of the special-purpose Advanced Metering Infrastructure Due Diligence Committee and the Bushfire Litigation and Inquiry Response Committee, Funding Committee and Issuing Committee held during the year ended 31 March 2010, and the number of meetings attended by each Director, are set out in the following table.

	Funding C	Funding Committee		nittee Issuing Committee		Advanced Metering Infrastructure Due Diligence Committee		Bushfire Litigation and Inquiry Response Committee	
	Α	В	Α	В	Α	В	Α	В	
Ng Kee Choe	7	7	5	5	**	**	**	**	
Nino Ficca	7	7	5	5	5	5	12	13	
Jeremy Davis	7	7	**	**	5	5	**	**	
Eric Gwee	**	**	**	**	**	**	**	**	
Ho Tian Yee	7	7	5	5	**	**	**	**	
Tony lannello	7	7	5	5	**	**	13	13	
George Lefroy	**	**	**	**	5	5	**	**	
Martyn Myer ¹	**	**	**	**	**	**	5	6	
lan Renard ²	6	6	**	**	**	**	12	13	

A = Number of meetings attended

B = Number of meetings held during the time the Director held office

** = Not a member of the relevant committee

¹ Mr Myer was appointed as a member of the Bushfire Litigation and Inquiry Response Committee effective 11 September 2009.

² Mr Renard was appointed as a member of the Funding Committee effective 24 April 2009.

Retirement, election and continuation in office of Directors

Mr Ng Kee Choe, Dr George Lefroy and Mr Martyn Myer each retire by rotation in accordance with the constitutions of SP AusNet Distribution and SP AusNet Transmission. Mr Ng Kee Choe and Dr George Lefroy being eligible, offer themselves for re-election.

SP Australia Networks (Distribution) Ltd

Directors' report (continued)

Remuneration report (Audited)

Introduction to remuneration report

The remuneration report for the year ended 31 March 2010 outlines the remuneration arrangements of the company and the SP AusNet Group in accordance with the requirements of the *Corporations Act* 2001 ("the Act") and its regulations. This information has been audited as required by section 308 (3C) of the Act.

The remuneration report details the remuneration arrangements for key management personnel ("KMP"). KMP are those persons who have authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the major activities of the company and the SP AusNet Group directly and indirectly, including any Director of the parent company. The KMP also includes the five executives in the SP AusNet Group who received the highest remuneration during the year.

Details of key management personnel

The Directors and other KMP of SP AusNet are engaged to provide services to the SP AusNet Group and are not exclusive to any particular entity within SP AusNet. Accordingly, this report includes information which is common to SP AusNet Distribution, SP AusNet Transmission (together "the Companies") and the Responsible Entity. The remuneration amounts reported represent the total remuneration received by KMP during the year for services to the SP AusNet Group, and have not been apportioned between particular entities within the SP AusNet Group.

The persons listed below were Directors of SP AusNet for the whole of the financial year and up to the date of this report unless otherwise noted.

Name	Position
Ng Kee Choe	Non-executive Chairman
Nino Ficca	Managing Director
Jeremy Davis	Non-executive Director
Eric Gwee	Non-executive Director
Ho Tian Yee	Non-executive Director
Tony lannello	Non-executive Director
George Lefroy	Non-executive Director
Martyn Myer	Non-executive Director
lan Renard	Non-executive Director

SPI Management Services Pty Ltd ("SPI Management Services"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of related party Singapore Power International Pte Ltd ("SPI"), entered into a management services agreement with the Companies and a management services agreement with the Responsible Entity respectively to provide the services of key senior management, including the Managing Director and the executive management team, to SP AusNet. Although not employed by SP AusNet, the individuals set out below are deemed to qualify as KMP of SP AusNet on the basis that they had the authority and the responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of SP AusNet during the financial year. The KMP below also includes the five executives in the SP AusNet Group who received the highest remuneration during the year.



Directors' report

Directors' report (continued)

SP Australia Networks (Distribution) Ltd

Remuneration report (Audited) (continued)

The persons listed below were Executive KMP of SP AusNet for the whole of the financial year and up to the date of this report unless otherwise noted.

Name	Position
Nino Ficca	Managing Director
Geoff Nicholson	Chief Financial Officer
Charles Popple	Group General Manager, Networks Strategy and Development
Norm Drew	Group General Manager, Integrated Network Services
John Kelso ¹	General Manager, Select Solutions
John Azaris ²	General Manager, Operations and Services

- John Kelso met the definition of a key management person upon his appointment as General Manager, Select Solutions on 1 April 2009.
- 2 John Azaris met the definition of a key management person upon his appointment as General Manager, Operations and Services on 1 April 2009.

Stapled Group performance

SP AusNet's executive remuneration is directly linked to the performance of the Stapled Group across a range of measures. The Short-Term Incentive ("STI") is focussed on achieving operational targets and short-term profitability and the Long-Term Incentive ("LTI") is focussed on achieving long-term growth and retaining talented executives.

The table below shows SP AusNet's consolidated operating revenue and net profit after tax for the current reporting period and previous years and the effect of SP AusNet's performance on securityholder value. As the Stapled Group was formed on 21 October 2005 and listed on 14 December 2005, the 2006 results are not for a full year. The 2007 results include \$9.7 million (after tax) regarding the settlement of the unaccounted for gas legal claim. The 2008 results include one-off transaction costs relating to the proposed acquisition of the Alinta assets and businesses of \$17.2 million (after tax) and the 2009 results includes a \$30.3 million (after tax) impairment write-down for existing meters to be replaced under the program for the roll-out of smart electricity meters.

	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
Revenue	\$737.5m	\$1,019.5m	\$1,055.1m	\$1,169.4m	\$1,333.6m
NPAT from continuing operations Closing security price as at 31 March	\$136.9m \$1.30	\$161.2m \$1.42	\$151.0m \$1.21	\$146.9m \$ 0.91	\$209.0m \$0.91
Distributions in respect of financial year (cents per year)	3.25	11.27	11.564	11.854	8.000



SP Australia Networks (Distribution) Ltd

SP Australia Networks (Distribution) Ltd

Directors' report (continued)

Remuneration report (Audited) (continued)

Principles used to determine the nature and amount of remuneration

Non-executive Directors ("NEDs")

NED fee element	Commentary			
Fees	The remuneration of Non-executive Directors consists of Directors' fees and committee fees.			
	Fees paid to Non-executive Directors are set at levels that reflect both the responsibilities of, and the time commitments required from, each Non-executive Director to discharge their duties. Fee levels are set having regard to independent professional advice and fees paid by comparable companies.			
Total fee pool	The constitutions of SP AusNet Distribution, SP AusNet Transmission and the Responsible Entity provide that Non-executive Directors are entitled to such remuneration for their services as the Board decides, but the total amount provided to all Non-executive Directors must not exceed in aggregate in any financial year the amount approved by securityholders in a general meeting.			
	The securityholders of SP AusNet Distribution and SP AusNet Transmission approved a total remuneration pool for Non-executive Directors of \$1,500,000 per year at the Annual General Meeting of SP AusNet held on 17 July 2007.			
Performance-based and equity-based compensation	The fees paid to Non-executive Directors are not linked to the performance of SP AusNet in order to maintain objectivity and independence.			
	Non-executive Directors are not provided with any form of equity-based compensation.			
Business related expenses and additional fees for	Non-executive Directors are entitled to be reimbursed for all business related expenses, including travel on company business, as may be incurred in the discharge of their duties.			
special duties or exertions	In accordance with the constitutions of SP AusNet Distribution, SP AusNet Transmission and the Responsible Entity, Non-executive Directors may also be paid additional fees for special duties or exertions.			
Retirement benefits	Non-executive Directors are not provided with any form of retirement benefit. Fees paid to Non-executive Directors are inclusive of superannuation contributions made on behalf of the Non-executive Directors in accordance with SP AusNet's statutory superannuation obligations.			
Review of fee levels and approach to Non-Executive Director fees	Each year, the Remuneration Committee reviews the fees payable to Non-executive Directors taking into account market rates and the time commitment and responsibilities involved in carrying out their duties.			
	The Board will continue to review its approach to Non-executive Director remuneration to ensure it remains in line with general industry practice and principles of good corporate governance.			

The annual fees payable to Non-executive Directors of SP AusNet and approved by the Board (inclusive of statutory superannuation) are set out in the table below. It is not possible to allocate fees to individual entities within the SP AusNet Group.

Directors' report (continued)

Remuneration report (Audited) (continued)

Non-executive Directors ("NEDs")

Role	Fee
Board Chairman	\$180,000
Board Directors	\$100,000
Audit and Risk Management Committee Chairman	\$25,000
Audit and Risk Management Committee Members	\$15,000
Compliance Committee Chairman	\$18,000
Compliance Committee Members	\$10,000
Remuneration Committee Chairman	\$15,000
Remuneration Committee Members	\$10,000
Nomination Committee Chairman	\$15,000
Nomination Committee Members	\$10,000
AMI Due Diligence Committee Chairman	\$15,000
AMI Due Diligence Committee Members	\$10,000

Executive Directors and senior executives

The key objective of SP AusNet's policy for senior executive remuneration is to manage a total reward framework designed to:

- focus on creating value for securityholders by rewarding executives based on enhancement of sustainable securityholder value:
- create an environment that will attract appropriate talent and where people can be motivated with energy and passion to deliver superior performance;
- recognise capabilities and promote opportunities for career and professional development;
- provide rewards, benefits and conditions that are competitive in the market in which SP AusNet operates; and
- provide fair and consistent rewards across SP AusNet that support corporate values and principles.

The remuneration and incentive package for the Managing Director and other senior executives (including the Company Secretary) is determined and paid by SPI Management Services. However, SPI Management Services must consider any recommendations made by SP AusNet in relation to remuneration, incentive payments and programs, and key performance measures in respect of senior executives which promotes alignment of "owner-management" interests.

SP Australia Networks (Distribution) Ltd

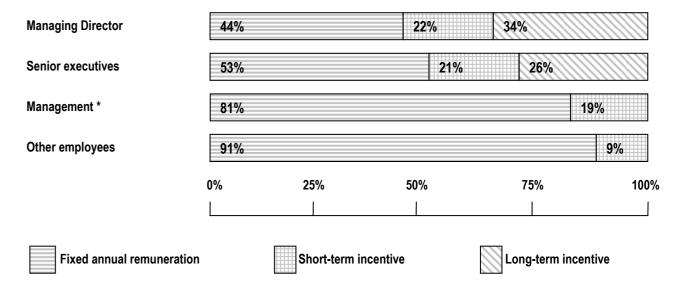
Directors' report (continued)

Remuneration report (Audited) (continued)

Structure of total reward

The reward principles set out the relevant elements of remuneration to make up "total reward". For the majority of senior executives and SP AusNet employees, total reward consists of fixed remuneration and "at risk" remuneration through a STI plan. A LTI plan is included in the remuneration structure for the Managing Director, senior executives and other employees who can influence long-term securityholder value. An appropriate mix of these components is determined for each level of management and employees.

The potential reward mix for various levels of seniority in SP AusNet for the reporting period, expressed as a percentage of total on-target reward, is shown in the following table.



^{*} The Board at its discretion has invited a small number of "Management" employees who are in a position to influence long-term security holder value to participate in the LTI Plan. The potential payments of this plan represents between 15% or 25% of the participants FAR. Key aspects of the plan are detailed under the heading of "Long-term incentive" below.

Fixed annual remuneration

Fixed annual remuneration ("FAR") represents the fixed component of executive remuneration and consists of a mix of cash, superannuation, prescribed benefits and salary-sacrificed items such as motor vehicles and fringe benefits tax. FAR is reviewed annually against market rates for comparable roles. There are no guaranteed FAR increases fixed in any senior executive's contract of employment.

Benefits

Senior executives receive benefits including car parking and reimbursement of business related expenses. These amounts are not included in FAR.



SP Australia Networks

(Distribution) Ltd

SP Australia Networks (Distribution) Ltd

Directors' report (continued)

Remuneration report (Audited) (continued)

Short-term incentive

The key design aspects of the STI plan are outlined below.

Key design aspect	Commentary						
Eligibility	Managing Director and other senior executives.						
	Generally, senior executives must complete the business year to qualify for any STI payments. In circumstances the Board, in its discretion, may determine that a pro-rata STI payment be awarded departing executive.						
Target STI amount	A target STI amount, expressed as a percentage of the senior executive's FAR, is specified for each senior executive. However, the amount of STI payable is dependent on the:						
	 extent to which SP AusNet has achieved or outperformed the corporate Key Performance Indicators ("KPIs"); and 						
	• extent to which the senior executive has achieved or outperformed his or her individual KPIs.						
	The target STI for the Managing Director is 50% of FAR.						
	The target STI for senior executives is 40% of FAR.						
Performance criteria	Based on corporate financial and non-financial measures as well as stretch individual performance hurdles.						
	The key corporate KPIs set for the year ended 31 March 2010 included:						
	safety targets;						
	net profit target;						
	employee engagement targets;						
	 advanced metering infrastructure ("AMI") program delivery; 						
	network performance and reliability targets; and						
	other program delivery targets.						
	By linking individual rewards to the achievement of overall corporate targets, these KPIs align the interests of employees and managers with those of SP AusNet.						
Performance period	12 months to 31 March 2010.						
Delivery mechanism	Cash.						



SP Australia Networks (Distribution) Ltd

Directors' report (continued)

Remuneration report (Audited) (continued)

Long-term incentive

The key design aspects of the LTI plan are outlined below.

The key design aspects of the LTI plan are outlined below.					
Key design aspect	Commentary				
Eligibility	Managing Director and senior executives.				
	The Board may in its discretion invite additional employees who are in a position to influence long-term securityholder value to participate in the LTI Plan.				
Purpose of the LTI plan	The LTI plan rewards participants for increasing securityholder value.				
Target LTI amount	The LTI Award is calculated as a percentage of the participant's FAR as at the test date.				
	For the performance period 1 April 2007, 1 April 2008 and 1 April 2009, the quantum of Awards available to participants expressed as a percentage of FAR as at the performance test date, are:				
	Managing Director – 75%				
	Reporting executives – 50%				
Performance measures	 Other participants – between 15% and 25% Relative Total Securityholder Return ("TSR") (for 50% of the Award) and growth in Earnings Per Security ("EPS") (for the other 50% of the Award). 				
	The Board and Remuneration Committee believe that it is important to assess executive performance against both relative and absolute hurdles linked to securityholder value. The same performance measures have been used since 1 April 2006. Performance is assessed over a three year period and the LTI plan does not allow for retesting of performance measures in subsequent years.				
	TSR: The comparator group used for the TSR performance measure consists of the companies included in the S&P/ASX 200 index. In assessing whether the performance hurdles have been met,				

TSR: The comparator group used for the TSR performance measure consists of the companies included in the S&P/ASX 200 index. In assessing whether the performance hurdles have been met, SP AusNet receives independent data which provides both SP AusNet's TSR growth from the commencement of each grant and that of the companies in the comparator group. The level of TSR growth achieved by SP AusNet is given a percentile ranking having regard to its performance compared with the performance of other companies in the comparator group. The vesting scale for the TSR performance measure is shown below:

00/
0%
50%
Progressive vesting on a straight-line basis from greater than 50% and less than 100%
100%
f

EPS: The EPS growth measure is based on SP AusNet achieving a nominal compound annual growth ("CAGR") of 5% per annum over the three year period. A sliding scale applies as follows:

Compound annual growth rate	Percentage of EPS Award that vests				
<2.5% per annum	0%				
Between 2.5% and 7.5% per annum	Linear scale from 50% to 150%				
>7.5% per annum	150%				

Directors' report (continued)

Remuneration report (Audited) (continued)

Long-term incentive (continued)

Key design aspect	Commentary
Delivery mechanism	Once the performance criteria have been satisfied, participants receive a cash award.
	Participants are then required (under the Plan Rules) to use the after tax cash proceeds of this Award to purchase SP AusNet Stapled Securities on-market. These purchases must be conducted during an approved trading window and the Stapled Securities must be held for at least 12 months. Reasonable brokerage costs incurred by the participants are reimbursed.
	Given the structure of the SP AusNet group, an LTI Plan in this form was determined to be the most appropriate structure. Participants are incentivised to achieve performance targets over a 3 year timeframe, and are also required to hold the SP AusNet securities acquired with their Award payment for at least 12 months, thereby extending the long-term nature of the LTI Plan.

Loans to Directors and senior executives

No loans have been made by SP AusNet to any Directors or senior executives.

Details of remuneration

Remuneration details of each Director and KMP of SP AusNet are set out in the following tables. The KMP are not employees of SP AusNet but are employed by SPI Management Services. Under management services agreements between SPI Management Services and SP AusNet, the services of these KMP, including the Managing Director, are provided to SP AusNet. The total of payments made to Non-executive Directors during the year ended 31 March 2010 was \$1,138,000 which is within the total remuneration pool of \$1,500,000 approved by securityholders at the 2007 Annual General Meeting.



SP Australia Networks (Distribution) Ltd

SP Australia Networks (Distribution) Ltd

Directors' report (continued)

Remuneration report (Audited) (continued)

Total remuneration for Directors for the year ended 31 March 2010 and 31 March 2009

			0 1			Post-	Equity based	T. (.)
	-		Short-to	erm	Other	employment	payments ⁴	Total
	Year	Cash salary and fees	Retention payments	Cash bonus ¹	short-term benefits ²	Super- annuation ³		
Non-executive Direct	ors		. ,					
Ng Kee Choe	2010	178,899	-	-	-	16,101	-	195,000
(Chairman)	2009	178,899	-	-	-	16,101	-	195,000
Jeremy Davis	2010	123,853	-	-	-	11,147	-	135,000
	2009	119,887	-	-	-	10,865	-	130,752
Eric Gwee	2010	145,000	-	-	-	-	-	145,000
	2009	139,836	-	-	-	-	-	139,836
Ho Tian Yee 6	2010	110,092	-	-	-	9,908	-	120,000
	2009	65,046	-	-	-	4,954	-	70,000
Tony lannello	2010	123,853	-	-	-	11,147	-	135,000
	2009	123,853	-	-	-	11,147	-	135,000
George Lefroy	2010	119,266	-	-	-	10,734	-	130,000
	2009	110,570	-	-	-	9,389	-	119,959
Martyn Myer	2010	126,640	-	-	-	8,360	-	135,000
	2009	126,640	-	-	-	8,360	-	135,000
Quek Poh Huat 5	2010	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	2009	32,548	-	-	-	-	-	32,548
Ian Renard	2010	131,193	-	-	-	11,807	-	143,000
	2009	128,824	-	-	-	11,594	-	140,418
Total for Non-	2010	1,058,796	-	-	-	79,204	-	1,138,000
executive Directors	2009	1,026,103	-	-	-	72,410	-	1,098,513
Executive Directors	2015			454.00-	0.465	AT 500	100.000	
Nino Ficca ⁷	2010	753,028	-	454,067	6,193	67,503	162,860	1,443,651
Note: No termination benefit	2009	703,141	-	412,461	6,308	65,506	1,145,310	2,332,726

- The Stapled Group has determined, based on its best estimate as at 31 March 2010 that the amounts payable under the LTIP Awards granted on 1 April 2008 and 1 April 2009 will be for both the EPS and TSR components. As the performance period over which the Awards vest is three years, the amount included in Equity Based Payments is one third of the amount estimated to be payable at the end of the performance period for each Award. The actual amounts paid under these Awards will not be known until the end of the performance period. For the LTIP Award granted on 1 April 2007, the amount included in Equity Based Payments is the difference between the grant payable and the amounts that have been included in Equity Based Payments in previous years. Refer to the table below under the heading of cash bonuses - long-term incentive for the maximum amounts payable at the end of three
- As Mr Quek is an executive of Singapore Power Limited and was a nominee Director of Singapore Power Limited on the Board of SP AusNet, Singapore Power Limited received the fees for Mr Quek's services as a Director of SP AusNet, Mr Quek resigned with effect from 17 July 2008.
- Mr Ho commenced effective 1 September 2008.
- Remuneration disclosed for 31 March 2009 has been adjusted for a reallocation of superannuation

Equity

²⁰¹⁰ cash bonus for the Executive Director includes bonuses in respect of performance for the year ended 31 March 2010. These amounts have been approved but not yet paid.

This amount represents car parking benefits. The allocation of the premium for Directors' and Officers' insurance is not included as under the terms of the current policy this information cannot be disclosed.

Superannuation contributions made on behalf of Non-executive Directors to satisfy SP AusNet's obligations under applicable Superannuation Guarantee legislation. This does not include any salary sacrifice or employee contributions which are included under cash salary and fees.

Directors' report (continued)

Remuneration report (Audited) (continued)

Total remuneration for Key Management Personnel for the year ended 31 March 2010 and 31 March 2009

	•					D (Equity	T	
			Shor	t-term		Post- employment	based payments 3	Termination benefits ⁴	Total
	Year	Cash salary and fees	Retention payments	Cash bonus 1	Other short-term benefits ²	Super- annuation			
Nino Ficca 10	2010	753,028	-	454,067	6,193	67,503	162,860	-	1,443,651
	2009	703,141	-	412,461	6,308	65,506	1,145,310	-	2,332,726
Paul Adams 5	2009	298,282	393,207	98,060	3,819	64,549	-	210,748	1,068,665
John Azaris ⁶	2010	256,422	-	110,819	6,193	29,430	109,461	-	512,325
Michael Besselink ⁷	2009	68,798	-	52,528	2,489	8,019	-	-	131,834
Norman Drew ¹⁰	2010	382,333	-	165,428	6,193	43,429	54,612	-	651,995
	2009	352,622	-	173,010	6,308	40,957	372,636	-	945,533
Adrian Hill 8	2009	127,852	-	-	1,580	10,193	-	74,513	214,138
John Kelso ⁹	2010	237,797	-	92,845	6,193	22,581	63,011	-	422,427
Geoff Nicholson 10	2010	443,376	-	207,879	6,193	39,904	67,791	•	765,143
	2009	420,363	-	189,524	6,308	37,833	435,780	-	1,089,808
Charles Popple 10	2010	350,264	-	136,752	6,193	31,093	54,280	-	578,582
	2009	319,208	-	155,881	6,308	27,464	341,082	-	849,943
Total	2010	2,423,220	-	1,167,790	37,158	233,940	512,015	-	4,374,123
	2009	2,290,266	393,207	1,081,464	33,120	254,521	2,294,808	285,261	6,632,647

Note: No termination benefits were paid or accrued during FY10.

- 1 2010 cash bonuses include bonuses in respect of performance for the year ended 31 March 2010. These amounts have been approved but not yet paid.
- 2 These amounts represent car parking benefits. The allocation of the premium for Directors' and Officers' insurance is not included as under the terms of the current policy this information cannot be disclosed.
- The Stapled Group has determined, based on its best estimate as at 31 March 2010 that the amounts payable under the LTIP Awards granted on 1 April 2008 and 1 April 2009 will be for both the EPS and TSR components. As the performance period over which the Awards vest is three years, the amount included in Equity Based Payments is one third of the amount estimated to be payable at the end of the performance period for each Award. The actual amounts paid under these Awards will not be known until the end of the performance period. For the LTIP Award granted on 1 April 2007, the amount included in Equity Based Payments is the difference between the grant payable and the amounts that have been included in Equity Based Payments in previous years. Refer to the table below under the heading of cash bonuses long-term incentive for the maximum amounts payable at the end of three years.
- 4 Termination benefits represent the payment of accrued annual and long service leave benefits.
- 5 Mr Adams resigned with effect from 7 November 2008. Mr Adams' cash bonus for 2009 is a pro-rata amount up to the date of his resignation.
- 6 Mr Azaris commenced as a KMP with effect from 1 April 2009.
- 7 Mr Besselink ceased as a KMP with effect from 31 March 2009.
- 8 Mr Hill resigned with effect from 29 August 2008.
- 9 Mr Kelso commenced as a KMP with effect from 1 April 2009.
- 10 Remuneration disclosed for 31 March 2009 has been adjusted for a reallocation of superannuation.



SP Australia Networks (Distribution) Ltd

SP Australia Networks (Distribution) Ltd

Directors' report (continued)

Remuneration report (Audited) (continued)

Key management personnel cash bonuses – short-term incentive

The percentage of the available bonus that was paid, or that vested, in the financial years ended 31 March 2009 and 31 March 2010, and the percentage that was forfeited because the person did not meet the service or performance criteria are set out below.

	Са	sh Bonus (2010)		Cash Bonus (2009	9)	
_	Payable (\$)	Payable (\$) Percentage of available bonus		Paid (\$)	Percentage of available bonus	
	_	Payable (%)	Not Payable (%)	-	Paid (%)	Not Paid (%)
Nino Ficca	454,067	108.8	0.0	412,461	102.8	0.0
Paul Adams ²	N/A	N/A	N/A	98,060	88.5	11.5
John Azaris ³	110,819	95.9	4.1	N/A	N/A	N/A
Mike Besselink ⁴	N/A	N/A	N/A	52,528	99.5	0.5
Norman Drew	165,428	98.5	1.5	173,010	107.0	0.0
Adrian Hill 5	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
John Kelso ⁶	92,845	87.6	12.4	N/A	N/A	N/A
Geoff Nicholson	207,879	103.9	0.0	189,524	99.5	0.5
Charles Popple	136,752	88.6	11.4	155,881	107.0	0.0

- 1 Bonuses for performance for the year ended 31 March 2010 have been approved but not yet paid.
- 2 Mr Adams resigned with effect from 7 November 2008. Mr Adams' cash bonus for 2009 is a pro-rata amount up to the date of his resignation.
- 3 Mr Azaris commenced as a KMP with effect from 1 April 2009.
- 4 Mr Besselink ceased as a KMP with effect from 31 March 2009.
- 5 Mr Hill resigned with effect from 29 August 2008.
- 6 Mr Kelso commenced as a KMP with effect from 1 April 2009.

(Distribution) Ltd

SP Australia Networks (Distribution) Ltd

Directors' report (continued)

Remuneration report (Audited) (continued)

Key management personnel cash bonuses - long-term incentive (equity based payments)

The SP AusNet Board approved a LTI plan for the Managing Director and senior executives that came into effect from 1 April 2006. For accounting purposes, amounts paid under the LTI plan are required to be disclosed as equity based payments. The following table shows the value of cash grants subject to future performance testing, percentage paid or forfeited and future financial years that grants may vest and be paid. The grants made in 2008 and 2009 are still in progress and, as such, no percentage of these grants have been paid or forfeited as at the date of this report, other than those who have resigned during the performance period.

Nino Ficea		Date of grant	Percentage of maximum grant payable (%) ¹	Percentage of maximum grant forfeited (%)	Date grant may vest	Minimum total value of grant (\$)	Maximum total value of grant (\$) ²
Don Azaris 1 April 2007 29.4 70.6 31 March 2010 - 262,500	Nino Ficca	1 April 2007	29.4	70.6	31 March 2010	-	781,875
Norman Drew 1 April 2007 29.4 70.6 31 March 2010 - 262,500 Adrian Hill 1 April 2007 - 100.0 31 March 2010	Paul Adams ³	1 April 2007	-	100.0	31 March 2010	-	-
Adrian Hill's 1 April 2007 - 100.0 31 March 2010 -	John Azaris ⁴	1 April 2007	29.4	70.6	31 March 2010	-	180,625
Dohn Kelso 6	Norman Drew	1 April 2007	29.4	70.6	31 March 2010	-	262,500
Geoff Nicholson 1 April 2007 29.4 70.6 31 March 2010 - 312,500 Charles Popple 1 April 2007 29.4 70.6 31 March 2010 - 241,250 Total granted 1 April 2007 29.4 70.6 31 March 2010 - 241,250 Nino Ficca 1 April 2008 - - 31 March 2011 - 820,969 Paul Adams³ 1 April 2008 - - 31 March 2011 - - - John Azaris⁴ 1 April 2008 - - 31 March 2011 - 189,656 Norman Drew 1 April 2008 - - 31 March 2011 - 275,625 Adrian Hill⁵ 1 April 2008 - - 31 March 2011 - - - Geoff Nicholson 1 April 2008 - - 31 March 2011 - 328,125 Charles Popple 1 April 2008 - - 31 March 2011 - 253,313 Total granted 1 April 2009 -	Adrian Hill 5	1 April 2007	-	100.0	31 March 2010	-	-
Charles Popple 1 April 2007 29.4 70.6 31 March 2010 - 241,250 Total granted 1 April 2007 - - 31 March 2011 - 820,969 Nino Ficca 1 April 2008 - - 31 March 2011 - 820,969 Paul Adams³ 1 April 2008 - 100.0 31 March 2011 - - - John Azaris⁴ 1 April 2008 - - 31 March 2011 - 189,656 Norman Drew 1 April 2008 - - 31 March 2011 - - - John Kelso⁵ 1 April 2008 - - 31 March 2011 - - - Geoff Nicholson 1 April 2008 - - 31 March 2011 - 328,125 Charles Popple 1 April 2008 - - 31 March 2011 - 253,313 Total granted 1 April 2008 - - 31 March 2011 - 253,313 Total granted 1 April 2009 - - 3	John Kelso ⁶	1 April 2007	-	-	31 March 2010	-	-
Total granted 1 April 2007 - 1,778,750 Nino Ficca 1 April 2008 - 31 March 2011 - 820,969 Paul Adams³ 1 April 2008 - 100.0 31 March 2011 - 189,656 Norman Drew 1 April 2008 - 31 March 2011 - 275,625 Adrian Hill¹⁵ 1 April 2008 - 100.0 31 March 2011 - 275,625 Adrian Hill⁵ 1 April 2008 - 100.0 31 March 2011 - 686,953 Geoff Nicholson 1 April 2008 - 31 March 2011 - 86,953 Geoff Nicholson 1 April 2008 - 31 March 2011 - 253,313 Total granted 1 April 2008 - 31 March 2011 - 253,313 Total granted 1 April 2008 - 31 March 2011 - 253,313 Nino Ficca 1 April 2009 - 31 March 2012 - 862,017 John Azaris⁴ 1 April 2009 - 31 March 2012 - 289,406 John Kelso⁴ 1 April 2009 - 31 March 2012 - 289,406 John Kelso⁴ 1 April 2009 - 31 March 2012 - 344,531 Charles Popple 1 April 2009 - 31 March 201	Geoff Nicholson	1 April 2007	29.4	70.6	31 March 2010	-	312,500
Nino Ficca 1 April 2008 31 March 2011 - 820,969 Paul Adams	Charles Popple	1 April 2007	29.4	70.6	31 March 2010	-	241,250
Paul Adams³ 1 April 2008 - 100.0 31 March 2011 -	Total granted 1 Ap	ril 2007				-	1,778,750
John Azaris 1 April 2008 - - 31 March 2011 - 189,656	Nino Ficca	1 April 2008	-	-	31 March 2011	-	820,969
Norman Drew 1 April 2008 31 March 2011 - 275,625 Adrian Hill 5 1 April 2008 - 100.0 31 March 2011 John Kelso 6 1 April 2008 - 31 March 2011 - 86,953 Geoff Nicholson 1 April 2008 31 March 2011 - 328,125 Charles Popple 1 April 2008 31 March 2011 - 253,313 Total granted 1 April 2008 31 March 2011 - 253,313 Total granted 1 April 2009 31 March 2012 - 862,017 John Azaris 4 1 April 2009 31 March 2012 - 199,139 Norman Drew 1 April 2009 31 March 2012 - 289,406 John Kelso 6 1 April 2009 31 March 2012 - 182,602 Geoff Nicholson 1 April 2009 31 March 2012 - 344,531 Charles Popple 1 April 2009 31 March 2012 - 344,531 Charles Popple 1 April 2009 31 March 2012 - 344,531	Paul Adams ³	1 April 2008	-	100.0	31 March 2011	-	-
Adrian Hill 5 1 April 2008 - 100.0 31 March 2011 - <td>John Azaris ⁴</td> <td>1 April 2008</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>31 March 2011</td> <td>-</td> <td>189,656</td>	John Azaris ⁴	1 April 2008	-	-	31 March 2011	-	189,656
John Kelso 6 1 April 2008 - - 31 March 2011 - 86,953 Geoff Nicholson 1 April 2008 - - 31 March 2011 - 328,125 Charles Popple 1 April 2008 - - 31 March 2011 - 253,313 Total granted 1 April 2008 - - 31 March 2011 - 862,017 Nino Ficca 1 April 2009 - - 31 March 2012 - 199,139 Norman Drew 1 April 2009 - - 31 March 2012 - 289,406 John Kelso 6 1 April 2009 - - 31 March 2012 - 182,602 Geoff Nicholson 1 April 2009 - - 31 March 2012 - 344,531 Charles Popple 1 April 2009 - - 31 March 2012 - 265,978	Norman Drew	1 April 2008	-	-	31 March 2011	-	275,625
Geoff Nicholson 1 April 2008 - - 31 March 2011 - 328,125 Charles Popple 1 April 2008 - - 31 March 2011 - 253,313 Total granted 1 April 2008 - - 31 March 2011 - 862,017 Nino Ficca 1 April 2009 - - 31 March 2012 - 862,017 John Azaris 4 1 April 2009 - - 31 March 2012 - 199,139 Norman Drew 1 April 2009 - - 31 March 2012 - 289,406 John Kelso 6 1 April 2009 - - 31 March 2012 - 182,602 Geoff Nicholson 1 April 2009 - - 31 March 2012 - 344,531 Charles Popple 1 April 2009 - - 31 March 2012 - 265,978	Adrian Hill ⁵	1 April 2008	-	100.0	31 March 2011	-	-
Charles Popple 1 April 2008 - - 31 March 2011 - 253,313 Total granted 1 April 2008 - - 31 March 2012 - 862,017 Nino Ficca 1 April 2009 - - 31 March 2012 - 199,139 Norman Drew 1 April 2009 - - 31 March 2012 - 289,406 John Kelso 6 1 April 2009 - - 31 March 2012 - 182,602 Geoff Nicholson 1 April 2009 - - 31 March 2012 - 344,531 Charles Popple 1 April 2009 - - 31 March 2012 - 265,978	John Kelso ⁶	1 April 2008	-	-	31 March 2011	-	86,953
Total granted 1 April 2008 - 1,954,641 Nino Ficca 1 April 2009 - - 31 March 2012 - 862,017 John Azaris 4 1 April 2009 - - 31 March 2012 - 199,139 Norman Drew 1 April 2009 - - 31 March 2012 - 289,406 John Kelso 6 1 April 2009 - - 31 March 2012 - 182,602 Geoff Nicholson 1 April 2009 - - 31 March 2012 - 344,531 Charles Popple 1 April 2009 - - 31 March 2012 - 265,978	Geoff Nicholson	1 April 2008	-	-	31 March 2011	-	328,125
Nino Ficca 1 April 2009 - - 31 March 2012 - 862,017 John Azaris 4 1 April 2009 - - 31 March 2012 - 199,139 Norman Drew 1 April 2009 - - 31 March 2012 - 289,406 John Kelso 6 1 April 2009 - - 31 March 2012 - 182,602 Geoff Nicholson 1 April 2009 - - 31 March 2012 - 344,531 Charles Popple 1 April 2009 - - 31 March 2012 - 265,978	Charles Popple	1 April 2008	-	-	31 March 2011	-	253,313
John Azaris 4 1 April 2009 - - 31 March 2012 - 199,139 Norman Drew 1 April 2009 - - 31 March 2012 - 289,406 John Kelso 6 1 April 2009 - - 31 March 2012 - 182,602 Geoff Nicholson 1 April 2009 - - 31 March 2012 - 344,531 Charles Popple 1 April 2009 - - 31 March 2012 - 265,978	Total granted 1 Ap	ril 2008				-	1,954,641
Norman Drew 1 April 2009 - - 31 March 2012 - 289,406 John Kelso ⁶ 1 April 2009 - - 31 March 2012 - 182,602 Geoff Nicholson 1 April 2009 - - 31 March 2012 - 344,531 Charles Popple 1 April 2009 - - 31 March 2012 - 265,978	Nino Ficca	1 April 2009	-	-	31 March 2012	-	862,017
John Kelso 6 1 April 2009 - - 31 March 2012 - 182,602 Geoff Nicholson 1 April 2009 - - 31 March 2012 - 344,531 Charles Popple 1 April 2009 - - 31 March 2012 - 265,978	John Azaris ⁴	1 April 2009	-	-	31 March 2012	-	199,139
Geoff Nicholson 1 April 2009 - - 31 March 2012 - 344,531 Charles Popple 1 April 2009 - - 31 March 2012 - 265,978	Norman Drew	1 April 2009	-	-	31 March 2012	-	289,406
Charles Popple 1 April 2009 31 March 2012 - 265,978	John Kelso ⁶	1 April 2009	-	-	31 March 2012	-	182,602
	Geoff Nicholson	1 April 2009	-	-	31 March 2012	-	344,531
Total granted 1 April 2009 2,143,673	Charles Popple	1 April 2009	-	-	31 March 2012	-	265,978
	Total granted 1 Ap	oril 2009					2,143,673

- 1 These grants have been approved but not yet paid.
- For the grant of 1 April 2007, the amounts payable equated to 29.4% of the target LTIP. For the grants of 1 April 2008 and 1 April 2009, the amounts are based on maximum performance in relation to TSR and EPS at the end of the three year performance period described above and assumes prevailing FARs increase of 5% per annum.
- 3 Mr Adams resigned with effect from 7 November 2008.
- 4 Mr Azaris commenced as a KMP with effect from 1 April 2009.
- 5 Mr Hill resigned with effect from 29 August 2008.
- 6 Mr Kelso commenced as a KMP with effect from 1 April 2009.

SP Australia Networks (Distribution) Ltd

Directors' report (continued)

Remuneration report (Audited) (continued)

Directors' interests

The Directors of SP AusNet have disclosed relevant interests in stapled securities as follows:

Name	Number of stapled securities
Ng Kee Choe ¹	195,883
Nino Ficca ²	720,334
Jeremy Davis	105,000
Eric Gwee ¹	146,674
Ho Tian Yee	-
Tony lannello ³	136,049
George Lefroy ⁴	239,206
Martyn Myer 5	50,000
lan Renard	73,825

- 1 Securities held by The Central Depository (Pte) Limited.
- 2 278,131 securities held by immediate family members of Mr Ficca and 442,203 securities held by Mr and Mrs Ficca as Trustees for the Ficca Investment Trust.
- 3 37,500 securities held by immediate family members of Mr lannello through a Superannuation Plan held by Summit Custodial Services and 98,549 securities held by ADI Investment Trust.
- 4 Securities held by Serp Hills Pty Ltd (as trustee for Serp Hills Super Fund).
- 5 Securities held by MF Custodian Ltd as custodian for Mpyer Investments Pty Ltd.

The Directors of SP AusNet have disclosed relevant interests in related bodies corporate as follows:

	Singapore Tele- communications Limited	Singapore Airport Terminal Services Limited	PT Bank Danamon Indonesia Tbk ⁶	Keppel Corporation Limited	CapitaMalls Asia Limited
Ng Kee Choe	3,080 1	11,000	82,843	10,000	130,000
Nino Ficca	720 ²	· <u>-</u>	· -	· _	· -
Jeremy Davis	-	_	_	_	_
Eric Gwee	1,980 ³	_	<u>-</u>	-	-
Ho Tian Yee	2,850 4	_	_	_	_
Tony lannello	2,000	_	_	_	_
George Lefroy	158,792 5	_	_	_	_
Martyn Myer	100,732	_	_	_	_
lan Renard	-	- -	- -	-	-

- 1 1,540 securities held by immediate family members of Mr Ng.
- 2 Securities held by immediate family members of Mr Ficca.
- 3 620 securities held by immediate family members of Mr Gwee.
- 4 1,490 securities held by The Central Depository (Pte) Limited on behalf of Mr Ho and 1,360 securities held by The Central Depository (Pte) Limited on behalf of immediate family members of Mr Ho.
- 5 Securities held by Serp Hills Pty Ltd (as trustee for Serp Hills Super Fund).
- 6 32,843 securities are Series B shares.



SP Australia Networks (Distribution) Ltd

Directors' report (continued)

Remuneration report (Audited) (continued)

Service agreements

Remuneration and other terms of employment for the Managing Director and specified senior management (including KMP) are formalised in individual employment agreements. Each of these agreements provides for short-term performance-related cash bonuses, fringe benefits plus other benefits. Participation in the long-term incentive plan is not a term of the agreements. Other major provisions of the agreements, relating to remuneration, are set out below.

Managing Director

Term of agreement	Permanent, subject to one month's notice of termination by either party;
Fixed remuneration	Fixed remuneration includes base salary and superannuation.
	As at 31 March 2010, fixed annual remuneration was \$834,000.
	Fixed remuneration is reviewed annually by the Remuneration Committee and the Board.
Short-term incentive	Annual short-term incentive of 50% of FAR for on-target performance.
Termination benefits	Termination benefits calculated at three weeks' pay for every year of service paid at the Managing Director's FAR rate and capped at six months.

Senior executives

The major provisions contained in the services agreements of the Executive KMP listed are substantially the same as those that apply to the Managing Director.

Proceedings on behalf of the Company

No person has applied to the Court under section 237 of the *Corporations Act* 2001 for leave to bring proceedings on behalf of SP AusNet, or to intervene in any proceedings to which SP AusNet is a party, for the purpose of taking responsibility on behalf of SP AusNet for all or part of those proceedings.

No proceedings have been brought, or intervened in, on behalf of SP AusNet with leave of the Court under section 237 of the Corporations Act 2001.

SP Australia Networks (Distribution) Ltd

Directors' report (continued)

Indemnification and insurance of officers and auditors

The constitutions of SP AusNet Distribution, SP AusNet Transmission and the Responsible Entity each provide for the company to indemnify each current and former Director, executive officer (as defined in the constitutions), and such other current and former officers of the company or of a related body corporate as the Directors determine (each an "Officer"), on a full indemnity basis and to the full extent permitted by law against all liabilities (as defined in the constitutions) incurred by the Officer as an officer of the company or of a related body corporate.

The constitutions also provide for SP AusNet Distribution, SP AusNet Transmission and the Responsible Entity, to the extent permitted by law, to purchase and maintain insurance, or pay or agree to pay a premium for insurance, for each Officer against any liability (as defined in the constitutions) incurred by the Officer as an officer of the company or of a related body corporate.

SP AusNet Distribution, SP AusNet Transmission and the Responsible Entity may enter into a deed with any Officer to give effect to the rights conferred by the constitutions as described above.

The companies have executed protection deeds in favour of each of the Directors, the Company Secretary and certain general managers on substantially the same terms as provided in the constitutions. The deeds also give a right of access to the books of the companies and to Board documents (to the Directors only).

During the financial year, the Stapled Group paid a premium to insure the Directors and Company Secretaries of the Australian-based combined entities and the general managers of each of the divisions of SP AusNet. The Directors have not included details of the nature of the liabilities covered or the amount of the premium paid in respect of the insurance policy, as (in accordance with normal commercial practice) such disclosure is prohibited under the terms of the policy.

No insurance premiums are paid by the Stapled Group in regard to insurance cover provided to the auditor of the Stapled Group, KPMG. The auditor is not indemnified and no insurance cover is provided to the auditor.

Non-audit services

SP AusNet may decide to employ the auditor on assignments additional to their statutory audit duties where the auditor's expertise and experience with the relevant company and/or combined entity are important.

Details of the amounts paid or payable to the auditor, KPMG, for audit and non-audit services provided during the year are set out in note 25 of the general purpose financial report.

In accordance with the advice provided by the Audit and Risk Management Committee, the Directors are satisfied that the provision of non-audit services during the year by the auditor is compatible with the general standard of independence for auditors imposed by the *Corporations Act* 2001. The Directors are satisfied for the following reasons:

- all non-audit services have been reviewed by the Audit and Risk Management Committee to ensure that they do not
 impact the impartiality and objectivity of the auditor; and
- none of the non-audit services undermine the general principles relating to auditor independence as set out in APES 110
 Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants.

A copy of the auditor's independence declaration as required under section 307C of the *Corporations Act* 2001 is set out on page 53.

SP Australia Networks (Distribution) Ltd

Directors' report (continued)

Rounding of amounts

SP AusNet Distribution is a company of a kind referred to in Class Order 98/100, issued by the Australian Securities and Investments Commission, relating to the "rounding off" of amounts in the Directors' report. Amounts in the Directors' report have been rounded off in accordance with that Class Order the nearest hundred thousand dollars or, in certain cases, to the nearest thousand dollars.

This report is made in accordance with a resolution of the Directors.



Ng Kee Cho Chairman

Uficer

Nino Ficca Managing Director

Melbourne 11 May 2010





Lead auditor's independence declaration under Section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001

To the directors of SP Australia Networks (Distribution) Limited

I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, in relation to the audit for the financial year ended 31 March 2010 there have been:

- no contraventions of the auditor independence requirements as set out in the Corporations Act 2001 in relation to the audit; and
- (ii) no contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

Khing

KPMC

Almon Re

Alison Kitchen Partner Melbourne

11 May 2010

KPMG, an Australian partnership and a member firm of the KPMG network of independent member firms affiliated with KPMG International, a Swiss cooperative.

Income statements

For the year ended 31 March 2010

		Combine	d	Parent	
		2010	2009	2010	2009
	Notes	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M
Revenue	3	1,333.6	1,169.4	0.6	0.6
Expenses, excluding finance costs	4	(789.8)	(712.2)	(0.6)	(0.6)
Profit/(loss) from operating activities		543.8	457.2	-	-
Finance income	5	13.8	14.2	1,711.9	-
Finance expenses	5	(308.5)	(303.1)	(196.8)	(175.9)
Net finance (costs)/income		(294.7)	(288.9)	1,515.1	(175.9)
Profit/(loss) before income tax		249.1	168.3	1,515.1	(175.9)
Income tax (expense)/benefit	6	(40.1)	(21.4)	53.5	52.7
Profit/(loss) for the year		209.0	146.9	1,568.6	(123.2)
Profit attributable to SP AusNet Transmission and SP AusNet Finance Trust (minority interest)		183.1	154.9	_	_
Profit/(loss) attributable to SP AusNet Distribution		25.9	(8.0)	1,568.6	(123.2)
Total profit/(loss) for the year		209.0	146.9	1,568.6	(123.2)
Earnings per share for profit/(loss) attributable to the ordinary equityholders of the Company (SP AusNet Distribution)					
Basic and diluted earnings per share (cents per share)	8	1.00	(0.38)		

The above income statements should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.



SP Australia Networks (Distribution) Ltd

SP Australia Networks (Distribution) Ltd

Statements of comprehensive income For the year ended 31 March 2010

	Combined		Parent	
	2010	2009	2010	2009
	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M
Profit/(loss) for the year	209.0	146.9	1,568.6	(123.2)
Other comprehensive income				
Movement in defined benefit funds SP AusNet Transmission and SP AusNet Finance Trust (minority interest)	15.8	(34.7)	_	_
SP AusNet Distribution	23.8	(62.6)		-
Movement in hedge reserve SP AusNet Transmission and SP AusNet Finance Trust (minority interest) SP AusNet Distribution	18.6 118.2	(21.7) (325.3)		-
Income tax on other comprehensive income	(52.9)	133.2	-	<u>-</u>
Other comprehensive income for the year, net of income tax	123.5	(311.1)	-	
Total comprehensive income for the year	332.5	(164.2)	1,568.6	(123.2)
Attributable to: SP AusNet Transmission and SP AusNet Finance Trust (minority interest) SP AusNet Distribution	207.2 125.3	115.4 (279.6)	- 1,568.6	(123.2)
Total comprehensive income for the year	332.5	(164.2)	1,568.6	(123.2)

The above statements of comprehensive income should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Statements of financial position As at 31 March 2010

SP Australia Networks (Distribution) Ltd

SP AusNet™

		Combined 2010	2009	Parent 2010	2009
	Notes	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M
ASSETS					
Current assets Cash and cash equivalents	9	545.1	7.2	_	_
Receivables	10	207.6	182.7	75.5	54.7
Inventories	11	16.4	15.8	73.3	54.7
Derivative financial instruments	12	349.0	54.3	_	_
Other current assets	13	11.2	11.0	0.3	0.3
Total current assets		1,129.3	271.0	75.8	55.0
Non-current assets		.,			
Inventories	11	15.8	16.1	-	_
Receivables	10	-	-	1,555.6	_
Intangible assets	16	356.2	354.5		-
Property, plant and equipment	15	7,065.0	6,721.9	-	-
Deferred tax assets	6(d)		-	122.5	89.9
Derivative financial instruments	12	41.5	455.4	-	_
Other assets	13	0.9	0.9	-	_
Investments in subsidiaries	14	•	-	2,227.0	2,227.0
Total non-current assets		7,479.4	7,548.8	3,905.1	2,316.9
Total assets		8,608.7	7,819.8	3,980.9	2,371.9
LIABILITIES		0,000.7	7,010.0	3,300.3	2,071.0
Current liabilities					
Payables and other liabilities	17	215.9	225.3	0.3	0.3
Borrowings	18	749.0	225.1	1,164.0	735.3
Derivative financial instruments	12	72.4	240.0		-
Current tax payable		4.1	2.0	-	-
Provisions	19	57.6	51.0	-	_
Total current liabilities		1,099.0	743.4	1,164.3	735.6
Non-current liabilities		.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		3,700	
Payables and other liabilities	17	4.1	5.0	-	-
Borrowings	18	3,731.9	4,267.1	1,551.1	1,939.4
Derivative financial instruments	12	649.4	245.9		, -
Deferred tax liabilities	6(d)	306.5	237.3	-	-
Provisions	19	43.7	93.3	-	-
Total non-current liabilities		4,735.6	4,848.6	1,551.1	1,939.4
Total liabilities		5,834.6	5,592.0	2,715.4	2,675.0
Net assets/(liabilities)		2,774.1	2,227.8	1,265.5	(303.1)
EQUITY		2,114.1	2,221.0	1,200.0	(505.1)
Equityholders of SP AusNet Distribution					
Contributed equity		0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5
Reserves		(77.0)	(159.7)	-	-
Retained profits/(accumulated losses)		608.1	565.5	1,265.0	(303.6)
		531.6	406.3	1,265.5	(303.1)
Equityholders of SP AusNet Transmission and SP AusNet Finance Trust (minority interest)		2,242.5	1,821.5	-	-
Total equity		2,774.1	2,227.8	1,265.5	(303.1)

Total equity	2,774.1	2,227.8
The above statements of financial position should be read in con	junction with the accom	panying notes.

SP Australia Networks (Distribution) Ltd

Statements of changes in equity For the year ended 31 March 2010

	o to N	Contributed equity	Issued units	Hedge reserve (i)	Retained profits (ii)	Fair value adjustment on stapling	Other equity component (iii)	Total equity
31 March 2010	500	•	•	÷	•	÷	E	•
SP AusNet Distribution - Combined								
Balance as at 1 April 2009		0.5	•	(159.7)	565.5	•	•	406.3
Total comprehensive income for the year								
Profit(loss) for the year		•	•	•	25.9	•	•	25.9
Total other comprehensive income	ı	'	•	82.7	16.7	•		99.4
Total comprehensive income for the financial year		•	•	82.7	42.6		•	125.3
Balance as at 31 March 2010		0.5	•	(77.0)	608.1	•	•	531.6
SP AusNet Transmission and SP AusNet Finance Trust (minority interact)								
Balance as at 1 April 2009		650.1	1,737.6	(14.9)	492.4	51.4	(1,095.1)	1,821.5
Total comprehensive income for the year Profit/(loss) for the year			•		183.1	•	•	183.1
Total other comprehensive income		•		13.0	11.1		,	24.1
Total comprehensive income for the financial year	I	•		13.0	194.2	•	•	207.2
Transactions with owners, recorded directly in equity	_	,	(50.0)		(182.2)	•	•	(232.2)
New units issued (net of transaction costs)	-	•	399.3	•	· ·	•	•	399.3
Distribution reinvestment plan (net of transaction costs)	7	•	46.7	•	•	•	•	46.7
Total transactions with owners	 	•	396.0	•	(182.2)	•	•	213.8
Balance as at 31 March 2010	I	650.1	2,133.6	(1.9)	504.4	51.4	(1,095.1)	2,242.5
Total stapled securityholders' equity as at 31 March 2010		650.6	2.133.6	(78.9)	1,112.5	51.4	(1.095.1)	2 774 1



Statements of changes in equity For the year ended 31 March 2010

		Contributed equity	Issued units	Hedge reserve (i)	Retained profits (ii)	Fair value adjustment on stapling	Other equity component (iii)
	Notes	*W\$	8	W\$	W\$	₩\$	₩ \$
31 March 2009							
SP AusNet Distribution - Combined Balance as at 1 April 2008		0.5	•	68.1	617.3		,
Total comprehensive income for the year Profit/(loss) for the year		•	•	•	(8.0)	•	
Total other comprehensive income	ļ	•		(227.8)	(43.8)	•	
Total comprehensive income for the financial year	I	•	•	(227.8)	(51.8)	•	
Balance as at 31 March 2009		0.5	•	(159.7)	565.5	•	•
SP AusNet Transmission and SP AusNet Finance Trust (minority interest)	I						:
Balance as at 1 April 2008		650.1	1,827.7	0.3	490.2	51.4	(1,095.1)
Total comprehensive income for the year Profit/(loss) for the year		•	•	•	154.9	•	•
Total other comprehensive income	I	•		(15.2)	(24.3)	•	
Total comprehensive income for the financial year	I	•	•	(15.2)	130.6	•	•
Transactions with owners, recorded directly in equity Distributions paid	7	•	(116.7)		(128.4)		
Distribution reinvestment plan (net of transaction costs)	\ _		26.6		,	٠	
Total transactions with owners	I	•	(90.1)		(128.4)	•	
Balance as at 31 March 2009	I	650.1	1,737.6	(14.9)	492.4	51.4	(1,095.1)
Total stapled securityholders' equity as at 31 March 2009		650.6	1,737.6	(174.6)	1,057.9	51.4	(1,095.1)

(39.5)

115.4

154.9

1,924.6

682.9

Total equity

(8.0)

(245.1) 26.6

SP Australia Networks (Distribution) Ltd

Statements of changes in equity For the year ended 31 March 2010

	Contributed equity \$M	Issued units \$M	Hedge reserve (i)	Retained profits (ii) \$M	Fair value adjustment on stapling \$M	Other equity component (iii) \$M	Total equity \$M
31 March 2010							
SP AusNet Distribution - Parent Balance as at 1 April 2009	0.5		•	(303.6)	•	•	(303.1)
Total comprehensive income for the year Profit/(loss) for the year				1,568.6			1,568.6
Total comprehensive income for the financial year	•		•	1,568.6	•	•	1,568.6
Balance as at 31 March 2010	0.5	•	•	1,265.0	•	•	1,265.5
31 March 2009							
SP AusNet Distribution - Parent Balance as at 1 April 2008	0.5	ı	•	(180.4)	1	1	(179.9)
Total comprehensive income for the year Profit/(loss) for the year	•	1		(123.2)	1	1	(123.2)
Total comprehensive income for the financial year	•	•	•	(123.2)	•	•	(123.2)
Balance at 31 March 2009	0.5			(303.6)			(303.1)

The hedging reserve comprises the effective portion of the cumulative net change in the fair value of cash flow hedging instruments related to highly probable forecast transactions. The future periods in which the cash flows associated with derivatives in the cash flow hedge reserve are expected to impact profit and loss are the same as when the associated cash flows are expected to occur (refer note 1(o)).

 \equiv

- Actuarial gains and losses on the defined benefit obligation and the pension plan assets are recognised directly in retained earnings, as described in note 1(x). \equiv
- SP AusNet Transmission other equity component results from the application of reverse acquisition accounting and represents the difference between the net assets of SP AusNet Transmission and SPI Australia Finance Pty Ltd and the purchase price paid by the legal acquirer, SP AusNet Transmission. $\widehat{\blacksquare}$

The above statements of changes in equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Statements of cash flows

For the year ended 31 March 2010

		Combine	d	Parent	
		2010	2009	2010	2009
	Notes	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M
Cash flows from operating activities					
Receipts from customers (inclusive of goods and services					
tax)		1,362.3	1,238.5	0.7	0.6
Payments to suppliers and employees (inclusive of goods			(=== 0)	,	(= A)
and services tax)		(611.3)	(553.0)	(0.6)	(7.4)
Dividends received		(0.4.7)	- (05.7)	1,693.2	-
Income tax paid		(21.7)	(25.7)	-	-
Interest received		9.3	4.6	18.7	- (17E 0\
Interest and other costs of finance paid		(318.0)	(315.6)	(196.9)	(175.8)
Net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities	30	420.6	348.8	1,515.1	(182.6)
Cash flows from investing activities					
Payments for property, plant and equipment		(583.4)	(461.7)	-	-
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment		4.2	2.9	-	-
Purchase of other intangible assets		(1.8)	-	-	
Net cash inflow/(outflow) from investing activities		(581.0)	(458.8)	-	
Cash flows from financing activities					
Proceeds of loans with related parties		-	-	871.8	301.4
Repayment of loans with related parties			-	(2,386.9)	(118.8)
Proceeds from issue of securities (i)		399.3	-	-	-
Distributions paid (ii)	7	(185.5)	(218.5)	-	-
Proceeds from borrowings		1,283.5	1,263.2	-	-
Repayment of borrowings		(799.0)	(939.5)	-	-
Net cash inflow/(outflow) from financing activities		698.3	105.2	(1,515.1)	182.6
Net increase/(decrease) in cash held		537.9	(4.8)	_	
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the financial		331.3	(4.0)	-	-
year		7.2	12.0	-	
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the financial	9	545.1	7.2	_	_
year	<u> </u>	J4J. I	1.4	-	

- (i) The amount of proceeds from issue of units net of transaction costs.
- (ii) Amounts shown represent distributions paid of \$232.2 million (2009: \$245.1 million) offset by proceeds from the DRP of \$46.9 million (2009: \$26.6 million), less transaction costs of \$0.2 million.

The above statements of cash flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.



SP Australia Networks (Distribution) Ltd

SP Australia Networks (Distribution) Ltd

Notes to the financial statements

31 March 2010

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Notes to the financial statements

31 March 2010

Note 1 Summary of significant accounting policies

The principal accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the financial report are set out below. The combined financial report includes separate financial statements for SP AusNet Distribution as an individual entity and for the Stapled Group (refer note 1(b)(i)), consisting of SP AusNet Distribution and its subsidiaries, SP AusNet Transmission and its subsidiaries and SP AusNet Finance Trust. The Stapled Group is also referred to as SP AusNet.

(a) Basis of preparation

The financial report is a general purpose financial report which has been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards ("AASBs") and interpretations adopted by the Australian Accounting Standards Board and the *Corporations Act* 2001. The combined financial statements and notes also comply with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRSs") and interpretations adopted by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB").

This general purpose financial report is presented in Australian dollars.

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 11 May 2010.

The parent entity has a current net asset deficiency of \$1,088.5 million as at 31 March 2010. The financial report of the parent has been prepared on a going concern basis as the deficiency arises from the related party loans with SP AusNet Finance Trust. Whilst repayable on demand the loan agreements between SP AusNet Distribution and SP AusNet Finance Trust are for terms of ten years and mature in July 2014 and December 2018 (refer note 28(h) for further details on terms and conditions). The Directors are confident that either SP AusNet Finance Trust will not demand repayment of the outstanding principal and unpaid accrued interest prior to the expiration of the term, or the Directors will have put in place satisfactory refinancing.

(i) New standards adopted

The standards relevant to the Stapled Group that have been adopted during the annual reporting period beginning 1 April 2009 are:

- Revised AASB 101 Presentation of Financial Statements is applicable to annual reporting periods commencing on or after 1 January 2009. This standard results in changes to the financial statements including the addition of a statement of comprehensive income. This standard does not result in any changes to the financial results but affects how those results are presented.
- Revised AASB 136 Impairment of Assets is applicable to annual reporting periods commencing on or after 1 January 2009.
 The amendments align the disclosure requirements required when the unit's (or group of units) recoverable amount is based on fair value less costs to sell determined using discounted cash flows with those required when the recoverable amount is based on its value in use.
- AASB Interpretation 18 Transfers of Assets from Customers is applicable for transfers occurring on or after 1 July 2009.
 This interpretation clarifies the accounting for agreements where an entity receives an item of property, plant and equipment (or cash to construct such an item) from a customer and this equipment in turn is used to connect a customer to SP AusNet's network or to provide ongoing access to supply of goods or services. As revenue earned from customer contributions is in exchange for connection to the network, this interpretation results in no change to the accounting for customer contributions.



SP Australia Networks (Distribution) Ltd

SP Australia Networks (Distribution) Ltd

Notes to the financial statements

31 March 2010

Note 1 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

a) Basis of preparation (continued)

- (i) New standards adopted (continued)
- Revised AASB 7 Financial Instruments: Disclosures is applicable to annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2009. The amended Standard requires additional disclosures about fair value measurement and liquidity risk. Fair value measurements related to all financial instruments recognised and measured at fair value are to be disclosed by the source of inputs using a three level fair value hierarchy, by class. In addition, a reconciliation of significant transfers between levels in the fair value hierarchy is required. The hierarchy reflects the availability of observable market inputs when estimating fair values. The amendments also clarify the requirements for liquidity risk disclosures with respect to derivative transactions and assets used for liquidity management. This standard does not result in any changes to the treatment of the financial instruments but results in additional disclosures of information on their fair value measurement and liquidity risk.

