# UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

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	TRANSITION REPORT PURSUAN	TT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES E	XCHANGE ACT O	F 1934	
		QUICKLOGIC CO	HE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934 the transition period from to maission File Number: 000-22671  DGIC CORPORATION te of registrant as specified in its charter)  77-0188504 (I.R.S. Employer Identification Number)  Lundy Avenue, San Jose, CA 95131 incipal executive offices, including zip code) to stelephone number, including area code: (408) 990-4000  Stered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:  Symbol  Name of Exchange on which Registered  IK  The Nasdaq Capital Market  red pursuant to Section 12(g) of the Act: None (Title of Class) as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act. Yes   was and to Section 13 or Section 15(d) of the Exchange Act. Yes   puired to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act. Yes   ly every Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§ 232.405 of this is required to submit such files). Yes [x] No   ye very Interactive Data File required to be submited pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§ 232.405 of this is required to submit such files). Yes [x] No   an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company or an emerging growth company. See and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.  Accelerated Filer [x]  Smaller Reporting Company [x]  thas elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting fined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act), Yes [x] No [X]  registrant as of June 28, 2019, the registrant's most recently completed second fiscal quarter, was \$63,707,054 bassobeen excluded in that such persons may be deemed to be affiliates. This determination is not necessarily conclusive open excluded in that such persons may be deemed to be affiliates. This determination is not necessarily conclusive		
		(Exact name of registrant as sp	ecified in its charter	•)	
	(State or other	aware er jurisdiction of or organization)		(I.R.S. Employer	
				ode)	
		Registrant's telephone number	including area cod	e:	
		(408) 990-40	00		
		Securities registered pursuant to	Section 12(b) of the	Act:	
	Title of Each Class	Trading Symbol			-
	Common Stock, \$0.001 par value	e QUIK		The Nasdaq Capital Market	
				None	
	Indicate by check mark if the regi	strant is a well-known seasoned issuer, as defined in Rule 4	05 of the Securities A	act. Yes  No [x]	
	Indicate by check mark if the regi	strant is not required to file reports pursuant to Section 13 o	r Section 15(d) of the	Exchange Act. Yes $\square$ No [x]	
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	Indicate by check mark whether the	he registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 or	the Exchange Act).	/es □ No [X]	
	e last closing price reported for such date of	on the Nasdaq Capital Market. For purposes of this disclosu	e, shares of common	stock held by persons who hold more than 5% of the outstanding share	s of
	At March 6, 2020, the registrant h	nad 8,379,038 shares of common stock outstanding.			
		DOCUMENTS INCORPORAT	ED BY REFERENC	CE	

Item 1 of Part 1 of this Form 10-K, Item 5 of Part II of this Form 10-K and Items 10, 11, 12, 13 and 14 of Part III of this Form 10-K incorporate information by reference from the Proxy Statement for the registrant's Annual Meeting of Stockholders to be held on or about April 22, 2020, the "Proxy Statement". Except with respect to the information specifically incorporated by reference in this Form 10-K, the Proxy Statement is not deemed to be filed as part hereof.

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### FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENT

This Annual Report on Form 10-K, including the information contained in "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations", as well as information contained in "Risk Factors" in Item 1A and elsewhere in this Annual Report on Form 10-K, contains "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933 and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. We intend that these forward-looking statements be subject to the safe harbors created by those provisions. Forward-looking statements are generally written in the future tense and/or are preceded by words such as "will," "may," "should," "forecast," "could," "expect," "suggest," "believe," "anticipate," "intend," "fluture," "potential," "target," "seek," "continue," "f" or other similar words. Forward-looking statements include statements regarding (1) our revenue levels, including the commercial success of our solutions, and new products, (2) the conversion of our design opportunities into revenue, (3) our liquidity, (4) our gross profit and breakeven revenue level and factors that affect gross profit and the breakeven revenue level, (5) our level of operating expenses, (6) our research and development efforts, (7) our partners and suppliers, (8) industry and market trends, (9) our manufacturing and product development strategies and (10) our competitive position.

The forward-looking statements contained in this Annual Report involve a number of risks and uncertainties, many of which are outside of our control. Factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from projected results include, but are not limited to, risks associated with (i) the conversion of our design opportunities into revenue; (ii) the commercial and technical success of our new products and our successful introduction of products and solutions incorporating emerging technologies or standards; (iii) our dependence on our relationships with third parties to manufacture our products and solutions; (iv) our dependence upon single suppliers to fabricate and assemble our products; (v) the liquidity required to support our future operating and capital requirements; (vi) our ability to accurately estimate quarterly revenue; (vii) our expectations about market and product trends; (viii) our future plans for partnerships and collaborations; (ix) our dependence upon a few customers for a significant portion of our total revenue; (x) our ability to forecast demand for our products; (xi) our dependence on our international business operations; (xii) our ability to attract and retain key personnel; (xiii) our ability to remain competitive in our industry; (xiv) our ability to achieve the expected benefits from our acquisition of SensiML Corporation; (xv) our ability to protect our intellectual property rights; (xvi) our ability to prevent cyberattacks and protect our data; and (xvii) our ability to handle natural disasters and epidemics, such as the recent outbreak of the COVID-19 virus. Although we believe that the assumptions underlying the forward-looking statements contained in this Annual Report are reasonable, any of the assumptions could be inaccurate, and therefore there can be no assurance that such statements will be accurate. The risks, uncertainties and assumptions referred to above that could cause our results to differ materially from the results expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to, those discussed under the heading "Risk Factors" in Part I, Item 1A hereto and the risks, uncertainties and assumptions discussed from time to time in our other public filings and public announcements. All forward-looking statements included in this document are based on information available to us as of the date hereof. In light of the significant uncertainties inherent in the forward-looking statements included herein, the inclusion of such information should not be regarded as a representation by us or any other person that the results or conditions described in such statements or our objectives and plans will be achieved. Furthermore, past performance in operations and share price is not necessarily indicative of future performance. We disclaim any intention or obligation to update or revise any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise.

As used herein, "QuickLogic", the "Company", "we", "our" and similar terms include QuickLogic Corporation and its subsidiaries, unless the context indicates otherwise.

### PART I

### **ITEM 1. BUSINESS**

### (a) General Development of Business

QuickLogic Corporation (the "Company") was founded in 1988 and reincorporated in Delaware in 1999.

### (b) Financial Information About Segments

See Item 8, "Financial Statements and Supplementary Data - Note 14 - Information Concerning Product Lines, Geographic Information, Accounts Receivable and Revenue Concentration."

### Overview

QuickLogic Corporation was founded in 1988 and reincorporated in Delaware in 1999. Our vision is to transform the way people and devices interact with each other and their surroundings. Our mission is to provide innovative silicon and software platforms to successfully enable our customers to develop products that fundamentally change the end-user experience. Specifically, we are a fabless semiconductor company that develops a full stack platform for artificial intelligence or AI, voice and sensor processing. The platform is based on our embedded FPGA, or eFPGA, intellectual property or IP, low power, multi-core semiconductor system-on-chips or SoCs, and AI software. Our customers can use our eFPGA IP for hardware acceleration and pre-processing, our SoCs to build their hardware around. The Analytics Toolkit from SensiML Corporation, or SensiML, our wholly-owned subsidiary, provides an end-to-end solution with accurate sensor algorithms using AI technology. The full range of platforms, software tools and eFPGA IP enables the practical and efficient adoption of AI, voice and sensor processing across mobile, wearable, hearable, consumer, industrial, edge and endpoint IoT.

Our new products include our EOS<sup>TM</sup>, QuickAIT<sup>M</sup>, SensiML Analytics Studio, ArcticLink® III, PolarPro®3, PolarPro II, PolarPro, and Eclipse II products (which together comprise our new product category). Our mature products include primarily FPGA families named pASIC®3 and QuickRAM® as well as programming hardware and design software. In addition to delivering our own semiconductor solutions, we have an IP business that licenses our eFPGA technology for use in other semiconductor companies SoCs. We began delivering our eFPGA IP product ArcticPro<sup>TM</sup> in 2017, which is included in the new product revenue category. Through the acquisition of SensiML, we now have an AI software platform that includes Software-as-a-Service (SaaS) subscriptions for development, per unit license fees when deployed in production, and proof-of-concept services, all of which are also included in the new product revenue category.

Our solutions typically fall into one of three categories: Sensor Processing, Display and Visual Enhancement, and Smart Connectivity. Our solutions include a unique combination of our silicon platforms, IP cores, software drivers, and in some cases, firmware and application software. All of our silicon platforms are standard devices and must be programmed to be effective in a system. Our IP that enables always-on context-aware sensor applications includes our Flexible Fusion Engine, our Sensor Manager and Communications Manager technologies as well as IP that (i) improves multimedia content, such as our Visual Enhancement Engine, or VEE, technology, and Display Power Optimizer, or DPO, technology; and (ii) implements commonly used mobile system interfaces, such as Low Voltage Differential Signaling, or LVDS, Mobile Industry Processor Interface, or MIPI, and Secure Digital Input Output, or SDIO.

Through the acquisition of SensiML, in January 2019, our core IP also includes the SensiML Analytics Toolkit that enables OEMs to develop AI software for a broad array of resource-constrained time-series sensor endpoint applications. These include a wide range of consumer and industrial sensing applications.

We also work with mobile processor manufacturers, sensor manufacturers, and voice recognition, sensor fusion and context awareness algorithm developers in the development of reference designs. Through reference designs that incorporate our solutions, we believe mobile processor manufacturers, sensor manufacturers, and sensor and voice algorithm companies can expand the available market for their respective products. Furthermore, should a solution developed for a processor manufacturer or sensor and/or sensor algorithm company be applicable to a set of

common OEMs or Original Design Manufacturers or ODMs, we can amortize our Research and Development, or R&D, investment over that set of OEMs or ODMs. There may also be cases when platform providers that intend to use always-on voice recognition will dictate certain performance requirements for the combined software/hardware solution before the platform provider certifies and/or qualifies our product for use by end customers.

We have changed our manufacturing strategies to reduce the cost of our silicon solution platforms to enable their use in high volume, mass customization products. Our EOS S3, EOS S3AI, QuickAI and ArcticLink III silicon platforms combine mixed signal physical functions and hard-wired logic alongside programmable logic. Our EOS S3, EOS S3AI and ArcticLink III solution platforms are manufactured on an advanced process node where we can benefit from smaller die sizes. We typically implement sophisticated logic blocks and mixed signal functions in hard-wired logic because it is very cost-effective and energy efficient. We use small form factor packages, which are less expensive to manufacture and include smaller pin counts. Reduced pin counts result in lower costs for our customer's printed circuit board space and routing. Furthermore, our SRAM reprogrammable silicon platforms can be programmed in-system by our customers, and therefore we do not incur programming cost, lowering the overall cost of ownership to our customers. We expect to continue to invest in silicon solution platforms and manufacturing technologies that make us cost and power consumption effective for high-volume, battery-powered applications.

In addition to working directly with our customers, we partner with other companies that are experts in certain technologies to develop additional IP, reference platforms and system software to provide application solutions, particularly in the area of hardware acceleration for AI-type applications. We also work with mobile processor and communications semiconductor device manufacturers and companies that supply sensor, algorithms and applications. For our sensor processing solutions, we collaborate with sensor manufacturers to ensure interface compatibility. We also collaborate with sensor and voice/audio software companies, helping them optimize their software technology on our silicon platforms in terms of performance, power consumption and user experience.

Our ArcticPro eFPGA IP are currently developed on 65nm, 40nm and 22nm process nodes. The licensable IP is generated by a compiler tool that enables licensees to create an eFPGA block that they can integrate into their SoC without significant involvement by QuickLogic. We believe this flow enables a scalable support model for QuickLogic. For our eFPGA strategy, we typically work with semiconductor manufacturing partners to ensure our eFPGA IP is proven for a given foundry and process node before it is licensed to a SoC company.

In order to grow our revenue from its current level, we depend upon increased revenue from our new products including existing new product platforms, eFPGA IP and platforms currently in development. We expect our business growth to be driven mainly by our silicon solutions, eFPGA IP and SensiML AI Software. Therefore, our revenue growth needs to be strong enough to enable us to sustain profitability while we continue to invest in the development, sales and marketing of our new solution platforms, IP and software.

# **Recent Developments**

On November 26, 2019, shareholders of the Company approved an amendment to our Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation to effect a reverse stock split of our outstanding shares of common stock, at a reverse stock split ratio from 1-for-5 to 1-for-15 (the "Reverse Stock Split"), as determined by the Board of Directors. On December 6, 2019. our Board of Directors approved the implementation of the Reverse Stock Split at a ratio of 1-for-14. The Reverse Stock Split was intended to bring the Company into compliance with the \$1.00 minimum average closing share price requirement for continued listing ("Bid Pricing Rule") on the Nasdaq Capital Market (the "Nasdaq"). On January 9, 2020, the Company received a letter from Nasdaq Stock Market LLC stating that the Company had regained compliance with the Bid Price Rule and it considered the matter closed.

On January 24, 2020, the Company's Board of Directors approved restructuring plan to lower the annual operating expenses. The Company expects that the majority of the cost savings will come from personnel reductions, which were implemented across all parts of the Company and geographies. This restructuring plan will result in a reduction of about 33% of the Company's global workforce.

In conjunction with this restructuring plan, the Company estimates it will incur approximately \$500,000 to \$600,000 of restructuring expenses, which will result in total cash expenditures of approximately \$500,000, with the majority coming in the first quarter of fiscal 2020.

### **Available Information**

Our corporate headquarters are located at 2220 Lundy Avenue, San Jose, California 95131. We can be reached at (408) 990-4000, and our website address is www.quicklogic.com. The information on our website is not incorporated herein by reference and is not a part of this Form 10-K. Our common stock trades on the Nasdaq under the symbol "QUIK." Our annual reports on Form 10-K, quarterly reports on Form 10-Q, current reports on Form 8-K and amendments to such reports are available, free of charge, on our website home page as soon as reasonably practicable after we electronically file such materials with, or furnish them to, the Securities and Exchange Commission, or SEC. Copies of the materials filed by the Company with the SEC are also available at the Public Reference Room at 100 F Street, N.E., Washington, D.C., 20549. Information regarding the operation of the Public Reference Room is available by calling the SEC at 1-800-SEC-0330. Reports, proxy and information statements and other information regarding issues that we file electronically with the SEC are also available on the SEC's website at www.sec.gov.

### Fiscal Year

Our fiscal year ends on the Sunday closest to December 31. References to fiscal years 2019, 2018 and 2017 refer to the fiscal years ended December 29, 2019, December 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively.

# **Industry Background**

Consumer Electronics, or CE, products are a strong growth market for semiconductor products and sensor software algorithms, and the needs of this market bring a unique set of requirements. Three important trends in this market are (i) toward mobile devices, either handheld or worn on the body, (ii) an increasing adoption of sensors, and (iii) devices with wireless connectivity to the cloud. Important industry trends affecting the large market for mobile devices include the need for high bandwidth that enables the same user experience consumers are accustomed to on the personal computer, or PC, such as internet browsing, social networking and streaming video, product miniaturization and the need to increase battery life. Increased local computing power in mobile devices, coupled with more ubiquitous wireless access to the cloud and lower cost sensors has been enabling the development of more intelligent software applications and consumer use cases. Many of these product requirements were, and continue to be, driven by innovations from the Smartphone, Wearables and Hearables solutions that OEMs are launching in conjunction with Google Android and Real-Time operating systems, as well as Apple iPhone, Apple iPad, Apple Watch and Apple Airpods.

While advances in cost-effective cloud storage and power-efficient wireless technology have enabled consumer device manufacturers to enhance device connectivity and offload some processing to the cloud, there continues to be a trend for feature-rich mobile devices to suffer from shorter battery lives. This challenge places a burden on the designers and manufacturers of these mobile CE products as they try to tailor multiple products with limited engineering resources. Lastly, the fast pace at which consumer taste for these features changes exacerbates the development challenges and risks in launching successful products to the marketplace.

Another important trend is shrinking product life cycles. This drives a need for faster and lower risk product development. There is intense pressure on the bill of materials, or BOM, cost of these devices, including per unit component costs and non-recurring development costs. As more people experience the advantages of a mobile lifestyle at home, they demand the same advantages in their professional lives. We believe that the trend toward mobile, handheld products that have a PC-like and cloud user experience, small form factor and maximize battery

life will be prominent in the computing, industrial, medical and military markets. One such example is the trend of Smartphone and Tablet makers to offer the new, smaller form factor Wearables.

We believe these industry trends are shifting the demand among different classes of core silicon. The following are the four main classes of non-memory core silicon:

- Microcontrollers, or MCUs, are typically small, low-power devices on a single integrated circuit that contain a processor core, memory and a number of peripherals. They are designed to be programmed with software for embedded applications;
- Application Specific Standard Products, or ASSPs, other than processors, are fixed function devices designed to address a relatively narrow set of
  applications. These devices typically integrate a number of common peripherals or functions and the functionality of these devices is fixed prior to wafer
  fabrication:
- Programmable Logic Devices, or PLDs, are general-purpose devices, which can be used by a variety of electronic systems manufacturers and are customized after purchase for a specific application. FPGAs are a subset of PLDs and are typically used to implement complex system functions; and
- Application Specific Integrated Circuits, or ASICs, are custom devices designed and fabricated to meet the needs of one specific application for one endcustomer. Structured ASICs, a sub-category of ASICs, provide a limited amount of custom content to broaden the applicability of a device for additional
  applications.

ASSPs are offered broadly to the market, making it challenging for a system designer to create differentiated products from these devices alone. In many situations, the available ASSPs may not directly implement the desired function and the system designer is required to use a combination of ASSPs to achieve the desired result at the expense of increased cost, product size and power consumption. As standards evolve or new standards are developed, ASSPs may not be available to implement desired functions.

System designers can customize their products using programmable logic ASICs or MCUs. The competitive dynamic between these classes of core silicon are well understood. High development risks, development costs and opportunity costs are incurred when using ASICs to produce custom devices with very low unit production cost. Suppliers of programmable logic devices, which have lower development and market risks and development costs relative to ASICs, have aggressively reduced the unit cost of their products over time, making programmable logic devices the solution of choice for custom products unless the volume is very high. These cost reduction efforts have significantly increased the volume required to justify the total cost of an ASIC.

Consumer devices incorporate complex, rapidly changing technology, require rapid product proliferation, and have short product life and development cycles. Therefore, most mobile designers design their products from a base platform, or reference design, provided to them by the vendor of the processor they have selected for their design. To differentiate their products from their competition, OEMs and ODMs may require some level of customization at either the hardware or software level. Designers have only a few viable options to modify the base platform for their needs. Since mobile system designers require very low power consumption to maximize battery life in their applications, the high power consumption of conventional FPGAs is incompatible with their design goals. This effectively limits the average mobile system designer to ASSPs, small PLDs, mobile-oriented FPGAs, and MCUs to create a virtual level playing field among mobile system designers, and makes product proliferation and differentiation extremely hard to achieve. ASICs with their long development cycles, long lead times and high non-recurring development costs are only used in very high volume mainstream consumer products.

The traditional military and industrial markets are well served by existing core silicon. Much of this market uses complex ASSPs since price, power and size are not particularly critical design considerations. When there is a strong need for a custom solution in high volume applications, designers turn to an ASIC and, in low to medium volume applications, they use FPGAs. QuickLogic FPGAs have a loyal following in certain segments of these markets, particularly when instant-on, energy efficiency, high reliability or intellectual property security is

important. These markets are expected to follow a typical mature product trend, as compared with the predicted growth in our business in the consumer market.

### Markets and Product Technology

We market our solutions primarily to consumer and industrial device OEMs and ODMs. We have complete solutions incorporating our silicon platforms, IPs, software drivers, SensiML Analytics Toolkit and our system architecture expertise. A solution can be based on our programmable technology, which enables customized designs, low power, flexibility, rapid time-to-market, longer time-in-market and lower total cost of ownership. We are capable of providing complete solutions because of our investment in developing the low power IP and software required to implement specific functions, along with sensor software algorithms optimized for our architecture. In software our software or firmware ourselves and, in other cases, we utilize third parties to develop the mixed signal physical layers, logic and/or software

We market our solutions to OEMs and ODMs offering differentiated mobile products, to processor vendors wishing to expand their served available market, and to sensor manufacturers and sensor processing software companies wishing to expand their ecosystems. Our target mobile markets include Tablets, Wearables, Hearables, Smartphones, Consumer Electronics and Consumer/Industrial IoT. Our solutions typically fall into one of three categories: Sensor Processing, Display and Visual Enhancement, or Smart Connectivity.

By using our silicon platforms, our IPs, our software, and our in-depth architecture knowledge, we can deliver energy efficient custom solutions that blend the benefits of traditional ASSPs with the flexibility, product proliferation, differentiation and low total cost of ownership advantages of programmable logic.

Our product technology consists of five major elements:

First, our programmable logic allows us to hardware customize our platforms. We have two distinct types of programmable logic. We have an SRAM-reprogrammable logic architecture that utilizes a standard CMOS-logic process to meet the specific needs of the sensor and I/O subsystems of mobile devices: very low standby power, low dynamic power, and in-system reprogrammable technology. Our SRAM-reprogrammable logic is the basis of our ArcticPro eFPGA IP Licensing initiative, and is the logic used in our EOS S3, EOS S3 LV, and EOS S3AI products.

We also have our ViaLink programmable logic that uses proprietary and patented technology to meet the specific smart connectivity needs when the characteristics of non-volatility and instant-on, very low standby power, low dynamic power, small form factor, single chip solutions that power cycle easily and quickly are required. Hardware customization gives our devices the ability to execute key actions faster than software implementations, and at lower power.

Second, our ArcticLink and EOS S3, EOS S3 LV, and EOS S3AI platforms combine mixed signal physical functions, hard-wired logic and programmable logic on one device. Mixed signal capability supports the trend toward serial connectivity in mobile applications, where designers benefit from lower pin counts, simplified printed circuit board, or PCB, layouts, simplified PCB interconnect and reduced signal noise. Adding hard-wired IP enables us to deliver more logic at lower cost and lower power while the programmable logic allows us to provide solutions that can be rapidly customized to differentiate products, add features and reduce system development costs. This combination of mixed signal, hard-wired logic and programmable logic enables us to deliver low cost, small form factor solutions that can be customized for particular customer or market requirements while lowering the total cost of ownership.

Third, we develop and integrate innovative IP cores, intelligent data processing IP cores, or standard interfaces used in mobile products. In addition to standards-based IP, we also offer proprietary IP such as:

- · Sensor Processing IPs such as Flexible Fusion Engine, or FFE, Sensor Manager, or Communications Manager;
- Hardware Acceleration / Processor Offloading IPs such as various digital filter and matrix multiplication functions.

Fourth, we develop and optimize a software framework for use in conjunction with our sensor processing ilicon platforms.

Fifth, through SensiML, we develop and optimize an end-to-end software suite that provides developers a practical means for developing IoT sensor algorithms using AI. Each component of the software suite handles specific steps to progress from initial raw sensor data collection using prototype hardware to optimized firmware code generation, validation and testing, and post-ship algorithm updates and continuous learning enhancements. SensiML Data Capture Lab is a full-featured client tool that enables rapid, efficient, and collaborative multi-user data collection, cleansing, labeling, and metadata annotation of custom application datasets. SensiML Analytics Studio is a cloud service component that uses labeled datasets to deliver device-optimized firmware for a chosen endpoint product. SensiML Test App is used to quickly and efficiently validate final device firmware and test for the proper behavior, accuracy, and performance of the algorithm empirically on actual endpoint hardware. Lastly, the SensiML Application Programmer's Interface (API) is a simplified interface to extend the SensiML algorithms and manage advanced features like edge model tuning and continuous learning updates to the cloud.

# Marketing, Sales and Customers

We are a sub-system integrator that monetizes solutions through silicon sales, eFPGA IP licensing and SensiML Analytics Toolkit subscriptions and per unit royalties. We specialize in enhancing the user experience in leading edge mobile devices and products. For our customers, we enable hardware and sensor algorithmic differentiation quickly, cost-effectively and at low power. For our partners, we expand their reach into new segments and new use cases thereby expanding the served available market for their existing devices.

Our vision is to transform the way people and devices interact with each other and their surroundings. Our mission is to provide innovative platforms to successfully enable our customers to develop products that fundamentally change the end-user experience. Specifically, we develop low power SoCs, FPGAs, embedded FPGA intellectual property and the SensiML Analytics Toolkit for AI Software. QuickLogic's products enable smartphone, wearable, hearbles, tablet, Consumer Electronics, and Consumer/Industrial IoT device OEMs to deliver highly differentiated, immersive user experiences and long battery life for their customers.

Our multi-core sensor processing products such as ArcticLink 3 S1, ArcticLink 3 S2, EOS 3, EOS S3 LV, and EOS S3AI accomplish this result with general purpose and targeted cores, which provide an extremely power-efficient approach for real-time multi-modal (vision, motion, voice, location, biometric and environmental) sensor processing independently of the cloud. Our embedded FPGA technology gives SoC developers targeting IoT endpoint applications the flexibility to make design changes post production while keeping power consumption low. Our SensiML Analytics Toolkit is cutting-edge software that enables ultra-low power IoT endpoints that implement AI to transform raw sensor data into meaningful insight at the device itself. The Toolkit also provides an end-to-end development platform spanning data collection, labeling, algorithm and firmware auto generation, and testing.

Market leading companies need to deliver new products quickly and cost-effectively. We believe our programmable technology allows us to deliver customizable solutions with low power consumption and high IP security, while meeting system performance and BOM cost requirements. We believe our solutions allow OEMs and ODMs to rapidly bring new and differentiated products to market quickly and cost-effectively. Our solutions enable energy and cost-efficient solutions on design platforms from which a range of products can be introduced.

We recognize that our markets require a range of solutions, and we intend to work with market leading companies to combine silicon solution platforms, packaging technology, sensor software algorithms, software drivers and firmware, to meet the product proliferation, high bandwidth, time-to-market, time-in-market and form factor requirements of mobile device manufacturers. We expect solutions to range from devices that include mixed signal and visual enhancement capability to devices that provide off-load engines from the host processor to save power and extend system battery life. We intend to continue to define and implement compelling solutions for our target customers and partners.

Our business model is two-fold. For the consumer market, it includes a focused customer strategy in which we target market-leading customers, who primarily serve the market for differentiated mobile products. Our belief is

that a large majority of our revenue will continue to come from less than 100 consumer customers aswe transition to this business model. For the consumer customers, we have identified and plan to continue to identify the customers we want to serve with our solutions, and are currently in different stages of engagement with a number of these customers. The other half of the business model is targeted at the IoT customers that are deploying AI solutions. This go-to-market strategy focuses on a broader sales and marketing approach. Unlike the consumer market, the IoT market for AI solutions is made up of hundreds, if not thousands, of individual customers. We have identified reference designs, evaluation systems and evaluation software kits that we can enable our channel sales partners to sell to these customers. We believe our solutions are resonating with our target customers who value the differentiated user experience, lower power consumption, platform design capability, rapid time-to-market, longer time-in-market and low total cost of ownership available through the use of our solutions.

We sell our products through a network of sales managers in North America, Europe and Asia. In addition to our corporate headquarters in San Jose, California, we have international sales operations in China, Japan, Taiwan, South Korea and the United Kingdom. Our sales personnel and independent sales representatives are responsible for sales and application support for a given region, focusing on major strategic accounts, and managing our channel sales partners such as distributors.

Our customers typically order our products through our distributors. Currently, we have two distributors in North America and a network of seventeen distributors and sales representative throughout Europe and Asia to support our international business.

We also have a military, industrial and mobile product customer base that purchases our mature silicon products. We expect to continue to offer silicon devices to these customers.

Two of our customers represented 13% and 10% of our total revenue for the year ended December 29, 2019 and three of our customers represented 12%, 10% and 10% for the year ended December 30, 2018, respectively. In addition, a significant portion of our revenue comes from sales to customers located outside of the United States. See Note 14 to the Consolidated Financial Statements for information on our revenue by geography, market segment and key customers.

In the past, there has not been a predictable seasonal pattern to our business. However, we may experience seasonal patterns in the future due to global economic conditions, the overall volatility of the semiconductor industry and the inherent seasonality of the mobile and consumer markets.

# Backlog

We do not believe that backlog as of any particular date is indicative of future results. A majority of our quarterly shipments typically are booked during the quarter. Our sales are made primarily pursuant to standard purchase orders issued by OEM customers and distributors.

### Competition

A number of companies offer products that compete with one or more of our semiconductor products and solutions. Our semiconductor competitors include: (i) suppliers of ASSPs such as DSP Group; (ii) suppliers of mobile and/or application processors; (iii) suppliers of ASICs; (iv) suppliers of mobile-oriented FPGAs such as Lattice; and (v) suppliers of low power microcontrollers such as Atmel (a subsidiary of Microchip Technology), ST Microelectronics and NXP. Our existing competitors for conventional FPGAs include suppliers of low power CPLDs and FPGAs such as Lattice, Xilinx, Intel and MicroSemi (a subsidiary of Microchip Technology).

ASSPs offer proven functionality which reduces development time, risk and cost, but it is difficult to offer a differentiated product using standard devices, and ASSPs that meet the system design objectives are not always available. Conventional programmab le logic may be used to create custom functions that provide product differentiation or make up for deficiencies in available ASSPs. PLDs require more designer input since the designer has to develop and integrate the IP and may have to develop the software to drive the IP. PLDs are more expensive and consume more power than ASSPs or ASICs, but they offer fast time-to-market and are typically

reprogrammable. OEMs have adopted mobile-oriented FPGAs in the mobile product market, but offer very little in termsof hard logic blocks that may decrease power consumption or selling price to the OEM. ASICs have a large development cost and risk and a long time to market. As a result, ASICs are generally only used for single designs with very high volumes. MCUs offer extensive software flexibility, but often do not offer sensor software algorithms, the lowest power, nor any hardware flexibility. Our solutions enable custom functions and system designs with fast time-to-market and longer time-in-market since they are customized by us using our solution platforms that contain programmable logic. In addition, because they are complete solutions, they reduce the system development cost and risk.

Since the AI software market is nascent, particularly for the edge and endpoint applications, there are no direct competitors to the SensiML analytics software platform at this point.

Competitors for our eFPGA IP licensing product include a few of startup companies.

### **Research and Development**

We are focused on developing our solutions and platforms. Our solutions combine our silicon platforms with our IPs, software drivers, and other system software, and may include SensiML software for AI applications. Our future success will depend largely on our ability to rapidly develop, enhance and introduce our platform solutions that meet emerging industry standards and satisfy changing customer requirements. We have made and expect to continue to make substantial investments in research and development. Our research and development expenses for the years ended December 29, 2019, December 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017 were \$12.4 million (120% of revenue), \$9.9 million (79% of revenue), and \$9.6 million (79% of revenue), respectively. Our research and development expenses for the year ended December 29, 2019 included the expenses of our newly acquired SensiML Corporation.

As of December 29, 2019, our research and development staff consist of 41 employees located in California, India, and Oregon.

- Our system software group creates the drivers and other system code required to connect our silicon devices to Application Processors, drivers and microcode to support our sensor hubs.
- Our platform engineering group develops low power programmable devices and system IP that can be used in standalone solution platforms such as PolarPro 3E, or combined in solution platforms such as EOS S3.
- Our EDA software group develops the design libraries, interface routines and place and route software that allow our engineers to use third party design
  environments to develop designs that are incorporated into our programmable devices, and develops the design tools that support algorithm development
  for our sensor hubs.
- Our hardware group develops and verifies IP Blocks that can be programmed into our programmable logic and develops reference designs to showcase and verify our solutions.
- Our product engineering group oversees product manufacturing and process development with our third party foundries, and is involved in ongoing
  process improvements to increase yields and optimize device characteristics.
- The Office of the CTO investigates future trends and requirements in order to define the next generation of solutions and platforms.
- Our SensiML group develops and maintains all software with respect to the SensiML Analytics Software Suite.

### Manufacturing

We have close relationships with third-party manufacturers for our wafer fabrication, package assembly, and testing requirements to help us ensure stability in the supply of our products and to allow us to focus our internal efforts on product and solution design and sales.

We currently outsource our wafer manufacturing, primarily to GLOBALFOUNDRIES and Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company Limited, or TSMC. We outsource our product packaging primarily to Amkor Technology, Inc. and STATS-ChipPAC. GLOBALFOUNDRIES manufactures our EOS S3, EOS S3 LV, and EOS S3AI Sensor Platform in a 40 nm CMOS process, and PolarPro 3E, ArcticLink III VX and BX, and ArcticLink 3 S2 Sensor Hub, in a 65 nm CMOS process. TSMC manufactures our pASIC 3, QuickRAM and certain QuickPCI products, using a 0.35 micron complementary metal oxide semiconductor, or CMOS, process. TSMC also manufactures our Eclipse products on 0.25 micron CMOS process, and other mature products using a 65nm CMOS process on twelve-inch wafers. We purchase products from GLOBALFOUNDRIES, and TSMC on a purchase order basis.

Outsourcing of wafer manufacturing enables us to take advantage of the high volume economies of scale offered by these suppliers. We may establish additional foundry relationships as such arrangements become economically useful or technically necessary.

# **Employees**

On December 29, 2019, we had 81 employees worldwide. We believe our future success depends in part on our continued ability to attract, hire and retain qualified personnel. None of our employees are represented by a labor union and we believe our employee relations are favorable.

# **Intellectual Property**

We believe that it is important to maintain a large patent portfolio to protect our innovations. We currently hold twenty-one active U.S. patents and have two pending applications for additional U.S. patents. Our patents contain claims covering various aspects of programmable integrated circuits, programmable interconnect structures and programmable metal devices. In Europe and Asia, we have been granted thirteen patents and have five pending applications. Our issued patents expire between 2020 and 2037.

In most cases, revenue will decline from a decrease in demand for our mature products long before the expiration of pending or issued patents relating to the underlying technology in such products. The decision to cease maintaining a patent is made based on the importance of the patent in our current or future product offerings.

We have seven trademarks registered with the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office.

### Information About Our Executive Officers and Directors

Our executive officers are appointed by, and serve at the discretion of, our Board of Directors. There are no family relationships among our directors and officers.

The following table sets forth certain information concerning our current executive officers and directors as of March 13, 2020:

Name	Age	Position	
Brian C. Faith	45	resident and Chief Executive Officer; Director	
Suping (Sue) Cheung	56	Chief Financial Officer and Vice President, Finance	
Rajiv Jain	59	vice President, Worldwide Operations	
Timothy Saxe	64	enior Vice President Engineering and Chief Technology Officer	
Michael R. Farese	73	Chairman of the Board	
Andrew J. Pease	69	Director	
Arturo Krueger	80	Director	
Daniel A. Rabinovitsj	55	Director	
Christine Russell	69	Director	
Gary H. Tauss	65	Director	

Brian C. Faith joined QuickLogic in June 1996. Mr. Faith has served as our President and Chief Executive Officer since June 2016 after having served as Vice President of Worldwide Marketing and Vice President of Worldwide Sales & Marketing between 2008 and 2016. Mr. Faith during the last 21 years has held a variety of managerial and executive leadership positions in engineering, product line management, marketing and sales. Mr. Faith has also served as the board member of the Global Semiconductor Alliance (GSA), the Chairman of the Marketing Committee for the CE-ATA Organization. He holds a B.S. degree in Computer Engineering from Santa Clara University and was an Adjunct Lecturer at Santa Clara University for Programmable Logic courses.

Suping (Sue) Cheung (Ph.D.) joined QuickLogic in May 2007. Dr. Cheung has served as our Chief Financial Officer, Vice President of Finance, Chief Accounting Officer, and Principal Accounting Officer since May 2015, Corporate Controller from 2007 to 2018. Prior to joining QuickLogic, Dr. Cheung was a Senior Manager of SEC Reporting, Technical Accounting and International Consolidation at Dell SonicWALL from 2006 to 2007 and was the Senior Accounting Manager at VeriFone System, Inc. from 2005 to 2006. Prior to 2005, Dr. Cheung held various senior accounting and financial management roles in both publicly traded and privately held companies. Dr. Cheung began her career with PricewaterhouseCoopers (PWC) where she served as an auditor and as a tax consultant. Dr. Cheung holds a Ph.D. in Business Administration and a Masters in Accounting from the Florida International University in Miami. She is a Certified Public Accountant.

Rajiv Jain joined QuickLogic in August 1992. Mr. Jain has served as our Vice President of Worldwide Operations since April 2014. Prior to this role, Mr. Jain served as QuickLogic's Senior Director of Operations and Development Engineering from 2011 to 2014, Senior Director of System Solutions and Process Technology from 2009 to 2011, Director of Process Technology from 1997 to 2009, and Senior Process Technologist from 1992 to 1997. Prior to joining QuickLogic, Mr. Jain was a Senior Yield Engineer at National Semiconductor from 1991 to 1992, where he focused on BiCMOS product yield improvements, and at Monolithic Memories from 1985 to 1988, where he focused on BiPolar product yield and engineering wafer sort improvements. Mr. Jain holds a Master's degree in Chemical Engineering from the University of California, Berkeley and a B.S. degree in Chemical Engineering from the University of Illinois, Champaign/Urbana.

Timothy Saxe (Ph.D.) joined QuickLogic in May 2001. Dr. Saxe has served as our Senior Vice President of Engineering and Chief Technology Officer since August 2016 and Senior Vice President and Chief Technology Officer since November 2008. Previously, Dr. Saxe has held a variety of executive leadership positions in QuickLogic including Vice President of Engineering and Vice President of Software Engineering. Dr. Saxe was Vice President of FLASH Engineering at Actel Corporation, a semiconductor manufacturing company, from November 2000 to February 2001. Dr. Saxe joined GateField Corporation, a design verification tools and services company formerly known as Zycad, in June 1983 and was a founder of their semiconductor manufacturing division in 1993. Dr. Saxe became GateField's Chief Executive Officer in February 1999 and served in that capacity until Actel Corporation acquired GateField in November 2000. Dr. Saxe holds a B.S.E.E. degree from North Carolina State University, and an M.S.E.E. degree and a Ph.D. in Electrical Engineering from Stanford University.

Information regarding the backgrounds of our directors is set forth under the caption "Proposal One, Election of Directors" in our Proxy Statement, which information is incorporated herein by reference.

### ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS

In addition to other information in this Annual Report on Form 10-K and in other filings we make with the Securities and Exchange Commission, the following risk factors should be carefully considered in evaluating our business as they may have a significant impact on our business, operating results and financial condition. If any of the following risks actually occurs, our business, financial condition, results of operations and future prospects could be materially and adversely affected. Because of the following factors, as well as other variables affecting our operating results, past financial performance should not be considered as a reliable indicator of future performance and investors should not use historical trends to anticipate results or trends in future periods.

If we fail to successfully develop, introduce and sell new products, eFPGA IP Product, SensiML Software subscriptions/licenses, and other new solutions or if our design opportunities do not generate the revenue we expect, we may be unable to compete effectively in the future and our future gross margins and operating results will be lower.

The market for differentiated consumer devices is highly competitive and dynamic, with short end market product life cycles and rapid obsolescence of existing products. To compete successfully, we must obtain access to advanced fabrication capacity and dedicate significant resources to specify, design, develop, manufacture and sell new or enhanced solutions that provide increasingly higher levels of performance, low power consumption, new features, meeting current and emerging industry standards, reliability and/or cost savings to our customers. Due to the short product life cycle of these devices, our revenue is subject to fluctuation in a short period of time and our ability to grow our business depends on accelerating our design win activity. We often make significant investments in solutions, sensor algorithm software and silicon platform development, selling and marketing, long before we generate revenue, if any, from our efforts. The markets we are targeting typically have higher volumes and greater price pressure than our traditional business. In addition, we quote opportunities in anticipation of future cost reductions and may aggressively price products to gain market share. In order to react quickly to opportunities or to obtain favorable wafer prices, we make significant investments in and commitments to purchase inventories and capital equipment before we have firm commitments from customers.

We expect our business growth to be driven by new products, which currently include EOSTM, Quick AI, SensiML, ArcticLink® III, PolarPro®3, PolarPro II, PolarPro, Eclipse II products. We also launched a business that licenses our FPGA technology for use in other semiconductor companies' SoCs and delivered our first eFPGA IP product ArcticPro™ in 2017. The new product revenue growth of our new products and eFPGA IP product needs to be strong enough to achieve profitability. The gross margin associated with our new products is generally lower than the gross margin of our mature products, due primarily to the price-sensitive nature of the higher volume mobile consumer opportunities that we are pursuing with new products and eFPGA IP product. Because the product life cycle of mobile products is short, we must replace revenue at the end of a product life cycle with sales from new design opportunities. While we expect revenue and gross profit growth from new products and eFPGA IP product will offset the expected decline in revenue and gross profit from our mature products, there is no assurance whether or when this will occur. In order to increase our revenue from its current level, we depend upon increased revenue from our existing new products, especially solutions based on our EOS S3, ArcticLink and PolarPro solution platforms, the eFPGA IP product and the development of additional new products and solutions.

If (i) we are unable to design, produce and sell new products, eFPGA IP, SensiML and other products and solutions that meet design specifications, address customer requirements and generate sufficient revenue and gross profit; (ii) market demand for our new products, eFPGA IP product and other products fails to materialize; (iii) we are unable to obtain adequate fabrication capacity on a timely basis; (iv) we are unable to develop new silicon platforms or solutions in a timely manner; or (v) our customers do not successfully introduce products incorporating our devices, or choose a competing offering, our revenue and gross margin of the new products and eFPGA IP product will be materially harmed, which could have an overall adverse and potentially disproportionate effect on our business, results of operations and financial condition.

Two of our products target new unproven markets, and if these markets do not develop, or if our products do not meet their needs, the loss of or reduction in orders could adversely affect our revenue and harm our business financial condition, operating results and cash flows.

<u>eFPGA</u>: We have history and experience in developing, selling and supporting FPGA products and incorporating FPGA IP developed by us into our platform solutions. The eFPGA market is a developing market with unknown requirements and demand. Our current FPGA architectures and their performance may not be a good fit for the eFPGA Market. eFPGA IP is designed for specific foundry/process node combinations, and the ones we have chosen to target may be different from what our customers require. The software developed by us for eFPGA may be delayed or may not meet the needs of the eFPGA Market. The support required by a customer to incorporate the eFPGA may be much higher than expected which may delay new engagements or lead to high costs. The incorporated eFPGA IP may have an unexpected result in the customer's chip leading to compensation demands. The expected NRE and royalty rates we expect to charge for the eFPGA may not be competitive, which may have a material adverse effect on our business, results of operations and financial condition.

SensiML: Mainstream AI runs on powerful processors and large FPGAs. SensiML's AI solution targets end point solutions that use low power processors. The end point AI market is a developing market with unknown requirements and demand. The current SensiML solution may not be a good fit to the evolving needs of the end-point AI market. The support required for customer evaluations and implementation may be higher than expected which may delay engagements and lead to higher costs. The expected SaaS licensing fees and royalty rates we expect to charge for the SensiML solutions may not be competitive, which may have a material adverse effect on our business, results of operations and financial condition.

If our AI products are not low touch, the cost of addressing the fragmented AI market will be high which will delay market penetration, result in reduced revenues or require increased expenses, any of which could adversely affect our revenue and harm our business financial condition, operating results and cash flows.

The end point AI market consists of many different use cases, with each individual use case having a modest volume even though the aggregate volume is large. This is quite different from the mobile consumer market which consists of a few large customers and use cases. In order to scale in the fragmented AI end point market, our products will have to be extremely low touch so that the cost of support is low and scalable across many customers. The current EOS S3AI solution and SensiML solutions may not be sufficiently low touch to address this market in a cost-effective manner, or in the volume required. Higher than expected costs, or lower than expected volume may have a material adverse effect on our business, results of operations and financial condition.

We have incurred losses in the past years since 2011 and anticipate that we will incur continued losses through at least the next year, we may not be able to generate sufficient revenue or raise additional financing to fund future losses, and we may not be able to sustain sufficient liquidity to continue to operate as a going concern.

We have experienced net losses in the past years and expect such losses to continue through at least the year ending January 3, 2021 as we continue to develop new products, applications and technologies. Our new products and products currently under development have been generating lower gross margin as a percentage of revenue than our mature products due to the markets that we have targeted and the larger order quantities associated with these applications. Whether we can achieve cash flow levels sufficient to support our operations cannot be accurately predicted, and our investment portfolio is subject to a degree of interest rate and liquidity risk. Unless such cash flow levels are achieved, in addition to the proceeds that we received on June 21, 2019 from the sale of our equity securities, and the credit line we may be able to draw down from Heritage Bank of Commerce under the Amended and Restated Loan and Security Agreement dated December 21, 2018 and the first amendment to the Amended and Restated Loan and Security Agreement dated November 6, 2019, by and between our company and Heritage Bank of Commerce, we may need to obtain additional funds through strategic divestiture, or sell debt or equity securities, or some combination thereof, to provide funding for our operations. Such additional funding may not be available on commercially reasonable terms, or at all.