(ii) New standards not yet adopted

The following standards, amendments to standards and interpretations have been identified as those which may impact the Stapled Group in the period of initial implication. They are available for early adoption for the annual reporting period beginning 1 April 2009, but have not been applied in preparing this financial report:

- AASB 3 Business Combinations (revised 2008) is applicable to annual reporting periods commencing on or after 1 July 2009. AASB 3 (revised 2008) introduces significant changes in the accounting for business combinations occurring after this date. Changes affect the valuation of non-controlling interest (previously "minority interest"), the accounting for transactions costs, the initial recognition and subsequent measurement of contingent consideration and business combination achieved in stages. These changes, which become mandatory for the Stapled Group's March 2011 financial statements, will impact the amount of goodwill recognised, the reported results in the period when an acquisition occurs and also future reported results.
- AASB 127 Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements (revised 2008) is applicable to annual reporting periods commencing on or after 1 July 2009. AASB 127 (revised 2008) requires that a change in the ownership interest of a subsidiary (without a change in control) is to be accounted for as a transaction with owners in their capacity as owners. Therefore such transactions will no longer give rise to goodwill, nor will they give rise to a gain or loss in the statement of comprehensive income. Furthermore the revised standard changes the accounting for losses incurred by a partially owned subsidiary as well as the loss of control in subsidiary. This standard cannot be early adopted unless AASB 3 (revised 2008) is early adopted. The changes in AASB 3 (revised 2008) and AASB 127 (revised 2008) will affect future acquisitions, changes in, and loss of control of, subsidiaries and transactions with non-controlling interests. These amendments will become mandatory for the Stapled Group's March 2011 financial statements.
- AASB 2008-3 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards arising from AASB 3 and AASB 127 is applicable to annual
 reporting periods commencing on or after 1 July 2009. AASB 2008-3 amends the requirements in several accounting
 standards due to the changes made to AASB 3 and AASB 127. The standard cannot be early adopted unless revised
 AASB 3 is early adopted.
- AASB 2008-8 Further Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards Eligible Hedged Items is applicable to annual
 reporting periods commencing on or after 1 July 2009. AASB 2008-8 clarifies the eligibility principles for designation as a
 hedged item. These amendments will become mandatory for the Stapled Group's March 2012 financial statements. Their
 impact has not yet been quantified by the Stapled Group.

Notes to the financial statements

31 March 2010

Note 1 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

(a) Basis of preparation (continued)

- (ii) New standards not yet adopted (continued)
- AASB 2009-5 Further Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards arising from the Annual Improvements Project is
 applicable to annual reporting periods commencing on or after 1 January 2010. This standard makes minor changes for
 presentation, disclosure, recognition and measurement purposes. The amendments become mandatory for the Stapled
 Group's March 2011 financial statements and impact the financial statements as follows:
 - Amendments to AASB 117 Leases. The IASB deleted guidance stating that a lease of land with an indefinite economic life is normally classified as an operating lease, unless at the end of the lease term title is expected to pass to the lessee. The amendments clarify that when a lease includes both the land and building elements, an entity should determine the classification of each element based on paragraphs 7-13 of the standard, taking into account the fact that land normally has an indefinite economic life. The impact of this amendment has not yet been quantified by the Stapled Group.

There are also other minor amendments and revisions to standards and interpretations that have not been early adopted. As these changes are minor in nature, they are not expected to result in any material changes to the Stapled Group's financial results.

The potential effect of these standards and interpretations is yet to be fully determined. However it is not expected that the new standards and interpretations will significantly affect the Stapled Group's financial report.

(iii) Historical cost convention

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities (including derivative instruments) at fair value.

(iv) Critical accounting estimates and judgements

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with AASBs requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Stapled Group's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements are disclosed in note 23.

(b) Principles of consolidation

(i) Stapling

Pursuant to the Stapling Deed effective from 21 October 2005, a Stapled Group was established for the purpose of facilitating a joint quotation of SP AusNet Distribution, SP AusNet Transmission and SP AusNet Finance Trust on the Australian Securities Exchange and the Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited. The Stapled Group was listed on 14 December 2005.

So long as the three entities remain jointly quoted, the number of shares in each of SP AusNet Distribution and SP AusNet Transmission and the number of units in SP AusNet Finance Trust shall be equal and shareholders and unitholders shall be identical.

For statutory reporting purposes the purchase method of accounting has been applied to the stapling arrangement (refer note 1(h) for further details). SP AusNet Distribution has been identified as the acquirer in the Stapled Group based on the size of its net assets and its operations and accordingly, it presents the combined financial report of the Stapled Group.



SP Australia Networks (Distribution) Ltd

SP Australia Networks (Distribution) Ltd

Notes to the financial statements

31 March 2010

Note 1 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

(b) Principles of consolidation (continued)

(i) Stapling (continued)

In applying the purchase method of accounting in the preparation of the combined financial statements of SP AusNet, the carrying amounts of the assets and liabilities of SP AusNet Distribution at the date of the stapling arrangement have been combined with the fair values of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities of SP AusNet Transmission and SP AusNet Finance Trust at the date of stapling.

The figures in the combined income statements, combined statements of comprehensive income and combined cash flow statements reflect the combined results, comprehensive income and cash flows of SP AusNet Distribution, SP AusNet Transmission and SP AusNet Finance Trust for the full financial years ended 31 March 2010 and 31 March 2009.

The figures in the combined statement of financial position reflect the combined positions of SP AusNet Distribution, SP AusNet Transmission and SP AusNet Finance Trust.

As the business combination has been effected by contract alone, the total ownership interest in SP AusNet Transmission and SP AusNet Finance Trust is presented as minority interest in the combined financial statements of SP AusNet Distribution, notwithstanding that by virtue of the stapling arrangement SP AusNet Distribution, SP AusNet Transmission and SP AusNet Finance Trust have common equityholders (securityholders) with the effect that total equity of the Stapled Group belongs to those securityholders.

The components of minority interest, being share capital, reserves and retained earnings in the case of SP AusNet Transmission and unitholders' funds in the case of SP AusNet Finance Trust, have been separately presented in the notes to the financial statements. The retained earnings of SP AusNet Transmission and the unitholders' funds of SP AusNet Finance Trust are available for distribution directly to securityholders.

(ii) Subsidiaries

Subsidiaries are entities, including special purpose entities, controlled by the Stapled Group. Control exists when the Stapled Group has the power, directly or indirectly, to govern the financial and operating policies of an entity so as to obtain benefits from its activities. In assessing control, potential voting rights that are presently exercisable or convertible are taken into account.

Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Stapled Group and are deconsolidated from the date that control ceases.

The purchase method of accounting is used to account for the acquisition of subsidiaries by the Stapled Group (refer note 1(h) for further details).

Intercompany transactions, balances and unrealised gains on transactions between entities within the Stapled Group are eliminated. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of the impairment of the asset transferred. Accounting policies of subsidiaries are consistent with the accounting policies of the Stapled Group.

Minority interest in the results and equity of subsidiaries are shown separately in the combined income statements, combined statements of comprehensive income and combined statements of financial position respectively and reflect the interest of securityholders in SP AusNet Transmission and SP AusNet Finance Trust (refer note 1(b)(i)).

Notes to the financial statements

31 March 2010

Note 1 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

(c) Segment reporting

An operating segment is a component of the Stapled Group that engages in business activities from which it earns revenues and incurs expenses for which discrete financial information is available and whose operating results are regularly reviewed by the chief operating decision maker.

(d) Foreign currency translation

(i) Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements of each of the entities within the Stapled Group are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates ("the functional currency"). The financial statements are presented in Australian dollars, which is the Stapled Group's presentation currency.

(ii) Transactions and balances

All foreign currency transactions are accounted for using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction. At balance date, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rate existing at that date. Resultant exchange differences are recognised in the income statement for the year, except for exchange differences which relate to assets under construction for future productive use, which are included in the cost of those assets.

(e) Revenue recognition

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received net of the amount of Goods and Services Tax ("GST") payable to the taxation authority. Revenue is recognised for the major business activities as follows:

(i) Sale of goods and rendering of services

Transmission regulated revenue

 Transmission regulated revenue is revenue earned from the transmission of electricity and related services and is recognised as the services are rendered.

Distribution regulated revenue

- Distribution regulated revenue is revenue earned from the distribution of electricity and gas and related services and is recognised as the services are rendered.
- Revenues from services rendered under a contract are recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract.

Service revenue

- Service revenue is earned from niche asset services, in particular metering, vegetation management, asset inspection and technical services and is recognised as the services are rendered.
- (ii) Other excluded services revenue

Other excluded services revenue is recognised as the services are rendered



SP Australia Networks

(Distribution) Ltd

SP Australia Networks (Distribution) Ltd

Notes to the financial statements

31 March 2010

Note 1 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

(e) Revenue recognition (continued)

(iii) Contributions from customers for capital works

Contributions received from customers to assist in the financing of construction of assets are recognised as revenue when the project is complete. Customer contributions of cash are measured with reference to the cash contribution received and customer contributions of assets are measured at the fair value of the assets contributed at the date SP AusNet gains control of the asset.

(iv) Interest income

Interest income is recognised as it accrues, taking into account the effective yield on the financial asset.

(v) Dividends and distributions

Revenue from dividends and distributions from controlled, associated and joint venture entities is recognised by the parent entity when they are declared by the entities, being the date that the parent establishes the right to receive payment.

(f) Income tax

(i) Current tax

Current tax is calculated by reference to the amount of income taxes payable or recoverable in respect of the taxable profit or loss for the period. It is calculated using tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date. Current tax for current and prior periods is recognised as a liability (or asset) to the extent that it is unpaid (or refundable).

(ii) Deferred tax

Deferred tax is accounted for using a balance sheet liability method in respect of temporary differences arising from differences between the carrying amount of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax base of those items.

In principle, deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that sufficient taxable amounts will be available against which deductible temporary differences or unused tax losses and tax offsets can be utilised. However, deferred tax assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary differences giving rise to them arise from the initial recognition of assets and liabilities (other than as a result of a business combination), which affects neither taxable income nor accounting profit. Furthermore, a deferred tax liability is not recognised in relation to taxable temporary differences arising from goodwill.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period(s) when the asset and liability giving rise to them are realised or settled, based on the tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date. The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Stapled Group expects, at the reporting date, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when they relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority and the Stapled Group intends to settle its tax assets and liabilities on a net basis.

Notes to the financial statements

31 March 2010

Note 1 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

(f) Income tax (continued)

(iii) Tax expense

Current and deferred tax is recognised as an expense or income in the income statement, except when it relates to items credited or debited directly to equity, in which case the deferred tax is also recognised directly in equity, or where it arises from the initial accounting for a business combination, in which case it is taken into account in the determination of goodwill.

(iv) Tax consolidations

SP AusNet Distribution and SP AusNet Transmission are the head entities in two separate tax consolidated groups comprising each of these entities and their wholly-owned subsidiaries.

The current and deferred tax amounts for each tax consolidated group are allocated among the entities in each group using the separate taxpayer within group method.

Any current tax liabilities (or assets) and deferred tax assets arising from unused tax losses assumed by each head entity from the subsidiaries in its tax consolidated group are recognised in conjunction with any tax funding arrangement amounts (refer below). Any difference between these amounts is recognised by the relevant head entity as an equity contribution to, or distribution from, the subsidiary. Distributions firstly reduce the carrying amount of the investment in the subsidiary and are then recognised as revenue.

Each head entity recognises deferred tax assets arising from unused tax losses of its tax consolidated group to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits of the tax consolidated group will be available against which the assets can be utilised.

Any subsequent period adjustments to deferred tax assets arising from unused tax losses assumed from subsidiaries are recognised by the head entity only.

The members of each tax consolidated group have entered into a tax funding arrangement which sets out the funding obligations of members of the tax consolidated group in respect of tax amounts. The tax funding arrangement requires payments to/(from) the head entity equal to the current tax liability/(asset) assumed by the head entity and any deferred tax asset relating to tax losses assumed by the head entity. The members of each tax consolidated group have also entered into valid tax sharing agreements under the tax consolidation legislation which set out the allocation of income tax liabilities between the entities should the head entity default on its tax payment obligations and the treatment of entities leaving the tax consolidated group.

The members of each tax consolidation group have recognised tax payable or receivable within the tax consolidation groups as fully funded through intercompany loans.

(g) Leases

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee. All other leases are classified as operating leases. The Stapled Group does not have any finance lease arrangements.

Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term, except where another systematic basis is more representative of the time pattern in which economic benefits from the leased asset are consumed.

In the event that lease incentives are received to enter into operating leases, such incentives are recognised as a liability. The aggregate benefits of incentives are recognised as a reduction of rental expense on a straight-line basis, except where another systematic basis is more representative of the time pattern in which economic benefits from the leased asset are consumed.



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Notes to the financial statements

31 March 2010

Note 1 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

(h) Acquisitions of assets and liabilities

The purchase method of accounting is used for all acquisitions of assets (including business combinations) regardless of whether equity instruments or other assets are acquired. Cost is determined as the fair value of the assets given, shares issued or liabilities incurred or assumed at the date of exchange plus costs directly attributable to the acquisition. Where equity instruments are issued as part of an acquisition, the value of the instruments is their published market price as at the date of exchange unless, in rare circumstances, it can be demonstrated that the published price at the date of exchange is an unreliable indicator of fair value and that other evidence and valuation methods provide a more reliable measure of fair value. Transaction costs arising on the issue of equity instruments are recognised directly in equity.

Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination are measured initially at fair value at the acquisition date, irrespective of the extent of any minority interest. All potential intangible assets acquired in a business combination are identified and recognised separately from goodwill where they satisfy the definition of an intangible asset and their fair value can be measured reliably. The excess of the cost of acquisition over the fair value of the Stapled Group's share of the identifiable net assets acquired is recorded as goodwill. If the cost of acquisition is less than the fair value of the net assets of the subsidiary acquired, the difference is recognised directly in the income statement, but only after a reassessment of the identification and measurement of the net assets acquired.

Where settlement of any part of the cash consideration is deferred, the amounts payable in the future are discounted to their present value as at the date of exchange. The discount rate used is the entity's incremental borrowing rate, being the rate at which a similar borrowing could be obtained from an independent financier under comparable terms and conditions.

The purchase method of accounting was applied to the establishment of the Stapled Group. Refer note 1(b) for further details.

(i) Impairment of assets other than goodwill

At each reporting date, the Stapled Group reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible and intangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). Where the asset does not generate cash flows that are independent from other assets, the Stapled Group estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit ("CGU") to which the asset belongs.

Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives are tested for impairment annually and whenever there is an indication that the asset may be impaired.

Impairment losses recognised in prior periods are assessed at each reporting date for any indication that the loss has decreased or no longer exists. An impairment loss is reversed if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount. An impairment loss is reversed only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation or amortisation, if no impairment loss had been recognised.

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a post-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted.

If the recoverable amount of an asset (or CGU) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (or CGU) is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised in the income statement immediately.

Notes to the financial statements

31 March 2010

Note 1 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

(i) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand, cash at bank and investments in money market instruments. Bank overdrafts are repayable on demand and form an integral part of the Stapled Group's cash management, therefore these are included as a component of cash and cash equivalents for the purpose of the cash flow statements.

(k) Receivables

Accounts receivable and loans are initially recognised at the fair value of the amounts to be received and are subsequently measured at amortised cost, less any allowance for impairment costs.

Collectability of accounts receivable is reviewed on an ongoing basis. Debts that are known to be uncollectible are written off. An allowance for impairment is established when there is objective evidence that the Stapled Group will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables. The amount of the allowance is the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows, discounted at the effective interest rate. The change in the amount of the allowance is recognised in the income statement.

(I) Customer deposits

Customer deposits are recognised as liabilities and represent refundable payments received in advance from customers as security on capital projects.

(m) Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is based on weighted average costs and includes expenditure incurred in acquiring the inventories and bringing them to their existing condition and location, which may include direct materials, direct labour costs and an allocation of overheads.

(n) Investments

Investments in subsidiaries are measured at cost in the parent entity's financial statements.

(o) Derivatives

The Stapled Group enters into a variety of derivative financial instruments to manage its exposure to interest rate and foreign exchange rate risk, including forward foreign exchange contracts, interest rate swaps and cross-currency swaps. In accordance with its treasury policy, the Stapled Group does not hold or issue derivative financial instruments for trading purposes. Derivatives that do not qualify for hedge accounting, even when entered into for economic hedging purposes are classified as "held for trading" financial instruments in accordance with AASB 139.

Derivatives are initially recognised at fair value on the date a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently remeasured to their fair value at each reporting date. The resulting gain or loss is recognised in the income statement immediately unless the derivative is designated and effective as a hedging instrument, in which event the timing of the recognition in the income statement depends on the nature of the hedge relationship. The Stapled Group designates certain derivatives as either hedges of the fair value of recognised assets or liabilities or firm commitments (fair value hedges) or hedges of highly probable forecast transactions (cash flow hedges).



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Notes to the financial statements

31 March 2010

Note 1 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

(o) Derivatives (continued)

To ensure derivative financial instruments qualify for hedge accounting the Stapled Group documents, at the inception of the transaction, the relationship between hedging instruments and hedged items, as well as its risk management objectives and strategy for undertaking various hedge transactions. The Stapled Group also documents its assessment, both at hedge inception and on an ongoing basis, of whether the derivatives that are used in hedging transactions have been and will continue to be highly effective in offsetting changes in fair values or cash flows of hedged items.

The fair values of derivative financial instruments used for hedging purposes are disclosed in note 12. Movements in the hedge reserve in securityholders' equity are shown in the statements of changes in equity.

(i) Fair value hedge

Changes in the fair value of derivatives that are designated and qualify as fair value hedges are recognised immediately in the income statement, together with any changes in the fair value of the hedged asset or liability that are attributable to the hedged risk.

(ii) Cash flow hedge

The effective portion of changes in the fair value of derivatives that are designated and qualify as cash flow hedges are recognised directly in equity in the hedging reserve. The gain or loss relating to the ineffective portion is recognised immediately in the income statement.

Amounts accumulated in equity are recycled in the income statement in the periods when the hedged item will affect the income statement (generally when the forecast purchase that is hedged takes place). However, when the forecast transaction that is hedged results in the recognition of a non-financial asset (for example inventory) or a non-financial liability, the gains and losses previously deferred in equity are transferred from equity and included in the measurement of the initial cost or carrying amount of the asset or liability.

Hedge accounting is discontinued when the hedging instrument expires or is sold or terminated, or when a hedge no longer meets the criteria for hedge accounting. At that time, any cumulative gain or loss existing in equity remains in equity and is recognised when the forecast transaction is ultimately recognised in the income statement.

When a forecast transaction is no longer expected to occur, the cumulative gain or loss that was reported in equity is immediately recognised in the income statement.

(p) Fair value estimation

All SP AusNet's assets and liabilities carried at fair value are derivative instruments that are measured using market observable data and as such are deemed level two within the fair value hierarchy as per AASB 7 Financial Instruments: Disclosure.

The fair value and net fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities are determined in accordance with generally accepted pricing models based on discounted cash flow analysis. Appropriate transaction costs are included in the determination of net fair value.

Notes to the financial statements

31 March 2010

Note 1 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

(q) Property, plant and equipment

Items of property, plant and equipment are stated at historical cost less depreciation. The cost of contributed assets is their fair value at the date SP AusNet gains control of the asset.

Historical cost includes all expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the item. Cost may also include transfers from equity of any gains/losses on qualifying cash flow hedges of foreign currency purchases of property, plant and equipment.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to SP AusNet and the cost of the item can be measured reliably.

Maintenance and repair costs and minor renewals are charged as expenses as incurred, except where they relate to the replacement of a component of an asset, in which case the costs are capitalised and depreciated.

Depreciation is provided for on property, plant and equipment, including freehold buildings but excluding land and easements. Depreciation is calculated on a straight-line basis so as to write off the net cost of each asset over its estimated useful life to its estimated residual value. The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation methods are reviewed annually, and where material changes are made, their effects are disclosed in the financial statements.

The expected average useful lives of major asset classes are as follows:

	rears
Distribution network (gas)*	15-120
Buildings	40-99
Transmission network	15-70
Distribution network (electricity)	5-70
Other general assets	3-10
Motor vehicles and heavy machinery	3-12
Computer equipment and software	3-5

The service life of industrial gas meters was reassessed during the year to be 15 years. The impact on depreciation was immaterial.

(i) Capital works at cost

Construction work in progress is stated at cost. Cost includes all expenditure that is directly attributable to the specific project.

All expenditure indirectly attributable to the specific project is allocated based on activity based costing.



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Notes to the financial statements

31 March 2010

Note 1 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

(r) Goodwill

Goodwill arising in a business combination is recognised as an asset at the date that control is acquired (the acquisition date). Goodwill is measured as the excess of the sum of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interests in the acquiree, and the fair value of the acquirer's previously held equity interest in the acquiree (if any) over the net of the acquisition-date amounts of the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed.

If, after reassessment, the Stapled Group's interest in the fair value of the acquiree's identifiable net assets exceeds the sum of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interests in the acquiree and the fair value of the acquirer's previously held equity interest in the acquiree (if any), the excess is recognised immediately in the income statement as a gain.

Goodwill is not amortised but is reviewed for impairment at least annually. For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill is allocated to each of the Stapled Group's cash-generating units expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination. Cash-generating units to which goodwill has been allocated are tested for impairment annually, or more frequently when there is an indication that the unit may be impaired. If the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit is less than its carrying amount, the impairment loss is allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the unit and then to the other assets of the unit pro-rata on the basis of the carrying amount of each asset in the unit. An impairment loss recognised for goodwill is not reversed in a subsequent period.

(s) Intangible assets

(i) Distribution licences

The distribution licences held entitle certain subsidiaries to distribute electricity and gas within the subsidiary's licensed region. Distribution licences are stated at cost and are considered to be indefinite life intangible assets, which are not amortised. The distribution licences are tested for impairment annually and are carried at cost less any accumulated impairment losses.

(ii) Other intangible assets

Other intangible assets that are acquired by the Stapled Group and that have a finite useful life are measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses.

(t) Trade and other payables

These amounts represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the Stapled Group prior to the end of financial year which are unpaid. Trade and other payables are stated at cost, are unsecured and are usually payable within 30 days of end of month.

Notes to the financial statements

31 March 2010

Note 1 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

(u) Borrowings

Borrowings are initially recognised at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost, except as detailed below. Any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and redemption amount is recognised in the income statement over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest rate method.

Borrowings which are part of a fair value hedging relationship are recognised at amortised cost, adjusted for the gain or loss on the hedged item attributable to the hedged risk. The gain or loss on the hedged item attributable to the hedged risk is recorded in the income statement together with any changes in the fair value of derivatives that are designated and qualify as fair value hedges (refer note 1(o)).

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the Stapled Group has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting date or has the discretion to refinance or roll over the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting date under an existing loan facility.

(v) Net financing costs

Finance income comprises interest income on funds invested, dividend income, foreign exchange gains, gains on hedging instruments that are recognised in the income statement and the expected return on defined benefit plan assets.

Finance expenses comprise interest expense on borrowings, foreign exchange losses, losses on hedging instruments that are recognised in the income statement, unwinding of the discount on provisions and the interest cost in respect of defined benefit obligations. All borrowing costs are recognised in the income statement using the effective interest rate method, other than borrowing costs directly attributable to a qualifying asset which are capitalised to the cost of that asset.

The capitalisation rate used to determine the amount of borrowing costs to be included in the cost of qualifying assets is the weighted average interest rate of 7.6 per cent (2009: 7.6 per cent) applicable to the Stapled Group's outstanding borrowings during the period.

(w) Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Stapled Group has a present, legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is more likely than not that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, and the amount of the provision can be measured reliably. Provisions are not recognised for future operating losses.

When some or all of the economic benefits required to settle a provision are expected to be recovered from a third party, the receivable is recognised as an asset if it is virtually certain that recovery will be received and the amount of the receivable can be measured reliably.

The amount recognised as a provision is the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at reporting date, taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligations. Where a provision is measured using the cash flows estimated to settle the present obligation, its carrying amount is the present value of those cash flows.

Where there are a number of similar obligations, the likelihood that an outflow will be required in settlement is determined by considering the class of obligations as a whole. A provision is recognised even if the likelihood of an outflow with respect to any one item included in the same class of obligations may be small.



SP Australia Networks

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Notes to the financial statements

31 March 2010

Note 1 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

(w) Provisions (continued)

(i) Provision for uninsured losses

The provision for uninsured losses records the assessment of probable or actual claims made against the Stapled Group for personal injury, property damage or financial loss, including public liability claims. The amount provided for public liability claims is limited to the applicable excess under the Stapled Group's insurance policies.

(ii) Environmental provision

A provision for environmental costs is made for the rehabilitation of sites based on the estimated costs of the rehabilitation. The liability includes the costs of reclamation, plant closure and dismantling, and waste site closure. The liability is determined based on the present value of the obligation as appropriate. Annual adjustments to the liability are charged to the income statement over the estimated life of the sites. The costs are estimated based on the assumption of the current legal requirements and technologies. Any changes in estimates are dealt with on a prospective basis.

(iii) Customer rebates

Provision for customer rebates represents an assessment of the rebates payable to the customer for costs incurred by the customer in the construction of low voltage and high voltage infrastructure for turnkey projects in the electricity distribution business.

(iv) Licence fee

Provision for licence fee represents an assessment of the amounts payable for annual electricity and gas distribution licence fees as determined by the Victorian Department of Treasury and Finance.

(v) Unaccounted for gas

Provision for unaccounted for gas represents an assessment of the amounts payable to gas retailers to account for gas losses in the distribution system. The losses represent gas measured as having entered the gas distribution system, but not measured as having been delivered to customers. An annual reconciliation and settlement is carried out after the Australian Energy Market Operator ("AEMO") has released final gas system volume information in June of each year.

(x) Employee benefits

(i) Wages and salaries, annual leave and sick leave

Liabilities for wages and salaries, including non-monetary benefits and annual leave expected to be settled within 12 months of the reporting date are recognised in respect of employees' services up to the reporting date and are measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liabilities are settled. Liabilities for non-accumulating sick leave are recognised when the leave is taken and measured at the rates paid or payable.

(ii) Long service leave

The liability for long service leave is recognised in the provision for employee benefits and is measured as the present value of expected future payments to be made in respect of services provided by employees up to the reporting date, including on-costs. Consideration is given to expected future wage and salary levels, experience of employee departures and periods of service. Expected future payments are discounted using interest rates on government guaranteed bonds with terms to maturity and currency that match, as closely as possible, the estimated future cash outflows.

Notes to the financial statements

31 March 2010

Note 1 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

(x) Employee benefits (continued)

(iii) Defined contribution superannuation funds

Contributions made to defined contribution superannuation funds are expensed when the liability is incurred. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that a cash refund or a reduction in future payments is available. The Stapled Group's obligation in respect of these funds is limited to the contributions to the fund.

(iv) Defined benefit superannuation funds

The Stapled Group's net obligation in respect of the defined benefit superannuation funds is calculated by estimating the amount of future benefits that employees have earned in return for their service in the current and prior periods. That benefit is discounted to determine its present value and recognised after deducting the fair value of any plan assets.

The discount rate is the yield at the balance date on government bonds that have maturity dates approximating the terms of the Stapled Group's obligations. A qualified actuary performs the calculation using the projected unit credit method.

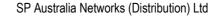
Past service cost is the increase in the present value of the defined benefit obligation for employee services in prior periods, resulting in the current period from the introduction of, or changes to, past employment benefits or other long-term employee benefits. Past service costs may be either positive (where benefits are introduced or improved) or negative (where existing benefits are reduced).

When the past service cost is positive, the portion of the increased benefit relating to past service by employees is recognised as an expense in the income statement on a straight-line basis over the average period until the benefits become vested. To the extent that the benefits vest immediately, the expense is recognised immediately in the income statement.

When the past service cost is negative, the resulting reduction in the defined benefit liability is recognised as negative past service cost over the average period until the reduced portion of the benefits become vested.

Actuarial gains and losses are recognised in full directly in retained earnings in the period in which they occur, and are presented in the statement of comprehensive income.

When the calculation of the net obligation results in a benefit to the Stapled Group, the recognised asset is limited to the net total of any unrecognised actuarial losses and past service costs and the present value of any future refunds from the plan or reductions in future contributions to the plan.



Notes to the financial statements

31 March 2010

Note 1 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

(y) Contributed equity

Ordinary shares are classified as equity.

Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from proceeds.

i) Distributions

Provision is made for the amount of any distributions approved on or before the end of the financial year but not paid at balance date.

(z) Share-based payments

The fair value of share-based payment compensation provided to employees, including existing shares purchased at arm's-length and given to employees as a gift, has been recognised as an expense. Where the shares form part of the existing shares on issue, the fair value of the gift is determined by the cost of the shares at the date of purchase.

Where the gift is funded by a related party without recharge, the cost of acquisition has been treated as an additional contribution of capital to the Stapled Group.

(aa) Earnings per share

(i) Basic earnings per share and basic earnings per stapled security

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the profit attributable to members of the Stapled Group, excluding any minority interest and costs of servicing equity other than distributions, by the weighted average number of shares of SP AusNet Distribution outstanding during the financial year.

Because 100 per cent of the profits of SP AusNet Transmission and SP AusNet Finance Trust are included in minority interest, but are available to the securityholders, an alternative presentation of earnings per share for the Stapled Group is also presented which is calculated as above, but includes earnings attributable to minority interest.

(ii) Diluted earnings per share and diluted earnings per stapled security

Diluted earnings per share adjusts the figures used in the determination of basic earnings per share to take into account the after income tax effect of interest or other financing costs associated with dilutive potential shares and includes these dilutive potential shares in the weighted average number of shares outstanding used in the calculation.

(ab) Rounding of amounts

The Stapled Group is of a kind referred to in Class Order 98/100, issued by the Australian Securities and Investments Commission, relating to the "rounding off" of amounts in the financial report. Amounts in the financial report have been rounded off in accordance with that Class Order to the nearest hundred thousand dollars, or in certain cases, the nearest thousand dollars.



SP Australia Networks (Distribution) Ltd

Notes to the financial statements

31 March 2010

Segment information Note 2

(a) Description of reportable segments

The Stapled Group is organised into the following segments.

(i) Electricity distribution

The electricity distribution network carries electricity from the high voltage transmission network to end users. The Stapled Group charges retailers and some large customers regulated rates for the use of the distribution network. The electricity distribution segment does not purchase or sell electricity. The Stapled Group's network covers eastern Victoria including the eastern metropolitan region of Melbourne.

Also included in this segment is revenue and expenses from Select Solutions including metering and vegetation management services.

Gas distribution

The gas distribution network carries natural gas to commercial and residential end users and earns revenues at the regulated rates for the distribution services provided by its network. The Stapled Group charges retailers and some large customers regulated rates for the use of the distribution network. The Stapled Group network covers central and western Victoria. The gas distribution segment does not purchase or sell gas.

(iii) Electricity transmission

The Stapled Group owns and manages the majority of the electricity transmission network in Victoria. The Stapled Group's transmission network consists of the transmission lines and towers which carry electricity at high voltages from power stations to electricity distributors around Victoria forming the backbone of the Victorian electricity network. It is centrally located amongst the five eastern states of Australia that form the National Electricity Market, and provides key links between the electricity transmission networks of South Australia, New South Wales and Tasmania. The Stapled Group charges AEMO distribution network service providers and electricity generators for connections and use of the electricity transmission network.

The electricity transmission segment does not purchase or sell electricity.



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SP Australia Networks (Distribution) Ltd

Notes to the financial statements 31 March 2010

Segment information (continued)
Note 2

segment financial information

Reportable

Q

2010	Electricity	Gas distribution	Transmission	Inter-segment eliminations
	W\$	W \$	MA A	N \$
Regulated revenue	467.2	181.2	482.5	(9.3)
Excluded revenue	17.1	3.2	21.0	(4.5)
Customer contributions	34.6	4.0	•	
Service revenue	95.8	7.	9.1	•
Other revenue	11.5	1.3	18.7	(0.9)
Total segment revenue	626.2	190.8	531.3	(14.7)
Segment result before interest expense	176.9	94.6	272.3	
Segment interest expense	(104.0)	(9.69)	(145.9)	
Unallocated finance income less unallocated finance expenses				
Profit before income tax				
Income tax expense				
Net profit for the year				
Segment assets	3,617.3	1,672.1	3,317.5	,
Unallocated assets				
Total assets				
Segment liabilities	2,325.4	1,252.3	1,946.4	,
Unallocated liabilities				
Total liabilities				
Other segment information				
Capital expenditure	350.6	9'.29	162.5	•
	7 0 7 7	7	76.0	

162.5 76.3

67.6 42.1

350.6 116.1

SP Australia Networks (Distribution) Ltd

Notes to the financial statements 31 March 2010

Segment information (continued)

Note

(b) Reportable segment financial information (continued)	i	•			
	Electricity distribution	Gas distribution	Transmission	Inter-segment eliminations	Combined
2009 (i)	W\$	₩\$	₩\$	₩\$	₩\$
Regulated revenue	437.8	171.4	456.1	(10.2)	1,055.1
Excluded revenue	14.9	3.0	11.1	(0.2)	28.8
Customer contributions	21.5	3.0	•	•	24.5
Service revenue	23.0	0.8	7.9	•	31.7
Other revenue (i)	12.0	1.0	17.1	(0.8)	29.3
Total segment revenue	509.2	179.2	492.2	(11.2)	1,169.4
Segment result before impairment and interest expense	154.4	9.68	256.5	1	500.5
Impairment write-down on property, plant and equipment (before tax) (note 4 (ii))	(43.3)			•	(43.3)
Segment result before interest expense	111.1	9.68	256.5	•	457.2
Segment interest expense	(86.2)	(78.0)	(139.7)		(303.9)
Unallocated finance income less unallocated finance expenses				ı	15.0
Profit before income tax				I	168.3
Income tax expense				ı	(21.4)
Net profit for the year				,	146.9
Segment assets	2,887.8	1,693.3	3,238.5	•	7,819.6
Unallocated assets				!	0.2
Total assets					7,819.8
Segment liabilities	2,151.5	1,326.1	1,875.4	•	5,353.0
Unallocated liabilities				ı	239.0
Total liabilities				!	5,592.0
Other segment information					
Capital expenditure	262.4	0.69	140.1	•	471.5
Depreciation expense	101.6	38.2	69.3	1	209.1

SP Australia Networks (Distribution) Ltd

Notes to the financial statements

31 March 2010

Segment information (continued) Note 2

- (b) Reportable segment financial information (continued)
- For the year ended 31 March 2009, a portion of other revenue has been restated as service revenue.
- Notes to and forming part of the segment information
- Accounting policies

Segment information is prepared in conformity with the accounting policies of the Stapled Group as disclosed in note 1 and accounting standard AASB 8 Operating Segments.

Segment revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities are those that are directly attributable to a segment and the relevant portion that can be allocated to the segment on a reasonable basis. Unallocated finance income less unallocated finance expenses includes amounts relating to cash flow and fair value hedges recognised in the income statement, capitalised finance charges and defined benefits interest expense and income. Segment assets include all assets used by a segment and consist primarily of receivables, inventories, property, plant and equipment and other intangible assets, net of related provisions. While most of these assets can be directly attributable to individual segments, the carrying amounts of certain assets used jointly by segments are allocated based on reasonable estimates of usage. Segment liabilities consist primarily of debt attributable to each segment, trade and other creditors, employee benefits and provision for service warranties. Segment assets and liabilities do not include income taxes.

(ii) Inter-segment transfers

Segment revenues, expenses and results include transfers between segments. Such transfers are priced on an "arm's-length" basis and are eliminated on consolidation.

Note 3 Revenue

Combine	ed	Parent	
2010	2009	2010	2009
\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M
1,121.6	1,055.1	-	-
36.8	28.8	-	-
1,158.4	1,083.9	-	-
38.6	24.5	-	-
106.0	31.7	-	-
30.6	29.3	0.6	0.6
175.2	85.5	0.6	0.6
1,333.6	1,169.4	0.6	0.6
	2010 \$M 1,121.6 36.8 1,158.4 38.6 106.0 30.6 175.2	\$M \$M 1,121.6 1,055.1 36.8 28.8 1,158.4 1,083.9 38.6 24.5 106.0 31.7 30.6 29.3 175.2 85.5	2010 2009 2010 \$M \$M \$M 1,121.6 1,055.1 - 36.8 28.8 - 1,158.4 1,083.9 - 38.6 24.5 - 106.0 31.7 - 30.6 29.3 0.6 175.2 85.5 0.6

(i) For the year ended 31 March 2009, a portion of other revenue has been restated as service revenue.



Notes to the financial statements

31 March 2010

Note 4 Expenses

Pr	Combine	d	Parent	
	2010	2009	2010	2009
	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M
Profit before income tax includes the following specific expenses:				
Expenses, excluding finance costs, included in the income statement:				
Use of system and associated charges	69.4	59.8	-	-
Employee benefits				
Defined benefit superannuation expenses	4.6	3.8	-	-
Defined contribution superannuation expenses	5.7	8.9	-	-
Employee benefits expenses	105.1	97.5	-	-
Materials	33.3	14.7	-	-
External maintenance and contractors' services	135.1	60.1	-	-
Information technology and communication costs	9.5	12.1	-	-
External consulting, legal and accounting costs	13.5	15.7	-	-
Property taxes	99.7	82.5	-	-
Administrative expenses	31.1	32.5	-	-
Management services fees (i)	13.8	39.7	-	-
Performance fees	12.2	12.3	-	-
Flame logo fee	1.0	1.0	0.6	0.6
Other costs	11.3	9.8	-	-
Depreciation	234.5	209.1	-	-
Net (gain)/loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	(1.1)	(1.1)	-	-
Operating lease rental expenses	10.5	10.0	-	-
Allowance for impairment losses on receivables	0.6	0.5	-	
Total expenses, excluding finance costs and abnormal items	789.8	668.9	0.6	0.6
Impairment of meters (ii)	-	43.3	-	
Total expenses, excluding finance costs	789.8	712.2	0.6	0.6

- (i) The movement is predominantly due to the pass through of actuarial gains and losses in the defined benefit plan for SPIMS employees from 1 April 2008.
- (ii) In September 2008, the Victorian Government issued a revised timetable for the roll-out of smart electricity meters. Under the revised timetable, the roll-out is required to be completed by the end of 2013. The Department of Primary Industries has prepared a revised order in council to implement changes to the timing of the roll-out and the form of the cost recovery model for the advanced metering infrastructure roll-out. In recognition of the removal of the uncertainty regarding the roll-out timetable and the cost recovery model, the Directors have concluded, that an impairment write-down of \$43.3 million (before tax) be recognised on the existing meters to be replaced under the roll-out program. SP AusNet has also accelerated the depreciation on these meters so that they will be fully written off in the financial year ending 31 March 2014.



SP Australia Networks (Distribution) Ltd

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Notes to the financial statements

31 March 2010

Note 5 Net finance costs/(income)

Note of the mande costs/(moonle)				
	Combine	d	Parent	
	2010	2009	2010	2009
	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M
Finance income				
Interest income	3.3	1.1	-	-
Interest income - related parties	-	-	18.7	-
Dividend income	-	-	1,693.2	-
Expected return on defined benefit fund plan assets	10.5	13.1	•	_
Total finance income	13.8	14.2	1,711.9	
Finance expenses				
Interest expense	309.5	304.9	-	-
Interest expense - related parties	-	-	196.8	175.9
Change in discount on provisions	0.6	(1.7)	-	-
Net (profit)/loss on derivatives in a fair value hedge	495.0	(490.5)	-	-
Net (profit)/loss on borrowings in a fair value hedge	(496.1)	496.3	-	-
Net (profit)/loss on derivatives not in a hedging relationship	(1.6)	(4.5)	-	-
Transfers from cash flow hedge reserve	8.0	(1.0)	-	-
Ineffective portion of changes in fair value of cash flow hedges				
transferred from cash flow hedge reserve	(5.0)	0.7	-	-
Other finance charges	7.3	4.3	-	-
Defined benefit interest expense	8.2	8.8	-	-
Capitalised finance charges	(17.4)	(14.2)	•	
Total finance expenses	308.5	303.1	196.8	175.9
Net finance costs/(income)	294.7	288.9	(1,515.1)	175.9

Note 6 Income tax and deferred tax

(a) Income tax expense/(benefit)

	Combined		Parent	
	2010	2009	2010	2009
	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M
Current tax	24.3	19.8	(22.0)	(41.0)
Prior year (over)/under provision - current tax	(0.5)	1.6	1.1	-
Deferred tax	17.1	1.3	(31.5)	(11.7)
Prior year (over)/under provision - deferred tax	(0.8)	(1.3)	(1.1)	_
	40.1	21.4	(53.5)	(52.7)

Notes to the financial statements

31 March 2010

Note 6 Income tax and deferred tax (continued)

(b) Numerical reconciliation of income tax expense/(benefit) to prima fac	ie tax pa	vable
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	Combined		Parent	
	2010	2009	2010	2009
	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M
Profit/(loss) from operations before income tax expense	249.1	168.3	1,515.1	(175.9)
Tax at the Australian tax rate of 30% (2009: 30%)	74.7	50.5	454.5	(52.7)
Tax effect of amounts which are not deductible/(taxable) in calculating taxable income:				
Non-assessable interest income	(33.4)	(28.7)	-	-
Non-assessable dividend income	-	-	(508.0)	-
Prior year (over)/under provisions	(1.3)	0.3	-	-
Sundry items	0.1	(0.7)		-
Income tax expense/(benefit)	40.1	21.4	(53.5)	(52.7)

(c) Amounts recognised directly in equity

Combined		Parent	
2010	2009	2010	2009
\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M
41.1	(104.0)	-	-
11.8	(29.2)	-	-
52.9	(133.2)	-	-
	2010 \$M 41.1 11.8	2010 2009 \$M \$M 41.1 (104.0) 11.8 (29.2)	2010 2009 2010 \$M \$M \$M 41.1 (104.0) - 11.8 (29.2) -

The Stapled Group's effective tax rate for the period ended 31 March 2010 is approximately 16 per cent (2009: 13 per cent). The divergence in the effective rate, from the prima facie rate of 30 per cent, is mainly caused by SP AusNet Finance Trust's interest income not being assessable in the Trust on the basis that all beneficiaries are presently entitled to trust income at the end of the reporting period. However, the corresponding interest expense incurred in SP AusNet Distribution and SP AusNet Transmission is deductible for tax purposes.

SP Australia Networks (Distribution) Ltd

Notes to the financial statements

31 March 2010

Note 6 Income tax and deferred tax (continued)

(d) Recognised deferred tax assets and liabilities

(a) Recognised deferred tax assets and habilities					
		Deferred tax	assets	Deferred tax I	iabilities
		2010	2009	2010	2009
	Notes	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$N
Combined					
Alinta acquisition investigation costs (i)		2.9	4.3	-	-
Employee benefits		14.2	11.0	-	-
Other accruals and provisions		12.9	19.0	-	-
Intellectual property - copyright	26(b)	40.1	42.1	-	-
Derivatives and fair value adjustments on borrowings		35.6	76.6	-	-
Tax prepayments		0.5	3.8	-	-
Tax losses		122.7	90.4	-	-
Defined benefit funds		9.0	24.1	-	-
Deferred charges (non-current)		-	-	(1.8)	(2.1)
Intangibles		-	-	(4.0)	(4.0)
Property, plant and equipment		•	-	(538.6)	(502.5)
Tax assets/(liabilities)		237.9	271.3	(544.4)	(508.6)
Set off of tax		(237.9)	(271.3)	237.9	271.3
Net tax assets/(liabilities)		-	-	(306.5)	(237.3)
Parent					
Other accruals and provisions		-	-	-	(0.2)
Tax losses		122.5	90.1	-	-
Tax assets/(liabilities)		122.5	90.1	-	(0.2)
Set off of tax		-	(0.2)	-	0.2
Net tax assets/(liabilities)		122.5	89.9	-	-
· ·					

⁽i) One–off transaction costs associated with the proposed acquisition of the Alinta assets and businesses from Singapore Power International Pty Ltd which did not proceed.



SP Australia Networks (Distribution) Ltd

Notes to the financial statements

31 March 2010

Note 6 Income tax and deferred tax (continued)

(e) Movement in temporary differences during the year

		Combined		Combined Parent		Parent	rent	
		2010	2009	2010	2009			
	Notes	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M			
Net deferred tax asset/(liabilities)								
Opening balance at 1 April		(237.3)	(370.5)	89.9	78.2			
(Charged)/credited to the income statement (i)	6(a)	(17.1)	(1.3)	31.5	11.7			
Credited/(debited) to equity	6(c)	(52.9)	133.2	-	-			
Net prior year over provision	6(a)	0.8	1.3	1.1	-			
Closing balance at 31 March		(306.5)	(237.3)	122.5	89.9			

Deferred tax income/expense recognised in the income statement in respect of each type of temporary difference is as follows:

	Charged/(credited) to the income statements		
	2010		
	\$M	\$M	
Combined			
Alinta acquisition investigation costs	1.5	1.4	
Employee benefits	(1.6)	(0.9)	
Other accruals and provisions	4.6	(1.2)	
Intellectual property - copyright	2.0	2.0	
Derivatives and fair value adjustments on borrowings	(0.1)	(0.5)	
Tax prepayments	3.3	8.8	
Tax losses	(31.5)	(11.8)	
Defined benefit funds	3.2	0.7	
Deferred charges (non-current)	(0.4)	0.1	
Property, plant and equipment	36.1	2.7	
Total charged/(credited) to the income statements	17.1	1.3	
Parent			
Other accruals and provisions	-	0.1	
Tax losses	(31.5)	(11.8)	
Total charged/(credited) to the income statements	(31.5)	(11.7)	



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Notes to the financial statements

31 March 2010

Total distributions

Note 7 Distributions

The following distributions were approved and paid by SP AusNet to securityholders during the current financial year:

3	Payable by	Date paid	Cents per security	Total distribution \$M
Distributions from earnings				
Fully franked dividend	SP AusNet Transmission	25 June 2009	1.911	40.5
Fully franked dividend	SP AusNet Transmission	22 December 2009	1.289	34.3
Assessable interest income	SP AusNet Finance Trust	25 June 2009	2.692	57.1
Assessable interest income	SP AusNet Finance Trust	22 December 2009	1.887	50.3
Total distributions from earnings			_	182.2
Distributions from capital				
Return of capital	SP AusNet Finance Trust	25 June 2009	1.324	28.1
Return of capital	SP AusNet Finance Trust	22 December 2009	0.824	21.9
Total distributions from capital			_	50.0
Total distributions			_	232.2
The following distributions were approved a	and paid by SP AusNet to securityho	olders during the previous	financial year:	
Distributions from earnings				
Fully franked dividend	SP AusNet Transmission	23 June 2008	0.736	15.4
Fully franked dividend	SP AusNet Transmission	18 December 2008	1.911	40.0
Assessable interest income	SP AusNet Finance Trust	23 June 2008	1.655	34.6
Assessable interest income	SP AusNet Finance Trust	18 December 2008	1.839	38.4
Total distributions from earnings			_	128.4
Distributions from capital				
Return of capital	SP AusNet Finance Trust	23 June 2008	3.397	71.1
Return of capital	SP AusNet Finance Trust	18 December 2008	2.177	45.6
Total distributions from capital			_	116.7

In relation to the distributions paid in the current financial year of \$232.2 million (2009: \$245.1 million), \$46.9 million (2009: \$26.6 million), less transaction costs of \$0.2 million, was utilised in the allotment of new securities issued under the Distribution Reinvestment Plan.

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Notes to the financial statements

31 March 2010

Note 7 Distributions (continued)

(a) Franking account

	Combined	Combined		
	2010	2009	2010	2009
	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M
30 per cent franking credits available to securityholders for subsequent financial years	26.4	34.7	0.1	0.1

The above available amounts are based on the balance of the dividend franking account at year end adjusted for franking credits that will arise from the payment of current tax liabilities.

The ability to utilise the franking credits is dependent upon there being sufficient available profits to declare dividends. The impact on the dividend franking account of dividends proposed after the balance date but not recognised as a liability is to reduce it by \$18.4 million (2009: \$17.4 million). In accordance with the tax consolidation legislation, SP AusNet Distribution and SP AusNet Transmission as the respective head entities in the tax consolidated groups have assumed the benefit of \$0.1 million and \$26.3 million (2009: \$0.1 million and \$34.6 million) franking credits respectively.

Note 8 Earnings per share and earnings per stapled security

(a) Basic earnings per share for SP AusNet Distribution

	Combined	
	2010	2009
	\$M	\$M
Profit/(loss) from operations attributable to the ordinary equityholders of the Company	25.9	(8.0)
Profit attributable to the ordinary equityholders of the Company	25.9	(8.0)
Weighted average number of shares (million)	2,583.9	2,100.6
	Cents	Cents
Earnings per share from profit/(loss)	1.00	(0.38)

(b) Diluted earnings per share

There were no factors causing a dilution of either the profit or loss attributable to ordinary equityholders or the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding. Accordingly, basic and diluted earnings per share are the same.



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Notes to the financial statements

31 March 2010

Note 8 Earnings per share and earnings per stapled security (continued)

(c) Earnings per stapled security

As the stapling is a business combination by contract alone, the total ownership interest in SP AusNet Transmission and SP AusNet Finance Trust is presented as minority interest in the combined financial statements of SP AusNet Distribution.

By virtue of the stapling arrangement, SP AusNet Distribution, SP AusNet Transmission and SP AusNet Finance Trust have common equityholders (the "securityholders") with the effect that total equity belongs to the securityholders. Therefore an alternative measure of earnings per stapled security has been calculated as follows which includes minority interest and hence the earnings of SP AusNet Transmission and SP AusNet Finance Trust.

(d) Basic earnings per stapled security

(i) As reported in income statements

Combine	d
2010	2009
\$M	\$M
209.0	146.9
209.0	146.9
2,583.9	2,100.6
Cents	Cents
8.09	6.99
	2010 \$M 209.0 209.0 2,583.9 Cents

(ii) Adjusted for individually material items

Reconciliation of earnings used in the calculation of earnings per share adjusted for individually material items attributable to the ordinary securityholders of the Stapled Group:

ordinary security holders of the otapied ordup.		
	Combine	d
	2010	2009
	\$M	\$M
Profit from operations attributable to the ordinary securityholders of the Stapled Group	209.0	146.9
Adjusted for the after tax impact of the impairment write-down of existing meters to be replaced under the Advanced Metering Infrastructure roll-out program		30.3
Profit attributable to the ordinary securityholders of the Stapled Group	209.0	177.2
Weighted average number of securities (million)	2,583.9	2,100.6
	Cents	Cents
Earnings per security from profit (Stapled Group)	8.09	8.44

(e) Diluted earnings per stapled security

There were no factors causing a dilution of either the profit or loss attributable to ordinary securityholders or the weighted average number of ordinary securities outstanding. Accordingly, basic and diluted earnings per security are the same.

Notes to the financial statements

31 March 2010

Cash and cash equivalents

Note 9	Cash and cash equivalents				
		Combined		Parent	
		2010	2009	2010	2009
		\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M
Cash and cas	sh equivalents (i)	545.1	7.2	-	
Total cash a	nd cash equivalents	545.1	7.2	-	

Cash and cash equivalents have increased this year due to the debt raising activities in February and March 2010. These funds will be utilised progressively throughout the year to repay existing debt and fund capital expenditure and for other working capital requirements.

Note 10 Receivables

	Combined		Parent	
	2010	2009	2010	2009
	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M
Current receivables				
Accounts receivable	100.3	94.0	-	-
Allowance for impairment loss	(0.4)	(0.3)	-	-
Related party receivables	20.8	17.8	75.5	54.7
	120.7	111.5	75.5	54.7
Accrued revenue	86.8	71.1	-	-
Other receivables	0.1	0.1	-	-
Total current receivables	207.6	182.7	75.5	54.7
Non-current receivables				
Related party receivables	-	-	1,555.6	-
Total non-current receivables	-	-	1,555.6	-
Total receivables	207.6	182.7	1,631.1	54.7



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Notes to the financial statements

31 March 2010

Note 10 Receivables (continued)

(a) Terms and conditions

Accounts receivable are non-interest bearing and the average credit period on sales of transmission and distribution services is ten business days. An allowance has been made for estimated unrecoverable amounts, determined by reference to past default experience of individual debtors.

All debts greater than 90 days are provided for in full, except where past experience of individual debtors provides evidence that another amount, if any, is more appropriate.

Collateral in the form of bank guarantees, letters of credit and deposits are obtained from certain counterparties where appropriate. The amounts called upon during the current and previous financial year were insignificant and no item is individually significant.

(b) Ageing of accounts receivable

The ageing of accounts receivable as at reporting date was:

		Combine	ed	
	2010	2010	2009	2009
	Gross	Allowance	Gross	Allowance
	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M
Not past due	96.8	-	90.8	-
0 - 30 days	1.6	-	1.8	-
31 - 60 days	0.5	-	0.7	-
61 - 90 days	0.6	-	0.1	-
Greater than 90 days	0.8	(0.4)	0.6	(0.3)
Total	100.3	(0.4)	94.0	(0.3)

Of those debts that are past due, the majority are receivable from high credit quality counterparties. Receivables relating to regulated revenue streams (which account for approximately 87 per cent of revenues) are owed by retailers and distributors in the industry. There are strict regulatory requirements regarding who can obtain a retail or distribution licence and the Essential Services Commission has minimum prudential requirements before a participant can be registered as a distributor. The National Electricity Market Management Company ("NEMMCO") also has high prudential requirements for retailers who participate in the market. Retailers must provide guarantees as requested by NEMMCO to minimise the risk of exposure by other participants to any defaults.

(c) Reconciliation of movement in allowance for impairment loss

The movement in the allowance for impairment losses in respect of accounts receivable was as follows:

	Combined	
	2010	2009
	\$M	\$M
Opening balance	0.3	0.3
Additional allowance recognised/(written back)	0.6	0.5
Amounts utilised	(0.5)	(0.5)
Closing balance	0.4	0.3

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Notes to the financial statements

31 March 2010

SP Australia Networks (Distribution) Ltd

Note 11 Inventories					
		Combined		Parent	
		2010	2009	2010	2009
		\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M
Current inventories					
Construction, maintenance stocks and ger	neral purpose materials	16.4	15.8	-	
Total current inventories		16.4	15.8	-	
Non-current inventories Construction, maintenance stocks and gen	neral purpose materials	15.8	16.1	-	<u>-</u>
Total non-current inventories		15.8	16.1	-	
Total inventories		32.2	31.9	-	-

Note 12 Derivative financial instruments

HOLD IZ	Denvative intancial motivations				
		Combined	t	Parent	
		2010	2009	2010	2009
		\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M
Current derivati	ve financial instrument assets				
Interest rate swa	ps	10.5	19.1	-	-
Cross-currency s	swaps	337.9	34.0	-	-
Forward foreign	exchange contracts	0.6	1.2	-	
Total current de	rivative financial instrument assets	349.0	54.3	-	
Non-current der	ivative financial instrument assets				
Interest rate swa	ps	25.4	48.3	-	-
Cross-currency s	swaps	16.1	407.1	-	
Total non-curre	nt derivative financial instrument assets	41.5	455.4	-	
Total derivative	financial instrument assets	390.5	509.7	-	

SP Australia Networks (Distribution) Ltd

Notes to the financial statements

31 March 2010

Note 12 Derivative financial instruments (continued)

•	Combined	t	Parent	
	2010	2009	2010	2009
	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M
Current derivative financial instrument liabilities				
Interest rate swaps	66.6	151.0	-	-
Cross-currency swaps	0.6	88.5	-	-
Forward foreign exchange contracts	5.2	0.5	-	
Total current derivative financial instrument liabilities	72.4	240.0	-	
Non-current derivative financial instrument liabilities				
Interest rate swaps	89.5	225.2	-	-
Cross-currency swaps	552.9	20.7	-	-
Forward foreign exchange contracts	7.0	-	-	
Total non-current derivative financial instrument liabilities	649.4	245.9	-	
Total derivative financial instrument liabilities	721.8	485.9	-	

(a) Financial risk management objectives

Details of the Stapled Group's financial risk management objectives and policies are disclosed in note 22 to the financial statements.

(b) Interest rate risk management

The following table summarises the designations of interest rate swaps used to manage interest rate exposure:

2010	Cash flow hedges \$M	Fair value ı hedges \$M	Derivatives not in a hedge relationship \$M	Total \$M
Interest rate swaps				
Financial assets	31.2	-	4.7	35.9
Financial liabilities	(129.6)	(8.9)	(17.6)	(156.1)
2009				
Interest rate swaps				
Financial assets	41.8	-	25.6	67.4
Financial liabilities	(336.8)	-	(39.4)	(376.2)

The parent entity does not utilise interest rate swaps.



Notes to the financial statements

31 March 2010

Derivative financial instruments (continued) Note 12

(b) Interest rate risk management (continued)

As at reporting date, unrealised losses after tax in respect of interest rate swaps of \$69.0 million (2009: \$205.8 million) have been deferred in the hedging reserve to the extent the hedge is effective and will be released when the underlying transaction impacts

(c) Foreign currency risk management

(c,		Foreign	Fair value			
	Weighted	currency (FC)	(including AUD notional			
	average	contract	contract	Less than 1		More than 5
	exchange	value	value)	year	1 - 5 years	years
	rate	FC'M	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M
2010						
Forward foreign currency contracts						
Buy EUR (European Euro)	0.590	0.6	1.1	1.0	0.1	-
Buy USD (United States Dollar)	0.804	165.3	217.2	47.0	170.2	-
Buy GBP (British Pound)	0.434	0.1	0.2	0.2	-	-
Cross-currency swaps						
USD (United States Dollar)	0.755	975.0	1,145.6	-	700.9	444.7
GBP (British Pound)	0.465	250.0	462.0	-	-	462.0
CHF (Swiss Franc)	0.913	475.0	529.9	-	-	529.9
HKD (Hong Kong Dollar)	6.998	700.0	112.7	-	-	112.7
2009						
Forward foreign currency contracts						
Buy EUR (European Euro)	0.541	2.3	4.0	3.6	0.4	-
Buy SEK (Swedish Krone)	5.285	27.5	5.5	5.5	-	-
Buy USD (United States Dollar)	0.777	4.1	4.7	4.7	-	-
Buy GBP (British Pound)	0.445	0.3	0.8	8.0	-	-
Buy JPY (Japanese Yen)	85.039	74.9	0.7	0.7	-	-
Cross-currency swaps						
USD (United States Dollar)	0.755	975.0	1,571.2	-	478.6	1,092.6
GBP (British Pound)	0.465	250.0	590.3	-	-	590.3

The parent entity does not utilise forward foreign currency contracts or cross-currency swaps.



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Notes to the financial statements

31 March 2010

Derivative financial instruments (continued) Note 12

(c) Foreign currency risk management (continued)

The following table summarises the designations of the hedging instruments used to manage currency risk:

			Derivatives	
	Cash flow		not in a hedge relationship	Total
	hedges	hedges	•	
	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M
2010				
Forward foreign currency contracts				
Financial assets	0.6	-	-	0.6
Financial liabilities	(12.2)	-	-	(12.2)
Cross-currency swaps				
Financial assets	198.5	155.5	-	354.0
Financial liabilities	(199.9)	(353.6)	-	(553.5)
2009				
Forward foreign currency contracts				
Financial assets	1.2	-	-	1.2
Financial liabilities	(0.5)	-	-	(0.5)
Cross-currency swaps				
Financial assets	132.4	308.7	-	441.1
Financial liabilities	(88.5)	(20.7)	-	(109.2)

As at reporting date, unrealised losses after tax in respect of forward foreign exchange contracts of \$8.1 million (2009: gains of \$0.5 million) have been deferred in the hedging reserve to the extent the hedge is effective and will be released when the underlying transaction impacts profit or loss.

As at reporting date, unrealised losses after tax in respect of cross-currency swaps of \$1.8 million (2009: gains of \$30.7 million) have been deferred in the hedging reserve to the extent the hedge is effective and will be released when the underlying transaction impacts profit or loss.

(d) Derivatives in cash flow hedge reserve

	Combine	d	Parent	
	2010	2009	2010	2009
	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M
Opening balance	(174.6)	68.4	-	-
Transferred to interest expense	2.1	(0.2)	-	-
Charged to other comprehensive income	93.6	(242.8)	-	-
Closing balance	(78.9)	(174.6)	-	

Notes to the financial statements

31 March 2010

Note 12 Derivative financial instruments (continued)

(e) Cash flow hedge - expected settlement

	Carrying amount \$M	contractual cash flows	year	1 - 2 years \$M	2 - 5 years \$M	Greater than 5 years \$M
2010 - Combined						
Derivative financial assets - cash flow hedge expected settlement						
Interest rate swaps	31.2	24.1	7.2	0.5	15.9	0.5
Cross-currency swaps	198.5	330.6	58.1	34.7	66.3	171.5
Forward foreign currency contracts	0.6	-	-	-	-	-
- Inflow	-	4.1	4.1	-	-	-
- Outflow		(3.5)	(3.5)	-	-	
	230.3	355.3	65.9	35.2	82.2	172.0
Derivative financial liabilities - cash flow hedge expected settlement						
Interest rate swaps	129.6	154.2	63.1	35.5	55.6	-
Cross-currency swaps	199.9	553.7	103.8	77.4	169.8	202.7
Forward foreign currency contracts	12.2	-	-	-	-	-
- Inflow	-	(198.7)	(42.4)	(48.2)	(108.1)	-
- Outflow	-	210.9	47.6	52.1	111.2	-
	341.7	720.1	172.1	116.8	228.5	202.7
Net maturity	(111.4)	(364.8)	(106.2)	(81.6)	(146.3)	(30.7)
2009 - Combined						
Derivative financial assets - cash flow hedge expected settlement						
Interest rate swaps	41.8	25.2	8.0	8.8	8.4	-
Cross-currency swaps	132.4	323.5	81.7	69.5	65.0	107.3
Forward foreign currency contracts	1.2	-	-	-	-	-
- Inflow	-	7.2	7.2	-	-	-
- Outflow	-	(6.0)	(6.0)	-	-	-
	175.4	349.9	90.9	78.3	73.4	107.3
Derivative financial liabilities - cash flow hedge expected settlement						
Interest rate swaps	336.8	380.2	136.0	102.4	141.8	-
Cross-currency swaps	88.5	411.5	61.8	63.3	88.2	198.2
Forward foreign currency contracts	0.5	-	-	-	-	-
- Inflow	-	(9.8)	(9.4)	(0.4)	-	-
- Outflow		10.3	9.9	0.4	-	-
	425.8	792.2	198.3	165.7	230.0	198.2
Net maturity	(250.4)	(442.3)	(107.4)	(87.4)	(156.6)	(90.9)



» SP Australia Networks (Distribution) Ltd SP Australia Networks (Distribution) Ltd

Notes to the financial statements

31 March 2010

	Combined		Parent	
	2010	2009	2010	2009
	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M
Current other assets				
Prepayments	9.4	10.6	0.3	0.3
Interest receivable	1.8	0.4	•	
Total current other assets	11.2	11.0	0.3	0.3
Non-current other assets				
Prepayments	0.9	0.9	-	
Total non-current other assets	0.9	0.9	-	<u>-</u>
Total other assets	12.1	11.9	0.3	0.3

Note 14 Investments in subsidiaries

1010 17 111	vestilients in substatutes					
			Combined		Parent	
			2010	2009	2010	2009
		Notes	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M
nvestments in subsid	diaries	29	-	-	2,227.0	2,227.0
Total investments in	n subsidiaries		_	_	2.227.0	2.227.0



Notes to the financial statements 31 March 2010

Note 15 Property, plant and equipment	quipment								
	Freehold land at cost	Buildings at cost	Easements at cost	Transmission network at cost	Electricity distribution network at cost	Gas distribution network at cost		Capital works at cost	Total
	W\$	₩ \$	₩\$	₩\$	₩ \$	₩ \$	W\$	₩ \$	₩\$
2010 - Combined									
Carrying amount at 1 April 2009	255.9	142.9	1,218.7	1,395.0	2,026.8	1,180.2	106.6	395.8	6,721.9
Additions	•	•	•	•	•	•	1	580.7	580.7
Transfers	0.3	14.8	1	122.7	328.9	73.0	73.2	(612.9)	
Disposals	(0.9)	1	•	(1.4)	(0.4)	(0.1)	(0.3)	1	(3.1)
Depreciation expense		(2.6)	•	(29.8)	(98.7)	(32.5)	(37.9)		(234.5)
Carrying amount at 31 March 2010	255.3	152.1	1,218.7	1,456.5	2,256.6	1,220.6	141.6	363.6	7,065.0
Net book value at 31 March 2010 Cost	255.3	176.8	1,218.7	1.698.4	2.770.4	1.385.8	320.7	363.6	8.189.7
Accumulated depreciation		(24.7)	-	(241.9)	(513.8)	(165.2)	(179.1)	•	(1,124.7)
Carrying amount at 31 March 2010	255.3	152.1	1,218.7	1,456.5	2,256.6	1,220.6	141.6	363.6	7,065.0

The parent entity holds no property, plant and equipment.

SP Australia Networks (Distribution) Ltd

Notes to the financial statements 31 March 2010

Property, plant and equipment (continued)

Note 15

					Electricity	Gas	Other plant		
	Freehold land at cost	Buildings at cost	Easements at cost	Transmission network at cost	distribution network at cost	distribution network at cost	and equipment Capital works at cost at cost	apital works at cost	Total
	₩\$	₩\$	₩\$	₩\$	₩\$	8	\$W	\$W	\$W
2009 - Combined	9 720	200 600 600	7 a 1 c 1	7 777 7	2 000	1,000	707 8	0 020	9 70 8
callyilly allouin at 1 April 2000	0.462	0.021	1,012,1	1.110,1	2,020.5	1,120.2	0.00	6.717	0,504.0
Additions	•	•	•	•	•	•	٠	471.5	471.5
Transfers	1.4	20.2	•	73.2	133.9	90.1	29.8	(348.6)	•
Disposals	(0.1)	1	•	(0.3)	(0.9)	0.3	(0.8)		(1.8)
Impairment		•	•	•	(43.3)	•	•	•	(43.3)
Depreciation expense	•	(5.9)	•	(55.6)	(89.2)	(30.4)	(28.0)		(209.1)
Carrying amount at 31 March 2009	255.9	142.9	1,218.7	1,395.0	2,026.8	1,180.2	106.6	395.8	6,721.9
Net book value at 31 March 2009									
Cost	255.9	162.0	1,218.7	1,578.3	2,442.9	1,312.9	251.1	395.8	7,617.6
Accumulated depreciation	•	(19.1)	•	(183.3)	(416.1)	(132.7)	(144.5)		(895.7)
Carrying amount at 31 March 2009	255.9	142.9	1,218.7	1,395.0	2,026.8	1,180.2	106.6	395.8	6,721.9

The parent entity holds no property, plant and equipment.

Notes to the financial statements

31 March 2010

SP Australia Networks (Distribution) Ltd

Note 16	Intangible assets				
	· ·	Combined		Parent	
		2010	2009	2010	2009
		\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M
Distribution I	icenses (i)				
Opening net b	ook amount - distribution licences	354.5	354.5	-	
Closing net b	ook amount - distribution licences	354.5	354.5	-	
Other intangi	ble assets (ii)				
Opening net b	ook amount - other intangible assets	-	-	-	-
Additions		1.8	-	-	-
Accumulated a	amortisation	(0.1)	-	-	
Closing net b	ook amount - other intangible assets	1.7	-	-	
Total intangil	ole assets	356.2	354.5	-	-

- The distribution licences are considered to have an indefinite life for the following reasons:
- the licences have been issued in perpetuity provided the licensee complies with certain licence requirements;
- the Stapled Group monitors its performance against those licence requirements and ensures that they are met; and
- the Stapled Group intends to continue to maintain the network for the foreseeable future.
- Other intangible assets net of accumulated amortisation represent intangible assets acquired as part of a business combination. Goodwill represents the amount of the excess of the purchase consideration over the net identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed at acquisition date. Goodwill is not material and thus details of the current year's business combination has not been disclosed.

SP Australia Networks (Distribution) Ltd

Notes to the financial statements

31 March 2010

Note 17	Payables and other liabilities				
	•	Combined	i	Parent	
		2010	2009	2010	2009
		\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M
Current liabili	ties - payables and other liabilities				
Trade payables	s and accruals	117.9	123.4	-	-
Accrued interes	st	32.8	34.1	-	-
GST payable		5.7	6.2	-	-
Customer depo	osits	13.6	23.3	-	-
Deferred reven	nue	1.3	2.4	-	-
Related party p	payables	44.6	35.9	0.3	0.3
Total current	payables and other liabilities	215.9	225.3	0.3	0.3
Non-current li	abilities - payables and other liabilities				
Deferred reven	nue	4.1	5.0	-	-
Total non-cur	rent payables and other liabilities	4.1	5.0	-	-
Total payables	s and other liabilities	220.0	230.3	0.3	0.3



Notes to the financial statements

31 March 2010

SP Australia Networks (Distribution) Ltd

Note 18	Borrowings				
	•	Combined	i	Parent	
		2010	2009	2010	2009
		\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M
Current borrowing	ngs				
Working capital		-	96.5	-	-
Commercial pape	ır	34.6	63.6	-	-
Short-term debts		-	65.0	-	-
Domestic medium	term notes	184.9	-	-	-
Bank debt facilitie	s	529.5	-	-	-
	o related parties: SP AusNet Finance Trust	<u> </u>	-	1,164.0	735.3
Total current box	rrowings	749.0	225.1	1,164.0	735.3
Non-current born	rowings				
Bank debt facilitie	s	773.0	1,548.3	-	-
Domestic medium	term notes	718.1	608.0	-	-
US senior notes (i)	1,125.4	1,506.7	-	-
Sterling senior no	tes (i)	481.3	604.1	-	-
Swiss senior note	es (i)	523.1	-	-	-
Hong Kong senior	r notes (i)	111.0	-	-	-
Amounts owed t	o related parties:				
Amounts owed to	subsidiaries	-	-	1,551.1	1,939.4
Total non-curren	nt borrowings	3,731.9	4,267.1	1,551.1	1,939.4
Total borrowings	S	4,480.9	4,492.2	2,715.1	2,674.7

⁽i) Foreign currency borrowings translated at spot rate.

(a) Other bank guarantees

Certain entities are required to provide bank guarantees in the form of tender bid bonds or performance bonds for contractual obligations. The subsidiaries have guarantee facilities with a number of institutions amounting to \$15.0 million of which \$1.5 million was lodged with third parties at 31 March 2010 (2009: \$2.0 million).

SP Australia Networks (Distribution) Ltd

Notes to the financial statements

31 March 2010

Nata 40	Drawialana
Note 19	Provisions

NOTE 13 FIGURIOUS				
	Combined		Parent	
	2010	2009	2010	2009
	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M
Current provisions				
Employee benefits	44.9	40.0	-	-
Uninsured losses (i)	1.6	1.4	-	-
Environmental provision (ii)	1.1	1.0	-	-
Customer rebates (iii)	6.2	1.9	-	-
Licence fee (iv)	0.7	1.6	-	-
Unaccounted for gas (v)	1.4	3.7	-	_
Sundry provisions	1.7	1.4	-	
Total current provisions	57.6	51.0	-	_
Non-current provisions				
Employee benefits	2.5	2.1	-	-
Environmental provision (ii)	11.2	10.9	-	-
Defined benefit funds	30.0	80.3	-	
Total non-current provisions	43.7	93.3	-	
Total provisions	101.3	144.3	-	

Movements in each class of provision during the financial year, other than employee benefits, are set out below:

	Uninsured losses (i)	Environmental provision (ii)	Customer rebates (iii)	Licence fee (iv)	Unaccounted for gas (v)	Sundry provisions
	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M
Combined						
Balance at 1 April 2009	1.4	11.9	1.9	1.6	3.7	1.4
Additional provisions recognised in the period	0.9	-	12.4	0.7	1.4	1.7
Change in discount	-	0.6	-	-	-	-
Amounts utilised	(0.7)	(0.2)	(8.1)	(1.6)	(3.7)	(1.4)
Balance at 31 March 2010	1.6	12.3	6.2	0.7	1.4	1.7
Current	1.6	1.1	6.2	0.7	1.4	1.7
Non-current		11.2	-	-	-	_
Total	1.6	12.3	6.2	0.7	1.4	1.7



Notes to the financial statements

31 March 2010

Note 19 Provisions (continued)

- (i) Provision for uninsured losses represents an assessment of probable or actual claims made against SP AusNet for litigation claims, personal injury, property damage or financial loss, including public liability claims. The amount provided for public liability claims is limited to the applicable excess under SP AusNet's insurance policies. Expected timing of cash flows in respect of such claims is uncertain as each claim may be subject to insurance and/or legal proceedings.
- (ii) The environmental provision represents an estimate of the costs of rehabilitating sites, including the estimated costs of reclamation, plant dismantling and closures and waste site closures and refurbishment of meter panels in accordance with the interval meter roll-out program. It is expected that approximately 8 per cent of the provision will be utilised during the financial year ending 31 March 2011.
- (iii) Provision for customer rebates represents an assessment of the rebates payable to the customer for costs incurred by the customer in the construction of low voltage and high voltage infrastructure for turnkey projects in the electricity distribution business.
- (iv) Provision for licence fees represents an assessment of the amounts payable for annual electricity and gas distribution licence fees as determined by the Victorian Department of Treasury.
- Provision for unaccounted for gas represents an assessment of the amounts payable to gas retailers to account for gas losses in the distribution system. The losses represent gas measured as having entered the gas distribution system, but not measured as having been delivered to customers. An annual reconciliation and settlement is carried out after AEMO has released final gas system volume information in June of each year.

Note 20 Equity

		Parent	
		2010	2009
	Notes	Shares	Shares
Share capital Ordinary shares - fully paid (million)	(a), (b)	2,705.1	2,120.4

(a) Ordinary shares

Ordinary shares entitle the holder to participate in dividends and the proceeds on winding up of the Company in proportion to the number of and amounts paid on the shares issued. Holders of ordinary shares are entitled to one vote on a show of hands or one vote for each ordinary share held on a poll at shareholders' meetings.



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SP Australia Networks (Distribution) Ltd

Notes to the financial statements

31 March 2010

Note 20 Equity (continued)

(b) Movements in ordinary share capital

Date	Details	Notes	Number of shares	\$M (i)
1 April 2008	Opening balance		2,092,680,010	0.5
18 December 2008	Distribution reinvestment plan	(ii)	27,743,305	-
31 March 2009	Closing balance		2,120,423,315	0.5
1 April 2009	Opening balance		2,120,423,315	0.5
28 May 2009	Institutional capital raising	(iii)	431,541,856	-
28 May 2009	Retail capital raising	(iii)	9,967,159	-
17 June 2009	Retail capital raising	(iii)	85,169,591	-
25 June 2009	Distribution reinvestment plan	(iv)	15,829,499	-
22 December 2009	Distribution reinvestment plan	(iv)	42,208,731	-
31 March 2010	Closing balance		2,705,140,151	0.5

- (i) With respect to the allocation of the proceeds in the form of shares in SP AusNet Transmission, SP AusNet Distribution and units in SP AusNet Finance Trust, all amounts were allocated to the units in SP AusNet Finance Trust with the shares in SP AusNet Transmission and SP AusNet Distribution being issued at nominal consideration.
- On 7 October 2008, the Stapled Group announced the establishment of a Distribution Reinvestment Plan ("DRP"). On 18 December 2008, 27.7 million new stapled securities were issued under the DRP. The new securities were issued at a price of \$0.96 per security providing approximately \$26.6 million.
- A total of 526,678,606 securities were issued under the non-renounceable entitlement offer completed in June 2009 at an issue price of \$0.78 per stapled security for eligible securityholders in Australia and New Zealand and S\$0.86 per stapled security for eligible securityholders in Singapore.
- On 25 June 2009 and on 22 December 2009, 15.8 million and 42.2 million new stapled securities were issued under the DRP respectively. The new securities were issued at a price of \$0.78 per security and \$0.82 per security, respectively, providing approximately \$12.3 million and \$34.6 million, respectively.

(c) Movements in equity

As the stapling is a business combination by contract alone, the total ownership interest in SP AusNet Transmission and total unitholders' funds of SP AusNet Finance Trust is presented as minority interest in the combined financial statements of SP AusNet Distribution, notwithstanding that by virtue of the stapling arrangement, SP AusNet Distribution, SP AusNet Transmission and SP AusNet Finance Trust have common equityholders ("the securityholders") with the effect that total equity belongs to the securityholders.

The retained earnings of SP AusNet Transmission and the unitholders' funds of SP AusNet Finance Trust are available for distribution directly to securityholders.

(d) Capital management

The Board's policy is to maintain a capital structure appropriate to generate desired securityholder returns and to ensure the lowest cost of capital available to the entity.

An important credit metric which assists management to monitor SP AusNet's capital structure is the net debt to Regulated Asset Base ("RAB") ratio, determined as indebtedness as a percentage of RAB. Indebtedness is debt at face value (net of cash), excluding any derivatives. The movement of this metric over time demonstrates how the business is funding its capital expenditure in terms of debt versus income generating assets. SP AusNet targets a net debt to RAB ratio of less than 85 per cent.

Notes to the financial statements

31 March 2010

Note 20 Equity (continued)

(d) Capital management (continued)

The debt to RAB ratios as at reporting date were as follows:

	Combined	I	Parent	
	2010	2009	2010	2009
	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M
Total indebtedness	4,709.7	4,225.1	-	-
Less cash and cash equivalents	(545.1)	(7.2)	-	-
Net indebtedness	4,164.6	4,217.9	-	-
Total RAB	5,689.1	5,333.2	-	-
	%	%	%	%
Debt to RAB	82.8	79.2	-	-
Net debt to RAB	73.2	79.1	-	-

The terms of certain financing arrangements of the various SP AusNet borrowers contain financial covenants that require maintenance of specified interest coverage ratios and gearing ratios. In addition, certain arrangements contain provisions that are specifically affected by changes in credit ratings, change of control and/or ownership and cross default provisions.

SP AusNet monitors and reports compliance with its financial covenants on a monthly basis. There have been no breaches during the vear.

The Responsible Entity of SP AusNet Finance Trust is the holder of an Australian Financial Services Licence. In accordance with the licence requirements, the Responsible Entity must maintain a minimum capital balance of \$5,050,000. In this regard, capital consists of the ordinary shares and retained earnings.

SP AusNet complied with all externally imposed capital requirements throughout the current and previous reporting period.

In October 2008 SP AusNet commenced the establishment of a Distribution Reinvestment Plan ("DRP") which was activated for the interim distribution paid on 18 December 2008. This was maintained for distributions paid 25 June 2009 and 22 December 2009. The funds raised by the DRP will be used for capital management purposes and to fund capital expenditure for growth.

SP AusNet maintains a well diversified debt maturity profile together with well diversified sources of debt. In order to maintain its prudent capital structure, support its existing A range credit rating and enable continued access to capital markets to fund growth driven by strong energy demand in Victoria, SP AusNet undertook an internal capital review. As a result of this process, SP AusNet completed a CHF 475.0 million five and a half year Swiss franc bond issue, a HK\$700.0 million ten year Hong Kong dollar bond issue and also completed \$300.0 million seven and a half year Australian dollar bond issue in March 2010.

Beyond the year ended 31 March 2010, distributions will be determined based on operating cash flows after funding 100 per cent of maintenance capital expenditure and a portion of growth capital expenditure. SP AusNet's long-term aim is to continue to deliver sustainable growth in securityholder value.

(e) Net tangible assets per stapled security

Net tangible assets per stapled security is \$0.94 (2009: \$0.89).



SP Australia Networks (Distribution) Ltd

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Notes to the financial statements

31 March 2010

Note 21 Defined benefit obligations

The Stapled Group makes contributions to two Equipsuper defined benefit superannuation plans that provide defined benefit amounts to employees or their dependants upon retirement, death, disablement or withdrawal. Benefits are mostly in the form of a lump sum based on the employee's final average salary, although, in some cases, defined benefit members are also eligible for pension benefits. The terms and conditions of the two plans are consistent.

The defined benefit sections of the Equipsuper plans are closed to new members. All new members receive defined contribution, accumulation style benefits.

Mercer Investment Nominees Limited performed actuarial valuations of the funds as at 31 March 2010 and 31 March 2009.

The Stapled Group has recognised a liability in the statement of financial position in respect of its defined benefit obligations.

The net liability positions of the funds, together with the actuarial assumptions are set out below:

	Combined	
	2010	2009
	%	%
Key assumptions used (expressed as weighted averages):		
Discount rate (active members)	5.20	3.90
Discount rate (pensioners)	5.70	4.30
Expected return on plan assets (active members)	7.00	7.00
Expected return on plan assets (pensioners)	7.50	7.50
Expected salary increase rate	4.50	4.50
Expected pension increase rate	3.00	3.00
	Combined	k
	2010	2009
	\$M	\$M
Amounts recognised in the income statement in respect of these defined benefit plans are as follows:		
Current service cost	4.6	3.8
Interest cost	8.2	8.8
Expected return on plan assets	(10.5)	(13.1)
Total	2.3	(0.5)
Actuarial (losses)/gains recognised during the year in the statements of comprehensive income	39.6	(97.3)
Cumulative actuarial (losses)/gains recognised in the statements of comprehensive income	(48.6)	(88.2)
Total amount included in the statement of financial position arising from the Stapled Group's obligations in respect of its defined benefit plans are as follows:		
Present value of funded defined benefit obligations	(223.4)	(234.0)
Fair value of plan assets	193.4	153.7
Net (liability)/asset arising from defined benefit obligations recognised in the statement of		
financial position	(30.0)	(80.3)

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Combined

Notes to the financial statements

31 March 2010

Note 21 Defined benefit obligations (continued)

Hoto 21 Bonnou Bonone obligationo (continuou)	Combined	
	2010	2009
	\$M	\$M
Movement in the present value of the defined benefit obligations in the current period were as follows:		
Opening defined benefit obligation	234.0	180.4
Current service cost	4.6	3.8
Interest cost	8.2	8.8
Contributions by plan participants	2.4	2.4
Actuarial (gains)/losses	(16.8)	48.6
Benefits, taxes and premiums paid	(9.8)	(10.0)
Transfers in	0.8	-
Closing defined benefit obligations	223.4	234.0
Movements in the fair value of plan assets in the current period were as follows:		
Opening fair value of plan assets	153.7	194.9
Expected return on plan assets net of investment and administration expenses	10.5	13.1
Actuarial gains/(losses)	22.8	(48.7)
Contributions from the employer	13.0	2.0
Contributions by plan participants	2.4	2.4
Benefits, taxes and premiums paid	(9.8)	(10.0)
Transfers in	0.8	
Closing fair value of plan assets	193.4	153.7

The actual return on plan assets was a gain of \$33.3 million (2009: loss of \$35.6 million).

The Stapled Group expects to make contributions of \$8.0 million to the defined benefit plan during the next financial year. The Target Funding method is used to determine the contribution rates. Under the Target Funding method, the employer contribution rate is set at a level such that the plans' assets are expected to equal 105 per cent of the plans' liabilities within five years. The plans' assets are currently 87 per cent of the plans' liabilities.



SP Australia Networks (Distribution) Ltd

SP Australia Networks (Distribution) Ltd

Notes to the financial statements

31 March 2010

Note 21 Defined benefit obligations (continued)

The analysis of the plans' assets and the expected rate of return at the balance date are as follows:

	Fair value of plan assets Combined	
	2010 (i)	2009
	%	%
Australian equities	37	33
International equities	25	24
Fixed interest securities	13	13
Property	10	13
Growth alternative	7	8
Defensive alternative	2	4
Cash	6	5
	100	100

(i) Asset allocation as at 31 March 2010 is currently unavailable. Asset allocation as at 11 March 2010 has been used.

The expected return on assets assumption is determined by weighting the long-term return for each asset class by the target allocation of assets to each class and allowing for correlation of the investment returns between asset classes. The returns used for each class are net of investment tax and investment fees. An allowance for administrative expenses has been deducted from the expected return.

Historic summary

•	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M
Defined benefit plan's obligation	(223.4)	(234.0)	(180.4)	(166.8)	(160.5)
Plans' assets	193.4	153.7	194.9	196.1	171.2
(Deficit)/surplus	(30.0)	(80.3)	14.5	29.3	10.7
Experience adjustments loss/(gains) arising on plans' liabilities	7.0	23.5	7.3	5.5	4.1
Experience adjustments loss/(gains) arising on plans' assets	(22.8)	48.7	13.6	(18.5)	(11.2)

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Note 22 Financial risk management

The Stapled Group's activities expose it primarily to the financial risks of changes in interest rates and foreign currency exchange rates. The Stapled Group manages its exposure to these risks in accordance with its Treasury Risk Policy which is approved by the Board. The policy is reviewed annually or more regularly if required by a significant change in the Stapled Group's operations. Any suggested changes are submitted to the Board for approval.

The objective of the Treasury Risk Policy is to document the Stapled Group's approach to treasury risk management and to provide a framework for ongoing evaluation and review of risk management techniques. The policy identifies each type of financial risk to which the Stapled Group is exposed. The policy provides an analysis of each risk, the objective of and techniques for managing the risk, including identifying and reporting risks to management and the Board.

Treasury evaluates and hedges financial risks in close co-operation with the Stapled Group's operating units. The Treasury Risk Policy provides written principles for overall risk management, as well as written policies covering specific areas, such as mitigating foreign exchange, interest rate and credit risks, use of derivative financial instruments and investing excess liquidity.

The Treasury Risk Policy operates in conjunction with several other SP AusNet policies, including the:

- SP AusNet Authority Manual which sets out the approvals required for such things as investment of surplus funds, execution of hedging transactions, borrowings and issue of guarantees and indemnities;
- SP AusNet Treasury Operations Manual which sets out the day to day Treasury front office processes such as cash
 management and the operations of the Treasury back office, such as settlement processes and bank account operations;
- SP AusNet Refinancing and Hedging Strategy which sets out the refinancing and hedging strategies over the relevant financial period; and
- SP AusNet Credit Metrics Policy which sets out target ranges for the key credit metrics that determine the Stapled Group's credit strength, such as the percentage of debt to the value of the regulatory asset base at a balance date.

Together these policies provide a financial risk management framework which supports the Stapled Group's objectives of finding the right balance between risk and reward to enhance profitability and business performance while minimising current and future exposures.

The Stapled Group enters into a variety of derivative financial instruments to manage its exposure to interest rate and foreign currency risk, including:

- forward foreign exchange contracts;
- interest rate swaps; and
- cross-currency swaps.

The Stapled Group does not enter into or trade financial instruments, including derivative financial instruments, for speculative purposes.

It is the Stapled Group's policy to ensure, wherever possible, that all hedging activities comply with the hedge accounting requirements of AASB 139 *Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement.* However, there may be instances where it makes commercial and economic sense to enter into derivative transactions that do not achieve hedge accounting. In these instances, under AASB 139 such derivatives must be classified as "held for trading". However this classification is not an indication of an intent to trade in derivative financial instruments.



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Note 22 Financial risk management (continued)

The material financial risks associated with SP AusNet's activities are each described below, together with details of SP AusNet's policies for managing the risk.

(a) Interest rate risk

The Stapled Group is exposed to the risk of movements in interest rates on its borrowings. In addition, the regulated electricity transmission and distribution businesses and gas distribution business revenues are impacted directly by changes in the rates of interest relating to each of their respective price review periods. This is a result of the "building block" approach where interest rates are considered in the determination of the regulatory weighted average cost of capital and consequently regulated revenues. The price review period is five years for gas and electricity distribution and six years for electricity transmission.

The objective of hedging activities carried out by the Stapled Group in relation to these businesses is to minimise the exposure to changes in interest rates by matching the actual cost of debt with the cost of debt assumed by the regulator when setting the rate of return for the relevant business. The exposure is managed by maintaining an appropriate mix of fixed and floating rate borrowings and by the use of interest rate swaps. SP AusNet therefore considers interest rate exposure to be minimal for the Stapled Group.

The debt portfolio of the Stapled Group consists of both floating rate debt and fixed rate debt. Interest rate derivatives are used in order to maintain the percentage of fixed rate debt to total debt at a level between 90 per cent and 100 per cent for the relevant business over the relevant regulatory period.

As at reporting date, the Stapled Group had the following financial assets and liabilities exposed to interest rate risk that are not designated in a cash flow hedging relationship:

3 3	•	Combined	[Parent	
		2010	2009	2010	2009
	Notes	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M
Financial assets					
Cash and cash equivalents (i)		5.7	5.8	-	-
Derivative financial instruments	12(b), 12(c)	160.2	334.3	-	-
Financial liabilities					
Related party borrowings		-	-	2,583.9	2,517.0
Derivative financial instruments	12(b), 12(c)	380.1	60.1	-	-
Borrowings not in a cash flow hedging relati	onship	-	21.6	-	-

(i) Represents an average holding of cash and cash equivalents over a 12 month period that is subject to interest rate risk.

The related party borrowings of the parent are wholly payable to entities within the Stapled Group and therefore there is no exposure to interest rate risk in respect of these borrowings outside the Stapled Group. The borrowings from SP AusNet Finance Trust principally relate to the acquisition of SPI Australia Group Pty Ltd and its subsidiaries.

The Stapled Group utilises interest rate swaps to manage its exposure to interest rate risk (refer note 12). Under interest rate swaps, the Stapled Group agrees to exchange the difference between fixed and floating rate interest amounts calculated on agreed notional principal amounts. Such contracts enable the Stapled Group to mitigate the risk of changing interest rates on debt held.

Due to the Stapled Group's interest rate risk management policies the exposure to interest rate risk at any point in time is minimal and therefore so is the Stapled Group's sensitivity to movements in interest rates.

Notes to the financial statements

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Note 22 Financial risk management (continued)

(a) Interest rate risk (continued)

As at reporting date, if interest rates had moved as illustrated in the table below, with all other variables held constant, post-tax profit and equity would have increased/(decreased) as follows:

	Combined		Parent			
	Net profit (after tax)			Net profit (hedge N		Equity (hedge reserve)
	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M		
Judgements of reasonably possible movements:						
2010						
3.08 per cent increase with all other variables held constant	13.2	219.1	(55.7)	-		
3.08 per cent decrease with all other variables held constant	(14.4)	(290.7)	55.7	-		
2009						
2.04 per cent increase with all other variables held constant	2.8	120.8	(35.9)	-		
2.04 per cent decrease with all other variables held constant	(2.6)	(162.9)	35.9	-		

The interest impact on the net profit after tax has increased with the 1.04 per cent widening in the movements in rates from 31 March 2009 to 31 March 2010.

The interest rate sensitivity analysis for the parent is based on interest rate exposures to entities within the SP AusNet group only.

The judgements of reasonably possible movements were determined using statistical analysis of the 95th percentile best and worst expected outcomes having regard to actual historical interest rate data over the previous five years based on the three month bank bill swap rate. Management considers that past movements are a transparent basis for determining reasonably possible movements in interest rates.

(b) Currency risk

The Stapled Group is exposed to currency risk due to funding activities in offshore debt markets, as a means of providing cost effective and efficient funding alternatives and as a result of undertaking certain transactions denominated in foreign currencies. Exchange rate exposures are managed within approved policy parameters utilising forward foreign exchange contracts and cross-currency swaps (refer note 12).

The objective of SP AusNet's currency risk management program is to eliminate material foreign exchange risk by utilising various hedging techniques as approved by the Board. SP AusNet therefore considers currency risk exposure to be minimal for the Stapled Group.

The Stapled Group enters into cross-currency swaps to manage exposures from foreign currency loans primarily in US dollars, British pounds, Swiss francs and Hong Kong dollars (refer note 12). It is the policy of the Stapled Group to cover 100 per cent of the exposure generated by these loans.

Under cross-currency swaps, the Stapled Group agrees to exchange specified principal and interest foreign currency amounts at an agreed future date at a specified exchange rate. Such contracts enable the Stapled Group to mitigate the risk of adverse movements in foreign exchange rates.



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31 March 2010

Note 22 Financial risk management (continued)

(b) Currency risk (continued)

As at reporting date, the Stapled Group had cross-currency swaps for its US dollar, GBP and CHF and HK dollar denominated borrowings. The notional amount outstanding on US dollar cross-currency swaps was \$1,292.1 million (2009: \$1,292.1 million), GBP cross-currency swaps was \$537.5 million (2009: \$537.5 million), CHF cross-currency swaps was \$520.1 million (2009: \$nil) and HK dollar cross-currency swaps was \$100.0 million (2009: \$nil). The maturity of these swaps coincides with the maturity of the relevant US dollar, GBP, CHF and HK dollar denominated borrowings.

The Stapled Group also enters into forward foreign exchange contracts to hedge the exchange rate risk in relation to specific purchase orders (refer note 12). It is the policy of the Stapled Group to fully hedge currency exposures above a Board approved threshold once the exposure is recognised. The derivative instrument used to hedge the exposure is entered into when there is a high degree of certainty as to the nature of the exposure, including currency, amount and delivery date so as to ensure a high level of effectiveness in cash flow hedging.

As at reporting date, the Stapled Group had the following financial assets and financial liabilities exposed to currency risk that are not designated in a cash flow hedging relationship:

	Combined		Parent		
	2010	2009	2010 2009 2010	2010	2009
	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M	
Financial assets					
Derivative financial instruments	155.5	308.7	-	-	
Financial liabilities					
Derivative financial instruments	353.6	20.7	-	-	
Borrowings designated in a fair value hedging relationship	2,240.8	2,110.8	-	-	

Notes to the financial statements

31 March 2010

Note 22 Financial risk management (continued)

(b) Currency risk (continued)

As at reporting date, if the Australian dollar had moved against each of the currencies as illustrated in the table below, with all other variables held constant, post-tax profit and equity would have increased/(decreased) as follows:

	Combine	ed	Parent		
	Net profit (after tax)	Equity (hedge reserve)	Net profit (after tax)	Equity (hedge reserve)	
	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M	
Judgements of reasonably possible movements:					
2010					
United States Dollar					
21 cents increase with all other variables held constant	(0.6)	(51.2)	-	-	
21 cents decrease with all other variables held constant	1.0	82.0	-	-	
British Pound					
7 pence increase with all other variables held constant	-	(4.3)	-	-	
7 pence decrease with all other variables held constant	-	5.5	-	-	
Swiss Franc					
18 Swiss centime increase with all other variables held constant	0.1	(6.1)	-	-	
18 Swiss centime decrease with all other variables held constant	(0.2)	8.9	-	-	
Hong Kong Dollar					
1.672 HK dollar increase with all other variables held constant	-	(3.0)	-	-	
1.672 HK dollar decrease with all other variables held constant	-	4.1	-	-	
2009					
United States Dollar					
16 cents increase with all other variables held constant	(8.0)	(21.2)	-	-	
16 cents decrease with all other variables held constant	1.3	35.2	-	-	
British Pound					
5 pence increase with all other variables held constant	-	(6.0)	-	-	
5 pence decrease with all other variables held constant	(0.1)	10.2	-	-	



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31 March 2010

Note 22 Financial risk management (continued)

(b) Currency risk (continued)

The judgements of reasonably possible movements were determined using statistical analysis of the 95th percentile best and worst expected outcomes having regard to actual historical exchange rate data over the previous five years. Management considers that past movements are a transparent basis for determining reasonably possible movements in exchange rates.

Exchange rate risk arising from foreign currency denominated borrowings is managed using cross-currency swaps at 100 per cent of borrowed funds at inception date.

For the year ended 31 March 2010, hedging alignment with the Transmission regulatory reset produced minor ineffectiveness for the associated international debt. This reduced the corresponding cross-currency swaps effectiveness from 99.97 per cent to 99.96 per cent.

For the year ended 31 March 2009, hedging alignment with the gas regulatory reset produced minor ineffectiveness for the associated international debt. This reduced the corresponding cross-currency swaps effectiveness from 100 per cent to 99.97 per cent

In March 2010, SP AusNet successfully completed a CHF 475.0 million five and a half year Swiss franc bond issue to raise approximately \$520.1 million and a HK\$700.0 million ten year Hong Kong dollar bond issue to raise approximately \$100.0 million. Currency risk was managed using a cross-currency swaps at 100 per cent of borrowed funds at inception date.

(c) Credit risk

Credit risk refers to the risk that a counterparty will default on its contractual obligations resulting in financial loss to the Stapled Group and arises from the Stapled Group's financial assets, comprising cash and cash equivalents, trade and other receivables and derivative financial instruments.

The Stapled Group has adopted a policy of only dealing with creditworthy counterparties and obtaining sufficient collateral where appropriate, as a means of mitigating the risk of financial loss from defaults (refer note 10). The Stapled Group's exposure and the credit ratings of its counterparties are continuously monitored and the aggregate values of transactions concluded are spread amongst approved counterparties. SP AusNet therefore considers credit risk exposure to be minimal for the Stapled Group.

In accordance with the Treasury Risk Policy, treasury counterparties each have an approved limit based on the lower of Standard & Poor's or Moody's credit rating. Counterparty limits are reviewed and approved annually by the Audit and Risk Management Committee and any changes to counterparties or their credit limits must be approved by the Chief Financial Officer and the Managing Director and must be within the parameters set by the Board as outlined in the Treasury Risk Policy.

The Stapled Group does not have any significant credit risk exposure to any single counterparty or any group of counterparties having similar characteristics. The credit risk on liquid funds and derivative financial instruments is limited because the counterparties are banks with high credit ratings assigned by international credit rating agencies. At balance date, SP AusNet had \$542.7 million on term deposit with 'AA' rated Australian banks. These funds were a portion of the proceeds from SP AusNet's bond issues, which were completed in March 2010. These deposits will be recalled as needed to fund operational requirements.

Accounts receivable consist of a number of customers, spread across diverse industries and geographical areas. Ongoing credit evaluation is performed on the financial condition of accounts receivable to ensure exposure to bad debts is minimised.

Notes to the financial statements

31 March 2010

Note 22 Financial risk management (continued)

(c) Credit risk (continued)

Except as detailed in the following table, the carrying amount of financial assets recorded in the financial statements, net of any allowances for losses, represents the Stapled Group's maximum exposure to credit risk without taking account of the value of any collateral obtained:

Maximum cre	dit risk
2010 \$M	2009 \$M
131.8	367.3
22.4	42.3
7.6	20.7
	\$M 131.8 22.4

(d) Liquidity risk

The Stapled Group manages liquidity risk by maintaining adequate cash reserves, committed banking facilities and reserve borrowing facilities and by continuously monitoring forecast and actual cash flows and matching the maturity profiles of financial assets and liabilities.

The Stapled Group's liquidity management policies include Board approved guidelines covering the maximum volume of long-term debt maturing in any one year, the minimum number of years over which debt maturities are to be spread and the timing of refinancing. In addition, short-term bank debt and commercial paper must not represent more than an agreed percentage of the total debt portfolio of SP AusNet.

The liquidity management policies ensure that the Stapled Group has a well diversified portfolio of debt, in terms of maturity and source, which significantly reduces reliance on any one source of debt in any one particular year. In addition, the investment grade credit rating of the Stapled Group ensures ready access to both domestic and offshore capital markets.

Liquidity risk is managed by SP AusNet based on net inflows and outflows from financial assets and financial liabilities. The following table summarises the maturities of the Stapled Group's non-derivative and derivative financial assets and liabilities based on the remaining earliest contractual maturities. The contractual cash flows are based on undiscounted principal and interest commitments. For related party borrowings, other than borrowings with SP AusNet Finance Trust, the maturity has been deemed to be greater than five years.



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Note 22 Financial risk management (continued)

(d) Liquidity risk (continued)

Combined 2010	Notes	Principal at face value	Carrying amount \$M	Total contractual cash flows \$M	Less than 1 year \$M	1 - 2 years \$M	2 - 5 years \$M	Greater than 5 years \$M
Financial assets								
Non-derivative financial assets								
Cash and cash equivalents	9	-	545.1	545.1	545.1	-	-	-
Accounts and other receivables	10	-	207.6	207.6	207.6	-	-	-
Derivative financial assets	3							
Interest rate swaps	12	-	35.9	157.1	41.0	32.4	58.5	25.2
Cross-currency swaps	12	-	354.0	2,740.3	94.2	101.2	944.1	1,600.8
Forward foreign currency								
contracts	12	-	0.6	-	-	-	-	-
- Inflow	12(e)			4.1	4.1	-	-	-
- Outflow	12(e)	_		(3.5)	(3.5)	-	-	-
		_	1,143.2	3,650.7	888.5	133.6	1,002.6	1,626.0
Financial liabilities								
Non-derivative financial liabilities								
Trade and other payables	17	-	220.0	220.0	215.9	4.1	-	-
Commercial paper	18	35.0	34.6	35.0	35.0	-	-	-
Bank debt facilities	18	1,305.0	1,302.5	1,329.2	554.2	-	775.0	-
Domestic medium term								
notes	18	920.0	903.0	1,146.7	239.1	483.8	67.5	356.3
US senior notes	18	1,292.1	1,125.4	1,391.7	61.6	61.6	818.3	450.2
Sterling senior notes	18	537.5	481.3	679.1	29.5	29.5	88.4	531.7
Swiss Franc senior notes	18	520.1	523.1	556.9	5.9	11.7	35.2	504.1
Hong Kong senior notes	18	100.0	111.0	138.9	4.1	4.1	12.2	118.5
Derivative financial liabilities								
Interest rate swaps	12	-	156.1	299.6	102.2	68.4	92.1	36.9
Cross-currency swaps	12	-	553.5	3,539.0	151.0	171.9	1,311.5	1,904.6
Forward foreign currency								
contracts	12	-	12.2		-	-	-	-
- Inflow	12(e)			(198.7)	(42.4)	(48.2)	(108.1)	-
- Outflow	12(e)	_		210.9	47.6	52.1	111.2	-
		_	5,422.7	9,348.3	1,403.7	839.0	3,203.3	3,902.3
Net maturity			(4,279.5)	(5,697.6)	(515.2)	(705.4)	(2,200.7)	(2,276.3)

Notes to the financial statements

31 March 2010

Note 22 Financial risk management (continued)

(d) Liquidity risk (continued)

				Total				Greater
Cambinad		Principal at	Carrying		Less than 1	4 2	2 E	than 5
Combined		face value	amount	cash flows	year	1 - 2 years	2 - 5 years	years
2009	Notes	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M
Financial assets								
Non-derivative financial assets								
Cash and cash equivalents	9	-	7.2	7.2	7.2	-	-	-
Accounts and other receivables	10	-	182.7	182.7	182.7	-	-	-
Derivative financial assets	;							
Interest rate swaps	12	-	67.4	118.5	29.7	32.1	43.2	13.5
Cross-currency swaps	12	-	441.1	2,762.4	111.3	110.5	770.1	1,770.5
Forward foreign currency contracts	12	-	1.2	-	-	_	-	_
- Inflow	12(e)			7.2	7.2	-	_	_
- Outflow	12(e)			(6.0)	(6.0)	-	-	-
	()	_	699.6	3,072.0	332.1	142.6	813.3	1,784.0
Financial liabilities								
Non-derivative financial liabilities								
Trade and other payables	17	-	230.3	230.3	225.3	5.0	-	-
Working capital facility	18	161.5	161.5	161.9	161.9	-	-	-
Commercial paper	18	64.0	63.6	64.0	64.0	-	-	-
Bank debt facilities	18	1,550.0	1,548.3	1,563.1	13.1	775.0	775.0	-
Domestic medium term								
notes	18	620.0	608.0	707.3	31.7	214.9	460.7	-
US senior notes	18	1,292.1	1,506.7	1,923.0	81.5	81.5	676.9	1,083.1
Sterling senior notes	18	537.5	604.1	885.0	36.8	36.8	110.5	700.9
Derivative financial liabilities								
Interest rate swaps	12	-	376.2	459.3	163.2	131.3	164.8	-
Cross-currency swaps	12	-	109.2	2,616.2	78.3	92.9	755.2	1,689.8
Forward foreign currency contracts	12	-	0.5	-	-	-	-	-
- Inflow	12(e)			(9.8)	(9.4)	(0.4)	-	-
- Outflow	12(e)			10.3	9.9	0.4		_
		_	5,208.4	8,610.6	856.3	1,337.4	2,943.1	3,473.8
Net maturity		_	(4,508.8)	(5,538.6)	(524.2)	(1,194.8)	(2,129.8)	(1,689.8)



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Note 22 Financial risk management (continued)

(d) Liquidity risk (continued)

Parent		Carrying amount	cash flows	Less than 1 year	•	2 - 5 years	Greater than 5 years
2010	Notes	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M
Financial assets							
Non-derivative financial assets Accounts and other							
receivables	10	1,631.1	1,631.1	75.5	-	-	1,555.6
		1,631.1	1,631.1	75.5	-	-	1,555.6
Financial liabilities		-					
Non-derivative financial liabilities							
Trade and other payables	17	0.3	0.3	0.3	-	-	-
Related party borrowings	18	2,715.1	2,715.1	1,164.0	-	-	1,551.1
		2,715.4	2,715.4	1,164.3	-	-	1,551.1
Net maturity		(1,084.3)	(1,084.3)	(1,088.8)	-	-	4.5
Parent							
2009							
Financial assets							
Non-derivative financial assets							
Accounts and other receivables	10	54.7	54.7	54.7	_	_	-
		54.7	54.7	54.7			_
Financial liabilities							
Non-derivative financial liabilities							
Trade and other payables	17	0.3	0.3	0.3	-	-	-
Related party borrowings	18	2,674.7	2,674.7	735.3	-	-	1,939.4
		2,675.0	2,675.0	735.6	-	-	1,939.4
Net maturity		(2,620.3)	(2,620.3)	(680.9)	-	-	(1,939.4)

Notes to the financial statements

31 March 2010

Note 22 Financial risk management (continued)

(d) Liquidity risk (continued)

The Stapled Group targets a minimum net liquidity, defined as available short-term funds and committed financing facilities. As at reporting date, SP AusNet had the following committed financing facilities available:

	Combined		Parent	
	2010	2009	2010	2009
	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M
Financing facilities (face value)				
Unsecured bank overdraft facility, reviewed annually and payable at call:				
- Amount used	-	-	-	-
- Amount unused	2.5	2.5	-	
	2.5	2.5	-	-
Unsecured working capital facility, reviewed annually:				
- Amount used	-	96.5	-	-
- Amount unused	-	73.5	-	
	-	170.0	-	-
Unsecured bank loan facility with various maturity dates and which may be extended by mutual agreement:				
- Amount used	1,305.0	1,550.0	-	-
- Amount unused	570.0	-	-	
	1,875.0	1,550.0	-	
Unsecured commercial paper standby facilities:				
- Amount used	-	65.0	-	-
- Amount unused	-	70.0	-	
	-	135.0		



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Notes to the financial statements

31 March 2010

Note 22 Financial risk management (continued)

(e) Fair value of financial assets and liabilities

All SP AusNet's assets and liabilities carried at fair value are derivative instruments that are measured using market observable data and as such are deemed level two within the fair value hierarchy as per AASB 7 Financial Instruments: Disclosure.

The fair value and net fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities are determined in accordance with generally accepted pricing models based on discounted cash flow analysis. Appropriate transaction costs are included in the determination of net fair value.

The following table details the fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities:

Ç		Carrying amount		Fair value	
		2010	2009	2010	2009
	Notes	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M
Combined					
Financial assets					
Interest rate swaps	12	35.9	67.4	35.9	67.4
Cross-currency swaps	12	354.0	441.1	354.0	441.1
Forward foreign currency contracts	12	0.6	1.2	0.6	1.2
Financial liabilities					
Borrowings	18	4,480.9	4,492.2	4,700.0	4,818.6
Interest rate swaps	12	156.1	376.2	156.1	376.2
Cross-currency swaps	12	553.5	109.2	553.5	109.2
Forward foreign currency contracts	12	12.2	0.5	12.2	0.5
Parent					
Financial liabilities					
Borrowings	18	2,715.1	2,674.7	2,715.1	2,674.7

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Note 23 Critical accounting estimates and assumptions

The Stapled Group makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results. Accounting estimates and assumptions where changes in those estimates and assumptions could result in a significant change are detailed below:

(a) Estimated recoverable amount of intangible assets with an indefinite useful life and associated tangible assets

For the purpose of impairment testing, assets have been allocated to CGUs. Each CGU represents a group of assets that generates cash inflows independent from other groups of assets. Management has determined that each segment, details of which are disclosed in note 2, represents a CGU.

The following CGUs have significant amounts of intangible assets with an indefinite useful life.

	Intangible assets indefinite use	
	2010	2009
	\$M	\$M
CGU		
Electricity distribution	117.2	117.2
Gas distribution	237.3	237.3
	354.5	354.5

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. Management has based its assessment of fair value on discounted cash flow projections over a period of 20 years together with an appropriate terminal value incorporating growth rates based on the long-term Consumer Price Index assumption of 2.6 per cent. Regulated cash flow forecasts are based on allowable returns on electricity and gas distribution assets as set out in the Victorian Electricity Supply Industry Tariff Order and the Victorian Gas Industries Tariff Order respectively, together with other information included in the Stapled Group's five year forecast. Cash flows after that period are based on an extrapolation of the forecast, taking into account inflation and expected customer connection growth rates. It is considered appropriate to use cash flows after SP AusNet's five year forecast period considering the long-term nature of the Stapled Group's activities. SP AusNet expects to have liabilities under the *National Carbon Pollution Reduction Scheme* for unaccounted for gas losses from the gas distribution network. Management has not incorporated the potential impact of these liabilities into the 20 year cash flow projections as it is too early, at this stage, to quantify the impacts. Uncertainties include the price of the emission permits, the ability to pass on the cost of the permits and the impacts on costs charged by suppliers. Cash flows are discounted using post-tax discount rates of 7.0 per cent to 7.4 per cent. The rates used for each CGU reflect current market assessments of the time value of money and risks specific to the assets that are not already reflected in cash.

In addition, recoverable amounts were assessed as reasonable when compared to appropriate market earnings before interest, tax, depreciation and amortisation multiples and regulated asset base multiples of recent transactions involving similar assets.

An impairment write-down of \$43.3 million (before tax) on meters to be replaced under the roll-out program was recognised during the prior year (refer note 4(ii)).



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Notes to the financial statements

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Note 23 Critical accounting estimates and assumptions (continued)

(b) Income taxes

The tax expense and deferred tax balances assume certain tax outcomes and values of assets in relation to the application of the tax consolidation regime as it applies to SP AusNet Distribution and SP AusNet Transmission. These outcomes affect factors such as the quantification and utilisation of tax losses, capital allowance deductions and the taxation treatment of transactions between members of the Stapled Group.

The tax expense assumes that SP AusNet Distribution can carry forward income tax losses. If there is a change in the majority underlying ownership of SP AusNet Distribution as a result of a reduction in Singapore Power Limited's ownership position, this assumption may cease to be applicable.

The Stapled Group has taken positions in relation to the income tax and capital gains tax consequences of the acquisition by SP AusNet Distribution of the Australian assets from TXU, the restructuring and sale of the merchant energy business (including the amount of capital gain resulting from the sale) and the restructuring and subsequent deemed acquisition of the SP AusNet Transmission Group.

In addition, deferred tax assets are recognised for deductible temporary differences only if it is probable that future taxable profits are available to utilise those temporary differences.

Assumptions are also made about the application of income tax legislation including in regard to the deductibility of the S163AA imposts and intellectual property which are currently subject to a formal Australian Taxation Office ("ATO") audit (refer note 26). These assumptions are subject to risk and uncertainty and there is a possibility that changes in circumstances will alter expectations which may impact the amount of deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities in the statement of financial position. In these circumstances, the carrying amount of deferred tax assets and liabilities may change resulting in an impact on the earnings of the Stapled Group.

(c) Derivatives

The fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities must be estimated for recognition and measurement or for disclosure purposes.

All SP AusNet's assets and liabilities carried at fair value are derivative instruments that are measured using market observable data and as such are deemed level two within the fair value hierarchy as per AASB 7 Financial Instruments: Disclosure.

Derivatives are used only for risk management strategies and are not actively traded.

The fair value and net fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities are determined in accordance with generally accepted pricing models based on discounted cash flow analysis. This involves the valuation of derivatives based on prices sourced from observable data or market corroboration based on active quotes, for example, swaps and physical forward contracts. Appropriate transaction costs are included in the determination of net fair value.

(d) Accrued revenue

Revenue accrual estimates are made to account for the unbilled period between the end user's last billing date and the end of the accounting period. The accrual relies on detailed analysis of customers' historical consumption patterns, which take into account base usage, sensitivity to prevailing weather conditions and consumption growth. The results of this analysis are applied for the number of days and weather conditions over the unbilled period.

Notes to the financial statements

31 March 2010

Note 23 Critical accounting estimates and assumptions (continued)

(e) Useful lives of property, plant and equipment

Depreciation is provided for on property, plant and equipment, including freehold buildings but excluding land and easements. Depreciation is calculated on a straight-line basis so as to write off the net cost of each asset over its estimated useful life to its estimated residual value. The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation methods are reviewed annually. Assumptions are made regarding the useful lives and residual values based on the regulatory environment and technological developments. These assumptions are subject to risk and there is the possibility that changes in circumstances will alter expectations.

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

(f) Defined benefit plans

A number of estimates and assumptions are used in determining defined benefit assets, obligations and expenses. These estimates include salary increases, future earnings, rates of return etc. As SP AusNet has adopted the option to recognise actuarial gains and losses through retained earnings, any difference in estimates will be recognised in retained earnings and not through the income statement.

The net (liability)/asset from defined benefit obligations recognised in the statement of financial position will be affected by any significant movement in investment returns and/or interest rates.

Each year SP AusNet engages Mercer to perform actuarial reviews of the SPI PowerNet and SPI Electricity defined benefit funds.

(g) Management services fee

Fees charged under the Management Services Agreements (refer note 28(d)) comprise a services charge and a performance fee. Effective 1 April 2008, the services charge is based on the actual cost of the remuneration of employees of SPI Management Services involved in the management of SP AusNet. The actual cost of remuneration includes any actuarial gains or losses incurred by the SPI Management Services defined benefit plan as well as any defined benefit plan expenses. The calculation of the actuarial gains or losses and the defined benefit expense is undertaken by Mercer Investment Nominees based on assumptions provided by SPI Management Services. These assumptions include salary increases, discount rates and expected return on assets. These assumptions are subject to risk and uncertainty, and there is a possibility that actual outcomes will differ from the assumptions made which will impact the actuarial gain or loss and defined benefit plan expense recognised by SPI Management Services and passed on to SP AusNet through the services charge.



SP Australia Networks (Distribution) Ltd Notes to the financial statements

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Note 24 Key management personnel disclosure

SPI Management Services, a wholly-owned subsidiary of related party Singapore Power International Pte Ltd, SP AusNet Distribution and SP AusNet Transmission are parties to a Management Services Agreement ("MSA"). In addition, SPI Management Services and the Responsible Entity are parties to a Management Services Agreement ("RE MSA"). Both agreements commenced on 1 October 2005.

In accordance with the MSA and the RE MSA, SPI Management Services provides the services of key senior management, including the Managing Director and the executive management team to the SP AusNet Group and not exclusively to any particular entity within SP AusNet. Although not employed by SP AusNet, by virtue of the operation of the MSA and the RE MSA, these individuals are deemed to qualify as key management personnel of SP AusNet. Accordingly, the details of remuneration disclosed are for services provided to SP AusNet.

Total remuneration for key management personnel during the financial year is set out below:

	Combin	ed
	2010	2009 (i)
	\$	\$
Remuneration by category		
Short-term employee benefits	4,686,964	4,824,160
Post-employment benefits	313,144	326,931
Termination benefits (ii)	-	285,261
Share-based payment	512,015	2,294,808
	5,512,123	7,731,160

- (i) Remuneration for 31 March 2009 has been adjusted for a reallocation of superannuation as disclosed in the *Remuneration Report* in the *Directors' report*.
- (ii) Termination benefits represent the payment of accrued annual and long service leave benefits.

The parent entity does not have any employees.

Other transactions with key management personnel

From time to time, a number of key management personnel, or their related entities, may have purchased goods and services from, or supplied goods and services, to SP AusNet.

The terms and conditions of these transactions were no more favourable than those available, or which might reasonably be expected to be available, on similar transactions with non-related entities on an arm's-length basis.



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Notes to the financial statements

31 March 2010

Note 24 Key management personnel disclosure (continued)

Securityholdings of key management personnel

The movement in the number of ordinary securities in SP AusNet held directly, indirectly or beneficially, by key management personnel, including their related entities, is as follows:

	Balance at beginning of year (1 April 2009)	year as compensation	Options exercised	Net change other (ii)	Balance at end of year (31 March 2010)
Key management personnel					
Directors					
Ng Kee Choe	152,990	-	-	42,893	195,883
Nino Ficca	159,260	480,000	-	81,074	720,334
Jeremy Davis	50,000	-	-	55,000	105,000
Eric Gwee	105,981	-	-	40,693	146,674
Ho Tian Yee	-	-	-	-	-
Tony lannello	104,321	-	-	31,728	136,049
George Lefroy	185,556	-	-	53,650	239,206
Martyn Myer	50,000	-	-	-	50,000
lan Renard	53,086	-	-	20,739	73,825
Executives					
Nino Ficca	159,260	480,000	-	81,074	720,334
John Azaris (iii)	-	117,000	-	-	117,000
Norman Drew	20,782	161,795	-	-	182,577
John Kelso (iv)	4,227	-	-	1,714	5,941
Geoff Nicholson	-	200,000	-	-	200,000
Charles Popple	7,782	144,750	-	-	152,532



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Notes to the financial statements

31 March 2010

Note 24	Key management p		re (continued) Granted during the year as compensation (i)	Options exercised	Net change other (ii)	Balance at end of year (31 March 2009)
Key manageme	ent personnel					
Directors						
Ng Kee Choe		150,000	-	-	2,990	152,990
Nino Ficca		150,000	-	-	9,260	159,260
Jeremy Davis		50,000	-	-	-	50,000
Eric Gwee		100,000	-	-	5,981	105,981
Ho Tian Yee (v)		-	-	-	-	-
Tony lannello		100,000	-	-	4,321	104,321
George Lefroy		100,000	-	-	85,556	185,556
Martyn Myer		650,000	-	-	(600,000)	50,000
Quek Poh Huat	(vi)	206,000	-	-	-	206,000
lan Renard		50,000	-	-	3,086	53,086
Executives						
Nino Ficca		150,000	-	-	9,260	159,260
Paul Adams (vi	i)	60,782	-	-	(60,782)	-
Michael Bessel	ink (viii)	-	-	-	-	-
Norman Drew		20,782	-	-	-	20,782
Adrian Hill (ix)		50,000	-	-	(50,000)	-
Geoff Nicholso	n	-	-	-	-	-
Charles Popple	•	7,782	-	-	-	7,782

- (i) Includes securities purchased under the Company's Long-term Incentive Plan ("LTIP").
- (ii) Net change other refers to securities purchased, sold or acquired through the DRP during the financial year or people ceasing to be a member of the key management personnel during the year.
- (iii) Mr Azaris commenced as a member of the key management personnel effective 1 April 2009.
- iv) Mr Kelso commenced as a member of the key management personnel effective 1 April 2009.
- (v) Mr Ho commenced as a Non-executive Director effective 1 September 2008.
- (vi) Mr Quek resigned as a Non-executive Director effective 17 July 2008.
- (vii) Mr Adams resigned as a member of the key management personnel effective 7 November 2008.
- (viii) Mr Besselink was a member of the key management personnel from 8 November 2008 to 31 March 2009.
- ix) Mr Hill resigned as a member of the key management personnel effective 29 August 2008.

Further details are provided in the Remuneration report in the Directors' report.

Notes to the financial statements

31 March 2010

Note 25 Remuneration of auditors

During the year the following fees were paid or payable for services provided by the auditor of the parent entity, its related practices and non-related audit firms:

(a) Assurance services

	Combined		Parent	
	2010	2009	2010	2009
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Audit services				
Audit and review of financial reports and other audit work under				
the Corporations Act 2001	1,335	1,383	-	-
Additional audit of subsidiaries 31 March 2009	47	-	-	
Total remuneration for audit services	1,382	1,383	-	
Other assurance services				
Audit of regulatory returns	208	213	-	-
Equity raising accounting services	59	-	-	-
Debt raising offering circular	44	40	-	-
Other assurance services	48	-	-	
Total remuneration for other assurance services	359	253	=	
Total remuneration for assurance services	1,741	1,636	-	

The auditor of SP AusNet is KPMG. Audit fees for the parent entity are paid by another entity in the Stapled Group.

It is the Stapled Group's policy to employ KPMG to perform the audit of regulatory returns as these returns represent an extension of statutory audit services and need to be performed by the same audit firm to gain efficiencies and effectiveness in performing these audits.

(b) Taxation services

Tax compliance services, including review of company income tax returns	_	4		
Tax assurance services	88	-		-
Total remuneration for taxation services	88	4	-	-
(c) Advisory services				
Regulatory advice	9	27	-	-
Recruitment and related services	15	17	-	-
Other	1	6	-	-
Total remuneration for advisory services	25	50	-	
Total fees	1,854	1,690	-	-



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Notes to the financial statements

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Note 26 Contingent liabilities

Details of contingent liabilities of the parent entity for which no provisions are included in the financial statements are as follows:

Management Services Agreements ("MSAs")

SPI Management Services, a wholly-owned subsidiary of Singapore Power International Pte Ltd, provides management services to SP AusNet under the MSA and RE MSA (together, the "MSAs") as detailed in note 24.

The terms of the MSAs are for an initial period of ten years but continue for two further ten year periods unless terminated by either party giving no less than one year's notice prior to the expiry of the applicable ten year period. In the event that the MSA is terminated by SP AusNet by the giving of such notice, SPI Management Services will be entitled to a termination fee equal to the previous financial year's services charge paid or payable to SPI Management Services. The service fee has been disclosed as a commitment in 'other expenditure commitments' (refer note 27).

In addition, details of contingent liabilities of the Stapled Group for which no provisions are included, other than noted below, in the financial statements are as follows:

(a) Environmental

Provisions have been made for land remediation for sites in Victoria based on the estimate of the land remediation costs following site reviews and testing. These costs may increase if the extent of contamination is worse than testing indicated at the time of the reviews. Under the current environmental legislation, the Victorian Environment Protection Authority has the power to order the Stapled Group to incur such costs to remedy the contamination.

Hazardous materials are used in certain operational areas of the Stapled Group. A system of control to ensure that all such hazardous materials are identified, managed and disposed of safely, in accordance with current legislation and other obligations is in place.

The Directors are not aware of any breaches of legislation, which are material in nature. The Directors are not aware of any other remedial action required, and have no reason to believe that any possible legal or remedial action would result in a material cost or loss to the Stapled Group, other than as provided for in these financial statements and as noted above.

(b) Tax audits

The Australian Taxation Office ("ATO") is undertaking large business audits of the SP AusNet group. The focus of the audits is as follows:

- deductions claimed in respect of fees imposed under Section 163AA of the Electricity Industry Act 1993 in the 1999 to 2001 tax years;
- deductions claimed in respect of intellectual property referable to the 1998 tax year and each subsequent year; and
- the entry allocable cost amount ("ACA") step 1 amount (relating to the cost of membership interests) when the SPI Australia Group Pty Ltd ("SPIAG") consolidated group joined the SP AusNet Distribution consolidated group on 2 August 2004.

Notes to the financial statements

31 March 2010

Contingent liabilities (continued) Note 26

(b) Tax audits (continued)

In the year ended 31 March 2007, SP AusNet Transmission reversed \$81.4 million of previously recognised deferred tax liabilities in relation to Section 163AA imposts (\$53.3 million), intellectual property (\$18.3 million) and general interest charges (\$9.8 million), on the basis of expert advice which enabled SP AusNet Transmission to be satisfied that the deductions were properly taken for income tax purposes. The reversed deferred tax liabilities, which predominantly related to primary tax payable, are not necessarily indicative of any outflow or liability that may actually arise from an adverse ATO audit outcome or that may ultimately arise in the event that the matters are subject to litigation.

On 31 March 2010, the ATO advised SP AusNet Transmission that it intends to disallow deductions claimed in respect of Section 163AA imposts, although it has not yet issued an amended assessment to confirm this position. The ATO has invited SP AusNet Transmission to make a submission (before 30 May 2010) regarding whether the ATO should remit all or part of general interest and administrative charges that may apply in respect of Section 163AA imposts.

The ultimate timeframe or likely outcomes of the ATO audits are not known.

Despite the ATO audit activities, SP AusNet has not changed its view in regard to the availability of deductions for Section 163AA imposts and intellectual property or its entry ACA step 1 amount when the SPIAG consolidated group joined the SP AusNet Distribution consolidated group.