If we are unable to generate sufficient sales from its new products or adequate funds are not available when needed, our liquidity, financial condition and operating results would be materially and adversely affected, and we may not be able to operate our business without significant changes in our operations or at all.

Our products are subject to a lengthy sales cycle and our customers may cancel or change their product plans after we have expended substantial time and resources in the design of their products.

Our customers often evaluate our products for six months or more before designing them into their systems, and they may not commence volume shipments for up to an additional six to twelve months, if at all. During this lengthy sales cycle, our potential customers may cancel or change their product plans. Customers may also discontinue products incorporating our devices at any time or they may choose to replace our products with lower cost semiconductors. In addition, we are working with leading customers in our target markets to define our future products. If customers cancel, reduce or delay product orders from us, or choose not to release products that incorporate our devices after we have spent substantial time and resources developing products or assisting customers with their product design, our revenue levels may be less than anticipated and our business, results of operations and financial condition may be materially adversely affected.

We currently depend on a limited number of significant customers, for a significant portion of our revenue and the loss of or reduction in orders from such significant customers could adversely affect our revenue and harm our business financial condition, operating results and cash flows.

A small number of end-customers represented a significant portion our total revenue in our fiscal year ended December 29, 2019. During our fiscal year ended December 29, 2019, two customers accounted for 13% and 10%, respectively, of our total revenue. We expect to maintain this high level of customer concentration as we continue to market our solutions to leading manufacturers of high-volume mobile applications. As in the past, future demand from these customers may fluctuate significantly from quarter to quarter. These customers typically order products with short requested delivery lead times, and do not provide a commitment to purchase product past the period covered by purchase orders, which may be rescheduled or canceled. In addition, our manufacturing lead times are longer than the delivery lead times requested by these customers, and we make significant purchases of inventory and capital expenditures in anticipation of future demand. If revenue from any significant customer were to decline substantially, we may be unable to offset this decline with increased revenue and gross margin from other customers and we may purchase excess inventories. These factors could have a material adverse impact on our business, results of operations and financial condition.

We may make a significant investment in long-lived assets for the production of our products based upon historical and expected demand. If demand for our products or gross margin generated from our products does not meet our expectations or if we are unable to collect amounts due from significant customers, we may be required to write-off inventories, provide for uncollectible accounts receivable or incur charges against long-lived assets, which may have a material adverse effect on our business, results of operations and financial condition.

We depend upon partnering with other companies to offer voice, motion, and other solutions into our platform.

In addition to working directly with our customers, we partner with other companies that are experts in certain technologies to create more complete solutions. The depth of these relationships varies depending on the partner and the dynamics of the end market being targeted, but these relationships are typically a co-marketing relationship that includes joint account calls, promotional activities and/or engineering collaboration and developments. The propriety code provided by these partners may be an integral part of the solutions that we offer our customers. If we are unable to obtain competitive pricing (NRE, royalty) and prompt quality support by our partner, our solution may not be competitive. In addition, if the quality of our partner's solution does not meet our customer's requirements, it may delay or prevent the incorporation of our product by the customer. There may also be delays and additional expenses to improve or update the partner's solution to meet current market needs. If we are unable to maintain a close working relationship with our partners it would hinder our ability to continue to develop and introduce leading solutions effectively in the future, which may have a material adverse effect on our business, results of operations and financial condition.

We depend on our relationships with third parties to manufacture our new products.

We depend upon GLOBALFOUNDRIES, TSMC, Amkor and STAT-chipPAC to manufacture our new products. The inability of any one of these companies to continue manufacture of our new products for any reason would require us to identify and qualify a new foundry to manufacture our new products. This would be time consuming, difficult and result in unforeseen operational problems. Alternate foundries might not be available to fabricate our new products, or if available, might be unwilling or unable to offer services on acceptable terms and our ability to operate our business or deliver our products to our customers could be severely impaired.

We depend upon third parties for silicon IP, detailed registered-transfer level, or RTL, design, physical design, verification and assembly of our silicon platforms and any failure to meet our requirements in a timely fashion may adversely affect our time to market and revenue.

Our move to a variable cost or outsourced engineering development model allows us access to the best design resources for developing new silicon platforms. This includes access to leading edge silicon IP as well as RTL design and physical design expertise. However, outsourcing the design of a complex silicon platform typically involves multiple companies in multiple locations, which may increase the risk of costly design errors. Any delays or errors in the design of our new silicon platforms could significantly increase the cost of development as well as adversely affect our time to market, which may have a material adverse effect on our business, results of operations and financial condition.

We depend upon partnering with other companies to develop IP, reference platforms, algorithm and system software.

In addition to working directly with our customers, we partner with other companies that are experts in certain technologies to develop additional intellectual property, reference platforms, algorithms and system software to provide application solutions. We also work with mobile processor manufacturers and companies that supply sensor, storage, networking or graphics components for embedded systems. The depth of these relationships varies depending on the partner and the dynamics of the end market being targeted, but is typically a co-marketing relationship that includes joint account calls, promotional activities and/or engineering collaboration and developments, such as reference designs. If we are unable to license new technologies, maintain a close working relationship with our partners, fail to continue to develop and introduce leading technologies or if these technologies fail to generate the revenue we expect, we may not be able to compete effectively in the future, which may have a material adverse effect on our business, results of operations and financial condition.

We depend upon third parties to fabricate, assemble, test and program our products, and to provide logistics services. Any problems at these third parties could adversely affect our business, results of operations and financial condition.

We contract with third parties to fabricate, assemble, test and program our devices, and vendors for logistics. In general, each of our devices is fabricated, assembled and programmed by a single supplier, and the loss of a supplier, transfer of manufacturing to a new location, expiration of a supply agreement or the inability of our suppliers to manufacture our products to meet volume, performance, quality and cost targets could have a material adverse effect on our business. Our relationship with our suppliers could change as a result of a merger or acquisition. If for any reason these suppliers or any other vendor becomes unable or unwilling to continue to provide services of acceptable quality, at acceptable costs and in a timely manner, our ability to operate our business or deliver our products to our customers could be severely impaired. We would have to identify and qualify substitute suppliers, which could be time consuming, difficult and result in unforeseen operational problems, or we could announce an end-of-life program for these products. Alternate suppliers might not be available to fabricate, assemble, test and program our devices or, if available, might be unwilling or unable to offer services on acceptable terms. In addition, if competition for wafer manufacturing capacity increases, if we need to migrate to more advanced wafer manufacturing technology, or if competition for assembly services increases, we may be required to pay or invest significant amounts to secure access to this capacity. The number of companies that provide these services is limited and some of them have limited operating histories and financial resources. In the event our current suppliers refuse or are unable to continue to provide these services to us, or if we are unable to secure sufficient capacity from our current suppliers on commercially reasonable terms, we may be unable to procure

services from alternate suppliers in a timely manner, if at all. Moreover, our reliance on a limited number of suppliers subjects us to reduced control over delivery schedules, quality assurance and costs. This lack of control may cause unforeseen product shortages or may increase our cost to manufacture and test our products.

We utilize third party logistics services, including transportation, warehouse and shipping services. These service providers are subject to interruptions that affect their ability to service us, including the availability of transportation services, disruptions related to work stoppages, volatility in fuel prices and security incidents or natural events at manufacturing, shipping or receiving points or along transportation routes.

In the event any of our third party suppliers or vendors were to experience financial, operational, production or quality assurance difficulties resulting in a reduction or interruption in supply or providing services to us, our business, results of operations and financial condition may be materially adversely affected.

If we fail to adequately forecast demand for our products, we may incur product shortages or excess product inventories.

Our agreements with certain suppliers require us to provide forecasts of our anticipated manufacturing orders, and place binding manufacturing commitments in advance of receiving purchase orders from our customers. We are limited in our ability to increase or decrease our forecasts under such agreements. Other manufacturers supply us with product on a purchase order basis. The allocation of capacity is determined solely by our suppliers, over which we have no direct control. Additionally, we may place orders with our suppliers in advance of customer orders to allow us to quickly respond to changing customer demand or to obtain favorable product costs. Furthermore, we provide our suppliers with equipment that is used to program our products to customer specifications. The programming equipment is manufactured to our specifications and has significant order lead times. These factors may result in product shortages or excess product inventories. Obtaining additional supply in the face of product, programming equipment or capacity shortages may be costly, or not possible, especially in the short-term since most of our products and programming equipment are supplied by a single supplier. If we fail to adequately forecast demand for our products, our business, the relationship with our customers, our results of operations and financial condition could be materially adversely affected.

We entered into informal partnerships with certain third parties for the development of solutions. Our business could be adversely affected if such informal partnerships fail to grow as we expected.

Our approach to developing solutions for potential customers involves developing solutions for and aligning our roadmap with application processor, sensor, and flash memory vendors. We have entered into informal partnerships with other parties that involve the development of solutions that interface with their devices or standards. These informal partnerships also may involve joint marketing campaigns and sales calls. If the informal partnerships do not grow as expected or if they are significantly reduced or terminated by acquisition or other means, our business, results of operations and financial condition could be materially adversely effected and we may be required to write-off related inventories and long-lived assets.

Our business could be adversely affected by undetected errors or defect in our products.

Difficulties encountered during the complex semiconductor manufacturing process can render a substantial percentage of semiconductor devices nonfunctional. New manufacturing techniques or fluctuations in the manufacturing process may change the performance distribution and yield of our products. We have, in the past, experienced manufacturing runs that have contained substantially reduced or no functioning devices, or that generated devices with below normal performance characteristics. Our reliance on third party suppliers may extend the period of time required to analyze and correct these problems. Once corrected, our customers may be required to redesign or re-qualify their products. As a result, we may incur substantially higher manufacturing costs, shortages of inventories or reduced customer demand.

Yield fluctuations frequently occur in connection with the manufacture of newly introduced products, with changes in product architecture, with manufacturing at new facilities, on new fabrication processes or in conjunction with new backend manufacturing processes. Newly introduced solutions and products are often more complex and

more difficult to produce, increasing the risk of manufacturing related dects. New manufacturing facilities or processes are often more complex and take a period of time to achieve expected quality levels and manufacturing efficiencies. While we test our products, including our software development tools, they may still contain errors or defects that are found after we have commenced commercial production. Undetected errors or defects may also result from new manufacturing processes or when new intellectual property is incorporated into our products. If our products or software development tools contain undetected or unresolved defects, we may lose market share, experience delays in or loss of market acceptance, reserve or scrap inventories or be required to issue a product recall. In addition, we would be at risk of product liability litigation if defects in our products were discovered. Although we attempt to limit our liability to end users through disclaimers of special, consequential and indirect damages and similar provisions, we cannot assure you that such limitations of liability will be legally enforceable.

We may be unable to accurately estimate quarterly revenue, which could adversely affect the trading price of our stock.

Due to our relatively long product delivery cycle and the inability of our customers in the rapidly evolving mobile market to confirm product requirements on a timely basis, we may have low visibility to product demand or estimated revenue in any given quarter. If our customers cannot provide us with accurate delivery lead times, we may not be able to deliver product to our customers in a timely fashion. Furthermore, our ability to respond to increased demand is limited to inventories on hand or on order, the capacity available at our contract manufacturers and our capacity to program products to customer specifications. If we fail to accurately estimate customer demand, or if our available capacity is less than needed to meet customer demand, we may not be able to accurately estimate our quarterly revenue, which may have a material adverse effect on our results of operations and financial condition, and our stock price could be materially fluctuate as a result.

We will be unable to compete effectively if we fail to anticipate product opportunities based upon emerging technologies and standards or fail to develop products and solutions that incorporate these technologies and standards in a timely manner.

We spend significant resources designing and developing silicon solution platforms, IP and software and reference designs, and adopting emerging technologies. We intend to develop additional products and solutions and to adopt new technologies in the future. If system manufacturers adopt alternative standards or technologies, if an industry standard or emerging technology that we have targeted fails to achieve broad market acceptance, if customers choose low power offerings from our competitors, or if we are unable to bring the technologies or solutions to market in a timely and cost-effective manner, we may be unable to generate significant revenue from our research and development efforts. As a result, our business, results of operations and financial condition could be materially adversely affected, and we may be required to write-off related inventories and long-lived assets.

The semiconductor business is subject to downward price pressure.

The market for our products has been characterized by declining selling prices, and we anticipate that our average selling prices will decrease in future periods, although the timing and amount of these decreases cannot be predicted with any certainty. The pricing pressure in the semiconductor industry in past years has been due to a large number of factors, many of which were not easily foreseeable, such as currency crisis, industry-wide excess manufacturing capacity, weak economic growth, the slowdown in capital spending that followed the "dot-com" collapse, the reduction in capital spending by telecom companies and satellite companies, and the effects of the terrorism since September 11, 2001. Similar to past years, recent unfavorable economic conditions have resulted in a tightening of the credit markets. If signs of improvement in the global economy do not progress as expected and global economic conditions worsen, we may experience a decline in our average selling prices. In addition, our competitors have in the past, and may again in the future, lower prices in order to increase their market share. Continued downward price pressure in the industry may harm our competitive position and materially and adversely affect our financial condition, cash flows, and results of operations.

Our future operating results are likely to fluctuate and therefore may fail to meet expectations, which could cause our stock price to decline.

Our operating results have varied widely in the past and are likely to do so in the future. In addition, our past operating results may not be an indicator of future operating results.

Factors that could cause our operating results to fluctuate include, without limitation: (i) successful development and market acceptance of our products and solutions; (ii) our ability to accurately forecast product volumes and mix, and to respond to rapid changes in customer demand; (iii) changes in sales volume or expected sales volume, product mix, average selling prices or production variances that affect gross profit; (iv) the effect of end-of-life programs; (v) a significant change in sales to, or the collectability of accounts receivable from, our largest customers; (vi) our ability to adjust our product features, manufacturing capacity and costs in response to economic and competitive pressures; (vii) our reliance on subcontract manufacturers for product capacity, yield and quality; (viii) our competitors' product portfolio and product pricing policies; (ix) timely implementation of efficient manufacturing technologies; (x) errors in applying or changes in accounting and corporate governance rules; (xi) the issuance of equity compensation awards or changes in the terms of our stock plan or employee stock purchase plan; (xii) mergers or acquisitions; (xiii) the impact of import and export laws and regulations; (xiv) the cyclical nature of the semiconductor industry and general economic, market, political and social conditions in the countries where we sell our products and the related effect on our customers, distributors and suppliers; and (xv) our ability to obtain capital, debt financing and insurance on commercially reasonable terms.

Although certain of these factors are out of our immediate control, unless we can anticipate and be prepared with contingency plans that respond to these factors, our business, results of operations and financial condition could be materially adversely affected, which could cause our stock price to significantly fluctuate or decline.

In particular, since we derived in 2019 and expect to continue to derive a significant portion of our revenue from China, our business development plans, results of operations and financial condition may be materially adversely affected by significant political, social and economic developments in China. A slowdown in economic growth in China, such as due to the outbreak of the COVID-19 virus could adversely impact our customers, prospective customers, suppliers, distributors and partners in China, which could have a material adverse effect on our results of the operations and financial condition. There is no guarantee that economic downturns, whether actual or perceived, any further decrease in economic growth rates or an otherwise uncertain economic outlook in China will not occur or persist in the future, that they will not be protracted or that governments will respond adequately to control and reverse such conditions, any of which could materially and adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations.

We may also encounter periods of industry wide semiconductor oversupply, resulting in pricing pressure, as well as undersupply, resulting in a risk that we could be unable to fulfill our customers' requirements. The semiconductor industry has historically been characterized by wide fluctuations in the demand for, and supply of, its products. These fluctuations have resulted in circumstances when supply of and demand for semiconductors has been widely out of balance. An industry wide semiconductor oversupply could result in severe downward pricing pressure from customers. In a market with undersupply of manufacturing capacity, we would have to compete with larger foundry and assembly customers for limited manufacturing resources. In such an environment, we may be unable to have our products manufactured in a timely manner, at a cost that generates adequate gross profit or in sufficient quantities. Since we outsource all of our manufacturing and generally have a single source of wafer supply, test, assembly and programming for our products, we are particularly vulnerable to such supply shortages and capacity limitations. As a result, we may be unable to fulfill orders and may lose customers. Any future industry wide oversupply or undersupply of semiconductors could therefore have a material adverse effect on our business, results of operations and financial condition.

We may be unable to successfully grow our business if we fail to compete effectively with others to attract and retain our executive officers, and other key management or technical personnel.

We believe our future success depends upon our ability to attract and retain highly competent personnel. Our employees are at-will and not subject to employment contracts. We could potentially lose the services of any of our senior management personnel at any time due to a variety of factors that could include, without limitation, death, incapacity, military service, personal issues, retirement, resignation or competing employers. Our ability to execute current plans could be adversely affected by such a loss. We may fail to attract and retain qualified technical, sales,

marketing and managerial personnel required to continue to operate our business successfully. Personnel with the expertisenecessary for our business are scarce and competition for personnel with proper skills is intense.

In addition, new hires frequently require extensive training before they achieve desired levels of productivity. Additionally, attrition in personnel can result from, among other things, changes related to acquisitions, retirement and disability. We may not be able to retain existing key technical, sales, marketing and managerial employees or be successful in attracting, developing or retaining other highly-qualified technical, sales, marketing and managerial personnel, particularly at such times in the future as we may need to fill a key position. If we are unable to continue to develop and retain existing executive officers or other key employees or are unsuccessful in attracting new highly-qualified employees, our financial condition, cash flows, and results of operations could be materially and adversely affected.

We may have increasing difficulty attracting and retaining qualified outside board members.

The directors and management of publicly traded corporations are increasingly concerned with the extent of their personal exposure to lawsuits and shareholder claims, as well as governmental and creditor claims that may be made against them in connection with their positions with publicly held companies. Outside directors are becoming increasingly concerned with the availability of directors' and officers' liability insurance to pay on a timely basis the costs incurred in defending shareholder claims. Directors' and officers' liability insurance is expensive and difficult to obtain. The SEC and the Nasdaq Capital Market have also imposed higher independence standards and certain special requirements on directors of public companies. Accordingly, it may become increasingly difficult to attract and retain qualified outside directors to serve on our board of directors.

Our company's global operations are subject to risks and uncertainties.

Most of our products are manufactured outside of the United States at manufacturing facilities operated by our suppliers in Asia and South Asia.

A significant portion of our total revenue comes from sales to customers located outside the United States. We anticipate that sales to customers located outside the United States will continue to represent a significant portion of our total revenue in future periods. In addition, most of our domestic customers sell their products outside of North America, thereby indirectly exposing us to risks associated with foreign commerce and economic instability. In addition to overseas sales offices, we have significant research and development activities in India.

International operations are subject to certain risks inherent in conducting business outside the U.S., such as changes in currency exchange rates, tax laws, price and currency exchange controls, export and import restrictions, environmental regulations, protection of intellectual property rights, nationalization, expropriation and other governmental action. Accordingly, our operations and revenue are subject to a number of risks associated with foreign commerce, including the following: (i) staffing and managing foreign offices; (ii) managing foreign distributors; (iii) collecting amounts due; (iv) political and economic instability; (v) foreign currency exchange fluctuations; (vi) changes in tax laws, import and export regulations, tariffs and freight rates; (vii) timing and availability of export licenses; (viii) supplying products that meet local environmental regulations; and (ix) inadequate protection of intellectual property rights. In addition, we incur costs in foreign countries that may be difficult to reduce quickly because of employee related laws and practices in those foreign countries. Our global operations also may be adversely affected by political events and domestic or international terrorist events and hostilities. Current events, including potential disruption caused by the COVID-19 virus outbreak first identified in China in December 2019, the United Kingdom's exit from the European Union, potential changes in immigration policies and tax reform proposals, create a level of uncertainty for multi-national companies. As U.S. companies continue to expand globally, increased complexity exists due to the possibility of renegotiated trade deals, revised international tax law treaties, and changes to the U.S. corporate tax code. These uncertainties could have a material adverse effect on our business and our results of operations and financial condition. As we continue to expand our business globally, our success will depend, in part, on our ability to anticipate and effectively manage these and

Rising concern of international tariffs, including tariffs applied to goods traded between the United States and China, could materially and adversely affect our business and results of operations.

Since the beginning of 2018, there has been increasing rhetoric, in some cases coupled with legislative or executive action, from several U.S. and foreign leaders regarding tariffs against foreign imports of certain materials. More specifically, there have been several rounds of U.S. tariffs on Chinese goods taking effect in 2018 and 2019, some of which prompted retaliatory Chinese tariffs on U.S. goods. Approximately \$1.8 million, or 15%, of our total revenue for the year ended December 30, 2018, and approximately \$1.1 million, or 11%, of our total revenue for the year ended December 29, 2019, consisted of sales of our EOS S3 and FPGA products to both OEMs and ODMs in China. The institution of trade tariffs both globally and between the U.S. and China specifically carries the risk of negatively affecting China's overall economic condition, which could have a negative impact on us as we derived and expect to continue to derive a significant amount of revenue from China. Imposition of tariffs could cause a decrease in the sales of our products to customers located in China or other customers selling to Chinese end users, which would directly impact our business and operating results.

Exchange rate fluctuations could adversely affect our company's results of operations and financial condition.

We denominate sales of our products to foreign countries exclusively in U.S. dollars. As a result, any increase in the value of the U.S. dollar relative to the local currency of a foreign country will increase the price of our products in that country so that our products become relatively more expensive to customers in their local currency which may cause sales of our products in that foreign country to decline. If the local currency of a foreign country in which we conduct business strengthens against the U.S. dollar, our payroll and other local expenses will be higher, and since sales are transacted in U.S. dollars, would not be offset by any increase in revenue. To the extent any such risks materialize, our business, results of operations and financial condition could be materially adversely affected.

Our solutions face competition from suppliers of ASSPs, suppliers of integrated application processors, low power FPGAs, low power MCUs, suppliers of ASICs, suppliers of eFPGA IP, and suppliers of sensor algorithm software whose software is running on competitors' devices.

We face competition from companies that offer ASSPs. While it is difficult to provide a unique solution through the use of ASSPs, ASSPs generally are cost-effective standard products with short lead times. In certain design opportunities, ASSPs can be combined to achieve system design objectives. Manufacturers of integrated application processors often integrate new features when they introduce new products. A system designer could elect the use of an integrated processor that includes the features offered in our solutions and/or a widely accepted feature of our solutions could be integrated into a competitor's ASSP. Some vendors offer low power FPGAs that can be adopted by a mobile device for hardware differentiation that is similar in functionality, physical size, power consumption and price to what we offer with our programmable logic-based solutions. We also face competition from low power MCU companies. While MCUs cannot be customized at the hardware level for product differentiation, they do have the ability to run custom software algorithms written in standard C code, which may yield similar functionality as what we can provide with our products. Companies that supply ASICs, which may be purchased for a lower price at higher volumes and typically have greater logic capacity, additional features and higher performance than our products. In addition, we face competition from companies that provide sensor algorithm software, which may be licensed directly by an OEM, or licensed for use through an MCU company. If we are unable to successfully compete with companies that supply ASSPs, lower power FPGAs, MCUs, ASICs, eFPGA IP, or sensor algorithm software in any of the following areas, our business, results of operations and financial condition will be materially adversely affected: (i) the development of new products, solutions and advanced manufacturing technologies; (ii) the quality, power characteristics, performance characteristics, price and availability of devices, programming hardware and software deve

Our industry is in the midst of a consolidation phase which could result in stronger and better resourced competitors in the markets in which the company competes.

Mergers and acquisitions activity is at a high level in the semiconductor industry, as large companies have perceived attractive opportunities in today's market to acquire new technologies and product lines by buying smaller companies. If our small and mid-sized competitors become targets of M&A activity and some of them are actually acquired by larger companies with much greater resources than us, we would face heightened competition that could result in lost sales and eroded margins.

We may not be able to achieve the anticipated synergies and benefits from business acquisitions, including our acquisition of SensiML Corporation.

Part of our business strategy is to acquire businesses that we believe can complement our current business activities, both financially and strategically. Acquisitions, including the SensiML Acquisition, involve many complexities, including, but not limited to, risks associated with the acquired business' past activities, difficulties in integrating personnel and human resource programs, integrating technology systems and other infrastructures under the Company's control, unanticipated expenses and liabilities, and the impact on our internal controls and compliance with the regulatory requirements under the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002. There is no guarantee that our acquisitions will increase the profitability and cash flow of the Company, and our efforts could cause unforeseen complexities and additional cash outflows, including financial losses. As a result, the realization of anticipated synergies or benefits from acquisitions may be delayed or substantially reduced.

Litigation could adversely impact our consolidated financial position.

We have been and may be in the future involved in various litigation matters arising in the ordinary course of business, including, but not limited to, litigation relating to employment matters, commercial transactions, intellectual property matters, contracts, environmental matters and matters related to compliance with governmental regulations. Litigation is inherently uncertain and unpredictable. The potential risks and uncertainties include, but are not limited to, such factors as the costs and expenses of litigation and the time and attention required of management to attend to litigation. An unfavorable resolution of any particular legal claim or proceeding, and/or the costs and expenses incurred in connection with a legal claim or proceeding, could have a material and adverse effect on our results of operations and financial condition.

We may be unable to adequately protect our intellectual property rights and may face significant expenses as a result of future litigation.

Protection of intellectual property rights is crucial to our business, since that is how we keep others from copying our innovations and those of third parties that are central to our existing and future products. From time to time, we receive letters alleging patent infringement or inviting us to license other parties' patents. We evaluate these requests on a case-by-case basis. These situations may lead to litigation if we reject the offer to obtain the license.

In the past, we have been involved in litigation relating to our alleged infringement of third party patents or other intellectual property rights. This type of litigation is expensive and consumes large amounts of management time and attention.

Because it is critical to our success that we continue to prevent competitors from copying our innovations, we intend to continue to seek patent and trade secret protection for our products. The process of seeking patent protection can be long and expensive, and we cannot be certain that any currently pending or future applications will actually result in issued patents or that, even if patents are issued, they will be of sufficient scope or strength to provide meaningful protection or any commercial advantage to us. Furthermore, others may develop technologies that are similar or superior to our technology or design around the patents we own. We also rely on trade secret protection for our technology, in part through confidentiality agreements with our employees, consultants and other third parties. However, these parties may breach these agreements and we may not have adequate remedies for any breach. In any case, others may come to know about or determine our trade secrets through a variety of methods. In

addition, the laws of certain territories in which we develop, manufacture or sell our products may not protect our intellectual property rights to the same extent as the laws of the United States.

The market price of our common stock may fluctuate significantly and could lead to securities litigation.

Stock prices for many companies in the technology and emerging growth sectors have experienced wide fluctuations that have often been unrelated to the operating performance of such companies. In the past, securities class action litigation has often been brought against companies following periods of volatility in the market price of its securities. In the future, we may be the subject of similar litigation. Securities litigation could result in substantial costs and divert management's attention.

We may engage in manufacturing, distribution or technology agreements that involve numerous risks, including the use of cash, erosion of margins due to royalty obligations or revenue sharing and diversion of resources.

We have entered into and, in the future, intend to enter into agreements that involve numerous risks, including the use of significant amounts of our cash; royalty obligations or revenue sharing; diversion of resources from other development projects or market opportunities; our ability to collect amounts due under these contracts; and market acceptance of related products and solutions. If we fail to recover the cost of these or other assets from the cash flow generated by the related products, our assets will become impaired and our results of operations and financial condition could be materially adversely affected.

Our business is subject to political, economic and health risks, natural disasters and other catastrophic events, which could have a material adverse effect on our business operations.

Our operations and the operations of our suppliers are vulnerable to interruption by fire, earthquake, power loss, flood, terrorist acts and other catastrophic events beyond our control. In particular, our headquarters are located near earthquake fault lines in the San Francisco Bay Area. In addition, we rely on certain suppliers to manufacture our products and would not be able to qualify an alternate supplier of our products for several quarters. Our suppliers often hold significant quantities of our inventories, which, in the event of a disaster, could be destroyed. If there is an earthquake or other catastrophic even near our headquarters, our customers' facilities, our distributors facilities or our suppliers' facilities, our business could be seriously harmed.

In addition, any catastrophic event, such as the recent COVID-19 virus outbreak first identified in China, the failure of our computer systems or networks, including due to computer viruses, security breaches, war or acts of terrorism, could significantly disrupt our operations. Specifically, any prolonged health threat globally could adversely affect the economies and financial markets of many countries, resulting in an economic downturn that could impact our operating results. The occurrence of any of these events could also affect our customers, distributors and suppliers and produce similar disruptive effects upon their business, which would likely impact our sales and cause a decline in our revenue.

We do not maintain sufficient business interruption and other insurance policies to compensate us for all losses that may occur. Any losses or damages incurred by us as a result of a catastrophic event or any other significant uninsured loss could have a material adverse effect on our business.

There may be some potential effects of system outages or data security breaches, which could adversely affect our operations, financial results or reputation.

We face risks from electrical or telecommunications outages, computer hacking or other general system failure. We rely heavily on our internal information and communications systems and on systems or support services from third parties to manage our operations efficiently and effectively. Any of these are subject to failure. System-wide or local failures that affect our information processing could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, results of operations and cash flows. In addition, a system failure or data security breach could also result in the unintentional disclosure of confidential information about us, our customers or our employees, which could result in our incurring costs for remedial or preventative actions, damage our reputation with customers and reduce demand for our products and services. Further, insurance coverage does not generally protect from

normal wear and tear, which can affect system performance. Any applicable insurance coverage for an occurrence could prove to be inadequate. Coverage may be or become unavailable or inapplicable to any risks then prevalent.

Our Certificate of Incorporation, Bylaws and Delaware law contain provisions that could discourage a takeover that is beneficial to stockholders.

Provisions of our Certificate of Incorporation, our Bylaws and Delaware law could have the effect of discouraging takeover attempts that certain stockholders might deem to be in their interest. These anti-takeover provisions may make us a less attractive target for a takeover bid or merger, potentially depriving shareholders of an opportunity to sell their shares of common stock at a premium over prevailing market prices as a result of a takeover bid or merger.

Changes to existing accounting pronouncements or taxation rules or practices may cause adverse revenue fluctuations, affect our reported financial results or how we conduct our business.

Generally accepted accounting principles in the United States, or GAAP, are promulgated by, and are subject to the interpretation of the Financial Accounting Standards Board, or FASB, and the SEC. New accounting pronouncements or taxation rules and varying interpretations of accounting pronouncements or taxation practices have occurred and may occur in the future. Any future changes in accounting pronouncements or taxation rules or practices may have a significant effect on how we report our results and may even affect our reporting of transactions completed before the change is effective. In addition, a review of existing or prior accounting practices may result in a change in previously reported amounts. This change to existing rules, future changes, if any, or the questioning of current practices may adversely affect our reported financial results, our ability to remain listed on the Nasdaq, or the way we conduct our business and subject us to regulatory inquiries or litigation.

If, in the future, we conclude our internal control over financial reporting is not effective, investors could lose confidence in the reliability of our financial statements, which could result in a decrease in the value of our common stock.

As directed by Section 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, the SEC adopted rules requiring public companies to include a report of management on the companies' internal control over financial reporting in their annual reports on Form 10-K, including an assessment by management of the effectiveness of the filing company's internal control over financial reporting. In addition, the independent registered public accounting firm auditing a public company's financial statements must attest to the effectiveness of the company's internal control over financial reporting. There is a risk that in the future we may identify internal control deficiencies that suggest that our controls are no longer effective. This could result in an adverse reaction in the financial markets due to a loss of confidence in the reliability of our financial statements, which could cause the market price of our common stock to decline and make it more difficult for us to finance our operations.

Both our customers and we are subject to laws, regulations and similar requirements, changes to which may adversely affect our business, results of operations and financial condition.

Both our customers and we are subject to laws, regulations and similar requirements that affect our business, results of operations and financial condition, including, but not limited to, the areas of commerce, import and export control, financial disclosures, intellectual property, income and other taxes, anti-trust, anti-corruption, labor, environmental, health and safety. Our compliance in these areas may be costly, especially in areas where there are inconsistencies between the various jurisdictions in which we operate. While we have implemented policies and procedures to comply with laws and regulations, there can be no assurance that our employees, contractors, suppliers or agents will not violate such laws and regulations or our policies. Any such violation or alleged violation could materially and adversely affect our business, financial condition, cash flows and results of operations. Any changes or potential changes to laws, regulations or similar requirements, or our ability to respond to these changes, may significantly increase our costs to maintain compliance or result in our decision to limit our business, products or jurisdictions in which we operate, any of which could materially and adversely affect our results of operations and financial condition. Federal and state regulatory agencies, including the United States Federal Communications Commission and the various state public utility commissions and public service commissions, regulate most of our domestic telecommunications customers. Similar government oversight also exists in the international market.

While we may not be directly affected by this legislation, such regulation of our customers may negatively impactour business. For instance, the sale of our products may be affected by the imposition upon certain of our customers of common carrier tariffs and the taxation of telecommunications services. These regulations are continuously reviewed and changed by the various governmental agencies. Changes in current or future laws or regulations, in the United States or elsewhere, could materially and adversely affect our results of operations and financial condition.

The Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act includes provisions regarding certain minerals and metals, known as conflict minerals, mined from the Democratic Republic of Congo and adjoining countries. These provisions require companies to undertake due diligence procedures and report on the use of conflict minerals in its products, including products manufactured by third parties. Compliance with these provisions has caused and will continue to cause us to incur costs to determine whether our supply chain is conflict free and we may face difficulties if our suppliers are unwilling or unable to verify the source of their materials. Our ability to source these minerals and metals may also be adversely impacted. In addition, our customers may require that we provide them with a certification and our inability to do so may disqualify us as a supplier.

We have implemented import and export control procedures to comply with United States regulations but we are still exposed to potential risks from import and export activity.

Our products, solutions, technology and software are subject to import and export control laws and regulations, which, in some instances, may impose restrictions on business activities, or otherwise require licenses or other authorizations from agencies such as the U.S. Department of State, U.S. Department of Commerce and U.S. Department of the Treasury. These restrictions may impact deliveries to customers or limit development and manufacturing alternatives. We have import and export licensing and compliance procedures in place for purposes of conducting our business consistent with U.S. and applicable international laws and regulations, and we periodically review these procedures to maintain compliance with the requirements relating to import and export regulations. If we are not able to remain in compliance with import and export regulations, we might be subject to investigation, sanctions or penalties by regulatory authorities. Such penalties can include civil, criminal or administrative remedies such as loss of export privileges. We cannot be certain as to the outcome of an evaluation, investigation, inquiry or other action or the impact of these items on our operations. Any such action could adversely affect our financial results and the market price of our common stock.

We have entered and will continue to enter into strategic licensing and collaborative partnerships and relationships with third parties. The anticipated benefits of these partnerships and relationships may never materialize and these partnerships and relationships may instead disrupt our business and harm our financial condition.

We have entered into strategic licensing and collaborative partnerships and relationships with third parties and will continue to enter into such partnerships and relationships with the goal of acquiring or gaining access to new and innovative semiconductor products and technologies, as well as other technologies which can be used to add to the differentiation of our emerging products, on a timely basis. Negotiating and performing under these arrangements involves significant time and expense, and we cannot assure you that the anticipated benefits of these arrangements will ever materialize or that the products or technologies involved will ever be commercialized or that, as a result, we will not have written down a portion or all of our investment. The arrangements with some third parties contain conditions and contingencies (such as a condition to raise a certain amount of capital), and we cannot assure you that we will meet all the conditions under these arrangements. We may end up with owing various obligations and commitments to third parties related to these arrangements. Such arrangements can magnify several risks for us, including loss of control over the development and development timeline of products being developed with third parties. Accordingly, we face increased risk that development activities may result in products that are not commercially successful or that are not available in a timely fashion. In addition, any third party with whom we enter into a development, product collaboration or technology licensing arrangement may fail to commit sufficient resources to the project, change its policies or priorities and abandon or fail to perform its obligations related to the collaboration. The failure to timely develop commercially successful products through our development projects or strategic investment activities as a result of any of these and other challenges could have a material adverse effect on our business, results of operations and financial condition. Other challenges and risks present

Cyberattacks through security vulnerabilities could lead to disruption of business, reduced revenue, increased costs, liability claims, or harm to our reputation or competitive position.

Security vulnerabilities may arise from our hardware, software, employees, contractors or policies we have deployed, which may result in external parties gaining access to our networks, datacenters, cloud datacenters, corporate computers, manufacturing systems, and or access to accounts we have at our suppliers, vendors, and customers. They may gain access to our data or our users' or customers' data, or attack the networks causing denial of service or attempt to hold our data or systems in ransom. The vulnerability could be caused by inadequate account security practices such as failure to timely remove employee access when terminated. To mitigate these security issues, we have implemented measures throughout our organization, including firewalls, backups, encryption, employee information technology policies and user account policies. However, there can be no assurance these measures will be sufficient to avoid cyberattacks. If any of these types of security breaches were to occur and we were unable to protect sensitive data, our relationships with our business partners and customers could be materially damaged, our reputation could be materially harmed, and we could be exposed to a risk of litigation and possible significant liability.

Further, if we fail to adequately maintain our infrastructure, we may have outages and data loss. Excessive outages may affect our ability to timely and efficiently deliver products to customers or develop new products and solutions. Such disruptions and data loss may adversely impact our ability to fulfill orders, patent our intellectual property or protect our source code, and interrupt other processes. Delayed sales or lost customers resulting from these disruptions could adversely affect our financial results, stock price and reputation.

Effective May 25, 2018, the European Union, or EU, implemented the General Data Protection Regulation, or GDPR, a broad data protection framework that expands the scope of current EU data protection law to non-European Union entities that process, or control the processing of, the personal information of EU subjects. The GDPR allows for the imposition of fines and corrective action on entities that improperly use or disclose the personal information of EU subjects, including through a data security breach. The State of California enacted the California Consumer Privacy Act of 2018, or CCPA, effective on January 1, 2020, which contains requirements similar to GDPR for the handling of personal information of California residents, commencing on January 1, 2020.

Our and our collaborators' and contractors' failure to fully comply with GDPR, CCPA and other laws could lead to significant fines and require onerous corrective action. In addition, data security breaches experienced by us, our collaborators or contractors could result in the loss of trade secrets or other intellectual property, public disclosure of sensitive commercial data, and the exposure of personally identifiable information (including sensitive personal information) of our employees, customers, collaborators and others.

Unauthorized use or disclosure of, or access to, any personal information maintained by us or on our behalf, whether through breach of our systems, breach of the systems of our suppliers or vendors by an unauthorized party, or through employee or contractor error, theft or misuse, or otherwise, could harm our business. If any such unauthorized use or disclosure of, or access to, such personal information was to occur, our operations could be seriously disrupted, and we could be subject to demands, claims and litigation by private parties, and investigations, related actions, and penalties by regulatory authorities. In addition, we could incur significant costs in notifying affected persons and entities and otherwise complying with the multitude of foreign, federal, state and local laws and regulations relating to the unauthorized access to, or use or disclosure of, personal information. Finally, any perceived or actual unauthorized access to, or use or disclosure of, such information could harm our reputation, substantially impair our ability to attract and retain customers and have an adverse impact on our business, financial condition and results of operations.

If we do not maintain compliance with the listing requirements of the Nasdaq Capital Market, our common stock could be delisted, which could, among other things, reduce the price of our common stock and the levels of liquidity available to our stockholders.

Our common stock was originally listed on the Nasdaq Global Market and was transferred to the Nasdaq Capital Market (the "Nasdaq") on July 22, 2019. In order to maintain that listing, we must satisfy minimum financial and other continued listing requirements and standards, including those regarding director independence and

independent committee requirements, minimum stockholders' equity, minimum share price, and certain corporate governance requirements.

On January 18, 2019, we were notified in writing by the Nasdaq Stock Market LLC that the average closing bid price of our common stock was below the criteria of the continued listing standards of the Nasdaq Global Market, as the average per share closing price of our common stock over a consecutive 30-trading day period was less than \$1.00. To regain compliance, we undertook steps to obtain shareholder approval and the approval of our Board of Directors to effect a reverse stock split of our outstanding shares of common stock, at a ratio of 1-for-14. The Reverse Stock Split was effected on December 23, 2019. On January 9, 2020, the Company received a letter from Nasdaq stating that the Company had regained compliance with the Bid Price Rule and it considered the matter closed.

There can be no assurances that we will be able to maintain compliance with the applicable listing standards of NasdaqIn the event that our common stock is delisted from Nasdaq and is not eligible for quotation on another market or exchange, trading of our common stock could be conducted in the over-the-counter market or on an electronic bulletin board established for unlisted securities, such as the Pink Sheets or the OTC Markets. In such event, it could become more difficult to dispose of, or obtain accurate price quotations for, our common stock, and there would likely also be a reduction in our coverage by securities analysts and the news media, which could cause the price of our common stock to decline further. Also, it may be difficult for us to raise additional capital if we are not listed on a major exchange.

### ITEM 1B. UNRESOLVED STAFF COMMENTS

None.

# ITEM 2. PROPERTIES

Our principal administrative, sales, marketing, research and development and final testing facility is located in a building of approximately 24,164 square feet of premises located at 2220 Lundy Avenue, San Jose, California for a period of five years, effective April 15, 2019. Until April 14, 2019, the Company's principal administrative, sales, marketing, research and development and final testing facility was located at 1277 Orleans Drive, Sunnyvale, CA 94089. The Company exited Sunnyvale premises lease in July 2019.

In October 2018, the Company leased a facility for Research and Development in San Diego, California, the lease of which expires in July 2020. On February 28, 2019, SensiML Corporation, our newly acquired subsidiary, entered into an agreement to lease approximately 925 square feet of facility space in Beaverton, Oregon, which expires in March 2021. Additionally, we lease a 9,400 square foot facility in Bangalore, India for the purpose of software development. This facility is leased through June 2021. We also lease office space in Shanghai, China; in London, England; in Taipei, Taiwan; and in Seongnam City, South Korea. We believe that our existing facilities are adequate for our current needs.

# ITEM 3. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

From time to time, we are involved in legal actions arising in the ordinary course of business, including but not limited to intellectual property infringement and collection matters. Absolute assurance cannot be given that third-party assertions will be resolved without costly litigation in a manner that is not adverse to our financial position, results of operations or cash flows or without requiring royalty or other payments in the future, which may adversely impact gross profit. We are not currently a party to any material pending legal proceedings.

# ITEM 4. MINE SAFETY DISCLOSURES

Not applicable.

### PART II

# ITEM 5. MARKET FOR THE REGISTRANT'S COMMON EQUITY, RELATED STOCKHOLDER MATTERS AND ISSUER PURCHASES OF EQUITY SECURITIES

# **Market Information**

Our common stock is currently traded on the Nasdaq Capital Market under the symbol "QUIK." From October 15, 1999, the date of our initial public offering to July 21, 2019, our common stock was traded on the Nasdaq Global Market under the same symbol.

#### Stockholders

The closing price of our common stock on the Nasdaq was \$5.34 per share on February 24, 2020. As of February 24, 2020, there were 8,378,389 shares of common stock outstanding that were held of record by 155 stockholders. The actual number of stockholders is greater than this number of holders of record since this number does not include stockholders whose shares are held in trust by other entities.

# **Dividend Policy**

We have never declared or paid any dividends on our capital stock. We currently expect to retain future earnings, if any, for use in the operation and expansion of our business and do not anticipate paying any cash dividends in the foreseeable future.

### **Equity Compensation Plan Information**

The information required by this item regarding equity compensation plans is set forth under the caption "Equity Compensation Plan Summary" in our Proxy Statement which information is incorporated by reference herein.

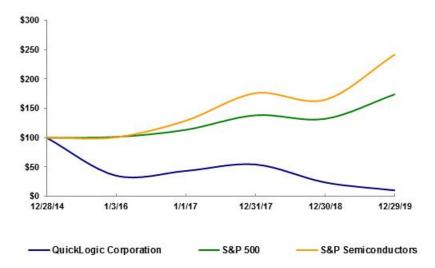
### **Stock Performance Graph**

The following graph compares the cumulative total return to stockholders of our common stock from December 28, 2014 to December 29, 2019 to the cumulative total return over such period of (i) the S&P 500 Index and (ii) the S&P Semiconductors Index. The graph assumes that \$100 was invested on December 28, 2014 in QuickLogic's common stock and in each of the other two indices and the reinvestment of all dividends, if any, through December 29, 2019

The information contained in the Performance Graph shall not be deemed to be "soliciting material" or to be "filed" with the SEC, nor shall such information be incorporated by reference into any future filing under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, except to the extent that QuickLogic specifically incorporates it by reference into any such filing. The graph is presented in accordance with SEC requirements. Stockholders are cautioned against drawing any conclusions from the data contained therein, as past results are not necessarily indicative of future performance.