(c) Victorian February bushfires

In early February 2009, the state of Victoria was impacted by bushfires. The Victorian Government subsequently established a Royal Commission of Inquiry into the Victorian bushfire crisis and SP AusNet has and continues to extend its full support and assistance to the Inquiry.

In the months following these bushfires, SP AusNet was served with a writ that alleges that "faulty and/or defective power lines" caused loss and damage as a consequence of the fire known as the Kilmore East fire. More recently, SP AusNet has been advised of a number of additional writs alleging that SP AusNet is implicated in the fire known as the Beechworth fire, where a tree limb allegedly brought down power lines, causing loss and damage. SP AusNet will vigorously defend these claims.

It is too early for SP AusNet to speculate on the outcome of any claims which may be instituted by third parties. If these claims are pursued, SP AusNet has liability insurance which provides cover for bushfire liability. SP AusNet reviews its insurance cover annually and ensures it is commensurate with the scale and size of its operations, the risks assessed to be associated with its operations and with industry standards and practice. SP AusNet's bushfire mitigation and vegetation management programs fully comply with Electricity Safety (Bushfire Mitigation) Regulations and are audited annually by Energy Safe Victoria. SP AusNet had a "zero" bushfire mitigation index throughout the 2008-09 bushfire season.

(d) Other

SP AusNet is involved in various other legal and administrative proceedings and various claims on foot, the ultimate resolution of which, in the opinion of SP AusNet, should not have a material effect on the combined entity's financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

Other than listed above, the Directors are not aware of any contingent liabilities as at 31 March 2010.



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Notes to the financial statements

31 March 2010

Note 27 Commitments

(a) Capital commitments

Capital expenditure contracted for at the reporting date but not recognised as a liability is as follows:

Capital experiolitire contracted for at the reporting date but not rec	•	is as ioliows.		
	Combined		Parent	
	2010	2009	2010	2009
	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M
Property, plant and equipment				
Payable:				
Within one year	165.5	170.0	-	-
	165.5	170.0	-	-
(b) Other expenditure commitments				
Payable:				
Within one year	87.4	110.6	16.2	14.9
Later than one year, but no later than five years	144.0	137.1	69.4	65.5
Later than five years	67.9	106.2	9.6	28.6
-	299.3	353.9	95.2	109.0
(c) Lease commitments				
Commitments in relation to leases contracted for at the reporting of	late but not recognise	ed as liabilities are	as follows:	

Payable:				
Within one year	7.3	6.1	-	-
Later than one year, but no later than five years	20.2	21.3	-	-
Later than five years	5.2	6.6	-	
	32.7	34.0	-	_
Representing:				
Non-cancellable operating leases	32.7	34.0	-	_

Operating leases

The Stapled Group leases relate to premises, vehicles, network lands and access sites under non-cancellable operating leases expiring within one to seven years. The leases have varying terms, escalation clauses and renewal rights. On renewal, the terms of the leases are renegotiated.

Notes to the financial statements

31 March 2010

Note 28 Related party transactions

(a) Parent entities

By virtue of the Stapling Deed effective 21 October 2005, SP AusNet Distribution is deemed to be the parent entity of the Stapled Group.

The immediate parent of SP AusNet Distribution is Singapore Power International Pte Ltd, a company incorporated in Singapore, a wholly-owned subsidiary of Singapore Power Limited. Singapore Power International Pte Ltd owns 51 per cent of the issued shares in SP AusNet Distribution as part of its ownership of 51 per cent of the securities issued in SP AusNet.

The ultimate parent is Temasek Holdings (Private) Limited (a company incorporated in Singapore). Temasek Holdings (Private) Limited's sole shareholder is the Minister of Finance (Incorporated), a body corporate under the Minister for Finance (Incorporation) Act, Chapter 183 of Singapore.

(b) Entities with joint control or significant influence

Logo

Singapore Power Limited has granted SP AusNet a licence for consideration of \$1.0 million per year to use the "flame logo" and image in connection with its business and the use of the terms "SP", "SP Australia Networks" and "SP AusNet". The fee payable is on normal commercial terms.

(c) Subsidiaries

Interests in subsidiaries are set out in note 29

(d) Other related parties

(i) Management Services Agreements ("MSAs")

SPI Management Services, a wholly-owned subsidiary of related party Singapore Power International Pte Ltd, is a party to two management services agreements with SP AusNet Distribution and SP AusNet Transmission, and the Responsible Entity respectively, as detailed in note 24.

Management Services Agreement with SP AusNet Distribution and SP AusNet Transmission

Under the MSA, SP AusNet has engaged SPI Management Services to provide management and administration services including management of SP AusNet's electricity transmission and electricity and gas distribution networks. SPI Management Services may consult with Singapore Power Limited and its subsidiaries from time to time in the performance of its work. In accordance with the MSA, SPI Management Services provides the services of key senior management (including the Managing Director and the executive management team) of SP AusNet.

The MSA commenced on 1 October 2005 for an initial period of ten years but continues for two further ten year periods unless terminated by either party giving no less than one year's notice prior to the expiry of the applicable ten year period. In the event that the MSA is terminated by SP AusNet by the giving of such notice, SPI Management Services will be entitled to a termination fee equal to the previous financial year's services charge paid or payable to SPI Management Services.

SP AusNet may also terminate the MSA immediately by giving SPI Management Services written notice upon the occurrence of SPI Management Services failure to meet 50 per cent or more of the agreed key performance indicators for two consecutive financial years for events under its control.



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Notes to the financial statements

31 March 2010

Note 28 Related party transactions (continued)

(d) Other related parties (continued)

i) Management Services Agreements ("MSAs") (continued)

Pursuant to the MSA, SP AusNet has agreed to pay SPI Management Services a management fee comprising a management services charge and a performance fee for each financial year during the term of the MSA. The management services charge is to compensate SPI Management Services for expenses relating to all remuneration and other employment entitlements and benefits of the employees of SPI Management Services who provide services to SP AusNet. Effective 1 April 2008, the management services charge is based on the actual cost of the remuneration of the employees of SPI Management Services involved in the management of SP AusNet. The performance fee is to incentivise SPI Management Services to meet or better the non-financial and financial performance of SP AusNet and to align the interests of SPI Management Services with those of SP AusNet. Effective 1 October 2008 and for the duration of the Information Technology ("IT") Services Agreement (refer below), the maximum performance fee payable by SP AusNet in respect of a financial year is capped at 0.50 per cent of the market capitalisation amount of SP AusNet's securities (this was previously capped at 0.75 per cent of market capitalisation).

The MSA contains mutual indemnities for all damages, costs, claims, suits, liabilities, expenses, actions or injuries suffered or incurred as a consequence of any claims against a party to the extent to which any such claim is caused by the negligence, fraud or dishonesty of the other party (or its officers or employees) or a breach of the MSA. The total liability of either party is limited to \$5.0 million in any financial year.

Management Services Agreement with the Responsible Entity

Under the RE MSA, the Responsible Entity has engaged SPI Management Services to provide management and administration services in respect of SP AusNet Finance Trust. SPI Management Services is entitled to an annual fee of \$100,000 per year in respect of the RE MSA. SPI Management Services may consult with Singapore Power Limited and its subsidiaries from time to time in the performance of its work.

The RE MSA also commenced on 1 October 2005 for an initial period of ten years and continues for two further ten year periods unless terminated by either party giving no less than one year's notice prior to the expiry of the applicable ten year period. The RE MSA also contains mutual indemnities and limits the total liability of either party to \$5.0 million in any financial year.

(ii) Long-term operational agreement

On 29 September 2008, SP AusNet entered into an agreement with the Singapore Power Group on a number of operational arrangements. SP AusNet through Select Solutions provides end-to-end metering services, technical services and vegetation management services to the electricity and gas networks owned and managed by Jemena Asset Management Pty Ltd (referred to as "Jemena") (formerly a part of the Alinta Group and now a member of the Singapore Power Group). SP AusNet will also assume responsibility to deliver contestable metering services to Jemena's existing customers.

To ensure continued capital investment and deliver network growth, Jemena has been appointed to SP AusNet's preferred supplier panel, securing resources for the delivery of SP AusNet's capital portfolio.

Each of the above arrangements is for an initial five year term and will continue for further five year terms unless terminated by either party by giving notice to terminate at the end of the current term. The arrangements may also be terminated early by either party in certain circumstances.

Notes to the financial statements

31 March 2010

Note 28 Related party transactions (continued)

(d) Other related parties (continued)

(iii) IT services agreement

On 29 September 2008, SP AusNet entered into an agreement with a wholly-owned subsidiary of SPI Management Services Pty Ltd (the management company of SP AusNet), Enterprise Business Services (Australia) Pty Ltd ("EBS"), for it to be the exclusive provider to SP AusNet of IT services. The agreement is for an initial term of seven years and may be terminated early by SP AusNet in certain circumstances, including on 12 months notice.

(e) Key management personnel

Disclosures relating to Directors and executives are set out in note 24.

(f) Transactions with related parties

For the purpose of the financial statements, parties are considered to be related to SP AusNet if SP AusNet has the ability, directly or indirectly, to control the party or exercise significant influence over the party in making financial and operational decisions, or vice versa. The related party disclosures are for transactions with entities within the Singapore Power Group.

The ultimate parent of SP AusNet is Temasek Holdings (Private) Limited ("Temasek"). Temasek is the holding company for various commercial interests of the government of Singapore. SP AusNet engages in a wide variety of transactions with entities in the Temasek Group in the normal course of business on terms similar to those available to other customers. Such transactions include but are not limited to telecommunication services and leasing of properties. These related party transactions are carried out on terms negotiated between the parties which are intended to reflect competitive terms.



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Notes to the financial statements

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Note 28 Related party transactions (continued)

(f) Transactions with related parties (continued)

The following transactions occurred with related parties within the Singapore Power Group:

2010 2009 2010 \$'000 \$'000 \$'000 Sales of goods and services Regulated revenue 5,998 6,914 - Service revenue 78,320 13,693 - Other revenue (i) 4,599 4,429 600 Purchases of good and services Management services charge 13,800 39,750 -	2009 \$'000 - - 600 - - -
Sales of goods and services Regulated revenue 5,998 6,914 - Service revenue 78,320 13,693 - Other revenue (i) 4,599 4,429 600 Purchases of good and services	- 600 -
Regulated revenue 5,998 6,914 - Service revenue 78,320 13,693 - Other revenue (i) 4,599 4,429 600 Purchases of good and services	-
Service revenue 78,320 13,693 - Other revenue (i) 4,599 4,429 600 Purchases of good and services	-
Other revenue (i) 4,599 4,429 600 Purchases of good and services	-
Purchases of good and services	-
•	
Management services charge 13,800 -	
Performance fees 12,173 12,298 -	600 - -
Flame logo fees 1,000 1,000 600	-
Directors fees (ii) - 33 -	-
Other costs 22,535 1,918 -	
Property, plant and equipment 75,217 14,489 -	-
Loans from related parties	
Loans advanced to:	
Subsidiaries - 1,711,504	-
Loans received from:	
Subsidiaries 222,889	268,230
Other related parties - 492,928	33,198
Loan repayments from:	
Subsidiaries 155,859	-
Loan repayments to:	
Subsidiaries 611,170	604
Other related parties 64,233	118,225
Interest income	
Subsidiaries 18,728	-
Interest expense	
Subsidiaries 121,079	123,575
Other related parties - 75,721	52,341
Dividend income	
Subsidiaries - 1,693,248	-
Distributions paid	
Fully franked dividend 38,148 28,251 -	-
Assessable interest income 54,774 37,290 -	-
Return of capital (iii) 1,581 45,951 -	_

Notes to the financial statements

31 March 2010

Note 28 Related party transactions (continued)

(f) Transactions with related parties (continued)

- For the year ended 31 March 2009, a portion of other revenue has been restated as service revenue.
- (ii) Mr Quek is an executive of Singapore Power Limited and was a nominee Director of Singapore Power Limited on the Board of SP AusNet. Singapore Power Limited received the fees for Mr Quek's services as a Director of SP AusNet. Mr Quek resigned as a Non-executive Director of SP AusNet effective 17 July 2008.
- (iii) The amount shown represents the distributions paid offset by proceeds from the DRP.

(g) Outstanding balances

The following balances are outstanding at the reporting date in relation to transactions with related parties within the Singapore Power Group:

Combine	d	Paren	t
2010	2009	2010	2009
\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
-	-	75,527	54,627
20,820	17,764	-	-
500	500	300	300
-	-	1,555,648	-
-	-	300	300
44,567	35,885	-	-
-	-	1,164,029	735,334
-	-	1,551,133	1,939,417
	2010 \$'000 - 20,820 500 -	\$'000 \$'000 20,820 17,764 500 500 44,567 35,885	2010 2009 2010 \$'000 \$'000 \$'000 - - 75,527 20,820 17,764 - 500 500 300 - - 1,555,648 - - 300 44,567 35,885 - - - 1,164,029

No allowance for impairment loss has been raised in relation to any outstanding balances due from related parties.



SP Australia Networks

(Distribution) Ltd

SP Australia Networks (Distribution) Ltd

Notes to the financial statements

31 March 2010

Note 28 Related party transactions (continued)

(h) Terms and conditions

Prior to 16 December 2008, SP AusNet Finance Trust had four loan agreements in place ("existing loan agreements"). Two loan agreements are with SP AusNet Distribution and two loan agreements are with SP AusNet Transmission. On 16 December 2008, SP AusNet Finance Trust entered into four additional loan agreements for the proceeds received under the DRP ("DRP loan agreements"). Two loan agreements are with SP AusNet Distribution and two loan agreements are with SP AusNet Transmission. At 31 March 2010, the amounts outstanding under these loan agreements (excluding any accrued interest) and the applicable interest rates were:

	Closing balance (excluding accrued interest)	Interest rate
Loans to SP AusNet Distribution	\$M	%
1 April 2009 to 30 September 2009		
- Existing loan	140.6	Nil
- Existing loan	544.5	8.08
- Institutional Rights Issue	329.1	8.19
- Retail Rights Issue	70.1	8.26
- DRP loan	12.3	8.24
	1,096.6	
1 October 2009 to 31 March 2010		
- Existing loan	131.2	Nil
- Existing loan	544.5	8.79
- Institutional Rights Issue	329.1	8.79
- Retail Rights Issue	69.9	8.79
- DRP loan	12.2	8.79
- DRP loan	34.5	9.04
	1,121.4	
The amount of accrued interest as at 31 March 2010 was \$42.6 million (2009: \$33.2 million).		
Loans to SP AusNet Transmission		
1 April 2009 to 30 September 2009		
- Existing loan	603.9	Nil
- Existing loan	394.0	8.08
- DRP loan	26.6	8.08
	1,024.5	
1 October 2009 to 31 March 2010		
- Existing loan	591.4	Nil
- Existing loan	394.0	8.79
- DRP loan	26.6	8.79
	1,012.0	

The amount of accrued interest as at 31 March 2010 was \$18.5 million (2009: \$24.0 million).

Notes to the financial statements

31 March 2010

Note 28 Related party transactions (continued)

(i) Existing loan agreements

The loan agreements are each for a term of ten years. The loan agreements with SP AusNet Distribution and SP AusNet Transmission mature in July 2014 and October 2015 respectively. All the loan agreements have similar terms and conditions which have been complied with and can be summarised as follows:

- the interest period and interest rate to apply to the loans are agreed by the Borrower and the Lender at six monthly intervals;
- interest accrues from day to day and is payable on the last day of the interest period;
- interest which is payable may be capitalised by the Lender at intervals which the Lender determines or if no determination is made on the first day of each quarter;
- the Borrower must repay the principal outstanding and any accrued but unpaid interest on or before the end of the term of the agreement;
- the Lender may demand repayment of the outstanding principal and any unpaid accrued interest on demand by giving at least 28 days' notice (or a shorter period agreed between the parties);
- the Borrower can prepay outstanding principal and any unpaid accrued interest by giving at least 28 days' notice (or a shorter period agreed between parties); and
- the Lender may terminate its obligations if an event of default occurs.

(ii) DRP loan agreements

The loan agreements are each for a term of ten years. The loan agreements with both SP AusNet Distribution and SP AusNet Transmission mature in December 2018. All the loan agreements have similar terms and conditions which have been complied with. These terms and conditions are the same as those in the existing loan agreements (refer note 28(h)(i)). The loans from SP AusNet Finance Trust are unsecured and are not guaranteed by any of SP AusNet Distribution or SP AusNet Transmission's subsidiaries.



SP Australia Networks

(Distribution) Ltd

SP Australia Networks (Distribution) Ltd

Notes to the financial statements

31 March 2010

Note 29 Subsidiaries

The Stapled Group's statements incorporate the assets, liabilities and results of the following subsidiaries in accordance with the accounting policy described in note 1(b):

			Equity hold	ling
	Country of	Class of	2010	2009
Name of entity	incorporation	shares	%	%
SP Australia Networks (Distribution) Ltd	Australia	Ordinary		
Subsidiaries:				
SPI Australia Networks (RE) Ltd	Australia	Ordinary	100	100
SPI Australia Group Pty Ltd	Australia	Ordinary	100	100
SPI Australia (LP) No. 1 Limited	UK		100	100
SPI Australia (LP) No. 2 Limited	UK		100	100
SPI Australia Holdings (AGP) Pty Ltd	Australia	Ordinary	100	100
SPI Australia Holdings (Partnership) Limited Partnership	Australia	Ordinary	100	100
SPI Electricity & Gas Australia Holdings Pty Ltd	Australia	Ordinary	100	100
SPI Electricity Pty Ltd	Australia	Ordinary	100	100
SPI Networks Pty Ltd	Australia	Ordinary	100	100
SPI (No. 8) Pty Ltd	Australia	Ordinary	100	100
SPI (No. 9) Pty Ltd (ii)	Australia	Ordinary	100	100
SPI Networks (Gas) Pty Ltd	Australia	Ordinary	100	100
SPI (No.12) Pty Ltd (i), (ii), (iii)	Australia	Ordinary	-	100
Data and Measurement Solutions Pty Ltd (i), (ii)	Australia	Ordinary	100	100
SPI Victoria Networks Pty Ltd (i), (ii), (iii)	Australia	Ordinary	-	100
SP Australia Networks (Transmission) Ltd *	Australia	Ordinary		
Subsidiaries:				
SPI PowerNet Pty Ltd	Australia	Ordinary	100	100
SPI Australia Finance Pty Ltd	Australia	Ordinary	100	100
SP Australia Networks (Finance) Trust *	Australia	Ordinary		

- Dormant during 2009.
- (ii) Entity is a wholly-owned entity and is a small proprietary company pursuant to the *Corporations Act* 2001 and consequently is relieved from the requirement to prepare audited financial statements.
- (iii) These entities were formally deregistered on 13 April 2009.
- * In accordance with AASB 3 Business Combinations SP AusNet Distribution is deemed to acquire SP AusNet Transmission and SP AusNet Finance Trust at the date of stapling. This acquisition is by contract alone and SP AusNet Distribution therefore does not have an equity holding in either entity.

Notes to the financial statements

31 March 2010

» SP Australia Networks (Distribution) Ltd

Note 30	Reconciliation of profit/(loss) after income	e tax to net cas		n operating Parent	activities
		2010	2009	2010	2009
		\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M
Profit/(loss) fr	om ordinary activities after related income tax	209.0	146.9	1,568.6	(123.2)
Depreciation a	nd amortisation of non-current assets	234.5	209.1	-	-
Net (gain)/loss	on sale of non-current assets	(1.1)	(1.1)	-	-
Impairment of	meters	-	43.3	-	-
Contributed as	sets	(5.1)	(2.6)	-	-
	perating assets and liabilities, net of the effects on of businesses:				
(Increase)/dec	rease in receivables	(24.9)	(48.2)	-	-
(Increase)/dec	rease in inventories	(0.3)	(5.9)	-	-
(Increase)/dec	rease in other assets	(0.2)	8.2	-	-
Increase/(decre	ease) in payables and other liabilities	30.4	20.8	-	(6.7)
Increase/(decre	ease) in net other financial assets and liabilities	(35.8)	2.1	-	-
Increase/(decre	ease) in other liabilities	(0.9)	(0.9)	-	-
Increase/(decr	ease) in provisions	(3.4)	(18.7)	-	-
Movement in to	ax balances	18.4	(4.2)	(53.5)	(52.7)
Net cash inflo	w/(outflow) from operating activities	420.6	348.8	1,515.1	(182.6)



SP Australia Networks (Distribution) Ltd

Notes to the financial statements

31 March 2010

Note 31 Events occurring after the balance sheet date

(a) Distributions

Since the end of the financial year, the Directors have approved a final distribution for 2010 of \$108.2 million (4.000 cents per stapled security) to be paid on 29 June 2010 comprised as follows:

	Cents per security	distribution \$M
Fully franked dividend payable by SP AusNet Transmission	1.591	43.0
Assessable interest income payable by SP AusNet Finance Trust	2.261	61.2
Capital distribution payable by SP AusNet Finance Trust	0.148	4.0
	4.000	108.2

(b) Other matters

Other than outlined above, there has been no matter or circumstance that has arisen since 31 March 2010 up to the date of issue of this financial report that has significantly affected or may significantly affect:

- (a) the operations in financial years subsequent to 31 March 2010 of the Company; or
- (b) the results of those operations; or
- (c) the state of affairs, in financial years subsequent to 31 March 2010, of the Company.

SP Australia Networks (Distribution) Ltd

Directors' declaration

In the Directors' opinion:

- (a) the financial statements and notes set out on pages 54 to 141, and the remuneration disclosures that are contained in the *Remuneration report* in the *Directors' report*, are in accordance with the *Corporations Act* 2001, including:
 - (i) complying with Accounting Standards, the *Corporations Regulations* 2001 and the other mandatory professional reporting requirements; and
 - giving a true and fair view of the company's and combined entity's financial position as at 31 March 2010 and their performance, as represented by the results of their operations and their cash flows, for the financial year ended on that date: and
- (b) there are reasonable grounds to believe that the company will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.

The Directors have been given the declarations by the chief executive officer and chief financial officer required by section 295A of the *Corporations Act* 2001.

This declaration is made in accordance with a resolution of the Directors.

Ng Kee Choe

Nino Ficca Managing Director

Melbourne 11 May 2010





Independent auditors' report to the stapled security holders of SP Australia Networks (Distribution) Ltd, SP Australia Networks (Transmission) and SP Australia Networks (Finance) Trust

Report on the financial report

We have audited the accompanying financial report of SP Australia Networks (Distribution) Ltd ("the Company"), which comprises the combined statements of financial position as at 31 March 2010, combined income statements and combined statements of comprehensive income, combined statements of changes in equity and combined statements of cash flows for the year ended on that date, a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes 1 to 31 and the directors' declaration set out on pages 54 to 142. The financial report includes the financial statements of the combined entity, being SP Australia Networks (Distribution) Ltd and the entities it controlled at the year's end or from time to time during the financial year, SP Australia Networks (Transmission) Ltd and the entities it controlled at the year's end or from time to time during the financial year and SP Australia Networks (Finance) Trust ("the Combined Entity").

Directors' responsibility for the financial report

The directors of the Company, SP Australia Networks (Transmission) Ltd and the directors of the Responsible Entity of SP Australia Networks (Finance) Trust, SP Australia Networks (RE) Pty Ltd, are responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial report in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards (including the Australian Accounting Interpretations) and the Corporations Act 2001. This responsibility includes establishing and maintaining internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial report that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; selecting and applying appropriate accounting policies; and making accounting estimates that are reasonable in the circumstances. In note 1, the directors also state, in accordance with Australian Accounting Standard AASB 101 Presentation of Financial Statements, that the financial report of the Combined Entity, comprising the financial statements and notes, complies with International Financial Reporting Standards.

Auditor's responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial report based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. These Auditing Standards require that we comply with relevant ethical requirements relating to audit engagements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial report is free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial report. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial report in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Combined Entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial report.

We performed the procedures to assess whether in all material respects the financial report presents fairly, in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001 and Australian Accounting Standards (including the Australian Accounting Interpretations), a view which is consistent with our understanding of the Company's and the Combined Entity's financial position and of their performance.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

KPMG, an Australian partnership and a member firm of the KPMG network of independent member firms affiliated with KPMG International, a Swiss cooperative.



Independence

In conducting our audit, we have complied with the independence requirements of the Corporations Act 2001.

Auditor's opinion

In our opinion:

- (a) the financial report of SP Australia Networks (Distribution) Ltd is in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001, including;
 - giving a true and fair view of the Company's and the Combined Entity's financial position as at 31 March 2010 and of their performance for the year ended on that date; and
 - complying with Australian Accounting Standards (including the Australian Accounting Interpretations) and the Corporations Regulations 2001.
- (b) the financial report also complies with International Financial Reporting Standards as disclosed in note 1.

Report on the remuneration report

We have audited the Remuneration Report included in pages 37 to 50 of the directors' report for the year ended 31 March 2010. The directors of the company are responsible for the preparation and presentation of the remuneration report in accordance with Section 300A of the Corporations Act 2001. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the remuneration report, based on our audit conducted in accordance with auditing standards.

Auditor's opinion

In our opinion, the remuneration report of SP Australia Networks (Distribution) Ltd for the year ended 31 March 2010, complies with Section 300A of the Corporations Act 2001.

KPMG

Allion Kill

Alison Kitchen Partner

Melbourne

11 May 2010

SP Australia Networks (Transmission) Ltd ACN 116 124 362

General Purpose Financial Report

For the financial year ended 31 March 2010



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This financial report covers both SP Australia Networks (Transmission) Ltd as an individual entity and the consolidated entity consisting of, SP Australia Networks (Transmission) Ltd and its subsidiaries. The financial report is presented in Australian dollars.

SP Australia Networks (Transmission) Ltd is a company limited by shares, incorporated and domiciled in Victoria, Australia. Its registered office and principal place of business is:

Level 31, 2 Southbank Boulevard Southbank, Victoria 3006 Australia

A description of the nature of SP Australia Networks (Transmission) Ltd's operations and its principal activities is included in the Directors' report.

The financial report was authorised for issue by the Directors on 11 May 2010.



SP Australia Networks (Transmission) Ltd

Directors' report

The Directors of SP Australia Networks (Transmission) Ltd ("SP AusNet Transmission") present their report on the general purpose financial report of the company and combined entity for the financial year ended 31 March 2010.

On 21 October 2005 pursuant to the Stapling Deed, each of SP AusNet Transmission's shares were stapled to a share in SP Australia Networks (Distribution) Ltd ("SP AusNet Distribution") and a unit in SP Australia Networks (Finance) Trust ("SP AusNet Finance Trust"). On 14 December 2005 the Stapled Group was listed on the Australian Securities Exchange ("ASX") and the Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited ("SGX-ST"). The Stapled Group is also referred to as SP AusNet.

So long as the three entities remain jointly quoted, the number of shares in each of SP AusNet Transmission and SP AusNet Distribution and the number of units in SP AusNet Finance Trust shall be equal and shareholders and unitholders shall be identical.

SP AusNet Transmission was incorporated on 7 September 2005. On 19 October 2005 SP AusNet Transmission executed a reverse acquisition. SPI PowerNet Pty Ltd was deemed the parent entity for the SP AusNet Transmission Group for accounting purposes and acquired the following entities through the reverse acquisition:

- SP AusNet Transmission; and
- SP Australia Finance Pty Ltd.

Directors

The persons listed below were Directors of SP AusNet Transmission during the whole of the financial period and up to the date of this report unless otherwise noted.

Non-executive Directors

Ng Kee Choe (Chairman)

Jeremy Guy Ashcroft Davis AM

Eric Gwee Teck Hai

Ho Tian Yee

Antonino (Tony) Mario lannello

George Allister Lefroy

Martyn Kenneth Myer AO

Ian Andrew Renard

Executive Director

Nino Ficca (Managing Director)

Principal activities

The principal activity of the SP AusNet Transmission Group is the transmission of electricity within the state of Victoria.

The principal activity of the SP AusNet Transmission Group is conducted through SPI PowerNet Pty Ltd.

Directors' report (continued)

Distributions

Distributions paid to shareholders during the financial year were as follows:

	Final 2009 o paid 25 J	distribution une 2009	Interim 2010 paid 22 Dec	
	Cents per share	Total distribution \$M	Cents per share	Total distribution \$M
Fully franked dividend paid by SP AusNet Transmission	1.911	40.5	1.289	34.3

Since the end of the financial year the Directors have approved a final dividend for 2010 of \$43.0 million (1.591 cents per share) to be paid on 29 June 2010.

Review of operations

A summary of the SP AusNet Transmission Group's consolidated revenues and results is set out below:

	2010 \$M	2009 \$M
Revenue Profit/(loss) before income tax Income tax benefit/(expense)	531.3 101.0 (29.4)	492.2 84.4 (25.0)
Profit/(loss) for the year	71.6	59.4



SP Australia Networks

(Transmission) Ltd

SP Australia Networks (Transmission) Ltd

Directors' report (continued)

Discussion and analysis for the year ended 31 March 2010

This discussion and analysis is provided to assist readers in understanding the general purpose financial report.

SP AusNet Transmission Group achieved a net profit after tax ("NPAT") of \$71.6 million for the 12 months ended 31 March 2010.

SP AusNet's electricity transmission business contributed \$531.3 million in total revenues (excluding interest income) for the year ended 31 March 2010 an increase of \$39.1 million or 7.9 per cent over the previous period. Total electricity transmitted through the network was 51,278 GWh which is a decrease of 1.0 per cent over the previous corresponding financial year due to slower economic growth and milder weather conditions. Transmission regulated revenue is not subject to volume risk. Revenues were favourably impacted as a result of the increase in the regulated revenue path and the pass through of the increase in land tax on easements due to a revised assessment by the State Revenue Office and as a result of the completion of new customer connection projects.

During the year, SP AusNet successfully completed a \$9.0 million project at the Cranbourne Terminal Station. The upgrade will reinforce current network infrastructure to meet the rapidly expanding demand in the Cranbourne area.

In November 2009, the Bogong Hydro Power Station was connected to SP AusNet's electricity transmission network The Bogong Hydro Power Station creates an additional 94,000 MWh of renewable electricity each year.

A \$17.4 million project to upgrade the Hazelwood Terminal Station commenced in February 2010 and will result in power supply being strengthened for more than 350,000 customers across Victoria. Due for completion in October 2010, the multi-million dollar works involve upgrading the existing 500 kV switchyard, which converts extra high voltage electricity to a level that can be distributed to homes.

Total capital expenditure was \$162.5 million for the period, including \$42.2 million customer initiated, \$109.3 million company initiated projects and \$9.1 million of general capital expenditure, as well as \$1.9 million in relation to Advanced Metering Infrastructure.

Financial position

The SP AusNet Transmission Group's total assets as at 31 March 2010 were \$3,246.2 million comprising principally of property, plant and equipment of \$3,171.2 million. Current receivables were \$47.7 million.

Current liabilities as at 31 March 2010 were \$1,280.4 million due mostly to loans from a related party, SP AusNet Finance Trust, of \$1,030.5 million.

Non-current liabilities as at 31 March 2010 were \$1,969.6 million comprised principally borrowings of \$1,697.6 million and deferred tax liabilities of \$263.0 million.

Reserves are negative due to the valuation of derivatives held under cash flow hedging arrangements. SP AusNet does not enter into or trade financial instruments, including derivative financial instruments, for speculative purposes.

The SP AusNet Transmission Group recognises actuarial gains and losses on its defined benefit superannuation fund directly in retained earnings. The actuarial gain recognised for the year ended 31 March 2010 for the SP AusNet Transmission Group was \$15.8 million. The actuarial gain was due to investment returns. Defined benefit funds are long-term in nature and the actuarial calculations are based on long-term expectations. Any short-term fluctuations from the long-term average will result in movements in the net surplus/deficit position of the fund. The net liability position of the SP AusNet Transmission Group fund has moved from a net deficit position at 31 March 2009 of \$25.6 million to a net deficit position at 31 March 2010 of \$6.1 million. The SP AusNet Transmission Group makes contributions to the defined benefit funds as requested by the funds.

Directors' report (continued)

Discussion and analysis for the year ended 31 March 2010 (continued)

Cash flow statements

Net operating cash inflows for the year ended 31 March 2010 were \$149.9 million, an increase of \$35.0 million on the comparative period predominantly due to an increase in receipts from customers and a decrease in payments to suppliers.

Net outflows from investing activities of \$185.7 million resulted primarily from payments for property, plant and equipment.

The net inflow from financing activities of \$36.5 million resulted primarily from the proceeds of loans with related parties, offset by repayment of loans with related parties and the cash component of the distributions paid during the period of \$74.8 million.

Victorian February bushfires

In early February 2009, the state of Victoria was impacted by bushfires. The Victorian Government subsequently established a Royal Commission of Inquiry into the Victorian bushfire crisis and SP AusNet has and continues to extend its full support and assistance to the Inquiry.

In the months following these bushfires, SP AusNet was served with a writ that alleges that "faulty and/or defective power lines" caused loss and damage as a consequence of the fire known as the Kilmore East fire. More recently, SP AusNet has been advised of a number of additional writs alleging that SP AusNet is implicated in the fire known as the Beechworth fire, where a tree limb allegedly brought down power lines, causing loss and damage. SP AusNet will vigorously defend these claims.

It is too early for SP AusNet to speculate on the outcome of any claims which may be instituted by third parties. If these claims are pursued, SP AusNet has liability insurance which provides cover for bushfire liability. SP AusNet reviews its insurance cover annually and ensures it is commensurate with the scale and size of its operations and the risks assessed to be associated with its operations and with industry standards and practice. SP AusNet's bushfire mitigation and vegetation management programs fully comply with Electricity Safety (Bushfire Mitigation) Regulations and are audited annually by Energy Safe Victoria. SP AusNet had a "zero" bushfire mitigation index throughout the 2008-09 bushfire season.

Climate Change

The National Greenhouse and Energy Reporting Act 2007 was passed in September 2007 to establish a mandatory corporate system for the reporting of greenhouse gas, energy production and consumption. Corporations that meet thresholds as determined by the legislation are required to report. The reporting period commenced on 1 July 2008, and covers the Australian financial year. Corporations meeting or exceeding the thresholds were required to register by 31 August 2009 and lodge their first full report by 31 October 2009. SP AusNet meets the current thresholds under the National Greenhouse and Energy Reporting ("NGER") framework and lodged its first full report with the Department of Climate Change prior to the 31 October 2009 deadline. On 28 February 2010 the Department of Climate Changed published its findings from the first year of reporting under NGER. The Department of Climate Change reviewed the data and conducted audits where they were not satisfied with the accuracy and/or completeness of data and in these cases they required amended inputs. SP AusNet was not required to be part of any audit conducted and our data input at the end of October 2009 was accepted unchanged.

In March 2009, the Australian Government released its exposure draft legislation on the *National Carbon Pollution Reduction Scheme* ("CPRS") for consultation. However, the future of the CPRS, which was due to start in mid-2011, is uncertain as the Australian Senate has twice voted against the current form of the proposed CPRS legislation. On 27 April 2010 the Australian Government announced the scheme would be delayed until at least 2013, stating that it remains committed to the scheme.

SP AusNet is closely monitoring the development of the regulatory framework for this emissions trading scheme. Under the draft legislation, SP AusNet is expected to have liabilities under the CPRS for unaccounted for gas losses from the gas distribution network. At this stage, it is too early to quantify the impacts and opportunities arising from the CPRS.



SP Australia Networks

(Transmission) Ltd

SP Australia Networks (Transmission) Ltd

Directors' report (continued)

Discussion and analysis for the year ended 31 March 2010 (continued)

Debt raising

SP AusNet's common or central funding vehicle ("CFV") operates through SPI Electricity & Gas Australia Holdings Pty Ltd, a subsidiary of SP AusNet Distribution. The SP AusNet Transmission Group has access to the funds through the CFV.

In May 2009, SP AusNet successfully established \$275.0 million of three year bank debt facilities. These facilities were used to replace \$205.0 million of working capital facilities and commercial paper standby lines. In June 2009, SP AusNet successfully established an additional \$50.0 million three year bank debt facility, bringing the total raised under the bilateral facilities executed in May 2009 to \$325.0 million. This facility was used to replace \$50.0 million of commercial paper standby lines. The remaining \$50.0 million of working capital facilities were not renewed, and expired in August 2009. The bilateral bank debt facilities were undrawn as at 31 March 2010, and as a consequence there was \$325.0 million of undrawn but committed non-current debt available under these facilities.

In February 2010, SP AusNet successfully completed a CHF 475.0 million five and a half year Swiss franc bond issue to raise approximately \$520.1 million. In March 2010, SP AusNet also successfully completed a HK\$700.0 million ten year Hong Kong dollar bond issue to raise approximately \$100.0 million and a \$300.0 million seven and a half year Australian dollar bond issue.

The proceeds from these issues have been or will be used to repay existing debt, fund capital expenditure and for other working capital requirements. This effectively completes SP AusNet's refinancing requirements of \$960.0 million for the 2011 financial year well ahead of the scheduled maturity dates.

SP AusNet has an A- credit rating from Standard and Poor's and A1 from Moody's.

Capital Management Initiatives

In June 2009, SP AusNet successfully completed an accelerated non-renounceable entitlement offer ("Entitlement Offer") raising a total of \$408.4 million. \$336.6 million was raised from the institutional component of the Entitlement Offer and \$71.8 million was raised from the retail component of the Entitlement Offer. These amounts exclude the costs of raising these funds. A total of 526,678,606 securities were issued under the non-renounceable entitlement offer completed in June 2009 at an issue price of \$0.78 per stapled security for eligible securityholders in Australia and New Zealand and S\$0.86 per stapled security for eligible securityholders in Singapore. The proceeds from the equity raising together with the proceeds from the distribution reinvestment plan issues on 25 June 2009 (\$12.3 million) and on 22 December 2009 (\$34.6 million) were allocated to units in SP AusNet Finance Trust with the shares in SP AusNet Transmission and SP AusNet Distribution issued at nominal consideration.

Beyond the year ended 31 March 2010, distributions will be determined based on operating cash flows after funding 100 per cent of maintenance capital expenditure and a portion of growth capital expenditure. SP AusNet's long-term aim is to continue to deliver sustainable growth in securityholder value.

Australian Taxation Office Audits

The Australian Taxation Office ("ATO") is undertaking large business audits of the SP AusNet Transmission Group. The focus of the audits is as follows:

- deductions claimed in respect of fees imposed under Section 163AA of the Electricity Industry Act 1993 in the 1999 to 2001 tax years; and
- deductions claimed in respect of intellectual property referable to the 1998 tax year and each subsequent year.

Directors' report (continued)

Discussion and analysis for the year ended 31 March 2010 (continued)

In the year ended 31 March 2007, SP AusNet Transmission reversed \$81.4 million of previously recognised deferred tax liabilities in relation to Section 163AA imposts and (\$53.3 million), intellectual property (\$18.3 million) and general interest charges (\$9.8 million), on the basis of expert advice which enabled SP AusNet Transmission to be satisfied that the deductions were properly taken for income tax purposes. The reversed deferred tax liabilities, which predominantly related to primary tax payable, are not necessarily indicative of any outflow or liability that may actually arise from an adverse ATO audit outcome or that may ultimately arise in the event that the matters are subject to litigation.

On 31 March 2010, the ATO advised SP AusNet Transmission that it intends to disallow deductions claimed in respect of Section 163AA imposts, although it has not yet issued an amended assessment to confirm this position. The ATO has invited SP AusNet Transmission to make a submission (before 30 May 2010) regarding whether the ATO should remit all or part of general interest and administrative charges that may apply in respect of Section 163AA imposts.

The ultimate timeframe or likely outcomes of the intellectual property audit is not known.

Despite the ATO audit activities, SP AusNet Transmission Group has not changed its view in regard to the availability of deductions for Section 163AA imposts and intellectual property.

Distribution Reinvestment Plan

The take up rate for the DRP in June 2009 was approximately ten per cent and in December 2009 was in excess of 30 per cent. The DRP will be in operation for the final distribution.

Significant changes in the state of affairs

Other than referred to above, in the opinion of the Directors, there were no significant changes in the state of affairs of the Stapled Group that occurred during the year under review.

Matters subsequent to the end of the financial year

Distributions

Since the end of the financial year, the Directors have approved a final dividend for 2010 of \$43.0 million (1.591 cents per share) to be paid on 29 June 2010.

With the exception of the matter outlined above, the Directors are not aware of any circumstances that have arisen since 31 March 2010 that have significantly affected or may significantly affect the operations, and results of those operations or the state of affairs, of the SP AusNet Transmission Group in financial years subsequent to 31 March 2010.

Likely developments and expected results of operations

Information on likely developments in the operations of the SP AusNet Transmission Group and the expected results of operations, other than already disclosed in this report, have not been included in this report because the Directors believe it would be likely to result in unreasonable prejudice to the SP AusNet Transmission Group.

Environmental regulation

The SP AusNet Transmission Group was subject to both Federal and State Government environmental legislation during the year. The most significant areas of environmental legislation affecting the SP AusNet Transmission Group in Victoria are those which regulate noise emissions, greenhouse gas emissions, the discharge of emissions to land, air and water, the management of oils, chemicals and dangerous goods, the disposal of wastes, and those which govern the assessment of land use including the approval of developments. The Directors are not aware of any breaches of legislation during the year which are material in nature.



SP Australia Networks

(Transmission) Ltd

SP Australia Networks (Transmission) Ltd

Directors' report (continued)

Information on Directors

Ng Kee Choe - Chairman - Non-executive

Bachelor of Science (Honours), University of Singapore

Experience and expertise

Mr Ng is Chairman and Director of Singapore Power Limited. He also serves as Chairman and Director of NTUC Income Insurance Co-operative Limited and as President-Commissioner of PT Bank Danamon Indonesia, Tbk. He is a Director of Singapore Airport Terminal Services Limited, Singapore Exchange Ltd and Fullerton Financial Holdings Pte Ltd. He is a member of the Temasek Advisory Panel, International Advisory Council of China Development Bank and Chairman of Tanah Merah Country Club. Mr Ng was formerly Vice-Chairman and Director of DBS Group Holdings. He retired from his executive position with DBS Group Holdings Ltd in 2003 after 33 years of service in various executive roles.

Other current listed company directorships

Singapore Airport Terminal Services Ltd (2000 to date) (SGX-ST listed entity)
Singapore Exchange Ltd (2003 to date) (SGX-ST listed entity)
PT Bank Danamon Indonesia, Tbk (2004 to date) (Jakarta Stock Exchange listed entity)
CapitaLand Limited (2010 to date) (SGX-ST listed entity)

Former listed company directorships in last 3 years

None

Date of initial appointment

SP AusNet Transmission - 26 October 2005 SP AusNet Distribution - 31 May 2005 Responsible Entity - 9 September 2005

Special responsibilities

Chairman of the SP AusNet Board, Chairman of the Nomination Committee, Chairman of the Issuing Committee, and Chairman of the Funding Committee.

Nino Ficca - Managing Director

Bachelor of Engineering (Electrical) (Honours), Deakin University Graduate Diploma in Management, Deakin University Advanced Management Programme, Harvard Business School, USA

Experience and expertise

Mr Ficca has over 25 years' experience in the energy industry, including numerous senior management roles with SPI PowerNet Pty Ltd including as Managing Director since 2003. He also serves as a Director of SPI Management Services Pty Ltd and of Enterprise Business Services (Australia) Pty Ltd. He is a member of the Australian Institute of Company Directors. Mr Ficca was formerly Deputy Chairman and Director of the Energy Supply Association of Australia.

Other current listed company directorships

None

Former listed company directorships in last 3 years

None

Date of initial appointment

SP AusNet Transmission - 7 September 2005 SP AusNet Distribution - 31 May 2005 Responsible Entity - 31 May 2005

Special responsibilities

Managing Director and member of the Advanced Metering Infrastructure Due Diligence Committee, the Bushfire Litigation and Inquiry Response Committee, the Issuing Committee and the Funding Committee.

SP Australia Networks

(Transmission) Ltd

SP Australia Networks (Transmission) Ltd

Directors' report (continued)

Information on Directors (continued)

Jeremy Guy Ashcroft Davis AM - Non-executive Director

Bachelor of Economics (Honours), University of Sydney MBA, Stanford University AM (Economics), Stanford University FAICD

Experience and expertise

Professor Davis is a Professor Emeritus of the University of New South Wales, after retiring from the Australian Graduate School of Management (AGSM). He is a Director of Singapore Power Limited, Transurban Group and CHAMP Ventures Pty Ltd. Previously, Professor Davis spent ten years as a management consultant with the Boston Consulting Group and has served as a Director of the Australian Stock Exchange Ltd.

Other current listed company directorships

Transurban Group (1997 to date)

Former listed company directorships in last 3 years

None

Date of initial appointment

SP AusNet Transmission - 26 October 2005 SP AusNet Distribution - 31 May 2005 Responsible Entity - 9 September 2005

Special responsibilities

Member of the Audit and Risk Management Committee, the Nomination Committee, the Advanced Metering Infrastructure Due Diligence Committee and the Funding Committee

Eric Gwee Teck Hai - Non-executive Director

Bachelor of Engineering (Mechanical), University of Melbourne

Experience and expertise

Mr Gwee is a Director of Singapore Power Limited and Chairman of SP Services Limited. He is also a Director of WorleyParsons Ltd and a Director of Melbourne Business School Ltd. He has served as Chairman of the Board of Governors for the Institute of Technical Education (ITE) and ITE Holding Pte Ltd, both in Singapore. Mr Gwee has also served as Chairman of CPG Corporation Pte Ltd and the Public Transport Council and was formerly a Director of ExxonMobil Singapore Private Ltd.

Other current listed company directorships

WorleyParsons Ltd (2005 to date)

Former listed company directorships in last 3 years

None

Date of initial appointment

SP AusNet Transmission - 26 October 2005 SP AusNet Distribution - 31 May 2005 Responsible Entity - 9 September 2005

Special responsibilities

Member of the Audit and Risk Management Committee, the Compliance Committee, the Nomination Committee and the Remuneration Committee.

SP Australia Networks (Transmission) Ltd

Directors' report (continued)

Information on Directors (continued)

Ho Tian Yee – Non-executive Director

Bachelor of Economics (Honours), Portsmouth University, UK

Experience and expertise

Mr Ho is currently the Managing Director and principal shareholder of Pacific Asset Management (S) Pte Ltd, a fund management company. Mr Ho was previously the General Manager and Managing Director of Bankers Trust Co. Singapore. Mr Ho currently serves as a non-executive Director of Singapore Exchange Ltd, and Fraser & Neave Ltd. He is also Chairman of Times Publishing Ltd, a subsidiary of Fraser & Neave as well as a member of the Risk Committee of the Government of Singapore Investment Corporation and a member of the Investment Committee of the Mount Alvernia Hospital. Mr Ho is a Board member of Singapore Power Ltd.

Other current listed company directorships

Singapore Exchange Ltd (1999 to date) (SGX-ST listed company) Fraser & Neave Ltd (1997 to date) (SGX-ST listed company)

Former listed company directorships in last 3 years

None

Date of initial appointment

SP AusNet Transmission – 1 September 2008 SP AusNet Distribution – 1 September 2008 Responsible Entity – 1 September 2008

Special responsibilities

Member of the Compliance Committee, the Remuneration Committee, the Issuing Committee and the Funding Committee.

Antonino (Tony) Mario lannello – Independent Non-executive Director

Bachelor of Commerce, University of Western Australia Advanced Management Programme, Harvard Business School, USA

Experience and expertise

Mr Iannello is Chairman of listed companies Aviva Corporation Ltd and Energia Minerals Ltd. He is also Chairman of HBF Health Ltd, MG Kailis Group of Companies and Harrier Resourcing People Pty Ltd. He is a member of the Murdoch University Senate and Pacific Road Corporate Finance Advisory Board. Mr Iannello was formerly Managing Director of Western Power Corporation and previously he held a number of senior executive roles at the Bank of Western Australia.

Other current listed company directorships

Aviva Corporation Ltd (2008 to date) Energia Minerals Ltd (2010 to date)

Former listed company directorships in last 3 years

None

Date of initial appointment

SP AusNet Transmission – 6 June 2006 SP AusNet Distribution – 6 June 2006 Responsible Entity – 6 June 2006

Special responsibilities

Chairman of the Audit and Risk Management Committee and member of the Compliance Committee, the Bushfire Litigation and Inquiry Response Committee, the Issuing Committee and the Funding Committee.



SP Australia Networks (Transmission) Ltd

Directors' report (continued)

Information on Directors (continued)

George Allister Lefroy – Independent Non-executive Director

Bachelor of Engineering (Honours), University of Western Australia Master of Engineering Science, University of Western Australia PhD in Chemical Engineering, Cambridge University

Experience and expertise

Dr Lefroy is President Commissioner of PT Chandra Asri, Jakarta. He was formerly Executive Vice President of Shell Chemicals Ltd and a Director of Singapore Power Limited and Australian Power and Energy Limited (now Monash Energy Holdings Limited).

Other current listed company directorships

Cobar Consolidated Resources Ltd (2006 to date)

Former listed company directorships in last 3 years

None

Date of initial appointment

SP AusNet Transmission - 26 October 2005 SP AusNet Distribution - 31 May 2005 Responsible Entity - 9 September 2005

Special responsibilities

Chairman of the Remuneration Committee and of the Advanced Metering Infrastructure Due Diligence Committee.

Martyn Kenneth Myer AO - Independent Non-executive Director

Bachelor of Engineering (Mechanical), Swinburne College of Technology
Master of Engineering Science, Monash University
Master of Science in Management, Sloan School of Management, Massachusetts Institute of Technology (MIT)

Experience and expertise

Mr Myer has extensive experience in financial services, engineering and biotechnology. He is Chairman of Cogstate Ltd (a health services company involved in cognitive performance testing), and a Director of Diversified United Investments Ltd and the Royal Institution of Australia. He was formerly a Director of Coles Myer Limited and was Managing Director of Merlyn Asset Management Pty Ltd, a boutique funds management company. Prior to his move into the financial services industry, he had extensive experience with some of Australia's leading manufacturers. Mr Myer is President of the Myer Foundation. He is on the boards of several philanthropic organisations, including membership of the Council of the University of Melbourne.

Other current listed company directorships

Cogstate Ltd (Chairman) (1999 to date)
Diversified United Investments Ltd (1991 to date)

Former listed company directorships in last 3 years

None

Date of initial appointment

SP AusNet Transmission - 26 October 2005 SP AusNet Distribution - 9 September 2005 Responsible Entity - 9 September 2005

Special responsibilities

Member of the Audit and Risk Management Committee, the Compliance Committee, the Remuneration Committee and the Bushfire Litigation and Inquiry Response Committee.

SP Australia Networks (Transmission) Ltd

Directors' report (continued)

Information on Directors (continued)

lan Andrew Renard - Independent Non-executive Director

Bachelor of Arts, University of Melbourne Master of Laws, University of Melbourne Doctor of Laws (Hon), University of Melbourne

Experience and expertise

Mr Renard is trustee of the R E Ross Trust and former Chancellor of the University of Melbourne. He served as a partner of the law firm Arthur Robinson & Hedderwicks from 1979 to 2001, including as the firm's full-time Managing Partner from 1989 to 1991. Mr Renard is a Director of CSL Ltd and a Director of Hillview Quarries Pty Ltd.

Other current listed company directorships

CSL Ltd (1998 to date)

Former listed company directorships in last 3 years

Newcrest Mining Ltd (1998 to 2006)

Date of initial appointment

SP AusNet Transmission - 26 October 2005 SP AusNet Distribution - 31 May 2005 Responsible Entity - 9 September 2005

Special responsibilities

Chairman of the Compliance Committee and the Bushfire Litigation and Inquiry Response Committee and member of the Audit and Risk Management Committee, the Nomination Committee and the Funding Committee.

Company Secretary

Susan Elizabeth Taylor

Bachelor of Laws, University of Melbourne Bachelor of Commerce, University of Melbourne Graduate Diploma in Corporations and Securities Law, University of Melbourne

Ms Taylor has been Company Secretary of SP AusNet Distribution, SP AusNet Transmission and the Responsible Entity since 6 October 2008. She has over 18 years' experience in energy transactional and regulatory law. She was formerly a partner at the Australian law firm Freehills and Senior Attorney with the U.S. Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, with a mergers and acquisitions, corporations and competition law background.



Directors' report (continued)

Meetings of Directors

The number of meetings of the Board of Directors of SP AusNet Distribution, SP AusNet Transmission and the Responsible Entity held during the year ended 31 March 2010, and the number of meetings attended by each Director, are set out in the following table. All meetings were held jointly.

	Board of SP AusNet Distribution			SP AusNet nission	Board of Responsible Entity	
	Α	В	Α	В	Α	В
Ng Kee Choe	6	7	6	7	6	7
Nino Ficca	7	7	7	7	7	7
Jeremy Davis	6	7	6	7	6	7
Eric Gwee	5	7	5	7	5	7
Ho Tian Yee	7	7	7	7	7	7
Tony lannello	7	7	7	7	7	7
George Lefroy	7	7	7	7	7	7
Martyn Myer	7	7	7	7	7	7
lan Renard	5	7	5	7	5	7

- A = Number of meetings attended
- B = Number of meetings held during the time the Director held office

The number of meetings of each standing Board committee of SP AusNet Distribution, SP AusNet Transmission and the Responsible Entity held during the year ended 31 March 2010, and the number of meetings attended by each Director, are set out in the following table.

	Audit and Risk Management Committee			Compliance Committee		Nomination Committee		Remuneration Committee	
	Α	В	Α	В	Α	В	Α	В	
Ng Kee Choe	**	**	**	**	3	3	**	**	
Nino Ficca	**	**	**	**	**	**	**	**	
Jeremy Davis	5	5	**	**	3	3	**	**	
Eric Gwee	3	5	3	4	3	3	4	5	
Ho Tian Yee	**	**	3	4	**	**	4	5	
Tony lannello	5	5	4	4	**	**	**	**	
George Lefroy	**	**	**	**	**	**	5	5	
Martyn Myer	5	5	3	4	**	**	5	5	
lan Renard	5	5	4	4	3	3	**	**	

- A = Number of meetings attended
- B = Number of meetings held during the time the Director held office
- ** = Not a member of the relevant committee



SP Australia Networks (Transmission) Ltd SP Australia Networks (Transmission) Ltd

Directors' report (continued)

Meetings of Directors (continued)

The number of meetings of the special-purpose Advanced Metering Infrastructure Due Diligence Committee and the Bushfire Litigation and Inquiry Response Committee, Funding Committee and Issuing Committee held during the year ended 31 March 2010, and the number of meetings attended by each Director, are set out in the following table.

	Funding 0	Funding Committee		ng Committee Issuing Committee		ommittee	Advanced Metering Infrastructure Due Diligence Committee		Bushfire Litigation and Inquiry Response Committee	
	Α	В	Α	В	Α	В	Α	В		
Ng Kee Choe	7	7	5	5	**	**	**	**		
Nino Ficca	7	7	5	5	5	5	12	13		
Jeremy Davis	7	7	**	**	5	5	**	**		
Eric Gwee	**	**	**	**	**	**	**	**		
Ho Tian Yee	7	7	5	5	**	**	**	**		
Tony lannello	7	7	5	5	**	**	13	13		
George Lefroy	**	**	**	**	5	5	**	**		
Martyn Myer 1	**	**	**	**	**	**	5	6		
lan Renard 2	6	6	**	**	**	**	12	13		

A = Number of meetings attended

B = Number of meetings held during the time the Director held office

** = Not a member of the relevant committee

Retirement, election and continuation in office of Directors

Mr Ng Kee Choe, Dr George Lefroy and Mr Martyn Myer each retire by rotation in accordance with the constitutions of SP AusNet Distribution and SP AusNet Transmission. Mr Ng Kee Choe and Dr George Lefroy being eligible, offer themselves for re-election.

¹ Mr Myer was appointed as a member of the Bushfire Litigation and Inquiry Response Committee effective 11 September 2009.

² Mr Renard was appointed as a member of the Funding Committee effective 24 April 2009.

SP Australia Networks (Transmission) Ltd

Directors' report (continued)

Remuneration report (Audited)

Introduction to remuneration report

The remuneration report for the year ended 31 March 2010 outlines the remuneration arrangements of the company and the SP AusNet Group in accordance with the requirements of the *Corporations Act* 2001 ("the Act") and its regulations. This information has been audited as required by section 308 (3C) of the Act.

The remuneration report details the remuneration arrangements for key management personnel ("KMP"). KMP are those persons who have authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the major activities of the company and the SP AusNet Group directly and indirectly, including any Director of the parent company. The KMP also includes the five executives in the SP AusNet Group who received the highest remuneration during the year.

Details of key management personnel

The Directors and other KMP of SP AusNet are engaged to provide services to the SP AusNet Group and are not exclusive to any particular entity within SP AusNet. Accordingly, this report includes information which is common to SP AusNet Distribution, SP AusNet Transmission (together "the Companies") and the Responsible Entity. The remuneration amounts reported represent the total remuneration received by KMP during the year for services to the SP AusNet Group, and have not been apportioned between particular entities within the SP AusNet Group.

The persons listed below were Directors of SP AusNet for the whole of the financial year and up to the date of this report unless otherwise noted.

Name	Position
Ng Kee Choe	Non-executive Chairman
Nino Ficca	Managing Director
Jeremy Davis	Non-executive Director
Eric Gwee	Non-executive Director
Ho Tian Yee	Non-executive Director
Tony lannello	Non-executive Director
George Lefroy	Non-executive Director
Martyn Myer	Non-executive Director
lan Renard	Non-executive Director

SPI Management Services Pty Ltd ("SPI Management Services"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of related party Singapore Power International Pte Ltd ("SPI"), entered into a management services agreement with the Companies and a management services agreement with the Responsible Entity respectively to provide the services of key senior management, including the Managing Director and the executive management team, to SP AusNet. Although not employed by SP AusNet, the individuals set out below are deemed to qualify as KMP of SP AusNet on the basis that they had the authority and the responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of SP AusNet during the financial year. The KMP below also includes the five executives in the SP AusNet Group who received the highest remuneration during the year.

SP Australia Networks (Transmission) Ltd

Directors' report (continued)

Remuneration report (Audited) (continued)

The persons listed below were Executive KMP of SP AusNet for the whole of the financial year and up to the date of this report unless otherwise noted.

Name	Position
Nino Ficca	Managing Director
Geoff Nicholson	Chief Financial Officer
Charles Popple	Group General Manager, Networks Strategy and Development
Norm Drew	Group General Manager, Integrated Network Services
John Kelso ¹	General Manager, Select Solutions
John Azaris ²	General Manager, Operations and Services

- John Kelso met the definition of a key management person upon his appointment as General Manager, Select Solutions on 1 April 2009.
- 2 John Azaris met the definition of a key management person upon his appointment as General Manager, Operations and Services on 1 April 2009.

Stapled Group performance

SP AusNet's executive remuneration is directly linked to the performance of the Stapled Group across a range of measures. The Short-Term Incentive ("STI") is focussed on achieving operational targets and short-term profitability and the Long-Term Incentive ("LTI") is focussed on achieving long-term growth and retaining talented executives.

The table below shows SP AusNet's consolidated operating revenue and net profit after tax for the current reporting period and previous years and the effect of SP AusNet's performance on securityholder value. As the Stapled Group was formed on 21 October 2005 and listed on 14 December 2005, the 2006 results are not for a full year. The 2007 results include \$9.7 million (after tax) regarding the settlement of the unaccounted for gas legal claim. The 2008 results include one-off transaction costs relating to the proposed acquisition of the Alinta assets and businesses of \$17.2 million (after tax) and the 2009 results includes a \$30.3 million (after tax) impairment write-down for existing meters to be replaced under the program for the roll-out of smart electricity meters.

	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
Revenue	\$737.5m	\$1,019.5m	\$1,055.1m	\$1,169.4m	\$1,333.6m
NPAT from continuing operations	\$136.9m	\$161.2m	\$151.0m	\$146.9m	\$209.0m
Closing security price as at 31 March	\$1.30	\$1.42	\$1.21	\$ 0.91	\$0.91
Distributions in respect of financial year (cents per year)	3.25	11.27	11.564	11.854	8.000

SP AusNet¹⁰
A member of Singapore Power G

SP Australia Networks (Transmission) Ltd

Directors' report (continued)

Remuneration report (Audited) (continued)

Principles used to determine the nature and amount of remuneration

Non-executive Directors ("NEDs")

NED fee element	Commentary
Fees	The remuneration of Non-executive Directors consists of Directors' fees and committee fees.
	Fees paid to Non-executive Directors are set at levels that reflect both the responsibilities of, and the time commitments required from, each Non-executive Director to discharge their duties. Fee levels are set having regard to independent professional advice and fees paid by comparable companies.
Total fee pool	The constitutions of SP AusNet Distribution, SP AusNet Transmission and the Responsible Entity provide that Non-executive Directors are entitled to such remuneration for their services as the Board decides, but the total amount provided to all Non-executive Directors must not exceed in aggregate in any financial year the amount approved by securityholders in a general meeting.
	The securityholders of SP AusNet Distribution and SP AusNet Transmission approved a total remuneration pool for Non-executive Directors of \$1,500,000 per year at the Annual General Meeting of SP AusNet held on 17 July 2007.
Performance-based and equity-based compensation	The fees paid to Non-executive Directors are not linked to the performance of SP AusNet in order to maintain objectivity and independence.
	Non-executive Directors are not provided with any form of equity-based compensation.
Business related expenses and additional fees for	Non-executive Directors are entitled to be reimbursed for all business related expenses, including travel on company business, as may be incurred in the discharge of their duties.
special duties or exertions	In accordance with the constitutions of SP AusNet Distribution, SP AusNet Transmission and the Responsible Entity, Non-executive Directors may also be paid additional fees for special duties or exertions.
Retirement benefits	Non-executive Directors are not provided with any form of retirement benefit. Fees paid to Non-executive Directors are inclusive of superannuation contributions made on behalf of the Non-executive Directors in accordance with SP AusNet's statutory superannuation obligations.
Review of fee levels and approach to Non-Executive Director fees	Each year, the Remuneration Committee reviews the fees payable to Non-executive Directors taking into account market rates and the time commitment and responsibilities involved in carrying out their duties.
	The Board will continue to review its approach to Non-executive Director remuneration to ensure it remains in line with general industry practice and principles of good corporate governance.

The annual fees payable to Non-executive Directors of SP AusNet and approved by the Board (inclusive of statutory superannuation) are set out in the table below. It is not possible to allocate fees to individual entities within the SP AusNet Group.

SP Australia Networks (Transmission) Ltd

Directors' report (continued)

Remuneration report (Audited) (continued)

Non-executive Directors ("NEDs")

Role	Fee
Board Chairman	\$180,000
Board Directors	\$100,000
Audit and Risk Management Committee Chairman	\$25,000
Audit and Risk Management Committee Members	\$15,000
Compliance Committee Chairman	\$18,000
Compliance Committee Members	\$10,000
Remuneration Committee Chairman	\$15,000
Remuneration Committee Members	\$10,000
Nomination Committee Chairman	\$15,000
Nomination Committee Members	\$10,000
AMI Due Diligence Committee Chairman	\$15,000
AMI Due Diligence Committee Members	\$10,000

Executive Directors and senior executives

The key objective of SP AusNet's policy for senior executive remuneration is to manage a total reward framework designed to:

- focus on creating value for securityholders by rewarding executives based on enhancement of sustainable securityholder value;
- create an environment that will attract appropriate talent and where people can be motivated with energy and passion to deliver superior performance;
- recognise capabilities and promote opportunities for career and professional development;
- provide rewards, benefits and conditions that are competitive in the market in which SP AusNet operates; and
- provide fair and consistent rewards across SP AusNet that support corporate values and principles.

The remuneration and incentive package for the Managing Director and other senior executives (including the Company Secretary) is determined and paid by SPI Management Services. However, SPI Management Services must consider any recommendations made by SP AusNet in relation to remuneration, incentive payments and programs, and key performance measures in respect of senior executives which promotes alignment of "owner-management" interests.



SP Australia Networks (Transmission) Ltd

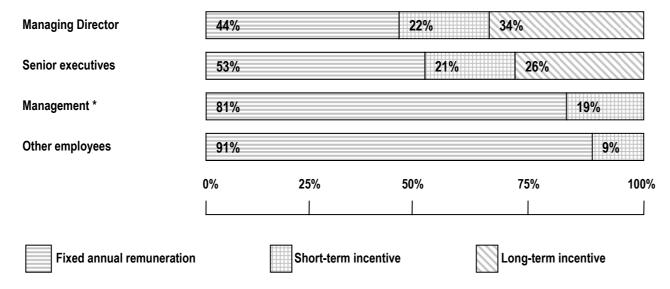
Directors' report (continued)

Remuneration report (Audited) (continued)

Structure of total reward

The reward principles set out the relevant elements of remuneration to make up "total reward". For the majority of senior executives and SP AusNet employees, total reward consists of fixed remuneration and "at risk" remuneration through a STI plan. A LTI plan is included in the remuneration structure for the Managing Director, senior executives and other employees who can influence long-term securityholder value. An appropriate mix of these components is determined for each level of management and employees.

The potential reward mix for various levels of seniority in SP AusNet for the reporting period, expressed as a percentage of total on-target reward, is shown in the following table.



^{*} The Board at its discretion has invited a small number of "Management" employees who are in a position to influence long-term security holder value to participate in the LTI Plan. The potential payments of this plan represents between 15% or 25% of the participants FAR. Key aspects of the plan are detailed under the heading of "Long-term incentive" below.

Fixed annual remuneration

Fixed annual remuneration ("FAR") represents the fixed component of executive remuneration and consists of a mix of cash, superannuation, prescribed benefits and salary-sacrificed items such as motor vehicles and fringe benefits tax. FAR is reviewed annually against market rates for comparable roles. There are no guaranteed FAR increases fixed in any senior executive's contract of employment.

Benefits

Senior executives receive benefits including car parking and reimbursement of business related expenses. These amounts are not included in FAR.

SP Australia Networks (Transmission) Ltd

Directors' report (continued)

Remuneration report (Audited) (continued)

Short-term incentive

The key design aspects of the STI plan are outlined below.

Key design aspect	Commentary			
Eligibility	Managing Director and other senior executives.			
	Generally, senior executives must complete the business year to qualify for any STI payments. In some circumstances the Board, in its discretion, may determine that a pro-rata STI payment be awarded to a departing executive.			
Target STI amount	A target STI amount, expressed as a percentage of the senior executive's FAR, is specified for each senior executive. However, the amount of STI payable is dependent on the:			
	 extent to which SP AusNet has achieved or outperformed the corporate Key Performance Indicators ("KPIs"); and 			
	 extent to which the senior executive has achieved or outperformed his or her individual KPIs. 			
	The target STI for the Managing Director is 50% of FAR.			
	The target STI for senior executives is 40% of FAR.			
Performance criteria	Based on corporate financial and non-financial measures as well as stretch individual performance hurdles.			
	The key corporate KPIs set for the year ended 31 March 2010 included:			
	safety targets;			
	net profit target;			
	employee engagement targets;			
	 advanced metering infrastructure ("AMI") program delivery; 			
	network performance and reliability targets; and			
	other program delivery targets.			
	By linking individual rewards to the achievement of overall corporate targets, these KPIs align the interests of employees and managers with those of SP AusNet.			
Performance period	12 months to 31 March 2010.			
Delivery mechanism	Cash.			



Directors' report (continued)

Remuneration report (Audited) (continued)

Long-term incentive

The key design aspects of the LTI plan are outlined below.

Key design aspect	Commentary				
Eligibility	Managing Director and senior executives.				
	The Board may in its discretion invite addition securityholder value to participate in the LTI P	al employees who are in a position to influence long-terr an.			
Purpose of the LTI plan	The LTI plan rewards participants for increasing	g securityholder value.			
Target LTI amount	The LTI Award is calculated as a percentage of	of the participant's FAR as at the test date.			
		1 April 2008 and 1 April 2009, the quantum of Award ntage of FAR as at the performance test date, are:			
	 Managing Director – 75% 				
	 Reporting executives – 50% 				
	Other participants – between 15% and	25%			
Performance measures	Relative Total Securityholder Return ("TSR") (for 50% of the Award) and growth in Earnings Per Security ("EPS") (for the other 50% of the Award).				
	The Board and Remuneration Committee believe that it is important to assess executive performance against both relative and absolute hurdles linked to securityholder value. The same performance measures have been used since 1 April 2006. Performance is assessed over a three year period and the LTI plan does not allow for retesting of performance measures in subsequent years.				
		, ,			
	included in the S&P/ASX 200 index. In assess SP AusNet receives independent data which commencement of each grant and that of the growth achieved by SP AusNet is given a perceive.	TSR performance measure consists of the companies sing whether the performance hurdles have been method provides both SP AusNet's TSR growth from the companies in the comparator group. The level of TS centile ranking having regard to its performance compared			
	included in the S&P/ASX 200 index. In assess SP AusNet receives independent data which commencement of each grant and that of the growth achieved by SP AusNet is given a perwith the performance of other companies in	TSR performance measure consists of the companies sing whether the performance hurdles have been method provides both SP AusNet's TSR growth from the companies in the comparator group. The level of TS centile ranking having regard to its performance compared			
	included in the S&P/ASX 200 index. In assess SP AusNet receives independent data which commencement of each grant and that of the growth achieved by SP AusNet is given a perwith the performance of other companies in performance measure is shown below:	TSR performance measure consists of the companies assing whether the performance hurdles have been meaning the provides both SP AusNet's TSR growth from the companies in the comparator group. The level of TS centile ranking having regard to its performance compared the comparator group. The vesting scale for the TS			
	included in the S&P/ASX 200 index. In assess SP AusNet receives independent data which commencement of each grant and that of the growth achieved by SP AusNet is given a perwith the performance of other companies in performance measure is shown below: SP AusNet's TSR Percentile Ranking	TSR performance measure consists of the companies sing whether the performance hurdles have been method provides both SP AusNet's TSR growth from the companies in the comparator group. The level of TS centile ranking having regard to its performance compared the comparator group. The vesting scale for the TS Percentage of TSR Award that vests			
	included in the S&P/ASX 200 index. In assess SP AusNet receives independent data which commencement of each grant and that of the growth achieved by SP AusNet is given a perowith the performance of other companies in performance measure is shown below: SP AusNet's TSR Percentile Ranking Below 50.1	TSR performance measure consists of the companies assing whether the performance hurdles have been method provides both SP AusNet's TSR growth from the companies in the comparator group. The level of TS centile ranking having regard to its performance compared the comparator group. The vesting scale for the TS Percentage of TSR Award that vests 0%			
	included in the S&P/ASX 200 index. In asses SP AusNet receives independent data which commencement of each grant and that of the growth achieved by SP AusNet is given a perowith the performance of other companies in performance measure is shown below: SP AusNet's TSR Percentile Ranking Below 50.1 50.1	TSR performance measure consists of the companies assing whether the performance hurdles have been meach provides both SP AusNet's TSR growth from the companies in the comparator group. The level of TS centile ranking having regard to its performance compared the comparator group. The vesting scale for the TS Percentage of TSR Award that vests 0% 50% Progressive vesting on a straight-line basis			
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	included in the S&P/ASX 200 index. In assess SP AusNet receives independent data which commencement of each grant and that of the growth achieved by SP AusNet is given a perwith the performance of other companies in performance measure is shown below: SP AusNet's TSR Percentile Ranking Below 50.1 50.1 Between 50.1 and 74.9 75 or above EPS: The EPS growth measure is based on ("CAGR") of 5% per annum over the three year Compound annual growth rate	TSR performance measure consists of the companies as sing whether the performance hurdles have been measure companies both SP AusNet's TSR growth from the companies in the comparator group. The level of TS centile ranking having regard to its performance compared the comparator group. The vesting scale for the TS Percentage of TSR Award that vests 0% 50% Progressive vesting on a straight-line basis from greater than 50% and less than 100% 100% SP AusNet achieving a nominal compound annual grow reperiod. A sliding scale applies as follows: Percentage of EPS Award that vests			



» SP Australia Networks (Transmission) Ltd SP Australia Networks (Transmission) Ltd

Directors' report (continued)

Remuneration report (Audited) (continued)

Long-term incentive (continued)

Key design aspect	Commentary
Delivery mechanism	Once the performance criteria have been satisfied, participants receive a cash award.
	Participants are then required (under the Plan Rules) to use the after tax cash proceeds of this Award to purchase SP AusNet Stapled Securities on-market. These purchases must be conducted during an approved trading window and the Stapled Securities must be held for at least 12 months. Reasonable brokerage costs incurred by the participants are reimbursed.
	Given the structure of the SP AusNet group, an LTI Plan in this form was determined to be the most appropriate structure. Participants are incentivised to achieve performance targets over a 3 year timeframe, and are also required to hold the SP AusNet securities acquired with their Award payment for at least 12 months, thereby extending the long-term nature of the LTI Plan.

Loans to Directors and senior executives

No loans have been made by SP AusNet to any Directors or senior executives.

Details of remuneration

Remuneration details of each Director and KMP of SP AusNet are set out in the following tables. The KMP are not employees of SP AusNet but are employed by SPI Management Services. Under management services agreements between SPI Management Services and SP AusNet, the services of these KMP, including the Managing Director, are provided to SP AusNet. The total of payments made to Non-executive Directors during the year ended 31 March 2010 was \$1,138,000 which is within the total remuneration pool of \$1,500,000 approved by securityholders at the 2007 Annual General Meeting.

Directors' report (continued)

Remuneration report (Audited) (continued)

Total remuneration for Directors for the year ended 31 March 2010 and 31 March 2009

		Short-tern	n			Post- employment	Equity based payments ⁴	Total
Non-executive Directors		Cash salary and fees	Retention payments	Cash bonus ¹	Other short-term benefits ²	Super- annuation ³	. •	
Ng Kee Choe	2010	178,899	-	-	-	16,101	-	195,000
(Chairman)	2009	178,899	-	-	-	16,101	-	195,000
Jeremy Davis	2010	123,853	-	-	-	11,147	-	135,000
	2009	119,887	-	-	-	10,865	-	130,752
Eric Gwee	2010	145,000	-	-	-	-	-	145,000
	2009	139,836	-	-	-	-	-	139,836
Ho Tian Yee ⁶	2010	110,092	-	-	-	9,908	-	120,000
	2009	65,046	-	-	-	4,954	-	70,000
Tony lannello	2010	123,853	-	-	-	11,147	-	135,000
	2009	123,853	-	-	-	11,147	-	135,000
George Lefroy	2010	119,266	-	-	-	10,734	-	130,000
	2009	110,570	-	-	-	9,389	-	119,959
Martyn Myer	2010	126,640	-	-	-	8,360	-	135,000
	2009	126,640	-	-	-	8,360	-	135,000
Quek Poh Huat ⁵	2010	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	2009	32,548	-	-	-	-	-	32,548
lan Renard	2010	131,193	-	-	-	11,807	-	143,000
	2009	128,824	-	-	-	11,594	-	140,418
Total for Non-	2010	1,058,796	-	-	-	79,204	-	1,138,000
executive Directors	2009	1,026,103	-	-	-	72,410	-	1,098,513
Executive Directors Nino Ficca 7	2010	753,028	-	454,067	6,193	67,503	162,860	1,443,651
	2009	703,141		412,461	6,308	65,506	1,145,310	2,332,726

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Note: No termination benefits were paid or accrued during either FY09 or FY10.

- 1 2010 cash bonus for the Executive Director includes bonuses in respect of performance for the year ended 31 March 2010. These amounts have been approved but not yet paid.
- 2 This amount represents car parking benefits. The allocation of the premium for Directors' and Officers' insurance is not included as under the terms of the current policy this information cannot be disclosed.
- 3 Superannuation contributions made on behalf of Non-executive Directors to satisfy SP AusNet's obligations under applicable Superannuation Guarantee legislation. This does not include any salary sacrifice or employee contributions which are included under cash salary and fees.
- The Stapled Group has determined, based on its best estimate as at 31 March 2010 that the amounts payable under the LTIP Awards granted on 1 April 2008 and 1 April 2009 will be for both the EPS and TSR components. As the performance period over which the Awards vest is three years, the amount included in Equity Based Payments is one third of the amount estimated to be payable at the end of the performance period for each Award. The actual amounts paid under these Awards will not be known until the end of the performance period. For the LTIP Award granted on 1 April 2007, the amount included in Equity Based Payments is the difference between the grant payable and the amounts that have been included in Equity Based Payments in previous years. Refer to the table below under the heading of cash bonuses long-term incentive for the maximum amounts payable at the end of three years.
- As Mr Quek is an executive of Singapore Power Limited and was a nominee Director of Singapore Power Limited on the Board of SP AusNet, Singapore Power Limited received the fees for Mr Quek's services as a Director of SP AusNet, Mr Quek resigned with effect from 17 July 2008.
- Mr Ho commenced effective 1 September 2008.
- Remuneration disclosed for 31 March 2009 has been adjusted for a reallocation of superannuation.



Directors' report (continued)

Remuneration report (Audited) (continued)

Total remuneration for Key Management Personnel for the year ended 31 March 2010 and 31 March 2009

	•					Post-	Equity based	Termination	
			Short-to	erm		employment	payments ³	Benefits 4	Total
	•	Cash			Other short-		,,		
	Year	salary and fees	Retention payments	Cash bonus ¹	term benefits ²	Super- annuation			
Nino Ficca 10	2010	753,028		454,067	6,193	67,503	162,860		1,443,651
	2009	703,141	-	412,461	6,308	65,506	1,145,310	-	2,332,726
Paul Adams 5	2009	298,282	393,207	98,060	3,819	64,549	-	210,748	1,068,665
John Azaris ⁶	2010	256,422	-	110,819	6,193	29,430	109,461	-	512,325
Michael Besselink ⁷	2009	68,798	-	52,528	2,489	8,019	-	-	131,834
Norman Drew 10	2010	382,333	-	165,428	6,193	43,429	54,612	-	651,995
	2009	352,622	-	173,010	6,308	40,957	372,636	-	945,533
Adrian Hill ⁸	2009	127,852	-	-	1,580	10,193	-	74,513	214,138
John Kelso ⁹	2010	237,797		92,845	6,193	22,581	63,011	-	422,427
Geoff Nicholson 10	2010	443,376	-	207,879	6,193	39,904	67,791	-	765,143
	2009	420,363	-	189,524	6,308	37,833	435,780	-	1,089,808
Charles Popple 10	2010	350,264	-	136,752	6,193	31,093	54,280	-	578,582
	2009	319,208	-	155,881	6,308	27,464	341,082	-	849,943
Total	2010	2,423,220		1,167,790	37,158	233,940	512,015	-	4,374,123
	2009	2,290,266	393,207	1,081,464	33,120	254,521	2,294,808	285,261	6,632,647

Note: No termination benefits were paid or accrued during FY10.

- 1 2010 cash bonuses include bonuses in respect of performance for the year ended 31 March 2010. These amounts have been approved but not yet paid.
- 2 These amounts represent car parking benefits. The allocation of the premium for Directors' and Officers' insurance is not included as under the terms of the current policy this information cannot be disclosed.
- The Stapled Group has determined, based on its best estimate as at 31 March 2010 that the amounts payable under the LTIP Awards granted on 1 April 2008 and 1 April 2009 will be for both the EPS and TSR components. As the performance period over which the Awards vest is three years, the amount included in Equity Based Payments is one third of the amount estimated to be payable at the end of the performance period for each Award. The actual amounts paid under these Awards will not be known until the end of the performance period. For the LTIP Award granted on 1 April 2007, the amount included in Equity Based Payments is the difference between the grant payable and the amounts that have been included in Equity Based Payments in previous years. Refer to the table below under the heading of cash bonuses long-term incentive for the maximum amounts payable at the end of three years.
- 4 Termination benefits represent the payment of accrued annual and long service leave benefits.
- 5 Mr Adams resigned with effect from 7 November 2008. Mr Adams' cash bonus for 2009 is a pro-rata amount up to the date of his resignation.
- 6 Mr Azaris commenced as a KMP with effect from 1 April 2009.
- 7 Mr Besselink ceased as a KMP with effect from 31 March 2009.
- 8 Mr Hill resigned with effect from 29 August 2008.
- 9 Mr Kelso commenced as a KMP with effect from 1 April 2009.
- 10 Remuneration disclosed for 31 March 2009 has been adjusted for a reallocation of superannuation



SP Australia Networks (Transmission) Ltd

Directors' report (continued)

Remuneration report (Audited) (continued)

Key management personnel cash bonuses - short-term incentive

The percentage of the available bonus that was paid, or that vested, in the financial years ended 31 March 2009 and 31 March 2010, and the percentage that was forfeited because the person did not meet the service or performance criteria are set out below.

	Ca	sh Bonus (2010)	1	Cash Bonus (2009)			
	Payable (\$)	e (\$) Percentage of available bonus		Paid (\$)	Percentage of available bonus		
		Payable (%)	Not Payable (%)	=	Paid (%)	Not Paid (%)	
Nino Ficca	454,067	108.8	0.0	412,461	102.8	0.0	
Paul Adams ²	N/A	N/A	N/A	98,060	88.5	11.5	
John Azaris ³	110,819	95.9	4.1	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Mike Besselink 4	N/A	N/A	N/A	52,528	99.5	0.5	
Norman Drew	165,428	98.5	1.5	173,010	107.0	0.0	
Adrian Hill 5	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
John Kelso ⁶	92,845	87.6	12.4	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Geoff Nicholson	207,879	103.9	0.0	189,524	99.5	0.5	
Charles Popple	136,752	88.6	11.4	155,881	107.0	0.0	

- 1 Bonuses for performance for the year ended 31 March 2010 have been approved but not yet paid.
- 2 Mr Adams resigned with effect from 7 November 2008. Mr Adams' cash bonus for 2009 is a pro-rata amount up to the date of his resignation.
- 3 Mr Azaris commenced as a KMP with effect from 1 April 2009.
- 4 Mr Besselink ceased as a KMP with effect from 31 March 2009.
- 5 Mr Hill resigned with effect from 29 August 2008.
- 6 Mr Kelso commenced as a KMP with effect from 1 April 2009.



» SP Australia Networks (Transmission) Ltd SP Australia Networks (Transmission) Ltd

Directors' report (continued)

Remuneration report (Audited) (continued)

Key management personnel cash bonuses – long-term incentive (equity based payments)

The SP AusNet Board approved a LTI plan for the Managing Director and senior executives that came into effect from 1 April 2006. For accounting purposes, amounts paid under the LTI plan are required to be disclosed as equity based payments. The following table shows the value of cash grants subject to future performance testing, percentage paid or forfeited and future financial years that grants may vest and be paid. The grants made in 2008 and 2009 are still in progress and, as such, no percentage of these grants have been paid or forfeited as at the date of this report, other than those who have resigned during the performance period.

Nino Ficca 1 April 2007 29.4 Paul Adams 3 1 April 2007 - John Azaris 4 1 April 2007 29.4 Norman Drew 1 April 2007 29.4 Adrian Hill 5 1 April 2007 - John Kelso 6 1 April 2007 - Geoff Nicholson 1 April 2007 29.4 Charles Popple 1 April 2007 29.4 Total granted 1 April 2007 29.4 Nino Ficca 1 April 2008 - Paul Adams 3 1 April 2008 - John Azaris 4 1 April 2008 - Norman Drew 1 April 2008 -	70.6 100.0 70.6 70.6 100.0	31 March 2010 31 March 2010 31 March 2010 31 March 2010 31 March 2010	- - -	781,875 - 180,625
John Azaris 4 1 April 2007 29.4 Norman Drew 1 April 2007 29.4 Adrian Hill 5 1 April 2007 - John Kelso 6 1 April 2007 - Geoff Nicholson 1 April 2007 29.4 Charles Popple 1 April 2007 29.4 Total granted 1 April 2007 29.4 Nino Ficca 1 April 2008 - Paul Adams 3 1 April 2008 - John Azaris 4 1 April 2008 -	70.6 70.6 100.0	31 March 2010 31 March 2010	-	
Norman Drew 1 April 2007 29.4 Adrian Hill 5 1 April 2007 - John Kelso 6 1 April 2007 - Geoff Nicholson 1 April 2007 29.4 Charles Popple 1 April 2007 29.4 Total granted 1 April 2007 - Nino Ficca 1 April 2008 - Paul Adams 3 1 April 2008 - John Azaris 4 1 April 2008 -	70.6 100.0	31 March 2010	-	
Adrian Hill 5 1 April 2007 - John Kelso 6 1 April 2007 - Geoff Nicholson 1 April 2007 29.4 Charles Popple 1 April 2007 29.4 Total granted 1 April 2007 Nino Ficca 1 April 2008 - Paul Adams 3 1 April 2008 - John Azaris 4 1 April 2008 -	100.0		-	
John Kelso 6 1 April 2007 - Geoff Nicholson 1 April 2007 29.4 Charles Popple 1 April 2007 29.4 Total granted 1 April 2007 Nino Ficca 1 April 2008 - Paul Adams 3 1 April 2008 - John Azaris 4 1 April 2008 -		31 March 2010		262,500
Geoff Nicholson 1 April 2007 29.4 Charles Popple 1 April 2007 29.4 Total granted 1 April 2007 Nino Ficca 1 April 2008 - Paul Adams ³ 1 April 2008 - John Azaris ⁴ 1 April 2008 -	_		-	-
Charles Popple 1 April 2007 29.4 Total granted 1 April 2007 Nino Ficca 1 April 2008 - Paul Adams 3 1 April 2008 - John Azaris 4 1 April 2008 -		31 March 2010	-	-
Total granted 1 April 2007 Nino Ficca 1 April 2008 - Paul Adams ³ 1 April 2008 - John Azaris ⁴ 1 April 2008 -	70.6	31 March 2010	-	312,500
Nino Ficca 1 April 2008 - Paul Adams ³ 1 April 2008 - John Azaris ⁴ 1 April 2008 -	70.6	31 March 2010	-	241,250
Paul Adams ³ 1 April 2008 - John Azaris ⁴ 1 April 2008 -			-	1,778,750
John Azaris ⁴ 1 April 2008 -	-	31 March 2011	-	820,969
·	100.0	31 March 2011	-	-
Norman Drew 1 April 2008 -	-	31 March 2011	-	189,656
	-	31 March 2011	-	275,625
Adrian Hill 5 1 April 2008 -	100.0	31 March 2011	-	-
John Kelso ⁶ 1 April 2008 -	-	31 March 2011	-	86,953
Geoff Nicholson 1 April 2008 -	-	31 March 2011	-	328,125
Charles Popple 1 April 2008 -	-	31 March 2011	-	253,313
Total granted 1 April 2008			-	1,954,641
Nino Ficca 1 April 2009 -	-	31 March 2012	-	862,017
John Azaris ⁴ 1 April 2009 -	-	31 March 2012	-	199,139
Norman Drew 1 April 2009 -	-	31 March 2012	-	289,406
John Kelso ⁶ 1 April 2009 -	-	31 March 2012	-	182,602
Geoff Nicholson 1 April 2009 -	-	31 March 2012	-	344,531
Charles Popple 1 April 2009 -	-	31 March 2012	-	265,978
Total granted 1 April 2009				2,143,673

- 1 These grants have been approved but not yet paid.
- For the grant of 1 April 2007, the amounts payable equated to 29.4% of the target LTIP. For the grants of 1 April 2008 and 1 April 2009, the amounts are based on maximum performance in relation to TSR and EPS at the end of the three year performance period described above and assumes prevailing FARs increase of 5% per annum.
- 3 Mr Adams resigned with effect from 7 November 2008.
- 4 Mr Azaris commenced as a KMP with effect from 1 April 2009.
- 5 Mr Hill resigned with effect from 29 August 2008.
- 6 Mr Kelso commenced as a KMP with effect from 1 April 2009.

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SP Australia Networks (Transmission) Ltd

Directors' report (continued)

Remuneration report (Audited) (continued)

Directors' interests

The Directors of SP AusNet have disclosed relevant interests in stapled securities as follows:

Name	Number of stapled securities
Ng Kee Choe ¹	195,883
Nino Ficca ²	720,334
Jeremy Davis	105,000
Eric Gwee ¹	146,674
Ho Tian Yee	-
Tony lannello ³	136,049
George Lefroy ⁴	239,206
Martyn Myer ⁵	50,000
lan Renard	73,825

- Securities held by The Central Depository (Pte) Limited.
- 2 278,131 securities held by immediate family members of Mr Ficca and 442,203 securities held by Mr and Mrs Ficca as Trustees for the Ficca Investment Trust.
- 3 37,500 securities held by immediate family members of Mr lannello through a Superannuation Plan held by Summit Custodial Services and 98,549 securities held by ADI Investment Trust.
- Securities held by Serp Hills Pty Ltd (as trustee for Serp Hills Super Fund).
- 5 Securities held by MF Custodian Ltd as custodian for Mpyer Investments Pty Ltd.

The Directors of SP AusNet have disclosed relevant interests in related bodies corporate as follows:

	Singapore Tele- communications Limited	Singapore Airport Terminal Services Limited	PT Bank Danamon Indonesia Tbk ⁶	Keppel Corporation Limited	CapitaMalls Asia Limited
Ng Kee Choe	3,080 1	11,000	82,843	10,000	130,000
Nino Ficca	720 ²	, -	· -	· -	· -
Jeremy Davis		_	_	_	_
Eric Gwee	1,980 ³	_	-	-	-
Ho Tian Yee	2,850 4	-	-	_	_
Tony lannello	_,000	_	_	_	_
George Lefroy	158,792 5	_	_	_	_
Martyn Myer	150,752	_	_	_	_
lan Renard	-	-	-	-	-

- 1,540 securities held by immediate family members of Mr Ng.
- 2 Securities held by immediate family members of Mr Ficca.
- 3 620 securities held by immediate family members of Mr Gwee.
- 4 1,490 securities held by The Central Depository (Pte) Limited on behalf of Mr Ho and 1,360 securities held by The Central Depository (Pte) Limited on behalf of immediate family members of Mr Ho.
- 5 Securities held by Serp Hills Pty Ltd (as trustee for Serp Hills Super Fund).
- 6 32,843 securities are Series B shares.



Directors' report (continued)

Remuneration report (Audited) (continued)

Service agreements

Remuneration and other terms of employment for the Managing Director and specified senior management (including KMP) are formalised in individual employment agreements. Each of these agreements provides for short-term performance-related cash bonuses, fringe benefits plus other benefits. Participation in the long-term incentive plan is not a term of the agreements. Other major provisions of the agreements, relating to remuneration, are set out below.

Managing Director

Term of agreement	Permanent, subject to one month's notice of termination by either party;
Fixed remuneration	Fixed remuneration includes base salary and superannuation.
	As at 31 March 2010, fixed annual remuneration was \$834,000.
	Fixed remuneration is reviewed annually by the Remuneration Committee and the Board.
Short-term incentive	Annual short-term incentive of 50% of FAR for on-target performance.
Termination benefits	Termination benefits calculated at three weeks' pay for every year of service paid at the Managing Director's FAR rate and capped at six months.

Senior executives

The major provisions contained in the services agreements of the Executive KMP listed are substantially the same as those that apply to the Managing Director.

Proceedings on behalf of the Company

No person has applied to the Court under section 237 of the *Corporations Act* 2001 for leave to bring proceedings on behalf of SP AusNet Transmission Group, or to intervene in any proceedings to which SP AusNet Transmission Group is a party, for the purpose of taking responsibility on behalf of SP AusNet Transmission Group for all or part of those proceedings.

No proceedings have been brought, or intervened in, on behalf of the SP AusNet Transmission Group with leave of the Court under section 237 of the *Corporations Act* 2001.



SP Australia Networks

(Transmission) Ltd

SP Australia Networks (Transmission) Ltd

Directors' report (continued)

Indemnification and insurance of officers and auditors

The constitutions of SP AusNet Distribution, SP AusNet Transmission and the Responsible Entity each provide for the company to indemnify each current and former Director, executive officer (as defined in the constitutions), and such other current and former officers of the company or of a related body corporate as the Directors determine (each an "Officer"), on a full indemnity basis and to the full extent permitted by law against all liabilities (as defined in the constitutions) incurred by the Officer as an officer of the company or of a related body corporate.

The constitutions also provide for SP AusNet Distribution, SP AusNet Transmission and the Responsible Entity, to the extent permitted by law, to purchase and maintain insurance, or pay or agree to pay a premium for insurance, for each Officer against any liability (as defined in the constitutions) incurred by the Officer as an officer of the company or of a related body corporate.

SP AusNet Distribution, SP AusNet Transmission and the Responsible Entity may enter into a deed with any Officer to give effect to the rights conferred by the constitutions as described above.

The companies have executed protection deeds in favour of each of the Directors, the Company Secretary and certain general managers on substantially the same terms as provided in the constitutions. The deeds also give a right of access to the books of the companies and to Board documents (to the Directors only).

During the financial year, the Stapled Group paid a premium to insure the Directors and Company Secretaries of the Australian-based combined entities and the general managers of each of the divisions of SP AusNet. The Directors have not included details of the nature of the liabilities covered or the amount of the premium paid in respect of the insurance policy, as (in accordance with normal commercial practice) such disclosure is prohibited under the terms of the policy.

No insurance premiums are paid by the Stapled Group in regard to insurance cover provided to the auditor of the Stapled Group, KPMG. The auditor is not indemnified and no insurance cover is provided to the auditor.

Non-audit services

SP AusNet Transmission may decide to employ the auditor on assignments additional to their statutory audit duties where the auditor's expertise and experience with the relevant company and/or combined entity are important.

Details of the amounts paid or payable to the auditor, KPMG, for audit and non-audit services provided during the year are set out in note 23 of the general purpose financial report.

In accordance with the advice provided by the Audit and Risk Management Committee, the Directors are satisfied that the provision of non-audit services during the year by the auditor is compatible with the general standard of independence for auditors imposed by the *Corporations Act* 2001. The Directors are satisfied for the following reasons:

- all non-audit services have been reviewed by the Audit and Risk Management Committee to ensure that they do not impact the impartiality and objectivity of the auditor; and
- none of the non-audit services undermine the general principles relating to auditor independence as set out in APES 110 Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants.

A copy of the auditor's independence declaration as required under section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001 is set out on page 176.



SP Australia Networks (Transmission) Ltd

Directors' report (continued)

Rounding of amounts

SP AusNet Transmission is a company of a kind referred to in Class Order 98/100, issued by the Australian Securities and Investments Commission, relating to the "rounding off" of amounts in the Directors' report. Amounts in the Directors' report have been rounded off in accordance with that Class Order the nearest hundred thousand dollars, or in certain cases to the nearest thousand dollars.

This report is made in accordance with a resolution of the Directors.

Ng Kee Choe Chairman

Nino Ficca Managing Director

Melbourne 11 May 2010



Lead auditor's independence declaration under Section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001

To the directors of SP Australia Networks (Transmission) Limited

I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, in relation to the audit for the financial year ended 31 March 2010 there have been:

- no contraventions of the auditor independence requirements as set out in the Corporations Act 2001 in relation to the audit; and
- (ii) no contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

KPMG

KPMG

Alion Kisse

Alison Kitchen Partner

Melbourne

11 May 2010



KPMG, an Australian partnership and a member firm of the KPMG network of independent member firms affiliated with KPMG International, a Swiss cooperative.

SP Australia Networks (Transmission) Ltd

Income statements

For the year ended 31 March 2010

		Consolidated		Parent		
		2010	2009	2010	2009	
	Notes	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M	
Revenue	2	531.3	492.2	0.4	0.4	
Expenses, excluding finance costs	3	(259.0)	(235.7)	(0.4)	(0.4)	
Profit from operating activities		272.3	256.5	-	-	
Finance income	4	4.1	5.2	117.0	144.4	
Finance expenses	4	(175.4)	(177.3)	(46.3)	(53.3)	
Net finance (costs)/income		(171.3)	(172.1)	70.7	91.1	
Profit before income tax		101.0	84.4	70.7	91.1	
Income tax (expense)/benefit	5	(29.4)	(25.0)	13.9	16.0	
Profit for the year		71.6	59.4	84.6	107.1	

Earnings per share for profit attributable to the ordinary equityholders of the Company

Basic and diluted earnings per share (cents per share) 7 2.77 2.83

The above income statements should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

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Statements of comprehensive income For the year ended 31 March 2010

	Consolidated		Parent	
	2010	2009	2010	2009
	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M
Profit for the year	71.6	59.4	84.6	107.1
Other comprehensive income				
Movement in defined benefit fund				
Movement in defined benefit fund	15.8	(34.7)	-	-
Movement in hedge reserve				
Movement in hedge reserve	18.6	(21.7)	-	-
Income tax on other comprehensive income	(10.3)	16.9	-	-
Other comprehensive income for the year, net of				
income tax	24.1	(39.5)	-	-
Total comprehensive income for the year	95.7	19.9	84.6	107.1

The above statements of comprehensive income should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.



» SP Australia Networks (Transmission) Ltd

SP Australia Networks (Transmission) Ltd

Statements of financial position

As at 31 March 2010

		Consolida	ted	Parent		
		2010	2009	2010	2009	
ASSETS	Notes	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M	
Current assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	8	0.7	_	_	_	
Receivables	9	47.7	46.9	72.0	46.8	
Inventories	10	3.3	1.6	. =•	-	
Derivative financial instruments	11	0.1	4.0	-	_	
Other current assets	12	4.9	6.2	0.2	0.2	
Total current assets		56.7	58.7	72.2	47.0	
Non-current assets						
Inventories	10	15.8	16.1	-	-	
Property, plant and equipment	14	3,171.2	3,086.5	-	-	
Deferred tax assets	5(d)	-	-	3.1	4.6	
Derivative financial instruments	11	2.5	5.3	-	-	
Investments in subsidiaries	13	-	-	1,096.9	1,096.9	
Total non-current assets		3,189.5	3,107.9	1,100.0	1,101.5	
Total assets		3,246.2	3,166.6	1,172.2	1,148.5	
LIABILITIES			0,100.0	.,	.,	
Current liabilities						
Payables and other liabilities	15	42.6	69.9	0.2	0.2	
Borrowings	16	1,215.2	1,059.5	1,030.5	1,059.5	
Derivative financial instruments	11	4.6	18.7	-	-	
Current tax payable		4.1	2.0	5.5	2.0	
Provisions	17	13.9	12.7	-	-	
Total current liabilities		1,280.4	1,162.8	1,036.2	1,061.7	
Non-current liabilities						
Payables and other liabilities	15	0.9	1.2	-	-	
Borrowings	16	1,697.6	1,741.7	87.0	47.6	
Derivative financial instruments	11	1.2	12.3	-	-	
Deferred tax liabilities	5(d)	263.0	247.1	-	-	
Provisions	17	6.9	26.2	-	-	
Total non-current liabilities		1,969.6	2,028.5	87.0	47.6	
Total liabilities		3,250.0	3,191.3	1,123.2	1,109.3	
Net assets/(liabilities)		(3.8)	(24.7)	49.0	39.2	
EQUITY		(0.0)	(27.1)	40.0	00.2	
Equityholders of SP AusNet Transmission						
Contributed equity		650.1	650.1	-	-	
Reserves		(1.9)	(14.9)	-	-	
Retained profits/(accumulated losses)		443.1	435.2	49.0	39.2	
		1,091.3	1,070.4	49.0	39.2	
Other equity component arising from reverse acquisition		(1,095.1)	(1,095.1)			
Total equity		(3.8)	(24.7)	49.0	39.2	

The above statements of financial position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Statements of changes in equity

For the year ended 31 March 2010

Total transactions with owners

Balance as at 31 March 2009

Contributed Hedge Retained component Total equity equity reserve (i) profits (ii) (iii) \$M \$M Notes \$M \$M \$M 31 March 2010 SP AusNet Transmission - Consolidated Balance as at 1 April 2009 650.1 (14.9)435.2 (1,095.1)(24.7)Total comprehensive income for the year 71.6 Profit/(loss) for the year 71.6 13.0 Total other comprehensive income 11.1 24.1 Total comprehensive income for the 13.0 82.7 95.7 financial year Transactions with owners, recorded directly in equity (74.8)Dividends paid (74.8)(74.8)(74.8)Total transactions with owners 650.1 443.1 (1.9)(1,095.1)Balance as at 31 March 2010 (3.8)31 March 2009 SP AusNet Transmission - Consolidated 650.1 0.3 455.5 10.8 Balance as at 1 April 2008 (1,095.1)Total comprehensive income for the year Profit/(loss) for the year 59.4 59.4 Total other comprehensive income (15.2)(24.3)(39.5)Total comprehensive income for the financial year (15.2)35.1 19.9 Transactions with owners, recorded directly in equity Dividends paid (55.4)(55.4)

650.1

(14.9)

Other equity

(55.4)

435.2

(1,095.1)

(55.4)

(24.7)



SP Australia Networks

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Statements of changes in equity

For the year ended 31 March 2010

	Notes	Contributed equity	Hedge reserve (i) \$M	Retained profits (ii) \$M	Other equity component (iii) \$M	Total equity
31 March 2010						
SP AusNet Transmission - Parent Balance as at 1 April 2009		-	-	39.2	-	39.2
Total comprehensive income for the year Profit/(loss) for the year		-	-	84.6	-	84.6
Total comprehensive income for the financial year	_	-	-	84.6	-	84.6
Transactions with owners, recorded directly in equity				(74.0)		(74.0)
Dividends paid	6 _	-	-	(74.8)	-	(74.8)
Total transactions with owners	_	-	-	(74.8)	-	(74.8)
Balance as at 31 March 2010	_	•	-	49.0	-	49.0
31 March 2009						
SP AusNet Transmission - Parent Balance as at 1 April 2008		-	-	(12.5)	-	(12.5)
Total comprehensive income for the year Profit/(loss) for the year		-	-	107.1	-	107.1
Total comprehensive income for the financial year			-	107.1		107.1
Transactions with owners, recorded directly in equity						
Dividends	6	-	-	(55.4)	-	(55.4)
Total transactions with owners			-	(55.4)	-	(55.4)
Balance as at 31 March 2009	_	-	-	39.2	-	39.2

- (i) The hedging reserve comprises the effective portion of the cumulative net change in the fair value of cash flow hedging instruments related to highly probable forecast transactions. The future periods in which the cash flows associated with derivatives in the cash flow hedge reserve are expected to impact profit and loss are the same as when the associated cash flows are expected to occur (refer note 1(n)).
- i) Actuarial gains and losses on the defined benefit obligation and the pension plan assets are recognised directly in retained earnings, as described in note 1(u).
- Other equity component results from the application of reverse acquisition accounting and represents the difference between the net assets of SP AusNet Transmission and SPI Australia Finance Pty Ltd and the purchase price paid by the legal acquirer, SP AusNet Transmission.

The above statements of changes in equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

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Statements of cash flows For the year ended 31 March 2010

Consolidated		Parent		
	2010	2009	2010	2009
Notes	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$N
		500.5		0.4
	542.8	529.5	0.4	0.4
	(189.8)	(203.9)	(0.4)	(0.4)
	-	-	117.0	144.4
	(21.7)	(25.7)	(21.7)	(25.7)
	6.7	3.7	•	-
	(188.1)	(188.7)	(46.3)	(53.3)
28	149.9	114.9	49.0	65.4
	(185.9)	(140.6)	-	-
	0.2	1.5	-	-
	(185.7)	(139.1)	-	-
	876.1	727.3	307.0	200.9
	(764.8)	(648.5)	(281.2)	(210.9)
6	(74.8)	(55.4)	(74.8)	(55.4)
	36.5	23.4	(49.0)	(65.4)
	0.7	(0.8)		-
	-	0.8		
8	0.7			
	28	2010 Notes \$M 542.8 (189.8) - (21.7) 6.7 (188.1) 28 149.9 (185.9) 0.2 (185.7) 876.1 (764.8) 6 (74.8) 36.5 0.7 -	Notes \$M \$M 542.8 529.5 (189.8) (203.9) - - (21.7) (25.7) 6.7 3.7 (188.1) (188.7) 28 149.9 114.9 (185.9) (140.6) 0.2 1.5 (185.7) (139.1) 876.1 727.3 (764.8) (648.5) 6 (74.8) (55.4) 36.5 23.4 0.7 (0.8) - 0.8	Notes 2010 2009 2010 \$M \$M \$M 542.8 529.5 0.4 (189.8) (203.9) (0.4) - - 117.0 (21.7) (25.7) (21.7) 6.7 3.7 - (188.1) (188.7) (46.3) 28 149.9 114.9 49.0 (185.9) (140.6) - 0.2 1.5 - (185.7) (139.1) - 876.1 727.3 307.0 (764.8) (648.5) (281.2) (764.8) (648.5) (281.2) 6 (74.8) (55.4) (74.8) 36.5 23.4 (49.0) 0.7 (0.8) - - 0.8 - - 0.8 -

The above statements of cash flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.



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Notes to the financial statements

31 March 2010

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Notes to the financial statements

31 March 2010

Note 1 Summary of significant accounting policies

The principal accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the financial report are set out below. The financial report includes separate financial statements for SP AusNet Transmission as an individual entity and for the consolidated entity, consisting of SP AusNet Transmission and its subsidiaries. The consolidated entity is referred to as the SP AusNet Transmission Group.

(a) Basis of preparation

The financial report is a general purpose financial report which has been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards ("AASBs") and interpretations adopted by the Australian Accounting Standards Board and the *Corporations Act* 2001. The consolidated financial statements and notes also comply with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRSs") and interpretations adopted by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB").

This general purpose financial report is presented in Australian dollars.

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 11 May 2010.

The SP AusNet Transmission Group has a net asset deficiency of \$3.8 million as at 31 March 2010 which has arisen from the impact of the financial downturn on the value of derivatives and defined benefit fund (refer note 20 for details on SP AusNet's financial risk management policies and note 19 for details on the defined benefit fund).

The SP AusNet Transmission Group's current liabilities exceed its current assets due primarily to \$1.0 billion of short term debt which is payable to another entity in the Stapled Group, SP AusNet Finance Trust (refer note 1(b)(ii)). Whilst repayable on demand the loan agreements between SP AusNet Transmission and SP AusNet Finance Trust are for terms of ten years and mature in October 2015 and December 2018 (refer note 26(h) for further details on terms and conditions). The Directors are confident that either SP AusNet Finance Trust will not demand repayment of the outstanding principle and unpaid accrued interest prior to the expiration of the term, or the Directors will have put in place satisfactory refinancing. The financial report has been prepared on a going concern basis, which contemplates the continuity of normal trading operations, as the SP AusNet Transmission Group is trading profitably, has the capacity to refinance short-term debt and has access to funds through SPI Electricity & Gas Australia Holdings Pty Ltd. a subsidiary of SP AusNet Distribution, which is the 'common' or 'central' funding vehicle ("CFV") for SP AusNet.

In May 2009, SP AusNet successfully established \$275.0 million of three year bank debt facilities. These facilities were used to replace \$205.0 million of working capital facilities and commercial paper standby lines. In June 2009, SP AusNet successfully established an additional \$50.0 million three year bank debt facility, bringing the total raised under the bilateral facilities executed in May 2009 to \$325.0 million. This facility was used to replace \$50.0 million of commercial paper standby lines. The remaining \$50.0 million of working capital facilities were not renewed, and expired in August 2009. The bilateral bank debt facilities were undrawn as at 31 March 2010, and as a consequence there was \$325.0 million of undrawn but committed non-current long term debt available under these facilities.

In June 2009, SP AusNet successfully completed an accelerated non-renounceable entitlement offer ("Entitlement Offer") raising a total of \$408.4 million. \$336.6 million was raised from the institutional component of the Entitlement Offer and \$71.8 million was raised from the retail component of the Entitlement Offer. These amounts exclude the costs of raising these funds. The proceeds from the equity raising together with the proceeds from the distribution reinvestment plan issue on 25 June 2009 (\$12.3 million) and on 22 December 2009 (\$34.6 million) were allocated to units in SP AusNet Finance Trust with the shares in SP AusNet Transmission and SP AusNet Distribution issued at nominal consideration.



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Notes to the financial statements

31 March 2010

Note 1 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

(a) Basis of preparation (continued)

In February 2010, SP AusNet successfully completed a CHF 475.0 million five and a half year Swiss franc bond issue to raise approximately \$520.1 million. In March 2010 SP AusNet also successfully completed a HK\$700.0 million ten year Hong Kong dollar bond issue to raise approximately \$100.0 million and a \$300.0 million seven and a half year Australian dollar bond issue.

The proceeds will be used to repay existing debt, fund capital expenditure and for other working capital requirements.

The parent entity has a current net asset deficiency of \$964.0 million as at 31 March 2010. The financial report of the parent has been prepared on a going concern basis as the deficiency arises from the related party loans with SP AusNet Finance Trust. Whilst repayable on demand the loan agreements between SP AusNet Transmission and SP AusNet Finance Trust are for terms of ten years and mature in July 2014 and December 2018 (refer note 26(h) for further details on terms and conditions). The Directors are confident that either SP AusNet Finance Trust will not demand repayment of the outstanding principal and unpaid accrued interest prior to the expiration of the term, or the Directors will have put in place satisfactory refinancing.

(i) New standards adopted

The standards relevant to the SP AusNet Transmission Group that have been adopted during the annual reporting period beginning 1 April 2009 are:

- Revised AASB 101 Presentation of Financial Statements is applicable to annual reporting periods commencing on or after 1 January 2009. This standard results in changes to the financial statements including the addition of a statement of comprehensive income. This standard does not result in any changes to the financial results but affects how those results are presented.
- Revised AASB 136 Impairment of Assets is applicable to annual reporting periods commencing on or after 1 January 2009. The amendments align the disclosure requirements required when the unit's (or group of units) recoverable amount is based on fair value less costs to sell determined using discounted cash flows with those required when the recoverable amount is based on its value in use.
- AASB Interpretation 18 Transfers of Assets from Customers is applicable for transfers occurring on or after 1 July 2009. This interpretation clarifies the accounting for agreements where an entity receives an item of property, plant and equipment (or cash to construct such an item) from a customer and this equipment in turn is used to connect a customer to the SP AusNet Transmission Group's network or to provide ongoing access to supply of goods or services. As revenue earned from customer contributions is in exchange for connection to the network, this interpretation results in no change to the accounting for customer contributions.
- Revised AASB 7 Financial Instruments: Disclosures is applicable to annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2009. The amended Standard requires additional disclosures about fair value measurement and liquidity risk. Fair value measurements related to all financial instruments recognised and measured at fair value are to be disclosed by the source of inputs using a three level fair value hierarchy, by class. In addition, a reconciliation of significant transfers between levels in the fair value hierarchy is required. The hierarchy reflects the availability of observable market inputs when estimating fair values. The amendments also clarify the requirements for liquidity risk disclosures with respect to derivative transactions and assets used for liquidity management. This standard does not result in any changes to the treatment of the financial instruments but results in additional disclosures of information on their fair value measurement and liquidity risk.

Notes to the financial statements

31 March 2010

Note 1 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

(a) Basis of preparation (continued)

(ii) New standards not yet adopted

The following standards, amendments to standards and interpretations have been identified as those which may impact the SP AusNet Transmission Group in the period of initial implication. They are available for early adoption for the annual reporting period beginning 1 April 2009, but have not been applied in preparing this financial report:

- AASB 3 Business Combinations (revised 2008) is applicable to annual reporting periods commencing on or after 1 July 2009. AASB 3 (revised 2008) introduces significant changes in the accounting for business combinations occurring after this date. Changes affect the valuation of non-controlling interest (previously "minority interest"), the accounting for transactions costs, the initial recognition and subsequent measurement of contingent consideration and business combination achieved in stages. These changes, which become mandatory for the SP AusNet Transmission Group's March 2011 financial statements, will impact the amount of goodwill recognised, the reported results in the period when an acquisition occurs and also future reported results.
- AASB 127 Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements (revised 2008) is applicable to annual reporting periods commencing on or after 1 July 2009. AASB 127 (revised 2008) requires that a change in the ownership interest of a subsidiary (without a change in control) is to be accounted for as a transaction with owners in their capacity as owners. Therefore such transactions will no longer give rise to goodwill, nor will they give rise to a gain or loss in the statement of comprehensive income. Furthermore the revised standard changes the accounting for losses incurred by a partially owned subsidiary as well as the loss of control in subsidiary. This standard cannot be early adopted unless AASB 3 (revised 2008) is early adopted. The changes in AASB 3 (revised 2008) and AASB 127 (revised 2008) will affect future acquisitions, changes in, and loss of control of, subsidiaries and transactions with non-controlling interests. These amendments will become mandatory for the SP AusNet Transmission Group's March 2011 financial statements.
- AASB 2008-3 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards arising from AASB 3 and AASB 127 is applicable to annual reporting periods commencing on or after 1 July 2009. AASB 2008-3 amends the requirements in several accounting standards due to the changes made to AASB 3 and AASB 127. The standard cannot be early adopted unless revised AASB 3 is early adopted.
- AASB 2008-8 Further Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards Eligible Hedged Items is applicable to annual
 reporting periods commencing on or after 1 July 2009. AASB 2008-8 clarifies the eligibility principles for designation as a
 hedged item. These amendments will become mandatory for the SP AusNet Transmission Group's March 2012 financial
 statements. Their impact has not yet been quantified by the SP AusNet Transmission Group.
- AASB 2009-5 Further Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards arising from the Annual Improvements Project is applicable to annual reporting periods commencing on or after 1 January 2010. This standard makes minor changes for presentation, disclosure, recognition and measurement purposes. The amendments become mandatory for the SP AusNet Transmission Group's March 2011 financial statements and impact the financial statements as follows:
 - Amendments to AASB 117 Leases. The IASB deleted guidance stating that a lease of land with an indefinite economic life is normally classified as an operating lease, unless at the end of the lease term title is expected to pass to the lessee. The amendments clarify that when a lease includes both the land and building elements, an entity should determine the classification of each element based on paragraphs 7-13 of the standard, taking into account the fact that land normally has an indefinite economic life. The impact of this amendment has not yet been quantified by the SP AusNet Transmission Group.



SP Australia Networks (Transmission) Ltd SP Australia Networks (Transmission) Ltd

Notes to the financial statements

31 March 2010

Note 1 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

(a) Basis of preparation (continued)

(ii) New standards not yet adopted (continued)

There are also other minor amendments and revisions to standards and interpretations that have not been early adopted. As these changes are minor in nature, they are not expected to result in any material changes to the SP AusNet Transmission Group's financial results.

The potential effect of these standards and interpretations is yet to be fully determined. However it is not expected that the new standards and interpretations will significantly affect the SP AusNet Transmission Group's financial report.

(iii) Historical cost convention

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities (including derivative instruments) at fair value.

(iv) Critical accounting estimates and judgements

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with AASBs requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the SP AusNet Transmission Group's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements are disclosed in note 21.

(b) Principles of consolidation

(i) Reverse acquisition

On 19 October 2005, SP AusNet Transmission acquired 100 per cent of the issued shares of the former parent entity of the SP AusNet Transmission Group. Subsequent to this acquisition, SP AusNet Transmission acquired 100 per cent of the issued shares in the underlying operating subsidiaries (SPI PowerNet Pty Ltd ("SPI PowerNet") and SPI Australia Finance Pty Ltd ("SPI Australia Finance")).

Although for legal purposes SP AusNet Transmission is the acquirer in the transaction, the transaction was deemed to be a reverse acquisition for accounting purposes, whereby SPI PowerNet was the acquirer. As such, SPI PowerNet is deemed to be the parent company in the SP AusNet Transmission Group and has prepared the consolidated accounts. In accordance with the requirements of reverse acquisition accounting under AASB 3 *Business Combinations* the parent entity results disclosed are that of the legal parent, SP AusNet Transmission.

(ii) Stapling

Pursuant to the Stapling Deed effective from 21 October 2005, a Stapled Group was established for the purpose of facilitating a joint quotation of SP AusNet Transmission, SP AusNet Distribution and SP AusNet Finance Trust on the Australian Securities Exchange and the Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited. The Stapled Group was listed on 14 December 2005.

So long as the three entities remain jointly quoted, the number of shares in each of SP AusNet Transmission and SP AusNet Distribution and the number of units in SP AusNet Finance Trust shall be equal and shareholders and unitholders shall be identical.

Notes to the financial statements

31 March 2010

Note 1 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

(b) Principles of consolidation (continued)

(ii) Stapling (continued)

For statutory reporting purposes the purchase method of accounting has been applied to the stapling arrangement (refer note 1(h) for further details). SP AusNet Distribution has been identified as the acquirer in the Stapled Group based on the size of its net assets and its operations and accordingly, it presents the combined financial report of the Stapled Group.

By virtue of the stapling arrangement, SP AusNet Transmission, SP AusNet Distribution and SP AusNet Finance Trust have common equityholders (securityholders) with the effect that total equity of the Stapled Group belongs to the securityholders.

The Stapled Group is also referred to as SP AusNet.

(iii) Subsidiaries

Subsidiaries are entities, including special purpose entities, controlled by the SP AusNet Transmission Group. Control exists when the SP AusNet Transmission Group has the power, directly or indirectly, to govern the financial and operating policies of an entity so as to obtain benefits from its activities. In assessing control, potential voting rights that are presently exercisable or convertible are taken into account.

Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the SP AusNet Transmission Group and are deconsolidated from the date that control ceases.

The purchase method of accounting is used to account for the acquisition of subsidiaries by the SP AusNet Transmission Group (refer note 1(h) for further details).

Intercompany transactions, balances and unrealised gains on transactions between entities within the SP AusNet Transmission Group are eliminated. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of the impairment of the asset transferred. Accounting policies of subsidiaries are consistent with the accounting policies of the SP AusNet Transmission Group.

(c) Segment reporting

An operating segment is a component of the SP AusNet Transmission Group that engages in business activities from which it earns revenues and incurs expenses for which discrete financial information is available and whose operating results are regularly reviewed by the chief operating decision maker.

The SP AusNet Transmission Group owns and manages the majority of the electricity transmission network in Victoria. The SP AusNet Transmission Group's network consists of the transmission lines and towers which carry electricity at high voltages from power stations to electricity distributors around Victoria, forming the backbone of the Victorian electricity network. It is centrally located amongst the five eastern states of Australia that form the National Electricity Market, and provides key links between the electricity transmission networks of South Australia, New South Wales and Tasmania. As a result the SP AusNet Transmission Group only operates in one segment.



SP Australia Networks (Transmission) Ltd SP Australia Networks (Transmission) Ltd

Notes to the financial statements

31 March 2010

Note 1 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

(d) Foreign currency translation

(i) Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements of each of the entities within the SP AusNet Transmission Group are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates ("the functional currency"). The financial statements are presented in Australian dollars, which is the SP AusNet Transmission Group's presentation currency.

(ii) Transactions and balances

All foreign currency transactions are accounted for using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction. At balance date, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rate existing at that date. Resultant exchange differences are recognised in the income statement for the year, except for exchange differences which relate to assets under construction for future productive use, which are included in the cost of those assets.

(e) Revenue recognition

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received net of the amount of Goods and Services Tax ("GST") payable to the taxation authority. Revenue is recognised for the major business activities as follows:

(i) Sale of goods and rendering of services

Transmission regulated revenue

Transmission regulated revenue is revenue earned from the transmission of electricity and related services and is recognised as the services are rendered.

Service revenue

Service revenue is earned from niche asset services, in particular technical services and is recognised as the services are rendered.

(ii) Other excluded services revenue

Other excluded services revenue is recognised as the services are rendered.

(iii) Interest income

Interest income is recognised as it accrues, taking into account the effective yield on the financial asset.

(iv) Dividends and distributions

Revenue from dividends and distributions from controlled, associated and joint venture entities is recognised by the parent entity when they are declared by the entities, being the date that the parent establishes the right to receive payment.

Notes to the financial statements

31 March 2010

Note 1 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

(f) Income tax

(i) Current tax

Current tax is calculated by reference to the amount of income taxes payable or recoverable in respect of the taxable profit or loss for the period. It is calculated using tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date. Current tax for current and prior periods is recognised as a liability (or asset) to the extent that it is unpaid (or refundable).

(ii) Deferred tax

Deferred tax is accounted for using a balance sheet liability method in respect of temporary differences arising from differences between the carrying amount of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax base of those items.

In principle, deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that sufficient taxable amounts will be available against which deductible temporary differences or unused tax losses and tax offsets can be utilised. However, deferred tax assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary differences giving rise to them arise from the initial recognition of assets and liabilities (other than as a result of a business combination), which affects neither taxable income nor accounting profit. Furthermore, a deferred tax liability is not recognised in relation to taxable temporary differences arising from goodwill.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period(s) when the asset and liability giving rise to them are realised or settled, based on the tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date. The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the SP AusNet Transmission Group expects, at the reporting date, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when they relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority and the SP AusNet Transmission Group intends to settle its tax assets and liabilities on a net basis.

(iii) Tax expense

Current and deferred tax is recognised as an expense or income in the income statement, except when it relates to items credited or debited directly to equity, in which case the deferred tax is also recognised directly in equity, or where it arises from the initial accounting for a business combination, in which case it is taken into account in the determination of goodwill.

(iv) Tax consolidations

SP AusNet Transmission is the head entity of a tax consolidated group comprising SP AusNet Transmission and its Australian wholly-owned subsidiaries.

The current and deferred tax amounts for the tax consolidated group are allocated among the entities in the group using the separate taxpayer within group method.

Any current tax liabilities (or assets) and deferred tax assets arising from unused tax losses assumed by the head entity from the subsidiaries in its tax consolidated group are recognised in conjunction with any tax funding arrangement amounts (refer below). Any difference between these amounts is recognised by the head entity as an equity contribution to, or distribution from, the subsidiary. Distributions firstly reduce the carrying amount of the investment in the subsidiary and are then recognised as revenue.

The head entity recognises deferred tax assets arising from unused tax losses of the tax consolidated group to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits of the tax consolidated group will be available against which the assets can be utilised.



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Notes to the financial statements

31 March 2010

Note 1 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

f) Income tax (continued)

(iv) Tax consolidations (continued)

Any subsequent period adjustments to deferred tax assets arising from unused tax losses assumed from subsidiaries are recognised by the head entity only.

The members of the tax consolidated group have entered into a tax funding arrangement which sets out the funding obligations of members of the tax consolidated group in respect of tax amounts. The tax funding arrangement requires payments to/(from) the head entity equal to the current tax liability/(asset) assumed by the head entity and any deferred tax asset relating to tax losses assumed by the head entity. The members of the tax consolidated group have also entered into a valid tax sharing agreement under the tax consolidation legislation which sets out the allocation of income tax liabilities between the entities should the head entity default on its tax payment obligations and the treatment of entities leaving the tax consolidated group.

The members of the tax consolidation group have recognised tax payable or receivable within the tax consolidation group as fully funded through intercompany loans.

(g) Leases

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee. All other leases are classified as operating leases. The SP AusNet Transmission Group does not have any finance lease arrangements.

Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term, except where another systematic basis is more representative of the time pattern in which economic benefits from the leased asset are consumed.

In the event that lease incentives are received to enter into operating leases, such incentives are recognised as a liability. The aggregate benefits of incentives are recognised as a reduction of rental expense on a straight-line basis, except where another systematic basis is more representative of the time pattern in which economic benefits from the leased asset are consumed.

(h) Acquisitions of assets and liabilities

The purchase method of accounting is used for all acquisitions of assets (including business combinations) regardless of whether equity instruments or other assets are acquired. Cost is determined as the fair value of the assets given, shares issued or liabilities incurred or assumed at the date of exchange plus costs directly attributable to the acquisition. Where equity instruments are issued as part of an acquisition, the value of the instruments is their published market price as at the date of exchange unless, in rare circumstances, it can be demonstrated that the published price at the date of exchange is an unreliable indicator of fair value and that other evidence and valuation methods provide a more reliable measure of fair value. Transaction costs arising on the issue of equity instruments are recognised directly in equity.

Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination are measured initially at fair value at the acquisition date, irrespective of the extent of any minority interest. All potential intangible assets acquired in a business combination are identified and recognised separately from goodwill where they satisfy the definition of an intangible asset and their fair value can be measured reliably. The excess of the cost of acquisition over the fair value of the SP AusNet Transmission Group's share of the identifiable net assets acquired is recorded as goodwill. If the cost of acquisition is less than the fair value of the net assets of the subsidiary acquired, the difference is recognised directly in the income statement, but only after a reassessment of the identification and measurement of the net assets acquired.