# COMPARISON OF 5 YEAR CUMULATIVE TOTAL RETURN\*

Among QuickLogic Corporation, the S&P 500 Index and the S&P Semiconductors Index



\*\$100 invested on 12/28/14 in stock or 12/31/14 in index, including reinvestment of dividends. Indexes calculated on month-end basis.

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	12/28/2014	1/03/2016	1/01/2017	12/31/2017	12/30/2018	12/29/2019
QuickLogic Corporation	100.00	35.31	43.44	54.37	23.78	10.22
S&P 500	100.00	101.38	113.51	138.29	132.23	173.86
S&P Semiconductor	100.00	100.88	129.07	175.96	164.72	241.74

The stock price performance included in this graph is not necessarily indicative of future stock price performance.

# ITEM 6. SELECTED FINANCIAL DATA

Long-term obligations, excluding current portion

Total stockholders' equity

		(in thousands, except per share amount)							
Statements of Operations:									
Revenue	\$	10,310	\$	12,629	\$ 12,14	9 \$	11,421	\$	18,956
Cost of revenue		4,405		6,295	6,62	7	7,648		11,411
Gross profit		5,905		6,334	5,52	2	3,773		7,545
Operating expenses:									
Research and development		12,350		9,948	9,57	2	12,265		14,144
Selling, general and administrative		8,918		9,982	9,90	0	10,310		10,619
Restructuring costs(1)							_		295
Loss from operations		(15,363)		(13,596)	(13,95	0)	(18,802)		(17,513)
Interest expense		(350)		(108)	(11	5)	(175)		(82)
Interest income and other expense, net		189		77	2	1	(106)		(107)
Loss before income taxes		(15,524)		(13,627)	(14,04	4)	(19,083)		(17,702)
(Benefit from) Provision for income taxes		(80)		152	8	7	65		146
Net loss	\$	(15,444)	\$	(13,779)	\$ (14,13	1) \$	(19,148)	\$	(17,848)
Net loss per share:									
Basic and diluted	\$	(2.02)	\$	(2.16)	\$ (2.5	<u>6</u> ) <u>\$</u>	(4.10)	\$	(4.42)
Weighted average shares:	_				-				
Basic and diluted	_	7,663		6,365	5,52	1 _	4,670		4,034
	D	ecember 29, 2019	De	cember 30, 2018	December 31, 2017		January 1, 2017	J	anuary 3, 2016
					(in thousands)				
Balance Sheet Data:									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	21,548	\$	26,463	\$ 16,52			\$	19,136
Working capital	\$	10,366	\$	15,576	\$ 12,61		9,042	\$	19,132
Total assets	\$	33,404	\$	36,086	\$ 24.63	6 \$	21.844	\$	28,461

2019

2018

Fiscal Years

2017

2016

49 \$

\$

11,988

2,341

20,325

2015

\$

1,583

13,823

\$

124

17,255

\$

369

14,878

\$

<sup>(1)</sup> We incurred restructuring costs of \$295,000 in 2015. In 2015, we implemented a restructuring plan to re-align the organization to support our sensor processing provider business model and growth strategy.

# ITEM 7. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following discussion of our financial condition and results of operations should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and related notes included in this Annual Report on Form 10-K. This discussion may contain forward-looking statements based upon current expectations that involve risks and uncertainties including those discussed under Part I, Item 1A, "Risk Factors." These risks and uncertainties may cause actual results to differ materially from those discussed in the forward-looking statements.

#### Overview

We develop low power, multi-core semiconductor platforms and IP for AI, voice and sensor processing. The solutions include an eFPGA for hardware acceleration and pre-processing, and heterogeneous multi-core SoCs that integrate eFPGA with other processors and peripherals. The SensiML Analytics Toolkit from our recently acquired wholly owned subsidiary, SensiML completes the "full stack" end-to-end solution with accurate sensor algorithms using AI technology. The full range of platforms, software tools and eFPGA IP enables the practical and efficient adoption of AI, voice and sensor processing across mobile, wearable, hearable, consumer, industrial, edge and endpoint IoT applications.

Our new products include our EOS<sup>TM</sup>, QuickAI<sup>TM</sup>, SensiML Analytics Studio, ArcticLink® III, PolarPro®3, PolarPro II, PolarPro, and Eclipse II products (which together comprise our new product category). Our mature products include primarily FPGA families named pASIC®3 and QuickRAM® as well as programming hardware and design software. In addition to delivering our own semiconductor solutions, we have an IP business that licenses our eFPGA technology for use in other semiconductor companies SoCs. We began delivering our eFPGA IP product ArcticPro<sup>TM</sup> in 2017, which is included in the new product revenue category. Through the acquisition of SensiML, we now have an IoT AI software platform that includes SaaS subscriptions for development, per unit license fees when deployed in production, and proof-of-concept services – all of which are also included in the new product revenue category.

Our semiconductor solutions typically fall into one of three categories: Sensor Processing, Display and Visual Enhancement, and Smart Connectivity. Our solutions include a unique combination of our silicon platforms, IP cores, software drivers, and in some cases, firmware and application software. All of our silicon platforms are standard devices and must be programmed to be effective in a system. Our IP that enables always-on context-aware sensor applications includes our Flexible Fusion Engine, our Sensor Manager and Communications Manager technologies as well as IP that (i) improves multimedia content, such as our Visual Enhancement Engine, or VEE, technology, and Display Power Optimizer, or DPO, technology, and (ii) implements commonly used mobile system interfaces, such as Low Voltage Differential Signaling, or LVDS, Mobile Industry Processor Interface, or MIPI, and Secure Digital Input Output, or SDIO.

Through the acquisition of SensiML, our core IP also includes the SensiML AI Toolkit that enables OEMs to develop AI software for a broad array of resource-constrained time-series sensor endpoint applications. These include a wide range of consumer and industrial sensing applications.

We also work with mobile processor manufacturers, sensor manufacturers, and voice recognition, sensor fusion and context awareness algorithm developers in the development of reference designs. Through reference designs that incorporate our solutions, we believe mobile processor manufacturers, sensor manufacturers, and sensor and voice algorithm companies can expand the available market for their respective products. Furthermore, should a solution developed for a processor manufacturer or sensor and/or sensor algorithm company be applicable to a set of common OEMs or Original Design Manufacturers, or ODMs, we can amortize our Research and Development, or R&D, investment over that set of OEMs or ODMs. There may also be cases when platform providers that intend to use always-on voice recognition will dictate certain performance requirements for the combined software/hardware solution before the platform provider certifies and/or qualifies our product for use by end customers.

In addition to working directly with our customers, we partner withother companies that are experts in certain technologies to develop additional IP, reference platforms and system software to provide application solutions, particularly in the area of hardware acceleration for AI-type applications. We also work with mobile processor and communications semiconductor device manufacturers and companies that supply sensor, algorithms and applications. For our sensor processing solutions, we collaborate with sensor manufacturers to ensure interface compatibility. We also collaborate with sensor and voice/audio software companies, helping them optimize their software technology on our silicon platforms in terms of performance, power consumption and user experience.

Our ArcticPro eFPGA IP are currently developed on 65nm, 40nm and 22nm process nodes. The licensable IP is generated by a compiler tool that enables licensees to create an eFPGA block that they can integrate into their SoC without significant involvement by QuickLogic. We believe this flow enables a scalable support model for QuickLogic. For our eFPGA strategy, we work with semiconductor manufacturing partners to ensure our eFPGA IP is proven for a given foundry and process node before it is licensed to a SoC company.

In order to grow our revenue from its current level, we depend upon increased revenue from our new products including existing new product platforms, eFPGA IP and platforms currently in development. We expect our business growth to be driven mainly by our silicon solutions, eFPGA IP and SensiML AI Software. Therefore, our revenue growth needs to be strong enough to enable us to sustain profitability while we continue to invest in the development, sales and marketing of our new solution platforms, IP and software. We are expecting revenue growth from EOS S3, SensiML AI SaaS, and eFPGA IP licensing in fiscal year 2020.

We continue to seek to expand our revenue, including pursuing high-volume sales opportunities in our target market segments, by providing solutions incorporating IP, or industry standard interfaces. Our industry is characterized by intense price competition and by lower margins as order volumes increase. While winning large volume sales opportunities will increase our revenue, we believe these opportunities may decrease our gross profit as a percentage of revenue.

During 2019, we generated total revenue of \$10.3 million, which represents a 18% decrease from 2018. Our new product revenue during 2019 was \$3.1 million, which represents a 46% decrease from 2018, while our mature product revenue during 2019 was \$7.2 million, which represents a 4% increase from 2018. We shipped our new products into four of our targeted mobile market segments: Smartphones, Wearables, Mobile Enterprise, and Tablets. In addition, we started to generate SaaS revenue from the new Artificial Intelligence or AI market in 2019. Overall, with the acquisition of SensiML in the beginning of 2019, we reported a net loss of \$15.4 million for 2019 compared to a net loss of \$13.8 million for 2018.

We have experienced net losses in the recent years and expect such losses to continue through at least the year ending January 3, 2020 as we continue to develop new products, applications and technologies. Whether we can achieve cash flow levels sufficient to support our operations cannot be accurately predicted. Unless such cash flow levels are achieved in addition to the proceeds we received from our recent sale of our equity securities, we may need to borrow additional funds or sell debt or equity securities, or some combination thereof, to provide funding for our operations, and such additional funding may not be available on commercially reasonable terms, or at all.

On December 6, 2019, the Board of Directors of the Company approved a 1-for-14 reverse stock split of the Company's outstanding Common Stock, which became effective on December 23, 2019, which was approved by the Company's shareholders in a special meeting held on November 26, 2019. At the effective time of the Reverse Stock Split, every 14 issued and outstanding shares of the Company Common Stock were automatically combined into one issued and outstanding share of Common Stock without any change in the par value per share. Stockholders who would have otherwise been entitled to fractional shares of Common Stock as a result of the Reverse Stock Split received a cash payment in lieu of receiving fractional shares. All share, equity award, and per share amounts contained in this Form 10-K and the accompanying Consolidated Financial Statements have been adjusted to reflect the Reverse Stock Split for all prior periods presented.

### **Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates**

The methods, estimates and judgments we use in applying our most critical accounting policies have a significant impact on the results we report in our consolidated financial statements. The SEC has defined critical accounting policies as those that are most important to the portrayal of our financial condition and results of operations and require us to make our most difficult and subjective judgments, often as a result of the need to make estimates of matters that are inherently uncertain. Based on this definition, our critical policies include revenue recognition including determination of the Stand-Alone Selling Price, or SSP, for each distinct performance obligation, sales returns and allowances, valuation of inventories including identification of excess quantities and product obsolescence, allowance for doubtful accounts, valuation of long-lived assets, measurement of stock-based compensation and accounting for income taxes. We believe that we apply judgments and estimates in a consistent manner and that such consistent application results in consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes that fairly represent all periods presented. However, any factual errors or errors in these judgments and estimates may have a material impact on our financial statements.

# Revenue Recognition

We supply standard products that must be programmed before they can be used in an application. Our products may be programmed by us, distributors, end-customers or third parties.

We adopted Accounting Standards Update, or ASU, No. 2014-09, Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606) and related ASU No. 2016-08, ASU No. 2016-10, ASU No. 2016-12 and ASU No. 2016-20, which provide supplementary guidance, and clarifications, effective January 1, 2018. We adopted ASC 606 using the modified retrospective method. The results for the reporting period beginning after January 1, 2018, are presented in accordance with the new standard, although comparative information for the prior year has not been restated and continues to be reported under the accounting standards and policies in effect for those periods. Adoption of the new standard did not have a significant impact on the current period revenues or on the prior year Consolidated Financial Statements. No transition adjustment was required to our retained earnings as of January 1, 2018. Under the new standard revenue is recognized as follows:

Revenue is recognized upon transfer of control of promised products or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration we expect to receive in exchange for those products or services.

We determine revenue recognition through the following steps:

- Identification of the contract, or contracts, with a customer,
- Identification of the performance obligations in the contract,
- Determination of the transaction price,
- Allocation of the transaction price to the performance obligations in the contract, and
- Recognition of revenue when, or as, we satisfy a performance obligation.

As part of its assessment of each contract, the Company evaluates certain factors including the customer's ability to pay, or credit risk. For each contract, the Company considers the promise to transfer products, each of which is distinct, to be the identified performance obligations. In determining the transaction price, the price stated on the purchase order is typically fixed and represents the net consideration to which the Company expects to be entitled, and therefore there is no variable consideration. As the Company's standard payment terms are less than one year, the Company has elected, as a practical expedient, to not assess whether a contract has a significant financing component. The Company allocates the transaction price to each distinct product based on its relative standalone selling price. The product price as specified on the purchase order is considered the standalone selling price as it is an observable source that depicts the price as if sold to a similar customer in similar circumstances.

#### Product Revenue

We generate most of our revenue by supplying standard hardware products, which must be programmed before they can be used in an application. Our contracts with customers are generally for products only, and do not include other performance obligations such as services, extended warranties or other material rights.

We recognize hardware product revenue at the point of time when control of products is transferred to the customers, when our performance obligation is satisfied, which typically occurs upon shipment from our manufacturing site or our headquarters.

Intellectual Property and Software License Revenue

We also generate revenue from licensing IP, software tools and royalty from licensing our technology.

We recognize IP and Software License revenue at the point of time when the control of IP or software license has been transferred.

Some of the IP and Software Licensing contracts with customers contain multiple performance obligations. For these contracts, we account for individual performance obligations separately if they are distinct. The transaction price is allocated to the separate performance obligations on a relative standalone selling price basis. We determine the standalone selling prices based on our overall pricing objectives, taking into consideration market conditions and other factors, including the value of our contracts, type of the customer, customer tier, type of the technology used, customer demographics, geographic locations, and other factors.

Software as a Service Revenue, or SaaS Revenue

Software products that are offered to the customers with a right to use the hosted software over the contract period without taking the possession of it are billed on a subscription basis. Revenue that are billed on a subscription basis is recognized ratably over the contract period.

### Maintenance Revenue

We recognize revenue from maintenance ratably over the term of the underlying maintenance contract term. Renewals of maintenance contracts create new performance obligations that are satisfied over the term with the revenues recognized ratably over the term.

### Royalty Revenue

We recognize royalty revenue when the later of the following events occurs: a) The subsequent sale or usage occurs; b) The performance obligation to which some or all of the sales-based royalty has been allocated has been satisfied.

### Deferred Revenue

Receivables are recognized in the period we ship the product. Payment terms on invoiced amounts are based on contractual terms with each customer. When we receive consideration, or such consideration is

unconditionally due, prior to transferring goods or services to the customer under the terms of a sales contract, we record deferred revenue, which represents a contract liability. We recognize deferred revenue as net sales once control of goods and/or services have been transferred to the customer and all revenue recognition criteria have been met and any constraints have been resolved. We defer the product costs until recognition of the related revenue occurs.

Assets Recognized from Costs to Obtain a Contract with a Customer

We recognize an asset for the incremental costs of obtaining a contract with a customer if we expect the benefit of those costs to be longer than one year. We have concluded that none of the costs we have incurred to obtain and fulfill our FASB Accounting Standards Codification, or ASC, 606 contracts meet the capitalization criteria, and as such, there are no costs deferred and recognized as assets on the consolidated balance sheet at December 29, 2019.

Practical Expedients and Exemptions

- (i) Taxes collected from customers and remitted to government authorities and that are related to the sales of our products are excluded from revenues.
- (ii) Sales commissions are expensed when incurred because the amortization period would have been one year or less. These costs are recorded in Selling, general and administrative expense in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income.
- (iii) We do not disclose the value of unsatisfied performance obligations for (i) contracts with original expected lengths of one year or less or (ii) contracts for which we recognize revenue at the amount to which we have the right to invoice for the services performed.

We record allowance for sales returns. Amounts recorded for sales returns for the year ended December 29, 2019 and December 30, 2018 were \$60,000 and \$156,000, respectively.

Revenue Recognition Prior to the Adoption of ASC Topic No. 606 on January 1, 2018

We supply standard products which must be programmed before they can be used in an application. The Company's products may be programmed by us, distributors, end-customers or third parties.

We recognize revenue as products are shipped if evidence of an arrangement exists, delivery has occurred, the sales price is fixed or determinable, collection of the resulting receivable is reasonably assured and product returns are reasonably estimable. Revenue is recognized upon shipment of programmed and unprogrammed parts to both OEM customers and distributors, provided that legal title and risk of ownership have transferred. Parts held by distributors may be returned for quality reasons only under its standard warranty policy. We record allowance for sales returns.

We account for our IP license revenues and related services in accordance with ASC No. 985-605, Software Revenue Recognition. Revenues are recognized when persuasive evidence of an arrangement exists and no further obligation exists, delivery has occurred, the license fee is fixed or determinable, and collection is reasonably assured. A license may be perpetual or time limited in its application. Our IP license agreement contains multiple elements including post-contract customer support. For multiple element arrangements involving software and other software-related deliverables, vendor-specific objective evidence of fair value, or VSOE, must exist to allocate the total fee among all delivered and non-essential undelivered elements of the arrangement. If undelivered elements of the arrangement are essential to the functionality of the product, revenue is deferred until the essential elements are delivered. If VSOE does not exist for one or more non-essential undelivered elements, revenue is deferred until such evidence exists for the undelivered elements, or until all elements are delivered, whichever is earlier. VSOE of each element is based on historical evidence of stand-alone sales of these elements to third parties including substantive renewal rate as stated in the agreement. When VSOE does not exist for undelivered items, the entire arrangement fee is recognized ratably over the performance period.

#### Cost of Revenue

We record all costs associated with its product sales in cost of revenue. These costs include the cost of materials, contract manufacturing fees, shipping costs and quality assurance. Cost of revenue also includes indirect costs such as warranty, excess and obsolete inventory charges, general overhead costs and depreciation.

#### Valuation of Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of standard cost or net realizable value. Standard cost approximates actual cost on a first-in, first-out basis. We routinely evaluate quantities and values of our inventories in light of current market conditions and market trends and record reserves for quantities in excess of demand and product obsolescence. The evaluation may take into consideration historic usage, expected demand, anticipated sales price, the stage in the product life cycle of our customers' products, new product development schedules, the effect new products might have on the sale of existing products, product obsolescence, customer design activity, customer concentrations, product merchantability and other factors. Market conditions are subject to change. Actual consumption of inventories could differ from forecasted demand and this difference could have a material impact on our gross margin and inventory balances based on additional provisions for excess or obsolete inventories or a benefit from inventories that have a cost in excess of estimated market value, which could have a material impact on our gross margin and inventory balances based on additional write-downs to net realizable value or a benefit from inventories previously written down.

Our semiconductor products have historically had an unusually long product life cycle and obsolescence has not been a significant factor in the valuation of inventories. However, as we pursue opportunities in the mobile market and continue to develop new products, we believe our new product life cycle will be shorter, which could increase the potential for obsolescence. A significant decrease in demand could result in an increase in excess inventory on hand. Although we make every effort to ensure the accuracy of our forecasts of future product demand, any significant unanticipated changes in demand or frequent new product developments could have a significant impact on the value of our inventory and our results of operations.

#### Leases

The Company adopted Accounting Standards Update, or ASU, No. 2016-02, Leases (Topic 842) and related ASUs, which provide supplementary guidance and clarifications on December 31, 2018, utilizing the modified retrospective transition method through a cumulative-effect adjustment at the beginning of the first quarter of 2019. Additionally, the Company elected the practical expedient approach and did not reassess whether any contracts that existed prior to adoption have or contain leases or the classification of our existing leases.

Under Topic 842, all significant lease arrangements are generally recognized at lease commencement. Operating lease right-of-use, or ROU, assets and lease liabilities are recognized at the commencement date. A ROU asset and corresponding lease liability is not recorded for leases with an initial term of 12 months or less (short term leases) and the Company recognizes lease expense for these leases as incurred over the lease term.

ROU assets represent the Company's right to use an underlying asset during the reasonably certain lease terms and lease liabilities represent the Company's obligation to make lease payments arising from the lease. The Company's lease terms may include options to extend or terminate the lease when it is reasonably certain that we will exercise that option. Operating lease ROU assets and liabilities are recognized at commencement date based on the present value of lease payments over the lease term. The Company primarily uses its incremental borrowing rate, based on the information available at commencement date, in determining the present value of lease payments. The operating lease ROU asset also includes any lease payments related to initial direct cost and prepayments and excludes lease incentives. Lease expense is recognized on a straight-line basis over the lease term. The Company has lease agreements with lease and non-lease components, which are generally accounted for separately.

In accordance with ASU No. 2016-02, the Company recognized right-of-use assets of approximately \$975,000 and lease liabilities of approximately \$939,000 on the Company's Consolidated Balance Sheet as of

March 31, 2019, with no material impact to its Consolidated Statements of Operations. As of December 29, 2019, the Company's right-of-use assets was approximately \$2.4 million and lease liability was approximately \$2.3 million as presented on the Company's Consolidated Balance Sheet.

#### **Business Combinations**

The Company recognizes assets acquired (including goodwill and identifiable intangible assets) and liabilities assumed at fair value on the acquisition date. Subsequent changes to the fair value of such assets acquired and liabilities assumed are recognized in earnings, after the expiration of the measurement period, a period not to exceed 12 months from the acquisition date. Acquisition-related expenses and acquisition-related restructuring costs are recognized in earnings in the period in which they are incurred.

#### Goodwill and Intangible Assets

Goodwill represents the excess fair value of consideration transferred over the fair value of net assets acquired in business combinations. The carrying value of goodwill and indefinite lived intangible assets are not amortized, but are annually tested for impairment and more often if there is an indicator of impairment.

Intangible assets with finite useful lives are amortized on a straight-line basis over the periods benefited. The Company reviews the recoverability of its long-lived assets when events or changes in circumstances occur that indicate that the carrying value of the asset or asset group may not be recoverable. The assessment of possible impairment is based on the Company's ability to recover the carrying value of the asset or asset group from the expected future pre-tax cash flows (undiscounted and without interest charges) of the related operations. If these cash flows are less than the carrying value of such asset, an impairment loss is recognized for the difference between estimated fair value and carrying value. The measurement of impairment requires management to estimate future cash flows and the fair value of long-lived assets.

#### Valuation of Long-Lived Assets

We assess annually whether the value of identifiable long-lived assets, including property and equipment, have been impaired and when events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value of an asset or asset group may not be recoverable. Our assessment of possible impairment is based on our ability to recover the carrying value of an asset or asset group from their expected future pre-tax cash flows, undiscounted and without interest charges, of the related operations. If these cash flows are less than the carrying value of the asset or asset group, we recognize an impairment loss for the difference between estimated fair value and carrying value, and the carrying value of the related assets is reduced by this difference. The measurement of impairment requires management to estimate future cash flows and the fair value of long-lived assets. Based on this analysis, there are no significant impairments to our long-lived assets.

#### Measurement of Stock-Based Compensation

We account for stock-based compensation under the provisions of the amended authoritative guidance and related interpretations, which require the measurement and recognition of expense related to the fair value of stock-based compensation awards. The fair value of stock-based compensation awards is measured at the grant date and re-measured upon modification, as appropriate. Determining the appropriate fair value model and calculating the fair value of stock-based awards at the date of grant require judgment.

We use the Black-Scholes option pricing model to estimate the fair value of employee stock options and rights to purchase shares under our 2019 Stock Plan 2009 Stock Plan and 2009 Employee Stock Purchase Plan, or ESPP, consistent with the provisions of the amended authoritative guidance. This fair value is expensed on a straight-line basis over the requisite service period of the award. Using the Black-Scholes pricing model requires us to develop highly subjective assumptions, including the expected term of awards, expected volatility of our stock, expected risk-free interest rate and expected dividend rate over the term of the award. Our expected term of awards is based primarily on our historical experience with similar grants. Our expected stock price volatility for both stock options and ESPP shares is based on the historic volatility of our stock, using the daily average of the opening and closing prices and measured using historical data appropriate for the expected term. The risk-free interest rate assumption approximates the risk-free interest rate of a Treasury Constant Maturity bond with a maturity approximately equal to the expected term of the stock option or ESPP shares.

In addition to the assumptions used in the Black-Scholes pricing model, the amended authoritative guidance requires that we recognize compensation expense only for awards ultimately expected to vest; therefore, we are required to develop an estimate of the historical pre-vest forfeiture experience and apply this to all stock-based awards. The fair value of restricted stock awards, or RSAs, and restricted stock units, or RSUs, is based on the closing price of our common stock on the date of grant. RSA and RSU awards which vest with service are expensed over the requisite service period. RSAs and RSU awards that are expected to vest based on the achievement of a performance goal are expensed over the estimated vesting period. We regularly review the assumptions used to compute the fair value of our stock-based awards and we revise our assumptions as appropriate. In the event that assumptions used to compute the fair value of our stock-based awards are later determined to be inaccurate or if we change our assumptions significantly in future periods, stock-based compensation expense and our results of operations could be materially impacted. See Note 13 to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

#### Accounting for Income Taxes

As part of the process of preparing our financial statements, we are required to estimate our income taxes in each of the jurisdictions in which we operate. This process involves estimating our actual current tax exposure together with assessing temporary differences resulting from different tax and accounting treatment of items, such as deferred revenue, allowance for doubtful accounts, the impact of equity awards, depreciation and amortization, and employee-related accruals. These differences result in deferred tax assets and liabilities, which are included on our balance sheets. We must then assess the likelihood that our deferred tax assets will be recovered from future taxable income. To the extent we believe that recovery is not likely, we must establish a valuation allowance. To the extent we establish a valuation allowance or increase this allowance in a period, we must include an expense within the tax provision in the statements of operations.

Significant management judgment is required in determining our provision for income taxes, deferred tax assets, liabilities and any valuation allowance recorded against our net deferred tax assets. Our deferred tax assets, consisting primarily of net operating loss carryforwards, depreciation and amortization, amounted to \$58.0 million, tax effected, as of the end of 2019. In evaluating our ability to recover our deferred tax assets within the jurisdiction from which they arise, we consider all available positive and negative evidence, including scheduled reversals of deferred tax liabilities, uncertainty of projecting future taxable income and results of recent operations. As of December 29, 2019, we had federal and state income tax net operating loss, or NOL, carryforwards of approximately \$168.7 million and \$75.4 million, respectively, which will expire at various dates from 2020 through 2038. Federal NOL generated in 2019 can be carried forward indefinitely. We had research credit carryforwards of approximately \$4.0 million for state income tax purposes as of December 29, 2019. If not utilized, the federal carryforwards will expire at various dates from 2020. The California credit can be carried forward indefinitely. We believe that it is more likely than not that the deferred tax assets and benefits from these federal and state NOL and credit carryforwards will not be realized. In recognition of this risk, we have recorded a valuation allowance of \$58.0 million, tax-effected, as of the end of 2019, due to uncertainties related to our ability to utilize our U.S. deferred tax assets before they expire.

#### **Results of Operations**

The following table sets forth the percentage of revenue for certain items in our statements of operations for the periods indicated:

		Fiscal Years					
	2019	2018	2017				
Statements of Operations:							
Revenue	100 %	100 %	100 %				
Cost of revenue	43 %	50 %	<u>55</u> %				
Gross profit	57 %	50 %	45 %				
Operating expenses:							
Research and development	120 %	79 %	79 %				
Selling, general and administrative	86%	79 %	81 %				
Loss from operations	(149)%	(108)%	(115)%				
Interest expense	(3)%	(1)%	(1)%				
Interest income and other expense, net	2 %	1 %	-%				
Loss before income taxes	(150)%	(108)%	(116)%				
Provision for income taxes	1 %	1 %	1 %				
Net loss	(151)%	(109)%	(117)%				

Impact of inflation and product price changes on our revenue and on income was immaterial in 2019, 2018 and 2017.

## Comparison of Fiscal Years 2019 and 2018

Revenue. The table below sets forth the changes in revenue for fiscal year ended December 29, 2019, as compared to fiscal year ended December 30, 2018 (in thousands, except percentage data):

			Fiscal Yo				
		201	9	20	18		
			% of Total		% of Total	Year-Ove	er-Year
	A	mount	Revenues	Amount	Revenues	Chan	ige
Revenue by product family (1):							
New products	\$	3,123	30%	\$ 5,735	45 %	\$ (2,612)	(46)%
Mature products		7,187	<u>70</u> %	6,894	<u>55</u> %	293	4 %
Total revenue	\$	10,310	100 %	\$ 12,629	100 %	\$ (2,319)	(18)%

<sup>(1)</sup> New products include all products manufactured on 180 nanometer or smaller semiconductor processes, eFPGA IP license, QuickAI and SensiML AI software as a service (SaaS) revenues. Mature products include all products produced on semiconductor processes larger than 180 nanometer.

The 46% decrease in new product revenue in 2019 was primarily due to lower sales from Display Bridge Solution, eFPGA license and connectivity product, which was partially offset by an increase in AI SaaS revenue. The increase in mature product revenue was due primarily to increased orders from our customers in the defense, aerospace, test and instrumentation sectors.

Gross Profit. The table below sets forth the changes in gross profit for fiscal year ended December 29, 2019, as compared to fiscal year ended December 30, 2018 (in thousands, except percentage data):

			Fiscal Ye				
		201	9	201	8		
			% of Total		% of Total	Year-Over-Year	r
	A	mount	Revenues	Amount	Revenues	Change	
Revenue	\$	10,310	100 %	\$ 12,629	100 % \$	(2,319)	(18)%
Cost of revenue		4,405	43 %	6,295	50 %	(1,890)	(30)%
Gross profit	\$	5,905	57 %	\$ 6,334	50 % \$	(429)	(7)%

The increase in gross profit and gross profit percentage was primarily due to (i)product and customer mix, and (ii) additional SaaS revenue in 2019. In 2019, mature product revenue was 70% of total revenue compared to 55% in the prior year. Mature product revenue increased by 4% compared to 2018. The sale of inventories that were previously written-off was \$121,000 and \$218,000 in 2019 and 2018, respectively. Inventory written-down in 2019 was \$94,000 compared to \$386,000 in 2018.

Our semiconductor products have historically had a long product life cycle and obsolescence has not been a significant factor in the valuation of inventories. However, as we pursue opportunities in the mobile market and continue to develop new CSSPs and products, we believe our product life cycle will be shorter, which will increase the potential for obsolescence. In general, our standard manufacturing lead times are longer than the binding forecasts we receive from customers.

Operating Expenses. The table below sets forth the changes in operating expenses for fiscal year ended December 29, 2019, as compared to fiscal year ended December 30, 2018 (in thousands, except percentage data):

			Fiscal Y	ears				
	2019				201	8		
			% of Total			% of Total	Year-Over-Year	ar
		Amount	Revenues		Amount	Revenues	Change	
R&D expenses	\$	12,350	120 %	\$	9,948	79 %	\$ 2,402	24%
SG&A expenses		8,918	86%		9,982	79 %	(1,064)	(11)%
Total operating expenses	\$	21,268	(206)%	\$	19,930	158 %	\$ 1,338	7 %

Research and Development Expenses. Our research and development, or R&D, expenses consist primarily of personnel, overhead and other costs associated with System on Chip (SoC) and software development, programmable logic design, AI and eFPGA development. R&D expenses were \$12.4 million and \$9.9 million in 2019 and 2018, respectively, which represented 120% and 79%, respectively, of revenue for those periods. The \$2.4 million increase in R&D expenses in 2019 as compared to 2018 is partially attributable to the expanded R&D operations from the acquisition of SensiML and new SoC software team in San Diego. In 2019, the Company capitalized costs of \$365,000 associated with internal-use software.

Selling, General and Administrative Expenses. Our selling, general and administrative, or SG&A, expenses consist primarily of personnel and related overhead costs for sales, marketing, finance, administration, human resources and general management. SG&A expenses were \$8.9 million and \$10 million in 2019 and 2018, respectively, which represented 86% and 79% of revenue for those periods. The \$1.0 million decrease in SG&A expenses in 2019 as compared to 2018 is attributable to cost savings from new headquarter facility and outside services.

Interest Expense and Interest Income and Other Expense, net

The table below sets forth the changes in interest expense and interest income and other expense, net, for the fiscal year ended December 29, 2019, as compared to fiscal year ended December 30, 2018 (in thousands, except percentage data):

	Fiscal Years					Year-Over-Year Change		
		2019		2018		Amount	Percentage	
Interest expense	\$	(350)	\$	(108)	\$	(242)	224 %	
Interest income and other expense, net		189		77		112	145 %	
	\$	(161)	\$	(31)	\$	(130)	419 %	

The \$242,000 increase in interest expense was attributable to higher line of credit balance in 2019 compared to 2018. The \$112,000 increase in interest income and other expenses was attributable to increase in interest income from money market account with Heritage Bank.

Provision for Income Taxes. The table below sets forth the changes in provision for income taxes in the fiscal year ended December 29, 2019, as compared to the fiscal year ended December 30, 2018 (in thousands, except percentage data):

	 Fiscal '	Years			Year-Over-Year Change		
	2019		2018	A	mount	Percentage	
(Benefit from)/ income tax provision	\$ (80)	\$	152	\$	(232)	(153)%	

Income tax benefit for 2019 relates to the deferred tax liability arising from intangible assets acquired from the acquisition of SensiML which offsets and released a portion of the Company's valuation allowance outside of acquisition accounting. The income tax expense for 2018 primarily relates to our foreign operations which are costplus entities.

As of the end of 2019, our ability to utilize our U.S. deferred tax assets in future periods is uncertain and, accordingly, we have recorded a full valuation allowance against the related U.S. deferred tax assets. We will continue to assess the realizability of deferred tax assets in future periods.

#### Comparison of Fiscal Years 2018 and 2017

For discussion related to the results of operations and changes in financial condition for fiscal 2018 compared to fiscal 2017, please refer to "Part II, Item 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Conditions and Results of Operations" in our fiscal 2018 Form 10-K, as amended, which was originally filed with the SEC on March 15, 2019.

#### Restructuring

In January 2020, the Company announced a restructuring plan to lower the annual operating expenses. The restructuring plan was approved by the Company's Board of Directors on January 24, 2020. The majority of the cost savings will come from personnel reductions, which were implemented across all parts of the Company and geographies. This restructuring plan will result in a reduction of workforce of about 33% of the Company's global workforce.

In conjunction with this restructuring plan, the Company estimates it will incur approximately \$500,000 to \$600,000 of restructuring expenses, which will result in total cash expenditures of approximately \$500,000, with the majority coming in the first quarter of fiscal 2020.

#### Liquidity and Capital Resources

We have financed our operating losses and capital investments through sales of common stock, capital and operating leases, a revolving line of credit and cash flows from operations. As of December 29, 2019, the Company's principal sources of liquidity consisted of cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash of \$21.5 million, including \$15.0 million drawn down from its revolving line of credit, or Revolving Facility, with Heritage Bank of Commerce, or Heritage Bank.

On September 28, 2018, we entered into a Loan and Security Agreement, or Loan Agreement, with Heritage Bank. The Loan Agreement provided for, among other things, the Revolving Facility, with aggregate commitments of \$9,000,000

On December 21, 2018, we entered into an Amended and Restated Loan and Security Agreement, or the Amended and Restated Loan Agreement, with Heritage Bank to replace in its entirety the Loan Agreement. The Amended and Restated Loan Agreement increased the Revolving Facility from \$9,000,000 to \$15,000,000. The Amended and Restated Loan Agreement requires the Company to maintaining at least \$3,000,000 in unrestricted cash at Heritage Bank.

On November 6, 2019 the Company entered into a First Amendment to the Amended and Restated Loan Agreement with Heritage Bank to extend the maturity date of the Revolving Facility for one year through September 28, 2021. Under this amendment, the Revolving Facility advances shall bear interest, on the outstanding daily balance thereof, at a rate per annum equal to the greater of (i) one half of one percentage point (0.50%) above the Prime Rate, or (ii) five and one half of one percentage points (5.50%).

On June 21, 2019, the Company closed its underwritten public offering of 1.3 million shares of common stock, \$0.001 par value per share at a price of \$7.00 per share, which included 171,429 of common stock shares issued pursuant to the underwriters' full exercise of their over-allotment option. The Company received net proceeds from the offering of approximately \$8.0 million, net of underwriter's commission and other offering expenses. See Note 11 to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the details

We expect to use the net proceeds from this public offering for working capital, to accelerate the development of next generation products and for general corporate purposes.

Over the longer term, we anticipate that the generation of sales from our new product offerings, existing cash and cash equivalents, together with financial resources from our Revolving Facility with Heritage Bank and our ability to raise additional capital in the public capital markets will be sufficient to satisfy our operations and capital expenditures. Our Revolving Facility will expire in September 2021 and we expect to renew the Revolving Facility or find an alternative lender prior to the expiration date. Further, any violations of debt covenants may restrict our access to any additional cash draws from the Revolving Facility, and may require our immediate repayment of the outstanding debt amounts. We believe that we will be able to either renew the Revolving Facility or obtain alternative financing on the acceptable terms. We cannot provide any assurance that we will be able to raise additional capital, if required, or that such capital will be available on terms acceptable to us. Our inability to generate sufficient sales from our new product offerings and/or raise additional capital if needed could have a material adverse effect on our operations and financial condition, including our ability to maintain compliance with our lender's financial covenants.

We were in compliance with all loan covenants under the Amended and Restated Loan Agreement, as amended as of the end of the current reporting period. As of December 29, 2019, we had \$15.0 million of outstanding revolving line of credit with an interest rate of 5.50%.

As of December 29, 2019, most of our cash and cash equivalents were invested in Heritage Bank Money Market account. As of December 29, 2019, our interest-bearing debt consisted of \$471,000 outstanding under finance leases. See Note 8 to the Consolidated Financial Statements for details.

Cash balances held at our foreign subsidiaries were approximately \$548,000 and \$656,000 at December 29, 2019 and December 30, 2018, respectively. Earnings from our foreign subsidiaries are currently deemed to be indefinitely reinvested. We do not expect such reinvestment to affect our liquidity and capital resources, and we continually evaluate our liquidity needs and ability to meet global cash requirements as a part of our overall capital deployment strategy. Factors which affect our liquidity, capital resources and global capital deployment strategy include anticipated cash flows, the ability to repatriate cash in a tax efficient manner, funding requirements for operations and investment activities, acquisitions and divestitures and capital market conditions.

In summary, our cash flows were as follows (in thousands):

	<u> </u>	Fiscal Year						
		2019	2018			2017		
Net cash (used in) operating activities	\$	(11,594)	\$	(12,638)	\$	(12,938)		
Net cash (used in) investing activities		(921)		(288)		(642)		
Net cash provided by financing activities		7,600		22,862		15,237		

#### Net Cash from Operating Activities

In 2019, net cash used in operating activities was \$11.6 million, which was primarily due to a net loss of \$15.4 million, adjusted for non-cash charges of \$4.3 million. Non-cash charges consisted primarily stock-based compensation expense of \$3.1 million and depreciation and amortization of long-lived assets and certain definite-lived intangible assets of \$1.2 million. In addition, changes in working capital accounts used cash of \$392,000 as a result of a decrease in accounts payable and accrued liabilities of \$1.5 million, partially offset by cash inflow from a decrease in inventory of \$483,000, a decrease in accounts receivable of \$218,000, a decrease in other assets of \$229,000 and an increase in deferred revenue of \$158,000.

In 2018, net cash used in operating activities was \$12.6 million, and resulted primarily from a net loss of \$13.8 million, adjusted for non-cash charges of \$3.6 million. These non-cash charges included write-downs of inventories in the amount of \$386,000 to reflect excess quantities, depreciation and amortization of our long-lived assets of \$1.3 million and stock-based compensation of \$1.9 million. In addition, changes in working capital accounts used cash of \$2.4 million as a result of an increase in accounts receivable of \$1.3 million, an increase in gross inventory of \$662,000, and an increase in other assets of \$879,000, partially offset by an increase in accrued liabilities of \$235,000 and an increase in trade payables of \$223,000.

In 2017, net cash used in operating activities was \$12.9 million, and resulted primarily from a net loss of \$14.1 million, adjusted for non-cash charges of \$3.1 million. These non-cash charges included write-downs of inventories in the amount of \$232,000 to reflect excess quantities, depreciation and amortization of our long-lived assets of \$1.4 million and stock-based compensation of \$1.4 million. In addition, changes in working capital accounts used cash of \$1.9 million as a result of an increase in accounts receivable of \$86,000, an increase in gross inventory of \$1.8 million, and a decrease of accounts payable of \$145,000, partially offset by an increase in accrued liabilities of \$72.000.

#### Net Cash from Investing Activities

Net cash used for investing activities in 2019 was \$921,000, which was primarily attributable to the leasehold improvements and computer equipment at the new office premises of \$576,000 and capitalization of internal use software of \$365,000.

Net cash used for investing activities in 2018 was \$288,000, primarily for capital expenditures to acquire manufacturing equipment and software, which was partially offset by proceeds from the sale of old equipment.

Net cash used for investing activities in 2017 was \$642,000, primarily for capital expenditures to acquire manufacturing equipment and software.

### Net Cash from Financing Activities

In 2019, net cash provided by financing activities was \$7.6 million, primarily attributable to the net proceeds from the issuance of 1.3 million shares of common stock in June 2019. These inflows were partially offset by scheduled repayments of finance lease obligations and tax payments related to net settlement of stock awards.

In 2018, net cash provided by financing activities was \$22.9 million, resulting from the additional borrowing of \$9.0 million under the line of credit, net cash proceeds of \$13.9 million from our common stock offering in May 2018 and proceeds of \$676,000 from the issuance of common shares to employees under our equity plans. These proceeds were partially offset by scheduled payments of finance lease obligations and tax payments related to net settlement of stock awards.

In 2017, net cash provided by financing activities was \$15.2 million, resulting from the proceeds of \$15.2 million from our stock offering in March 2017 and proceeds of \$352,000 from the issuance of common shares to employees under our equity plans, net of taxes paid related to net settlement of equity awards of \$198,000. These proceeds were partially offset by payments of \$344,000 under the terms of our capital software lease obligations.

We require substantial cash to fund our business. However, we believe that our existing cash and cash equivalents, together with available financial resources from the Revolving Facility will be sufficient to satisfy our operations and capital expenditures over the next twelve months. OurRevolving Facility will expire in September 2021, and we expect to renew this line of credit or find an alternative lender prior to the expiration date. Further, any violations of debt covenants may restrict our access to any additional cash draws from the revolving line of credit, and may require our immediate repayment of the outstanding debt amounts. After the next twelve months, our cash requirements will depend on many factors, including our level of revenue and gross profit, the market acceptance of our existing and new products, the levels at which we maintain inventories and accounts receivable, costs of securing access to adequate manufacturing capacity, new product development efforts, capital expenditures and the level of our operating expenses. In order to satisfy our longer term liquidity requirements, we may be required to raise additional equity or debt financing. There can be no assurance that financing will be available at commercially acceptable terms or at all.

#### **Contractual Obligations and Commercial Commitments**

The following table summarizes our non-cancelable contractual obligations and commercial commitments as of the end of 2019 and the effect such obligations and commitments are expected to have on our liquidity and cash flows in future fiscal periods (in thousands):

	Payments Due by Period								
	7	Γotal	Less than 1 year		1-3 Years		4-5 Years		More than 5 Years
Contractual cash obligations:						_			
Operating leases	\$	2,040	\$	611	\$	902	\$	527	S —
Finance software lease obligations		514		214		300		_	_
Wafer purchases (1)		57		57		_		_	_
Other purchase commitments		413		386		27		_	_
Total contractual cash obligations		3,024		1,268		1,229		527	
Other commercial commitments (2):									
Revolving line of credit		15,000		15,000		_		_	_
Total commercial commitments		15,000		15,000		_		_	_
Total contractual obligations and commercial commitments (3)	\$	18,024	\$	16,268	\$	1,229	\$	527	_

- (1) Certain of our wafer manufacturers require us to forecast wafer starts several months in advance. We are committed to take delivery of and pay for a portion of forecasted wafer volume.
- (2) Other commercial commitments are included as liabilities on our consolidated balance sheets as of the end of 2019.
- (3) Does not include unrecognized tax benefits of \$2.1 million as of the end of 2019. See Note 10 of the Consolidated Financial Statements.