Where settlement of any part of the cash consideration is deferred, the amounts payable in the future are discounted to their present value as at the date of exchange. The discount rate used is the entity's incremental borrowing rate, being the rate at which a similar borrowing could be obtained from an independent financier under comparable terms and conditions.

Notes to the financial statements

31 March 2010

Note 1 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

(i) Impairment of assets other than goodwill

At each reporting date, the SP AusNet Transmission Group reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible and intangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). Where the asset does not generate cash flows that are independent from other assets, the SP AusNet Transmission Group estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit ("CGU") to which the asset belongs.

Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives are tested for impairment annually and whenever there is an indication that the asset may be impaired.

Impairment losses recognised in prior periods are assessed at each reporting date for any indication that the loss has decreased or no longer exists. An impairment loss is reversed if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount. An impairment loss is reversed only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation or amortisation, if no impairment loss had been recognised.

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a post tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted.

If the recoverable amount of an asset (or CGU) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (or CGU) is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised in the income statement immediately.

(j) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand, cash at bank and investments in money market instruments. Bank overdrafts are repayable on demand and form an integral part of the SP AusNet Transmission Group's cash management, therefore these are included as a component of cash and cash equivalents for the purpose of the cash flow statements.

(k) Receivables

Accounts receivable and loans are initially recognised at the fair value of the amounts to be received and are subsequently measured at amortised cost, less any allowance for impairment costs.

Collectability of accounts receivable is reviewed on an ongoing basis. Debts that are known to be uncollectible are written off. An allowance for impairment is established when there is objective evidence that the SP AusNet Transmission Group will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables. The amount of the allowance is the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows, discounted at the effective interest rate. The change in the amount of the allowance is recognised in the income statement.



SP Australia Networks (Transmission) Ltd SP Australia Networks (Transmission) Ltd

Notes to the financial statements

31 March 2010

Note 1 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

(I) Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is based on weighted average costs and includes expenditure incurred in acquiring the inventories and bringing them to their existing condition and location, which may include direct materials, direct labour costs and an allocation of overheads.

(m) Investments

Investments in subsidiaries are measured at cost in the parent entity's financial statements.

(n) Derivatives

The SP AusNet Transmission Group enters into a variety of derivative financial instruments to manage its exposure to interest rate and foreign exchange rate risk, including forward foreign exchange contracts and interest rate swaps. In accordance with its treasury policy, the SP AusNet Transmission Group does not hold or issue derivative financial instruments for trading purposes. Derivatives that do not qualify for hedge accounting, even when entered into for economic hedging purposes are classified as "held for trading" financial instruments in accordance with AASB 139.

Derivatives are initially recognised at fair value on the date a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently remeasured to their fair value at each reporting date. The resulting gain or loss is recognised in the income statement immediately unless the derivative is designated and effective as a hedging instrument, in which event the timing of the recognition in the income statement depends on the nature of the hedge relationship. The SP AusNet Transmission Group designates certain derivatives as either hedges of the fair value of recognised assets or liabilities or firm commitments (fair value hedges) or hedges of highly probable forecast transactions (cash flow hedges).

To ensure derivative financial instruments qualify for hedge accounting the SP AusNet Transmission Group documents, at the inception of the transaction, the relationship between hedging instruments and hedged items, as well as its risk management objectives and strategy for undertaking various hedge transactions. The SP AusNet Transmission Group also documents its assessment, both at hedge inception and on an ongoing basis, of whether the derivatives that are used in hedging transactions have been and will continue to be highly effective in offsetting changes in fair values or cash flows of hedged items.

The fair values of derivative financial instruments used for hedging purposes are disclosed in note 11. Movements in the hedge reserve in shareholders' equity are shown in the statements of changes in equity.

(i) Fair value hedge

Changes in the fair value of derivatives that are designated and qualify as fair value hedges are recognised immediately in the income statement, together with any changes in the fair value of the hedged asset or liability that are attributable to the hedged risk.

(ii) Cash flow hedge

The effective portion of changes in the fair value of derivatives that are designated and qualify as cash flow hedges are recognised directly in equity in the hedging reserve. The gain or loss relating to the ineffective portion is recognised immediately in the income statement.

Amounts accumulated in equity are recycled in the income statement in the periods when the hedged item will affect the income statement (generally when the forecast purchase that is hedged takes place). However, when the forecast transaction that is hedged results in the recognition of a non-financial asset (for example inventory) or a non-financial liability, the gains and losses previously deferred in equity are transferred from equity and included in the measurement of the initial cost or carrying amount of the asset or liability.

Notes to the financial statements

31 March 2010

Note 1 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

(n) Derivatives (continued)

(ii) Cash flow hedge (continued)

Hedge accounting is discontinued when the hedging instrument expires or is sold or terminated, or when a hedge no longer meets the criteria for hedge accounting. At that time, any cumulative gain or loss existing in equity remains in equity and is recognised when the forecast transaction is ultimately recognised in the income statement.

When a forecast transaction is no longer expected to occur, the cumulative gain or loss that was reported in equity is immediately recognised in the income statement.

(iii) Derivatives that do not qualify for hedge accounting

Certain derivative instruments do not qualify for hedge accounting. Changes in the fair value of any derivative instrument that does not qualify for hedge accounting are recognised immediately in the income statement.

(o) Fair value estimation

All the SP AusNet Transmission Group's assets and liabilities carried at fair value are derivative instruments that are measured using market observable data and as such are deemed level two within the fair value hierarchy as per AASB 7 *Financial Instruments: Disclosure.*

The fair value and net fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities are determined in accordance with generally accepted pricing models based on discounted cash flow analysis. Appropriate transaction costs are included in the determination of net fair value.

(p) Property, plant and equipment

Items of property, plant and equipment are stated at historical cost less depreciation. The cost of contributed assets is their fair value at the date the SP AusNet Transmission Group gains control of the asset.

Historical cost includes all expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the item. Cost may also include transfers from equity of any gains/losses on qualifying cash flow hedges of foreign currency purchases of property, plant and equipment.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the SP AusNet Transmission Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably.

Maintenance and repair costs and minor renewals are charged as expenses as incurred, except where they relate to the replacement of a component of an asset, in which case the costs are capitalised and depreciated.

Depreciation is provided for on property, plant and equipment, including freehold buildings but excluding land and easements. Depreciation is calculated on a straight-line basis so as to write off the net cost of each asset over its estimated useful life to its estimated residual value. The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation methods are reviewed annually, and where material changes are made, their effects are disclosed in the financial statements.



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Notes to the financial statements

31 March 2010

Note 1 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

(p) Property, plant and equipment (continued)

The expected average useful lives of major asset classes are as follows:

	Years
Buildings	40-99
Transmission network	15-70
Other general assets	3-10
Motor vehicles and heavy machinery	3-12
Computer equipment and software	3-5

Construction work in progress is stated at cost. Cost includes all expenditure that is directly attributable to the specific project.

All expenditure indirectly attributable to the specific project is allocated based on activity based costing.

(q) Trade and other payables

These amounts represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the SP AusNet Transmission Group prior to the end of financial year which are unpaid. Trade and other payables are stated at cost, are unsecured and are usually payable within 30 days of end of month.

(r) Borrowings

Borrowings are initially recognised at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost, except as detailed below. Any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and redemption amount is recognised in the income statement over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest rate method.

Borrowings which are part of a fair value hedging relationship are recognised at amortised cost, adjusted for the gain or loss on the hedged item attributable to the hedged risk. The gain or loss on the hedged item attributable to the hedged risk is recorded in the income statement together with any changes in the fair value of derivatives that are designated and qualify as fair value hedges (refer note 1(n)).

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the SP AusNet Transmission Group has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting date or has the discretion to refinance or roll over the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting date under an existing loan facility.

(s) Net financing costs

Finance income comprises interest income on funds invested, dividend income, foreign exchange gains, gains on hedging instruments that are recognised in the income statement and the expected return on defined benefit plan assets.

Finance expenses comprise interest expense on borrowings, foreign exchange losses, losses on hedging instruments that are recognised in the income statement, unwinding of the discount on provisions and the interest cost in respect of defined benefit obligations. All borrowing costs are recognised in the income statement using the effective interest rate method, other than borrowing costs directly attributable to a qualifying asset which are capitalised to the cost of that asset.

The capitalisation rate used to determine the amount of borrowing costs to be included in the cost of qualifying assets is the weighted average interest rate of 8.1 per cent (2009: 8.1 per cent) applicable to the SP AusNet Transmission Group's outstanding borrowings during the period.

Notes to the financial statements

31 March 2010

Note 1 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

(t) Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the SP AusNet Transmission Group has a present, legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is more likely than not that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, and the amount of the provision can be measured reliably. Provisions are not recognised for future operating losses.

When some or all of the economic benefits required to settle a provision are expected to be recovered from a third party, the receivable is recognised as an asset if it is virtually certain that recovery will be received and the amount of the receivable can be measured reliably.

The amount recognised as a provision is the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at reporting date, taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligations. Where a provision is measured using the cash flows estimated to settle the present obligation, its carrying amount is the present value of those cash flows.

Where there are a number of similar obligations, the likelihood that an outflow will be required in settlement is determined by considering the class of obligations as a whole. A provision is recognised even if the likelihood of an outflow with respect to any one item included in the same class of obligations may be small.

(i) Environmental provision

A provision for environmental costs is made for the rehabilitation of sites based on the estimated costs of the rehabilitation. The liability includes the costs of reclamation, plant closure and dismantling, and waste site closure. The liability is determined based on the present value of the obligation as appropriate. Annual adjustments to the liability are charged to the income statement over the estimated life of the sites. The costs are estimated based on the assumption of the current legal requirements and technologies. Any changes in estimates are dealt with on a prospective basis.

(u) Employee benefits

(i) Wages and salaries, annual leave and sick leave

Liabilities for wages and salaries, including non-monetary benefits and annual leave expected to be settled within 12 months of the reporting date are recognised in respect of employees' services up to the reporting date and are measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liabilities are settled. Liabilities for non-accumulating sick leave are recognised when the leave is taken and measured at the rates paid or payable.

(ii) Long service leave

The liability for long service leave is recognised in the provision for employee benefits and is measured as the present value of expected future payments to be made in respect of services provided by employees up to the reporting date, including on-costs. Consideration is given to expected future wage and salary levels, experience of employee departures and periods of service. Expected future payments are discounted using interest rates on government guaranteed bonds with terms to maturity and currency that match, as closely as possible, the estimated future cash outflows.



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Notes to the financial statements

31 March 2010

Note 1 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

(u) Employee benefits (continued)

(iii) Defined contribution superannuation funds

Contributions made to defined contribution superannuation funds are expensed when the liability is incurred. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that a cash refund or a reduction in future payments is available. The SP AusNet Transmission Group's obligation in respect of these funds is limited to the contributions to the fund.

(iv) Defined benefit superannuation fund

The SP AusNet Transmission Group's net obligation in respect of the defined benefit superannuation fund is calculated by estimating the amount of future benefits that employees have earned in return for their service in the current and prior periods. That benefit is discounted to determine its present value and recognised after deducting the fair value of any plan assets.

The discount rate is the yield at the balance date on government bonds that have maturity dates approximating the terms of the SP AusNet Transmission Group's obligations. A qualified actuary performs the calculation using the projected unit credit method.

Past service cost is the increase in the present value of the defined benefit obligation for employee services in prior periods, resulting in the current period from the introduction of, or changes to, past employment benefits or other long-term employee benefits. Past service costs may be either positive (where benefits are introduced or improved) or negative (where existing benefits are reduced).

When the past service cost is positive, the portion of the increased benefit relating to past service by employees is recognised as an expense in the income statement on a straight-line basis over the average period until the benefits become vested. To the extent that the benefits vest immediately, the expense is recognised immediately in the income statement.

When the past service cost is negative, the resulting reduction in the defined benefit liability is recognised as negative past service cost over the average period until the reduced portion of the benefits become vested.

Actuarial gains and losses are recognised in full directly in retained earnings in the period in which they occur, and are presented in the statement of comprehensive income.

When the calculation of the net obligation results in a benefit to the SP AusNet Transmission Group, the recognised asset is limited to the net total of any unrecognised actuarial losses and past service costs and the present value of any future refunds from the plan or reductions in future contributions to the plan.

(v) Contributed equity

Ordinary shares are classified as equity.

Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from proceeds.

(i) Dividends

Provision is made for the amount of any dividends approved on or before the end of the financial year but not paid at balance date.

Notes to the financial statements

31 March 2010

Summary of significant accounting policies (continued) Note 1

(w) Share-based payments

The fair value of share-based payment compensation provided to employees, including existing shares purchased at arm's-length and given to employees as a gift, has been recognised as an expense. Where the shares form part of the existing shares on issue, the fair value of the gift is determined by the cost of the shares at the date of purchase.

Where the gift is funded by a related party without recharge, the cost of acquisition has been treated as an additional contribution of capital to the SP AusNet Transmission Group.

(x) Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is calculated recognising the substance of the reverse acquisition, which means that the calculation is based on the earnings of the consolidated group and the share capital of the legal parent (SP AusNet Transmission).

(ii) Diluted earnings per share

Diluted earnings per share adjusts the figures used in the determination of basic earnings per share to take into account the after income tax effect of interest or other financing costs associated with dilutive potential shares and includes these dilutive potential shares in the weighted average number of shares outstanding used in the calculation.

(y) Rounding of amounts

The SP AusNet Transmission Group is of a kind referred to in Class Order 98/100, issued by the Australian Securities and Investments Commission, relating to the "rounding off" of amounts in the financial report. Amounts in the financial report have been rounded off in accordance with that Class Order to the nearest hundred thousand dollars, or in certain cases, the nearest thousand dollars.



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Notes to the financial statements

31 March 2010

Note 2	Revenue				
		Consolidat	ed	Parent	
		2010	2009	2010	2009
		\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M
Revenue					
Regulated re	venue	482.5	456.1	-	-
Excluded se	vices	21.0	11.1	•	
Total regula	ted revenue	503.5	467.2	-	-
Other reven	ue				
Service reve	nue	9.1	7.9	-	-
Other revenu	ie	18.7	17.1	0.4	0.4
Total other	revenue	27.8	25.0	0.4	0.4
Total revenu	ıe	531.3	492.2	0.4	0.4

Note 3 Expenses

Consolidat	ed	Parent	
2040		i ai ciit	
2010	2009	2010	2009
\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M
1.3	1.2	-	-
1.6	2.7	-	-
29.5	31.0	-	-
3.3	0.8	-	-
17.3	10.0	-	-
1.3	1.4	-	-
3.8	4.4	-	-
98.2	81.5	-	-
10.1	9.5	-	-
4.8	13.9	-	-
4.8	4.7	-	-
0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4
1.9	2.4	-	-
76.3	69.3	-	-
1.3	(0.4)	-	-
3.1	2.9	-	-
259.0	235.7	0.4	0.4
	\$M 1.3 1.6 29.5 3.3 17.3 1.3 3.8 98.2 10.1 4.8 4.8 0.4 1.9 76.3 1.3 3.1	\$M \$M 1.3 1.2 1.6 2.7 29.5 31.0 3.3 0.8 17.3 10.0 1.3 1.4 3.8 4.4 98.2 81.5 10.1 9.5 4.8 13.9 4.8 4.7 0.4 0.4 1.9 2.4 76.3 69.3 1.3 (0.4) 3.1 2.9	\$M \$M \$M 1.3 1.2 - 1.6 2.7 - 29.5 31.0 - 3.3 0.8 - 17.3 10.0 - 1.3 1.4 - 3.8 4.4 - 98.2 81.5 - 10.1 9.5 - 4.8 13.9 - 4.8 4.7 - 0.4 0.4 0.4 1.9 2.4 - 76.3 69.3 - 1.3 (0.4) - 3.1 2.9 -

The movement is predominantly due to the pass through of actuarial gains and losses in the defined benefit plan for SPIMS employees from 1 April 2008.

Notes to the financial statements

31 March 2010

Note 4	Net finance costs/(income)				
	,	Consolidat	ed	Parent	
		2010	2009	2010	2009
		\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M
Finance inco	ome				
Dividend inco	ome	-	-	117.0	144.4
Expected retu	urn on defined benefit fund plan assets	4.1	5.2	-	
Total finance	e income	4.1	5.2	117.0	144.4
Finance exp	enses				
Interest exper	nse	16.4	17.3	-	-
Interest exper	nse - related parties	164.9	165.8	46.3	53.3
Transfers from	m cash flow hedge reserve	3.1	(0.1)	-	-
Ineffective po	rtion of changes in fair value of cash flow hedges				
transferred fro	om cash flow hedge reserve	(2.8)	0.1	-	-
Other finance	charges	0.4	0.5	-	-
Defined bene	fit interest expense	3.1	3.4	-	-
Capitalised fir	nance charges	(9.7)	(9.7)	-	
Total finance	e expenses	175.4	177.3	46.3	53.3
Net finance of	costs/(income)	171.3	172.1	(70.7)	(91.1)

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Notes to the financial statements

31 March 2010

Note 5 Income tax and deferred tax

(a) Income tax expense/(benefit)

	Consolidated		Parent	
	2010	2009	2010	2009
	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M
Current tax	24.3	19.8	(15.4)	(17.4)
Prior year (over)/under provision - current tax	(0.5)	1.5	-	(0.2)
Deferred tax	5.2	5.2	1.5	1.4
Prior year (over)/under provision - deferred tax	0.4	(1.5)	-	0.2
	29.4	25.0	(13.9)	(16.0)

b) Numerical reconciliation of income tax expense/(benefit) to prima facie tax payable

Income tax expense//henefit)	29.4	25.0	(13.9)	(16.0)
Sundry items	(8.0)	(0.3)	-	
Prior year (over)/under provisions	(0.1)	-	-	-
Non-assessable dividend income	-	-	(35.1)	(43.3)
Tax effect of amounts which are not deductible/(taxable) in calculating taxable income:				
Tax at the Australian tax rate of 30% (2009: 30%)	30.3	25.3	21.2	27.3
Profit/(loss) from operations before income tax expense	101.0	84.4	70.7	91.1

(c) Amounts recognised directly in equity

Aggregate current and deferred tax arising in the reporting period and not recognised in the income statement but directly debited/(credited) to equity:

Hedge reserve - cash flow hedges

Defined benefit fund

4.7 (10.4)

Net deferred tax debited/(credited) directly to equity

10.3 (16.9)

- -

The effective tax rate for the period ended 31 March 2010 is approximately 29 per cent (2009: 29 per cent).

Notes to the financial statements

31 March 2010

Note 5 Income tax and deferred tax (continued)

(d) Recognised deferred tax assets and liabilities

		Deferred tax assets		Deferred tax liabilities	
		2010	2009	2010	2009
	Notes	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M
Consolidated					
Alinta acquisition investigation costs (i)		2.9	4.3	-	-
Employee benefits		4.4	3.6	-	-
Other accruals and provisions		0.7	1.1	-	-
Intellectual property - copyright	24(b)	40.1	42.1	-	-
Derivatives and fair value adjustments on borrowings		1.0	6.5	-	-
Tax losses		0.2	0.3	-	-
Defined benefit fund		1.8	7.7	-	-
Deferred charges (non-current)		-	-	-	(0.1)
Property, plant and equipment		•	-	(314.1)	(312.6)
Tax assets/(liabilities)		51.1	65.6	(314.1)	(312.7)
Set off of tax		(51.1)	(65.6)	51.1	65.6
Net tax assets/(liabilities)		-	-	(263.0)	(247.1)
Parent					
Alinta acquisition investigation costs (i)		2.9	4.3	-	-
Tax losses		0.2	0.3	-	
Net tax assets/(liabilities)		3.1	4.6	-	

i) One–off transaction costs associated with the proposed acquisition of the Alinta assets and businesses from Singapore Power International Pty Ltd which did not proceed.



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Notes to the financial statements

31 March 2010

Note 5 Income tax and deferred tax (continued)

(e) Movement in temporary differences during the year

	Consolidated		Parent		
		2010	2009	2010	2009
	Notes	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M
Net deferred tax asset/(liabilities)					
Opening balance at 1 April		(247.1)	(260.3)	4.6	6.2
(Charged)/credited to the income statement (i)	5(a)	(5.2)	(5.2)	(1.5)	(1.4)
Credited/(debited) to equity	5(c)	(10.3)	16.9	-	-
Net prior year over/(under) provision	5(a)	(0.4)	1.5	-	(0.2)
Closing balance at 31 March		(263.0)	(247.1)	3.1	4.6

i) Deferred tax income/expense recognised in the income statement in respect of each type of temporary difference is as

	Charged/(credited) to the income statements			
	2010	2009		
	\$M	\$M		
Consolidated				
Alinta acquisition investigation costs	1.5	1.4		
Employee benefits	(0.5)	(0.3)		
Other accruals and provisions	(0.2)	-		
Intellectual property – copyright	2.0	2.0		
Derivatives and fair value adjustments on borrowings	(0.1)	(0.1)		
Tax losses	0.1	-		
Defined benefit fund	1.1	0.3		
Deferred charges (non-current)	(0.1)	(0.1)		
Property, plant and equipment	1.4	2.0		
Total charged/(credited) to the income statements	5.2	5.2		
Parent				
Alinta acquisition investigation costs	1.4	1.4		
Tax losses	0.1	_		
Total charged/(credited) to the income statements	1.5	1.4		

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Notes to the financial statements

31 March 2010

Note 6 Dividends

The following dividends were approved and paid by SP AusNet Transmission to shareholders during the current financial year:

	Date paid	Cents per share	dividend \$M
Fully franked dividend	25 June 2009	1.911	40.5
Fully franked dividend	22 December 2009	1.289	34.3
Total dividends			74.8

The following dividends were approved and paid by SP AusNet Transmission to shareholders during the previous financial year:

Total dividends		55.4
Fully franked dividend 18 Dec	cember 2008 1.911	40.0
Fully franked dividend 23 Jur	ne 2008 0.736	15.4

(a) Franking account

	Consolidated	
	2010	2009
	\$M	\$N
30 per cent franking credits available to shareholders for subsequent financial years	26.3	34.6

The above available amounts are based on the balance of the dividend franking account at year end adjusted for franking credits that will arise from the payment of current tax liabilities.

The ability to utilise the franking credits is dependent upon there being sufficient available profits to declare dividends. The impact on the dividend franking account of dividends proposed after the balance date but not recognised as a liability is to reduce it by \$18.4 million (2009: \$17.4 million). In accordance with the tax consolidation legislation, the Company as the head entity in the tax consolidated group has assumed the benefit of \$26.3 million (2009: \$34.6 million) franking credits.



SP Australia Networks (Transmission) Ltd SP Australia Networks (Transmission) Ltd

Notes to the financial statements

31 March 2010

Note 7 Earnings per share

On 19 October 2005, SP AusNet Transmission executed a reverse acquisition deeming SPI PowerNet to be the parent entity of the SP AusNet Transmission Group. The following earnings per share have been calculated recognising the legal form of the reverse acquisition, which means that the calculation is based on the earnings of the consolidated group and the share capital of the legal parent (SP AusNet Transmission).

(a) Basic earnings per share

	Combined	
	2010	2009
	\$M	\$M
Profit from operations attributable to the ordinary equityholders of the Company	71.6	59.4
Profit attributable to the ordinary equityholders of the Company	71.6	59.4
Weighted average number of shares (million)	2,583.9	2,100.6
	Cents	Cents
Earnings per share from profit	2.77	2.83

(b) Diluted earnings per share

There were no factors causing a dilution of either the profit or loss attributable to ordinary equityholders or the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding. Accordingly, basic and diluted earnings per share are the same.

Note 8 Cash and cash equivalents

•	Consolidated		Parent	
	2010	2009	2010	2009
	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M
Cash and cash equivalents	0.7	-	-	_
Total cash and cash equivalents	0.7	-	-	-

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Notes to the financial statements

31 March 2010

Note 9 Receivables Consolidated Parent 2010 2009 2010 2009 \$M \$M \$M \$M Current receivables Accounts receivable 42.7 41.1 Allowance for impairment loss (0.1)Related party receivables 3.1 46.8 3.0 72.0 44.2 46.8 45.6 72.0 2.1 2.7 Accrued revenue 47.7 46.9 72.0 46.8 Total current receivables 47.7 46.9 72.0 46.8 Total receivables

SP Australia Networks (Transmission) Ltd

(a) Terms and conditions

Accounts receivable are non-interest bearing and the average credit period on sales of transmission services is ten business days. An allowance has been made for estimated unrecoverable amounts, determined by reference to past default experience of individual debtors.

All debts greater than 90 days are provided for in full, except where past experience of individual debtors provides evidence that another amount, if any, is more appropriate.

Collateral in the form of bank guarantees, letters of credit and deposits are obtained from certain counterparties where appropriate. The amounts called upon during the current and previous financial year were insignificant and no item is individually significant.

(b) Ageing of accounts receivable

The ageing of accounts receivable as at reporting date was:

	Consolidated			
	2010	2010	2009	2009
	Gross	Allowance	Gross	Allowance
	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M
Not past due	41.8	-	40.4	-
0 - 30 days	0.3	-	0.4	-
31 - 60 days	0.3	-	0.2	-
61 - 90 days	0.2	-	-	-
Greater than 90 days	0.1	(0.1)	0.1	-
Total	42.7	(0.1)	41.1	-

Of those debts that are past due, the majority are receivable from high credit quality counterparties. Receivables relating to regulated revenue streams (which account for over 90 per cent of revenues) are owed by other participants in the industry. There are strict regulatory requirements regarding who can participate in the industry and the Essential Services Commission has minimum prudential requirements, before a participant can be registered.



SP Australia Networks (Transmission) Ltd

Notes to the financial statements

31 March 2010

Note 9 Receivables (continued)

(c) Reconciliation of movement in allowance for impairment loss

The movement in the allowance for impairment losses in respect of accounts receivable was as follows:

	Consolidated		
	2010		
	\$M	\$M	
Opening balance	-	-	
Additional allowance recognised/(written back)	0.1	-	
Closing balance	0.1		

Note 10 Inventories

Note to inventories				
	Consolidated		Parent	
	2010	2009	2010	2009
	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M
Current inventories				
Construction, maintenance stocks and general purpose materials	3.3	1.6	-	
Total current inventories	3.3	1.6	-	
Non-current inventories				
Construction, maintenance stocks and general purpose materials	15.8	16.1	•	
Total non-current inventories	15.8	16.1	-	
Total inventories	19.1	17.7	-	-

Notes to the financial statements

31 March 2010

» SP Australia Networks (Transmission) Ltd

Note 11	Derivative financial instruments					
		Consolidate	ed	Parent		
		2010	2009	2010	2009	
		\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M	
Current deriva	ative financial instrument assets					
Interest rate sv	waps	-	2.8	-	-	
Forward foreig	n exchange contracts	0.1	1.2	-	-	
Total current	derivative financial instrument assets	0.1	4.0	-	-	
Non-current of	derivative financial instrument assets					
Interest rate sv	waps	2.5	5.3	-	-	
Total non-cur	rent derivative financial instrument assets	2.5	5.3	-	-	
Total derivativ	ve financial instrument assets	2.6	9.3	-	-	
Current derive	ative financial instrument liabilities					
Interest rate sv	waps	4.2	18.2	-	-	
Forward foreig	n exchange contracts	0.4	0.5	-	-	
Total current	derivative financial instrument liabilities	4.6	18.7	-	-	
Non-current of Interest rate sv	derivative financial instrument liabilities waps	1.2	12.3		-	
Total non-cur	rrent derivative financial instrument liabilities	1.2	12.3	-	-	
Total derivativ	ve financial instrument liabilities	5.8	31.0	-		

(a) Financial risk management objectives

Details of the SP AusNet Transmission Group's financial risk management objectives and policies are disclosed in note 20 to the financial statements.

SP Australia Networks (Transmission) Ltd

Notes to the financial statements

31 March 2010

Note 11 Derivative financial instruments (continued)

(b) Interest rate risk management

The following table summarises the designations of interest rate swaps used to manage interest rate exposure:

	Cash flow hedges	Fair value ı hedges	Total	
2010	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M
Interest rate swaps Financial assets Financial liabilities	0.8 (3.7)	- -	1.7 (1.7)	2.5 (5.4)
2009				
Interest rate swaps Financial assets Financial liabilities	(22.4)	-	8.1 (8.1)	8.1 (30.5)

The parent entity does not utilise interest rate swaps.

As at reporting date, unrealised losses after tax in respect of interest rate swaps of \$1.7 million (2009: \$15.4 million) have been deferred in the hedging reserve to the extent the hedge is effective and will be released when the underlying transaction impacts profit or loss.

(c) Foreign currency risk management

	Weighted	Foreign currency (FC)	Fair value (including AUD notional			
	average exchange	contract value	contract value)	Less than 1 year	1 - 5 years	More than 5 years
	rate	FC'M	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M
2010						
Forward foreign currency contracts						
Buy EUR (European Euro)	0.590	0.6	1.1	1.0	0.1	-
Buy USD (United States Dollar)	0.838	1.6	2.0	1.7	0.3	-
Buy GBP (British Pound)	0.434	0.1	0.2	0.2	-	-
2009						
Forward foreign currency contracts						
Buy EUR (European Euro)	0.541	2.3	4.0	3.6	0.4	-
Buy SEK (Swedish Krone)	5.285	27.5	5.5	5.5	-	-
Buy USD (United States Dollar)	0.777	4.1	4.7	4.7	-	-
Buy GBP (British Pound)	0.445	0.3	0.8	0.8	-	-
Buy JPY (Japanese Yen)	85.039	74.9	0.7	0.7	-	-

The parent entity does not utilise forward foreign currency contracts.

SP AusNet*

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Notes to the financial statements

31 March 2010

Note 11 Derivative financial instruments (continued)

(c) Foreign currency risk management (continued)

The following table summarises the designations of the hedging instruments used to manage currency risk:

	Cash flow			
	hedges	hedges	relationship	Total
	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M
2010				
Forward foreign currency contracts				
Financial assets	0.1	-	-	0.1
Financial liabilities	(0.4)	-	-	(0.4)
2009				
Forward foreign currency contracts				
Financial assets	1.2	-	-	1.2
Financial liabilities	(0.5)	-	-	(0.5)

As at reporting date, unrealised losses after tax in respect of forward foreign exchange contracts of \$0.2 million (2009: gains of \$0.5 million) have been deferred in the hedging reserve to the extent the hedge is effective and will be released when the underlying transaction impacts profit or loss.

(d) Derivatives in cash flow hedge reserve

	Consolidated	t	Parent	
	2010	2009	2010	2009
	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M
Opening balance	(14.9)	0.3	-	-
Charged to other comprehensive income	12.8	(15.2)	-	-
Transferred to interest expense	0.2	-		
Closing balance	(1.9)	(14.9)	-	



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Notes to the financial statements

31 March 2010

Note 11 Derivative financial instruments (continued)

(e) Cash flow hedge - expected settlement

(e) Cash now heage - expected settlement		Total contractual cash flows \$M		1 - 2 years \$M	2 - 5 years \$M	Greater than 5 years \$M
2010 - Consolidated						
Derivative financial assets - cash flow hedge expected settlement						
Interest rate swaps	8.0	0.9	-	-	0.9	-
Forward foreign currency contracts	0.1	-	-	-	-	-
- Inflow	-	0.5	0.5	-	-	-
- Outflow	-	(0.4)	(0.4)	-	-	
_	0.9	1.0	0.1	-	0.9	
Derivative financial liabilities - cash flow hedge expected settlement						
Interest rate swaps	3.7	5.0	5.0	-	-	-
Forward foreign currency contracts	0.4	-	-	-	-	-
- Inflow	-	(3.2)	(2.8)	(0.4)	-	-
- Outflow	-	3.6	3.2	0.4	-	
_	4.1	5.4	5.4	-	-	
Net maturity	(3.2)	(4.4)	(5.3)	-	0.9	
2009 - Consolidated						
Derivative financial assets - cash flow hedge expected settlement						
Forward foreign currency contracts	1.2	-	-	-	-	-
- Inflow	-	7.2	7.2	-	-	-
- Outflow	-	(6.0)	(6.0)	-	-	-
	1.2	1.2	1.2	-	-	
Derivative financial liabilities - cash flow hedge expected settlement						
Interest rate swaps	22.4	24.6	14.7	8.6	1.3	-
Forward foreign currency contracts	0.5	-	-	-	-	-
- Inflow	-	(9.8)	(9.4)	(0.4)	-	-
- Outflow	-	10.3	9.9	0.4	-	-
_	22.9	25.1	15.2	8.6	1.3	_
Net maturity	(21.7)	(23.9)	(14.0)	(8.6)	(1.3)	-

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Notes to the financial statements

31 March 2010

Note 12 Other assets

	Consolidated		Parent	
	2010	2009	2010	2009
	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M
Current other assets				
Prepayments	4.1	6.2	0.2	0.2
Interest Receivable	0.8	-	-	-
Total other assets	4.9	6.2	0.2	0.2

Investments in subsidiaries Note 13

		Consolidate	d	Parent	
		2010	2009	2010	2009
	Note	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M
Investments in subsidiaries	27	-	-	1,096.9	1,096.9
Total investments in subsidiaries		-	-	1,096.9	1,096.9

SP Australia Networks (Transmission) Ltd

Notes to the financial statements 31 March 2010

					Other plant		
	Freehold land	Buildings		Transmission network	and equipment	and equipment Capital works	
	at cost \$M	at cost \$M	at cost \$M	at cost \$M	at cost \$M	at cost \$M	
onsolidated amount at 1 April 2009	230.8	122.1	1,144.3	1,395.0	43.2	151.1	
	•	•	1	٠	٠	162.5	
	0.2	13.6		122.7	17.1	(153.6)	
		1	ı	(1.4)	(0.1)	1	
ion expense		(5.4)		(59.8)	(11.1)	•	
amount at 31 March 2010	231.0	130.3	1,144.3	1,456.5	49.1	160.0	
value at 31 March 2010	231 0	159 G	1 144.3	1 791 3	125.2	160.0	
nted depreciation		(29.3)	2	(334.8)	(76.1)	2.	
amount at 31 March 2010	231.0	130.3	1,144.3	1,456.5	49.1	160.0	

3,611.4 (440.2) 3,171.2

. (1.5) (76.3) 3,171.2

Property, plant and equipment

Note 14

Carrying am
Net book va
Cost
Accumulated Carrying an 2010 - Cons Carrying am Additions Transfers Disposals

The parent entity holds no property, plant and equipment.



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Notes to the financial statements 31 March 2010

Note 14 Property, plant and equipment (continued)	ntinued)						
	, Freehold land at cost	Buildings at cost	T Easements at cost	Transmission network at cost	Other plant and equipment Ca at cost	Capital works at cost	Total
	W\$	\$W	\$W	\$W	\$	W\$	\$
2009 - Consolidated							
Carrying amount at 1 April 2008	230.9	107.1	1,144.3	1,377.7	44.1	112.7	3,016.8
Additions	•	•		•	•	140.1	140.1
Transfers	•	20.3	•	73.2	8.2	(101.7)	
Disposals	(0.1)	•	•	(0.3)	(0.7)	•	(1.1)
Depreciation expense		(5.3)		(55.6)	(8.4)		(69.3)
Carrying amount at 31 March 2009	230.8	122.1	1,144.3	1,395.0	43.2	151.1	3,086.5
Net book value at 31 March 2009							
Cost	230.8	146.0	1,144.3	1,671.3	108.9	151.1	3,452.4
Accumulated depreciation		(23.9)		(276.3)	(65.7)		(365.9)
Carrying amount at 31 March 2009	230.8	122.1	1,144.3	1,395.0	43.2	151.1	3,086.5

The parent entity holds no Carrying amount at 31

SP Australia Networks (Transmission) Ltd

Notes to the financial statements

31 March 2010

Note 15	Payables and other liabilities				
	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	Consolidate	d	Parent	
		2010	2009	2010	2009
		\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M
Current liabili	ties - payables and other liabilities				
Trade payables	s and accruals	29.0	54.7	-	-
GST payable		6.1	6.0	-	-
Customer depo	osits	0.1	-	-	-
Deferred reven	nue	0.4	0.3	-	-
Related party p	payables	7.0	8.9	0.2	0.2
Total current	payables and other liabilities	42.6	69.9	0.2	0.2
Non-current li	abilities - payables and other liabilities				
Deferred reven		0.9	1.2	-	-
Total non-cur	rent payables and other liabilities	0.9	1.2	-	
Total payables	s and other liabilities	43.5	71.1	0.2	0.2

Note 16 **Borrowings**

note it Bonowings				
	Consolidate	ed	Parent	
	2010	2009	2010	2009
	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M
Current borrowings				
Domestic medium term debts	184.7	-	-	-
Amounts owed to related parties:				
Amounts owed to SP AusNet Finance Trust	1,030.5	1,059.5	1,030.5	1,059.5
Total current borrowings	1,215.2	1,059.5	1,030.5	1,059.5
Non-current borrowings				
Domestic medium term debts	-	184.4	-	-
Amounts owed to related parties:				
Amounts owed to subsidiaries	-	-	87.0	47.6
Amounts owed to other related parties	1,697.6	1,557.3	-	-
Total non-current borrowings	1,697.6	1,741.7	87.0	47.6
Total borrowings	2,912.8	2,801.2	1,117.5	1,107.1

(a) Other bank guarantees

Certain entities are required to provide bank guarantees in the form of tender bid bonds or performance bonds for contractual obligations. The subsidiaries have guarantee facilities with a number of institutions amounting to \$15.0 million of which \$1.0 million was lodged with third parties at 31 March 2010 (2009: \$1.5 million).



Notes to the financial statements

31 March 2010

Note 17 Provisions

Consolidate	d	Parent	
2010	2009	2010	2009
\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M
13.9	12.7	•	-
13.9	12.7	-	-
0.8	0.6	-	-
6.1	25.6	-	-
6.9	26.2	-	-
20.8	38.9	-	-
	2010 \$M 13.9 13.9 0.8 6.1 6.9	\$M \$M 13.9 12.7 13.9 12.7 0.8 0.6 6.1 25.6 6.9 26.2	2010 2009 2010 \$M \$M \$M 13.9 12.7 - 13.9 12.7 - 0.8 0.6 - 6.1 25.6 - 6.9 26.2 -

Note 18 Equity

		2010	2009
	Notes	Shares	Shares
Share capital			
Ordinary shares - fully paid (million)	(a), (b)	2,705.1	2,120.4

In accordance with the requirements of reverse acquisition accounting under AASB 3 Business Combinations the number of shares disclosed is that of the legal parent, SP AusNet Transmission. The carrying value of these shares is \$100 which is rounded to \$nil in the statement of financial position.

(a) Ordinary shares

Ordinary shares entitle the holder to participate in dividends and the proceeds on winding up of the Company in proportion to the number of and amounts paid on the shares issued. Holders of ordinary shares are entitled to one vote on a show of hands or one vote for each ordinary share held on a poll at shareholders' meetings.



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Notes to the financial statements

31 March 2010

Note 18 Equity (continued)

(b) Movements in ordinary	share capital			
Date	Details	Notes	Number of shares	\$M (i)
1 April 2008	Opening balance		2,092,680,010	650.1
18 December 2008	Distribution reinvestment plan	(ii)	27,743,305	-
31 March 2009	Closing balance		2,120,423,315	650.1
1 April 2009	Opening balance		2,120,423,315	650.1
28 May 2009	Institutional capital raising	(iii)	431,541,856	-
28 May 2009	Retail capital raising	(iii)	9,967,159	-
17 June 2009	Retail capital raising	(iii)	85,169,591	-
25 June 2009	Distribution reinvestment plan	(iv)	15,829,499	-
22 December 2009	Distribution reinvestment plan	(iv)	42,208,731	-
31 March 2010	Closing balance		2,705,140,151	650.1

- (i) With respect to the allocation of the proceeds in the form of shares in SP AusNet Transmission, SP AusNet Distribution and units in SP AusNet Finance Trust, all amounts were allocated to the units in SP AusNet Finance Trust with the shares in SP AusNet Transmission and SP AusNet Distribution being issued at nominal consideration.
- (ii) On 7 October 2008, the Stapled Group announced the establishment of a Distribution Reinvestment Plan ("DRP"). On 18 December 2008, 27.7 million new stapled securities were issued under the DRP. The new securities were issued at a price of \$0.96 per security providing approximately \$26.6 million.
- A total of 526,678,606 securities were issued under the non-renounceable entitlement offer completed in June 2009 at an issue price of \$0.78 per stapled security for eligible securityholders in Australia and New Zealand and S\$0.86 per stapled security for eligible securityholders in Singapore.
- (iv) On 25 June 2009 and on 22 December 2009, 15.8 million and 42.2 million new stapled securities were issued under the DRP respectively. The new securities were issued at a price of \$0.78 per security and \$0.82 per security, respectively, providing approximately \$12.3 million and \$34.6 million, respectively.

(c) Capital management

The Directors and other key management personnel of SP AusNet are engaged to provide services to the SP AusNet Group and are not exclusive to any particular entity within the SP AusNet Group. Accordingly, funding and other policy matters are managed for the whole of the SP AusNet Group and not on an individual basis.

The Board's policy is to maintain a capital structure appropriate to generate desired shareholder returns and to ensure the lowest cost of capital available to the entity.

Notes to the financial statements

31 March 2010

Note 18 Equity (continued)

(c) Capital management (continued)

An important credit metric which assists management to monitor SP AusNet's capital structure is the net debt to Regulated Asset Base ("RAB") ratio, determined as indebtedness as a percentage of RAB. Indebtedness is debt at face value (net of cash), excluding any derivatives. The movement of this metric over time demonstrates how the business is funding its capital expenditure in terms of debt versus income generating assets. SP AusNet targets a net debt to RAB ratio of less than 85 per cent.

The debt to RAB ratios as at reporting date were as follows:

	Consolidate	ed	Parent	
	2010	2009	2010	2009
	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M
Total indebtedness	4,709.7	4,225.1	-	-
Less cash and cash equivalents	(545.1)	(7.2)	-	
Net indebtedness	4,164.6	4,217.9	-	-
Total RAB	5,689.1	5,333.2	-	-
	%	%	%	%
Debt to RAB	82.8	79.2	-	-
Net debt to RAB	73.2	79.1	-	-

The terms of certain financing arrangements of the various SP AusNet borrowers contain financial covenants that require maintenance of specified interest coverage ratios and gearing ratios. In addition, certain arrangements contain provisions that are specifically affected by changes in credit ratings, change of control and/or ownership and cross default provisions.

SP AusNet monitors and reports compliance with its financial covenants on a monthly basis. There have been no breaches during the year.

SP AusNet complied with all externally imposed capital requirements throughout the current and previous reporting period.

In October 2008 SP AusNet commenced the establishment of a Distribution Reinvestment Plan ("DRP") which was activated for the interim distribution paid on 18 December 2008. This was maintained for distributions paid 25 June 2009 and 22 December 2009. The funds raised by the DRP will be used for capital management purposes and to fund capital expenditure for growth.

SP AusNet maintains a well diversified debt maturity profile together with well diversified sources of debt. In order to maintain its prudent capital structure, support its existing A range credit rating and enable continued access to capital markets to fund growth driven by strong energy demand in Victoria, SP AusNet undertook an internal capital review. As a result of this process, SP AusNet completed a CHF 475.0 million five and a half year Swiss franc bond issue, a HK\$700.0 million ten year Hong Kong dollar bond issue and also completed \$300.0 million seven and a half year Australian dollar bond issue in March 2010.

Beyond the year ended 31 March 2010, distributions will be determined based on operating cash flows after funding 100 per cent of maintenance capital expenditure and a portion of growth capital expenditure. SP AusNet's long-term aim is to continue to deliver sustainable growth in securityholder value.



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(Transmission) Ltd

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Notes to the financial statements

31 March 2010

Note 19 Defined benefit obligations

The SP AusNet Transmission Group makes contributions to an Equipsuper defined benefit superannuation plan that provides defined benefit amounts to employees or their dependants upon retirement, death, disablement or withdrawal. Benefits are mostly in the form of a lump sum based on the employee's final average salary, although, in some cases, defined benefit members are also eligible for pension benefits.

The defined benefit sections of the Equipsuper plan is closed to new members. All new members receive defined contribution, accumulation style benefits.

Mercer Investment Nominees Limited performed actuarial valuations of the fund as at 31 March 2010 and 31 March 2009.

The SP AusNet Transmission Group has recognised a liability in the statement of financial position in respect of its defined benefit obligations.

The net liability position of the fund, together with the actuarial assumptions are set out below:

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Consolidated	l
	2010	2009
Key assumptions used (expressed as weighted averages):	%	%
Discount rate (active members)	5.20	3.90
Discount rate (pensioners)	5.70	4.30
Expected return on plan assets (active members)	7.00	7.00
Expected return on plan assets (pensioners)	7.50	7.50
Expected salary increase rate	4.50	4.50
Expected pension increase rate	3.00	3.00
	Consolidate	ed
	2010	2009
	\$M	\$M
Amounts recognised in the income statement in respect of the defined benefit plan are as follows:		
Current service cost	1.3	1.2
Interest cost	3.1	3.4
Expected return on plan assets	(4.1)	(5.2)
Total	0.3	(0.6)
Actuarial (losses)/gains recognised during the year in the statements of comprehensive income	15.8	(34.7)
Cumulative actuarial (losses)/gains recognised in the statements of comprehensive income	(12.0)	(27.8)
Total amount included in the statement of financial position arising from the SP AusNet Transmission Group's obligations in respect of its defined benefit plan are as follows:		
Present value of funded defined benefit obligations	(81.2)	(86.8)
Fair value of plan assets	75.1	61.2
Net (liability)/asset arising from defined benefit obligations recognised in the statement of		
financial position	(6.1)	(25.6)

Notes to the financial statements

31 March 2010

Note 19 Defined benefit obligations (continued)

· · · ·	Consolidate	ed
	2010	2009
	\$M	\$M
Movement in the present value of the defined benefit obligations in the current period were as follows:		
Opening defined benefit obligation	86.8	69.5
Current service cost	1.3	1.2
Interest cost	3.1	3.4
Contributions by plan participants	0.7	0.6
Actuarial (gains)/losses	(6.9)	16.1
Benefits, taxes and premiums paid	(3.8)	(3.8)
Transfers in	-	(0.2)
Closing defined benefit obligations	81.2	86.8
Movements in the fair value of plan assets in the current period were as follows:		
Opening fair value of plan assets	61.2	77.5
Expected return on plan assets net of investment and administration expenses	4.1	5.2
Actuarial gains/(losses)	8.9	(18.6)
Contributions from the employer	4.0	0.5
Contributions by plan participants	0.7	0.6
Benefits, taxes and premiums paid	(3.8)	(3.8)
Transfers in	-	(0.2)
Closing fair value of plan assets	75.1	61.2

The actual return on plan assets was a gain of \$13.0 million (2009: loss of \$13.4 million).

The SP AusNet Transmission Group expects to make contributions of \$2.2 million to the defined benefit plan during the next financial year. The Target Funding method is used to determine the contribution rates. Under the Target Funding method, the employer contribution rate is set at a level such that the plans' assets are expected to equal 105 per cent of the plans' liabilities within five years. The plans' assets are currently 92 per cent of the plans' liabilities.



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Note 19 Defined benefit obligations (continued)

The analysis of the plans' assets and the expected rate of return at the balance date are as follows:

	Fair value of assets	Fair value of plan assets	
	Consolidat	Consolidated	
	2010 (i)	2009	
	%	%	
Australian equities	37	33	
International equities	25	24	
Fixed interest securities	13	13	
Property	10	13	
Growth alternative	7	8	
Defensive alternative	2	4	
Cash	6	5	
	100	100	

(i) Asset allocation as at 31 March 2010 is currently unavailable. Asset allocation as at 11 March 2010 has been used.

The expected return on assets assumption is determined by weighting the long-term return for each asset class by the target allocation of assets to each class and allowing for correlation of the investment returns between asset classes. The returns used for each class are net of investment tax and investment fees. An allowance for administrative expenses has been deducted from the expected return.

Historic summary

	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M
Defined benefit plan's obligation	(81.2)	(86.8)	(69.5)	(67.8)	(65.1)
Plans' assets	75.1	61.2	77.5	80.5	73.0
(Deficit)/surplus	(6.1)	(25.6)	8.0	12.7	7.9
Experience adjustments loss/(gains) arising on plans' liabilities	0.4	7.2	2.1	3.4	-
Experience adjustments loss/(gains) arising on plans' assets	(8.9)	18.6	5.2	(6.3)	(4.5)

Notes to the financial statements

31 March 2010

Note 20 Financial risk management

The Directors and other key management personnel of SP AusNet are engaged to provide services to the SP AusNet Group and are not exclusive to any particular entity within the SP AusNet Group. Accordingly, funding and other policy matters are managed for the whole of the SP AusNet Group and not on an individual entity basis.

The SP AusNet Transmission Group's activities expose it primarily to the financial risks of changes in interest rates and foreign currency exchange rates. The SP AusNet Transmission Group manages its exposure to these risks in accordance with its Treasury Risk Policy which is approved by the Board. The policy is reviewed annually or more regularly if required by a significant change in the SP AusNet Transmission Group's operations. Any suggested changes are submitted to the Board for approval.

The objective of the Treasury Risk Policy is to document the SP AusNet Transmission Group's approach to treasury risk management and to provide a framework for ongoing evaluation and review of risk management techniques. The policy identifies each type of financial risk to which the SP AusNet Transmission Group is exposed. The policy provides an analysis of each risk, the objective of and techniques for managing the risk, including identifying and reporting risks to management and the Board.

Treasury evaluates and hedges financial risks in close co-operation with the SP AusNet Transmission Group's operating units. The Treasury Risk Policy provides written principles for overall risk management, as well as written policies covering specific areas, such as mitigating foreign exchange, interest rate and credit risks, use of derivative financial instruments and investing excess liquidity.

The Treasury Risk Policy operates in conjunction with several other SP AusNet Transmission Group policies, including the:

- SP AusNet Authority Manual which sets out the approvals required for such things as investment of surplus funds, execution of hedging transactions, borrowings and issue of guarantees and indemnities;
- SP AusNet Treasury Operations Manual which sets out the day to day Treasury front office processes such as cash
 management and the operations of the Treasury back office, such as settlement processes and bank account operations;
- SP AusNet Refinancing and Hedging Strategy which sets out the refinancing and hedging strategies over the relevant financial period; and
- SP AusNet Credit Metrics Policy which sets out target ranges for the key credit metrics that determine the SP AusNet
 Transmission Group's credit strength, such as the percentage of debt to the value of the regulatory asset base at a
 balance date.

Together these policies provide a financial risk management framework which supports the SP AusNet Transmission Group's objectives of finding the right balance between risk and reward to enhance profitability and business performance while minimising current and future exposures.

The SP AusNet Transmission Group enters into a variety of derivative financial instruments to manage its exposure to interest rate and foreign currency risk, including:

- forward foreign exchange contracts; and
- interest rate swaps.



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Notes to the financial statements

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Note 20 Financial risk management (continued)

The SP AusNet Transmission Group does not enter into or trade financial instruments, including derivative financial instruments, for speculative purposes.

It is the SP AusNet Transmission Group's policy to ensure, wherever possible, that all hedging activities comply with the hedge accounting requirements of AASB 139 *Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement*. However, there may be instances where it makes commercial and economic sense to enter into derivative transactions that do not achieve hedge accounting. In these instances, under AASB 139 such derivatives must be classified as "held for trading". However this classification is not an indication of an intent to trade in derivative financial instruments.

The material financial risks associated with SP AusNet Transmission Group's activities are each described below, together with details of SP AusNet Transmission Group's policies for managing the risk.

(a) Interest rate risk

The SP AusNet Transmission Group is exposed to the risk of movements in interest rates on its borrowings. In addition, the SP AusNet Transmission Group's electricity transmission business revenues are impacted directly by changes in the rates of interest relating to its price review periods. This is a result of the "building block" approach where interest rates are considered in the determination of the regulatory weighted average cost of capital and consequently regulated revenues. The price review period is six years.

The objective of hedging activities carried out by the SP AusNet Transmission Group is to minimise the exposure to changes in interest rates by matching the actual cost of debt with the cost of debt assumed by the regulator when setting the rate of return for the business. The exposure is managed by maintaining an appropriate mix of fixed and floating rate borrowings and by the use of interest rate swaps. SP AusNet Transmission Group therefore considers interest rate exposure to be minimal for the SP AusNet Transmission Group.

The debt portfolio of the SP AusNet Transmission Group consists of both floating rate debt and fixed rate debt. Interest rate derivatives are used in order to maintain the percentage of fixed rate debt to total debt at a level between 90 per cent and 100 per cent for the relevant business over the relevant regulatory period.

As at reporting date, the SP AusNet Transmission Group had the following financial assets and liabilities exposed to interest rate risk that are not designated in a cash flow hedging relationship:

		Consolidated		Parent	
		2010	2009	2010	2009
	Notes	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M
Financial assets Derivative financial instruments	11(b)	1.7	8.1	-	-
Financial liabilities Related party borrowings Derivative financial instruments	11(b)	2,136.7 1.7	2,001.9 8.1	526.1 -	492.2 -

The SP AusNet Transmission Group utilises interest rate swaps to manage its exposure to interest rate risk (refer note 11). Under interest rate swaps, the SP AusNet Transmission Group agrees to exchange the difference between fixed and floating rate interest amounts calculated on agreed notional principal amounts. Such contracts enable the SP AusNet Transmission Group to mitigate the risk of changing interest rates on debt held.

Due to the SP AusNet Transmission Group's interest rate risk management policies the exposure to interest rate risk at any point in time is minimal and therefore so is the SP AusNet Transmission Group's sensitivity to movements in interest rates.

Notes to the financial statements

31 March 2010

Note 20 Financial risk management (continued)

(a) Interest rate risk (continued)

As at reporting date, if interest rates had moved as illustrated in the table below, with all other variables held constant, post-tax profit and equity would have increased/(decreased) as follows:

	Consolidated		Parent	
	Net profit (after tax)	Equity (hedge reserve)	(hedge Net profit	
	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M
Judgements of reasonably possible movements:				
2010				
3.08 per cent increase with all other variables held constant	(46.1)	1.4	(11.3)	-
3.08 per cent decrease with all other variables held constant	46.1	(1.4)	11.3	-
2009				
2.04 per cent increase with all other variables held constant	(28.6)	13.2	(7.0)	-
2.04 per cent decrease with all other variables held				
constant	28.6	(14.2)	7.0	-

The interest impact on the net profit after tax has increased with the 1.04 per cent widening in the movements in rates from 31 March 2009 to 31 March 2010.

The interest rate sensitivity analysis for the parent is based on interest rate exposures to entities within the SP AusNet group only.

The judgements of reasonably possible movements were determined using statistical analysis of the 95th percentile best and worst expected outcomes having regard to actual historical interest rate data over the previous five years based on the three month bank bill swap rate. Management considers that past movements are a transparent basis for determining reasonably possible movements in interest rates.

(b) Currency risk

The SP AusNet Transmission Group is exposed to currency risk due to undertaking certain transactions denominated in foreign currencies. Exchange rate exposures are managed within approved policy parameters utilising forward foreign exchange contracts (refer to note 11).

The objective of SP AusNet Transmission Group's currency risk management program is to eliminate material foreign exchange risk by utilising various hedging techniques as approved by the Board. The SP AusNet Transmission Group therefore considers currency risk exposure to be minimal for the SP AusNet Transmission Group.

It is the policy of the SP AusNet Transmission Group to fully hedge currency exposures above a Board approved threshold once the exposure is recognised. The derivative instrument used to hedge the exposure is entered into when there is a high degree of certainty as to the nature of the exposure, including currency, amount and delivery date so as to ensure a high level of effectiveness in cash flow hedging.



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31 March 2010

Note 20 Financial risk management (continued)

(b) Currency risk (continued)

As at reporting date, the SP AusNet Transmission Group did not have any financial assets and financial liabilities exposed to currency risk that are not designated in a cash flow hedging relationship.

As at reporting date, there were no material exposures to movements in the Australian dollar against other foreign currencies.

(c) Credit risk

Credit risk refers to the risk that a counterparty will default on its contractual obligations resulting in financial loss to the SP AusNet Transmission Group and arises from the SP AusNet Transmission Group's financial assets, comprising cash and cash equivalents, trade and other receivables and derivative financial instruments.

The SP AusNet Transmission Group has adopted a policy of only dealing with creditworthy counterparties and obtaining sufficient collateral where appropriate, as a means of mitigating the risk of financial loss from defaults (refer note 9). The SP AusNet Transmission Group's exposure and the credit ratings of its counterparties are continuously monitored and the aggregate values of transactions concluded are spread amongst approved counterparties. The SP AusNet Transmission Group therefore considers credit risk exposure to be minimal for the SP AusNet Transmission Group.

In accordance with the Treasury Risk Policy, treasury counterparties each have an approved limit based on the lower of Standard & Poor's or Moody's credit rating. Counterparty limits are reviewed and approved annually by the Audit and Risk Management Committee and any changes to counterparties or their credit limits must be approved by the Chief Financial Officer and the Managing Director and must be within the parameters set by the Board as outlined in the Treasury Risk Policy.

The SP AusNet Transmission Group does not have any significant credit risk exposure as receivables relating to regulated revenue streams (which account for over 90 per cent of revenue) are owed by other participants in the industry (refer note 9(b)). The credit risk on liquid funds and derivative financial instruments is limited because the counterparties are banks with high credit ratings assigned by international credit rating agencies. At balance date, SP AusNet had \$542.7 million on term deposit with 'AA' rate Australian banks. These funds were a portion of the proceeds from SP AusNet's bond issues, which were completed in March 2010. These deposits will be recalled as needed to fund operational requirements.

Accounts receivable consist of a number of customers, spread across diverse industries and geographical areas. Ongoing credit evaluation is performed on the financial condition of accounts receivable to ensure exposure to bad debts is minimised.

Except as detailed in the following table, the carrying amount of financial assets recorded in the financial statements, net of any allowances for losses, represents the SP AusNet Transmission Group's maximum exposure to credit risk without taking account of the value of any collateral obtained:

Maximum credit risk

	2010 \$M	2009 \$M
Financial assets and other credit exposures		
AUD interest rate swaps	1.8	10.9

Notes to the financial statements

31 March 2010

Note 20 Financial risk management (continued)

(d) Liquidity risk

SP AusNet manages liquidity risk across both the SP AusNet businesses by maintaining adequate cash reserves, committed banking facilities and reserve borrowing facilities and by continuously monitoring forecast and actual cash flows and matching the maturity profiles of financial assets and liabilities. SP AusNet manages liquidity risk on a "whole of group" basis which results in efficiencies in cash flow management, working capital management, debt management and administration compared to managing the transmission and distribution businesses separately.

SP AusNet's liquidity management policies include Board approved guidelines covering the maximum volume of long-term debt maturing in any one year, the minimum number of years over which debt maturities are to be spread and the timing of refinancing. In addition, short-term bank debt and commercial paper must not represent more than an agreed percentage of the total debt portfolio of SP AusNet.

The liquidity management policies ensure that the SP AusNet Transmission Group has a well diversified portfolio of debt, in terms of maturity and source, which significantly reduces reliance on any one source of debt in any one particular year. In addition, the investment grade credit rating of SP AusNet ensures ready access to both domestic and offshore capital markets.

SPI Electricity & Gas Australia Holdings Pty Ltd, a subsidiary of SP AusNet Distribution, is the 'common' or 'central' funding vehicle ("CFV") for SP AusNet.

The key aspects of the CFV are:

- Centralisation of the majority of current and future borrowings for SP AusNet via the CFV, supported by the guarantees from the material subsidiaries of the Group; and
- It allows all SP AusNet's lenders (both existing and future) to access the assets of the Group as a whole, rather than either the distribution or transmission businesses separately.

Liquidity risk is managed across both SP AusNet Transmission and SP AusNet Distribution businesses using net inflows and outflows from financial assets and financial liabilities. The following table summarises the maturities of the SP AusNet Transmission Group's non-derivative and derivative financial assets and liabilities based on the remaining earliest contractual maturities. The contractual cash flows are based on undiscounted principal and interest commitments. For related party borrowings, other than borrowings with SP AusNet Finance Trust, the maturity has been deemed to be greater than five years.



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Notes to the financial statements

31 March 2010

Note 20 Financial risk management (continued)

(d) Liquidity risk (continued)

Consolidated		Principal at	Carrying amount	Total contractual cash flows	Less than 1 year	1 - 2 years	2 - 5 years	Greater than 5 years
2010	Notes	face value	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M
Financial assets								
Non-derivative financial assets								
Cash and cash equivalents Accounts and other	8	-	0.7	0.7	0.7	-	-	-
receivables	9	-	47.7	47.7	47.7	-	-	-
Derivative financial assets Interest rate swaps	11	-	2.5	17.8	9.6	7.3	0.9	-
Forward foreign currency contracts	11	-	0.1	-	-	-	-	-
- Inflow	11(e)			0.5	0.5	-	-	-
- Outflow	11(e)	_		(0.4)	(0.4)	-	-	-
		_	51.0	66.3	58.1	7.3	0.9	-
Financial liabilities								
Non-derivative financial liabilities								
Trade and other payables Domestic medium term	15	-	43.5	43.5	42.6	0.9	-	-
notes	16	185.0	184.7	189.6	189.6	-	-	-
Related party borrowings	16	-	2,728.1	2,728.1	1,030.5	-	-	1,697.6
Derivative financial liabilities								
Interest rate swaps	11	-	5.4	21.8	14.6	7.2	-	-
Forward foreign currency	44		0.4					
contracts - Inflow	11	-	0.4	(3.2)	- (2.0)	(0.4)	-	-
- ITIIOW - Outflow	11(e) 11(e)			(3.2)	(2.8)	(0.4) 0.4	-	-
Outilow	11(6)	_	2,962.1	2,983.4	1,277.7	8.1		1,697.6
Net maturity		_	(2,911.1)	(2,917.1)	(1,219.6)	(0.8)	0.9	(1,697.6)

Notes to the financial statements

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Note 20 Financial risk management (continued)

(d) Liquidity risk (continued)

Consolidated	·	Principal at face value	Carrying amount	Total contractual cash flows	Less than 1 year	1 - 2 years	2 - 5 years	Greater than 5 years
2009	Notes	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M
Financial assets								
Non-derivative financial assets								
Accounts and other receivables	9	-	46.9	46.9	46.9	-	-	-
Derivative financial asset	S							
Interest rate swaps	11	-	8.1	26.4	9.3	9.5	7.6	-
Forward foreign currency								
contracts	11	-	1.2	-	-	-	-	-
- Inflow	11(e)			7.2	7.2	-	-	-
- Outflow	11(e)	_		(6.0)	(6.0)	-	-	
		_	56.2	74.5	57.4	9.5	7.6	-
Financial liabilities								
Non-derivative financial liabilities								
Trade and other payables Domestic medium term	15	-	71.1	71.1	69.9	1.2	-	-
notes	16	185.0	184.4	195.2	6.3	188.9	-	-
Related party borrowings	16	-	2,616.8	2,616.8	1,059.5	-	-	1,557.3
Financial guarantees		-	-	25.2	5.0	11.2	5.7	3.3
Derivative financial liabilities								
Interest rate swaps	11	-	30.5	51.0	24.0	18.1	8.9	-
Forward foreign currency								
contracts	11	-	0.5	-	-	-	-	-
- Inflow	11(e)			(9.8)	(9.4)	(0.4)	-	-
- Outflow	11(e)	_		10.3	9.9	0.4	-	
		_	2,903.3	2,959.8	1,165.2	219.4	14.6	1,560.6
Net maturity		_	(2,847.1)	(2,885.3)	(1,107.8)	(209.9)	(7.0)	(1,560.6)



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Note 20 Financial risk management (continued)

(d) Liquidity risk (continued)

Parent		Carrying amount	Total contractual cash flows	Less than 1 year	1 - 2 years	2 - 5 years	Greater than 5 years
2010	Notes	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M
Financial assets							
Non-derivative financial assets Accounts and other receivables	9	72.0	72.0	72.0	-	-	-
		72.0	72.0	72.0	-	-	-
Financial liabilities	_						
Non-derivative financial liabilities							
Trade and other payables	15	0.2	0.2	0.2	-	-	-
Related party borrowings	16 _	1,117.5	1,117.5	1,030.5	-	-	87.0
	_	1,117.7	1,117.7	1,030.7	-	-	87.0
Net maturity	_	(1,045.7)	(1,045.7)	(958.7)	-	-	(87.0)
Parent							
2009							
Financial assets							
Non-derivative financial assets							
Accounts and other receivables	9 _	46.8	46.8	46.8	-	-	-
	_	46.8	46.8	46.8	-	-	-
Financial liabilities							
Non-derivative financial liabilities							
Trade and other payables	15	0.2	0.2	0.2	-	-	-
Related party borrowings	16 _	1,107.1	1,107.1	1,059.5	-	-	47.6
	_	1,107.3	1,107.3	1,059.7	-	-	47.6
Net maturity	_	(1,060.5)	(1,060.5)	(1,012.9)	-	-	(47.6)

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Note 20 Financial risk management (continued)

(d) Liquidity risk (continued)

SPI Electricity & Gas Australia Holdings Pty Ltd, a subsidiary of SP AusNet Distribution, is the 'common' or 'central' funding vehicle ("CFV") for SP AusNet. The SP AusNet Transmission Group obtains its financing through the CFV. In total, SP AusNet has access to committed but undrawn non-current bank debt facilities of \$570.0 million (excluding the undrawn bank overdraft) at 31 March 2010.

(e) Fair value of financial assets and liabilities

All the SP AusNet Transmission Group's assets and liabilities carried at fair value are derivative instruments that are measured using market observable data and as such are deemed level two within the fair value hierarchy as per AASB 7 *Financial Instruments: Disclosure.*

The fair value and net fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities are determined in accordance with generally accepted pricing models based on discounted cash flow analysis. Appropriate transaction costs are included in the determination of net fair value.

The following table details the fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities:

•	Carrying amount			Fair value		
		2010	2009	2010	2009	
	Notes	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M	
Consolidated						
Financial assets						
Interest rate swaps	11	2.5	8.1	2.5	8.1	
Forward foreign currency contracts	11	0.1	1.2	0.1	1.2	
Financial liabilities						
Borrowings	16	2,912.8	2,801.2	2,914.0	2,803.3	
Interest rate swaps	11	5.4	30.5	5.4	30.5	
Forward foreign currency contracts	11	0.4	0.5	0.4	0.5	
Parent						
Financial liabilities Borrowings	16	1,117.5	1,107.1	1,117.5	1,107.1	



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Note 21 Critical accounting estimates and assumptions

The SP AusNet Transmission Group makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results. Accounting estimates and assumptions where changes in those estimates and assumptions could result in a significant change are detailed below:

(a) Estimated recoverable amount of assets

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. Management has based its assessment of fair value on discounted cash flow projections over a period of 20 years together with an appropriate terminal value. Regulated cash flow forecasts are based on allowable returns subject to a cap set by the Australian Energy Regulator, together with other information included in the SP AusNet Transmission Group's five-year forecast. Cash flows after that period are based on an extrapolation of the forecast taking into account inflation. It is considered appropriate to use cash flows after the SP AusNet Transmission Group's five-year forecast period considering the long-term nature of the SP AusNet Transmission Group's activities. SP AusNet expects to have liabilities under the *National Carbon Pollution Reduction Scheme* ("CPRS") for unaccounted for gas losses from the gas distribution network. As such, management has not incorporated any potential impact arising from the CPRS into the 20 year cash flow projections for the SP AusNet Transmission Group. Cash flows are discounted using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and risks specific to the asset (refer note 1(i)).

In addition, recoverable amounts were assessed as reasonable when compared to appropriate market earnings before interest, tax, depreciation and amortisation multiples and regulated asset base multiples of recent transactions involving similar assets.

(b) Income taxes

The tax expense and deferred tax balances assume certain tax outcomes and values of assets in relation to the application of the tax consolidation regime as it applies to SP AusNet Transmission. These outcomes affect factors such as the quantification and utilisation of tax losses, capital allowance deductions and the taxation treatment of transactions between members of the SP AusNet Transmission Group.

The SP AusNet Transmission Group has taken positions in relation to the income tax and capital gains tax consequences of the acquisition by SP AusNet Transmission of the Australian assets held by SPI Australia Holdings Pty Ltd and subsequent restructuring.

In addition, deferred tax assets are recognised for deductible temporary differences only if it is probable that future taxable profits are available to utilise those temporary differences.

Assumptions are also made about the application of income tax legislation including in regard to the deductibility of the S163AA imposts and intellectual property which are currently subject to a formal Australian Taxation Office ("ATO") audit (refer note 24). These assumptions are subject to risk and uncertainty and there is a possibility that changes in circumstances will alter expectations which may impact the amount of deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities in the statement of financial statement. In these circumstances, the carrying amount of deferred tax assets and liabilities may change resulting in an impact on the earnings of the SP AusNet Transmission Group.

(c) Derivatives

The fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities must be estimated for recognition and measurement or for disclosure purposes.

All the SP AusNet Transmission Group's assets and liabilities carried at fair value are derivative instruments that are measured using market observable data and as such are deemed level two within the fair value hierarchy as per AASB 7 *Financial Instruments: Disclosure.*

Derivatives are used only for risk management strategies and are not actively traded

Notes to the financial statements

31 March 2010

Note 21 Critical accounting estimates and assumptions (continued)

(c) Derivatives (continued)

The fair value and net fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities are determined in accordance with generally accepted pricing models based on discounted cash flow analysis. This involves the valuation of derivatives based on prices sourced from observable data or market corroboration based on active quotes, for example, swaps and physical forward contracts. Appropriate transaction costs are included in the determination of net fair value.

(d) Useful lives of property, plant and equipment

Depreciation is provided for on property, plant and equipment, including freehold buildings but excluding land and easements. Depreciation is calculated on a straight-line basis so as to write off the net cost of each asset over its estimated useful life to its estimated residual value. The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation methods are reviewed annually. Assumptions are made regarding the useful lives and residual values based on the regulatory environment and technological developments. These assumptions are subject to risk and there is the possibility that changes in circumstances will alter expectations.

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

(e) Defined benefit plan

A number of estimates and assumptions are used in determining defined benefit assets, obligations and expenses. These estimates include salary increases, future earnings, rates of return etc. As SP AusNet Transmission Group has adopted the option to recognise actuarial gains and losses through retained earnings, any difference in estimates will be recognised in retained earnings and not through the income statement.

The net (liability)/asset from defined benefit obligations recognised in the statement of financial position will be affected by any significant movement in investment returns and/or interest rates.

Each year SP AusNet engages Mercer to perform an actuarial review of the SPI PowerNet defined benefit fund.

(f) Management services fee

Fees charged under the Management Services Agreements (refer note 26(d)) comprise a services charge and a performance fee. Effective 1 April 2008, the services charge is based on the actual cost of the remuneration of employees of SPI Management Services involved in the management of the SP AusNet Transmission Group. The actual cost of remuneration includes any actuarial gains or losses incurred by the SPI Management Services defined benefit plan as well as any defined benefit plan expenses. The calculation of the actuarial gains or losses and the defined benefit expense is undertaken by Mercer Investment Nominees based on assumptions provided by SPI Management Services. These assumptions include salary increases, discount rates and expected return on assets. These assumptions are subject to risk and uncertainty, and there is a possibility that actual outcomes will differ from the assumptions made which will impact the actuarial gain or loss and defined benefit plan expense recognised by SPI Management Services and passed on to the SP AusNet Transmission Group through the services charge.



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Note 22 Key management personnel disclosure

SPI Management Services, a wholly-owned subsidiary of related party Singapore Power International Pte Ltd, SP AusNet Transmission and SP AusNet Distribution are parties to a Management Services Agreement ("MSA"). In addition, SPI Management Services and the Responsible Entity are parties to a Management Services Agreement ("RE MSA"). Both agreements commenced on 1 October 2005.

In accordance with the MSA and the RE MSA, SPI Management Services provides the services of key senior management, including the Managing Director and the executive management team to the SP AusNet Group and not exclusively to any particular entity within SP AusNet. Although not employed by SP AusNet, by virtue of the operation of the MSA and the RE MSA, these individuals are deemed to qualify as key management personnel of SP AusNet. Accordingly, the details of remuneration disclosed are for services provided to SP AusNet.

Total remuneration for key management personnel during the financial year is set out below:

	Comb	ined
	2010	2009 (i)
	\$	\$
Remuneration by category		
Short-term employee benefits	4,686,964	4,824,160
Post-employment benefits	313,144	326,931
Termination benefits (ii)	-	285,261
Share-based payment	512,015	2,294,808
	5,512,123	7,731,160

- (i) Remuneration for 31 March 2009 has been adjusted for a reallocation of superannuation as disclosed in the *Remuneration Report* in the *Directors' report*.
- (ii) Termination benefits represent the payment of accrued annual and long service leave benefits.

The parent entity does not have any employees.

Notes to the financial statements

31 March 2010

Note 22 Key management personnel disclosure (continued)

Other transactions with key management personnel

From time to time, a number of key management personnel, or their related entities, may have purchased goods and services from, or supplied goods and services, to SP AusNet.

The terms and conditions of these transactions were no more favourable than those available, or which might reasonably be expected to be available, on similar transactions with non-related entities on an arm's-length basis.

Securityholdings of key management personnel

The movement in the number of ordinary securities in SP AusNet held directly, indirectly or beneficially, by key management personnel, including their related entities, is as follows:

	Balance at beginning of year (1 April 2009)	year as compensation	Options exercised	Net change other (ii)	Balance at end of year (31 March 2010)
Key management personnel					
Directors					
Ng Kee Choe	152,990	-	-	42,893	195,883
Nino Ficca	159,260	480,000	-	81,074	720,334
Jeremy Davis	50,000	-	-	55,000	105,000
Eric Gwee	105,981	-	-	40,693	146,674
Ho Tian Yee	-	-	-	-	-
Tony lannello	104,321	-	-	31,728	136,049
George Lefroy	185,556	-	-	53,650	239,206
Martyn Myer	50,000	-	-	-	50,000
lan Renard	53,086	-	-	20,739	73,825
Executives					
Nino Ficca	159,260	480,000	-	81,074	720,334
John Azaris (iii)	-	117,000	-	-	117,000
Norman Drew	20,782	161,795	-	-	182,577
John Kelso (iv)	4,227	-	-	1,714	5,941
Geoff Nicholson	-	200,000	-	-	200,000
Charles Popple	7,782	144,750	-	-	152,532



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Notes to the financial statements

31 March 2010

Note 22	Key management p	Balance at beginning of	re (continued) Granted during the year as compensation (i)	Options exercised	Net change other (ii)	Balance at end of year (31 March 2009)
Key manageme	ent personnel					
Directors						
Ng Kee Choe		150,000	-	-	2,990	152,990
Nino Ficca		150,000	-	-	9,260	159,260
Jeremy Davis		50,000	-	-	-	50,000
Eric Gwee		100,000	-	-	5,981	105,981
Ho Tian Yee (v)		-	-	-	-	-
Tony lannello		100,000	-	-	4,321	104,321
George Lefroy		100,000	-	-	85,556	185,556
Martyn Myer		650,000	-	-	(600,000)	50,000
Quek Poh Huat	(vi)	206,000	-	-	-	206,000
lan Renard		50,000	-	-	3,086	53,086
Executives						
Nino Ficca		150,000	-	-	9,260	159,260
Paul Adams (vii)	60,782	-	-	(60,782)	-
Michael Besseli	nk (viii)	-	-	-	-	-
Norman Drew		20,782	-	-	-	20,782
Adrian Hill (ix)		50,000	-	-	(50,000)	-
Geoff Nicholso	n	-	-	-	-	-
Charles Popple		7,782	-	-	-	7,782

- (i) Includes securities purchased under the Company's Long-term Incentive Plan ("LTIP").
- (ii) Net change other refers to securities purchased, sold or acquired through the DRP during the financial year or people ceasing to be a member of the key management personnel during the year.
- (iii) Mr Azaris commenced as a member of the key management personnel effective 1st April 2009.
- (iv) Mr Kelso commenced as a member of the key management personnel effective 1st April 2009.
- (v) Mr Ho commenced as a Non executive Director effective 1 September 2008.
- vi) Mr Quek resigned as a Non executive Director effective 17 July 2008.
- (vii) Mr Adams resigned as a member of the key management personnel effective 7 November 2008.
- iii) Mr Besselink was a member of the key management personnel from 8 November 2008 to 31 March 2009.
- x) Mr Hill resigned as a member of the key management personnel effective 29 August 2008.

Further details are provided in the Remuneration report in the Directors' report.

Notes to the financial statements

31 March 2010

Note 23 Remuneration of auditors

During the year the following fees were paid or payable for services provided by the auditor of the parent entity, its related practices and non-related audit firms:

(a) Assurance services

•	Consolidated		Parent	
	2010	2009	2010	2009
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Audit services				
Audit and review of financial reports and other audit work under the <i>Corporations Act</i> 2001	467	484	-	-
Additional audit fees for the year ended 31 March 2009	16	-	-	
Total remuneration for audit services	483	484	-	
Other assurance services Audit of regulatory returns	60	62	-	<u>-</u>
Total remuneration for other assurance services	60	62	-	-
Total remuneration for assurance services	543	546	-	

The auditor of the SP AusNet Transmission Group is KPMG. Audit fees for the parent entity are paid by another entity in the SP AusNet Transmission Group.

It is the SP AusNet Transmission Group's policy to employ KPMG to perform the audit of regulatory returns as these returns represent an extension of statutory audit services and need to be performed by the same audit firm to gain efficiencies and effectiveness in performing these audits.

(b) Taxation services

Tax compliance services, including review of company income tax returns	-	-	-	
Total remuneration for taxation services	-	-	-	
(c) Advisory services				
Regulatory advice	4	-	-	-
Recruitment and related services	15	-	-	
Total remuneration for advisory services	19	-	-	
Total fees	562	546	-	_



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Notes to the financial statements

31 March 2010

Note 24 Contingent liabilities

Details of contingent liabilities of the parent entity for which no provisions are included in the financial statements are as follows:

Management Services Agreements ("MSAs")

SPI Management Services, a wholly-owned subsidiary of Singapore Power International Pte Ltd, provides management services to SP AusNet under the MSA and RE MSA (together, the "MSAs") as detailed in note 22.

The terms of the MSAs are for an initial period of ten years but continue for two further ten year periods unless terminated by either party giving no less than one year's notice prior to the expiry of the applicable ten year period. In the event that the MSA is terminated by SP AusNet by the giving of such notice, SPI Management Services will be entitled to a termination fee equal to the previous financial year's services charge paid or payable to SPI Management Services. The service fee has been disclosed as a commitment in 'other expenditure commitments' (refer note 25).

In addition, details of contingent liabilities of the SP AusNet Transmission Group for which no provisions are included, other than noted below in the financial statements are as follows:

(a) Environmental

Provisions have been made for land remediation for sites in Victoria based on the estimate of the land remediation costs following site reviews and testing. These costs may increase if the extent of contamination is worse than testing indicated at the time of the reviews. Under the current environmental legislation, the Victorian Environment Protection Authority has the power to order the SP AusNet Transmission Group to incur such costs to remedy the contamination.

Hazardous materials are used in certain operational areas of the SP AusNet Transmission Group. A system of control to ensure that all such hazardous materials are identified, managed and disposed of safely, in accordance with current legislation and other obligations is in place.

The Directors are not aware of any breaches of legislation, which are material in nature. The Directors are not aware of any other remedial action required, and have no reason to believe that any possible legal or remedial action would result in a material cost or loss to the SP AusNet Transmission Group, other than as provided for in these financial statements and as noted above.

(b) Tax audits

The Australian Taxation Office ("ATO") is undertaking large business audits of the SP AusNet Transmission Group. The focus of the audits is as follows:

- deductions claimed in respect of fees imposed under Section 163AA of the Electricity Industry Act 1993 in the 1999 to 2001 tax years; and
- deductions claimed in respect of intellectual property referable to the 1998 tax year and each subsequent year.

Notes to the financial statements

31 March 2010

Note 24 Contingent liabilities (continued)

(b) Tax audits (continued)

In the year ended 31 March 2007, SP AusNet Transmission reversed \$81.4 million of previously recognised deferred tax liabilities in relation to Section 163AA imposts (\$53.3 million), intellectual property (\$18.3 million) and general interest charges (\$9.8 million) on the basis of expert advice which enabled SP AusNet Transmission to be satisfied that the deductions were properly taken for income tax purposes. The reversed deferred tax liabilities, which predominantly related to primary tax payable, are not necessarily indicative of any outflow or liability that may actually arise from an adverse ATO audit outcome or that may ultimately arise in the event that the matters are subject to litigation.

On 31 March 2010, the ATO advised SP AusNet Transmission that it intends to disallow deductions claimed in respect of Section 163AA imposts, although it has not yet issued an amended assessment to confirm this position. The ATO has invited SP AusNet Transmission to make a submission (before 30 May 2010) regarding whether the ATO should remit all or part of general interest and administrative charges that may apply in respect of Section 163AA imposts.

The ultimate timeframe or likely outcomes of the intellectual property audit is not known.

Despite the ATO audit activities, SP AusNet Transmission Group has not changed its view in regard to the availability of deductions for Section 163AA imposts and intellectual property.

(c) Victorian February bushfires

In early February 2009, the state of Victoria was impacted by bushfires. The Victorian Government subsequently established a Royal Commission of Inquiry into the Victorian bushfire crisis and SP AusNet has and continues to extend its full support and assistance to the Inquiry.

In the months following these bushfires, SP AusNet was served with a writ that alleges that "faulty and/or defective power lines" caused loss and damage as a consequence of the fire known as the Kilmore East fire. More recently, SP AusNet has been advised of a number of additional writs alleging that SP AusNet is implicated in the fire known as the Beechworth fire, where a tree limb allegedly brought down power lines, causing loss and damage. SP AusNet will vigorously defend these claims.

It is too early for SP AusNet to speculate on the outcome of any claims which may be instituted by third parties. If these claims are pursued, SP AusNet has liability insurance which provides cover for bushfire liability. SP AusNet reviews its insurance cover annually and ensures it is commensurate with the scale and size of its operations and the risks assessed to be associated with its operations and with industry standards and practice. SP AusNet's bushfire mitigation and vegetation management programs fully comply with Electricity Safety (Bushfire Mitigation) Regulations and are audited annually by Energy Safe Victoria. SP had a "zero" bushfire mitigation index throughout the 2008-09 bushfire season.

(d) Other

The SP AusNet Transmission Group is involved in various other legal and administrative proceedings and various claims on foot, the ultimate resolution of which, in the opinion of the SP AusNet Transmission Group, should not have a material effect on the consolidated entity's financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

Other than listed above, the Directors are not aware of any contingent liabilities as at 31 March 2010.



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31 March 2010

Note 25 Commitments

(a) Capital commitments

Capital expenditure contracted for at the reporting date but not recognised as a liability is as follows:

	Consolidated		Parent	
	2010	2009	2010	2009
	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$N
Property, plant and equipment				
Payable:				
Within one year	66.0	95.1	-	-
	66.0	95.1	-	-
(b) Other expenditure commitments				
Payable:				
Within one year	21.8	18.5	8.7	8.0
Later than one year, but no later than five years	37.4	35.2	37.4	35.2
Later than five years	5.2	15.4	5.2	15.4
	64.4	69.1	51.3	58.6
		•	•	

(c) Lease commitments

Commitments in relation to leases contracted for at the reporting date but not recognised as a liability are as follows:

Payable:

Within one year	5.4	4.2	-
Later than one year, but no later than five years	15.6	15.3	-
Later than five years	4.3	5.7	-
	25.3	25.2	
Representing:			
Non-cancellable operating leases	25.3	25.2	-

Operating leases

The SP AusNet Transmission Group leases relate to premises, vehicles, network lands and access sites under non-cancellable operating leases expiring within one to seven years. The leases have varying terms, escalation clauses and renewal rights. On renewal, the terms of the leases are renegotiated.

Notes to the financial statements

31 March 2010

Note 26 Related party transactions

(a) Parent entities

By virtue of the Stapling Deed effective 21 October 2005, SP AusNet Distribution is deemed to be the parent entity of the Stapled Group.

The immediate parent of SP AusNet Distribution is Singapore Power International Pte Ltd, a company incorporated in Singapore, a wholly-owned subsidiary of Singapore Power Limited. Singapore Power International Pte Ltd owns 51 per cent of the issued shares in SP AusNet Distribution as part of its ownership of 51 per cent of the securities issued in SP AusNet.

The ultimate parent is Temasek Holdings (Private) Limited (a company incorporated in Singapore). Temasek Holdings (Private) Limited's sole shareholder is the Minister of Finance (Incorporated), a body corporate under the Minister for Finance (Incorporation) Act, Chapter 183 of Singapore.

(b) Entities with joint control or significant influence

Logo

Singapore Power Limited has granted SP AusNet a licence for consideration of \$1.0 million per year to use the "flame logo" and image in connection with its business and the use of the terms "SP", "SP Australia Networks" and "SP AusNet". The fee payable is on normal commercial terms.

(c) Subsidiaries

Interests in subsidiaries are set out in note 27.

(d) Other related parties

(i) Management Services Agreements ("MSAs")

SPI Management Services, a wholly-owned subsidiary of related party Singapore Power International Pte Ltd, is a party to two management services agreements with SP AusNet Transmission and SP AusNet Distribution, and the Responsible Entity respectively, as detailed in note 22.

Management Services Agreement with SP AusNet Transmission and SP AusNet Distribution

Under the MSA, SP AusNet has engaged SPI Management Services to provide management and administration services including management of SP AusNet's electricity transmission and electricity and gas distribution networks. SPI Management Services may consult with Singapore Power Limited and its subsidiaries from time to time in the performance of its work. In accordance with the MSA, SPI Management Services provides the services of key senior management (including the Managing Director and the executive management team) of SP AusNet.

The MSA commenced on 1 October 2005 for an initial period of ten years but continues for two further ten year periods unless terminated by either party giving no less than one year's notice prior to the expiry of the applicable ten year period. In the event that the MSA is terminated by SP AusNet by the giving of such notice, SPI Management Services will be entitled to a termination fee equal to the previous financial year's services charge paid or payable to SPI Management Services.

SP AusNet may also terminate the MSA immediately by giving SPI Management Services written notice upon the occurrence of SPI Management Services failure to meet 50 per cent or more of the agreed key performance indicators for two consecutive financial years for events under its control.



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Notes to the financial statements

31 March 2010

Note 26 Related party transactions (continued)

(d) Other related parties (continued)

(i) Management Services Agreements ("MSAs") (continued)

Pursuant to the MSA, SP AusNet has agreed to pay SPI Management Services a management fee comprising a management services charge and a performance fee for each financial year during the term of the MSA. The management services charge is to compensate SPI Management Services for expenses relating to all remuneration and other employment entitlements and benefits of the employees of SPI Management Services who provide services to SP AusNet. Effective 1 April 2008, the management services charge is based on the actual cost of the remuneration of the employees of SPI Management Services involved in the management of SP AusNet. The performance fee is to incentivise SPI Management Services to meet or better the non-financial and financial performance of SP AusNet and to align the interests of SPI Management Services with those of SP AusNet. Effective 1 October 2008 and for the duration of the Information Technology ("IT") Services Agreement (refer below), the maximum performance fee payable by SP AusNet in respect of a financial year is capped at 0.50 per cent of the market capitalisation amount of SP AusNet's securities (this was previously capped at 0.75 per cent of market capitalisation).

The MSA contains mutual indemnities for all damages, costs, claims, suits, liabilities, expenses, actions or injuries suffered or incurred as a consequence of any claims against a party to the extent to which any such claim is caused by the negligence, fraud or dishonesty of the other party (or its officers or employees) or a breach of the MSA. The total liability of either party is limited to \$5.0 million in any financial year.

(ii) Long-term operational agreement

On 29 September 2008, SP AusNet entered into an agreement with the Singapore Power Group on a number of operational arrangements. SP AusNet through Select Solutions will provide end-to-end metering services, technical services and vegetation management services to the electricity and gas networks owned and managed by Jemena Asset Management Pty Ltd (referred to as "Jemena") (formerly a part of the Alinta Group and now a member of the Singapore Power Group). SP AusNet will also assume responsibility to deliver contestable metering services to Jemena's existing customers.

To ensure continued capital investment and deliver network growth, Jemena has been appointed to SP AusNet's preferred supplier panel, securing resources for the delivery of SP AusNet's capital portfolio.

Each of the above arrangements is for an initial five year term and will continue for further five year terms unless terminated by either party by giving notice to terminate at the end of the current term. The arrangements may also be terminated early by either party in certain circumstances.

(iii) IT services agreement

On 29 September 2008, SP AusNet entered into an agreement with a wholly-owned subsidiary of SPI Management Services Pty Ltd (the management company of SP AusNet), Enterprise Business Services (Australia) Pty Ltd ("EBS"), for it to be the exclusive provider to SP AusNet of IT services. The agreement is for an initial term of seven years and may be terminated early by SP AusNet in certain circumstances, including on 12 months notice.

(e) Key management personnel

Disclosures relating to Directors and executives are set out in note 22.

Notes to the financial statements

31 March 2010

Note 26 Related party transactions (continued)

(f) Transactions with related parties

For the purpose of the financial statements, parties are considered to be related to the SP AusNet Transmission Group if the SP AusNet Transmission Group has the ability, directly or indirectly, to control the party or exercise significant influence over the party in making financial and operational decisions, or vice versa. The related party disclosures are for transactions with entities within the Singapore Power Group.

The ultimate parent of the SP AusNet Transmission Group is Temasek Holdings (Private) Limited ("Temasek"). Temasek is the holding company for various commercial interests of the government of Singapore. The SP AusNet Transmission Group engages in a wide variety of transactions with entities in the Temasek Group in the normal course of business on terms similar to those available to other customers. Such transactions include but are not limited to telecommunication services and leasing of properties. These related party transactions are carried out on terms negotiated between the parties which are intended to reflect competitive terms.

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Notes to the financial statements

31 March 2010

Note 26 Related party transactions (continued)

(f) Transactions with related parties (continued)

The following transactions occurred with related parties within the Singapore Power Group:

	Consolidated		Parent	
	2010	2009	2010	2009
	\$000's	\$000's	\$000's	\$000's
Sales of goods and services				
Regulated revenue	15,275	17,127	-	-
Service revenue	2,778	1,895	-	-
Other revenue	7,206	1,859	400	400
Purchases of good and services				
Management services charge	4,795	13,877	-	-
Performance fees	4,775	4,687	-	-
Flame logo fees	400	400	400	400
Other costs	5,976	476	-	-
Property, plant and equipment	5,772	153	-	-
Loans from related parties				
Loans received from:				
Subsidiaries	-	-	157,514	72,851
Other related parties	876,100	727,331	134,216	125,259
Loan repayments from:				
Subsidiaries	-	-	-	2,791
Parent	-	-	15,291	-
Loan repayments to:				
Subsidiaries	-	-	117,952	103,122
Other related parties	764,737	648,497	163,208	107,797
Interest expense				
Subsidiaries	•	-	10,840	10,053
Other related parties	164,908	165,815	35,479	43,231
Dividend income				
Subsidiaries	-	-	117,000	144,391
Dividends paid				
Fully franked dividend	38,148	28,251	38,148	28,251

Notes to the financial statements

31 March 2010

Note 26 Related party transactions (continued)

(g) Outstanding balances

The following balances are outstanding at the reporting date in relation to transactions with related parties within the Singapore Power Group:

	Consolid	ated	Parent		
	2010	2009	2010	2009	
	\$000's	\$000's	\$000's	\$000's	
Current receivables (sale of goods and services)					
Subsidiaries	-	-	72,002	46,702	
Other related parties	3,012	3,067	-	-	
Other current assets (prepayments)					
Joint control or significant influence	200	200	200	200	
Current payables and other liabilities (purchase of goods)					
Subsidiaries	-	-	200	200	
Other related parties	6,959	8,884	-	-	
Current payables (loans)					
Other related parties	1,030,481	1,059,473	1,030,481	1,059,473	
Non-current payables (loans)					
Subsidiaries	-	-	87,153	47,591	
Other related parties	1,697,642	1,557,287	-	-	

No allowance for impairment loss has been raised in relation to any outstanding balances due from related parties.



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Notes to the financial statements

31 March 2010

Note 26 Related party transactions (continued)

(h) Terms and conditions

Prior to 16 December 2008, SP AusNet Finance Trust had two loan agreements in place ("existing loan agreements") with SP AusNet Transmission. On 16 December 2008, SP AusNet Finance Trust entered into two additional loan agreements for the proceeds received under the DRP ("DRP loan agreements") with SP AusNet Transmission. At 31 March 2010, the amounts outstanding under these loan agreements (excluding any accrued interest) and the applicable interest rates were:

	(excluding accrued interest)	Interest rate
Loans to SP AusNet Transmission	\$M	%
1 April 2009 to 30 September 2009		
- Existing loan	603.9	Nil
- Existing loan	394.0	8.08
- DRP loan	26.6	8.08
	1,024.5	
1 October 2009 to 31 March 2010		
- Existing loan	591.4	Nil
- Existing loan	394.0	8.79
- DRP loan	26.6	8.79
	1,012.0	

The amount of accrued interest as at 31 March 2010 was \$18.5 million (2009: \$24.0 million).

(i) Existing loan agreements

The loan agreements are each for a term of ten years. The loan agreements mature in October 2015. All the loan agreements have similar terms and conditions which have been complied with and can be summarised as follows:

- the interest period and interest rate to apply to the loans are agreed by the Borrower and the Lender at six monthly intervals:
- interest accrues from day to day and is payable on the last day of the interest period;
- interest which is payable may be capitalised by the Lender at intervals which the Lender determines or if no determination is made on the first day of each quarter;
- the Borrower must repay the principal outstanding and any accrued but unpaid interest on or before the end of the term of the agreement;
- the Lender may demand repayment of the outstanding principal and any unpaid accrued interest on demand by giving at least 28 days' notice (or a shorter period agreed between the parties);
- the Borrower can prepay outstanding principal and any unpaid accrued interest by giving at least 28 days' notice (or a shorter period agreed between parties); and
- the Lender may terminate its obligations if an event of default occurs.

Notes to the financial statements

31 March 2010

Note 26 Related party transactions (continued)

(ii) DRP loan agreements

The loan agreements are each for a term of ten years. The loan agreements with SP AusNet Transmission mature in December 2018. All the loan agreements have similar terms and conditions which have been complied with. These terms and conditions are the same as those in the existing loan agreements (refer note 26(h)(i)). The loans from SP AusNet Finance Trust are unsecured and are not guaranteed by any of SP AusNet Transmission's subsidiaries.

Note 27 Subsidiaries

The SP AusNet Transmission Group's statements incorporate the assets, liabilities and results of the following subsidiaries in accordance with the accounting policy described in note 1(b):

			Equity holdii	ng
	Country of	Class of	2010	2009
Name of entity	incorporation		%	%
Subsidiaries:				
SPI PowerNet Pty Ltd	Australia	Ordinary	100	100
SPI Australia Finance Pty Ltd	Australia	Ordinary	100	100

SP AusNet Transmission is the legal parent entity of the SP AusNet Transmission Group however, SPI PowerNet is the accounting parent entity of the SP AusNet Transmission Group (refer note 1(b)(i)).



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Notes to the financial statements

31 March 2010

Note 28 Rec	conciliation of profit	after income tax to	net cash flows from	operating activities
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γ	Consolidate	d	Parent	
	2010	2009	2010	2009
	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M
Profit/(loss) from ordinary activities after related income tax	71.6	59.4	84.6	107.1
Depreciation and amortisation of non-current assets	76.3	69.3	-	-
Net (gain)/loss on sale of non-current assets	1.3	(0.4)	-	-
Changes in operating assets and liabilities, net of the effects from acquisition of businesses:				
(Increase)/decrease in receivables	(0.8)	(11.4)	-	-
(Increase)/decrease in inventories	(1.4)	(1.4)	-	-
(Increase)/decrease in other assets	2.1	3.2	-	-
Increase/(decrease) in payables and other liabilities	10.8	19.3	-	-
Increase/(decrease) in net other financial assets and liabilities	(15.1)	(13.5)	-	-
Increase/(decrease) in other liabilities	(0.2)	(0.1)	-	-
Increase/(decrease) in provisions	(2.4)	(8.9)	-	-
Movement in tax balances	7.7	(0.6)	(35.6)	(41.7)
Net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities	149.9	114.9	49.0	65.4

Note 29 Events occurring after the balance sheet date

(a) Dividend

Since the end of the financial year, the Directors have approved a final dividend for 2010 of \$43.0 million (1.591 cents per share) to be paid on 29 June 2010 comprised as follows:

		Total dividend
	Cents per share	\$M
Fully franked dividend	1.591	43.0
	1.591	43.0

(b) Other matters

Other than outlined above, there has been no matter or circumstance that has arisen since 31 March 2010 up to the date of issue of this financial report that has significantly affected or may significantly affect:

- (a) the operations in financial years subsequent to 31 March 2010 of the Company; or
- the results of those operations; or
- the state of affairs, in financial years subsequent to 31 March 2010, of the Company.

Directors' declaration

In the Directors' opinion:

- (a) the financial statements and notes set out on pages 177 to 247, and the remuneration disclosures that are contained in the *Remuneration report* in the *Directors' report*, are in accordance with the *Corporations Act* 2001, including:
 - (i) complying with Accounting Standards, the *Corporations Regulations* 2001 and the other mandatory professional reporting requirements; and
 - (ii) giving a true and fair view of the company's and consolidated entity's financial position as at 31 March 2010 and their performance, as represented by the results of their operations and their cash flows, for the financial year ended on that date; and
- there are reasonable grounds to believe that the company will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.

The Directors have been given the declarations by the chief executive officer and chief financial officer required by section 295A of the *Corporations Act* 2001.

This declaration is made in accordance with a resolution of the Directors.

Na Kee Choe

Nino Ficca Managing Director

Melbourne 11 May 2010



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Independent auditor's report to the members of SP Australia Networks (Transmission) Ltd

Report on the financial report

We have audited the accompanying financial report of SP Australia Networks (Transmission) Ltd ("the Company"), which comprises the statements of financial position as at 31 March 2010, income statements and statements of comprehensive income, statements of changes in equity and statements of cash flows for the year ended on that date, a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes 1 to 29 and the directors' declaration set out on pages 177 to 248 of the Group comprising the Company and the entities it controlled at the year's end or from time to time during the financial year.

Directors' responsibility for the financial report

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial report in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards (including the Australian Accounting Interpretations) and the Corporations Act 2001. This responsibility includes establishing and maintaining internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial report that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; selecting and applying appropriate accounting policies; and making accounting estimates that are reasonable in the circumstances. In note 1, the directors also state, in accordance with Australian Accounting Standard AASB 101 Presentation of Financial Statements, that the financial report of the Group, comprising the financial statements and notes, complies with International Financial Reporting Standards.

Auditor's responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial report based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. These Auditing Standards require that we comply with relevant ethical requirements relating to audit engagements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial report is free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial report. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial report in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial report.

We performed the procedures to assess whether in all material respects the financial report presents fairly, in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001 and Australian Accounting Standards (including the Australian Accounting Interpretations), a view which is consistent with our understanding of the Company's and the Group's financial position and of their performance.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Independence

In conducting our audit, we have complied with the independence requirements of the Corporations Act 2001.

KPMG, an Australian partnership and a member firm of the KPMG network of independent member firms affiliated with KPMG International, a Swiss cooperative.



Auditor's opinion

In our opinion:

- (a) the financial report of SP Australia Networks (Transmission) Ltd is in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001, including:
 - giving a true and fair view of the Company's and the Group's financia position as at 31 March 2010 and of their performance for the year ended on that date; and
 - complying with Australian Accounting Standards (including the Australian Accounting Interpretations) and the Corporations Regulations 2001.
- (b) the financial report also complies with International Financial Reporting Standards as disclosed in note 1.

Report on the remuneration report

We have audited the Remuneration Report included in pages 160 to 173 of the directors' report for the year ended 31 March 2010. The directors of the company are responsible for the preparation and presentation of the remuneration report in accordance with Section 300A of the Corporations Act 2001. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the remuneration report, based on our audit conducted in accordance with auditing standards.

Auditor's opinion

In our opinion, the remuneration report of SP Australia Networks (Transmission) Ltd for the year ended 31 March 2010, complies with Section 300A of the Corporations Act 2001.

KPMG

Alison Kitchen Partner

Melbourne

11 May 2010

SP Australia Networks (Finance) Trust ARSN 116 783 914

General Purpose Financial Report

For the financial year ended 31 March 2010



SP Australia Networks

(Finance) Trust

SP Australia Networks (Finance) Trust

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The financial report is presented in Australian dollars.

SP Australia Networks (Finance) Trust is a trust established under the laws of the State of Victoria and is domiciled in Victoria, Australia. Its registered office and principal place of business is:

Level 31, 2 Southbank Boulevard Southbank, Victoria 3006 Australia

A description of the nature of SP Australia Networks (Finance) Trust's operations and its principal activities is included in the Directors' report.

The financial report was authorised for issue by the Directors of the trustee SP Australia Networks (RE) Ltd on 11 May 2010.

SP Australia Networks (Finance) Trust

Directors' report

The Directors of the trustee of SP Australia Networks (Finance) Trust ("SP AusNet Finance Trust"), SP Australia Networks (RE) Limited (ACN 109 977 371) ("the Responsible Entity"), present their report on the general purpose financial report of SP AusNet Finance Trust for the financial year ended 31 March 2010.

On 21 October 2005 pursuant to the Stapling Deed, a unit in SP AusNet Finance Trust was stapled to a share in SP Australia Networks (Transmission) Ltd ("SP AusNet Transmission") and to a share in SP Australia Networks (Distribution) Ltd ("SP AusNet Distribution") On 14 December 2005 the Stapled Group was listed on the Australian Securities Exchange ("ASX") and the Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited ("SGX-ST"). The Stapled Group is also referred to as SP AusNet.

So long as the three entities remain jointly quoted, the number of units in SP AusNet Finance Trust and the number of shares in each of SP AusNet Transmission and SP AusNet Distribution shall be equal and unitholders and shareholders shall be identical.

Directors

SP AusNet Finance Trust is registered, as a managed investment scheme, under Chapter 5C of the *Corporations Act* 2001 and, as a result, requires a responsible entity. The Responsible Entity is responsible for performing all functions that are required under the *Corporations Act* 2001 of a responsible entity.

The persons listed below were Directors of the Responsible Entity during the whole of the financial year and up to the date of this report unless otherwise noted.

Non-executive Directors

Ng Kee Choe (Chairman)

Jeremy Guy Ashcroft Davis AM

Eric Gwee Teck Hai

Ho Tian Yee

Antonino (Tony) Mario lannello

George Allister Lefroy

Martyn Kenneth Myer AO

Ian Andrew Renard

Executive Director

Nino Ficca (Managing Director)

Principal activities

The principal activity of SP AusNet Finance Trust is to provide financing to both SP AusNet Distribution and SP AusNet Transmission as well as to facilitate distributions to unitholders in the nature of interest income and returns of capital as applicable for Australian taxation purposes.



Directors' report (continued)

Distributions

Distributions paid to unitholders during the financial year were as follows:

			Interim 2010 distribution paid 22 December 2009	
	Cents per unit	Total distribution \$M		Total distribution \$M
Assessable interest income paid by SP AusNet Finance Trust	2.692	57.1	1.887	50.3
Return of capital paid by SP AusNet Finance Trust	1.324	28.1	0.824	21.9
	4.016	85.2	2.711	72.2

In relation to the final distributions on 25 June 2009 of \$85.2 million, \$12.3 million was utilised in the allotment of new securities issued under the Distribution Reinvestment Plan.

In relation to the interim distributions on 22 December 2009 of \$72.2 million, \$34.6 million was utilised in the allotment of new securities issued under the Distribution Reinvestment Plan.

Since the end of the financial year the Directors have approved a final distribution for 2010 of \$65.2 million (2.409 cents per fully paid stapled unit) to be paid on 29 June 2010 comprised as follows:

	Final 2010 distribution to be paid on 29 June 2010	
	Cents per unit	Total distribution \$M
Assessable interest income payable by SP AusNet Finance Trust	2.261	61.2
Return of capital payable by SP AusNet Finance Trust	0.148	4.0
	2.409	65.2

Review of operations

A summary of the SP AusNet Transmission Group's consolidated revenues and results is set out below:

	2010	2009
	\$M	\$M
Interest income	111.5	95.5
Profit/(loss) for the year	111.5	95.5



SP Australia Networks

(Finance) Trust

SP Australia Networks (Finance) Trust

Directors' report (continued)

Discussion and analysis for the year ended 31 March 2010

This discussion and analysis is provided to assist readers in understanding the general purpose financial report.

SP AusNet Finance Trust reported a net profit of \$111.5 million for the year ended 31 March 2010, which comprised interest earned from other entities in the Stapled Group. SP AusNet Finance Trust does not have any trading operations and does not incur any expenses. Its purpose is to provide financing to both SP AusNet Distribution and SP AusNet Transmission as well as to facilitate distributions to unitholders.

Financial position

SP AusNet Finance Trust's total assets as at 31 March 2010 were \$2,194.9 million comprised of amounts due from other entities in the Stapled Group.

SP AusNet Finance Trust had no liabilities as at 31 March 2010.

Unitholders' funds were \$2,194.9 million as at 31 March 2010.

Cash flow statements

Cash flows during the year relate to the receipt of interest income and loan repayments from related parties offset by capital and income distributions. SP AusNet Finance Trust had no cash or cash equivalents.

Debt raising

SP AusNet's common or central funding vehicle ("CFV") operates through SPI Electricity & Gas Australia Holdings Pty Ltd, a subsidiary of SP AusNet Distribution.

In May 2009, SP AusNet successfully established \$275.0 million of three year bank debt facilities. These facilities were used to replace \$205.0 million of working capital facilities and commercial paper standby lines. In June 2009, SP AusNet successfully established an additional \$50.0 million three year bank debt facility, bringing the total raised under the bilateral facilities executed in May 2009 to \$325.0 million. This facility was used to replace \$50.0 million of commercial paper standby lines. The remaining \$50.0 million of working capital facilities were not renewed, and expired in August 2009. The bilateral bank debt facilities were undrawn as at 31 March 2010, and as a consequence there was \$325.0 million of undrawn but committed non-current debt available under these facilities.

In February 2010, SP AusNet successfully completed a CHF 475.0 million five and a half year Swiss franc bond issue to raise approximately \$520.1 million. In March 2010, SP AusNet also successfully completed a HK\$700.0 million ten year Hong Kong dollar bond issue to raise approximately \$100.0 million and a \$300.0 million seven and a half year Australian dollar bond issue.

The proceeds from these issues have been or will be used to repay existing debt, fund capital expenditure and for other working capital requirements. This effectively completes of SP AusNet's refinancing requirements of \$960.0 million for the 2011 financial year well ahead of the scheduled maturity dates.

SP AusNet maintains its A- credit rating from Standard and Poor's and A1 from Moody's.

SP Australia Networks (Finance) Trust

Directors' report (continued)

Discussion and analysis for the year ended 31 March 2010 (continued)

Capital Management Initiatives

In June 2009, SP AusNet successfully completed an accelerated non-renounceable entitlement offer ("Entitlement Offer") raising a total of \$408.4 million. \$336.6 million was raised from the institutional component of the Entitlement Offer and \$71.8 million was raised from the retail component of the Entitlement Offer. These amounts exclude the costs of raising these funds. A total of 526,678,606 securities were issued under the non-renounceable entitlement offer completed in June 2009 at an issue price of \$0.78 per stapled security for eligible securityholders in Australia and New Zealand and \$\$0.86 per stapled security for eligible securityholders in Singapore. The proceeds from the equity raising together with the proceeds from the distribution reinvestment plan issues on 25 June 2009 (\$12.3 million) and on 22 December 2009 (\$34.6 million) were allocated to units in SP AusNet Finance Trust with the shares in SP AusNet Transmission and SP AusNet Distribution issued at nominal consideration.

Beyond the year ended 31 March 2010, distributions will be determined based on operating cash flows after funding 100 per cent of maintenance capital expenditure and a portion of growth capital expenditure. SP AusNet's long-term aim is to continue to deliver sustainable growth in securityholder value.

Distribution Reinvestment Plan

The take up rate for the DRP in June 2009 was approximately ten per cent and in December 2009 was in excess of 30 per cent. The DRP will be in operation for the final distribution.

Significant changes in the state of affairs

Other than referred to above, in the opinion of the Directors, there were no significant changes in the state of affairs of the Stapled Group that occurred during the year under review.

Matters subsequent to the end of the financial year

Distributions

Since the end of the financial year, the Directors of the Responsible Entity have approved a final distribution for 2010 of \$65.2 million (2.409 cents per unit) to be paid on 29 June 2010. This distribution comprises assessable interest income of \$61.2 million (2.261 cents per unit) and a return of capital of \$4.0 million (0.148 cents per unit).

With the exception of the matter outlined above, the Directors are not aware of any circumstances that have arisen since 31 March 2010 that have significantly affected or may significantly affect the operations, and results of those operations or the state of affairs, of the Stapled Group in financial years subsequent to 31 March 2010.

Environmental regulation

SP AusNet Finance Trust does not conduct any operations that are subject to any particular and significant environmental regulation.

Fees paid to and interest held in SP AusNet Finance Trust by the Responsible Entity or its Associates

No fees have been paid to the Responsible Entity or to the Directors of the Responsible Entity during the year out of the property of SP AusNet Finance Trust.

Interests in SP AusNet Finance Trust issued during the financial year

	2010	2009
Units on issue at the start of the year	2,120,423,315	2,092,680,010
Units issued under Institutional and retail capital raisings	526,678,606	-
Units issued under Distribution Reinvestment Plan	58,038,230	27,743,305
Units on issue at the end of the year	2,705,140,151	2,120,423,315



SP Australia Networks (Finance) Trust

Directors' report (continued)

Remuneration report (Audited)

Introduction to remuneration report

The remuneration report for the year ended 31 March 2010 outlines the remuneration arrangements of the company and the SP AusNet Group in accordance with the requirements of the *Corporations Act* 2001 ("the Act") and its regulations. This information has been audited as required by section 308 (3C) of the Act.

The remuneration report details the remuneration arrangements for key management personnel ("KMP"). KMP are those persons who have authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the major activities of the company and the SP AusNet Group directly and indirectly, including any Director of the parent company. The KMP also includes the five executives in the SP AusNet Group who received the highest remuneration during the year.

Details of key management personnel

The Directors and other KMP of SP AusNet are engaged to provide services to the SP AusNet Group and are not exclusive to any particular entity within SP AusNet. Accordingly, this report includes information which is common to SP AusNet Distribution, SP AusNet Transmission (together "the Companies") and the Responsible Entity. The remuneration amounts reported represent the total remuneration received by KMP during the year for services to the SP AusNet Group, and have not been apportioned between particular entities within the SP AusNet Group.

The persons listed below were Directors of SP AusNet for the whole of the financial year and up to the date of this report unless otherwise noted.

Name	Position
Ng Kee Choe	Non-executive Chairman
Nino Ficca	Managing Director
Jeremy Davis	Non-executive Director
Eric Gwee	Non-executive Director
Ho Tian Yee	Non-executive Director
Tony lannello	Non-executive Director
George Lefroy	Non-executive Director
Martyn Myer	Non-executive Director
lan Renard	Non-executive Director

SPI Management Services Pty Ltd ("SPI Management Services"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of related party Singapore Power International Pte Ltd ("SPI"), entered into a management services agreement with the Companies and a management services agreement with the Responsible Entity respectively to provide the services of key senior management, including the Managing Director and the executive management team, to SP AusNet. Although not employed by SP AusNet, the individuals set out below are deemed to qualify as KMP of SP AusNet on the basis that they had the authority and the responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of SP AusNet during the financial year. The KMP below also includes the five executives in the SP AusNet Group who received the highest remuneration during the year.

Directors' report (continued)

Remuneration report (Audited) (continued)

The persons listed below were Executive KMP of SP AusNet for the whole of the financial year and up to the date of this report unless otherwise noted.

Name	Position
Nino Ficca	Managing Director
Geoff Nicholson	Chief Financial Officer
Charles Popple	Group General Manager, Networks Strategy and Development
Norm Drew	Group General Manager, Integrated Network Services
John Kelso ¹	General Manager, Select Solutions
John Azaris ²	General Manager, Operations and Services

- John Kelso met the definition of a key management person upon his appointment as General Manager, Select Solutions on 1 April 2009.
- John Azaris met the definition of a key management person upon his appointment as General Manager, Operations and Services on 1 April 2009.

Stapled Group performance

SP AusNet's executive remuneration is directly linked to the performance of the Stapled Group across a range of measures. The Short-Term Incentive ("STI") is focussed on achieving operational targets and short-term profitability and the Long-Term Incentive ("LTI") is focussed on achieving long-term growth and retaining talented executives.

The table below shows SP AusNet's consolidated operating revenue and net profit after tax for the current reporting period and previous years and the effect of SP AusNet's performance on securityholder value. As the Stapled Group was formed on 21 October 2005 and listed on 14 December 2005, the 2006 results are not for a full year. The 2007 results include \$9.7 million (after tax) regarding the settlement of the unaccounted for gas legal claim. The 2008 results include one-off transaction costs relating to the proposed acquisition of the Alinta assets and businesses of \$17.2 million (after tax) and the 2009 results includes a \$30.3 million (after tax) impairment write-down for existing meters to be replaced under the program for the roll-out of smart electricity meters.

	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
Revenue	\$737.5m	\$1,019.5m	\$1,055.1m	\$1,169.4m	\$1,333.6m
NPAT from continuing operations	\$136.9m	\$161.2m	\$151.0m	\$146.9m	\$209.0m
Closing security price as at 31 March	\$1.30	\$1.42	\$1.21	\$ 0.91	\$0.91
Distributions in respect of financial year (cents per year)	3.25	11.27	11.564	11.854	8.000

Directors' report (continued)

SP Australia Networks (Finance) Trust

Remuneration report (Audited) (continued)

Principles used to determine the nature and amount of remuneration

Non-executive Directors ("NEDs")

NED fee element	Commentary
Fees	The remuneration of Non-executive Directors consists of Directors' fees and committee fees.
	Fees paid to Non-executive Directors are set at levels that reflect both the responsibilities of, and the time commitments required from, each Non-executive Director to discharge their duties. Fee levels are set having regard to independent professional advice and fees paid by comparable companies.
Total fee pool	The constitutions of SP AusNet Distribution, SP AusNet Transmission and the Responsible Entity provide that Non-executive Directors are entitled to such remuneration for their services as the Board decides, but the total amount provided to all Non-executive Directors must not exceed in aggregate in any financial year the amount approved by securityholders in a general meeting.
	The securityholders of SP AusNet Distribution and SP AusNet Transmission approved a total remuneration pool for Non-executive Directors of \$1,500,000 per year at the Annual General Meeting of SP AusNet held on 17 July 2007.
Performance-based and equity-based compensation	The fees paid to Non-executive Directors are not linked to the performance of SP AusNet in order to maintain objectivity and independence.
	Non-executive Directors are not provided with any form of equity-based compensation.
Business related expenses and additional fees for	Non-executive Directors are entitled to be reimbursed for all business related expenses, including travel on company business, as may be incurred in the discharge of their duties.
special duties or exertions	In accordance with the constitutions of SP AusNet Distribution, SP AusNet Transmission and the Responsible Entity, Non-executive Directors may also be paid additional fees for special duties or exertions.
Retirement benefits	Non-executive Directors are not provided with any form of retirement benefit. Fees paid to Non-executive Directors are inclusive of superannuation contributions made on behalf of the Non-executive Directors in accordance with SP AusNet's statutory superannuation obligations.
Review of fee levels and approach to Non-Executive Director fees	Each year, the Remuneration Committee reviews the fees payable to Non-executive Directors taking into account market rates and the time commitment and responsibilities involved in carrying out their duties.
	The Board will continue to review its approach to Non-executive Director remuneration to ensure it remains in line with general industry practice and principles of good corporate governance.

The annual fees payable to Non-executive Directors of SP AusNet and approved by the Board (inclusive of statutory superannuation) are set out in the table below. It is not possible to allocate fees to individual entities within the SP AusNet Group.

SP Australia Networks (Finance) Trust



Directors' report (continued)

Remuneration report (Audited) (continued)

Non-executive Directors ("NEDs")

Role	Fee
Board Chairman	\$180,000
Board Directors	\$100,000
Audit and Risk Management Committee Chairman	\$25,000
Audit and Risk Management Committee Members	\$15,000
Compliance Committee Chairman	\$18,000
Compliance Committee Members	\$10,000
Remuneration Committee Chairman	\$15,000
Remuneration Committee Members	\$10,000
Nomination Committee Chairman	\$15,000
Nomination Committee Members	\$10,000
AMI Due Diligence Committee Chairman	\$15,000
AMI Due Diligence Committee Members	\$10,000

Executive Directors and senior executives

The key objective of SP AusNet's policy for senior executive remuneration is to manage a total reward framework designed to:

- focus on creating value for securityholders by rewarding executives based on enhancement of sustainable securityholder
- create an environment that will attract appropriate talent and where people can be motivated with energy and passion to
- recognise capabilities and promote opportunities for career and professional development;
- provide rewards, benefits and conditions that are competitive in the market in which SP AusNet operates; and
- provide fair and consistent rewards across SP AusNet that support corporate values and principles.

The remuneration and incentive package for the Managing Director and other senior executives (including the Company Secretary) is determined and paid by SPI Management Services. However, SPI Management Services must consider any recommendations made by SP AusNet in relation to remuneration, incentive payments and programs, and key performance measures in respect of senior executives which promotes alignment of "owner-management" interests.

Directors' report (continued)

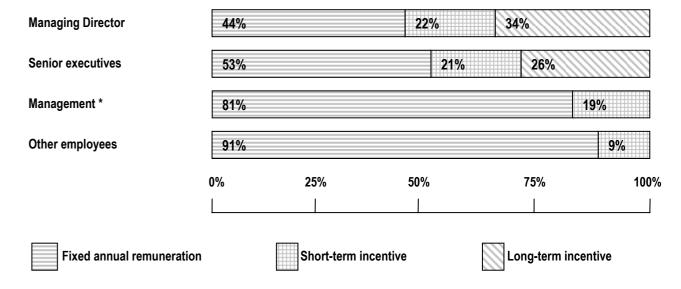
SP Australia Networks (Finance) Trust

Remuneration report (Audited) (continued)

Structure of total reward

The reward principles set out the relevant elements of remuneration to make up "total reward". For the majority of senior executives and SP AusNet employees, total reward consists of fixed remuneration and "at risk" remuneration through a STI plan. A LTI plan is included in the remuneration structure for the Managing Director, senior executives and other employees who can influence long-term securityholder value. An appropriate mix of these components is determined for each level of management and

The potential reward mix for various levels of seniority in SP AusNet for the reporting period, expressed as a percentage of total on-target reward, is shown in the following table.



^{*} The Board at its discretion has invited a small number of "Management" employees who are in a position to influence long-term security holder value to participate in the LTI Plan. The potential payments of this plan represents between 15% or 25% of the participants FAR. Key aspects of the plan are detailed under the heading of "Long-term incentive" below.

Fixed annual remuneration

Fixed annual remuneration ("FAR") represents the fixed component of executive remuneration and consists of a mix of cash, superannuation, prescribed benefits and salary-sacrificed items such as motor vehicles and fringe benefits tax. FAR is reviewed annually against market rates for comparable roles. There are no guaranteed FAR increases fixed in any senior executive's contract of employment.

Benefits

Senior executives receive benefits including car parking and reimbursement of business related expenses. These amounts are not included in FAR.

(Finance) Trust

SP Australia Networks



Directors' report (continued)

Remuneration report (Audited) (continued)

Short-term incentive

The key design aspects of the STI plan are outlined below.

Key design aspect	Commentary					
Eligibility	Managing Director and other senior executives.					
	Generally, senior executives must complete the business year to qualify for any STI payments. In some circumstances the Board, in its discretion, may determine that a pro-rata STI payment be awarded to a departing executive.					
Target STI amount	A target STI amount, expressed as a percentage of the senior executive's FAR, is specified for each senior executive. However, the amount of STI payable is dependent on the:					
	 extent to which SP AusNet has achieved or outperformed the corporate Key Performance Indicators ("KPIs"); and 					
	 extent to which the senior executive has achieved or outperformed his or her individual KPIs. 					
	The target STI for the Managing Director is 50% of FAR.					
	The target STI for senior executives is 40% of FAR.					
Performance criteria	Based on corporate financial and non-financial measures as well as stretch individual performance hurdles.					
	The key corporate KPIs set for the year ended 31 March 2010 included:					
	safety targets;					
	net profit target;					
	employee engagement targets;					
	 advanced metering infrastructure ("AMI") program delivery; 					
	network performance and reliability targets; and					
	other program delivery targets.					
	By linking individual rewards to the achievement of overall corporate targets, these KPIs align the interests of employees and managers with those of SP AusNet.					
Performance period	12 months to 31 March 2010.					
Delivery mechanism	Cash.					



» SP Australia Networks (Finance) Trust

SP Australia Networks (Finance) Trust

Directors' report (continued)

Remuneration report (Audited) (continued)

Long-term incentive

The key design aspects of the LTI plan are outlined below

75 or above

	Commentary				
Eligibility	Managing Director and senior executives.				
	The Board may in its discretion invite additional employees who are in a position to influence long-securityholder value to participate in the LTI Plan.				
Purpose of the LTI plan	The LTI plan rewards participants for increasing	securityholder value.			
Target LTI amount	The LTI Award is calculated as a percentage of t	the participant's FAR as at the test date.			
	For the performance period 1 April 2007, 1 April 2008 and 1 April 2009, the quantum of Awa available to participants expressed as a percentage of FAR as at the performance test date, are:				
	Managing Director – 75%				
	Reporting executives – 50%				
Performance measures	 Other participants – between 15% and 25% Relative Total Securityholder Return ("TSR") (for 50% of the Award) and growth in Earnings Per S ("EPS") (for the other 50% of the Award). 				
	The Board and Remuneration Committee believe that it is important to assess executive performance against both relative and absolute hurdles linked to securityholder value. The same performance measures have been used since 1 April 2006. Performance is assessed over a three year period and the LTI plan does not allow for retesting of performance measures in subsequent years.				
	TSR: The comparator group used for the TSR performance measure consists of the cor included in the S&P/ASX 200 index. In assessing whether the performance hurdles have be SP AusNet receives independent data which provides both SP AusNet's TSR growth fr commencement of each grant and that of the companies in the comparator group. The level growth achieved by SP AusNet is given a percentile ranking having regard to its performance of other companies in the comparator group. The vesting scale for the performance measure is shown below:				
	with the performance of other companies in t performance measure is shown below:	he comparator group. The vesting scale for the TSR			
		he comparator group. The vesting scale for the TSR Percentage of TSR Award that vests			
	performance measure is shown below:				
	performance measure is shown below: SP AusNet's TSR Percentile Ranking	Percentage of TSR Award that vests			

EPS: The EPS growth measure is based on SP AusNet achieving a nominal compound annual growth ("CAGR") of 5% per annum over the three year period. A sliding scale applies as follows:

100%

Compound annual growth rate	Percentage of EPS Award that vests				
<2.5% per annum	0%				
Between 2.5% and 7.5% per annum	Linear scale from 50% to 150%				
>7.5% per annum	150%				

Directors' report (continued)

Remuneration report (Audited) (continued)

Long-term incentive (continued)

Key design aspect	Commentary
Delivery mechanism	Once the performance criteria have been satisfied, participants receive a cash award.
	Participants are then required (under the Plan Rules) to use the after tax cash proceeds of this Award to purchase SP AusNet Stapled Securities on-market. These purchases must be conducted during an approved trading window and the Stapled Securities must be held for at least 12 months. Reasonable brokerage costs incurred by the participants are reimbursed.
	Given the structure of the SP AusNet group, an LTI Plan in this form was determined to be the most appropriate structure. Participants are incentivised to achieve performance targets over a 3 year timeframe, and are also required to hold the SP AusNet securities acquired with their Award payment for at least 12 months, thereby extending the long-term nature of the LTI Plan.