#### Concentration of Suppliers

We depend on a limited number of contract manufacturers, subcontractors, and suppliers for wafer fabrication, assembly, programming and testing of our devices, and for the supply of programming equipment. These services are typically provided by one supplier for each of our devices. We generally purchase these single or limited source services through standard purchase orders. Because we rely on independent subcontractors to perform these services, we cannot directly control product delivery schedules, costs or quality levels. Our future success also depends on the financial viability of our independent subcontractors. These subcontract manufacturers produce products for other companies and we must place orders in advance of expected delivery. As a result, we have only a limited ability to react to fluctuations in demand for our products, which could cause us to have an excess or a shortage of inventories of a particular product, and our ability to respond to changes in demand is limited by these suppliers' ability to provide products with the quantity, quality, cost and timeliness that we require. The decision not to provide these services to us or the inability to supply these services to us, such as in the case of a natural or financial disaster, would have a significant impact on our business. Increased demand from other companies could result in these subcontract manufacturers allocating available capacity to customers that are larger or have long-term

supply contracts in place and we may be unable to obtain adequate foundry and other capacity at acceptable prices, or we may experience delays or interruption in supply. Additionally, volatility of economic, market, social and political conditions in countries where these suppliers operate may be unpredictable and could result in a reduction in product revenue or increase our cost of revenue and could adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations.

## **Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements**

We do not maintain any off-balance sheet partnerships, arrangements or other relationships with unconsolidated entities or others, often referred to as structured finance or special purpose entities, which are established for the purpose of facilitating off-balance sheet arrangements or other contractually narrow or limited purposes.

## **Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements**

See Note 2 to the Consolidated Financial Statements for a full description of recent accounting pronouncements, including the expected dates of adoption and estimated effects on financial condition and results of operations, which is incorporated herein by reference.

#### ITEM 7A. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

#### Interest Rate Risk

Our exposure to market rate risk for changes in interest rates relates primarily to our investment portfolio and variable rate debt. We do not use derivative financial instruments to manage our interest rate risk. We are averse to principal loss and ensure the safety and preservation of invested funds by limiting default, market risk and reinvestment risk. Our investment portfolio is generally comprised of investments that meet high credit quality standards and have active secondary and resale markets. Since these securities are subject to interest rate risk, they could decline in value if interest rates fluctuate or if the liquidity of the investment portfolio were to change. Due to the short duration and conservative nature of our investment portfolio, we do not anticipate any material loss with respect to our investment portfolio. A 10% change in interest rates during 2019 would have had an immaterial effect on our financial position, results of operations and cash flows.

#### Foreign Currency Exchange Rate Risk

All of our sales and cost of manufacturing are transacted in U.S. dollars. We conduct a portion of our research and development activities in India and have sales and marketing offices in several locations outside of the United States. We use the U.S. dollar as our functional currency. Most of the costs incurred at these international locations are in local currency. If these local currencies strengthen against the U.S. dollar, our payroll and other local expenses will be higher than we currently anticipate. Since our sales are transacted in U.S. dollars, this negative impact on expenses would not be offset by any positive effect on revenue. Operating expenses denominated in foreign currencies were approximately 19%, 27% and 25% of total operating expenses in 2019, 2018 and 2017, respectively. A majority of these foreign expenses were incurred in India, the United Kingdom, China, Taiwan and Korea. A currency exchange rate fluctuation of 10% would have caused our operating expenses to change by approximately \$413,000 in 2019, \$528,000 in 2018 and \$486,000 in 2017.

## ITEM 8. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY DATA

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#### Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

To the Stockholders and the Board of Directors of QuickLogic Corporation

#### Opinions on the Financial Statements and Internal Control over Financial Reporting

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Quicklogic Corporation (the "Company") as of December 29, 2019 and December 30, 2018, the related consolidated statements of operations, stockholders' equity, and cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 29, 2019, and the related notes and schedules (collectively referred to as the "consolidated financial statements"). We also have audited the Company's internal control over financial reporting as of December 29, 2019, based on criteria established in Internal Control - Integrated Framework (2013) issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission ("COSO").

In our opinion, the *consolidated* financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the *consolidated* financial position of the Company as of *December 29, 2019 and December 30, 2018*, and the *consolidated* results of its operations and its cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended *December 29, 2019*, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Also in our opinion, the Company maintained, in all material respects, effective internal control over financial reporting as of *December 29, 2019*, based on criteria established in *Internal Control - Integrated Framework (2013)* issued by COSO.

#### Change in Accounting Principle

As discussed in Note 2 to the consolidated financial statements, in 2019 the Company changed its method of accounting for leases due to the adoption of Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") Topic No. 842, and in 2018 the Company changed its method for revenue recognition due to the adoption of ASC Topic No. 606.

#### **Basis for Opinions**

The Company's management is responsible for these consolidated financial statements, for maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting, and for its assessment of the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting, included in the accompanying Management Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting included in Item 9A. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's consolidated financial statements and an opinion on the Company's internal control over financial reporting based on our audits. We are a public accounting firm registered with the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) ("PCAOB") and are required to be independent with respect to the Company in accordance with the U.S. federal securities laws and the applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the PCAOB.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the PCAOB. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free of material misstatement, whether due to error or fraud, and whether effective internal control over financial reporting was maintained in all material respects.

Our audits of the consolidated financial statements included performing procedures to assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to error or fraud, and performing procedures to respond to those risks. Such procedures included examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. Our audits also included evaluating the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements. Our audit of internal control over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal control over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. Our

audits also included performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinions.

#### Definition and Limitations of Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

A company's internal control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

/s/ Moss Adams LLP

San Francisco, California March 13, 2020

We have served as the Company's auditor since 2016.

## QUICKLOGIC CORPORATION CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (in thousands, except par value amount)

	De	cember 29, 2019	December 30, 2018		
ASSETS					
Current assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	21,448	\$	26,363	
Restricted cash		100		100	
Accounts receivable, net of allowances for doubtful accounts of \$0		1,991		2,209	
Inventories		3,260		3,836	
Other current assets		1,565		1,775	
Total current assets		28,364		34,283	
Property and equipment, net		830		1,449	
Capitalized internal-use software, net		333		_	
Right of use assets, net		2,370		_	
Intangible assets, net		1,008		_	
Goodwill		185		_	
Other assets		314		354	
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	33,404	\$	36,086	
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY					
Current liabilities:					
Revolving line of credit	\$	15,000	\$	15,000	
Trade payables		1,003		1,488	
Accrued liabilities		1,133		1,903	
Deferred revenue		158		_	
Lease liabilities-current		704		316	
Total current liabilities		17,998		18,707	
Long-term liabilities:					
Lease liabilities-non-current		1,583		108	
Other long-term liabilities				16	
Total liabilities		19,581		18.831	
Commitments (Note 12)					
Stockholders' equity:					
Preferred stock, \$0.001 par value; 10,000 shares authorized; no shares issued or outstanding					
Common stock, \$0.001 par value; 200,000 and 100,000 shares authorized;		_		_	
8,331 and 6,823 shares issued and outstanding as of December 29,				_	
2019 and December 30, 2018, respectively (1)		8		7	
Additional paid-in capital		297,073		285,062	
Accumulated deficit		(283,258)		(267,814)	
Total stockholders' equity		13,823		17,255	
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	\$	33,404	\$	36,086	

<sup>(1)</sup> Common stock, par value and addition paid-in capital amounts are adjusted to reflect 1-for-14 reverse stock split effected on December 23, 2019.

## QUICKLOGIC CORPORATION CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS (in thousands, except per share amounts)

Fiscal Years 2019 2018 2017 **Statements of Operations:** Revenue \$ 10,310 \$ 12,629 \$ 12,149 Cost of revenue 4,405 6,295 6,627 5,905 Gross profit 6,334 5,522 Operating expenses: Research and development 9,948 9,572 12,350 Selling, general and administrative 8,918 9,982 9,900 Loss from operations (15,363)(13,596)(13,950)Interest expense (350)(108)(115)Interest income and other expense, net 189 77 21 Loss before income taxes (15,524)(13,627)(14,044) (Benefit from) Provision for income taxes (80)152 87 (13,779) (14,131) Net loss (15,444) Net loss per share: (1) Basic and diluted (2.02)(2.16)(2.56)Weighted average shares: Basic and diluted 7,663 6,365 5,521

Note: Net loss equals to comprehensive loss for all years presented.

(1) Net loss per share and weighted average shares, basic and diluted are adjusted to reflect 1-for-14 reverse stock split effected on December 23, 2019

# QUICKLOGIC CORPORATION CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (in thousands)

	<u></u>						
		2019		2018		2017	
Cash flows from operating activities:							
Net loss	\$	(15,444)	\$	(13,779)	\$	(14,131)	
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used in operating activities:							
Depreciation and amortization		1,201		1,276		1,373	
Stock-based compensation		3,144		1,901		1,441	
Write-down of inventories		94		386		232	
Write-off of equipment		4		5		12	
Tax benefit from acquisition		(185)					
Gain on disposal of assets		_		(62)		_	
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:							
Accounts receivable		218		(1,284)		(86)	
Inventories		483		(662)		(1,774)	
Other assets		229		(879)		103	
Trade payables		(456)		223		(145)	
Accrued liabilities		(1,024)		235		72	
Deferred income		158		_			
Other long-term liabilities		(16)		2		(35)	
Net cash used in operating activities		(11,594)		(12,638)		(12,938)	
Cash flows from investing activities:							
Capital expenditures for property and equipment		(576)		(351)		(642)	
Capitalized internal-use software		(365)		_		_	
Cash received from business acquisition		20				_	
Proceeds from sale of assets				63			
Net cash used in investing activities		(921)		(288)		(642)	
Cash flows from financing activities:							
Payment of finance lease obligations		(365)		(407)		(344)	
Proceeds from line of credit		46,000		36,000		18,000	
Repayment of line of credit		(46,000)		(27,000)		(18,000)	
Proceeds from issuance of common stock		9,437		16,215		17,550	
Stock issuance costs		(1,181)		(1,638)		(1,771)	
Taxes paid related to net settlement of equity awards		(291)		(308)		(198)	
Net cash provided by financing activities		7,600		22,862		15,237	
Net (decrease) increase in cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash		(4,915)		9,936		1,657	
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash at the beginning of the period		26,463		16,527		14,870	
Cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash at the end of the period	\$	21,548	\$	26,463	\$	16,527	
Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information:		_		_			
Interest paid	\$	300	\$	89	\$	106	
Income taxes paid	\$	126	\$	171	\$	157	
Supplemental schedule of non-cash investing and financing activities:	<del></del>						
Fair value of common stock issued as consideration for business acquisition	\$	903		_		_	
Finance lease obligation to finance capital expenditures	<u></u>	471	\$	424	\$	654	
	Ψ	7/1	¢		Φ		
Purchase of equipment included in accounts payable		_	\$	5	\$	436	

## QUICKLOGIC CORPORATION CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY (in thousands)

		on Stock alue (1)	Additional Paid-In	Accumulated	Total Stockholders'	
	Shares	Amount	Capital	Deficit	Equity	
Balance at January 1, 2017	4,867	\$ 5	\$ 251,887	\$ (239,904)	\$ 11,988	
Common stock issued under stock plans and						
employee stock purchase plans	76	_	351	_	351	
Common stock offering, net of issuance costs	810	1	15,228	_	15,229	
Stock-based compensation	_	_	1,441	_	1,441	
Net loss	_	_	_	(14,131)	(14,131)	
Balance at December 31, 2017	5,753	6	268,907	(254,035)	14,878	
Common stock issued under stock plans and						
employee stock purchase plans	105	_	353	_	353	
Common stock offering, net of issuance costs	965	1	13,901	_	13,902	
Stock-based compensation	_	_	1,901	_	1,901	
Net loss	_	_	_	(13,779)	(13,779)	
Balance at December 30, 2018	6,823	7	285,062	(267,814)	17,255	
Common stock issued under stock plans and						
employee stock purchase plans	110	_	(37	· ) —	(37)	
Common stock offering, net of issuance costs	1,314	1	8,001	_	8,002	
Common stock issued for SensiML acquisition	84	_	903	_	903	
Stock-based compensation	_	_	3,144	<u> </u>	3,144	
Net loss	_	_	_	(15,444)	(15,444)	
Balance at December 29, 2019	8,331	\$ 8	\$ 297,073	\$ (283,258)	\$ 13,823	

<sup>1)</sup> Common stock, par value and additional paid-in capital amounts are adjusted to reflect 1-for-14 reverse stock split effected on December 23, 2019.

#### NOTE 1-THE COMPANY AND BASIS OF PRESENTATION

QuickLogic Corporation, ("QuickLogic", the "Company"), was founded in 1988 and reincorporated in Delaware in 1999. The Company enables Original Equipment Manufacturers or OEMs, to maximize battery life for highly differentiated, immersive user experiences with Smartphone, Wearable, Hearable, Tablet and Internet-of-Things or IoT devices. QuickLogic delivers these benefits through industry leading ultra-low power customer programmable System on Chip or SoC semiconductor solutions, embedded software, and algorithm solutions for always-on voice and sensor processing, and enhanced visual experiences. The Company is a fabless semiconductor provider of comprehensive, flexible sensor processing solutions, ultra-low power display bridges, and ultra-low power Field Programmable Gate Arrays, or FPGAs. The Company's wholly owned subsidiary, SensiML Corporation, or SensiML, provides Analytics Toolkit, which is used in many of the applications where the Company's ArcticPro<sup>TM</sup>, eFPGA intellectual property, or IP plays a critical role. SensiML Analytics toolkit is an end-to-end software suite that provides OEMs a straightforward process for developing pattern matching sensor algorithms using machine learning technology that are optimized for ultra-low power consumption.

QuickLogic's fiscal year ends on the Sunday closest to December 31. Fiscal years 2019, 2018 and 2017 ended on December 29, 2019, December 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively.

Liquidity

The Company has financed its operations and capital investments through sale of common stock, capital and operating leases, a revolving line of credit and cash flows from operations. As of December 29, 2019, the Company's principal sources of liquidity consisted of cash and cash equivalents of \$21.5 million including \$15.0 million drawn down from its line of credit, or Revolving Facility with Heritage Bank of Commerce, or Heritage Bank. The Company's prior line of credit facility with Silicon Valley Bank, which matured on September 24, 2018 was fully paid off in July 2018.

On September 28, 2018, the Company entered into a Loan and Security Agreement, or the Loan Agreement with Heritage Bank. The Loan Agreement provided for, among other things, a revolving line of credit facility (the "Revolving Facility") with aggregate commitments of \$9,000,000

On December 21, 2018, the Company entered into the Amended and Restated Loan Agreement with Heritage Bank to replace in its entirety the Loan Agreement. The Amended and Restated Loan Agreement increases the Revolving Facility from \$9,000,000 to \$15,000,000. The Amended and Restated Loan Agreement require the Company to maintain at least \$3,000,000 in unrestricted cash at Heritage Bank.

On November 6, 2019, the Company entered into a First Amendment to the Revolving Facility with Heritage Bank to extend the maturity date for one year through September 28, 2021. Under this amendment the Revolving Facility advances shall bear interest, on the outstanding daily balance thereof, at a rate per annum equal to the greater of (i) one half of one percentage point (0.50%) above the Prime Rate, or (ii) five and one half of one percentage points (5.50%). The Company was in compliance with all loan covenants as of the end of the current reporting period. As of December 29, 2019, the Company had \$15.0 million of outstanding revolving line of credit with an interest rate of 5.50%.

On June 21, 2019, the Company closed its underwritten public offering of 1.3 million shares of common stock, \$0.001 par value per share at a price of \$7.00 per share, which included 171,429 shares issued pursuant to the underwriters' full exercise of their over-allotment option. The Company received net proceeds of approximately \$8.0 million, after deducting underwriting commissions and other offering-related expenses. See Note 11 to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the details.

In May 2018, the Company issued an aggregate of 965,251 shares of common stock, \$0.001 par value and warrants to purchase up to an aggregate of 386,100 shares of common stock in an underwritten public offering. The common stock and warrants were issued in units (the "Units"), with each Unit consisting of (i) one share of common stock and (ii) a warrant to purchase 0.40 of a share of common stock, at a combined price of \$16.10 per Unit. The Company received total net proceeds from the offering of \$13.9 million, net of underwriting discounts and other offering expenses of \$1.6 million.

The common stock warrants are exercisable any time for a period of 60 months from the date of issuance on May 29, 2018, and are xercisable at a price of \$19.32 per share. The estimated grant date fair value of the common stock warrants was \$7.98 per warrant and was calculated based on the following assumptions used in the Black-Scholes model: expected term of 5 years, risk-free interest rate of 2.58%, expected volatility of 52.75% and expected dividend of zero.

The Company currently uses its cash to fund its working capital, to accelerate the development of next generation products and for general corporate purposes. Based on past performance and current expectations, the Company believes that its existing cash and cash equivalents, together with available financial resources from the Revolving Facility with Heritage Bank will be sufficient to fund its operations and capital expenditures and provide adequate working capital for the next twelve months. The Company's Revolving Facility with Heritage Bank will expire in September 2021 and the Company would need to renew this Revolving Facility or find an alternative lender prior to the expiration date. Further, any violations of debt covenants will restrict the Company's access to any additional cash draws from the Revolving Facility, and may require immediate repayment of the outstanding debt amounts. Management believes that it is probable that the Company will be able to either renew the Revolving Facility or obtain alternative financing on the acceptable terms.

Various factors affect the Company's liquidity, including, among others: the level of revenue and gross profit as a result of the cyclicality of the semiconductor industry; the conversion of design opportunities into revenue; market acceptance of existing and new products including solutions based on its ArcticLink® and PolarPro® platforms, eFPGA, EOS S3 SoC, Quick AI solution, and SensiML software; fluctuations in revenue as a result of product end-of-life; fluctuations in revenue as a result of the stage in the product life cycle of its customers' products; costs of securing access to and availability of adequate manufacturing capacity; levels of inventories; wafer purchase commitments; customer credit terms; the amount and timing of research and development expenditures; the timing of new product introductions; product quality; sales and marketing efforts; the value and liquidity of its investment portfolio; changes in operating assets and liabilities; the ability to obtain or renew debt financing and to remain in compliance with the terms of existing credit facilities; the ability to raise funds from the sale of equity in the Company; the ability to capitalize on synergies with our newly acquired subsidiary SensiML; the issuance and exercise of stock options and participation in the Company's employee stock purchase plan; and other factors related to the uncertainties of the industry and global economics.

Over the longer term, the Company anticipates that sales generated from its new product offerings, existing cash and cash equivalents, together with financial resources from its Revolving Facility with Heritage Bank, assuming renewal of the Revolving Facility or the Company entering into a new debt agreement with an alternative lender prior to the expiration of the revolving line of credit in September 2021, and its ability to raise additional capital in the public capital markets will be sufficient to satisfy its operations and capital expenditures. However, the Company cannot provide any assurance that it will be able to raise additional capital, if required, or that such capital will be available on terms acceptable to the Company. The inability of the Company to generate sufficient sales from its new product offerings and/or raise additional capital if needed could have a material adverse effect on the Company's operations and financial condition, including its ability to maintain compliance with its lender's financial covenants.

#### Principles of Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles, in the United States of America or US GAAP, and the applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission, or SEC, and include the accounts of QuickLogic and its wholly-owned subsidiaries. All intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated.

#### Foreign Currency

The functional currency of the Company's non-U.S. operations is the U.S. dollar. Accordingly, all monetary assets and liabilities of these foreign operations are translated into U.S. dollars at current period-end exchange rates and non-monetary assets and related elements of expense are translated using historical exchange rates. Income and expense elements are translated to U.S. dollars using the average exchange rates in effect during the period. Gains

and losses from the foreign currency transactions of these subsidiaries are recorded as interest income and other expense, net in the statements of operations.

#### Use of Estimates

The preparation of these consolidated financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the period. Actual results could differ from those estimates, particularly in relation to revenue recognition; the allowance for doubtful accounts; sales returns; valuation of long-lived assets including mask sets; valuation of goodwill; capitalized internal-use software and related amortizable lives and intangibles related to the acquisition of SensiML, including the estimated useful lives of acquired intangible assets, valuation of inventories including identification of excess quantities, market value and obsolescence; measurement of stock-based compensation awards; accounting for income taxes and estimating accrued liabilities.

Contracts with customers often include promises to transfer multiple products and services to a customer. Determining whether products and services are considered distinct performance obligations that should be accounted for separately versus together may require significant judgment.

Judgment is required to determine the Stand-alone Selling Price, or SSP, for each distinct performance obligation. The Company uses a range of amounts to estimate SSP when each of the products and services are sold separately and determines the discount to be allocated based on the relative SSP of the various products and services when products and services sold are bundled. In instances where SSP is not directly observable, such as when the Company does not sell the product or service separately, it determines the SSP using information that may include market conditions and other observable inputs. The Company typically has more than one SSP for individual products and services due to the stratification of those products and services by customers. In these instances, the Company may use information such as the size of the customer, customer tier, type of the technology used, customer demographics, geographic region and other factors in determining the SSP.

#### Concentration of Risk

The Company's accounts receivable are denominated in U.S. dollars and are derived primarily from sales to customers located in North America, Asia Pacific, and Europe. The Company performs ongoing credit evaluations of its customers and generally does not require collateral. See Note 14 for information regarding concentrations associated with accounts receivable and revenue.

#### Reverse Stock Split

On December 6, 2019, the Board of Directors of the Company approved a 1-for-14 reverse stock split of the Company's outstanding common stock, which became effective on December 23, 2019. The reverse stock split was previously approved by the Company's shareholders in a special meeting held on November 26, 2019. At the effective time of the reverse stock split, every 14 issued and outstanding shares of common stock of the Company were automatically combined into one issued and outstanding share of common stock without any change in the par value per share. Stockholders who would have otherwise been entitled to fractional shares of common stock as a result of the reverse stock split received a cash payment in lieu of receiving fractional shares. All share, equity awards, and per share amounts contained in this Form 10-K and the accompanying Consolidated Financial Statements have been adjusted to reflect the reverse stock split for all prior periods presented. Warrants issued in connection with the May 2018 stock issuance were also adjusted to reflect the reverse stock split for all periods presented.

#### NOTE 2-SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### Cash Equivalents

The Company considers all short-term, highly liquid investments with an original or a remaining maturity at purchase of ninety days or less to be cash equivalents. The Company's investment portfolio included in cash equivalents is generally comprised of investments that meet high credit quality standards. The Company's investment portfolio consists of money market accounts and funds. Restricted cash represents amounts pledged as cash security related to the use of credit cards.

#### Fair Value

The guidance for the fair value option for financial assets and financial liabilities provides companies the irrevocable option to measure many financial assets and liabilities at fair value with changes in fair value recognized in earnings or equity. The Company has not elected to measure any financial assets or liabilities at fair value that were not previously required to be measured at fair value.

#### Foreign Currency Transactions

All of the Company's sales and cost of manufacturing are transacted in U.S. dollars. The Company conducts a portion of its research and development activities in India and has sales and marketing activities in various countries outside of the United States. Most of these international expenses are incurred in local currency. Foreign currency transaction gains and losses, which are not significant, are included in interest income and other expense, net, as they occur. Operating expenses denominated in foreign currencies were approximately 19%, 27% and 25% of total operating expenses in 2019, 2018 and 2017 respectively. The Company incurred a majority of these foreign currency expenses in India, the United Kingdom, China, Taiwan and Korea in 2019, 2018 and 2017. The Company has not used derivative financial instruments to hedge its exposure to fluctuations in foreign currency and, therefore, is susceptible to fluctuations in foreign exchange gains or losses in its results of operations in future reporting periods.

#### Inventories

In accordance with the Financial Accounting Standards Board, or FASB Accounting Standards Update, or ASU No. 2015-11*Inventory (Topic 330): Simplifying the Measurement of Inventory*, which was adopted by the Company in the first quarter of 2017, inventories are stated at the lower of standard cost or net realizable value. Standard cost approximates actual cost on a first-in, first-out basis. The Company routinely evaluates quantities and values of its inventories in light of current market conditions and market trends and records reserves for quantities in excess of demand and product obsolescence. The evaluation, which inherently involves judgments as to assumptions about expected future demand and the impact of market conditions on these assumptions, takes into consideration historic usage, expected demand, anticipated sales price, the stage in the product life cycle of its customers' products, new product development schedules, the effect new products might have on the sale of existing products, product obsolescence, customer design activity, customer concentrations, product merchantability and other factors. Market conditions are subject to change. Actual consumption of inventories could differ from forecast demand, and this difference could have a material impact on the Company's gross margin and inventory balances based on additional provisions for excess or obsolete inventories or a benefit from inventories previously written down. The Company also regularly reviews the cost of inventories against estimated net realizable value and records a lower of cost or net realizable value reserve for inventories that have a cost in excess of estimated net realizable value (previously market value), which could have a material impact on the Company's gross margin and inventory balances based on additional write-downs to net realizable value or a benefit from inventories previously written down.

The Company's semiconductor products have historically had an unusually long product life cycle and obsolescence has not been a significant factor in the valuation of inventories. However, as the Company pursues opportunities in the mobile market and continues to develop new solutions and products, the Company believes its product life cycle will be shorter which could increase the potential for obsolescence. A significant decrease in demand could result in an increase in excess inventory on hand. Although the Company makes every effort to ensure

the accuracy of its forecasts of future product demand, any significant unanticipated changes in demand or frequent new product developments could have a significant impact on the value of its inventory and its results of operations.

#### Property and Equipment

Property and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and amortization. Depreciation is calculated on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of the assets, generally one to seven years. Amortization of leasehold improvements is computed on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the lease term or the estimated useful lives of the assets, generally one to seven years.

#### Capitalized Internal-Use Software

The Company capitalizes costs related to development of hosted services that the Company provides to its customers and internal use of enterprise-level business and finance software in support of the Company's operational needs. Costs incurred in the application development phase are capitalized and amortized on a straight-line basis over their useful lives, which are generally three to five years. Costs related to planning and other preliminary project activities and post-implementation activities are expensed as incurred. The Company tests these assets for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances occur that could impact their recoverability.

#### Long-Lived Assets

The Company reviews the recoverability of its long-lived assets, such as property and equipment, annually and when events or changes in circumstances occur that indicate that the carrying value of the asset or asset group may not be recoverable. The assessment of possible impairment is based on the Company's ability to recover the carrying value of the asset or asset group from the expected future pre-tax cash flows, undiscounted and without interest charges, of the related operations. If these cash flows are less than the carrying value of the asset or asset group, an impairment loss is recognized for the difference between the estimated fair value and the carrying value, and the carrying value of the related assets is reduced by this difference. The measurement of impairment requires management to estimate future cash flows and the fair value of long-lived assets. During 2019, 2018 and 2017 the Company wrote-off equipment with a net book value of \$4,000, \$5,000 and \$12,000, respectively.

#### Licensed Intellectual Property

The Company licenses intellectual property that is incorporated into its products. Costs incurred under license agreements prior to the establishment of technological feasibility are included in research and development expense as incurred. Costs incurred for intellectual property once technological feasibility has been established and that can be used in multiple products are capitalized as a long-term asset. Once a product incorporating licensed intellectual property has production sales, the amount is amortized over the estimated useful life of the asset, generally up to five years.

Revenue Recognition after adoption of Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") Topic No. 606

The Company adopted ASC Topic No. 606 and related ASUs, which provide supplementary guidance, and clarifications, effective January 1, 2018. The Company adopted using the modified retrospective approach. As a result, the Company is required to disclose the accounting policies in effect prior to January 1, 2018, as well as the policies it has applied starting January 1, 2018. The results for the reporting period beginning after January 1, 2018 are presented in accordance with the new standard, although comparative information for the prior year has not been restated and continues to be reported under the accounting standards and policies in effect for those periods. Adoption of the new standard did not have a significant impact on the current period revenues or on the prior year Consolidated Financial Statements. No transition adjustment was required to be recorded as of January 1, 2018. Under the new standard revenue is recognized as follows:

Revenue is recognized upon transfer of control of promised products or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration the Company expects to receive in exchange for those products or services.

The Company determines revenue recognition through the following steps:

- Identification of the contract, or contracts, with a customer;
- Identification of the performance obligations in the contract;
- Determination of the transaction price;
- Allocation of the transaction price to the performance obligations in the contract; and
- · Recognition of revenue when, or as, the Company satisfies a performance obligation.

As part of its assessment of each contract, the Company evaluates certain factors including the customer's ability to pay, or credit risk. For each contract, the Company considers the promise to transfer products, each of which is distinct, to be the identified performance obligations. In determining the transaction price, the price stated on the purchase order is typically fixed and represents the net consideration to which the Company expects to be entitled, and therefore there is no variable consideration. As the Company's standard payment terms are less than one year, the Company has elected, as a practical expedient, to not assess whether a contract has a significant financing component. The Company allocates the transaction price to each distinct product based on its relative standalone selling price. The product price as specified on the purchase order is considered the standalone selling price as it is an observable source that depicts the price as if sold to a similar customer in similar circumstances.

#### Product Revenue

The Company generates most of its revenue by supplying standard hardware products, which must be programmed before they can be used in an application. The Company's contracts with customers are generally for product only, and do not include other performance obligations such as services, extended warranties or other material rights.

The Company recognizes hardware product revenue at the point of time when control of products is transferred to the customers, when the Company's performance obligation is satisfied, which typically occurs upon shipment from the Company's manufacturing site or its headquarters.

Intellectual Property and Software License Revenue

The Company also generates revenue from licensing their intellectual property or IP, software tools and royalty from licensing its technology.

The Company recognizes IP and Software License revenue at the point of time when the control of IP or software license has been transferred.

Some of the IP and Software Licensing contracts with customers contain multiple performance obligations. For these contracts, the Company accounts for individual performance obligations separately if they are distinct. The transaction price is allocated to the separate performance obligations on a relative standalone selling price basis. We determine the standalone selling prices based on our overall pricing objectives, taking into consideration market conditions and other factors, including the value of our contracts, type of the customer, customer tier, type of the technology used, customer demographics, geographic locations, and other factors.

Software as a Service Revenue, or SaaS Revenue

Software products that are offered to customers with a right to use the hosted software over the contract period without taking the possession of it are billed on a subscription basis. Revenue that are billed on a subscription basis is recognized ratably over the contract period.

#### Maintenance Revenue

The Company recognizes revenue from maintenance ratably over the term of the underlying maintenance contract term. Renewals of maintenance contracts create new performance obligations that are satisfied over the term with the revenues recognized ratably over the term.

#### Royalty Revenue

The Company recognizes royalty revenue when the later of the following events occurs: (a) The subsequent sale or usage occurs. (b) The performance obligation to which some or all of the sales-based royalty has been allocated has been satisfied.

#### Deferred Revenue

Receivables are recognized in the period the Company ships the product. Payment terms on invoiced amounts are based on contractual terms with each customer. When the Company receives consideration, or such consideration is unconditionally due, prior to transferring goods or services to the customer under the terms of a sales contract, the Company records deferred revenue, which represents a contract liability. The Company recognizes deferred revenue as net sales once control of goods and/or services have been transferred to the customer and all revenue recognition criteria have been met and any constraints have been resolved. The Company defers the product costs until recognition of the related revenue occurs.

Assets Recognized from Costs to Obtain a Contract with a Customer

The Company recognizes an asset for the incremental costs of obtaining a contract with a customer, if it expects the benefit of those costs to be longer than one year. The Company has concluded that none of the costs it has incurred to obtain and fulfill its ASC 606 contracts meet the capitalization criteria, and as such, there are no costs deferred and recognized as assets on the consolidated balance sheet at December 29, 2019.

#### Practical expedients and exemptions

- (i) Taxes collected from customers and remitted to government authorities and that are related to the sales of the Company's products are excluded from revenues.
- (ii) Sales commissions are expensed when incurred because the amortization period would have been one year or less. These costs are recorded in Selling, general and administrative expense in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income.
- (iii) The Company does not disclose the value of unsatisfied performance obligations for (i) contracts with original expected lengths of one year or less or (ii) contracts for which the Company recognizes revenue at the amount to which it has the right to invoice for the services performed.

The Company records allowance for sales returns. Amounts recorded for sales returns for the year ended December 29, 2019 and December 30, 2018 were \$60,000 and \$156,000 respectively.

Revenue Recognition Prior to the Adoption of ASC Topic No. 606 on January 1, 2018

The Company supplies standard products which must be programmed before they can be used in an application. The Company's products may be programmed by us, distributors, end-customers or third parties.

The Company recognizes revenue as products are shipped if evidence of an arrangement exists, delivery has occurred, the sales price is fixed or determinable, collection of the resulting receivable is reasonably assured and product returns are reasonably estimable. Revenue is recognized upon shipment of programmed and unprogrammed parts to both OEM customers and distributors, provided that legal title and risk of ownership have transferred. Parts held by distributors may be returned for quality reasons only under its standard warranty policy. The Company records allowance for sales returns. Amounts recorded for sales returns were not material for the year ended December 31, 2017.

The Company accounts for its Intellectual Property or IP license revenues and related services in accordance with Financial Accounting Standard Board or FASB Accounting Standards Codification or ASC No. 985-605, Software Revenue Recognition. Revenues are recognized when persuasive evidence of an arrangement exists and no further obligation exists, delivery has occurred, the license fee is fixed or determinable, and collection is reasonably assured. A license may be perpetual or time limited in its application. The Company's IP license agreement contains multiple elements including post-contract customer support. For multiple element arrangements involving software and other software-related deliverables, vendor-specific objective evidence of fair value ("VSOE") must exist to allocate the total fee among all delivered and non-essential undelivered elements of the arrangement. If undelivered elements of the arrangement are essential to the functionality of the product, revenue is deferred until the essential elements are delivered. If VSOE does not exist for one or more non-essential undelivered elements, revenue is deferred until such evidence exists for the undelivered elements, or until all elements are delivered, whichever is earlier. VSOE of each element is based on historical evidence of stand-alone sales of these elements to third parties including substantive renewal rate as stated in the agreement. When VSOE does not exist for undelivered items, the entire arrangement fee is recognized ratably over the performance period.

#### Cost of Revenue

The Company records all costs associated with its product sales in cost of revenue. These costs include the cost of materials, contract manufacturing fees, shipping costs and quality assurance. Cost of revenue also includes indirect costs such as warranty, excess and obsolete inventory charges, general overhead costs and depreciation.

#### Accounts Receivable Allowance

The Company estimates the amount of uncollectible accounts receivable at the end of each reporting period based on the aging of the receivable balance, current and historical customer trends, and communications with its customers. Amounts are written off only after considerable collection efforts have been made and the amounts are determined to be uncollectible.

#### Warranty Costs

The Company warrants finished goods against defects in material and workmanship under normal use for twelve months from the date of shipment. The Company's liability is limited to the cost of repair or replacement of the defective part. The Company does not consider activities related to such warranties to be a separate performance obligation under ASC 606. The terms and conditions of sale generally do not allow for refunds or product returns other than for warranty repairs. The Company does not have significant product warranty related costs or liabilities.

#### Leases

The Company adopted ASU No. 2016-02, Leases (Topic 842) and related ASUs, which provide supplementary guidance and clarifications on December 31, 2018, utilizing the modified retrospective transition method. There was no cumulative-effect adjustment required upon adoption. Additionally, the Company elected the practical expedient approach and did not reassess whether any contracts that existed prior to adoption have or contain leases or the classification of our existing leases.

Under Topic 842, all significant lease arrangements are generally recognized at lease commencement. Operating lease right-of-use, or ROU, assets and lease liabilities are recognized at the commencement date. A ROU asset and corresponding lease liability is not recorded for leases with an initial term of 12 months or less (short term leases) and the Company recognizes lease expense for these leases as incurred over the lease term.

ROU assets represent the Company's right to use an underlying asset during the reasonably certain lease terms and lease liabilities represent the Company's obligation to make lease payments arising from the lease. The Company's lease terms may include options to extend or terminate the lease when it is reasonably certain that we will exercise that option. Operating lease ROU assets and liabilities are recognized at commencement date based on the present value of lease payments over the lease term. The Company primarily uses its incremental borrowing rate, based on the information available at commencement date, in determining the present value of lease payments. The

operating lease ROU asset also includes any lease payments related to initial direct cost and prepayments and excludes lease incentives. Lease expense is recognized on a straight-line basis over the lease term. The Company has lease agreements with lease and non-lease components, which are generally accounted for separately.

In accordance with ASU No. 2016-02, the Company recognized right-of-use assets of approximately \$975,000 and lease liabilities of approximately \$939,000 on the Company's Consolidated Balance Sheet as of March 31, 2019, with no material impact to its Consolidated Statements of Operations. As of December 29, 2019, the Company's right-of-use assets was approximately \$2.4 million and lease liability was approximately \$2.3 million as presented on the Company's Consolidated Balance Sheet. See Note 8 to the Consolidated Financial Statements for more details.

#### **Business Combinations**

The Company recognizes assets acquired (including goodwill and identifiable intangible assets) and liabilities assumed at fair value on the acquisition date. Subsequent changes to the fair value of such assets acquired and liabilities assumed are recognized in earnings, after the expiration of the measurement period, a period not to exceed 12 months from the acquisition-related expenses and acquisition-related restructuring costs are recognized in earnings in the period in which they are incurred.

## Goodwill and Intangible Assets

Goodwill represents the excess fair value of consideration transferred over the fair value of net assets acquired in business combinations. The carrying value of goodwill and indefinite lived intangible assets are not amortized but are annually tested for impairment and more often if there is an indicator of impairment. In the first quarter of 2019, the Company recognized Goodwill of \$282,000 due to tax benefits that arised from intangible assets acquired in the SensiML acquisition. Goodwill was trued-up to \$185,000 during the measurement period, which is 12 months from the date of acquisition and therefore the change was accounted for as acquisition accounting.

Intangible assets with finite useful lives are amortized on a straight-line basis over the periods benefited. The Company reviews the recoverability of its long-lived assets when events or changes in circumstances occur that indicate that the carrying value of the asset or asset group may not be recoverable. The assessment of possible impairment is based on the Company's ability to recover the carrying value of the asset or asset group from the expected future pre-tax cash flows (undiscounted and without interest charges) of the related operations. If these cash flows are less than the carrying value of such asset, an impairment loss is recognized for the difference between estimated fair value and carrying value. The measurement of impairment requires management to estimate future cash flows and the fair value of long-lived assets. No impairment has been recognized to-date.

#### Restricted cash

Restricted cash represents amounts pledged as cash security related to the Company's credit cards.

#### Advertising

Costs related to advertising and promotion expenditures are charged to "Selling, general and administrative" expense in the consolidated statements of operations as incurred. Costs related to advertising and promotion expenditures were \$146,000 in 2019, \$93,000 in 2018, and \$95,000 in 2017.

### Stock-Based Compensation

The Company accounts for stock-based compensation under the provisions of the amended authoritative guidance, and related interpretations which require the measurement and recognition of expense related to the fair value of stock-based compensation awards. The fair value of stock-based compensation awards is measured at the grant date and re-measured upon modification, as appropriate. The Company uses the Black-Scholes option pricing model to estimate the fair value of employee stock options and rights to purchase shares under the Company's 1999 Employee Stock Purchase Plan, or ESPP, consistent with the provisions of the amended authoritative guidance. The

fair value of restricted stock awards, or RSAs, and restricted stock units, or RSUs, is based on the closing price of the Company's common stockon the date of grant. Equity compensation awards which vest with service are expensed on a straight-line basis over the requisite service period. Service based performance awards are expensed on a straight-line basis over the vesting period. If performance conditions are other than service, an accelerated method of amortization is used, which treats each vesting tranche as a separate award over the expected life of the unit. The Company regularly reviews the assumptions used to compute the fair value of its stock-based awards and it will revise its assumptions as appropriate. In the event that assumptions used to compute the fair value of its stock-based awards are later determined to be inaccurate or if the Company changes its assumptions significantly in future periods, stock-based compensation expense and the results of operations could be materially impacted. See Note 13 to the Consolidated Financial Statements for further details.

#### Accounting for Income Taxes

The Company is required to estimate its income taxes in each of the jurisdictions in which the Company operates. This process involves estimating the Company's actual current tax exposure together with assessing temporary differences resulting from different tax and accounting treatment of items, such as deferred revenue, allowance for doubtful accounts, the impact of equity awards, depreciation and amortization and employee related accruals. These differences result in deferred tax assets and liabilities, which are included on the Company's balance sheets. The Company must then assess the likelihood that its deferred tax assets will be recovered from future taxable income and to the extent the Company believes that recovery is not likely, it must establish a valuation allowance.

Significant management judgment is required in determining the Company's provision for income taxes, the Company's deferred tax assets and liabilities and any valuation allowance recorded against the Company's net deferred tax assets. The Company's deferred tax assets, consisting primarily of net operating loss carryforwards, amounted to \$58 million tax effected as of the end of 2019. The Company has also recorded a valuation allowance of \$58 million, tax effected, as of the end of 2019 due to uncertainties related to the Company's ability to utilize its U.S. deferred tax assets before they expire. In making such determination, the Company considers all available positive and negative evidence, including future reversals of existing taxable temporary differences, ability to project future taxable income, and results of recent operations. If the Company determines that it would be able to realize its deferred tax assets in the future in excess of its net recorded amount, the Company would make an adjustment to the deferred tax assets valuation allowance, which would reduce its provision for income taxes.

The Company accounts for uncertainty in income taxes using a two-step approach for recognizing and measuring uncertain tax positions. The first step is to evaluate the tax position for recognition by determining if the weight of available evidence indicates that it is more likely than not that the position will be sustained on audit, including resolution of related appeals or litigation processes, if any. The second step is to measure the tax benefit as the largest amount that is more than 50% likely of being realized upon settlement. The Company classifies the liability for unrecognized tax benefits as current to the extent that it anticipates payment (or receipt) of cash within one year. Interest and penalties related to uncertain tax positions are recognized in the provision for income taxes. Accrued interest and penalties are included within the related tax liability line in the Consolidated Balance Sheet.

#### Concentrations of Credit and Suppliers

Financial instruments, which potentially subject the Company to concentrations of credit risk, consist principally of cash and cash equivalents and accounts receivable. Cash and cash equivalents are maintained with high quality institutions. The Company's accounts receivables are denominated in U.S. dollars and are derived primarily from sales to customers located in North America, Europe and Asia Pacific. The Company performs ongoing credit evaluations of its customers and generally does not require collateral. See Note 14 for information regarding concentrations associated with accounts receivable.

The Company depends on a limited number of contract manufacturers, subcontractors, and suppliers for wafer fabrication, assembly, programming and test of its devices, and for the supply of programming equipment, and these services are typically provided by one supplier for each of the Company's devices. The Company generally purchases these single or limited source services through standard purchase orders. Because the Company relies on independent subcontractors to perform these services, it cannot directly control its product delivery schedules, costs

or quality levels. The Company's future success also depends on the financial viability of its independent subcontractors.

Comprehensive Income (Loss)

Comprehensive income (loss) includes all temporary changes in equity (net assets) during a period from non-owner sources. The Company's comprehensive loss equaled to net loss for all periods presented.

Recently Adopted New Accounting Pronouncements:

In January 2017, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update ASU No. 2017-04, Simplifying the Test for Goodwill Impairment, which simplifies the subsequent measurement of goodwill. Goodwill impairment will equal the amount by which a reporting unit's carrying value exceeds its fair value, not to exceed the carrying amount of goodwill. Furthermore, the ASU eliminates the requirements for any reporting unit with a zero or negative carrying amount to perform a qualitative assessment and, if it fails that qualitative test, to perform step 2 of the goodwill impairment test. The guidance will be applied prospectively, and is effective for annual and interim goodwill impairment tests in fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019. Early adoption is permitted for any impairment tests performed on testing dates after January 1, 2017. The Company has elected to early adopt this guidance effective December 31, 2018 for the goodwill impairment test, which will be performed annually on December 1st. The adoption of this guidance did not have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

In February 2018, FASB issued ASU No. 2018-02, Income Statement - Reporting Comprehensive Income. The new standard provides companies with an option to reclassify stranded tax effects resulting from enactment of the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act, or TCJA, from accumulated other comprehensive income to retained earnings. The guidance will be effective for the Company beginning in the first quarter of 2019 with early adoption permitted, and would be applied either in the period of adoption or retrospectively to each period (or periods) in which the effect of the change in the tax rate as a result of TCJA is recognized. The Company adopted this ASU on December 31, 2018 with no material impact on its results of operations, financial position and cash flows.

In March 2018, FASB issued ASU No. 2018-05, *Income Taxes (Topic 740)*. The new standard allows to insert the SEC's interpretive guidance from Staff Accounting Bulletin, or SAB, No.118, into the income tax accounting codification under U.S. GAAP. The ASU permits companies to use provisional amounts for certain income tax effects of the Tax Act during a one-year measurement period. The provisional accounting impacts for the Company may change in future reporting periods until the accounting analysis is finalized, which will occur no later than the first quarter of fiscal 2019. The Company completed its SAB No.118 analysis with no material impact to the consolidated financial statements.

In June 2018, the FASB issued ASU No. 2018-07, *Improvements to Nonemployee Share-Based Payment Accounting*. Currently, share-based payments to nonemployees are accounted for under Subtopic 505-50, which significantly differs from the guidance for share-based payments to employees under Topic 718. This ASU supersedes Subtopic 505-50 by expanding the scope of Topic 718 to include nonemployee awards and generally aligning the accounting for nonemployee awards with the accounting for employee awards. The effective date for public companies is for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2018, and interim periods within those fiscal years. For all other entities, the effective date is fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019. The Company adopted this ASU on December 31, 2018 with no material impact on its results of operations, financial position and cash flows.

New Accounting Pronouncements Not Yet Adopted:

In August 2018, the FASB issued ASU No. 2018-13, Fair Value Measurement (Topic 820): Disclosure Framework - Changes to the Disclosure Requirements for Fair Value Measurement. This new standard modifies certain disclosure requirements on fair value measurements. This new standard will be effective for public companies on January 1, 2020. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of the pending adoption of the new standard on the consolidated financial statements.

In August 2018, the FASB issued ASU No. 2018-15, Intangibles - Goodwill and Other - Internal-Use Software (Subtopic 350-40): Customer's Accounting for Implementations Costs Incurred in a Cloud Computing Arrangement That is a Service Contract. Under the new standard, implementations costs related to a cloud computing arrangement will be deferred or expensed as incurred, in accordance with the existing internal-use software guidance for similar costs. The new standard also prescribes the balance sheet, income statement and cash flow classification of the capitalized implementation costs and related amortizations expenses. The effective date for public companies is for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019, and interim periods within those fiscal years. The amendments may be applied either retrospectively or prospectively to all implementation costs incurred after the date of adoption. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of the pending adoption of the new standard on the consolidated financial statements.

#### NOTE 3-NET LOSS PER SHARE

Basic net loss per share is computed by dividing net loss available to common stockholders by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period. Diluted net loss per share was computed using the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period plus potentially dilutive common shares outstanding during the period under the treasury stock method. In computing diluted net loss per share, the weighted average stock price for the period is used in determining the number of shares assumed to be purchased from the exercise of stock options and warrants.

For 2019, 2018 and 2017, 563,000 shares, 435,000 shares, and 476,000 shares, respectively, associated with equity awards outstanding and the estimated number of shares to be purchased under the current offering period of the 2009 Employee Stock Purchase Plan were not included in the calculation of diluted net loss per share, as they were considered antidilutive due to the net loss the Company experienced during those years. Warrants to purchase up to 386,000 shares were issued in connection with May 29, 2018 stock offering were also not included in the diluted loss per share calculation for the year ended December 29, 2019 and December 30, 2018 as they were also considered anti-dilutive due to the net loss the Company experienced during these periods.

On December 6, 2019, the Board of Directors of the Company approved a 1-for-14 reverse stock split of the Company's outstanding common stock, which became effective on December 23, 2019. The reverse stock split was previously approved by the Company's shareholders in a special meeting held on November 26, 2019. Accordingly, all share, equity award, and per share amounts have been adjusted to reflect the reverse stock split for all periods presented.

#### NOTE 4-BALANCE SHEET COMPONENTS

		December 29, 2019		December 30, 2018
		(in thousands)		
Inventories:				
Raw material	\$	222	\$	191
Work-in-process		2,370		2,929
Finished goods		668		716
	\$	3,260	\$	3,836
Other current assets:				
Prepaid expenses	\$	1,296	\$	1,483
Other		269		292
	\$	1,565	\$	1,775
Property and equipment:				
Equipment	\$	10,694	\$	10,607
Software		1,789		2,788
Furniture and fixtures		36		42
Leasehold improvements		474		712
		12,993		14,149
Accumulated depreciation and amortization		(12,163)		(12,700)
	\$	830	\$	1,449
Capitalized internal-use software:				
Capitalized during the year	\$	365		_
Accumulated amortization		(32)		_
	\$	333		_
Accrued liabilities:	<del></del>			
Employee compensation related accruals		713		1,154
Other		420		749
	\$	1,133	\$	1,903

The Company recorded depreciation and amortization expense of \$1.2 million, \$1.3 million and \$1.4 million for the fiscal years 2019, 2018 and 2017, respectively. No interest was capitalized for any period presented. Fiscal year 2019 depreciation and amortization of \$1.2 million includes \$32,000 of amortization of capitalized internal-use software.

## NOTE 5-BUSINESS ACQUISITION

SensiML Acquisition

On January 3, 2019, the Company entered into a stock purchase agreement, or the Stock Purchase Agreement, with SensiML for the purchase of all of its issued and outstanding common stock in exchange for the Company's common stock, or the SensiML Acquisition.

SensiML has a software toolkit enabling IoT developers to quickly and easily create smart devices, transforming rich sensors into actionable event detectors.

SensiML's Analytics Toolkit is an end-to-end software suite that provides OEMs a straightforward process for developing pattern matching sensor algorithms using machine learning technology that are optimized for ultra-low power consumption. The SensiML Analytics Toolkit enables OEMs to quickly and easily leverage the power of local AI in edge, endpoint and wearable designs without the need for significant Data Science or Firmware Engineering resources.

The results of operations for the Company for the fiscal year ended December 29, 2019 include operating activity for SensiML since its acquisition date of January 3, 2019. For the fiscal year ended December 29, 2019, revenues attributable to SensiML included in the condensed consolidated statement of operations were \$126,000. For the year ended December 29, 2019, charges of \$148,000 were attributable to the amortization of purchased

intangible assets, were included in the statements of operations for respective periods. Deal costs associated with the acquisition were \$104,000 for the fiscal year ended December 29, 2019. Deal costs were included in general and administrative expenses in the Company's consolidated results of operations.

#### Purchase Price Allocation

Under the purchase accounting method, the total purchase price was allocated to SensiML's net tangible and intangible assets based upon their estimated fair values as of the acquisition date. The excess purchase price over the value of the net tangible and identified intangible assets was recorded as goodwill. During the measurement period, which can be no more than one year from the date of acquisition, the Company obtained information to determine the final fair value of the net assets acquired at the acquisition date. Assets acquired and liabilities assumed are recorded based on valuations derived from estimated fair value assessments and assumptions used by the Company. The Company finalized the valuation with no change of acquired assets and liabilities as of December 29, 2019. In the first quarter of 2019, the Company recognized a Goodwill of \$282,000 due to recording a deferred tax liability that arose from intangible assets acquired in the SensiML acquisition. Goodwill was trued-up at \$185,000 during the measurement period, which is 12 months from the date of acquisition and therefore the change was accounted for in acquisition accounting.

Intangible assets associated with the acquisition is primarily attributable to the future technology, market presence and knowledgeable and experienced workforce. The fair value assigned to identifiable intangible assets acquired was determined using the income approach taking into account the Company's consideration of a number of inputs, including an independent third-party analysis that was based upon estimates and assumptions provided by the Company. These estimates and assumptions were determined through established and generally a ccepted valuation techniques. The estimated fair value of the tangible and intangible assets acquired was allocated at SensiML's acquisition date. Goodwill is not amortized for financial accounting purposes and is not expected to be deductible for income tax purposes.

The Stock Purchase Agreement contains customary representations and warranties between the Company and SensiML, who agreed to indemnify each other for certain breaches of representations, warranties, covenants and other specified matters. Approximately \$200,000 in value of the Company's common stock of the purchase price was placed in escrow as security for post-closing working capital adjustments, which expired on January 2, 2020.

## NOTE 6-INTANGIBLE ASSETS

The following table provides the details of the carrying value of intangible assets recorded from the acquisition of SensiML during the year ended December 29, 2019 (in thousands):

	December 29, 2019		
	Gross Carrying	Accumulated	_
	Amount	Amortization	Net Carrying Amount
Developed technology	\$ 959	\$ (96)	\$ 863
Customer relationships	81	(40)	41
Trade names and trade marks	116	(12)	104
Total acquired identifiable intangible assets	\$ 1,156	<u>\$ (148)</u>	\$ 1,008

The following table provides the details of future annual amortization of intangible assets, based upon the current useful lives as of December 29, 2019 (in thousands):

	Amount
Annual Fiscal Years	
2020	149
2021	107
2022	107
2023	107
2024	107
Thereafter	431
Total	\$ 1,008

#### NOTE 7-OBLIGATIONS

#### Revolving Line of Credit

On September 28, 2018, the Company entered into a Loan and Security Agreement, or the Loan Agreement with Heritage Bank. The Loan Agreement provided for, among other things, the Revolving Facility with aggregate commitments of \$9,000,000.

On December 21, 2018, the Company entered into an Amended and Restated Loan and Security Agreement, or the Amended and Restated Loan Agreement with Heritage Bank to replace in its entirety the Loan Agreement. The Amended and Restated Loan Agreement increased the Revolving Facility from \$9,000,000 to \$15,000,000. The Amended and Restated Loan Agreement requires the Company to maintain at least \$3,000,000 in unrestricted cash at Heritage Bank. The Company was in compliance with all loan covenants under the Amended and Restated Loan Agreement as of the end of the current reporting period.

On November 6, 2019 the Company entered into a First Amendment to the Amended and Restated Loan Agreement to extend the maturity date of the Revolving Facility for one year through September 28, 2021. Under this amendment, the Revolving Facility advances shall bear interest, on the outstanding daily balance thereof, at a rate per annum equal to the greater of (i) one half of one percentage point (0.50%) above the Prime Rate, or (ii) five and one half of one percentage points (5.50%).

As of December 29, 2019 and December 30, 2018, the Company had \$15.0 million of revolving debt outstanding with an interest rates of 5.50% and 6.0% per annum, respectively. On January 2, 2020 and January 6, 2020, the Company repaid \$10.0 million and \$2.0 million respectively, of its outstanding debt under the Revolving Facility with Heritage Bank.

The Bank has a first priority security interest in substantially all of the Company's tangible and intangible assets to secure any outstanding amounts under the Loan Agreement.

## NOTE 8-LEASES

The Company entered into operating leases for office space for its headquarters, domestic and foreign subsidiaries and sales offices. Finance leases are primarily for engineering design software. Operating leases generally have lease terms of 1 year to 5 years. Finance leases are generally 2 years to 3 years. During the fiscal year ended December 29, 2019, the Company recognized right-of-use assets of approximately \$2.4 million and lease liability of approximately \$2.3 million relating to the operating leases signed for the premises of its headquarters in San Jose, its San Diego office and its subsidiary SensiML in Oregon. The Company exited Sunnyvale premises lease in July 2019.

During 2018, the Company leased its primary facility under a non-cancelable operating lease that expires in March 2020. In October 2018, the Company submitted a nine months termination notice to the landlord to end the lease in July 2019. On February 13, 2019, the Company entered into an agreement to lease approximately 24,164 square feet of premises located at 2220 Lundy Avenue, San Jose, CA 95131 for a period of five years, effective April 15, 2019 to relocate its headquarters.

In October 2018, the Company leased a facility for research and development in San Diego, California, the lease of which expires in July 2020.

In April 2019, the Company leased a facility for its SensiML subsidiary in Beaverton, Oregon, the lease of which expires in March 2021.

In addition, the Company rents development facilities in India as well as sales offices in Europe and Asia. Total rent expense during 2019, 2018 and 2017 was approximately \$798,000, \$881,000 and \$866,000 respectively.

The following table provides the activity related to operating and finance leases (in thousands

		ear Ended er 29, 2019
Operating lease costs:	·	_
Fixed	\$	757
Variable		-
Short term		40
Total	<u> </u>	797
Finance lease costs:		
Amortization of ROU asset		388
Interest		18
Total	\$	406

The following table provides the details of supplemental cash flow information (in thousands):

	 Fiscal Year Ended December 29, 2019	
Cash paid for amounts included in the measurement of lease liabilities:		
Operating cash flows used for operating leases	\$ 791	
Operating cash flows used for finance leases	24	
Financing cash flows used for financing leases	365	
Total	\$ 1,180	
Right-of-use assets obtained in exchange for obligations:	 	
Operating leases	\$ 2,200	
Finance leases	170	
Total	\$ 2,370	

The following table provides the details of right-of-use assets and lease liabilities as of December 29, 2019 (in thousands):

	Decem	December 29, 2019	
Right-of-use assets:			
Operating leases	\$	2,200	
Finance leases		170	
Total	\$	2,370	
Lease liabilities:			
Operating leases		1,816	
Finance leases		1,816 471	
Total	\$	2,287	

The following table provides the details of future lease payments for operating and finance leases as of December 29, 2019 (in thousands):

Annual Fiscal Years	(	Operating	]	Finance
2020	\$	611	\$	214
2021		493		150
2022		409		150
2023		421		_
2024		106		_
Total lease payments		2,040		514
Less: Interest		(224)		(43)
Present value of lease liabilities	\$	1,816	\$	471

The following table provides the details of lease terms and discount rates as of December 29, 2019:

	December 29, 2019
Right-of-use assets:	<u> </u>
Weighted-average remaining lease term (years)	
Operating leases	3.81
Finance leases	2.65
Weighted-average discount rates:	
Operating leases	6.00 %
Finance leases	5.81 %

December 20, 2010

#### NOTE 9-FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

Pursuant to the accounting guidance for fair value measurements and its subsequent updates, fair value is defined as the price that would be received from selling an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. When determining the fair value measurements for assets and liabilities required or permitted to be recorded at fair value, the Company considers the principal or most advantageous market and it considers assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability.

The accounting guidance for fair value measurement also specifies a hierarchy of valuation techniques based upon whether the inputs to those valuation techniques reflect assumptions other market participants would use based upon market data obtained from independent sources (observable inputs) or reflect the company's own assumption of market participant valuation (unobservable inputs). The fair value hierarchy consists of the following three levels:

- Level 1 Inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2 Inputs are quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in an active market, quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active, inputs other than quoted prices that are observable and market-corroborated inputs which are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data.
- Level 3 Inputs are derived from valuation techniques in which one or more significant inputs or value drivers are unobservable.

Our cash and cash equivalents include money market account balance of \$20.9 million and money market funds of \$262,000 as of December 29, 2019 and December 30, 2018, respectively. Investment in money market funds was classified within level 1 of the fair value hierarchy because they were valued using quoted market prices for identical assets. Fair value of the money market account balance with Heritage Bank equals to book value.

# NOTE 10-INCOME TAXES

The following table presents the U.S. and foreign components of consolidated income (loss) before income taxes and the provision for (benefit from) income taxes (in thousands):

		Fiscal Years					
		2019	2018			2017	
Income (loss) before income taxes:							
U.S.	\$	(15,813)	\$	(13,982)	\$	(14,253)	
Foreign		289		355		209	
Loss before income taxes	\$	(15,524)	\$	(13,627)	\$	(14,044)	
Provision for (benefit from) income taxes:	_						
Current:							
Federal	\$	_	\$	(19)	\$	_	
State		3		2		2	
Foreign		108		169		85	
Subtotal		111		152		87	
Deferred:	_						
Federal		(141)		_		_	
State		(44)		_		_	
Foreign		(6)		_		_	
Subtotal		(191)				_	
Provision for income taxes	\$	(80)	\$	152	\$	87	

The following table presents the rate reconciliation between income tax provisions at the U.S. federal statutory rate and the effective rate reflected in the consolidated statements of operations:

	Fiscal Years							
	 2019		2018		2017			
Income tax (benefit) at statutory rate	\$ (3,260)	\$	(2,862)	\$	(4,775)			
State taxes	(42)		2		2			
Stock compensation and other permanent differences	187		252		75			
Foreign taxes	42		95		(30)			
Future benefit of deferred tax assets not recognized	3,133		2,684		4,815			
Other	(140)		(19)		_			
Provision for income taxes	\$ (80)	\$	152	\$	87			

Based on the available objective evidence, management believes it is more likely than not that the U.S. net deferred tax assets will not be fully realizable. Accordingly, the Company has provided a full valuation allowance against its U.S. federal and state deferred tax assets at December 29, 2019. Any future release of the valuation allowance may be recorded as a tax benefit increasing net income. The Company believes it is more likely than not it will be able to realize its foreign deferred tax assets. Deferred tax balances are comprised of the following (in thousands):

	December 29, 2019	December 30, 2018		
Deferred tax assets:	 			
Net operating losses	\$ 40,717	\$	37,527	
Capital losses	_		_	
Accruals and reserves	1,345		1,370	
Credits carryforward	5,765		5,836	
Depreciation and amortization	9,760		9,887	
Stock-based compensation	637		347	
Gross deferred tax assets	58,224		54,967	
Deferred tax liabilities:				
Net lease asset/ (liability)	(23)		_	
Gross deferred tax liabilities	(23)		_	
Net deferred tax assets/ (liabilities)	58,201		54,967	
Valuation allowance	 (58,140)		(54,913)	
Total deferred tax asset/ (liability)	\$ 61	\$	54	

As of December 29, 2019, the Company had net operating loss carryforwards of approximately \$168.7 million for federal and \$75.4 million for state income tax purposes If not utilized, the federal net operating loss for years beginning before January 1, 2018 of \$141.6 million will expire beginning in 2020 through 2038, and federal net operating losses beginning after January 1, 2018 of \$27.1 million will be carried forward indefinitely (subject to certain limitations). If not utilized, the state net operating losses will expire beginning in 2020 through 2038.

The Company has research credit carryforwards of approximately \$4.0 million for federal and \$4.4 million for state income tax purposes as of December 29, 2019. If not utilized, the federal carryforwards will expire in various amounts beginning in 2020. The California credit can be carried forward indefinitely.

The Tax Cuts and Jobs Act (the "TCJA") was enacted on December 22, 2017. The Act reduces the US federal corporate tax rate from 35% to 21%, requires companies to pay a one-time transition tax on earnings of certain foreign subsidiaries that were previously tax deferred and creates new taxes on certain foreign sourced earnings. In December 2017, the SEC issued Staff Accounting Bulletin No. 118 ("SAB 118"), which provides guidance on accounting for the income tax effects of the TCJA. SAB 118 provides a measurement period that should not extend beyond one year from the TCJA enactment date for companies to complete the accounting relating to the TCJA under Accounting Standards Codification Topic 740, "Income Taxes" ("ASC 740"). In accordance with SAB 118, the TCJA-related income tax effects that we initially reported as provisional estimates were refined as additional analysis was performed. There was no material impact to the balance sheet and income statement recorded when the analysis was completed in the 2018 fourth quarter. The TCJA also includes a provision to tax global intangible low-taxed income ("GILTI") of foreign subsidiaries. In accordance with U.S. GAAP, the Company has made an accounting policy election to treat taxes due under the GILTI provision as a current period expense.

Events which may restrict utilization of a company's net operating loss and credit carryforwards include, but are not limited to, certain ownership change limitations as defined in Internal Revenue Code Section 382 and similar state provisions. In the event the Company has had a change of ownership, utilization of carryforwards could be restricted to an annual limitation. The annual limitation may result in the expiration of net operating loss carryforwards and credit carryforwards before utilization.

The Company has not undertaken a study to determine if its net operating losses are limited. In the event the Company previously experienced an ownership change, or should experience an ownership change in the future, the amount of net operating losses and research and development credit carryovers available in any taxable year could be limited and may expire unutilized.

Foreign withholding taxes associated with the repatriation of earnings of foreign subsidiaries were not provided for on the undistributed earnings of certain foreign subsidiaries as of the end of fiscal 2019. The Company intends to reinvest these earnings indefinitely in the Company's foreign subsidiaries. The Company believes that future domestic cash generation will be sufficient to meet future domestic cash needs. The Company has not recorded a deferred tax liability on the undistributed earnings of non-U.S. subsidiaries. The foreign withholding taxes would not have a material impact on the Company's financial position and results of operation.

#### Uncertain Tax Positions

A reconciliation of the beginning and ending amount of unrecognized tax benefits is as follows (in thousands):

	December 29, 2019			ember 30, 2018	D	ecember 31, 2017
Beginning balance of unrecognized tax benefits	\$	2,161	\$	2,107	\$	2,014
Additions for tax positions related to the prior year		(46)		(2)		16
Additions for tax positions related to the current year		88		125		77
Lapse of statutes of limitations		(86)		(69)		_
Ending balance of unrecognized tax benefits	\$	2,117	\$	2,161	\$	2,107

Out of \$2.1 million of unrecognized tax benefits, there are no unrecognized tax benefits that would result in a change in the Company's effective tax rate if recognized in future years. The accrued interest and penalties related to uncertain tax positions was not significant for December 29, 2019, December 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017.

The Company is not currently under tax examination and the Company's historical net operating loss and credit carryforwards may be adjusted bythe Internal Revenue Service, and other tax authorities until the statute closes on the year in which such tax attributes are utilized. The Company estimates that its unrecognized tax benefits will not change significantly within the next twelve months.

The Company is subject to U.S. federal income tax as well as income taxes in many U.S. states and foreign jurisdictions in which the Company operates. The U.S. tax years from 1999 forward remain effectively open to examination due to the carryover of unused net operating losses and tax credits.

# NOTE 11-STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

Common and Preferred Stock

As of December 29, 2019, the Company is authorized to issue 200 million shares of common stock and has 10 million shares of authorized but unissued undesignated preferred stock. Without any further vote or action by the Company's stockholders, the Board of Directors has the authority to determine the powers, preferences, rights, qualifications, limitations or restrictions granted to or imposed upon any wholly unissued shares of undesignated preferred stock.

Reverse Stock Split

On December 6, 2019, the Board of Directors of the Company approved a 1-for-14 reverse stock split of the Company's outstanding common stock, which became effective on December 23, 2019. The reverse stock split was previously approved by the Company's shareholders in a special meeting held on November 26, 2019. At the effective time of the reverse stock split, every 14 issued and outstanding shares of common stock of the Company were automatically combined into one issued and outstanding share of common stock without any change in the par value per share. Stockholders who would have otherwise been entitled to fractional shares of common stock as a result of the reverse stock split received a cash payment in lieu of receiving fractional shares. All share, equity awards, and per share amounts contained in this Form 10-K and the accompanying Consolidated Financial Statements have been adjusted to reflect the reverse stock split for all prior periods presented. Warrants issued in connection with the May 2018 stock issuance were also adjusted to reflect the reverse stock split for all the periods presented.

Issuance of Common Stock

On June 21, 2019, the Company closed an underwritten public offering of 1.3 million shares of common stock, \$0.001 par value per share at a price of \$7.00 per share, which included 171,429 shares issued pursuant to the underwriters' full exercise of their over-allotment option. The Company received net proceeds from the offering of approximately \$8.0 million, net of underwriter's commission and other offering expenses paid as of the third quarter of 2019.

On March 15, 2019, the Company filed a shelf registration statement on Form S-3, under which the Company may, from time to time, sell securities in one or more offerings up to a total amount of \$75 million. The Company's shelf registration statement was declared effective on March 29, 2019.

In May 2018, the Company issued an aggregate of 965,251 shares of common stock, \$0.001 par value and warrants to purchase up to an aggregate of 386,100 shares of common stock in an underwritten public offering. The common stock and warrants were issued in units, with each unit consisting of (i) one share of common stock and (ii) a warrant to purchase 0.40 of a share of common stock, at a price of \$16.10 per Unit. The Company received total net proceeds from the offering of \$13.9 million.

The warrants are exercisable any time for a period of 60 months from the date of issuance on May 29, 2018, and are exercisable at an exercisable price of \$19.32 per share. The estimated grant date fair value was \$7.98 per warrant and was calculated based on the following assumptions used in the Black-Scholes model: expected term of 5 years, risk-free interest rate of 2.58%, expected volatility of 52.75% and expected dividend of zero.

#### NOTE 12-EMPLOYEE STOCK PLANS

2009 Stock Plan

The 2009 Stock Plan, or 2009 Plan, was amended and restated by the Board of Directors in January 2015, in February 2017, and in March 15, 2018 and approved by the Company's stockholders on April 23, 2015, on April 26, 2017 and on April 25, 2018 to, among other things, reserve an additional 178,571, 107,143 and 285,714 shares of common stock, respectively, for issuance under the 2009 Plan. On April 24, 2019, 2009 Plan was replaced by 2019 Stock Plan with an extended term of ten years through March 15, 2028. The remaining balance of available shares under the 2009 Plan of 299,070 were cancelled as of April 24, 2019.

2019 Stock Plan

On April 24, 2019, the Company's Board of Directors and shareholders approved the 2019 Stock Plan, or 2019 Plan, to replace the 2009 stock Plan, or the 2009 Plan. Under the 2019 Plan, 357,143 shares of common stock are available for grants, plus any shares subject to any outstanding options or other awards granted under the Company's 2009 Plan that expire, are forfeited, cancelled, returned to the Company for failure to satisfy vesting requirements, settled for cash or otherwise terminated without payment being made thereunder. As of December 29, 2019, approximately 271,507 shares of the Company's common stock were reserved for issuance under the 2019 Plan.

Options typically vest at a rate of 25% one year after the vesting commencement date, and one forty-eighth for each month of service thereafter. RSUs typically vest at a rate of 25% one year after the vesting commencement date, and one eighth every six months thereafter. The Company may implement different vesting schedules in the future with respect to any new equity awards.

Employee Stock Purchase Plan

The 2009 Employee Stock Purchase Plan, or 2009 ESPP, was adopted in March 2009. The 2009 ESPP was amended by the Board of Directors in January 2015 and in February 2017, and was approved by the Company's stockholders on April 23, 2015 and April 26, 2017, to reserve an additional 71,429 and 107,143 shares of common stock, respectively, for issuance under the 2009 ESPP.

On May 6, 2019, the Board of Directors approved the extension of the term of the 2009 ESPP to March 5, 2029, which also requires the stockholders' ratification within 12 months of the approval by the Board of Directors. The Company plans to submit the extension of the term of the 2009 ESPP for our stockholders to ratify in the next annual general meeting.

As of December 29, 2019, 62,335 shares were reserved for issuance under the 2009 ESPP. The 2009 ESPP provides for six month offering periods. Participants purchase shares through payroll deductions of up to 20% of an employee's total compensation (maximum of 1,429 shares per offering period). The 2009 ESPP permits the Board of Directors to determine, prior to each offering period, whether participants purchase shares at: (i) 85% of the fair market value of the common stock at the end of the offering period; or (ii) 85% of the lower of the fair market value of the common stock at the beginning or the end of an offering period. The Board of Directors has determined that, until further notice, future offering periods will be made at 85% of the lower of the fair market value of the common stock at the beginning or the end of an offering period.

# NOTE 13-STOCK-BASED COMPENSATION

The Company provides stock-based incentive compensation, or awards, to eligible employees and non-employee directors. Awards that may be granted under the program include non-qualified and incentive stock options, restricted stock units, or RSUs, performance-based restricted stock units, or PRSUs, and stock bonus units. To date, awards granted under the program consist of stock options, RSUs and PRSUs. The majority of stock-based awards granted under the program vest over four years. Stock options granted under the program have a maximum contractual term of ten years.

Stock-based compensation expense is recognized in the Company's consolidated statements of operations and includes compensation expense for the stock-based compensation awards granted or modified subsequent to January 1, 2006, based on the grant date fair value estimated in accordance with the provisions of the amended authoritative guidance. The impact on the Company's results of operations of recording stock-based compensation expense for fiscal years 2019, 2018, and 2017 was as follows (in thousands):

	 Fiscal Years						
	 2019 2018		2017				
Cost of revenue	\$ 78	\$	129	\$	121		
Research and development	2,242		760		614		
Selling, general and administrative	824		1,012		706		
Total costs and expenses	\$ 3,144	\$	1,901	\$	1,441		

No stock-based compensation was capitalized or included in inventories at the end of 2019, 2018 and 2017.

Stock-Based Compensation Award Activity

The following table summarizes the shares available for grant under the 2019 Plan and 2009 Plan (in thousands):

	Shares Available f	or Grant
	2019 Plan	2009 Plan
Balance at December 30, 2018		483
Authorized	357	_
Options granted	_	_
Options forfeited or expired	26	2
RSUs granted	(113)	(240)
RSUs forfeited	2	54
Plan Shares expired		(299)
Balance at December 29, 2019	272	

Stock Options

The following table summarizes stock options outstanding and stock option activity under the 2019 Plan and 2009 Plan, and the related weighted average exercise price, for 2019, 2018 and 2017:

	Number of Shares (in thousands)	Weighted Average Exercise Price	Weighted Average Remaining Term (in years)	Aggregate Intrinsic Value (in thousands)
Balance outstanding at January 1, 2017	356	\$ 32.90	4.06	, ,
Granted	_	_		
Forfeited or expired	(97)	42.98		
Exercised	(5)	18.34		
Balance outstanding at December 31, 2017	254	29.26	4.34	
Granted	_	_		
Forfeited or expired	(10)	25.20		
Exercised	(15)	12.60		
Balance outstanding at December 30, 2018	229	30.52	3.70	
Granted	_	_		
Forfeited or expired	(42)	24.14		
Exercised	(1)	10.92		
Balance outstanding at December 29, 2019	186	\$ 32.09	3.32	\$ -
Exercisable at December 29, 2019	176	\$ 33.20	3.13	\$ -
Vested and expected to vest at December 29, 2019	185	\$ 32.15	3.31	\$ -

There was no intrinsic value for the stock options, based on the Company's closing stock price of \$4.58 per share as of the end of the Company's current reporting period, which would have been received by the option holders had all option holders exercised their options as of that date.

The total intrinsic value of options exercised during 2019, 2018 and 2017 was not significant. Total cash received from employees as a result of employee stock option exercises during 2019, 2018 and 2017 was approximately \$3,600, \$195,000 and \$85,000, respectively. The Company settles employee stock option exercises with newly issued common shares. In connection with these exercises, there was no tax benefit realized by the Company due to the Company's current net loss position.

Total stock-based compensation expense recognized related to stock options was \$117,000, \$131,000, and \$239,000 for 2019, 2018, and 2017, respectively. No stock options were granted during the fiscal year 2019, 2018 and 2017. As of the end of 2019, the fair value of unvested stock options, net of expected forfeitures, was approximately \$37,000. This unrecognized stock-based compensation expense is expected to be recorded over a weighted average period of 0.69 year.

Significant exercise price ranges of options outstanding, related weighted average exercise prices and contractual life information at the end of 2019 were as follows:

	0	Options E	ıble						
Range of Exercise Prices	Options Outstanding (in thousands)	Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Life (in years)	Weighted Average Exercise Price		Average Exercise		Options Vested and Exercisable (in thousands)		Weighted Average Exercise Price
\$12.05	52	6.69	\$	12.05	42	\$	12.05		
\$18.48 - \$31.50	20	2.89		28.24	20		28.24		
\$32.20 - \$37.10	3	3.31		32.57	3		32.57		
\$ 38.92	67	0.80		38.92	67		38.92		
\$39.48 - \$44.94	9	3.78		42.94	9		42.94		
\$46.62	5	2.64		46.62	5		46.62		
\$47.04	1	0.62		47.04	1		47.04		
\$47.46	16	3.77		47.46	16		47.46		
\$48.72	8	2.36		48.72	8		48.72		
\$53.48	5	4.08		53.48	5		53.48		
\$12.05- \$53.48	186	3.32	\$	32.09	176	\$	33.20		

# Valuation Assumptions

The Company uses the Black-Scholes option pricing model to estimate the fair value of employee stock options and rights to purchase shares under the Company's 2009 ESPP. Using the Black-Scholes pricing model requires the Company to develop highly subjective assumptions including the expected term of awards, expected volatility of its stock, expected risk-free interest rate and expected dividend rate over the term of the award. The Company's expected term of awards assumption is based primarily on its historical experience with similar grants. The Company's expected stock price volatility assumption for both stock options and ESPP shares is based on the historical volatility of the Company's stock, using the daily average of the opening and closing prices and measured using historical data appropriate for the expected term. The risk-free interest rate assumption approximates the risk-free interest rate of a Treasury Constant Maturity bond with a maturity approximately equal to the expected term of the stock option or ESPP shares. This fair value is expensed over the requisite service period of the award. The fair value of RSUs and PRSUs is based on the closing price of the Company's common stock on the date of grant. Equity compensation awards which vest with service are expensed using the straight-line attribution method over the requisite service period.

In addition to the assumptions used in the Black-Scholes pricing model, the amended authoritative guidance requires that the Company recognize expense for awards ultimately expected to vest; therefore, the Company is required to develop an estimate of the number of awards expected to be forfeited prior to vesting, or forfeiture rate. The forfeiture rate is estimated based on historical pre-vest cancellation experience and is applied to all share-based awards.

No stock options were granted during the years 2019, 2018 and 2017.

#### Restricted Stock Units

The Company grants restricted stock units, or RSUs, to employees with various vesting terms. RSUs entitle the holder to receive, at no cost, one common share for each restricted stock unit on the vesting date as it vests. The Company withholds shares in settlement of employee tax withholding obligations upon the vesting of restricted stock units. Stock-based compensation related to grants of vested RSUs and PSUs was \$3.0 million, \$1.6, million and \$1.0 million in 2019, 2018 and 2017, respectively.

The following table summarizes RSU's activity under the 2019 Plan and 2009 Plan, and the related weighted average grant date fair value, for 2019, 2018 and 2017:

	RSUs & PRSU	s Outstanding
	Number of Shares (in thousands)	Weighted Average Grant Date Fair Value
Nonvested at January 1, 2017	98	\$ 23.52
Granted	132	19.74
Vested	(43)	20.44
Forfeited	(19)	
Nonvested at January 1, 2017	168	21.56
Granted	110	11.90
Vested	(77)	19.18
Forfeited	(18)	
Nonvested at December 30, 2018	183	17.22
Granted	353	10.77
Vested	(118)	14.48
Forfeited	(41)	
Nonvested at December 29, 2019	377	\$ 12.55

# Employee Stock Purchase Plan

The weighted average estimated fair value, as defined by the amended authoritative guidance, of rights issued pursuant to the Company's ESPP during 2019, 2018 and 2017 was \$4.28, \$5.18 and \$6.02, respectively. Sales under the ESPP were 24,131 shares of common stock at an average price per share of \$9.76 for 2019, 31,306 shares of common stock at an average price per share of \$15.40 for 2018, and 38,449 shares of common stock at an average price per share of \$12.04 for 2017.

As of December 29, 2019, 62,335 shares under the 2009 ESPP remained available for issuance. The Company recorded compensation expenses related to the ESPP of \$60,000, \$205,000 and \$153,000 in 2019, 2018 and 2017, respectively.

The fair value of rights issued pursuant to the Company's ESPP was estimated on the commencement date of each offering period using the following weighted average assumptions:

		Fiscal Years					
	2019	2018	2017				
Expected life (months)	6.0	6.0	6.1				
Risk-free interest rate	2.37 %	2.26 %	1.22 %				
Volatility	54 %	50 %	53 %				
Dividend vield	_	_	_				

The methodologies for determining the above values were as follows:

- Expected term: The expected term represents the length of the purchase period contained in the ESPP.
- Risk-free interest rate: The risk-free interest rate assumption is based upon the risk-free rate of a Treasury Constant Maturity bond with a maturity
  appropriate for the term of the purchase period.

- Volatility: The Company determines expected volatility based on historical volatility of the Company's common stock for the term of the purchase period.
- Dividend Yield: The expected dividend assumption is based on the Company's intent not to issue a dividend under its dividend policy.

# NOTE 14-INFORMATION CONCERNING PRODUCT LINES, GEOGRAPHIC INFORMATION, ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE AND REVENUE CONCENTRATION

The Company identifies its business segments based on business activities, management responsibility and geographic location. For all periods presented, the Company operated in a single reportable business segment.

The following is a breakdown of revenue by product family (in thousands):

		Fiscal Years							
	_	2019		2018			2017		
Revenue by product line $(1)$ :					_		_		
New products	9	\$	3,123	\$	5,735	\$	5,853		
Mature products	_		7,187		6,894		6,296		
Total revenue	9	\$	10,310	\$	12,629	\$	12,149		

<sup>(1)</sup> New products include all products manufactured on 180 nanometer or smaller semiconductor processes, eFPGA IP license, QuickAI and SensiML AI software as a service (SaaS) revenues. Mature products include all products produced on semiconductor processes larger than 180 nanometer.

The following is a breakdown of revenue by shipment destination (in thousands):

	Fiscal Years							
	2019		2018			2017		
Revenue by geography:								
Asia Pacific (1)	\$	3,049	\$	4,905	\$	5,810		
Europe		2,459		1,280		2,015		
North America (2)		4,802		6,444		4,324		
Total revenue	\$	10,310	\$	12,629	\$	12,149		

<sup>(1)</sup> Asia Pacific includes revenue from China \$1.1 million or 11% and Japan of \$1.8 million or 17% of total revenue in 2019 and \$1.8 million or 15% and \$1.6 million or 12% of total revenue in 2018, respectively. In 2017, revenue from China and Japan were \$1.3 million or 11% and \$1.5 million or 12%, respectively.

The following distributors and customers accounted for 10% or more of the Company's revenue for the periods presented:

		Fiscal Years	
	2019	2018	2017
Distributor "A"	40%	34 %	33 %
Distributor "C"	13 %	_	_
Customer "B"	13 %	12 %	11%
Customer "E"	10 %	_	_
Customer "G"	_	10%	19 %
Customer "I"	_	10%	_

<sup>(2)</sup> North America includes revenue from the United States of \$4.7 million or 46% of total revenue in 2019, \$6.4 million or 50% of total revenue in 2018 and \$4.2 million or 34% of total revenue in 2017.

The following distributors and customers accounted for 10% or more of the Company's accounts receivable as of the dates presented:

	December 29, 2019	December 30, 2018
Distributor "A"	20 %	35 %
Distributor "C"	23 %	_
Distributor "E"	12 %	_
Distributor "G"	_	10 %
Distributor "J"	31	_
Customer "M"	_	23 %

As of December 29, 2019 and December 30, 2018, approximately 7% of the Company's long-lived assets, including property and equipment and other assets were located outside the United States.

#### **NOTE 15-COMMITMENTS**

#### **Commitments**

Certain wafer manufacturers require the Company to forecast wafer starts several months in advance. The Company is committed to take delivery of and pay for a portion of forecasted wafer volume. As of the end of 2019 and 2018, the Company had \$57,000 and \$22,000 respectively, of outstanding commitments for the purchase of wafer inventory.

The Company has purchase obligations with certain suppliers for the purchase of goods and services entered into in the ordinary course of business. As of December 29, 2019, total outstanding purchase obligations were \$413,000 of which \$386,000 were due within next twelve months.

#### NOTE 16-LITIGATION

From time to time, the Company may become involved in legal actions arising in the ordinary course of business including, but not limited to, intellectual property infringement and collection matters. Absolute assurance cannot be given that any such third party assertions will be resolved without costly litigation; in a manner that is not adverse to the Company's financial position, results of operations or cash flows; or without requiring royalty or other payments which may adversely impact gross profit.

# NOTE 17-SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

#### Restructuring

In January 2020, the Company announced a restructuring plan to lower annual operating expenses. The restructuring plan was approved by the Company's Board of Directors on January 24, 2020. The majority of the cost savings will come from personnel reductions, which were implemented across all parts of the Company and geographies. This plan resulted in a reduction of workforce of about 33% of the Company's global workforce.

In conjunction with this restructuring plan, the Company estimates it will incur approximately \$500,000 to \$600,000 of restructuring expenses, which will result in total cash expenditures of approximately \$500,000, with the majority coming in the first quarter of fiscal 2020.