Loans to Directors and senior executives

No loans have been made by SP AusNet to any Directors or senior executives.

Details of remuneration

Remuneration details of each Director and KMP of SP AusNet are set out in the following tables. The KMP are not employees of SP AusNet but are employed by SPI Management Services. Under management services agreements between SPI Management Services and SP AusNet, the services of these KMP, including the Managing Director, are provided to SP AusNet. The total of payments made to Non-executive Directors during the year ended 31 March 2010 was \$1,138,000 which is within the total remuneration pool of \$1,500,000 approved by securityholders at the 2007 Annual General Meeting.



SP Australia Networks

(Finance) Trust

SP Australia Networks (Finance) Trust

Directors' report (continued)

Remuneration report (Audited) (continued)

Total remuneration for Directors for the year ended 31 March 2010 and 31 March 2009

					Post-	Equity based	
•		Short-to	erm	Othor	employment	payments ⁴	Total
Year	•	Retention payments	Cash bonus ¹	short-term	Super- annuation ³		
ors		1.7					
2010	178,899	-	-	-	16,101	-	195,000
2009	178,899	-	-	-	16,101	-	195,000
2010	123,853	-	-	-	11,147	-	135,000
2009	119,887	-	-	-	10,865	-	130,752
2010	145,000	-	-	-	-	-	145,000
2009	139,836	-	-	-	-	-	139,836
2010	110,092	-			9,908	-	120,000
2009	65,046	-	-	-	4,954	-	70,000
2010	123,853	-	-	-	11,147	-	135,000
2009	123,853	-	-	-	11,147	-	135,000
2010	119,266	-	-	-	10,734	-	130,000
2009	110,570	-	-	-	9,389	-	119,959
2010	126,640	-	-	-	8,360	-	135,000
2009	126,640	-	-	-	8,360	-	135,000
2010	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2009	32,548	-	-	-	-	-	32,548
2010	131,193	-	-	-	11,807	-	143,000
2009	128,824	-	-	-	11,594	-	140,418
2010	1,058,796	-	-	-	79,204	-	1,138,000
2009	1,026,103	-	-	-	72,410	-	1,098,513
2040	752 020		AEA 067	6 402	67 502	160 060	1 112 CE4
	•	-	•	•		1,145,310	1,443,651 2,332,726
	2010 2009 2010 2009 2010 2009 2010 2009 2010 2009 2010 2009 2010 2009 2010 2009	2010 178,899 2009 178,899 2010 123,853 2009 119,887 2010 145,000 2009 139,836 2010 110,092 2009 65,046 2010 123,853 2010 119,266 2009 110,570 2010 126,640 2009 126,640 2010 - 2009 32,548 2010 131,193 2009 128,824 2010 1,058,796 2009 1,026,103 2010 753,028	Year Cash salary and fees Retention payments 2010 178,899 - 2010 123,853 - 2009 119,887 - 2010 145,000 - 2009 139,836 - 2010 110,092 - 2009 65,046 - 2010 123,853 - 2009 123,853 - 2010 119,266 - 2009 110,570 - 2010 126,640 - 2010 126,640 - 2010 131,193 - 2009 128,824 - 2010 1,058,796 - 2009 1,026,103 -	and fees payments bonus¹ 2010 178,899 - - 2010 123,853 - - 2010 145,000 - - 2010 145,000 - - 2009 139,836 - - 2010 110,092 - - 2009 65,046 - - 2010 123,853 - - 2009 123,853 - - 2009 110,570 - - 2010 126,640 - - 2009 126,640 - - 2010 - - - 2009 32,548 - - 2009 128,824 - - 2010 1,058,796 - - 2009 1,026,103 - - 2010 753,028 - 454,067	Year Cash salary and fees ors Retention payments Cash bonus¹ Other short-term benefits² 2010 178,899 - - - 2010 123,853 - - - 2009 119,887 - - - 2010 145,000 - - - 2009 139,836 - - - 2010 110,092 - - - 2009 65,046 - - - 2010 123,853 - - - 2009 123,853 - - - 2009 119,266 - - - 2009 126,640 - - - 2009 32,548 - - - 2010 131,193 - - - 2009 128,824 - - - 2009 1,026,103 - - - <tr< td=""><td>Year Cash salary and fees ors Retention payments Cash bonus¹ Cash short-term benefits² Superannuation³ benefits² 2010 178,899 - - - 16,101 2009 178,899 - - - 16,101 2010 123,853 - - - 11,147 2009 119,887 - - - 10,865 2010 145,000 - - - - - 2009 139,836 - - - - - - 2009 110,092 - - - 9,908 -</td><td>Year Poatment Cash salary and fees and fees Retention payments Cash bonus Short-term benefits Superannuations 2010 178,899 - - - 16,101 - 2010 123,853 - - - 10,6101 - 2009 119,887 - - - 10,865 - 2010 145,000 - - - - - 2009 139,836 - - - - - 2010 110,092 - - - - - 2009 65,046 - - - 9,908 - 2009 123,853 - - - 4,954 - 2010 119,266 - - - 11,147 - 2009 126,640 - - - 9,389 - 2010 126,640 - - - - -</td></tr<>	Year Cash salary and fees ors Retention payments Cash bonus¹ Cash short-term benefits² Superannuation³ benefits² 2010 178,899 - - - 16,101 2009 178,899 - - - 16,101 2010 123,853 - - - 11,147 2009 119,887 - - - 10,865 2010 145,000 - - - - - 2009 139,836 - - - - - - 2009 110,092 - - - 9,908 -	Year Poatment Cash salary and fees and fees Retention payments Cash bonus Short-term benefits Superannuations 2010 178,899 - - - 16,101 - 2010 123,853 - - - 10,6101 - 2009 119,887 - - - 10,865 - 2010 145,000 - - - - - 2009 139,836 - - - - - 2010 110,092 - - - - - 2009 65,046 - - - 9,908 - 2009 123,853 - - - 4,954 - 2010 119,266 - - - 11,147 - 2009 126,640 - - - 9,389 - 2010 126,640 - - - - -

Note: No termination benefits were paid or accrued during either FY09 or FY10.

- 2010 cash bonus for the Executive Director includes bonuses in respect of performance for the year ended 31 March 2010. These amounts have been approved but not yet paid.
- 2 This amount represents car parking benefits. The allocation of the premium for Directors' and Officers' insurance is not included as under the terms of the current policy this information cannot be disclosed.
- Superannuation contributions made on behalf of Non-executive Directors to satisfy SP AusNet's obligations under applicable Superannuation Guarantee legislation. This does not include any salary sacrifice or employee contributions which are included under cash salary and fees.
- The Stapled Group has determined, based on its best estimate as at 31 March 2010 that the amounts payable under the LTIP Awards granted on 1 April 2008 and 1 April 2009 will be for both the EPS and TSR components. As the performance period over which the Awards vest is three years, the amount included in Equity Based Payments is one third of the amount estimated to be payable at the end of the performance period for each Award. The actual amounts paid under these Awards will not be known until the end of the performance period. For the LTIP Award granted on 1 April 2007, the amount included in Equity Based Payments is the difference between the grant payable and the amounts that have been included in Equity Based Payments in previous years. Refer to the table below under the heading of cash bonuses long-term incentive for the maximum amounts payable at the end of three years.
- As Mr Quek is an executive of Singapore Power Limited and was a nominee Director of Singapore Power Limited on the Board of SP AusNet, Singapore Power Limited received the fees for Mr Quek's services as a Director of SP AusNet, Mr Quek resigned with effect from 17 July 2008.
- 6 Mr Ho commenced effective 1 September 2008.
- Remuneration disclosed for 31 March 2009 has been adjusted for a reallocation of superannuation.

Directors' report (continued)

Remuneration report (Audited) (continued)

Total remuneration for Key Management Personnel for the year ended 31 March 2010 and 31 March 2009

				Shor	t-term		Post-	Equity based payments ³	Termination Benefits ⁴	Total
		Year	Cash salary and fees	Retention payments	Cash bonus ¹	Other short-term benefits ²	Super- annuation	payments	Deficitly .	Total
	Nino Ficca 10	2010	753,028	-	454,067	6,193	67,503	162,860	-	1,443,651
		2009	703,141	-	412,461	6,308	65,506	1,145,310	-	2,332,726
	Paul Adams 5	2009	298,282	393,207	98,060	3,819	64,549	-	210,748	1,068,665
	John Azaris ⁶	2010	256,422	-	110,819	6,193	29,430	109,461	-	512,325
	Michael Besselink ⁷	2009	68,798	-	52,528	2,489	8,019	-	-	131,834
	Norman Drew ¹⁰	2010	382,333	-	165,428	6,193	43,429	54,612	-	651,995
		2009	352,622	-	173,010	6,308	40,957	372,636	-	945,533
	Adrian Hill 8	2009	127,852	-	-	1,580	10,193	-	74,513	214,138
	John Kelso ⁹	2010	237,797		92,845	6,193	22,581	63,011	-	422,427
	Geoff Nicholson 10	2010	443,376	-	207,879	6,193	39,904	67,791	-	765,143
		2009	420,363	-	189,524	6,308	37,833	435,780	-	1,089,808
	Charles Popple 10	2010	350,264	-	136,752	6,193	31,093	54,280	-	578,582
		2009	319,208	-	155,881	6,308	27,464	341,082	-	849,943
	Total	2010	2,423,220	-	1,167,790	37,158	233,940	512,015	-	4,374,123
		2009	2,290,266	393,207	1,081,464	33,120	254,521	2,294,808	285,261	6,632,647
1										

Note: No termination benefits were paid or accrued during FY10.

- 1 2010 cash bonuses include bonuses in respect of performance for the year ended 31 March 2010. These amounts have been approved but not yet paid.
- 2 These amounts represent car parking benefits. The allocation of the premium for Directors' and Officers' insurance is not included as under the terms of the current policy this information cannot be disclosed.
- The Stapled Group has determined, based on its best estimate as at 31 March 2010 that the amounts payable under the LTIP Awards granted on 1 April 2008 and 1 April 2009 will be for both the EPS and TSR components. As the performance period over which the Awards vest is three years, the amount included in Equity Based Payments is one third of the amount estimated to be payable at the end of the performance period for each Award. The actual amounts paid under these Awards will not be known until the end of the performance period. For the LTIP Award granted on 1 April 2007, the amount included in Equity Based Payments is the difference between the grant payable and the amounts that have been included in Equity Based Payments in previous years. Refer to the table below under the heading of cash bonuses long-term incentive for the maximum amounts payable at the end of three years.
- 4 Termination benefits represent the payment of accrued annual and long service leave benefits.
- 5 Mr Adams resigned with effect from 7 November 2008. Mr Adams' cash bonus for 2009 is a pro-rata amount up to the date of his resignation.
- 6 Mr Azaris commenced as a KMP with effect from 1 April 2009.
- 7 Mr Besselink ceased as a KMP with effect from 31 March 2009.
- 8 Mr Hill resigned with effect from 29 August 2008.
- 9 Mr Kelso commenced as a KMP with effect from 1 April 2009.
- 10 Remuneration disclosed for 31 March 2009 has been adjusted for a reallocation of superannuation.



SP Australia Networks

(Finance) Trust

SP Australia Networks (Finance) Trust

Directors' report (continued)

Remuneration report (Audited) (continued)

Key management personnel cash bonuses – short-term incentive

The percentage of the available bonus that was paid, or that vested, in the financial years ended 31 March 2009 and 31 March 2010, and the percentage that was forfeited because the person did not meet the service or performance criteria are set out below.

	Cash Bonus (2010) ¹				Cash Bonus (2009	9)	
	Payable (\$)	Payable (\$) Percentage of available bonus		Paid (\$)	Percentage of available bonus		
	-	Payable (%)	Not Payable (%)	-	Paid (%)	Not Paid (%)	
Nino Ficca	454,067	108.8	0.0	412,461	102.8	0.0	
Paul Adams ²	N/A	N/A	N/A	98,060	88.5	11.5	
John Azaris ³	110,819	95.9	4.1	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Mike Besselink ⁴	N/A	N/A	N/A	52,528	99.5	0.5	
Norman Drew	165,428	98.5	1.5	173,010	107.0	0.0	
Adrian Hill 5	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
John Kelso ⁶	92,845	87.6	12.4	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Geoff Nicholson	207,879	103.9	0.0	189,524	99.5	0.5	
Charles Popple	136,752	88.6	11.4	155,881	107.0	0.0	

¹ Bonuses for performance for the year ended 31 March 2010 have been approved but not yet paid.

² Mr Adams resigned with effect from 7 November 2008. Mr Adams' cash bonus for 2009 is a pro-rata amount up to the date of his resignation.

³ Mr Azaris commenced as a KMP with effect from 1 April 2009.

⁴ Mr Besselink ceased as a KMP with effect from 31 March 2009.

⁵ Mr Hill resigned with effect from 29 August 2008.

⁶ Mr Kelso commenced as a KMP with effect from 1 April 2009.

Directors' report (continued)

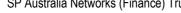
Remuneration report (Audited) (continued)

Key management personnel cash bonuses – long-term incentive (equity based payments)

The SP AusNet Board approved a LTI plan for the Managing Director and senior executives that came into effect from 1 April 2006. For accounting purposes, amounts paid under the LTI plan are required to be disclosed as equity based payments. The following table shows the value of cash grants subject to future performance testing, percentage paid or forfeited and future financial years that grants may vest and be paid. The grants made in 2008 and 2009 are still in progress and, as such, no percentage of these grants have been paid or forfeited as at the date of this report, other than those who have resigned during the performance period.

	Date of grant	Percentage of maximum grant payable (%) ¹	Percentage of maximum grant forfeited (%)	Date grant may vest	Minimum total value of grant (\$)	Maximum total value of grant (\$) ²
Nino Ficca	1 April 2007	29.4	70.6	31 March 2010	-	781,875
Paul Adams ³	1 April 2007	-	100.0	31 March 2010	-	-
John Azaris ⁴	1 April 2007	29.4	70.6	31 March 2010	-	180,625
Norman Drew	1 April 2007	29.4	70.6	31 March 2010	-	262,500
Adrian Hill 5	1 April 2007	-	100.0	31 March 2010	-	-
John Kelso ⁶	1 April 2007	-	-	31 March 2010	-	-
Geoff Nicholson	1 April 2007	29.4	70.6	31 March 2010	-	312,500
Charles Popple	1 April 2007	29.4	70.6	31 March 2010	-	241,250
Total granted 1 Ap	oril 2007				-	1,778,750
Nino Ficca	1 April 2008	-	-	31 March 2011	-	820,969
Paul Adams ³	1 April 2008	-	100.0	31 March 2011	-	-
John Azaris ⁴	1 April 2008	-	-	31 March 2011	-	189,656
Norman Drew	1 April 2008	-	-	31 March 2011	-	275,625
Adrian Hill ⁵	1 April 2008	-	100.0	31 March 2011	-	-
John Kelso ⁶	1 April 2008	-	-	31 March 2011	-	86,953
Geoff Nicholson	1 April 2008	-	-	31 March 2011	-	328,125
Charles Popple	1 April 2008	-	-	31 March 2011	-	253,313
Total granted 1 Ap	oril 2008				-	1,954,641
Nino Ficca	1 April 2009	-	-	31 March 2012	-	862,017
John Azaris ⁴	1 April 2009	-	-	31 March 2012	-	199,139
Norman Drew	1 April 2009	-	-	31 March 2012	-	289,406
John Kelso ⁶	1 April 2009	-	-	31 March 2012	-	182,602
Geoff Nicholson	1 April 2009	-	-	31 March 2012	-	344,531
Charles Popple	1 April 2009	-	-	31 March 2012	-	265,978
Total granted 1 Ap	oril 2009					2,143,673

- 1 These grants have been approved but not yet paid.
- 2 For the grant of 1 April 2007, the amounts payable equated to 29.4% of the target LTIP. For the grants of 1 April 2008 and 1 April 2009, the amounts are based on maximum performance in relation to TSR and EPS at the end of the three year performance period described above and assumes prevailing FARs increase of 5% per annum.
- 3 Mr Adams resigned with effect from 7 November 2008.
- Mr Azaris commenced as a KMP with effect from 1 April 2009.
- Mr Hill resigned with effect from 29 August 2008.
- Mr Kelso commenced as a KMP with effect from 1 April 2009.



Directors' report (continued)

SP Australia Networks (Finance) Trust

Remuneration report (Audited) (continued)

Directors' interests

The Directors of SP AusNet have disclosed relevant interests in stapled securities as follows:

Name	Number of stapled securities
Ng Kee Choe ¹	195,883
Nino Ficca ²	720,334
Jeremy Davis	105,000
Eric Gwee ¹	146,674
Ho Tian Yee	-
Tony lannello 3	136,049
George Lefroy ⁴	239,206
Martyn Myer 5	50,000
lan Renard	73,825

- Securities held by The Central Depository (Pte) Limited.
- 278,131 securities held by immediate family members of Mr Ficca and 442,203 securities held by Mr and Mrs Ficca as Trustees for the Ficca Investment
- 37,500 securities held by immediate family members of Mr lannello through a Superannuation Plan held by Summit Custodial Services and 98,549 securities held by ADI Investment Trust.
- Securities held by Serp Hills Pty Ltd (as trustee for Serp Hills Super Fund).
- Securities held by MF Custodian Ltd as custodian for Mpyer Investments Pty Ltd.

The Directors of SP AusNet have disclosed relevant interests in related bodies corporate as follows:

	Singapore Tele- communications Limited	Singapore Airport Terminal Services Limited	PT Bank Danamon Indonesia Tbk ⁶	Keppel Corporation Limited	CapitaMalls Asia Limited
Ng Kee Choe	3,080 1	11,000	82,843	10,000	130,000
Nino Ficca	720 ²	- -			
Jeremy Davis		_	_	_	_
Eric Gwee	1,980 ³	<u>-</u>	-	_	-
Ho Tian Yee	2,850 4	-	<u>-</u>	_	-
Tony lannello	_,000	_	_	_	_
George Lefroy	158,792 5	<u>-</u>	_	_	_
Martyn Myer	-	_	_	_	_
lan Renard	-	-	-	-	-

- 1,540 securities held by immediate family members of Mr Ng.
- Securities held by immediate family members of Mr Ficca.
- 620 securities held by immediate family members of Mr Gwee.
- 1,490 securities held by The Central Depository (Pte) Limited on behalf of Mr Ho and 1,360 securities held by The Central Depository (Pte) Limited on behalf of immediate family members of Mr Ho.
- Securities held by Serp Hills Pty Ltd (as trustee for Serp Hills Super Fund).
- 32,843 securities are Series B shares.



SP Australia Networks

(Finance) Trust

Directors' report (continued)

Remuneration report (Audited) (continued)

Service agreements

Remuneration and other terms of employment for the Managing Director and specified senior management (including KMP) are formalised in individual employment agreements. Each of these agreements provides for short-term performance-related cash bonuses, fringe benefits plus other benefits. Participation in the long-term incentive plan is not a term of the agreements. Other major provisions of the agreements, relating to remuneration, are set out below.

Managing Director

Term of agreement	Permanent, subject to one month's notice of termination by either party;
Fixed remuneration	Fixed remuneration includes base salary and superannuation.
	As at 31 March 2010, fixed annual remuneration was \$834,000.
	Fixed remuneration is reviewed annually by the Remuneration Committee and the Board.
Short-term incentive	Annual short-term incentive of 50% of FAR for on-target performance.
Termination benefits	Termination benefits calculated at three weeks' pay for every year of service paid at the Managing Director's FAR rate and capped at six months.

Senior executives

The major provisions contained in the services agreements of the Executive KMP listed are substantially the same as those that apply to the Managing Director.

Rounding of amounts

SP AusNet Finance Trust is an entity of a kind referred to in Class Order 98/0100, issued by the Australian Securities and Investments Commission, relating to the "rounding off" of amounts in the Directors' report. Amounts in the Directors' report have been rounded off in accordance with that Class Order to the nearest hundred thousand dollars or, in certain cases, to the nearest thousand dollars.

This report is made in accordance with a resolution of the Directors.

Ng Kee Choe Chairman

Uficer

Nino Ficca
Managing Director

Melbourne 11 May 2010



SP Australia Networks

(Finance) Trust



Lead auditor's independence declaration under Section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001

To the directors of the Responsible Entity of SP Australia Networks (Finance) Trust, SP Australia Networks (RE) Ltd I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, in relation to the audit for the financial year ended 31 March 2010 there have been:

- no contraventions of the auditor independence requirements as set out in the Corporations Act 2001 in relation to the audit; and
- (ii) no contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

Kpm

KPMG

Alion Kille

Alison Kitchen Partner

Melbourne 11 May 2010

KPMG, an Australian partnership and a member firm of the KPMG network of independent member firms affiliated with KPMG International, a Swiss cooperative.

Income statements

For the year ended 31 March 2010

	Notes	2010 \$M	2009 \$M
Revenue	110103	-	φιν -
Profit from operating activities	_	-	-
Finance income	2	111.5	95.5
Net finance income		111.5	95.5
Profit before income tax Income tax expense	1(e)	111.5 -	95.5 -
Profit for the year		111.5	95.5
Earnings per unit for profit attributable to the ordinary unitholders of SP AusNet Finance Trust			
Basic and diluted earnings per unit (cents per unit)	4	4.32	4.55

The above income statements should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.



» SP Australia Networks (Finance) Trust

SP Australia Networks (Finance) Trust

Statements of comprehensive income For the year ended 31 March 2010

	2010 \$M	2009 \$M
Profit for the year	111.5	95.5
Other comprehensive income for the year, net of income tax		
Total comprehensive income for the year	111.5	95.5

The above statements of comprehensive income should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Statements of financial position

As at 31 March 2010

	Notes	2010 \$M	2009 \$M
ASSETS		V	4
Current assets			
Receivables	5	2,194.9	1,794.8
Total current assets		2,194.9	1,794.8
Total assets		2,194.9	1,794.8
LIABILITIES		Í	,
Total liabilities	_	-	-
Net assets	_	2,194.9	1,794.8
UNITHOLDERS' FUNDS			
Unitholders' of SP AusNet Finance Trust			
Units on issue		2,133.6	1,737.6
Retained profits		61.3	57.2
Total unitholders' funds	_	2,194.9	1,794.8

The above statements of financial position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.



» SP Australia Networks (Finance) Trust

SP Australia Networks (Finance) Trust

Statements of changes in equity For the year ended 31 March 2010

	Notes	Issued units \$M	Retained profits \$M	Total unitholders' funds \$M
31 March 2010 Balance as at 1 April 2009		1,737.6	57.2	1,794.8
·		1,737.0	31.2	1,794.0
Total comprehensive income for the year Profit for the year		-	111.5	111.5
Total comprehensive income for the financial year			111.5	111.5
Transactions with unitholders, recorded directly in unitholders' funds				
Income distributions paid	3	-	(107.4)	(107.4)
Return of capital paid	3	(50.0)	-	(50.0)
New units issued	6(b)	399.3	-	399.3
Distribution reinvestment plan	6(b)	46.7	-	46.7
Total transactions with owners		396.0	(107.4)	288.6
Balance as at 31 March 2010		2,133.6	61.3	2,194.9
31 March 2009 Balance as at 1 April 2008		1,827.7	34.7	1,862.4
Total comprehensive income for the year Profit for the year		-	95.5	95.5
Total comprehensive income for the financial year		-	95.5	95.5
Transactions with unitholders, recorded directly in unitholders' funds				
Income distributions paid	3	-	(73.0)	(73.0)
Return of capital paid	3	(116.7)	-	(116.7)
Distribution reinvestment plan	6(b)	26.6	-	26.6
Total transactions with unitholders		(90.1)	(73.0)	(163.1)
Balance as at 31 March 2009		1,737.6	57.2	1,794.8

The above statements of changes in equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Statements of cash flows

For the year ended 31 March 2010

	Notes	2010 \$M	2009 \$M
Cash flows from operating activities Interest received	_	107.2	73.0
Net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities	12	107.2	73.0
Net cash inflow/(outflow) from investing activities	_	-	
Cash flows from financing activities			
Proceeds of loans with related parties		(445.8)	(26.6)
Repayment of loans with related parties		50.0	116.7
Proceeds from issue of units (i)	6(b)	399.3	-
Income distribution	3	(107.4)	(73.0)
Return of capital (ii)		(3.3)	(90.1)
Net cash inflow/(outflow) from financing activities	_	(107.2)	(73.0)
Net increase/(decreases) in cash held Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of financial year		-	-
Cash and Cash equivalents at the beginning of infancial year	_	-	
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of financial year		-	

- The amount of proceeds from issue of units are net of transaction costs.
- Amounts shown represent return of capital paid of \$50.0 million (2009: \$116.7 million) offset by proceeds from the DRP of \$46.9 million (2009: \$26.6 million), less transaction costs of \$0.2 million.

The above statements of cash flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.



» SP Australia Networks (Finance) Trust

SP Australia Networks (Finance) Trust

Notes to the financial statements

31 March 2010

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Notes to the financial statements

31 March 2010

Note 1 Summary of significant accounting policies

The principal accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the financial report are set out below.

(a) Basis of preparation

The financial report is a general purpose financial report which has been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards ("AASBs") and interpretations adopted by the Australian Accounting Standards Board and the Corporations Act 2001. The financial statements and notes also comply with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRSs") and interpretations adopted by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB").

This general purpose financial report is presented in Australian dollars.

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors of the Responsible Entity on 11 May 2010.

(i) New standards adopted

The standard relevant to the SP Australia Networks (Finance) Trust that has been first applied during the period beginning 1 April 2009 is:

- Revised AASB 101 *Presentation of Financial Statements* is applicable to annual reporting periods commencing on or after 1 January 2009. This standard results in changes to the financial statements including the addition of a statement of comprehensive income. This standard does not result in any changes to the financial results but affects how those results are presented.
- (ii) New standards not yet adopted

There are no standards or interpretations available for early adoption for the annual reporting period beginning 1 April 2009 that may significantly affect the SP Australia Networks (Finance) Trust's financial results.

(iii) Historical cost convention

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

(b) Principles of consolidation

(i) Stapling

Pursuant to the Stapling Deed effective from 21 October 2005, a Stapled Group was established for the purpose of facilitating a joint quotation of SP AusNet Distribution, SP AusNet Transmission and SP AusNet Finance Trust on the Australian Securities Exchange and the Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited. The Stapled Group was listed on 14 December 2005.

So long as the three entities remain jointly quoted, the number of shares in each of SP AusNet Distribution and SP AusNet Transmission and the number of units in SP AusNet Finance Trust shall be equal and shareholders and unitholders shall be identical.

By virtue of the stapling arrangement, SP AusNet Distribution, SP AusNet Transmission and SP AusNet Finance Trust have common equityholders (securityholders) with the effect that the total equity of the Stapled Group belongs to the securityholders.

The Stapled Group is also referred to as SP AusNet.



SP Australia Networks

(Finance) Trust

SP Australia Networks (Finance) Trust

Notes to the financial statements

31 March 2010

Note 1 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

(c) Segment reporting

An operating segment is a component of the SP AusNet Finance Trust that engages in business activities from which it earns revenues and incurs expenses for which discrete financial information is available and whose operating results are regularly reviewed by the chief operating decision maker. SP AusNet Finance Trust provides loans to related parties within the Stapled Group and operates predominately in the State of Victoria. As a result SP AusNet Finance Trust only operates in one segment.

(d) Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognised for the major business activities as follows:

(i) Interest income

Interest income is recognised as it accrues, taking into account the effective yield on the financial asset.

(e) Income Tax

The primary function of SP AusNet Finance Trust is to provide financing to both SP AusNet Distribution and SP AusNet Transmission as well as to facilitate distributions to unitholders in the nature of interest income and returns of capital as applicable for Australian taxation purposes.

SP AusNet Finance Trust is not regarded as a public trading trust under Division 6C of Part III of the Income Tax Assessment Act 1936 ("ITAA36") and is therefore not treated as a company for taxation purposes.

The Responsible Entity will not be liable for income tax under Division 6 of ITAA36, on the basis that unitholders will become presently entitled to the net income of SP AusNet Finance Trust prior to 30 June 2010. Accordingly, the SP AusNet Finance Trust is a "flow through" entity in respect of net interest income derived and subsequently distributed to unitholders.

As a flow through entity for Australian taxation purposes, no current or deferred tax impacts are booked in respect of net trust income recognised to 31 March 2010.

(f) Receivables

Receivables are initially recognised at the fair value of the amounts to be received and are subsequently measured at amortised cost.

(g) Unitholders' funds

Ordinary units are classified as unitholders' funds.

Provision is made for the amount of any distributions approved on or before the end of the financial year but not paid at balance date.

(h) Earnings per unit

(i) Basic earnings per unit

Basic earnings per unit is calculated by dividing the profit attributable to unitholders of SP AusNet Finance Trust by the weighted average number of units outstanding during the financial year.

Notes to the financial statements

31 March 2010

Note 1 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

(h) Earnings per unit (continued)

(ii) Diluted earnings per unit

Diluted earnings per unit adjusts the figures used in the determination of basic earnings per unit to take into account the effect of interest or other financing costs associated with dilutive potential units and include these dilutive potential units in the weighted average number of units outstanding used in the calculation.

(i) Rounding of amounts

SP AusNet Finance Trust is of a kind referred to in Class Order 98/100, issued by the Australian Securities and Investments Commission, relating to the "rounding off" of amounts in the financial report. Amounts in the financial report have been rounded off in accordance with that Class Order to the nearest hundred thousand dollars, or in certain cases, the nearest thousand dollars.

Note 2 Net finance income

	2010	2009
	\$M	\$M
Finance income		
Interest income - related parties	111.5	95.5
Total finance income	111.5	95.5
Net finance income	111.5	95.5



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(Finance) Trust

SP Australia Networks (Finance) Trust

Notes to the financial statements

31 March 2010

Note 3 Distributions

Assessable interest income

Distributions from capital

Total distributions from capital

Return of capital Return of capital

Reinvestment Plan.

Total distributions from earnings

The following distributions were approved and paid by SP AusNet Finance Trust to unitholders during the current financial year:

	Date paid	Cents per security	Total distribution \$M
Distributions from earnings			
Assessable interest income	25 June 2009	2.692	57.1
Assessable interest income	22 December 2009	1.887_	50.3
Total distributions from earnings		_	107.4
Distributions from capital			
Return of capital	25 June 2009	1.324	28.1
Return of capital	22 December 2009	0.824	21.9
Total distributions from capital		_	50.0
Total distributions		_	157.4
The following distributions were approved and paid by SP AusNet Fina	nce Trust to unitholders during the	previous finar	ncial year:
Distributions from earnings			
Assessable interest income	23 June 2008	1.655	34.6

Total distributions

In relation to the distributions paid in the current financial year of \$157.4 million (2009: \$189.7 million), \$46.9 million (2009: \$26.6 million) less transaction costs of \$0.2 million, was utilised in the allotment of new securities issued under the Distribution

18 December 2008

23 June 2008

18 December 2008

1.839

3.397

2.177

38.4

73.0

71.1

45.6

116.7

Notes to the financial statements

31 March 2010

Note 4 Earnings per unit

(a) Basic earnings per unit

	2010	2009
	\$M	\$M
Profit from operations attributable to the ordinary unitholders of SP AusNet Finance Trust	111.5	95.5
Profit attributable to the ordinary unitholders of SP AusNet Finance Trust	111.5	95.5
Weighted average number of units (million)	2,583.9	2,100.6
	Cents	Cents
Earnings per unit from profit	4.32	4.55

(b) Diluted earnings per unit

There were no factors causing a dilution of either the profit or loss attributable to ordinary unitholders or the weighted average number of ordinary units outstanding. Accordingly, basic and diluted earnings per unit are the same.

Note 5 Receivables

	2010	2009
	\$M	\$M
Current receivables		
Related party receivables	2,194.9	1,794.8
Total receivables	2,194.9	1,794.8

No receivables are past due or considered impaired.

Note 6 Unitholders' funds

		2010	2009
	Notes	Units	Units
Units on issue			
Ordinary units - fully paid (million)	(a)(b)	2,705.1	2,120.4

(a) Ordinary shares

Ordinary units entitle the unitholder to participate in distributions and the proceeds on winding up of SP AusNet Finance Trust in proportion to the number of and amounts paid on the units issued. Holders of ordinary units are entitled to one vote on a show of hands or one vote for each unit held on a poll at unitholders' meetings.



SP Australia Networks (Finance) Trust SP Australia Networks (Finance) Trust

Notes to the financial statements

31 March 2010

Note 6 Unitholders' funds (continued)

(b) Movements in units				
Date	Details	Notes	Number of shares	\$M (i)
1 April 2008	Opening balance		2,092,680,010	1,827.7
23 June 2008	Return of capital		-	(71.1)
18 December 2008	Return of capital		-	(45.6)
18 December 2008	Distribution reinvestment plan	(ii)	27,743,305	26.6
31 March 2009	Closing balance		2,120,423,315	1,737.6
1 April 2009	Opening balance		2,120,423,315	1,737.6
28 May 2009	Institutional capital raising	(iii)	431,541,856	336.6
28 May 2009	Retail capital raising	(iii)	9,967,159	7.6
17 June 2009	Retail capital raising	(iii)	85,169,591	64.2
	Transaction costs		-	(9.1)
25 June 2009	Return of capital		-	(28.1)
25 June 2009	Distribution reinvestment plan	(iv)	15,829,499	12.3
22 December 2009	Return of capital		-	(21.9)
22 December 2009	Distribution reinvestment plan	(iv)	42,208,731	34.6
	Transaction costs - DRP		-	(0.2)
31 March 2010	Closing balance		2,705,140,151	2,133.6

- (i) With respect to the allocation of the proceeds in the form of shares in SP AusNet Transmission, SP AusNet Distribution and units in SP AusNet Finance Trust, all amounts were allocated to the units in SP AusNet Finance Trust with the shares in SP AusNet Transmission and SP AusNet Distribution being issued at nominal consideration.
- (ii) On 7 October 2008, the Stapled Group announced the establishment of a Distribution Reinvestment Plan ("DRP"). On 18 December 2008, 27.7 million new stapled securities were issued under the DRP. The new securities were issued at a price of \$0.96 per security providing approximately \$26.6 million.
- A total of 526,678,606 securities were issued under the non-renounceable entitlement offer completed in June 2009 at an issue price of \$0.78 per stapled security for eligible securityholders in Australia and New Zealand and S\$0.86 per stapled security for eligible securityholders in Singapore.
- (iv) On 25 June 2009 and on 22 December 2009, 15.8 million and 42.2 million new stapled securities were issued under the DRP respectively. The new securities were issued at a price of \$0.78 per security and \$0.82 per security, respectively, providing approximately \$12.3 million and \$34.6 million, respectively.

Notes to the financial statements

31 March 2010

Note 6 Unitholders' funds (continued)

(c) Capital management

The principal activity of SP AusNet Finance Trust was to provide financing to other entities in the Stapled Group for the acquisition of the transmission and distribution businesses as well as to facilitate distributions to securityholders in the nature of interest income and returns of capital. Adequate capital must be maintained to ensure the SP AusNet Finance Trust can continue to facilitate distributions to securityholders. In this regard, capital consists of the value of units on issue.

SP AusNet Finance Trust is not subject to any externally imposed capital requirements and there were no changes in SP AusNet Finance Trust's approach to capital management during the financial year.

SP AusNet maintains a well diversified debt maturity profile together with well diversified sources of debt. In order to maintain its prudent capital structure, support its existing A range credit rating and enable continued access to capital markets to fund growth driven by strong energy demand in Victoria, SP AusNet undertakes internal capital reviews. As a result of this process, SP AusNet successfully completed a CHF 475.0 million five and a half year Swiss franc bond issue, a HKD\$700.0 million ten year Hong Kong dollar bond issue and also completed \$300.0 million seven and a half year Australian dollar bond issue in March 2010.

Beyond the year ended 31 March 2010, distributions will be determined based on operating cash flows after funding 100 per cent of maintenance capital expenditure and a portion of growth capital expenditure. SP AusNet Finance Trust's long-term aim is to continue to deliver sustainable growth in securityholder value.

Note 7 Financial risk management

During the year the principal activity of SP AusNet Finance Trust was to provide financing to both SP AusNet Transmission and SP AusNet Distribution and therefore SP AusNet Finance Trust is exposed to credit risk.

Credit risk refers to the risk that a counterparty will default on its contractual obligations resulting in financial loss to SP AusNet Finance Trust.

SP AusNet Finance Trust only provides finance to entities within the Stapled Group and therefore there is no allowance made for any amounts outstanding as the risk of default is negligible as all entities in the Stapled Group are operating together to achieve a common goal.

The carrying amount of financial assets recorded in the financial statements represents SP AusNet Finance Trust's maximum exposure to credit risk.



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Notes to the financial statements

31 March 2010

Note 8 Key management personnel disclosure

SPI Management Services, a wholly-owned subsidiary of related party Singapore Power International Pte Ltd, SP AusNet Distribution and SP AusNet Transmission are parties to a Management Services Agreement ("MSA"). In addition, SPI Management Services and the Responsible Entity are parties to a Management Services Agreement ("RE MSA"). Both agreements commenced on 1 October 2005.

In accordance with the MSA and the RE MSA, SPI Management Services provides the services of key senior management, including the Managing Director and the executive management team to the SP AusNet Group and not exclusively to any particular entity within SP AusNet. Although not employed by SP AusNet, by virtue of the operation of the MSA and the RE MSA, these individuals are deemed to qualify as key management personnel of SP AusNet. Accordingly, the details of remuneration disclosed are for services provided to SP AusNet.

The Directors and key management personnel of SP AusNet are engaged to provide services to the SP AusNet Group and not exclusively to any particular entity within SP AusNet. Accordingly, the details of remuneration disclosed are for services provided to SP AusNet.

Total remuneration for key management personnel during the financial year is set out below:

	2010	2009 (i)
	\$	\$
Remuneration by category		
Short-term employee benefits	4,686,964	4,824,160
Post-employment benefits	313,144	326,931
Termination benefits (ii)	-	285,261
Share-based payment	512,015	2,294,808
	5,512,123	7,731,160

- (i) Remuneration for 31 March 2009 has been adjusted for a reallocation of superannuation as disclosed in the Remuneration Report in the Directors' report.
- (ii) Termination benefits represent the payment of accrued annual and long service leave benefits.

Other transactions with key management personnel

From time to time, a number of key management personnel, or their related entities, may have purchased goods and services from, or supplied goods and services, to SP AusNet.

The terms and conditions of these transactions were no more favourable than those available, or which might reasonably be expected to be available, on similar transactions with non-related entities on an arm's-length basis.

Notes to the financial statements

31 March 2010

Note 8 Key management personnel disclosure (continued)

Securityholdings of key management personnel

The movement in the number of ordinary securities in SP AusNet held directly, indirectly or beneficially, by key management personnel, including their related entities, is as follows:

	Balance at beginning of year		during the year as		Balance at end of year
	(1 April 2009)	(i)	exercised	Net change other (ii)	(31 March 2010)
Key management personnel					
Directors					
Ng Kee Choe	152,990	-	-	42,893	195,883
Nino Ficca	159,260	480,000	-	81,074	720,334
Jeremy Davis	50,000	-	-	55,000	105,000
Eric Gwee	105,981	-	-	40,693	146,674
Ho Tian Yee	-	-	-	-	-
Tony lannello	104,321	-	-	31,728	136,049
George Lefroy	185,556	-	-	53,650	239,206
Martyn Myer	50,000	-	-	-	50,000
lan Renard	53,086	-	-	20,739	73,825
Executives					
Nino Ficca	159,260	480,000	-	81,074	720,334
John Azaris (iii)	-	117,000	-	-	117,000
Norman Drew	20,782	161,795	-	-	182,577
John Kelso (iv)	4,227	-	-	1,714	5,941
Geoff Nicholson	-	200,000	-	-	200,000
Charles Popple	7,782	144,750	-	-	152,532



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Notes to the financial statements

31 March 2010

Note 8	Key manageme	nt personnel disclosur	re (continued)			
			Granted			
		Balance at	during the			
		beginning of	year as			Balance at end
		year (1 April 2008)	compensation (i)	Options exercised	Net change other (ii)	of year (31 March 2009)
Key manage	ement personnel					
Directors						
Ng Kee Cho	е	150,000	-	-	2,990	152,990
Nino Ficca		150,000	-	-	9,260	159,260
Jeremy Davi	is	50,000	-	-	-	50,000
Eric Gwee		100,000	-	-	5,981	105,981
Ho Tian Yee	e (v)	-	-	-	-	-
Tony lannel	lo	100,000	-	-	4,321	104,321
George Lefr	roy	100,000	-	-	85,556	185,556
Martyn Myer	r	650,000	-	-	(600,000)	50,000
Quek Poh H	luat (vi)	206,000	-	-	-	206,000
lan Renard		50,000	-	-	3,086	53,086
Executives						
Nino Ficca		150,000	-	-	9,260	159,260
Paul Adams	s (vii)	60,782	-	-	(60,782)	-
Michael Bes	selink (viii)	-	-	-	-	-
Norman Dre	W	20,782	-	-	-	20,782
Adrian Hill (i	ix)	50,000	-	-	(50,000)	-
Geoff Nicho	lson	-	-	-	-	-
Charles Pop	ple	7,782	-	-	-	7,782

- (i) Includes securities purchased under the Company's Long-term Incentive Plan ("LTIP")
- Net change other refers to securities purchased or sold or acquired through DRP during the financial year or people ceasing to be a member of the key management personnel during the year.
- iii) Mr Azaris commenced as a member of the key management personnel effective 1 April 2009.
- (iv) Mr Kelso commenced as a member of the key management personnel effective 1 April 2009.
- (v) Mr Ho commenced as a Non executive Director effective 1 September 2008.
- (vi) Mr Quek resigned as a Non executive Director effective 17 July 2008.
- vii) Mr Adams resigned as a member of the key management personnel effective 7 November 2008.
- viii) Mr Besselink was as a member of the key management personnel from 8 November to 31 March 2009.
- (ix) Mr Hill resigned as a member of the key management personnel effective 29 August 2008.

Further details are provided in the Remuneration report in the Directors' report.

Notes to the financial statements

31 March 2010

Note 9 Remuneration of auditors

The auditor of SP AusNet is KPMG. Audit fees for SP AusNet Finance Trust are paid by another entity in the Stapled Group. It is not possible to allocate these audit fees to SP AusNet Finance Trust. No fees were paid to the auditor or a related practice of the auditor for non-audit services.

Note 10 Contingent liabilities

Details of contingent liabilities for which no provisions are included in the financial statements are as follows:

Management Services Agreements ("MSAs")

SPI Management Services, a wholly-owned subsidiary of Singapore Power International Pte Ltd, provides management services to SP AusNet under the MSA and RE MSA (together, the "MSAs") as detailed in note 8.

The terms of the MSAs are for an initial period of ten years but continue for two further ten year periods unless terminated by either party giving no less than one year's notice prior to the expiry of the applicable ten year period.

Other than listed above the, the Directors are not aware of any contingent liabilities as at 31 March 2010.

Note 11 Related party transactions

(a) Parent entities

By virtue of the Stapling Deed effective 21 October 2005, SP AusNet Distribution is deemed to be the parent entity of the Stapled Group.

The immediate parent of SP AusNet Distribution is Singapore Power International Pte Ltd, a company incorporated in Singapore, a wholly-owned subsidiary of Singapore Power Limited. Singapore Power International Pte Ltd owns 51 per cent of the issued shares in SP AusNet Distribution as part of its ownership of 51 per cent of the securities issued in SP AusNet.

The ultimate parent is Temasek Holdings (Private) Limited (a company incorporated in Singapore). Temasek Holdings (Private) Limited's sole shareholder is the Minister of Finance (Incorporated), a body corporate under the Minister for Finance (Incorporation) Act, Chapter 183 of Singapore.

(b) Entities with joint control or significant influence

Logo

Singapore Power Limited has granted SP AusNet a licence for consideration of \$1.0 million per year to use the "flame logo" and image in connection with its business and the use of the terms "SP", "SP Australia Networks" and "SP AusNet". The fee payable is on normal commercial terms.



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Notes to the financial statements

31 March 2010

Note 11 Related party transactions (continued)

(c) Other related parties

Management Services Agreements ("MSAs")

SPI Management Services, a wholly-owned subsidiary of related party Singapore Power International Pte Ltd, is a party to two MSAs with SP AusNet and the Responsible Entity, respectively, as detailed in note 8.

Under the RE MSA, the Responsible Entity has engaged SPI Management Services to provide management and administration services in respect of SP AusNet Finance Trust. SPI Management Services is entitled to an annual fee of \$100,000 per year in respect of the RE MSA. SPI Management Services may consult with Singapore Power Limited and its subsidiaries from time to time in the performance of its role.

The RE MSA commenced on 1 October 2005 for an initial period of ten years and continues for two further ten year periods unless terminated by either party giving no less than one year's notice prior to the expiry of the applicable ten year period. The RE MSA also contains mutual indemnities and limits the total liability of either party to \$5.0 million in any financial year.

(d) Key management personnel

Disclosures relating to Directors and executives are set out in note 8.

(e) Transactions with related parties

For the purpose of the financial statements, parties are considered to be related to SP AusNet Finance Trust if SP AusNet Finance Trust has the ability, directly or indirectly, to control the party or exercise significant influence over the party in making financial and operational decisions, or vice versa. The related party disclosures are for transactions with entities within the Singapore Power Group.

SP AusNet Finance Trust's ultimate parent is Temasek Holdings (Private) Limited ("Temasek"). Temasek is the holding company for various commercial interests of the government of Singapore. SP AusNet Finance Trust engages in a wide variety of transactions with entities in the Temasek Group in the normal course of business on terms similar to those available to other customers. Such transactions include but are not limited to telecommunication services and leasing of properties. These related party transactions are carried out on terms negotiated between parties which are intended to reflect competitive terms.



Notes to the financial statements

31 March 2010

Note 11 Related party transactions (continued)

(e) Transactions with related parties (continued)

Except for the following transactions within the SP AusNet Group there were no other transactions with the Singapore Power Group:

	2010	2009
	\$'000	\$'000
Loans to related parties Other related parties	445,800	26,634
Loan repayments from: Other related parties	50,000	116,641
Interest Income Other related parties	111,501	95,572
Interest expense		
Distributions paid Assessable interest income	54,774	37,290
Return of capital (i)	1,581	45,951

The amount shown represents the distributions paid offset by proceeds from the DRP.

(f) Outstanding balances

The following balances are outstanding at the reporting date in relation to transactions with related parties within the Singapore Power Group:

Power Group:		
	2010	2009
	\$'000	\$'000
Current receivables		
Other related parties	2,194,936	1,794,835

No allowance for impairment loss has been raised in relation to any outstanding balances due from related parties.



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Notes to the financial statements

31 March 2010

- Existing loan

- DRP loan

Note 11 Related party transactions (continued)

(g) Terms and conditions

Prior to 16 December 2008, SP AusNet Finance Trust had four loan agreements in place ("existing loan agreements"). Two loan agreements are with SP AusNet Distribution and two loan agreements are with SP AusNet Transmission. On 16 December 2008, SP AusNet Finance Trust entered into four additional loan agreements for the proceeds received under the DRP ("DRP loan agreements"). Two loan agreements are with SP AusNet Distribution and two loan agreements are with SP AusNet Transmission. At 31 March 2010, the amounts outstanding under these loan agreements (excluding any accrued interest) and the applicable interest rates were:

rates were:	, , , , ,	
	Closing balance (excluding accrued	
	interest)	Interest rate
Loans to SP AusNet Distribution	\$M	%
1 April 2009 to 30 September 2009		
- Existing loan	140.6	Nil
- Existing loan	544.5	8.08
- Institutional Rights Issue	329.1	8.19
- Retail Rights Issue	70.1	8.26
- DRP loan	12.3	8.24
	1,096.6	
1 October 2009 to 31 March 2010		
- Existing loan	131.2	Nil
- Existing loan	544.5	8.79
- Institutional Rights Issue	329.1	8.79
- Retail Rights Issue	69.9	8.79
- DRP loan	12.2	8.79
- DRP loan	34.5	9.04
	1,121.4	
The amount of accrued interest as at 31 March 2010 was \$42.6 million (2009: \$33.2 million).		
Loans to SP AusNet Transmission		
1 April 2009 to 30 September 2009		
- Existing loan	603.9	Nil
- Existing loan	394.0	8.08
- DRP loan	26.6	8.08
	1,024.5	
1 October 2009 to 31 March 2010		
- Existing loan	591.4	Nil

The amount of accrued interest as at 31 March 2010 was \$18.5 million (2009: \$24.0 million).

146

8.79

8.79

394.0

26.6

1,012.0

Notes to the financial statements

31 March 2010

Note 11 Related party transactions (continued)

(i) Existing loan agreements

The loan agreements are each for a term of ten years. The loan agreements with SP AusNet Distribution and SP AusNet Transmission mature in July 2014 and October 2015 respectively. All the loan agreements have similar terms and conditions which have been complied with and can be summarised as follows:

- the interest period and interest rate to apply to the loans are agreed by the Borrower and the Lender at six monthly intervals;
- interest accrues from day to day and is payable on the last day of the interest period;
- interest which is payable may be capitalised by the Lender at intervals which the Lender determines or if no determination is made on the first day of each quarter;
- the Borrower must repay the principal outstanding and any accrued but unpaid interest on or before the end of the term of the agreement;
- the Lender may demand repayment of the outstanding principal and any unpaid accrued interest on demand by giving at least 28 days' notice (or a shorter period agreed between the parties);
- the Borrower can prepay outstanding principal and any unpaid accrued interest by giving at least 28 days' notice (or a shorter period agreed between parties); and
- the Lender may terminate its obligations if an event of default occurs.

(ii) DRP loan agreements

The loan agreements are each for a term of ten years. The loan agreements with both SP AusNet Distribution and SP AusNet Transmission mature in December 2018. All the loan agreements have similar terms and conditions which have been complied with. These terms and conditions are the same as those in the existing loan agreements (refer note 11(g)(i)).

The loans from SP AusNet Finance Trust are unsecured and are not guaranteed by any of SP AusNet Distribution or SP AusNet Transmission's subsidiaries.



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Notes to the financial statements

31 March 2010

Note 12 Reconciliation of profit after income tax to net cash flows from operating activiti			
		2010	2009
		\$M	\$M
Profit from ord	inary activities after related income tax	111.5	95.5
Changes in ope	erating assets and liabilities:		
(Increase)/decre	ease in receivables	(4.3)	(22.5)
Net cash inflow	r from operating activities	107.2	73.0

Note 13 Events occurring after the balance sheet date

(a) Distributions

Since the end of the financial year, the Directors of the Responsible Entity have approved a final distribution for 2010 of \$65.2 million (2.409 cents per unit) to be paid on 29 June 2010 comprised as follows:

		l otal distribution
	Cents per unit	\$M
Assessable interest income	2.261	61.2
Return of capital	0.148	4.0
	2.409	65.2

(b) Other matters

Other than outlined above, there has been no matter or circumstance that has arisen since 31 March 2010 up to the date of issue of this financial report that has significantly affected or may significantly affect:

- (a) the operations in financial years subsequent to 31 March 2010 of SP AusNet Finance Trust; or
- b) the results of those operations; or
- (c) the state of affairs, in financial years subsequent to 31 March 2010, of SP AusNet Finance Trust.

Directors' declaration

In the Directors' of the Responsible Entity's opinion:

- (a) the financial statements and notes set out on pages 272 to 293, and the remuneration disclosures that are contained in the *Remuneration report* in the *Directors' report*, are in accordance with the *Corporations Act* 2001, including:
 - (i) complying with Accounting Standards, the *Corporations Regulations* 2001 and the other mandatory professional reporting requirements; and
 - (ii) giving a true and fair view of SP AusNet Finance Trust's financial position as at 31 March 2010 and its performance, as represented by the results of its operations and its cash flows, for the financial year ended on that date: and
- there are reasonable grounds to believe that SP AusNet Finance Trust will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.

The Directors have been given the declarations by the chief executive officer and chief financial officer required by section 295A of the *Corporations Act* 2001.

This declaration is made in accordance with a resolution of the Directors of the Responsible Entity.

Ng Kee Choe Chairman

Nino Ficca Managing Director

Melbourne 11 May 2010



SP Australia Networks

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Independent auditor's report to the members of SP Australia Networks (Finance) Trust

Report on the financial report

We have audited the accompanying financial report of SP Australia Networks (Finance) Trust ("the Trust"), which comprises the statement of financial position as at 31 March 2010, income statement and statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows for the year ended on that date, a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes 1 to 13 and the directors' declaration set out on pages 272 to 294.

Directors' responsibility for the financial report

The directors of SP Australia Networks (RE) Ltd, the responsible entity of the Trust, are responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial report in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards (including the Australian Accounting Interpretations) and the Corporations Act 2001. This responsibility includes establishing and maintaining internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial report that is free from material misstalement, whether due to fraud or error; selecting and applying appropriate accounting policies; and making accounting estimates that are reasonable in the circumstances. In note 1, the directors also state, in accordance with Australian Accounting Standard AASB 101 Presentation of Financial Statements, that the financial report, comprising the financial statements and notes, complies with International Financial Reporting Standards.

Auditor's responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial report based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. These Auditing Standards require that we comply with relevant ethical requirements relating to audit engagements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial report is free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial report. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Trust's preparation and fair presentation of the financial report in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Trust's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial report.

We performed the procedures to assess whether in all material respects the financial report presents fairly, in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001 and Australian Accounting Standards (including the Australian Accounting Interpretations), a view which is consistent with our understanding of the Trust's financial position and of its performance.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Independence

In conducting our audit, we have complied with the independence requirements of the Corporations Act 2001.

KPMG, an Australian partnership and a member firm of the KPMG network of independent member firms affiliated with KPMG International, a Swiss cooperative.



Auditor's opinion

In our opinion:

- (a) the financial report of SP Australia Networks (Finance) Trust is in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001, including:
 - giving a true and fair view of the Trust's financial position as at 31 March 2010 and of its performance for the year ended on that date; and
 - complying with Australian Accounting Standards (including the Australian Accounting Interpretations) and the Corporations Regulations 2001.
- (b) the financial report also complies with International Financial Reporting Standards as disclosed in note 1.

Report on the remuneration report

We have audited the Remuneration Report included in pages 257 to 270 of the directors' report for the year ended 31 March 2010. The directors of SP Australia Networks (RE) Ltd are responsible for the preparation and presentation of the remuneration report in accordance with Section 300A of the Corporations Act 2001. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the remuneration report, based on our audit conducted in accordance with auditing standards.

Auditor's opinion

In our opinion, the remuneration report of SP Australia Networks (Finance) Trust for the year ended 31 March 2010, complies with Section 300A of the Corporations Act 2001.

MOLIO

Alison Kitchen

Melbourne

Partner

11 May 2010

SP AusNet** A member of Singapore Power Group

Securityholder information

SECURITYHOLDER INFORMATION

The securityholder information set out below was compiled from SP AusNet's register of securityholders as at 12 May 2010.

STAPLED SECURITIES AND VOTING RIGHTS

Each of SP AusNet's stapled securities consists of:

- one ordinary share of SP AusNet Transmission;
- one ordinary share of SP AusNet Distribution; and
- one unit in SP AusNet Finance Trust.

All stapled securities carry one vote per stapled security.

For the avoidance of doubt, any person named in the Central Depository (Pte) Limited of Singapore ("CDP") as a person on whose behalf CDP holds one or more securities ("CDP Account Holder") does not have any right to vote by virtue of their status as a CDP Account Holder.

DISTRIBUTION OF STAPLED SECURITIES

A distribution schedule of the number of holders of stapled securities is set out below:

	Number of holders	Number of securities
1-1,000	1,167	870,919
1,001 – 5,000	3,120	9,497,088
5,001 – 10,000	2,360	18,487,568
10,001 – 100,000	5,052	139,154,517
100,001 and over	336	2,537,130,059
Total	12,035	2,705,140,151

There were 193 holders of less than a marketable parcel of stapled securities.

There was no current on-market buy-back.

STAPLED SECURITYHOLDERS

The names of the 20 largest holders of quoted stapled securities are listed below:

Name	Number of securities held	Percentage of issued securities
Singapore Power International Pte Ltd	1,379,621,477	51.00
HSBC Custody Nominees (Australia) Limited	277,666,598	10.26
National Nominees Limited	182,911,500	6.76
The Central Depository (Pte) Limited	167,111,587	6.18
J P Morgan Nominees Australia Limited	161,867,952	5.98
Citicorp Nominees Pty Limited	105,861,103	3.91
HSBC Custody Nominees (Australia) Limited	16,609,127	0.61
ANZ Nominees Limited	16,055,881	0.59
Cogent Nominees Pty Limited	14,536,899	0.54
Citicorp Nominees Pty Limited	10,887,256	0.40
RBC Dexia Investor Services Australia Nominees Pty Limited	10,823,744	0.40
AMP Life Limited	9,696,551	0.36
UBS Wealth Management Australia Nominees Pty Limited	8,130,012	0.30
Australian Reward Investment Alliance	7,965,425	0.29
Questor Financial Services Limited	7,680,987	0.28
UBS Nominees Pty Ltd	7,578,881	0.28
Queensland Investment Corporation	7,080,289	0.26
Bond Street Custodians Limited	6,907,510	0.26
RBC Dexia Investor Services Australia Nominees Pty Limited	6,578,349	0.24
Bond Street Custodians Limited	5,069,710	0.19
Total	2,410,640,838	89.09

SUBSTANTIAL HOLDERS

Substantial holders in SP AusNet as disclosed in substantial holding notices given to SP AusNet are listed below:

	Number of securities held	Percentage of issued securities
Temasek Holdings (Private) Limited and its associates	1,377,138,138	52.02%

GLOSSARY

AEMO Australian Energy Market Operator **AER** Australian Energy Regulator ASX Australian Securities Exchange AT0 Australian Taxation Office

GWh giga watt hours

kV kilovolts, the amount of electric force carried through a high-voltage transmission line is

measured in kilovolts

NEMMCO National Electricity Market Management Company

MWmegawatt, unit of electrical power equal to one million watts

MWh megawatt hours

ΡJ petajoule, a joule is a unit of energy. A petajoule is 1015

SGX-ST Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited

USAIDI Unplanned Supply Average Interruption Duration Index

FINANCIAL CALENDAR

2010 Annual General Meeting 14 July 2010 2010/11 Financial Half Year end 30 September 2010 2010/11 Half Year Results announced 10 November 2010* Payment of 2010/11 Half Year Distribution 22 December 2010* 2010/11 Financial Year end 31 March 2011

ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

The Annual General Meeting of SP AusNet will be held on Wednesday, 14 July 2010 at 10.00 am. The location of the Annual General Meeting is:

The Auditorium Melbourne Exhibition Centre 2 Clarendon Street Southbank, VIC. 3006

Australia



Glossary

Financial calendar

Annual general meeting

^{*} subject to confirmation

Enquiries and information

ENQUIRIES AND INFORMATION

Enquiries about stapled securities

SP AusNet's register of stapled securities is maintained by Computershare Investor Services Pty Limited ("Computershare"). For enquiries about SP AusNet stapled securities, a transfer or securities or distributions, contact:

Computershare Investor Services Pty Limited

Yarra Falls, 452 Johnston Street

Abbotsford, VIC. 3067

GPO Box 2975

Melbourne, VIC. 3001

Australia

Telephone: 1300 850 505 (within Australia)

+61 3 9415 4000 (outside Australia)

Fax: +61 3 9473 2500

For enquiries regarding stapled securities listed on the SGX-ST and deposited with the Central Depository (Pte) Limited contact:

The Central Depository (Pte) Limited 4 Shenton Way, #02-01 SGX Centre 2 Singapore 068807

Telephone: +65 6535 7511

Enquiries about SP AusNet

Contact:

SP AusNet Investor Relations

Telephone: +61 3 9695 6000 Facsimile: +61 9695 6666

Email: <u>investor.enquiries@sp-ausnet.com.au</u>

Or write to:

Investor Relations
SP AusNet
Level 31, 2 Southbank Boulevard
Southbank, VIC. 3006
Australia

Security Exchange Listings

The stapled securities are listed under the number 'SP AusNet' and code 'SPN' on the Australian Securities Exchange, and on the Singapore Exchange Limited under the code 'SP AusNet'.

The securities participate in the Clearing House Electronic Subregister System ('CHESS').



Tax File Number ('TFN') information

While it is not compulsory for securityholders to provide a TFN, SP AusNet is obliged to deduct tax from distributions to holders resident in Australia who have not supplied such information. If you have not already supplied your TFN, you may wish to do so by writing to Computershare.

Change of address or name

A securityholder should notify Computershare immediately, in writing, if there is any change in his, her or its registered address or name.

SP AusNet

SP Australia Networks (Distribution) Limited ABN 37 108 788 245

SP Australia Networks (Transmission) Limited ABN 48 116 124 362

SP Australia Networks (Finance) Trust ARSN 116 783 914

SP Australia Networks (RE) Limited
ABN 46 109 977 371 (as responsible entity of SP Australia Networks (Finance) Trust)

Registered office Level 31, 2 Southbank Boulevard Southbank, VIC. 3006

Telephone: +61 3 9695 6000 Fax: +61 3 9695 6666

Directors

Mr Ng Kee Choe (Chair)
Mr Nino Ficca (Managing Director)
Prof. Jeremy Davis
Mr Eric Gwee Teck Hai
Mr Ho Tian Yee
Mr Tony lannello
Dr George Lefroy
Mr Martyn Myer

Company Secretary

Ms Susan Taylor

Mr Ian Renard

Auditors

KPMG 147 Collins Street

147 Collins Street Melbourne, Vic. 3000

Telephone: +61 3 9288 5555 Fax: +61 3 9288 6666

SP AusNet

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June 2010