# SUPPLEMENTARY FINANCIAL DATA QUARTERLY DATA (UNAUDITED)

						Quarter	Ende	d						
	, s						Dec							pril 1, 2018
2019		2019					ner s			2016		2016		2016
				(III ti	10434	inus, cacept	per s	nare amoun	.,					
\$ 2,871	. \$	2,158	\$	2,087	\$	3,194	\$	3,233	\$	3,510	\$	3,122	\$	2,764
1,008	}	1,117		1,065		1,215		1,561		1,767		1,592		1,375
1,863		1,041		1,022		1,979		1,672		1,743		1,530		1,389
2,754	ļ	3,139		3,215		3,242		2,422		2,461		2,366		2,699
		2,095		2,340		2,446		2,302		2,509		2,610		2,561
(2,928	3)	(4,193)		(4,533)		(3,709)		(3,052)		(3,227)		(3,446)		(3,871)
(80	))	(63)		(124)		(83)		(31)		(21)		(32)		(24)
36	,	55		50		48		51		17		23		(14)
(2,972	?)	(4,201)		(4,607)		(3,744)		(3,032)		(3,231)		(3,455)		(3,909)
91		70		27		(268)		33		29		29		61
\$ (3,063	() \$	(4,271)	\$	(4,634)	\$	(3,476)	\$	(3,065)	\$	(3,260)	\$	(3,484)	\$	(3,970)
\$ (0.37)	() \$	(0.51)	\$	(0.65)	\$	(0.50)	\$	(0.45)	\$	(0.48)	\$	(0.57)	\$	(0.69)
8,328	;	8,313		7,088		6,916		6,807		6,766		6,125		5,755
	\$ 2,871 1,008 1,863 2,754 2,037 (2,928 (80 (2,972 91 \$ (3,063 \$ (0.37	\$ 2,871 \$ 1,008	\$ 2,871 \$ 2,158 1,008 1,117 1,863 1,041 2,754 3,139 2,754 2,095 (2,928) (4,193) (80) (63) 36 55 (2,972) (4,201) 91 70 \$ (3,063) \$ (4,271) \$ (0.37) \$ (0.51)	\$ 2,871 \$ 2,158 \$ 1,008	2019         2019         2019           (in the state of the state	\$\frac{2019}{\text{(in thouse}} \frac{2019}{\text{(in thouse}} \]   \$\frac{2,871}{1,008} \bigseles \frac{2,158}{1,117} \bigseles \frac{2,087}{1,863} \bigseles \frac{1,117}{1,065} \\   \$\frac{2,754}{1,863} \bigseles \frac{3,139}{1,041} \bigseles \frac{3,215}{1,022} \\   \$\frac{2,037}{(2,928)} \bigseles \frac{2,095}{(4,193)} \bigseles \frac{2,340}{(4,533)} \\   \$(80) \bigseles \text{(63)} \bigseles \text{(124)} \\   \$\frac{36}{6} \bigseles \frac{55}{5} \bigseles \frac{50}{6} \\   \$(2,972) \bigseles \text{(4,201)} \bigseles \text{(4,607)} \\   \$\frac{91}{8} \bigseles \frac{3,063}{3} \bigseles \frac{(4,271)}{8} \bigseles \frac{(4,634)}{8} \bigseles \frac{8}{8} \\   \$\frac{(0.37)}{8} \bigseles \text{(0.51)} \bigseles \bigseles \text{(0.65)} \bigseles \frac{8}{8} \\   \$\frac{(0.65)}{8} \bigseles \frac{8}{8} \\   \$\frac{(0.65)}{8} \bigseles \frac{8}{8} \\   \$\frac{(0.65)}{8} \bigseles \bigseles \frac{1}{8} \\   \$\frac{(0.65)}{8} \bigseles \bigseles \frac{1}{8} \\   \$\frac{(0.65)}{8} \bigseles \bigseles \frac{1}{8} \\   \$\frac{(0.65)}{8} \bigseles \bigseles \bigseles \frac{1}{8} \\   \$\frac{(0.65)}{8} \bigseles \bigseles \bigseles \frac{1}{8} \\   \$\frac{(0.65)}{8} \bigseles \bigsele	December 29, 2019         September 29, 2019         June 30, 2019         March 31, 2019           (in thousands, except           \$ 2,871         \$ 2,158         \$ 2,087         \$ 3,194           1,008         1,117         1,065         1,215           1,863         1,041         1,022         1,979           2,754         3,139         3,215         3,242           2,037         2,095         2,340         2,446           (2,928)         (4,193)         (4,533)         (3,709)           (80)         (63)         (124)         (83)           36         55         50         48           (2,972)         (4,201)         (4,607)         (3,744)           91         70         27         (268)           \$ (3,063)         \$ (4,271)         \$ (4,634)         \$ (3,476)           \$ (0.37)         \$ (0.51)         \$ (0.65)         \$ (0.50)	December 29, 2019         September 29, 2019         June 30, 2019         March 31, 2019         December 31, 2019           (in thousands, except per s           \$ 2,871         \$ 2,158         \$ 2,087         \$ 3,194         \$ 1,008         \$ 1,117         1,065         1,215         2,246         2,246         2,2446         2,2446         2,2446         2,2446         2,2446	2019         2019         2019         2019         2018           (in thousands, except per share amount           \$ 2,871         \$ 2,158         \$ 2,087         \$ 3,194         \$ 3,233           1,008         1,117         1,065         1,215         1,561           1,863         1,041         1,022         1,979         1,672           2,754         3,139         3,215         3,242         2,422           2,037         2,095         2,340         2,446         2,302           (2,928)         (4,193)         (4,533)         (3,709)         (3,052)           (80)         (63)         (124)         (83)         (31)           36         55         50         48         51           (2,972)         (4,201)         (4,607)         (3,744)         (3,032)           91         70         27         (268)         33           \$ (3,063)         \$ (4,271)         \$ (4,634)         \$ (3,476)         \$ (3,065)           \$ (0.37)         \$ (0.51)         \$ (0.65)         \$ (0.50)         \$ (0.45)	December 29, 2019         September 29, 2019         June 30, 2019         March 31, 2019         December 30, 2018         September 30, 2018           (in thousands, except per share amount)           \$ 2,871         \$ 2,158         \$ 2,087         \$ 3,194         \$ 3,233         \$ 1,008           \$ 1,008         \$ 1,117         \$ 1,065         \$ 1,215         \$ 1,561         \$ 1,672           \$ 2,754         \$ 3,139         \$ 3,215         \$ 3,242         \$ 2,422           \$ 2,037         \$ 2,095         \$ 2,340         \$ 2,446         \$ 2,302           \$ (2,928)         \$ (4,193)         \$ (4,533)         \$ (3,709)         \$ (3,052)           \$ (80)         \$ (63)         \$ (124)         \$ (83)         \$ (31)           \$ 36         \$ 55         \$ 50         \$ 48         \$ 51           \$ (2,972)         \$ (4,201)         \$ (4,607)         \$ (3,744)         \$ (3,032)           \$ (3,063)         \$ (4,271)         \$ (4,634)         \$ (3,476)         \$ (3,065)         \$ (0.45)           \$ (0.37)         \$ (0.51)         \$ (0.65)         \$ (0.50)         \$ (0.45)         \$ (0.45)	December 29, 2019         September 29, 2019         June 30, 2019         March 31, 2019         December 30, 2018         September 30, 2018           (in thousands, except per share amount)           \$ 2,871         \$ 2,158         \$ 2,087         \$ 3,194         \$ 3,233         \$ 3,510           \$ 1,008         \$ 1,117         \$ 1,065         \$ 1,215         \$ 1,561         \$ 1,767           \$ 1,863         \$ 1,041         \$ 1,022         \$ 1,979         \$ 1,672         \$ 1,743           \$ 2,754         \$ 3,139         \$ 3,215         \$ 3,242         \$ 2,422         \$ 2,461           \$ 2,037         \$ 2,095         \$ 2,340         \$ 2,446         \$ 2,302         \$ 2,509           \$ (2,928)         \$ (4,193)         \$ (4,533)         \$ (3,709)         \$ (3,052)         \$ (3,227)           \$ (80)         \$ (63)         \$ (124)         \$ (83)         \$ (31)         \$ (21)           \$ 36         \$ 55         \$ 50         \$ 48         \$ 51         \$ 17           \$ (2,972)         \$ (4,201)         \$ (4,607)         \$ (3,744)         \$ (3,032)         \$ (3,231)           \$ 91         \$ 70         \$ 27         \$ (268)         \$ 33         \$ 29           \$ (3,063)         \$ (4,271	December 29, 2019         September 29, 2019         June 30, 2019         March 31, 2019         December 30, 2018         September 30, 2018           (in thousands, except per share amount)           \$ 2,871         \$ 2,158         \$ 2,087         \$ 3,194         \$ 3,233         \$ 3,510         \$ 1,008           \$ 1,008         \$ 1,117         \$ 1,065         \$ 1,215         \$ 1,561         \$ 1,767           \$ 1,863         \$ 1,041         \$ 1,022         \$ 1,979         \$ 1,672         \$ 1,743           \$ 2,754         \$ 3,139         \$ 3,215         \$ 3,242         \$ 2,422         \$ 2,461           \$ 2,928         \$ (4,193)         \$ (4,533)         \$ (3,709)         \$ (3,052)         \$ (3,227)           \$ (80)         \$ (63)         \$ (124)         \$ (83)         \$ (31)         \$ (21)           \$ 36         \$ 55         \$ 50         \$ 48         \$ 51         \$ 17           \$ (2,972)         \$ (4,201)         \$ (4,607)         \$ (3,744)         \$ (3,032)         \$ (3,231)           \$ 91         \$ 70         \$ 27         \$ (268)         \$ 33         \$ 29           \$ (3,063)         \$ (4,271)         \$ (4,634)         \$ (3,476)         \$ (3,065)         \$ (3,260)         \$ (0.48)	December 29, 2019         September 29, 2019         June 30, 2019         March 31, 2019         December 30, 2018         September 30, 2018         July 1, 2018           (in thousands, except per share amount)           \$ 2,871         \$ 2,158         \$ 2,087         \$ 3,194         \$ 3,233         \$ 3,510         \$ 3,122           \$ 1,008         \$ 1,117         \$ 1,065         \$ 1,215         \$ 1,561         \$ 1,767         \$ 1,592           \$ 1,863         \$ 1,041         \$ 1,022         \$ 1,979         \$ 1,672         \$ 1,743         \$ 1,530           \$ 2,754         \$ 3,139         \$ 3,215         \$ 3,242         \$ 2,422         \$ 2,461         \$ 2,366           \$ 2,037         \$ 2,095         \$ 2,340         \$ 2,446         \$ 2,302         \$ 2,509         \$ 2,610           \$ (2,928)         \$ (4,193)         \$ (4,533)         \$ (3,709)         \$ (3,052)         \$ (3,227)         \$ (3,446)           \$ (80)         \$ (63)         \$ (124)         \$ (83)         \$ (31)         \$ (21)         \$ (32)           \$ 2,972         \$ (4,201)         \$ (4,607)         \$ (3,744)         \$ (3,032)         \$ (3,231)         \$ (3,484)           \$ (0,37)         \$ (0.37)         \$ (0.51)         \$ (4,634)         \$ (3	December 29, 2019   June 30, 2019   2019   2018   September 30, 2018   2018   2018

<sup>(1)</sup> Gross profit percentage ranged between 48.2% to 64.9% in the last 8 quarters primarily as a result of changes in customer and product mix, favorable purchase price adjustments, and favorable standard cost variances during these quarters.

# ITEM 9. CHANGES IN AND DISAGREEMENTS WITH ACCOUNTANTS ON ACCOUNTING AND FINANCIAL DISCLOSURE

None.

#### ITEM 9A. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

## **Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures**

We maintain disclosure controls and procedures designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in the reports we file or submit pursuant to the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, or the Exchange Act, is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the rules and forms of the SEC, and that such information is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

Management, with the participation of the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, has performed an evaluation of our disclosure controls and procedures as required by the applicable rules of the Exchange Act. Based on this evaluation, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have concluded that, as of December 29, 2019 our disclosure controls and procedures were effective.

### Management's Annual Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

Our management is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting as defined in Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. Internal control over financial reporting is the process designed by, or under the supervision of, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, and effected by our board of directors, management and other personnel, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of consolidated financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and includes those policies and procedures that: (i) pertain to the maintenance of records that in reasonable detail accurately and fairly reflect our transactions and dispositions of assets; (ii) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of consolidated financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the Company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the Company; and (iii) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use or disposition of our assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Because of its inherent limitations, cost-effective internal control over financial reporting cannot provide absolute assurance of achieving financial reporting objectives. Internal control over financial reporting is a process that involves human diligence and compliance and is subject to lapses in judgment and breakdowns resulting from human failures. Internal control over financial reporting also can be circumvented by collusion or improper management override. Because of such limitations, there is a risk that material misstatements may not be prevented or detected on a timely basis by internal control over financial reporting. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the degree of compliance with established policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, we conducted an assessment of the effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting as of the end of the period covered by this Annual Report on Form 10-K. In making this assessment, we used the criteria based on the framework set forth by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission in "Internal Control - Integrated Framework (2013)." Based on the results of this assessment, management (including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer) has concluded that, as of December 29, 2019 our internal control over financial reporting was effective.

The effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting as of December 29, 2019 has been audited by Moss Adams LLP, an independent registered public accounting firm, as stated in their report appearing in this Annual Report on Form 10-K.

#### **Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

There were no changes in our internal control over financial reporting that occurred during our most recent fiscal quarter that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

# ITEM 9B. OTHER INFORMATION

None

#### PART III

Certain information required by Part III is incorporated by reference from the definitive Proxy Statement regarding our 2019 Annual Meeting of Stockholders and will be filed not later than 120 days after the end of the fiscal year covered by this Report.

# ITEM 10. DIRECTORS, EXECUTIVE OFFIC ERS AND CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

Information regarding the backgrounds of our officers is contained herein under Item 1, "Executive Officers and Directors."

Information regarding the backgrounds of our directors is set forth under the caption "Proposal One, Election of Directors" in our Proxy Statement, which information is incorporated herein by reference.

There are no family relationships between any of our directors, executive officers, or persons nominated or chosen to be a director or officer, and no such persons have been involved during the last ten years, in any legal proceedings material to their abilities or integrity.

Information regarding our Audit Committee, our Audit Committee financial expert, the procedures by which security holders may recommend nominees to our Board and our Code of Conduct and Ethics is hereby incorporated herein by reference from the section entitled "Board Meetings, Committees and Corporate Governance" in the Proxy Statement. A copy of our Code of Conduct and Ethics is posted on our website at http://www.quicklogic.com/corporate/about-us/management. We intend to satisfy the disclosure requirement under Item 5.05 of Form 8-K regarding an amendment to, or a waiver from, this Code of Conduct and Ethics by posting such information on our website <a href="http://www.quicklogic.com/corporate/about-us/management">http://www.quicklogic.com/corporate/about-us/management</a>.

# ITEM 11. EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION

The information required by Item 11 is set forth under the captions "Compensation Committee Interlocks and Insider Participation," and "Executive Compensation, Compensation Discussion and Analysis" in our Proxy Statement, which information is incorporated herein by reference.

#### ITEM 12. SECURITY OWNERSHIP OF CERTAIN BENEFICIAL OWNERS AND MANAGEMENT AND RELATED STOCKHOLDER MATTERS

The information required by Item 12 is set forth under the captions "Equity Compensation Plan Summary", "Post-Employment and Change of Control Compensation" and "Security Ownership" in our Proxy Statement, which information is incorporated herein by reference.

# ITEM 13. CERTAIN RELATIONSHIPS, RELATED TRANSACTIONS AND DIRECTOR INDEPENDENCE

The information required by Item 13 is set forth under the captions "Board Meetings, Committees and Corporate Governance" and "Transactions with Related Persons" in our Proxy Statement, which information is incorporated herein by reference.

#### ITEM 14. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING FEES AND SERVICES

The information required by Item 14 is set forth under the caption "Fees Billed to QuickLogic by Moss Adams LLP during Fiscal Years 2019 and 2018" in our Proxy Statement, which information is incorporated herein by reference.

# PART IV

# ITEM 15. EXHIBITS AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT SCHEDULES

# (a) 1. Financial Statements

Reference is made to Item 8 for a list of all financial statements and schedules filed as a part of this Report.

2. Financial Statement Schedules

# QuickLogic Corporation Valuation and Qualifying Accounts (in thousands)

	_	Balance at Beginning of Period	_	Charged to Costs and Expenses	_	Deductions/ Write-offs	Balance at End of Period
Allowance for Doubtful Accounts:							
Fiscal Year 2019	\$	_	\$	_	\$	5	\$ _
Fiscal Year 2018	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$ _
Fiscal Year 2017	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$ _
Allowance for Deferred Tax Assets:							
Fiscal Year 2019	\$	54,913	\$	3,227	\$	_	\$ 58,140
Fiscal Year 2018	\$	55,931	\$	_	\$	(1,018)	\$ 54,913
Fiscal Year 2017	\$	79,150	\$	_	\$	(23,219)	\$ 55,931

All other schedules not listed above have been omitted because the information required to be set forth therein is not applicable or is shown in the financial statements or notes hereto.

# 3. Exhibits

The exhibits listed under Item 15(b) hereof are filed as part of this Annual Report on Form 10-K.

# (b) Exhibits

The following exhibits are filed with or incorporated by reference into this Report:

Exhibit Number	Description	Form	Exhibit	Filing Date
3.1	Fourth Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation of QuickLogic Corporation.	<u>8-K</u>	<u>3.1</u>	4/28/2017
3.2	Certificate of Amendment to the Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation of QuickLogic Corporation.	8-K	3.2	12/24/2019
3.3	Amended and Restated Bylaws of QuickLogic Corporation.	8-K	3.2	05/02/2005
3.4	Certificate of Elimination of the Series A Junior Participating Preferred Stock.	8-K	3.1	11/26/2013
4.1	Specimen Common Stock certificate of QuickLogic Corporation.	S-1/A	4.1	10/12/1999
4.2	Form of Common Stock Warrant.	8-K	4.1	05/29/2018
4.3**	Description of Securities.			
10.1	Form of Indemnification Agreement for directors and executive officers.	10-Q	10.24	11/13/2002
10.2**	Standard Industrial Commercial Multi-Tenant Lease between Lundy Associates, LLC, as Lessor, and QuickLogic Corporation, dated February 13, 2019.			
10.3	Patent Cross License Agreement dated August 25, 1998, between QuickLogic Corporation and Actel Corporation.	S-1/A	10.18	08/10/1999

10.4	Form of Change of Control Severance Agreement.	10-K	10.13	03/11/2008
10.5	Form of Change of Control Severance Agreement for Chief Executive Officer.	10-K	10.14	03/11/2008
10.6	2005 Executive Bonus Plan, as restated.	8-K	10.1	04/28/2008
10.7	QuickLogic Corporation 2019 Stock Plan.	10-Q	10.1	05/09/2019
10.8***	QuickLogic Corporation 2009 ESPP Plan, as amended			
10.9*	QuickLogic Corporation 2019 Stock Plan, as amended.	10-K/A	10.7	03/19/2019
10.10*	QuickLogic Corporation 2009 Employee Stock Purchase Plan.	10-Q	10.2	05/11/2017
10.11*	Form of Notice of Grant and Stock Option Agreement under the 2009 Stock Plan.	8-K	10-26	08/04/2009
10.12*	Form of Notice of Grant of Stock Purchase Rights and Restricted Stock Purchase Agreement under the 2009 Stock Plan.	8-K	10-27	08/04/2009
10.13*,**	Form of Notice of Grant of Restricted Stock Unit and Restricted Stock Unit Agreement under the 2009 Stock Plan.	8-K	10-28	08/04/2009
10.14*.**	Form of Notice of Grant and Stock Option Agreement under the 2019 Stock Plan.			
10.15*,**	Form of Notice of Grant of Restricted Stock Unit and Restricted Stock Unit Agreement under 2019 Stock Plan.			
10.16*,**	Form of Notice of Grant of Stock Rights and Restricted Stock Purchase Agreement Under the 2019 Stock Plan.			
10.17	Amended and Restated Loan and Security Agreement between Heritage Bank of Commerce and QuickLogic Corporation, dated as of December 21, 2018.	8-K	10.1	12/28/2018
10.18	First Amendment to Amended and Restated Loan and Security Agreement between Heritage Bank of Commerce and QuickLogic Corporation, dated as of November 6, 2019.	10-Q	10.1	11/08/2019
21**	Subsidiaries of QuickLogic Corporation.			
23.1**	Consent of Moss Adams LLP, Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm.			
24.1**	Power of Attorney (included on the Signature page of this Annual Report on Form 10-K).			
31.1**	$\underline{\text{CEO Certification pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act}} \\ \text{of 2002.}$			
31.2**	<u>CFO Certification pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.</u>			
32***	CEO and CFO Certifications pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.			
101.INS	XBRL Instance Document			
101.SCH	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document			
101.CAL	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document			
101.DEF	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document			
101.LAB	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document			
101.PRE	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document			

<sup>\*</sup>Indicates management contract or compensatory plan or arrangement.

\*\*Filed herewith.

\*\*\*Furnished herewith.

# SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized on this March 13, 2020.

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By:	/s/ Brian C. Faith
	Brian C. Faith
	President and Chief Executive Officer

# POWER OF ATTORNEY

KNOW ALL PERSONS BY THESE PRESENTS, that each person whose signature appears below constitutes and appoints Brian C. Faith and Suping (Sue) Cheung and each of them singly, as true and lawful attorneys-in-fact and agents with full power of substitution and resubstitution, for him and in his name, place and stead, in any and all capacities to sign this Annual Report on Form 10-K filed herewith and any or all amendments to said report, and to file the same, with all exhibits thereto, and other documents in connection therewith, with the Securities and Exchange Commission granting unto said attorneys-in-fact and agents the full power and authority to do and perform each and every act and the thing requisite and necessary to be done in and about the foregoing, as to all intents and purposes as he or she might or could do in person, hereby ratifying and confirming all that said attorneys-in-fact and agents or any of them, or his substitute, may lawfully do or cause to be done by virtue hereof.

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, this report has been signed by the following persons on behalf of the registrant and in the capacities and on the dates indicated below.

Signature	Title	Date
/s/ Brian C. Faith Brian C. Faith	President and Chief Executive Officer; Director (Principal Executive Officer)	March 13, 2020
/s/ Suping (Sue) Cheung Suping (Sue) Cheung	Vice President, Finance and Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial Officer and Principal Accounting Officer)	March 13, 2020
/s/ Michael R. Farese Michael R. Farese	Chairman of the Board	March 13, 2020
/s/ Andrew J. Pease Andrew J. Pease	Director	March 13, 2020
/s/ Arturo Krueger Arturo Krueger	Director	March 13, 2020
/s/ DANIEL A. RABINOVITSJ Daniel A. Rabinovitsj	Director	March 13, 2020
/s/ Christine Russell Christine Russell	Director	March 13, 2020
/s/ Gary H. Tauss Gary H. Tauss	Director	March 13, 2020

# DESCRIPTION OF THE REGISTRANT'S SECURITIES REGISTERED PURSUANT TO SECTION 12 OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

As of March 13, 2020, QuickLogic Corporation (the "Company") has one class of securities registered under Section 12 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended: common stock, par value \$0.001 par value per share (the "common stock").

The following summary description sets forth some of the general terms and provisions of the common stock. It is subject to and qualified in its entirety by reference to the provisions of the Company's Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation, as amended ("Certificate of Incorporation") and Amended and Restated Bylaws, ("Bylaws"), which are filed as Exhibit 3.1, Exhibit 3.2 and Exhibit 3.3 to the Annual Report on Form 10-K, and applicable provisions of the Delaware General Corporation Law. The Company encourages you to read the Certificate of Incorporation, the Bylaws and the applicable provisions of the Delaware General Corporation Law for additional information. The authorized capital stock of the Company consists of 210,000,000 shares. Those shares consist of (1) 200,000,000 shares designated as common stock, \$0.001 par value, and (2) 10,000,000 shares designated as preferred stock, \$0.001 par value. All outstanding shares of common stock are fully paid and nonassessable. Currently, no shares of preferred stock are outstanding. The board of directors has the authority to adopt, amend or repeal the Bylaws, subject to certain limitations set forth in the Bylaws.

#### **Voting Rights**

The holders of common stock are entitled to one vote per share on all matters to be voted upon by the stockholders. Subject to preferences that may be applicable to any outstanding preferred stock, the holders of common stock are entitled to receive ratably such dividends, if any, as may be declared from time to time by the board of directors out of funds legally available for that purpose.

# Liquidation, Dissolution or Similar Rights

In the event of a liquidation, dissolution or winding up of the corporation, the holders of common stock are entitled to share ratably in all assets remaining after payment of liabilities, subject to prior distribution rights of preferred stock, if any, then outstanding.

### No Preemptive, Conversion or Redemption Rights

The common stock has no preemptive or conversion rights or other subscription rights. There are no redemption or sinking fund provisions applicable to the common stock.

#### Preferred Stock

The board of directors has the authority, without further action by the stockholders, to issue shares of preferred stock in one or more classes or series. The board of directors may designate the rights, preferences and privileges of each series, any or all of which may be greater than the rights of the common stock. Although the actual effect of any issuance of preferred stock will not be known until the board of directors determines the specific rights of the holders of shares of preferred stock, such issuance could potentially affect the voting power, dividend or other rights of the holders of shares of common stock and, under certain circumstances, delay, defer or prevent a change-incontrol or other corporate takeover.

### Anti-Takeover Effects on Delaware Law and the Certificate of Incorporation and Bylaws

Certain provisions of Delaware law and our Certificate of Incorporation and Bylaws could make it more difficult to acquire us by means of a tender offer, a proxy contest or otherwise and to remove incumbent officers and directors. These provisions are summarized below.

The Company is subject to the provisions of Section 203 of the Delaware General Corporation Law regulating corporate takeovers. In general, Section 203 prohibits a publicly-held Delaware corporation from engaging, under certain circumstances, in a business combination with an interested stockholder for a period of three years following the date the person became an interested stockholder unless:

- prior to the date of the transaction, the board of directors of the corporation approved either the business combination or the transaction which resulted in the stockholder becoming an interested stockholder;
- upon completion of the transaction that resulted in the stockholder becoming an interested stockholder, the interested stockholder owned at least 85% of the voting stock of the corporation outstanding at the time the transaction commenced, excluding for purposes of determining the voting stock outstanding, but not for determining the outstanding voting stock owned by the interested stockholder, (1) shares owned by persons who are directors and also officers and (2) shares owned by employee stock plans in which employee participants do not have the right to determine confidentially whether shares held subject to the plan will be tendered in a tender or exchange offer; or
- at or subsequent to the date of the transaction, the business combination is approved by the board of directors of the corporation and authorized at an annual or special meeting of stockholders, and not by written consent, by the affirmative vote of at least two-thirds of the outstanding voting stock which is not owned by the interested stockholder.

Generally, a business combination includes a merger, asset or stock sale, or other transaction resulting in a financial benefit to the interested stockholder. An interested stockholder is a person who, together with affiliates and associates, owns or, within three years prior to the determination of interested stockholder status, did own 15% or more of a corporation's outstanding voting stock.

Our Certificate of Incorporation and Bylaws require that any action required or permitted to be taken by our stockholders must be effected at a duly called annual or special meeting of the stockholders and may not be effected by a consent in writing. In addition, special meetings of our stockholders may be called only by the board of directors, chairperson of the board, chief executive officer or president (in the absence of a chief executive officer). No business may be transacted at an annual or special meeting of stockholders other than the business specified in the notice to stockholders with respect to such meeting. Our Bylaws require advance notice of any director nominations or other stockholder proposals to be brought before an annual stockholders meeting. Our Certificate of Incorporation provides that our board of directors be divided into three classes, with each class serving staggered three-year terms. Our certificate of incorporation further provides that certain amendments of the certificate of incorporation require the approval of holders of at least 66-2/3% of the voting power of all outstanding stock.

#### Listing

Our common stock is listed on the Nasdaq Capital Market under the symbol "QUIK."

## **Transfer Agent**

The transfer agent and registrar for the common stock is American Stock Transfer & Trust Company. Its address is 6201 15h Ave, Brooklyn, NY 11219, and its telephone number is 800-937-5449.

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#### STANDARD INDUSTRIAL/COMMERCIAL MULTI-TENANT LEASE - NET

- ... Paries. This lense ("Lense"), dated for reference purposes only February 13; 2019, is made by and between Lundy Associates, LLC ("Lesser") and QuickLogic Corporation, a Delaware corporation, which is doing business in California as Delaware QuickLogic Corporation ("resser"), consecutively of "rester", or admission of a "Puriy". 1.2(a) Promises: That certain real proporty, industing all improvements therein or to be provided by Lessor under the terms of this Lesso, commonly known (set sect add ress, use it value, city, use): 2220 Lundy

San Jose, California (Premises\*): The Promises are becared in the County of Santa Clara , and are generally described as (describe briefly the nature of the Premises and the "Project"): Approximate tely 24,164 square feet of a 12(a) Pennister. The formir not properly, nothing all improvements bearing or to be procided by Leaving or Shall Caller, and see generally because all terms, and in a size, owney. 220 Lamphy, 220 Lamphy, 235.59 Shall e. f. of 1 building and substituted and some of the formir or the 1.3 Tem: Five (5) yoursel 28T 0 (0) month ('Odiplat Tem') somme ening APRI 15, 2019 (CommontmentDes') and ending APRI 19, 20 Propagh 1

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License No. 010 64626 h (check one): £ the Lessor's Agent (salespe non or broker associate);

Lessee 's Bookerage From Colliers International Lice use No. Is the bookers (check one): Lessee and Lessoe (dual agent).

Lessee 's 65, 52, 500 thick clears Agent Jeff Nochimison License No. 00819335 Is (check one) the Lessee ch Agent (s ale spee root or broker asson the lockwar Agent that Bellewin Agent (sale spee root or broker asson the lockwar Agent that Bellewin Agent (sale spee root or broker asson the lockwar Agent that Bellewin Agent (sale spee root or broker asson the lockwar Agent that Bellewin Agent (sale spee root or broker asson that Bellewin Agent (sale spee root or bro

en Brokers. Upon execution and delivery of this Lease by both Parties, Les so r shall pay to the Brokers the brokerage fee agreed to in a separate written agree ment 1.1 of the total Base Rent) for the brokerage services rendered by the Bro kers.

> 11 G11acantoc The obligations of the Lessee 11oder this Lease ace to be g11franteed but "Gna cant oc") (See also Paragraph 37)
> 1.12 Attachments. Atta ched bereto are the following, all of which constitute a part of this Lease:

after and extent of such non-comp lan ex, malfancians or failures, excit) sum at Less or's expense. The variously periods shall be as follows: (i) 60
as to the IVAX systems, and (ii) 60 days in the remaining systems and other does not stifl to this. If Less excluses any period Less the Line and Less or Line and Less or's extension of Line and Line and

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Ctual knowledge of Lessor the improvements on the Premises comply with the build ing codes

app lic ab le laws, covenants or restrictions of record, regulations, and ordinance s ("Applicable Re quirements") that were in effect at the time that each Improvement, or portion t hereo f, was constructed. Said warranty does app lie ab le laws, covenants or restrictions of record, regulations, and ordinance s ("Applicable Requirements") that were in effect at the time that each improvement, or portion thereor, twas constructed. Said warranty does not app ly to the use to which Lessee will put the Premises, mod iffications which may be req u ired by the Americans with Disabilities Act or any similar la ws as a res ult of Less ee's use (see Paragraph #9,0 or to any Alterations or Utility Installations (as defined in Paragraph 7.3(a)) made or to be made by Le ssee e. NOTE: tessee in responsible for determining whether or not the Applicable Requirements, medespecially my zoning are appropriate for Less ee's intended use, and acknowledges that past uses of the Premises may no longer be allowed.

\*\*The Prefix of the control of the ai bessn's sols s; st ==snp0REiB + the Applicable Requirements are hereafter changed so as to require during the term of this Lease the construction of an addition to or an alteration of the Unit, Premises and/or Bui lding, the remediation of any Haza rdou's Substance, or the rein rorcem ent or other physical modification of the Unit, Premises and/or Building ("Capital Expenditure"), Le ssor and Lessee shall

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Subject to Prompty 2. (b) before the Prompty 2.

any oral or written representations or warranties with respect to said matter is other than as set forth in this Lease. In addition, Le sso racknowledges that: 1) this does become the procession, promise or warranties or warranties with respect to said matter is other than as set forth in this Lease.

| Section | Companies | Compan

(b) Lesser hall find service or there may chicke in the Comman Access.

These probabilists activities described in the 3 Paragraph 26, the ral Lesser shall have the right and friend online, in add friend to such other rights and remed in the it may have, to remove or tow sony the vehicle involved and changed by Lesser.

To comman secure Definition. The term 'Common Access sick died as all ness and facilities contailed the Premises and vehins the exterior boundary line of the Project and interior stallity raccessys and simulations within the little is not provided and designated by the container to the first access to the container t

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#### (d) To add additional buildings and i mprovement s to the Common Areas;

not unr easonably disturb Lessee's use or peaceful (e) to use the common decay white elaption in making assumant improvement in, repairs or asteriation to the Project, or any pointin tierces provided set enjoyment of the Project; and

To do and perform such other acts and make such other changes in, to or with respect to the Common Area s and Project as Lessor may, in the s and but the project as the common area is and Project as the contract of the Project as the Proj To do not perform our time at this at mean ran cours course, as well as the mean ran cours course, as well as the mean range of the period of the lates of the la Rest Defined. All mentary obligations of Lones to Lones and the Lone (scorego for the Security Deposit) and described by the Lones during the term horse, in addition to the Hun Rest Share (as special in a Lones in the security Deposity). The Common Anna Operating Exposures. Leaves shall go to Lones during the term horse, in addition to the Hun Rest Share (as special in a Lones in the Lone (security Deposity) and described in the Lone (security Deposity) Deposity Deposit

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Lessee's payments during such year exceed Lessee 's Share , Le sso r shall pay to Lessee the amount of the deficiency within 30 days after

delivery of such statement. All 1 year allowed of 1115h or pall yill not applicable beauty Alter No pall yill not applicable beauty Alter No pall yill not applicable beauty and the statement.

(c) Common Anny Opening Expens may half and include any expenses peakly any passed definedly to high papers of the statement.

(d) Pryment bears all some papers of refair to be mentally beauty and the statement of the definition of the statement of the st

designate in writing. Accepta nee of a payment which is less than the amount then due shall not be a waiver of les sor's rights to the balance of such Rent, regardless of lessor's endorsement of any check so stating. In the event that any check, draft, or other instrument of payment given by less ee to less or is dishonored for any reason, les see agrees to pay to Lessor the sum of \$25 mattern and the contract of the cont

S. Security Deposit. lessee shall deposit with l esso r upon execution hereof the Security Deposit as security for lessee's faithful performance of its obligations under this lease. If lessee fails to pay Re nt, or otherwise Defaults under this Lease, Lessor may use, apply or retain all or any portion of said Security Deposit for the payment of any amount already due Lessor, sor Rents which will be due in the for true, and roth rentally

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Use Leaves thal like and occup to Persons com (s) for the Appeel Use, or any other legal use who can be a reasonably comparable them, and be row other purpose. Less that the use or persons use on our remotes as a namer was not as was, or and disturbs occupants of or cuses dumage to seek, and in a transcessably white place of its employed the disty is normally to apply the persons for any other to person of or cuses dumage to seek and or resolved to a removal to the persons and or the persons of or cuses dumage to seek and to express a removal to the reminest open and the art numer and to the persons and the order to the persons and the persons and the persons are to the persons and the persons are to the persons and the persons are to the persons are to the persons and the persons are to the persons

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visitation of Applicable Requirements, ora Hazardous Substance Condition (see Paragraph 9.1) is found to exist or be imminent, or the inspection is requested by a governmental authority. In such case, Leases thall upon request reimbure Lease for the cost of such inspection, so long as such inspection of the results of t

stop do a dece (MSOS) to Leave within 10 days of the receipt of written expense threefore. Leaver a low weighted that the Rest Add to 20 interest and to 20 inter

Frade Fixtures and Alterations. Lessee's Obligations.

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(ja) Secural. Subjects the provisions of Paragraph 2.2 Condition), 2.3 (Comp Enero), 6.3 Il Esser's Compliance with Applicable Registerments), 7.2 (Leasor's Origination), 9 (Distage or Distration), and 14 (Condensation), because had, at Leaser's under continue and transport of the Paramine, Vision (Paramine) and the Paramine or Paramine or provided in the Paramine or Paramine or provided in the Par

equipment, upon notice to Lessee, to procure and maintain any or all of such service contract s, and lessee shall rPlimbuse Lessor, upon demand, for the cost

(c) Fallure to Perform. If Lessee fails to perform lessee's obligations under this Paragraph 7.1, lessor may enter upon thP! Premises after 10 days' prior written notice to Lessee (coupy in the case of an entropy,) to which case in motion which perform such obligations under this paragraph 7.1, lessor may enter upon thP! Premises after 10 days' prior written notice to Lessee (coupy in the case of an entropy,) to which case in motion which perform such obligations under this paragraph 7.1, lessor may enter upon thP! Premises after 10 days' prior written notice to Lessee (coupy in the case of an entropy,) to which case in motion which perform such obligations under this paragraph 7.1, lessor may enter upon thP! Premises after 10 days' prior written notice to Lessee (coupy in the case of an entropy,) to which case in motion which performs the case of the case o

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Base Rent in the aggregate or a sum equal to one month's Base Rent in any one year. Notwithstanding the foregoing, lessee shall not make or permit any roof penetrations and/or install anything on the roof without the prior

Written approval of lessor. Lessor may, as a precondition to printing such approval, require to execute uniform of the Loar shall be desired on make and which require the consent of the Loar shall be presented to bester to written from with detailed plans. General shall be deemed conditioned upon Lessor's (i) coapining all applicable presentant permits, (iii) family and the control of the Loar shall be presented to bester to written from with admitted plans. General shall be deemed conditioned upon Lessor's (ii) coapining all applicable presentant permits, (iii) family and the control of the Loar shall be prefered in a workmarkle name with good and sufficient materials. Loace shall promptly upon completion family be used.

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parts and surfaces thereof broom clean and frow of debris, and in good operating order, condition and state of repoir, ordinary wear and tear and tear's hall not include any damage or decrination than would have been prevented by good maintenance practices. Notwithstanding the foregoing and the proof of Paragraph 7(s), if the Lesses except is the Pennises for 12 months or loss, then Les use a shall summeder the Paranises in the same conditions a delivered to Lesses on the Start Date with No illuvance for ordinary wear and tear. I cases thall repair any damage occasioned by the installa ton, maintenance or removal of

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cing prior to, or extending beyond, the term of this lease shall be prorate d

such insurance shall be equal to the full insurable replacement cost of the Premises , as the same shall exist from time to time, or the amount required by any lender, but in no event more than the comme reially reasonable and available insurab le value thereof. Lessee Owned Alterations and Utility. Installations, Trade Fixtures, and Lessee's personal property shall be insured by lessee notby Lessor. If the coverage is available and commercially appropriate, such policy or policies shall insure against all risks of direct physical loss or damage lexcept the perils of flood and tac eartbq112ke along the insured by lessee notby Lessor. If the coverage for debris removal and the enforcement of any Applicable Requirements requiring the upgrading, demo litio n reconstruction or replacement of any portion of the Premi sea set the result of a covered loss. Said policy or policies shall also contain an agreed valuation provisk-n in lieu of any coinsurance clau se waiver of .su brogation, and inflation guard protection ca using an increase in the annual property insurance coverage amount by a factor of not less than the adjusted U. S. Department of Labor Consumer Price Index for A.II Urban Consumers for the city nearest to whe re the Premises are located. If such insura nee coverage has a deductible clause, the deductible a mount shall not exceed \$5,000 per occurrence.

ith a deductible of not  $\,$  to exceed \$5,0 00 J.,..000 per occurrence. Thi! proceeds from any such insurance shall be used by Lessee for the replacement of personal prope rty, Trade Fixtures and lessee Owned Alterations and Utility Installations.

o Provide Insurance. Les se e acknowledges that any failure on it s part to obtain or maintain the Insurance required herein will expose Lessor to

SECONO OF the section of the contract forms of the contract forms

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Le ssee within 30 days after recei pt by Lessor of knowledge of the occurrence of such damage. Such termination shall be effective the days informing the date of such social to the errors Lesser dates to the

Rent, whether or not an Insured Loss, Le ssor may terminate this Lease effective on day throwing the dute of occurrence of such damage by giving a written turnstation under to Lease within 31 days after the date of occurrence of such damage. Note inhalmed the force in a fine that the contract of the contract of the contract of the date of occurrence of such damage. Note inhalmed the force in a fine that the contract of the contract of the contract of the date of occurrence of such damage. Note inhalmed the force in a fine that the contract of the contr

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Abstracts. In the court of Permises Parlial Damage or Parmines Total Destruction or a Hazardous Substance Condition for whick loser is not responsible under this Least, the Rost paylob by Losser for the period required for the repair, exceedation or contrained or data damage shall be absted in proportion to the degree to which lesser's used the Permiss is impaired, but not to exceed the process in exceedation or a flexand value in marse. All does not shall be permissed by Least, and least a fail have a tablity for up and damage, discretions. The contrained or as a flexand value of the permission of the least permission of the permissi

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Property Taxes for all of the land and improvements included within the tax parcel assessed, such proportion to be determined by Lessor from the respective

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 $Utilitie_{s\ and\ Services.\ Lessee\ shall\ pay\ for\ all\ water,\ gas,\ heat,\ light,\ power}$ 

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Assignment and Subletting. Lessor's Consent Required

la) Lessee shall not voluntarilyor to quotient of the mining a sentite, mortgage or accentate color ton, to, "a tigue assignment" or so the at the sentyment of Lessee's intere at in this Lesse or in the Premises without Lesser's prior written consenser. which shall not be unreasonably withheled and further defined below.

integration general. The transfer, on a cumulative basis, of 20% or more of the voting control of Losse shall constitute a change in control for this papeas.

An assignment or subfilled without more all all, a Lonewh opins, be a Defail considerable make the make per Pumpaph 11 (f), or a monecable Breach without the executivy of any universal gaze period if Lesser decise to use and wanapproved assignment or a subfilled without the security of any universal gaze period if Lesser decise to use and wanapproved assignment or a subfilled without the security of any universal and pumpaph 12 (f), or a monecable Breach without the executivy of any universal gaze period if Lesser decise to use and support of the subject to the control of the pumpaph 12 (f) and the subject to the security of any universal and the subject to the security for any treatment price of any opins to produce great or any treatment of the security of any opins to produce great or any treatment of the security of of th

Terms and Conditions Applicable to Assignment and Subbetting

(a) Regardless of Lesser a consent, to assignment or subbetting shall: (i) De effective wit hout the express written assumption by such assign neer or subbetseer of the obligations of Lessee under this Lesse, (ii) release Lesseer of any obligations he rea note, or (iii) after the primary liability of Lessee for the payment of Rest

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Additional Terms and Conditions Applicable to Subletting The following terms and condition
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the Promise and Section 1 (1) Section 1 (1

each, Re molios.

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A'Book's in defined as the occurrence of one or more of the following Defaults, and the follower of Leves to one such Default within any applicable grace period.

A'Book's in defined as the occurrence of one or more of the following Defaults, and the follower of Leves to one such Default within any applicable grace period.

The vacating of the Premises where the coverage of the properly insurance described in Panagraph 8.3 is proportioned as a result thereof, or without providing reasonable assurances to minimize potential.

Vandalism. For the avoidance of doubt, Lessee's vacating of the Premises or cessation of operations in the Premises shall not constitute a Default so long as Lessee complies with the other terms of this Lease.

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The fallow of falses to make any process of fact or any Security Deeps party, when date, in proceed of 3 believes days following written notice to Security Deep party, when date, in proceed of 3 believes days following written notice to Security Deep Party Of LESSON'S ROHTS, INCLUDING LESSON'S ROHTS RECOVERY POSSESSION OF THE REVENUES.
OF SECURITY DEPOSIT SHALL NOT CONSTITUTE A WAVER OF ANY OF LESSON'S ROHTS, INCLUDING LESSON'S ROHTS RECOVERY POSSESSION OF THE REVENUES.
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the commission of waste, act or acts constituting public or privac minace, under an illegal activity on the Premises by losse, where such actions continue for a privace of 3 business days following written univer to Lesse to the event that Lesser commits waste, a minace or an illegal activity a second time then, the Lesser may deter to treat such conductor.

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(b) Performance by lessee on Behalf of Lesser. In the event that neither Lessor nor Lender cures said breach within 30 days after receipt of said notice

or If having commenced said care they do not diligently pursue into completion, then Loose may elect to care unid breach at leasest eightness and offset from Rent

115 % Of the a\_nut and rea\_y Stabile cost to perform such care, provided however, that such offset shall not exceed an amount equal to the greater of one month's Bidd Rent or the Security Deposit, receiving Loose's right to reinhumenent from lessor for arry such expenses in excess of such offset. Issues shall does

Con demnation . If the Premises or any portion thereof are taken under the power of eminent domain or sold under the threat of the exercise of said power (collectively "Condemnation"), this Lease shall terminate as to the part taken \*\*of the date the condemning authority takes title or possession, whichever first occurs. If more than 10% of the floor area of the Unit, or more than 25% of the parking spaces is taken by Condemnation, Lessee may, at Lessee's option, to be exercised in

tition in value of the leasehold, the value of the part taken, or for severance damages; provided, however, that lessee shall graph. All Alterations and Utility Installations made to the Premises

amount for an artificial leave the continuous per notice amount, or a second continuous per notice and a second continuou

Each Party (as "Responding Party") shall within 10 businCSS days after written notice from the other Party (the "Requesting Party") execute, ad intal information, confirmation and/or statements as may be reasonably requested by the Requesting Party.

(a) Each Park (as "Responding Park") yatul with 10 DUSINESS days after witten notice from the other Park (be "Responding Park") yatul within 10 DUSINESS days after witten notice from the other Park (be "Responding Park") park (be "Responding Park") park (be "Responding Park") park (be "Responding Park") yatul fall to seaccute or other the Estopped Certifician within such 10 DUSINESS day protoch for Responding Parky park (be "Responding Parky yatul fall to seaccute or other the Estopped Certifician within such 10 DUSINESS day protoch for Responding Parky (be "Responding Park") park (b Accordingly she Hill the Tessee full to execute audiocolchicar a coal rested. Folloped Certificate in a firmful fedicion the monthly Base Rest shall be 21 sometically Increased with TacDontian speculate in the account of the Tessee of the Tessee of the Tessee of Tes

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he freegoing the obligations and/or consusts in this Lease to be performed by the Leases shall be binding only upon the Leases a hereinabove defined
by The imalified of any provision of this Lease, a determined by a coart of competent princision, shall be no say affect the validity of any other prov
Days. Unless otherwise specifically indicated to the contrary, the word "bay" as used In this lease shall mean and refer to calender days.
                               Emindine no Udelloy. The elliptions of Leaser ander this lease shall not constitute present elliptions of Leaser, or its pertisses, numbers, directors, effectors or shareholders, and Leaser shall look to the Premises, and to no other ances of leaser, for the use expect to this Lease.

The of Essects. Their is of the conservaint respects the performance of all colors in beginning and all colors or leasers the performance of all colors in the performance of al
22. No Frier or Other Agreements, Beach Telectrons That Lease contains all agreements between the Paries with respect to any matter executional paries and to other gives or contemporations agreement or individually adult be efficient. Lease and Leave each represent and warrant to the Bookers that it has made, and I revelying shell to query, in one in secretariage and a to describe any matter executional forms and to other gives or contemporation agreement or individually adult be efficient. Lease and Leave each represent and warrant to the transit and the same and the paries and
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shall be deemed sufficiently given if served in a manner specified in this Paragraph 23. The addresses noted at Paragraph 58. addisGORtho #P-irf, (PARAILIFI OR

Add by that Party Address to delivery or milling of colors. Either Party and the party of the colors to the colors of the party of the colors of the party o Options. New inhancing the foregoing, in order to exercise: any Options (see paragraph 39), the Notice must be sent by Certified Mail (return except requested), Exp ress Mail (signature require d), control (signature required) or some other methodology that control in the control of the boars.

24. Waivers. 10 No waiter by Loose of the Definit on Breach of any tors, convenue or condition benefity Loose, shell be deemed a variour of any other term, limit benefit of any unknown benefit to the state of the same of any other term, contains an expected of any other term, contains and the last.

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26. No Eight To Holdow: Lessure has no right to receive the continuous and the contract of the

A Comment and conditions to control of the condition of a part of the condition of the cond 29. county in which the Premises are located.

Subordination; Attornment; Non Disturbance.

Lessor's Access; Showing Premises; Repairs. Lessor and Lessor's agents shall have the right to enter the Premises at any time, in the case of an emerge ncy, and otherwise at reasonable times after 24 hours prior notice for the purpose of showing the same to prospective purchasers, or le nde rs, , and making such alterations, re pair s, Improvements or additions to the Premises as Lessor may deem necessary or desirable and the erecting, using and maintaining of uti lities, services, pipes and conduits through the Premises Signs. Lessor may place on the Pres (b) The period of time within which an Option may 'Do exercised shall not be extended or enlarged by reason of Lesse e's inshilly to exercise an Option because of the provisions of Par graph 39.4(a). (cl An Option shall terminate and be of no further force or effect, notwithstanding Lessee's due and timely exercise of the Option, if, after such exercise and prior to the commencement of the extended term or completion of the purchase, (i) Lessee fails to pay Rent to report of the commencement of the extended term or completion of the purchase, (ii) Lessee fails to pay Rent to the commencement of the extended term or completion of the purchase, (ii) Lessee fails to pay Rent to the commencement of the extended term or completion of the purchase, (ii) Lessee fails to pay Rent to the commencement of the extended term or completion of the purchase, (ii) Lessee fails to pay Rent to the commencement of the extended term or completion of the purchase, (ii) Lessee fails to pay Rent to the commencement of the extended term or completion of the purchase, (iii) Lessee fails to pay Rent to the commencement of the extended term or completion of the purchase, (iii) Lessee fails to pay Rent to the commencement of the extended term or completion of the purchase, (iii) Lessee fails to pay Rent to the commencement of the extended term or completion of the purchase fails to pay Rent to the purchase fails to the purchase fails to the purchase fails to the purchase fails to the purc

Recording lower formula (i) to grant, without the consent or Joinderof Lessee, such easements, rights and dedications that Lessor deems necessary, in to cause the recordation of parcel maps and restrictions, and (iii) to create and/or install new utility raceways, so long as such easements, rights, dications, maps, restrictions, and utility raceways do not unreasonably interfere with the use of the Prem ise s by Lessee. Lessee agrees to sign any documents reasonably requested by Lessor to effectuate such rights, and Lessee's actual reasonable costs and expenses (including attorneys' fees) incurred in the consideration or signing of such documents shall be paid by Lessor upon receipt of an invoice and

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42 Performance Under Protect. If at anytime a dispute shall arise as to any amount or sum of money to be paid by one. Party to the other under the provisions herred, the Party against whom the obligation of the control of the contr

S. Authority, Multiple Parliese. Execution.
(a) If allow Prop Names has no exposition, trust, limited liability company, patternishy, or similar entity, each had it shall cascaring this Lease on behalf of unds entity represent and warrants that he or do it shally authorized to care cate and deliver the Lease on in behalf of the contract of the cont

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J is not a subsequence of the subject premises comply with all of the applicable constructions better the subject premises comply with all of the applicable constructions related accombinity standards used used and the subject premises and actimates better the subject premises comply with all of the applicable constructions related accombinity standards used state to the subject premise comply with all of the applicable constructions of the subject premises for the subject premises for the eventual present of the subject present of the eventual present of the subject presents of the subject present and the subject presents of the subject present and the subject presents of the subject present and the subject presents of the s

have undergone as in specian by a Centified Access Specialist (CASp) and it was determined that the Premises did not meet all applicable constructions that construction that the Premises did not meet all applicable constructions that the Construction of violations of construction related accessibility and an accessibility and the Construction of violations of construction related accessibility at handles.

ib) Since co mp liance with the Amer ica ns with Disabilities Act (ADA) and other state and local access is bility statutes are dependent upon Lessee's specific use of the Premises, Lessor makes no warranty

or representation as to whether or not the Premises comply with ADA or any similar legislation. In the event that Lessee's use of the Premises requires modificat tions or additions to the Premises In order to be in compliance with ADA or other accessibility statutes, lessee agrees to make any such necessary modifications and/or additions at Lessee's expense.

LESSES WITH RESPECT TO THE PREMISES.

ATTENTION NO REPRESENTATION OR RECOMMENDATION IS MADE BY AIR CRE OR BY ANY SHOKER AS TO THE LEGAL SUPPLICENCY, LEGAL EFFECT, OR TAX CONSEQUENCES OF THIS LEASE OR THE TRANSPICTION TO WHICH IT RELATESTEE PARTIES ARE VIRIGED TO.

3. RETAY MAY BE OF COUNTIES AND THE LEGAL AND TAX CONSEQUENCES OF THIS LEGAL.

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THE CONDITION OF THE BOOF AND OPERATION SYSTEMS, COMPLIANCE WITH THE AMERICANS WITH DEABLIES ACT AND THE SUTRIBULITY OF THE PRESENCES OR LESSES INTERIOR USE.

The parties hereto have executed this Lease at the place an on the dates speel d above their respective

on <u>2—13-19</u>



February 13, 2019

Lundy Associates, LLC

Oui ckl. o gi e Corporation, a Delaware corporation, which is doi ng business in Ca l i f or ni a as Delaware Ouicklogic Corporation

2220 Lundy Avenue.

San Jose, Californi a

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A CPTIONIS TO EXTENDE

(v) The monthly rent for each month of the option period shall be calculated as follows, using the method(s) indicated below:

(Check Method(s) to be Used and Fill in Appropriate ly)

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 $\label{eq:Market Rental Value Adjustment(s) (MRV)} MRV = MRV Adjustment(s) (MRV) \\ \text{On (Fill in MRV Adjustment Date(s))} & \frac{4 / 15 / 2 \cdot 0 \cdot 2 \cdot 4}{8 + 10^{-10}} \text{ the Base Rest shall be adjusted to the "Market Re ntal Value" of the property $$ as follows:$ 

Some and Leaver shall immediately appoint a manufactory appoint agree to brade to enablish the new MEV with the event MEV and is the event MEV, so while the event MEV, while the

When determining MEV, the less see, Losse and Consultants shall consider the terms of comparable market transactions which a half include, but not limited to, rent, entited algorithm eth, whited ment, less term and feature ind condition of the name.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, the new Base Rent also I and the less than the rent puysh be for the month immediately precoding the rent adjustment.

the new MRV will become the new "Base Rent" for the purpose of calculating any further Adjustments, and

#### ADDENDUM TO STANDARD INDUSTRIAL COMMERCIAL MULTI-TENANT LEASE-NET

THIS ADDENDUM ("Addendum") is made by and between LUNDY ASSOCIATES , LLC, a California limited liability company ("Lesser"), and QUICKLOGIC CORPORATION, a Delaware corporation ("Lessee"), to be part of the certain AIR Standard Industrial/Commercial Multi-Tenant Lease - Net dated 2220 Lundy Avenue, San Jose, Santa Clara County, California. Lessor and Lessee capree that, notwithstanding anything to the contrary set forth in the Lease Form, the Lease Form is hereby modified and supplemented as set forth below. All terms with initial capital letters used herein as defined terms shall have the meanings ascribed to them in the Lease Form, unless specifically defined herein. In the event of any conflict between the terms of this Addendum, the terms of this Addendum shall govern. The Lease Form and the Addendum shall be collectively referred to as the "Lease".

Rent Schedule. Lessee shall commence paying Base Rent under the Lease on the Commencement Date, subject to abatement as set forth below.

Period	Monthly Base Rent
4/15/19 to 4/14/20	\$31,413.20
4/15/20 to 4/14/21	\$32,379.76
4/15/21 to 4/14/22	\$33,351.15
4/15/22 to 4/14/23	\$34,351.69
4/15/23 to 4/14/24	\$35,382.24

- Notwithstanding the foregoing, so long as Lessee shall not then be in default beyond applicable notice and cure periods, Lessee shall be entitled to a full abatement of Base Rent for the following periods of the Term: 9/15/19 to 10/14/19, and 9/15/20 to 10/14/20.
- 51. Agreed Use; Hazardous Substances Disclosure. Lessee may use the Premises for general office, research and development, laboratory, light manufacturing, warehouse, and shipping and receiving, and ancillary uses related thereto, and for no other purpose. Lessee's use of the Premises shall be in compliance with all Applicable Requirements. Prior to executing this Lease (or concurrently with the execution of the Lease), Lessee has completed, executed and delivered to Lessor a Hazardous Substances Disclosure Certificate ("Initial Disclosure Certificate"), a fully completed copy of which is attached hereto as Exhibit A to this Addendum and incorporated herein by this reference. The completed Hazardous Substances Disclosure Certificate shall be deemed incorporated into this Lease for all purposes, and Lessor shall be entitled to rely fully on the information contained therein. Lessee represents that, as of the Commencement Date, the list of Hazardous Substances attached as Schedule 1 to the Initial Disclosure Certificate is a complete list of all Hazardous Substances that will be brought onto the Premises, and accurately represents the quantities of such Hazardous Substances to be brought
- 52. HVAC Maintenance. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in the Lease Form, Lessee shall, at Lessee's sole cost and expense, maintain the HVAC system serving the Premises with a licensed HVAC contractor selected by Lessee. Lessee shall provide Lessor with a copy of the HVAC maintenance contract for Lessor's reasonable review and approval. Lessor and/or Lessor's representative shall have the right to enter the

Premises twice a year to inspect the HVAC system.

- 53. Management Fee. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in the Lease Form, any property management fee charged by Lessor to Lessee as a Common Area Operating Expense shall not exceed four percent (4%) of the annual Base Rent payable under the Lease.
- 54. Audit of Common Area Operating Expenses. In the event Lessee disputes the amount of the Common Area Operating Expenses set forth in a statement (each, a "Statement") delivered by Lessor to Lessee, Lessee shall have the right, but not more frequently than once during any calendar year, at Lessee's cost, after thirty (30) days prior written notice to Lessor, to have Lessee's authorized employees or agents inspect, at Lessor's office (or Lessor's property manager's office) during normal business hours, Lessor's books, records and supporting documents concerning the Common Area Operating Expenses set forth in such Statement, provided, however, Lessee shall have no right to conduct such inspection, have an audit performed by the Accountant as described below, or object to or otherwise dispute the amount of the Common Area Operating Expenses set forth in any such Statement, unless Lessor of such objection and dispute, and completes such inspection, and commences any audit within four (4) months immediately following Lessor's delivery of the particular Statement in question (the "Review Period"); provided, further, that notwithstanding any such timely objection, inspection and/or audit, and as a condition precedent to Lessee's exercise of its right of objection, dispute, inspection and/or audit as set forth in this Section 54. Lessee shall not be permitted to withhold payment of, and Lessee shall lineably to object to, the full amounts as required by the Accountant as described below. In connection with any such inspection by Lessee thall reasonably cooperate with each other so that such inspection can be performed by the Accountant as described below. In connection with any such inspection by Lessee, Lessee shall reasonably cooperate with each other so that such inspection can be performed pursuant to a mutually acceptable schedule, in an expeditious manner and without undue interference with Lessee's special payment of the Common Area Operating Expenses set forth in the Statement, Lessee shall reasonably coopera
  - Condition of Premises. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in the Lease Form, Lessor shall deliver all Building systems serving the Premises, including without limitation, the electrical, plumbing, fire sprinkler, lighting, HVAC, loading doors, and sump pumps, if any, to Lessee in good working condition, and Lessor warrants

55.

56. Tenant Improvements. Lessee shall be entitled to a one-time tenant improvement allowance (the "Tenant Improvement Allowance") in the amount of up to Twenty-Four Thousand One Hundred Sixty-Four and 00/100 Dollars (\$24,164.00) (based on\$ 1.00 per square foot in the Premises) to reimburse Lessee for the costs relating to the initial design and construction of Lessee's improvements which are permanently affixed to the interior of the Premises (other than specialty equipment or improvements) for which Lessee shall be solely responsible for cost thereof) (the "Tenant Improvements"). Lessee, through a contractor reasonably acceptable to Lessor, shall construct the Tenant Improvements, and there shall no supervision or construction management fee charged by Lessor. In no event shall Lessor be obligated to make disbursements pursuant to this Section 56 in a total amount which exceeds the Tenant Improvement Allowance. Lessee shall no be entitled to receive any cash payment or credit against Rent or otherwise for any portion of the Tenant Improvement Allowance which is not used to pay for the Tenant Improvement Allowance lems (as such term is defined below). Notwithstanding anything to the contravy contained herein, any portion of the Tenant Improvement Allowance remaining after the date that is eighteen (18) months after the Commencement Date shall be forfeited by Lessee and, consistent therewith, shall not be available for use by Lessee, and Lessor shall have no further obligation to pay the same. Lessee may use the Tenant Improvement Allowance for Elessee's hard and soft construction costs, including without limitation, architect fees, permiss, materials, labor and improvements the Premisses (the "Tenant Improvement Allowance for Elessee's submission to Lessor of lien waivers from the contractor and its sub-contractors, and delivery of final permits and a Certificate of Cocupancy. At Lessee's election, such balance of the Tenant Improvement Allowance way be paid in the form of a credit against Base Rent. certificate of occupancy. At Lessee's election, such balance of the Tenant Improvement Allowance may be paid in the form of a credit against Base Rent.

Reduction of Security Deposit.

- Reduction of:

  (a) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary provided herein, so long as Lessee is not in default of Lessee's obligations hereunder beyond applicable notice and cure periods, and so long as Lessee has a positive EBITDA margin over the prior two financial quarters (as evidenced by financial statements delivered by Lessee to Lessor at least five (5) business days prior to the first day of the month in which the abatement is to occur), the amount of the Security Deposit listed in Section 1.7(c) of the Lease Form shall be amended and reduced by an amount equal to Thirty Seven Thousand Four Hundred Eighty and 37/100 Dollars (\$37,480.37) on the first day of the 25% month of the Term.

  (b) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary provided herein, so long as Lessee is not in default of Lessee's obligations hereunder beyond applicable notice and cure periods, and so long as Lessee has a positive EBITDA margin over the prior two financial quarters (as evidenced by financial statements delivered by Lessee to Lessor at least five (5) business days prior to the first day of the month in which the abatement is to occur), the amount of the Security Deposit listed in Section 1.7(c) of the Lease Form (as such amount may already be reduced during the 25m month of the Term in accordance with the terms of Paragraph 57(a)) shall be amended an amount equal to Thirty Seven Thousand Four Hundred Eighty and 47/100 Do (837.480.37) on the first day of the 37m month of the Term. At Lessee's lection, such reduction may be given to Lessee in the form of a credit against Rent for the 37m month of the Term, and after such reduction, the Security Deposit shall equal Thirty Seven Thousand Four Hundred Eighty and 47/100 Do lolars (\$37.480.37) reduction in the Security Deposit during the 37m month of the Term pursuant to Paragraph 57(a), Lessee shall still be entitled to a \$37.480.37 reduction in the Security Deposit during the 37m month of the Term pursuant to and in accordance with the terms and conditions of this Paragraph 57(b)

Notices and Rent Payments. All notices given under the Lease shall be sent to Lessor and Lessee at the following address

58.

Lessor:

Lundy Associates, LLC 4 Navajo Place Portola Valley, CA 94028 Attention: Patty Turnquist

Lesse

The Premises

All payments of Rent and payment of the Security Deposit shall be made by wire transfer to Lessor pursuant to the wiring instructions for Lessor's bank (First Republic Bank), which may be changed by Lessor on no less than thirty (30) days' written notice to Lessee.

- 59. Option to Extend. Lessee shall be granted one (1) option to extend the lease for an additional three (3) years, in accordance with the terms and conditions of that certain AIRCR Option To Extend Standard Lease for an additional three (3) years, in accordance with the terms and conditions of that certain AIRCR Option To Extend Standard Lease for an additional three (3) years, in accordance with the terms and conditions of that certain AIRCR Option To Extend Standard Lease for an additional three (3) years, in accordance with the terms and conditions of that certain AIRCR Option To Extend Standard Lease for an additional three (3) years, in accordance with the terms and conditions of that certain AIRCR Option To Extend Standard Lease for an additional three (3) years, in accordance with the terms and conditions of that certain AIRCR Option To Extend Standard Lease for an additional three (3) years, in accordance with the terms and conditions of that certain AIRCR Option To Extend Standard Lease for a distinct of the standard Standard
- 60. Lessor Insurance. In addition to the insurance listed in Section 8 of the Lease Form, Lessor may, at Lessor's option, carry earthquake insurance and flood insurance in such commercially reasonable amounts as is customary for office bui Idings similar to the Building within the geographic area of San Jose, California, and Lessee shall reimburse Lessor for the cost of such insurance as additional Rent.
- 61. Assignment and Subletting. The following provisions shall be added to Section 12 of the LeaseForm:
  - A. Recapture Right. In the event Lessor's consent is required for the sublease or assignment of any portion of the Premises under the Lease, and Lesser requests such consent from Lessor to sublease or assign any portion of the Premises at any time during the Term, as may be extended, Lessor shall have the right to recapture such applicable portion of the Premises, and terminate the Lease as to such applicable portion of the Premises. Landlord shall have no recapture rights for a transfer pursuant to Section 61(C) below.
  - B. Boms Rent. Any excess proceeds over and above the Base Rent("Bonus Rent") received by Lessee for a sublease or assignment to a third party shall be split 50/50 between Lessor and Lessee after Lessee deducts costs reasonably incurred by Lessee, including commission, brokerage fees, reasonable legal fees, improvement costs in connection with the proposed sublease or assignment.
  - C. Affiliate Transfer and Permitted Transferee. Lessee may sublet all or a portion of the Premises or assign this Lease without the Lessor's consent but with not less than (10) business days prior written notice to Lessor (or if Lessee is precluded by applicable Federal laws or regulations from giving such prior notice, Lessee shall provide such notice within ten (10) days after the effective date of such sublease or assignment), to an Affiliate or a Permitted Transferee, provided that such sublease or assignment is not for the purpose of avoiding liability pursuant to this Lease and that the net worth of its assignee is at least equal to the net worth of the classee as of the date of this Lease. Lessee shall provide Lessors with a fully executed sublease or assignment atten (10) business days prior to the effective date of such sublease or assignment of if Lessee is precluded by applicable Federal laws or regulations from giving such prior notice, Lessee shall provide such notice within ten (10) days after the effective date of such sublease or assignment). "Affiliate" of Lessee means a person or entity "controlling," "controlled" and "control" shall have the meanings given them under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. For the purposes of the Lease, the term "Permitted Transferee" means (i) any company which purchases all or substantially all of the assets of Lessee, or (ii) any entity which acquires the stock or ownership interest in Lessee in connection with a merger, sale or consolidation.

event of damage or destruction to the Premises or the Project, Lessee waives the provisions of California Civil Code sections 1932(2) and 1933(4), and agrees that Lessee's remedies of the event of such damage or destruction shall instead be governed by the terms of this Lease."

- 63. Holding Over. The following provision is hereby added to the end of Section 26 of the Lease Form: "In the event of any holding over by Lessee after the expiration or earlier termination of the Lease, then this Lease shall be a month-to-month tenancy and Lessee shall pay rent at the rate set forth in Section 26 of the Lease; provided, however, if Lessee does not vacate the Premises after written notice from Lessor then Lessor may evict Lessee from the Premises and recover damages including consequential damages caused by wrongful holdover. Lessee shall indemnify, defend and hold harmless Lessor for any loss, cost, liability, expenses, or damages suffered by Lessor (including reasonable attorneys' fees) resulting from Lessee's failure to timely vacate the Premises."
- 64. Monument Sign. Lessee shall have right to individual signage at the Premises and the Project, and the exclusive use of the existing monument sign for the Project. All such signage shall be maintained by Lessor as part of its Common Area maintenance obligations; provided, however, Lessee shall reimburse Lessor for 100% of the cost of maintaining the monument sign. Notwithstanding the foregoing, Lessee's exclusive use of the existing monument sign for the Project shall be at Lessee's cost and expense, and subject to the terms and conditions of Section 34 of the Lease Form. All such signage shall be installed in accordance with Applicable Requirements.
- 65. Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment. All furniture, fixtures and equipment (collectively, "Furniture") existing in the Premises as of the Commencement Date listed on Exhibit C attached hereto shall remain in the Premises, and Lessee shall have the use thereof during the Term at no additional cost. Upon the expiration or earlier termination of this Lease, Lessee shall return the Furniture to Lessor in good condition and repair, reasonable wear and tear excepted. Lessee shall accept the Furniture in its "AS-IS" condition, without any warranty as to the condition or serviceability.
- 66. Site Plan of the Premises. Lessee acknowledges and agrees that the Site Plan of the Premises attached to the Lease Form is for reference purposes only, and is not to scale and should not be relied upon or used in connection with any improvements or alterations to be made by Lessee to the Premises or otherwise. Lessor makes no epresentations or warranties regarding the Site Plan or the accuracy thereof.
- 67. Keys to the Premises. Lessee shall provide Lessor and Lessor's property manager (ifrequested by Lessor) with a set of all keys to the Premises, or, in the event Lessee installs a card key access system or similar access system, a set of card keys to the Premises.
- 68. No Recordation. In no event shall Lessee record this Lease or any memorandum or short form thereof be recorded, and any violation of this covenant by Lessee shall be a default under thd.ease.

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Rules and Regulations. Lessee shall comply with the rules and regulations attached hereto as Exhibit B

during the Term of the Lease.

70. Counterparts. This Lease may be executed in multiple counterparts, each of which shall be deemed an original and all of which together shall constitute one and the same document. Signatures and initials to this Lease created by the signer by electronic means and/or transmitted by telecopy or other electronic transmission shall be valid and effective to bind the party so signing. Counterparts may be delivered via facisimile or electronic mail (including pdf or any electronic signature complying with the U.S. federal ESIGN Act of 2000, e.g., www.docusign.com or echosign, etc.) and any counterparts and binding upon the parties hereto. Each party agrees to promptly deliver an execution original to this Lease with its actual signature and initials to the other party, but a failure to do so shall not affect the enforceability of this Lease, it being expressly agreed that each party to this Lease shall be one electronically created and/or telecopied or electronically transmitted signature and initials and shall accept the electronically created and/or telecopied or electronically

transmitted signature and initials of the other party to this Lease.

#### IN WITNESS WHEREOF, LESSOR AND LESSEE HAVE EXECUTED THIS ADDENDUM AS OF THE DATE SET FORTH ABOVE.

Les

By: Its:

Lessee: QUICKLOGIC CORPORATION,
a Delaware corporation, doing business as Delaware Quicklogic Corporation

By: Its:

Date:

#### EXHIBIT A

#### HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES DISCLOSURE CERTIFICATE

Lessee's cooperation in this matter is appreciated. Initially, the information provided by you in this Hazardous Substances Disclosure Certificate is necessary for the Lessor to evaluate your proposed uses of the Premises. If the Lease is signed by Lessee and Lessor, Lessee agrees to provide on an annual basis to Lessor an updated Hazardous Substances Disclosure Certificate if the information initially provided by Lessee in this certificate changes over the course of the Term of the Lease. Any questions regarding list certificate should be directed to, and when complet ed, the certificate should be delivered to the Lessor at the address set forth in the Lease:

Name of (Prospective) Lessee: QUICKLOGIC CORPORA TTON

Mailing Address:

Contact Person, Title and Telephone Number(s):

Contact Person for Hazardous Waste Materials Management and Manifests and Telephone Number(s):

Address of (Prospective) Premises:

Length of (Prospective) initial Term:

1. GENERAL INFORMATION:

Describe the proposed operations to take place in, on, or about the Premises, including, without limitation, principal products processed, manufactured or assembled, and services and activities to be provided or otherwise conducted. Existing tenants should describe any proposed changes to on-going operations.

2. USE, STORAGE AND DISPOSAL OF HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES

Will any Hazardous Substances (as hereinafter defined) be used, generated, treated, stored or disposed of in, on or about the Premises? Existing tenants should describe any Hazardous Substances which continue to be used, generated, treated, stored or disposed of in, on or about the Premises.

Wastes Yes □ No **D** Yes □ No □ Yes □ No □

Chemical Products Other

If Yes is marked, please explain:

		2.2	If Yes is marked in Section 2.1, attach a list of any Hazardous Substances to be used, generated, tre and an estimate of the quantities of such Hazardous Substances to be present on or about the Premi storage (excluding nominal amounts of ordinary household cleaners and janitorial supplies which location(s) and method(s) of treatment or disposal for each Hazardous Substance, including, the est attach a list setting forth the information requested above and such list should include actual data fre prior year's certificate.	ses at any given time; estimated annual throughput; the are not regulated by any Environmental Laws, as he imated frequency, and the proposed contractors or su	ne proposed location(s) and method of dereinafter defined); and the proposed boontractors. Existing tenants should
3.			STORAGE TANKS AND SUMPS		
			or below ground storage or treatment of gasoline, diesel, petroleum, or other Hazardous Substances in tosed activities.	anks or sumps proposed in, on or about the Premises?	Existing tenants should describe any such
		Yes 🗆 No [	1		
		If yes, please	explain:_	=	
4.			WASTE MANAGEMENT		
		4.1	Has your company been issued an EPA Hazardous Waste Generator I.D. Number? Existing tenants sh	ould describe any additional identification numbers iss	sued since the previous certificate.
			Yes □ No □		
	4.2		your company filed a biennial or quarterly reports as a hazardous waste generator? ats should describe any new reports filed.		
		Yes □ No [	1		
		If yes, attach	a copy of the most recent report filed.		
5.		WASTEWA	TER TREATMENT AND DISCHARGE		
	5.1	Wil	your company discharge wastewater or other wastes to:		
			storm drain?	sewer?	
			surface water?	_	o wastewater or other wastes discharged.
			Existing tenants should indicate any actual discharges. If so, describe the nature of any proposed or a		o wastewater of other wastes discharged.

Will any such wastewater or waste be treated beforedischarge?

5.2

	If yes, describe the type of treatment proposed to be conducted. Existing tenants should describe the actual treatment conducted.
	AIR DISCHARGES
6.1	Do you plan for any air filtration systems or stacks to be used in your company's operations in, on or about the Premises that will discharge into the air; and will such air emissions be monitored? Existing tenants should indicate whether or not there are any such air filtration systems or stacks in use in, on or about the Premises which discharge into the air and whether such air emissions are being monitored.
	Yes D No □
	If yes, please explain:
6.2	Do you propose to operate any of the following types of equipment, or any other equipment requiring an air emissions permit? Existing tenants should specify any such equipment being operated in, on or about the Premises.
	Spray booth(s) Incinerator(s)
	Dip tank(s) Other (Please describe)
	Drying oven(s) No Equipment Requiring Air Permits
	If yes, please explain:
6.3	Please describe (and submit copies of with this Hazardous Substances Disclosure Certificate) any reports you have filed in the past thirty-six months with any governmental or quasi-governmental agencies or authorities related to air discharges or clean air requirements and any such reports which have been issued during such period by any such agencies or authorities with respect to you or your business operations.
	HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES DISCLOSURES
7.1	Has your company prepared or will it be required to prepare a Hazardous Substances management plan ("Management Plan") or Hazardous Substances Business Plan and Inventory ("Business Plan") pursuant to Fire Department or other governmental or regulatory agencies' requirements? Existing tenants should indicate whether or not a Management Plan is required and has been prepared.

If yes, attach a copy of the Management Plan or Business Plan. Existing tenants should attach a copy of any required updates to the Management Plan or Business Plan.

Yes  $\square$  No  $\square$ 

Yes □ No □

	7.2	Are any of the Hazardous Substances, and in particular chemicals, proposed to be used in your operations in, on or about the Premises listed or regulated under Proposition 65? Existing tenants should indicate whether or not there are any new Hazardous Substances being so used which are listed or regulated under Proposition 65.
		Yes □ No □
		If yes, please explain:
8.		ENFORCEMENT ACTIONS AND COMPLAINTS
	8.1	With respect to Hazardous Substances or Environmental Laws, has your company ever been subject to any agency enforcement actions, administrative orders, or consent decrees or has your company received requests for information, notice or demand letters, or any other inquiries regarding its operations? Existing tenants should indicate whether or not any such actions, orders or decrees have been, or are in the process of being, undertaken or if any such requests have been received.
		Yes <b>D</b> No □
		If yes, describe the actions, orders or decrees and any continuing compliance obligations imposed as a result of these actions, orders or decrees and also describe any requests, notices or demands, and attach a copy of all such documents. Existing tenants should describe and attach a copy of any new actions, orders, decrees, requests, notices or demands not already delivered to Lessor pursuant to the Lesse.
	8.2	Have there ever been, or are there now pending, any lawsuits against your company regarding any environmental or health and safetyconcerns?
		Yes □ No □
		If yes, describe any such lawsuits and attach copies of the complaint(s), cross-complaint(s), pleadings and other documents related thereto as requested by Lessor. Existing tenants should describe and attach a copy of any new complaint(s), cross-complaint(s), pleadings and other related documents not already delivered to Lessor pursuant to the Lease.
	8.3	Have there been any problems or complaints from adjacent tenants, owners or other neighbors at your company's current facility with regard to environmental or health and safety concerns? Existing tenants should indicate whether or not there have been any such problems or complaints from adjacent tenants, owners or other neighbors at, about or near the Premises and the current status of any such problems or complaints.
		Yes D No $\square$

If yes, please describe. Existing tenants should describe any such problems or complaints not already disclosed to Lessor under the provisions of the signed Lease and the current status of any such problems or complaints.

#### 9. PERMITS AND LICENSES

Attach copies of all permits and licenses issued to your company with respect to its proposed operations in, on or about the Premises, including, without limitation, any Hazardous Substances permits, wastewater discharge permits, air emissions permits, and use permits or approvals. Existing tenants should attach copies of any new permits and licenses as well as any renewals of permits or licenses previously issued.

As used herein, "Hazardous Substances" shall have the meaning given to such terms in the Lease. "Environmental Laws" means all laws, regulations and ordinances governing Hazardous Substances.

The undersigned hereby acknowledges and agrees that this Hazardous Substances Disclosure Certificate is being delivered to Lessor in connection with the evaluation of a Lease and, if such Lease is executed, will be attached thereto as an exhibit. The undersigned further acknowledges and agrees that if such Lease is executed, this Hazardous Substances Disclosure Certificate will be updated from time to time in accordance with the Lease. The undersigned further acknowledges and agrees that the Lessor and its partners, lenders and representatives may rely upon the statements, representations, warranties, and certifications made herein and the truthfulness thereof in entering into the Lease and the continuance thereof throughout the term, and any renewals thereof, of the Lease.

Lessee hereby certifies, represents and warrants that the information contained in this certificate is true and correct.

LESSEE:

QUICKLOGIC CORPORATION
<a href="https://doi.org/10.1007/journal.com/">Chief Financial Officer</a>

Title:

#### EXHIBIT B

#### RULES AND REGULA TIONS

The terms, conditions and provisions of this Exhibit Bare hereby incorporated into and are made a part of the Lease. Any capitalized terms used herein and not otherwise defined herein shall have the meaning ascribed to such terms as set forth in the Lease.

1. Except as set forth in the Lease, no advertisement, picture or sign of any sort shall be displayed on or outside the Premises or the Building without the prior written consent of Lessor, which shall not be unreasonably withheld, conditioned or delayed. Lessor shall have the right to remove any such unapproved item without notice and at Lessee's expense.

2.Lessee shall not regularly park motor vehicles in designated parking areas after the conclusion of Lessee's normal daily business activity.

3.Lessee shall not use any method of heating or air conditioning other than that supplied by Lessor without the prior written consent of Lessor.

4.All window coverings installed by Lessee and visible from the outside of the Building require the prior written approval of Lessor, which shall not be unreasonably withheld, conditioned ordelayed.

5. Lessee shall not use, keep or permit to be used or kept any foul or noxious gas or substance or any flammable or combustible materials on or around the Premises, the Building or the Project.

6.Lessee shall not alter any lock or install any new locks or bolts on any door at the Premises without the prior consent of Lessor, which shall not be unreasonably withheld, conditioned or delayed. Lessee shall be permitted to install a card access or other security system at Lessee's sole cost and expense.

7.Lessee agrees not to make any duplicate keys without the prior consent of Lessor, which shall not be unreasonably withheld, conditioned ordelayed.

8. Lessee shall park motor vehicles in those general parking areas as designated by Lessor except for loading and unloading. During those periods of loading and unloading, Lessee shall not unreasonably interfere with traffic flow within the Project.

9.No person shall go on the roof without Lessor's permission, which permission shall not be unreasonably withheld, conditioned ordelayed.

10. Business machines and mechanical equipment belonging to Lessee which cause noise or vibration that may be transmitted to the structure of the Building to such a degree as to be objectionable to Lessor or neighboring properties, shall be placed and maintained by Lessee, at Lessee's expense, on vibration eliminators or other devices sufficient to eliminate noise or vibration.

11. All goods, including material used to store goods, delivered to the Premises of Lessee shall be immediately moved into the Premises and shall not be left in parking or receiving areasyemight.

12. Except as set forth in the Lease, Lessee is responsible for the storage and removal of all trash and refuse. All such trash and refuse shall be contained in suitable receptacles stored behind screened enclosures at locations approved by Lessor.

13. Lessee shall not store or permit the storage or placement of goods, or merchandise or pallets or equipment of any sort outside of the Premises nor in or around the Building, or the Project.

14. Lessee shall not permit any animals (other than seeing eye dogs), including, but not limited to, any household pets, to be brought or kept in or about the Premises, the Building, the Project or any of the Common Areas of the foregoing.

15. Neither Lessee nor any of Lessee's employees, invitees, contractors or agents shall smoke in the Building or in the area in front of the entrance to the Building. Smoking shall only be permitted outside in the back area in Lessor's designated smoking area.

16.Lessee shall not pennit any motor vehicles to be washed on any portion of the Premises or in the Project, nor shall Lessee permit mechanical work or maintenance of motor vehicles to be performed on any portion of the Premises or the Project.

# EXHIBIT C LIST OF FURNITURE

#### Conference Room:

large granite conference table IO conference chairs

#### Recep tion Area:

custom built reception desk 2 upholstered "guest" chairs small corner table bookshelf

#### Warehouse

floor level fork lift elevated fork lift metal caging

#### SITE PLAN DEPICTING PREMISES



\* Floor plan not to scale

2220 Lundy Avenue San Jose, CA
Approx. 24,16-1 RSF
(including Tenant's pro rata share of electrical room)

DISCLOSURE REGARDING REAL ESTATE AGENCY RELATIONSHIPS (Page 1 of 2) (as required by the Civil Code)

DISCLOSURE FORM NEEDS TO BE COMPLETED AND PROVIDED AS FOLLOWS:

a) Listing Agent to the Seller before entering into a listing agreement;
 buyer's Agent to the Seller before presenting an offer;

before entering into a listing agreement;
b) Buyer's Agent to the Buyer as soon as practicable before signing an offer;
before presenting an offer;
d) Listing Agent, when acting as a dual agent, to the Buyer as soon as practicable before the Buyer as and the super are defined by the Civil Code to Include a Lessor and Lessee, respectively.

When you enter into a discussion with a real estate agent regarding a real estate transaction, you should from the outset understand what type of agency relationship you wish to have with the agent(s) in the transaction.

SELLER'S AGENT
A Seller's agent under a listing agreement with the Selleracts as the agent for the Seller only. A Seller's agent or a subagent of that agent has the following affirmative obligations:

To the Seller: A fiduciary duty of utmost care, integrity, honesty, and loyalty in dealings with the Seller.

To the Buyer and the Seller: (a) Diligent exercise of reasonable skill and care in performance of the agen'ts duties; (b) A duty of honest and fair dealing and good faith;
(a) A duty to disclose all facts known to the agent materially affecting the value or desirability of the Property that are not known to, or within the diligent attention and observation of, the parties. An agent is not obligated to reveal to either party any confidential information obtained from the other party that does not involve the affirmative duties set forther.

BUYER'S AGENT

A selling agent can, with a Buyer's consent, agree to act as agent for the Buyer only. In these situations, the agent is not the Seller's agent, even if by agreement the agent may

ompensation for services rendered, either in full or in part from the Seller. An agent acting only for a Buyer has the following affirmative obligations:

To the Buyer: A fiduciary duty of utmost care, integrity, honesty, and loyalty in dealings with the Buyer.

To the Buyer and the Seller: (a) Diligent exercise of reasonable skill and care in performance of the agent's duties; (b) A duty of honest and fair dealing and good faith; (c) A duty to disclose all facts known to the agent materially affecting the value or desirability of the Property that are not known to, or within the diligent attention and observation of, the parties. An agent is not obligated to reveal to either party any confidential information obtained from the other party that does not involve the affirmative duties set forth above.

AGENT REPRESENTING BOTH SELLER AND BUYER

A real estate agent, either acting directly or through one or more associatelicensees, can legally be the agent of both the Seller and the Buyer in a transaction, but only with the knowledge and consent of both the Seller and the Buyer.

In a dual agency situation, the agent has the following affirmative obligations to both the Seller and the Buyer:
(a) A fludicary duty of utmost care, integrity, honesty, and loyalty in dealings with either the Seller or the Buyer
(b) Other duties to the Seller and the Buyer as stated above in their respective sections.

enting both Seller and Buyer, the agent may not, without the express permission of the respective party, disclose to the other party that the Seller will accept a price less than the listing price or that the Buyer will pay a price greater that the price offered.

The above duties of the agent in a real estate transaction do not relieve a Seller or Buyer from the responsibility to protect his or her own interests. You should carefully read all agreements to assure that they adequately express your understanding of the transaction A real estate agent is a person qualified to advise about real estate. If legal or tax advice is desired, consult a competent professional.

Throughout your real property transaction you may receive more than one disclosure fonn, depending upon the number of agents assisting in the transaction. The law requires each agent with whom you have more than acasual relationship to present you with this disclosure form. You should read its contents each time it is presented to you, considering the relationship between you and the real estate agent in your specific transaction.

This disclosure form includes the provisions of Section 2079.13 to 2079.24, inclusive, of the Civil Code set forth on the reverse side hereof. Read it carefully.

If the transaction involves one-to-four dwelling residential property(s), including a mobile home, this Disclosure form must be provided in a listing, sale, exchange, installment land contract or lease over one year.

I/WE ACKNOWLEDGE RECEIPT OF A COPY OF THIS DISCLOSURE AND THE PORTIONS OF THE CIVIL CODE PRINTED ON THE BACK (OR A SEPARATE PAGE).

#### ARTICLE 2, CHAPTER 3 OF TITLE 6 OF PART 4 OF DIVISION 3 OF THE CIVIL CODE

a used in Sections 2079.1 to 2079.24, inclusive, the following terms have the following meanings:

"Agent" means a person acting under provisions offilities (commencing with Section 2295) is a real property transaction, and includes a person who is licensed as a real estate broker under Chapter 3 (commencing with Section 10130) of Part 1 of Division 4 of the Business and Professions Code, and under whose license all sings is executed or an office to purchase is obtained.

"Associate licenseer" means a person who is licensed as a real estate broker or selection to 10130) of Part 1 of Division 4 of the Business and Professions Code and who is either idensed under a broker or base indeed into a witner contact with a broker for attain to comection with active the case is not broker's agent in the real property transaction. The real property transaction is the capacity of an associate licensee who perform as agents of the agent. When an associate licensee ones a duly to any principal, or a sell profession in the capacity of an associate licensee. The agent in the real property transaction and the duly is equivalent to the duly owed to that perty by the broker for whom it was a compact to the duly owed to that perty by the broker for whom it was a real property transaction. The duly is equivalent to the duly owed to that perty by the broker for whom a real property transaction. The duly is equivalent to the duly owed to that perty by the broker for whom a real property transaction. The duly is equivalent to the duly owed to that perty by the broker for whom a real property transaction. The duly is equivalent to the duly owed to that perty by the broker for whom a real property transaction. The duly is equivalent to the duly owed to that perty by the broker for whom a real property transaction. The duly is equivalent to the duly owed to that perty by the broker for whom a real property transaction. The duly is equivalent to the duly owed to that perty by the broker for whom a real property transaction. The duly is equ (b)

(0) "Commercial real property means all real property in the state, except single-locity residential real property, dwelling units made subject to Chapter 2 (commencing with Section 1940) or Title 5, noblehomes, as defined in Section 798.3, or recreasional vehicles, as defined in Section 798.3, or recreasional vehicles, as defined in Section 1940 or Title 5, noblehomes, as defined in Section 1940 or Title 5, no

Select includes both a vendor and a lessor.

Selling agent 7 means a listing agent 7 mo acts alone, or an agent who acts in cooperation with a listing ac-lent, and who sells or finds and obtains a buyer for the real property, or an agent

This contractive for a buyer or who finds a buyer for a property for which no listing exists and presents an offer to purchase to the seller.

Subagent means a person to whom an agent delegates agency powers as provided in Article 5 (commencing with Section 2349) of Chapter 1 of Title 9. However, "subagent does not include an associate licensee who is acting under the supervision of an agent in a real (p)

Subalger/ meants a person to whom an agent ceegates agency powers as provised in Andrea S (commencing with Section 2-44) or Chapter 1 or 1 line V. However, studgert code not route an associate icontese who is acting under the supervision or an agent an a rear provised in the self-or agent. If any shall provide the disclosure form to the self-or agent and the self-or agent code not call on a face-t-f-or the self-or agent code not call on a face-t-f-or the self-or agent code not call on a face-t-f-or the self-or agent code not call on a face-t-f-or the self-or agent code not call on a face-t-f-or the self-or agent code not call on a face-t-f-or the self-or agent code not call on a face-t-f-or the self-or agent code not call on a face-t-f-or the self-or agent code not call on a face-t-f-or the self-or agent code not call on a face-t-f-or the self-or agent code not call on a face-t-f-or the self-or agent code not call on the self-or agent code not cal

rom the buyer.

Illing agents shall provide the seller and buyer in a real property transaction with acopy of the disclosure form specified in Section 2079.16, and, except as provided in subdivision and acknowledgment of receipt from that seller or buyer, except as provided in this section or Section 2079.15, as follows:

ant to Section 2079.14, the agent, or an associate Hoensee acting for an agent, shall set forth, sign, and date a written declaration of the facts of the refusal

In any circumstance in which the seller or buyer refuses to sign an advory-4edgement of receipt pursuant to Section 2079.14, the agent, or an associate Heensee acting for an agent, snatiset from, sign, and user or written execution of the first form.

(a) As soon as practicable, the selling agent shall disclose to the buyer and seller whether the selling agent is acting in the real property transaction exclusively as the buyer's agent, exclusively as the seller's agent, or as a dual agent representing both the buyer and senier. This relationship shall be confirmed in the contract to purchase and sell real property or in a separate writing executed or advanting agent from the ordinder with execution of that contract by the buyer and the seller, respectively.

(b) As soon as practicable, the listing agent shall disclose to the seller whether the listing agent is acting in the real property transaction exclusively as the seller's agent or as a dual agent.

representing both the buyer and the seller. This relationship shall be confirmed in the contract to purchase and sell real property or in a separate writing executed or acknowledged by the seller and the listing agent prior to or coincident with the execution of that contract by the seller. The confirmation required by subdivisions (a) and (b) shall be in the following form:

DO NOT COMPLETE, SAMPLE ONLY is the agent of (check one): **D** the seller oxdus:...oly: or **D** both the buyer and libr seler. **D** the buyer e-celus;...ely

The disclosures and confirmation required by this section shall be in addition to the disclosure required by Section 2079.14.

No selling agent in a real property transaction may act as an agent for the buyer only, when the selling agent is also acting as the Isting agent is also acting as the Isting agent and a selling agent and a selling agent may agree to share any compensation or the compensation or commission paid, or any right to any compensation or commission by which an obligation able as the result of a sell-desire transaction, and the terms or any such agreement shall not necessarily be determinative of a particular relationship.

A dual agent shall not disclose to the buyer. This section does not alter in any way the duty or responsibility of a dual agent to any principal with the separation of the previous and the compensation of the compensa

# AGENCY CONFIRMATION

Property Address:

2220 Lundy Ave., San Jose, CA

The following agency relationship(s) is/are hereby confirmed for this specific transaction:

Colliers International is the agent of (check one):

The Subtemposition of the Buyer/Lessee/Subtessee exclusively; or

Both the Buyer/Lessee/Sublessee and the Seller/Lessor/Sublessor.

#### **DUAL AGENCY AGREEMENT**

As agreed by the parties to the sale or lease transaction, Colliers International and the Agent(s) identified below (Colliers and the identified agent(s) are referred lo collectively as "Agent") are serving in a dual agency capacity, representing both the Seller/Lessor and the Buyer/Lessee for the sale or lease of the Property. The undersigned parties acknowledge that they were informed of the possibility of this type of representation and that they are authorized to execute this Dual Agency Agreement on behalf of the below named Seller/Lessor and Buyer/Lessee.

Seller/Lesso:r Seller/Lesso'rs Agent: Buyer/Lessee: Buyer/Lessee 's Agent: Property.

Lundy Asso ciates, LLC

Joe Elliot

QuickLogic Corporation

<u>JeffNochimson</u>

2220 Lundy Ave., San Jose, CA

The Seller/Lessor and Buyer/Lessee consent to and authorize Colliers International to engage in this dual agency, with the understanding that Agent will handle these responsibilities in the manner described in this agreement:

- In the negotiation of a sale or lease, Agent shall not disclose the best terms upon which Buyer/Lessee is willing to purchase or lease the Property, unless authorized to do so by the Buyer/Lessee. Similarly, Agent shall not disclose the best terms upon which the Seller/Lessor is willing to sell or lease the Property, unless authorized to do so by the Seller/Lessor.
- It is acknowledged and agreed that Agent's disclosure responsibilities to Buyer/Lessee will be met by Agent's disclosure to Buyer/Lessee of all material facts provided by Seller/Lessor or known by Agent and that Agent has not undertaken to investigate the Property or to verify the accuracy of the information provided by Seller/Lessor. Both Seller/Lessor and Buyer/Lessee acknowledge that Expert Matters are to be addressed by the parties and not by Agent.

Each of the undersigned parties acknowledges the above understanding and consent to Agent's service as a du on behalf of b9 h Seller/Lessor and Buyer/Lessee. Buyer/Lessee: Authorized Signature

Buyer/Lessee: Authorized Signature Date

Seller/Lessor: Authorized Signature Date Buyer/Lessee: Pn'nted Name of Signer

Seller/Lessor: Printed Name of Signer

Buver/Lessee: Printed NameoSigner

#### DISCLOSURES EXPERT MATTERS AND RESPONSIBILITIES OF PARTIES

The following is intended to describe the responsibilities undertaken by Colliers International (Broker) and by Client with regard to disclosure issues and expert matters as described below:

EXPERT MATTERS: There are a number of potentially significant matters related to commercial properties, which may be material to a particular transaction, the evaluation of which would require specialized expertise which is beyond the expertise and/or responsibility of the Broker ("Expert Matters;. Broker recommends that parties to a potential lease or sale transaction obtain the advice of qualified professionals and experts prior to the consummation of any transation. Parties to a sale or lease transaction should not and will not rely on Broker with regard to Expert Matters, but instead will rely entirely on their own investigation and those of qualified professionals and experts.

Expert Matters may include, but are not limited to, the following: the use, generation, storage or presence of hazardous or toxic substances and underground storage tanks; natural hazards, such as fire, flood, or earthquake; building safety and structural integrity of roof, walls, and foundations or any improvements located on the Property; operation or condition of mechanical, plumbing, utility or life safety systems; "clean rooms" (including, but not limited to, classification, operation and/or condition); mold, fungus, water damage, or effects of moisture; compliance with Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA); compliance with building, zoning and fire codes; tax, accounting, or legal effects or consequences of the proposed transaction; survey, linear or area measurements of the Property; availability and/or adequacy of utilities and utility connections and panels, adequacy, availability and condition of sewer lines and/or connections, public transportation, or other infrastructure; zoning and permitted land uses; insurance policies and premiums; architectural design or engineering; geotechnical/soil condition; termites or other pests or rodents; statements of income and expense or other financial statements; the financial soundness of a prospective tenant or subtenant; condition of title; or existing taxes, assessments or liens.

Broker has no responsibility to, has not made and will not make an independent investigation or determination with respect to any Expert Matters. Any information communicated by Broker regarding any of the Expert Matters arises from third party sources and has not been and will not be independently verified by Broker.

DISCLOSURES: Owners of real estate must comply with California law for the disclosure of any and all known material facts concerning their property to prospective tenants or buyers as well as any other items required by California law. To meet this requirement, Broker recommends that Owners of real estate obtain legal advice from a qualified legal professional. Broker shall have no responsibility for property disclosures beyond the delivery and/or disclosure of infonnation provided by the Owner or known to the Broker. Parties to a sale or lease transaction should not and will not rely on Broker with regard to matters of disclosure required by Owners, but instead will rely entirely on their own investigation and that of qualified professionals and experts.

Matters requiring disclosure may include, but are not limited to, the following: Natural Hazard Disclosures (including whether or not the property is located in a flood hazard area, fire hazard severity zone, forest fire risk area, earthquake fault zone, or a seismic hazard zone), toxic mold disclosures, known material defects, presence or proximity to hazardous materials, compliance with the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA), compliance with zoning laws, whether or not the property is clasted in a special tax zone {such as a Mello-Roos Community Facilities District) or a special assessment district, as well as historic energy use and the existence and results of Certified Access Specialist (CASp) inspections.

February 13, 2019 Date

Joe Elliott
Associate Licensee: Printed Name
Clfent: Authorized Signature

Client: Printed Name of Signer

 $D \ {\it Client and Broker agree that the foregoing shall be an Addendum that is expressly made a part of and incorporated into that certain} \\$ 

written agreement between the parties entiUed\_ dated\_ and that the specific provisions set forth herein shall control over and supersede any inconsistent provisions contained therein or in any other form of agreement which is contemporaneously entered into by these parties relating to the Property.

#### QUICKLOGIC CORPORATION

#### 2019 STOCK PLAN

- 1. <u>Purposes of the Plan.</u> The purposes of this 2019 Stock Plan are:
  - to attract and retain the best available personnel for positions of substantial responsibility;
  - · to provide additional incentive to Employees, Directors and Consultants; and
  - to promote the success of the Company's business.

Options granted under the Plan may be Incentive Stock Options or Nonstatutory Stock Options, as determined by the Administrator at the time of grant. Stock Appreciation Rights, Restricted Stock and Restricted Stock Units may also be granted under the Plan.

- 2. Definitions. As used herein, the following definitions shall apply:
  - (a) "Administrator" means the Board or any Committee as shall be administering the Plan, in accordance with Section 4 of the Plan.
- (b) "Applicable Laws" means the requirements relating to the administration of equity-based awards under U. S. state corporate laws, U.S. federal and state securities laws, the Code, any stock exchange or quotation system on which the Common Stock is listed or quoted and the applicable laws of any foreign country or jurisdiction where Awards are, or will be, granted under the Plan.
- (c) "Award" means, individually or collectively, a grant under the Plan of Options, Stock Appreciation Rights, Restricted Stock or Restricted Stock Units.
- (d) "Award Agreement" means the written or electronic agreement setting forth the terms and provisions applicable to each Award granted under the Plan. The Award Agreement is subject to the terms and conditions of the Plan and the Notice of Grant.
  - (e) "Board" means the Board of Directors of the Company.
- (f) "Code" means the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended. Any reference to a section of the Code herein shall be a reference to any successor or amended section of the Code.
- (g) "Committee" means a committee of Directors or other individuals satisfying Applicable Laws appointed by the Board in accordance with Section 4 of the Plan.
  - (h) "<u>Common Stock</u>" means the common stock of the Company.
  - (i) "Company" means QuickLogic Corporation, a Delaware corporation.
  - (j) "Consultant" means any person, including an advisor, engaged by the Company or a Parent or Subsidiary to render services to such entity.
  - (k) "<u>Director</u>" means a member of the Board.

(m) "Employee" means any person, including Officers and Directors, employed by the Company or any Parent or Subsidiary of the Company. A Service Provider shall not cease to be an Employee in the case of (i) any leave of absence approved by the Company or (ii) transfers between locations of the Company or between the Company, its Parent, any Subsidiary, or any successor. For purposes of Incentive Stock Options, no such leave may exceed three (3) months, unless reemployment upon expiration of such leave is guaranteed by statute or contract. If reemployment upon expiration of a leave of absence approved by the Company is not so guaranteed, then six (6) months following the first (1st) day of such leave, any Incentive Stock Option held by the Optionee shall cease to be treated as an Incentive Stock Option and shall be treated for tax purposes as a Nonstatutory Stock Option. Neither service as a Director nor payment of a director's fee by the Company shall be sufficient to constitute "employment" by the Company.

"Disability" means total and permanent disability as defined in Section 22(e)(3) of the Code.

(n) "Exchange Act" means the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.

(1)

- (o) "Fair Market Value" means, as of any date, the value of Common Stock determined as follows:
- (i) If the Common Stock is listed on any established stock exchange or a national market system, including without limitation the Nasdaq Global Market, the Nasdaq Global Select Market or the Nasdaq Capital Market, its Fair Market Value shall be the closing sales price for such stock (or the closing bid, if no sales were reported) as quoted on such exchange or system for the last market trading day on or before the day of determination, as reported in *The Wall Street Journal* or such other source as the Administrator deems reliable;
- (ii) If the Common Stock is regularly quoted by a recognized securities dealer but selling prices are not reported, the Fair Market Value of a Share of Common Stock shall be the mean between the high bid and low asked prices for the Common Stock on the last market trading day on or before the day of determination, as reported in *The Wall Street Journal* or such other source as the Administrator deems reliable; or
- (iii) In the absence of an established market for the Common Stock, the Fair Market Value shall be determined in good faith by the Administrator.
- (p) "Incentive Stock Option" means an Option that by its terms qualifies and is otherwise intended to qualify as an incentive stock option within the meaning of Section 422 of the Code and the regulations promulgated thereunder.
  - (q) "Nonstatutory Stock Option" means an Option that by its terms does not qualify or is not intended to qualify as an Incentive Stock Option.
- (r) "Notice of Grant" means a written or electronic notice evidencing certain terms and conditions of an individual Award. The Notice of Grant is part of the Award Agreement.
- (s) "Officer" means a person who is an officer of the Company within the meaning of Section 16 of the Exchange Act and the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder.
  - (t) "Option" means a stock option granted pursuant to the Plan.
- (u) "Option Agreement" means an agreement between the Company and an Optionee evidencing the terms and conditions of an individual Option grant. The Option Agreement is subject to the terms and conditions of the Plan and the Notice of Grant.

price.	(v)	"Option Exchange Program" means a program whereby outstanding Options are surrendered in exchange for Options with a lower exercise
	(w)	"Optioned Stock" means the Common Stock subject to an Award.
	(x)	"Optionee" means the holder of an outstanding Option granted under the Plan.
	(y)	"Parent" means a "parent corporation," whether now or hereafter existing, as defined in Section 424(e) of the Code.
	(z)	"Participant" means the holder of an outstanding Award granted under the Plan.
Participant w	(aa) with respect to an Awar	"Performance Goals" means the goal(s) (or combined goal(s)) determined by the Administrator (in its discretion) to be applicable to a rd.
	(bb)	"Plan" means this QuickLogic Corporation 2019 Stock Plan.
early exercis	(cc) e of an Option.	"Restricted Stock" means Shares issued pursuant to an Award of Restricted Stock under Section 12 of the Plan, or issued pursuant to the
terms and rea	11.0	"Restricted Stock Purchase Agreement" means a written or electronic agreement between the Company and the Participant evidencing the Shares purchased under a Restricted Stock award. The Restricted Stock Purchase Agreement is subject to the terms and conditions of the Plan
to Section 13	(ee) 3. Each Restricted Stoo	"Restricted Stock Unit" means a bookkeeping entry representing an amount equal to the Fair Market Value of one Share, granted pursuant ck Unit represents an unfunded and unsecured obligation of the Company.
and restriction of Grant.	(ff) ons applying to an indi-	"Restricted Stock Unit Agreement" means a written or electronic agreement between the Company and the Participant evidencing the terms vidual grant of Restricted Stock Units. The Restricted Stock Unit Agreement is subject to the terms and conditions of the Plan and the Notice
respect to the	(gg) e Plan.	"Rule 16b-3" means Rule 16b-3 of the Exchange Act or any successor to Rule 16b-3, as in effect when discretion is being exercised with
	(hh)	"Section 16(b)" means Section 16(b) of the Exchange Act.
	(ii)	"Service Provider" means an Employee, Director or Consultant.
	(jj)	"Share" means a share of the Common Stock, as adjusted in accordance with Section 15 of the Plan.
designated as	(kk) s a SAR.	"Stock Appreciation Right" or "SAR" means an Award, granted alone or in connection with a related Option, that pursuant to Section 11 is
terms and re-	(11) strictions applying to S	"Stock Appreciation Right Agreement" means a written or electronic agreement between the Company and the Participant evidencing the Shares purchased under a SAR. The Stock Appreciation Right Agreement is subject to the terms and conditions of the Plan and the Notice of
	(mm)	"Subsidiary" means a "subsidiary corporation", whether now or hereafter existing, as defined in Section 424(f) of the Code.

# 3. Stock Subject to the Plan.

(a)	Subject to the provisions of Section 15 of the Plan, the maximum aggregate number of Shares which may be awarded and sold under the
Plan is 357,143 Shares plus any	Shares subject to any outstanding options or other awards granted under the Company's 2009 Stock Plan (the "2009 Plan") that expire, are
forfeited, cancelled, returned to the	e Company for failure to satisfy vesting requirements, settled for cash or otherwise terminated without payment being made thereunder. Any
Shares that again become availab	le for grant will be added back as one share to the Plan share reserve. The Shares may be authorized, but unissued, or reacquired Commor
Stock. Following approval of this	Plan by the Company's stockholders, no further awards will be granted pursuant to the Company's 2009 Plan.

(b)	Lapsed Awards.	If an Award expires or becomes	unexercisable without have	ving been exercised in full, or	with respect to Restric	ted Stock or
Restricted Stock Units, is forfe	ited to or repurchased	by the Company due to failure	to vest, the unpurchased or	unissued Shares (or for Awar	ds other than Options of	or SARs, the
forfeited or repurchased Share	s) which were subject	thereto shall become available t	for future grant or sale und	ler the Plan (unless the Plan h	as terminated). Upon	exercise of a
SAR settled in Shares, the gro	ss number of Shares	overed by the portion of the Aw	ard so exercised will ceas	e to be available under the Pla	an. Shares that have a	ctually been
issued under the Plan shall no	be returned to the Pl	an and shall not become availab	le for future distribution u	inder the Plan; provided, how	ever, that if unvested S	Shares issued
pursuant to Awards of Restrict	ed Stock or Restricte	l Stock Units are repurchased b	y the Company at their ori	iginal purchase price or are for	orfeited to the Compan	y due to the
failure to vest, such Shares wil	l become available for	future grant under the Plan. Sh	ares used to pay the exerci	se price of an Award or to sati	sfy the tax withholding	g obligations
related to an Award will not be	ecome available for fu	ture grant or sale under the Plar	n. To the extent an Award	under the Plan is paid out in	cash rather than Shares	s, such cash
payment will not result in redu	cing the number of Sl	ares available for issuance unde	r the Plan. Notwithstandin	ig the foregoing and, subject to	adjustment as provide	ed in Section
15, the maximum number of S	hares that may be issu	ed upon the exercise of Incentiv	e Stock Options will equal	the aggregate Share number s	stated in the immediate	ly preceding
paragraph above, plus, to the	extent allowable unde	r Code Section 422 and the Tre	asury Regulations promul	gated thereunder, any Shares	that become available	for issuance
under the Plan pursuant to this	paragraph.					

# 4. <u>Administration of the Plan.</u>

(a) Procedu	ire

- (i) <u>Multiple Administrative Bodies.</u> The Plan may be administered by different Committees with respect to different groups of Service Providers.
- (ii) Rule 16b-3. To the extent desirable to qualify transactions hereunder as exempt under Rule 16b-3, the transactions contemplated hereunder shall be structured to satisfy the requirements for exemption under Rule 16b-3.
- (iii) Other Administration. Other than as provided above, the Plan shall be administered by (A) the Board or (B) a Committee, which committee shall be constituted to satisfy Applicable Laws.
- (iv) <u>Delegation of Authority for Day-to-Day Administration</u>. Except to the extent prohibited by Applicable Laws, the Administrator may delegate to one or more individuals the day-to-day administration of the Plan and any of the functions assigned to it in this Plan. Such delegation may be revoked at any time.
- (b) <u>Powers of the Administrator</u>. Subject to the provisions of the Plan, and in the case of a Committee, subject to the specific duties delegated by the Board to such Committee, the Administrator shall have the authority, in its discretion:
  - (i) to determine the Fair Market Value;
  - (ii) to select the Service Providers to whom Awards may be granted hereunder;

based on performance criteria)		to determine the terms and conditions, not inconsistent with the terms of the Plan, of any Award relating thereto granted inditions include, but are not limited to, the exercise price, the time or times when Options or SARs may be exercised (which may be any vesting acceleration or waiver of forfeiture or repurchase restrictions, and any restriction or limitation regarding any Award or elating thereto, based in each case on such factors as the Administrator, in its sole discretion, shall determine;			
	(vi)	to construe and interpret the terms of the Plan and Awards granted pursuant to the Plan;			
	(vii) sub-plans established for the pu	to prescribe, amend and rescind rules and regulations relating to the Plan, including rules and regulations relating to irpose of qualifying for preferred tax treatment under foreign tax laws or satisfying applicable foreign laws;			
	(viii)	to modify or amend each Award (subject to Section 17(c) of the Plan), including the discretionary authority to extend			

to approve forms of agreement for use under the Plan;

the post-termination exercisability period of Options or SARs longer than is otherwise provided for in the Plan;

to determine the number of shares of Common Stock to be covered by each Award granted hereunder;

- (ix) to allow, in the Administrator's discretion, Participants to satisfy withholding tax, fringe benefits tax or national insurance contributions tax obligations by having the Company withhold from the Shares or cash to be issued upon exercise or vesting of an Award that number of Shares or cash having a Fair Market Value equal to the amount required to be withheld. The Fair Market Value of the Shares to be withheld shall be determined on the date that the amount of tax to be withheld is to be determined. Any decisions to have Shares or cash withheld for this purpose shall be made in such form and under such conditions as the Administrator may deem necessary or advisable;
- (X) to authorize any person to execute on behalf of the Company any instrument required to effect the grant of an Award previously granted by the Administrator; and
  - (xi) to make all other determinations deemed necessary or advisable for administering the Plan.
- (c) <u>Effect of Administrator's Decision</u>. The Administrator's decisions, determinations and interpretations shall be final and binding on all Participants and any other holders of an Award.
- 5. <u>Eligibility.</u> Nonstatutory Stock Options, Stock Appreciation Rights, Restricted Stock and Restricted Stock Units may be granted to Service Providers. Incentive Stock Options may be granted only to Employees.
- 6. Limitations.

(iii)

(iv)

- (a) ISO \$100,000 Rule. Each Option shall be designated in the Option Agreement as either an Incentive Stock Option or a Nonstatutory Stock Option. However, notwithstanding such designation, to the extent that the aggregate Fair Market Value of the Shares with respect to which Incentive Stock Options are exercisable for the first time by the Optionee during any calendar year (under all plans of the Company and any Parent or Subsidiary) exceeds \$100,000, such Options shall be treated as Nonstatutory Stock Options. For purposes of this Section 6(a), Incentive Stock Options shall be taken into account in the order in which they were granted. The Fair Market Value of the Shares shall be determined as of the time the Option with respect to such Shares is granted.
- (b) No Rights as a Service Provider. Neither the Plan nor any Award shall confer upon a Participant any right with respect to continuing the Participant's relationship as a Service Provider with the Company, nor shall

they interfere in any way	with the right of the Pa	articipant or the right of	the Company or its	Parent or Subsidiaries	to terminate such relation	ship at any time,	with or without
cause.							

- Individual Director Limits. Notwithstanding anything in this Plan to the contrary, no non-employee Director will be granted, in any period of one calendar year, awards under the Plan (excluding awards made at the election of the Director in lieu of all or a portion of annual and committee cash retainers) having an aggregate maximum value at the Date of Grant (calculating the value of any such awards based on the grant date fair value for financial reporting purposes), taken together with any cash fees payable to such non-employee Director during the fiscal year, in excess of \$200,000. Notwithstanding the foregoing, in the event of extraordinary circumstances (as determined by the Board), the amount set forth in the preceding sentence shall be increased to \$300,000, provided that such increase may apply only if any non-employee Director receiving additional compensation as a result of such extraordinary circumstances does not participate in the determination that extraordinary circumstances exist, in the decision to award such compensation or in other contemporaneous compensation decisions involving non-employee Directors.
- 7. <u>Term of Plan.</u> Subject to Section 21 of the Plan, the Plan shall become effective upon its adoption by the Board and the Company's stockholders. It will continue in effect until April 24, 2029, unless sooner terminated under Section 17 of the Plan.
- 8. <u>Term of Option</u>. The term of each Option shall be stated in the Option Agreement. In the case of an Incentive Stock Option, the term shall be ten (10) years from the date of grant or such shorter term as may be provided in the Option Agreement. Moreover, in the case of an Incentive Stock Option granted to an Optionee who, at the time the Incentive Stock Option is granted, owns stock representing more than ten percent (10%) of the total combined voting power of all classes of stock of the Company or any Parent or Subsidiary, the term of the Incentive Stock Option shall be five (5) years from the date of grant or such shorter term as may be provided in the Option Agreement.

# 9. Option Exercise Price and Consideration.

- (a) <u>Exercise Price</u>. The per share exercise price for the Shares to be issued pursuant to exercise of an Option shall be determined by the Administrator, subject to the following:
  - (i) In the case of an Incentive Stock Option
    - (A) granted to an Employee who, at the time the Incentive Stock Option is granted, owns stock representing more than ten percent (10%) of the voting power of all classes of stock of the Company or any Parent or Subsidiary, the per Share exercise price shall be no less than 110% of the Fair Market Value per Share on the date of grant.
    - (B) granted to any Employee other than an Employee described in paragraph (A) immediately above, the per Share exercise price shall be no less than 100% of the Fair Market Value per Share on the date of grant.
  - (ii) In the case of a Nonstatutory Stock Option, the per Share exercise price shall be no less than 100% of the Fair Market Value per Share on the date of grant.
  - (iii) Notwithstanding the foregoing, Options may be granted with a per Share exercise price of less than 100% of the Fair Market Value per Share on the date of grant pursuant to a merger or other corporate transaction described in, and in a manner consistent with, Section 424(a) of the Code.
- (b) Waiting Period and Exercise Dates. At the time an Option is granted, the Administrator shall fix the period within which the Option may be exercised and shall determine any conditions which must be satisfied before the Option may be exercised.

	f an Incentive Stock Option, the Administrator shall determine the acceptable form of consideration at the time of grant. Such consideration, ble Laws, may consist entirely of:
(i)	cash;
(ii)	check;
(iii) Shares as to which sa	other Shares which have a Fair Market Value on the date of surrender equal to the aggregate exercise price of the aid Option shall be exercised;
(iv) with the Plan;	consideration received by the Company under a cashless exercise program implemented by the Company in connection
(v)	any combination of the foregoing methods of payment; or
(vi)	such other consideration and method of payment for the issuance of Shares to the extent permitted by Applicable Laws.
(4)	No Dividend Equivalents. No Option shall provide for the payment or accrual of dividend equivalents.

Form of Consideration. The Administrator shall determine the acceptable form of consideration for exercising an Option, including the

#### 10. Exercise of Option.

(c)

(a) <u>Procedure for Exercise; Rights as a Shareholder.</u> Any Option granted hereunder shall be exercisable according to the terms of the Plan and at such times and under such conditions as determined by the Administrator and set forth in the Option Agreement. An Option may not be exercised for a fraction of a Share.

An Option shall be deemed exercised when the Company receives: (i) written or electronic notice of exercise (in accordance with the Option Agreement) from the person entitled to exercise the Option, and (ii) full payment for the Shares with respect to which the Option is exercised. Full payment may consist of any consideration and method of payment authorized by the Administrator and permitted by the Option Agreement and the Plan. Shares issued upon exercise of an Option shall be issued in the name of the Optionee or, if requested by the Optionee, in the name of the Optionee and his or her spouse. Until the Shares are issued (as evidenced by the appropriate entry on the books of the Company or of a duly authorized transfer agent of the Company), no right to vote or receive dividends or any other rights as a shareholder shall exist with respect to the Optioned Stock, notwithstanding the exercise of the Option. The Company shall issue (or cause to be issued) such Shares promptly after the Option is exercised. No adjustment will be made for a dividend or other right for which the record date is prior to the date the Shares are issued, except as provided in Section 15 of the Plan.

Exercising an Option in any manner shall decrease the number of Shares thereafter available, both for purposes of the Plan and for sale under the Option, by the number of Shares as to which the Option is exercised.

(b) Termination of Relationship as a Service Provider or Provision of Notice of Employment Termination. If an Optionee (i) ceases to provide ongoing service as a Service Provider (for any reason and regardless of any appropriate court finding such termination unfair or irregular on any basis whatsoever), other than upon the Optionee's death or Disability, or (ii) is provided with notice of termination of employment (for any reason and regardless of any appropriate court finding the related termination unfair or irregular on any basis whatsoever) and ceases to provide ongoing service during the notice period, the Optionee may exercise his or her Option within such period of time as is specified in the Option Agreement to the extent that the Option is vested on the earlier of the date of such cessation as a Service Provider or the last date of ongoing service after receiving a notice of termination of employment or such later date as required by Applicable Laws (the earlier of these dates or such later date required by Applicable Laws is referred to herein as the "Vesting Cessation Date", as reasonably fixed and determined by the

Administrator), but in no event later than the expiration of the term of such Option as set forth in the Option Agreement. In the absence of a specified time in the Option Agreement, the Option shall remain exercisable for three (3) months following the Vesting Cessation Date, but in no event later than the expiration of the term of such Option as set forth in the Option Agreement. If, on the Vesting Cessation Date, the Optionee is not vested as to his or her entire Option, the Shares covered by the unvested portion of the Option shall revert to the Plan (unless the Administrator determines otherwise). At the sole discretion of Company, subject to Applicable Laws, Grantee may be paid a lump sum for their cash compensation in lieu of notice. If, after the Vesting Cessation Date, the Optionee does not exercise his or her Option within the time specified by the Administrator, the Option shall terminate, and the Shares covered by such Option shall revert to the Plan.

- (c) <u>Disability of Optionee</u>. If an Optionee ceases to be a Service Provider as a result of the Optionee's Disability, the Optionee may exercise his or her Option within such period of time as is specified in the Option Agreement to the extent the Option is vested on the date of termination (but in no event later than the expiration of the term of such Option as set forth in the Option Agreement). In the absence of a specified time in the Option Agreement, the Option shall remain exercisable for twelve (12) months following the Optionee's termination, but in no event later than the expiration of the term of such Option as set forth in the Option Agreement. If, on the date of termination, the Optionee is not vested as to his or her entire Option, the Shares covered by the unvested portion of the Option shall revert to the Plan. If, after termination, the Optionee does not exercise his or her Option within the time specified herein, the Option shall terminate, and the Shares covered by such Option shall revert to the Plan.
- (d) <u>Death of Optionee</u>. If an Optionee dies while a Service Provider, the Option may be exercised within such period of time as is specified in the Option Agreement (but in no event later than the expiration of the term of such Option as set forth in the Option Agreement), by the Optionee's estate or by a person who acquires the right to exercise the Option by bequest or inheritance, but only to the extent that the Option is vested on the date of death. In the absence of a specified time in the Option Agreement, the Option shall remain exercisable for twelve (12) months following the Optionee's termination, but in no event later than the expiration of the term of such Option as set forth in the Option Agreement. If, at the time of death, the Optionee is not vested as to his or her entire Option, the Shares covered by the unvested portion of the Option shall immediately revert to the Plan. The Option may be exercised by the executor or administrator of the Optionee's estate or, if none, by the person(s) entitled to exercise the Option under the Optionee's will or the laws of descent or distribution. If the Option is not so exercised within the time specified herein, the Option shall terminate, and the Shares covered by such Option shall revert to the Plan.

# 11. Stock Appreciation Rights.

- (a) Grant of SARs. Subject to the terms and conditions of the Plan, SARs may be granted to Service Providers at any time and from time to time as shall be determined by the Administrator, in its sole discretion. The Administrator shall have complete discretion to determine the number of SARs granted to any Participant.
- (b) Exercise Price and other Terms. The Administrator, subject to the provisions of the Plan, shall have complete discretion to determine the terms and conditions of SARs granted under the Plan; provided, however, that no SAR may have a term of more than ten (10) years from the date of grant; provided, further that SARs may not have an exercise price below 100% of the Fair Market Value of the underlying shares on the grant date.
- (c) <u>Payment of SAR Amount.</u> Upon exercise of a SAR, a Participant shall be entitled to receive payment from the Company in an amount determined by multiplying.
  - (i) The difference between the Fair Market Value of a Share on the date of exercise over the exercise price; times
  - (ii) the number of Shares with respect to which the SAR is exercised.
- (d) Payment upon Exercise of SAR. At the discretion of the Administrator, payment for a SAR may be in cash, Shares or a combination thereof.

- (e) <u>SAR Agreement</u>. Each SAR grant shall be evidenced by a Stock Appreciation Right Agreement that shall specify the exercise price, the term of the SAR, the conditions of exercise, and such other terms and conditions as the Administrator, in its sole discretion, shall determine.
- (f) Expiration of SARs. A SAR granted under the Plan shall expire upon the date determined by the Administrator, in its sole discretion, and set forth in the Stock Appreciation Right Agreement; provided, however, that the term will be no more than ten (10) years from the date of grant thereof. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the rules of Section 10 will also apply to SARs.
  - (7) No Dividend Equivalents. No SAR shall provide for the payment or accrual of dividend equivalents.

# 12. Restricted Stock.

- (a) Grant of Restricted Stock. Subject to the terms and conditions of the Plan, Restricted Stock may be granted either alone, in addition to, or in tandem with other awards granted under the Plan and/or cash awards made outside of the Plan. After the Administrator determines that it will offer Restricted Stock under the Plan, it shall advise the offeree in writing or electronically, by means of a Notice of Grant, of the terms, conditions and restrictions related to the grant, including the number of Shares of Restricted Stock granted to the Participant and the conditions that must be satisfied, which typically will be based principally or solely on continued provision of services but may include a performance-based component, upon which is conditioned the grant or vesting of Restricted Stock. The offer shall be accepted by execution of a Restricted Stock Purchase Agreement in the form determined by the Administrator.
- (b) Repurchase Option. Unless the Administrator determines otherwise, the Restricted Stock Purchase Agreement shall grant the Company a repurchase option exercisable upon and after the Vesting Cessation Date or upon termination of the purchaser's service with the Company due to death or Disability. Unless the Administrator provides otherwise, the purchase price for Shares repurchased pursuant to the Restricted Stock Purchase Agreement shall be the original price paid by the purchaser and may be paid by cancellation of any indebtedness of the purchaser to the Company. The repurchase option shall lapse at a rate determined by the Administrator.
- (c) Other Provisions. The Restricted Stock Purchase Agreement shall contain such other terms, provisions and conditions not inconsistent with the Plan as may be determined by the Administrator in its sole discretion.
- (d) Rights as a Shareholder. Once the Restricted Stock is granted, the Participant shall have the rights equivalent to those of a shareholder, and shall be a shareholder when the grant is entered upon the records of the duly authorized transfer agent of the Company.
- (5) <u>Dividends.</u> No adjustment will be made for a dividend or other right for which the record date is prior to the date the Restricted Stock is granted, except as provided in Section 15 of the Plan. Restricted Stock may provide for the payment or accrual of dividends, provided that any dividends accrued by the Company with respect to the Restricted Stock shall be paid to the Participant only if and when such Restricted Stock becomes free from the restrictions on transferability and forfeitability that apply to such Restricted Stock and, if so payable, shall be paid at the time as provided in the Restricted Stock Purchase Agreement.

# 13. Restricted Stock Units.

- (a) Grant. Restricted Stock Units may be granted at any time and from time to time as determined by the Administrator. After the Administrator determines that it will grant Restricted Stock Units under the Plan, it shall advise the Participant in a Restricted Stock Unit Agreement of the terms, conditions, and restrictions related to the grant, including the number of Restricted Stock Units.
- (b) <u>Vesting Criteria and Other Terms.</u> The Administrator shall set vesting criteria in its discretion, which, depending on the extent to which the criteria are met, will determine the number of Restricted Stock Units that

will be paid out to the Participant. The Administrator may set vesting criteria based upon the achievement of Company-wide, business unit, or individual goals (including, but not limited to, continued employment), or any other basis determined by the Administrator in its discretion.

- (c) <u>Earning Restricted Stock Units.</u> Upon meeting the applicable vesting criteria, the Participant shall be entitled to receive a payout as determined by the Administrator. Notwithstanding the foregoing, at any time after the grant of Restricted Stock Units, the Administrator, in its sole discretion, may reduce or waive any vesting criteria that must be met to receive a payout.
- (d) Form and Timing of Payment Payment of earned Restricted Stock Units shall be made as soon as practicable after the date(s) determined by the Administrator and set forth in the Restricted Stock Unit Agreement. The Administrator, in its sole discretion, may only settle earned Restricted Stock Units in cash, Shares, or a combination of both.
- (e) <u>Cancellation.</u> On the date set forth in the Restricted Stock Unit Agreement, all unearned Restricted Stock Units shall be forfeited to the Company.
- (6) <u>Dividend Equivalents.</u> Restricted Stock Units may provide for the payment or accrual of dividend equivalents, provided that any dividend equivalents accrued by the Company with respect to the Restricted Stock Unit shall be paid to the Participant only if and when such Restricted Stock Unit becomes free from the restrictions on transferability and forfeitability that apply to such Restricted Stock Unit and, if so payable, shall be paid at the time as provided in the Restricted Stock Unit Agreement.
- 14. <u>Non-Transferability of Awards</u>. Unless determined otherwise by the Administrator, an Award may not be sold, pledged, assigned, hypothecated, transferred, or disposed of in any manner other than by will or by the laws of descent or distribution and may be exercised, during the lifetime of the Participant, only by the Participant. If the Administrator makes an Award transferable, such Award shall contain such additional terms and conditions as the Administrator deems appropriate. In no event may an Award granted hereunder be transferred in exchange for consideration.

# 15. Adjustments Upon Changes in Capitalization, Dissolution, Merger or Asset Sale

- (a) Changes in Capitalization. Subject to any required action by the shareholders of the Company, the number of shares of Common Stock covered by each outstanding Award, and the number of shares of Common Stock which have been authorized for issuance under the Plan but as to which no Awards have yet been granted or which have been returned to the Plan upon cancellation, expiration, repurchase or forfeiture of an Award, as well as the price per share of Common Stock covered by each such outstanding Award shall be proportionately adjusted for any increase or decrease in the number of issued shares of Common Stock resulting from a stock split, reverse stock split, stock dividend, combination or reclassification of the Common Stock, or any other increase or decrease in the number of issued shares of Common Stock effected without receipt of consideration by the Company; provided, however, that conversion of any convertible securities of the Company shall not be deemed to have been "effected without receipt of consideration." Such adjustment shall be made by the Board, whose determination in that respect shall be final, binding and conclusive. Except as expressly provided herein, no issuance by the Company of shares of stock of any class, or securities convertible into shares of stock of any class, shall affect, and no adjustment by reason thereof shall be made with respect to, the number or price of shares of Common Stock subject to an Award.
- (b) <u>Dissolution or Liquidation</u>. In the event of the proposed dissolution or liquidation of the Company, the Administrator shall notify each Participant as soon as practicable prior to the effective date of such proposed transaction. The Administrator in its discretion may provide for a Participant to have the right to exercise his or her Option or SAR until ten (10) days prior to such transaction as to all of the Optioned Stock covered thereby, including Shares as to which the Option would not otherwise be exercisable. In addition, the Administrator may provide that any Company repurchase option or forfeiture rights applicable to any Award shall lapse 100%, and that any Award vesting shall accelerate 100%, provided the proposed dissolution or liquidation takes place at the time and in the manner contemplated. To the extent it has not been previously exercised, or, with respect to Restricted Stock, all

restrictions have not lapsed, or, with respect to a Restricted Stock Unit, all units have not vested, an Award will terminate immediately prior to the consummation of such proposed action.

#### (c) <u>Merger or Asset Sale.</u>

- (i) Stock Options and SARs. In the event of a merger of the Company with or into another corporation, or the sale of substantially all of the assets of the Company, each outstanding Option and SAR shall be assumed or an equivalent option or SAR substituted by the successor corporation or a Parent or Subsidiary of the successor corporation. In the event that the successor corporation refuses to assume or substitute for the Option or SAR, the Participant shall fully vest in and have the right to exercise the Option or SAR as to all of the Optioned Stock, including Shares as to which it would not otherwise be vested or exercisable. If an Option or SAR becomes fully vested and exercisable in lieu of assumption or substitution in the event of a merger or sale of assets, the Administrator shall notify the Participant in writing or electronically that the Option or SAR shall be fully vested and exercisable for a period of fifteen (15) days from the date of such notice, and the Option or SAR shall terminate upon the expiration of such period, or such earlier date as specified in the Award Agreement. For the purposes of this paragraph, the Option or SAR shall be considered assumed if, following the merger or sale of assets, the option or stock appreciation right confers the right to purchase or receive, for each Share of Optioned Stock subject to the Option or SAR immediately prior to the merger or sale of assets, the consideration (whether stock, cash, or other securities or property) received in the merger or sale of assets by holders of Common Stock for each Share held on the effective date of the transaction (and if holders were offered a choice of consideration, the type of consideration chosen by the holders of a majority of the outstanding Shares); provided, however, that if such consideration received in the merger or sale of assets is not solely common stock of the successor corporation or its Parent, the Administrator may, with the consent of the successor corporation, provide for the consideration to be received upon the exercise of the Option or SAR, for each Share of Optioned Stock subject to the Option or SAR, to be solely common stock of the successor corporation or its Parent equal in fair market value to the per share consideration received by holders of Common Stock in the merger or sale of assets.
- (ii) Restricted Stock and Restricted Stock Units. In the event of a merger of the Company with or into another corporation, or the sale of substantially all of the assets of the Company, each outstanding Restricted Stock and Restricted Stock Unit award shall be assumed or an equivalent Restricted Stock or Restricted Stock Unit award substituted by the successor corporation or a Parent or Subsidiary of the successor corporation. In the event that the successor corporation refuses to assume or substitute for the Restricted Stock or Restricted Stock Unit award, the Participant shall fully vest in the Restricted Stock Unit, including shares which would not otherwise be vested, and all restrictions on Restricted Stock will lapse immediately prior to the closing date of the transaction. For the purposes of this paragraph, a Restricted Stock or Restricted Stock Unit award shall be considered assumed if, following the merger or sale of assets, the award confers the right to purchase or receive, for each Share subject to the Restricted Stock or Restricted Stock Unit award immediately prior to the merger or sale of assets, the consideration (whether stock, cash, or other securities or property) received in the merger or sale of assets by holders of Common Stock for each Share held on the effective date of the transaction (and if holders were offered a choice of consideration, the type of consideration chosen by the holders of a majority of the outstanding Shares); provided, however, that if such consideration received in the merger or sale of assets is not solely common stock of the successor corporation or its Parent, the Administrator may, with the consent of the successor corporation or its Parent equal in fair market value to the per share consideration received by holders of Common Stock in the merger or sale of assets.
- 16. <u>Date of Grant</u>. The date of grant of an Award shall be, for all purposes, the date on which the Administrator makes the determination granting such Award, or such other later date as is determined by the Administrator. Notice of the determination shall be provided to each Participant within a reasonable time after the date of such grant.
- 17. <u>Amendment and Termination of the Plan.</u>

- (a) Amendment and Termination. The Board may at any time amend, alter, suspend or terminate the Plan.
- (b) Shareholder Approval. The Company shall obtain shareholder approval of any Plan amendment to the extent necessary and desirable to comply with Applicable Laws.
- (c) <u>Effect of Amendment or Termination</u>. No amendment, alteration, suspension or termination of the Plan shall impair the rights of any Participant, unless mutually agreed otherwise between the Participant and the Administrator, which agreement must be in writing and signed by the Participant and the Company. Termination of the Plan shall not affect the Administrator's ability to exercise the powers granted to it hereunder with respect to Awards granted under the Plan prior to the date of such termination or Shares issued under the Plan.

The Company will administer the Plan from the United States of America, and any disputes will be settled in the U.S. according to U.S. law. This Plan and all awards are governed by the internal substantive laws, but not the choice of law principles, of the State of California, United States of America.

# 18. <u>Conditions Upon Issuance of Shares.</u>

- (a) <u>Legal Compliance</u>. Shares shall not be issued pursuant to the exercise of an Option or Stock Appreciation Right or pursuant to the vesting of a Restricted Stock or Restricted Stock Unit award unless the exercise of such Option or Stock Appreciation Right or the vesting of a Restricted Stock or Restricted Stock Unit award and the issuance and delivery of such Shares shall comply with Applicable Laws and shall be further subject to the approval of counsel for the Company with respect to such compliance.
- (b) Investment Representations. As a condition to the exercise or receipt of an Award, the Company may require the person exercising or receiving such Award to represent and warrant at the time of any such exercise or receipt that the Shares are being purchased only for investment and without any present intention to sell or distribute such Shares if, in the opinion of counsel for the Company, such a representation is required.
- 19. <u>Inability to Obtain Authority</u>. The inability of the Company to obtain authority from any regulatory body having jurisdiction, which authority is deemed by the Company's counsel to be necessary to the lawful issuance and sale of any Shares hereunder, shall relieve the Company of any liability in respect of the failure to issue, sell or release from escrow such Shares as to which such requisite authority shall not have been obtained.
- 20. Reservation of Shares. The Company, during the term of this Plan, will at all times reserve and keep available such number of Shares as shall be sufficient to satisfy the requirements of the Plan.
- 21. <u>Shareholder Approval</u>. The Plan shall be subject to approval by the shareholders of the Company within twelve (12) months after the date the Plan is adopted. Such shareholder approval shall be obtained in the manner and to the degree required under Applicable Laws.
- 22. No Repricing. Other than pursuant to an adjustment in connection with a change in capitalization as described in Section 15, the exercise price for an Option or SAR may not be reduced without the prior consent of the Company's stockholders. This shall include, without limitation, a repricing of the Option or SAR as well as an Option or SAR exchange program whereby the Participant agrees to cancel an existing Option in exchange for an Option, SAR or other Award or cash payment. Moreover, if the exercise price of an Option or SAR is reduced (other than pursuant to Section 15), the transaction will be treated as a cancellation of the Option or SAR and the grant of a new Option or SAR.
- 23. Section 409A Compliance. Awards granted hereunder are intended to comply with or be exempt from the requirements of Section 409A of the Code to the extent Section 409A of the Code applies to such Awards and the terms of the Plan and any Award granted under the Plan shall be interpreted, operated and administered in a manner consistent with this intention to the extent the Administrator deems necessary or advisable in its sole discretion. Notwithstanding any other provision in the Plan, the Administrator, to the extent it unilaterally deems necessary or

advisable in its sole discretion, reserves the right, but shall not be required, to amend or modify the Plan and any Award granted under the Plan so that the Award qualifies for
exemption from or complies with Section 409A of the Code; provided, however, that the Company makes no representation that the Awards granted under the Plan shall be exempt from or comply with Section 409A of the Code and makes no undertaking to preclude Section 409A of the Code from applying to Awards granted under the Plan.

# QUICKLOGIC CORPORATION 2009 EMPLOYEE STOCK PURCHASE PLAN (As Amended on March 6, 2019)

1. <u>PURPOSE</u>. The purpose of the Plan is to provide employees of the Company and its Designated Subsidiaries with an opportunity to purchase Common Stock of the Company through accumulated payroll deductions. It is the intention of the Company to have the Plan qualify as an "Employee Stock Purchase Plan" under Section 423 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended. The provisions of the Plan, accordingly, shall be construed so as to extend and limit participation in a manner consistent with the requirements of that section of the Code.

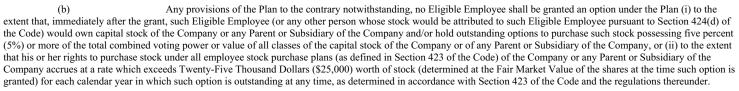
#### 2. <u>DEFINITIONS</u>.

- (a) "Applicable Laws" shall mean the requirements relating to the administration of equity-based awards under U.S. state corporate laws, U.S. federal and state securities laws, the Code, any stock exchange or quotation system on which the Common Stock is listed or quoted and the applicable laws of any foreign country or jurisdiction where options are, or shall be, granted under the Plan.
- (b) "Board" shall mean the Board of Directors of the Company or any committee thereof designated by the Board in accordance with Section 14 of the Plan.
- (c) "Code" shall mean the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended. Any reference to a section of the Code herein shall be a reference to any successor or amended section of the Code.
  - (d) "Common Stock" shall mean the common stock of the Company.
  - (e) "Company" shall mean QuickLogic Corporation, a Delaware corporation.
- (f) "Compensation" shall mean all base straight time gross earnings, overtime and incentive/variable compensation, but exclusive of bonuses and other compensation.
- (g) "Designated Subsidiary" shall mean any Subsidiary which has been designated by the Board from time to time in its sole discretion as eligible to participate in the Plan.
- (h) "Eligible Employee" shall mean any individual who is a common law employee of the Company or any of its Designated Subsidiaries and is customarily employed for at least twenty (20) hours per week and more than five (5) months in any calendar year by the Company or such Designated Subsidiary. For purposes of the Plan, the employment relationship shall be treated as continuing intact while the individual is on sick leave or other leave of absence approved by the Company or the Designated Subsidiary. Where the period of leave exceeds three (3) months and the individual's right to reemployment is not guaranteed either by statute or by contract, the employment relationship shall be deemed to have terminated three (3) months and one (1) day following the commencement of such leave. The Board, in its discretion, from time to time may, prior to an Offering Date for all options to be granted on such Offering Date, determine (on a uniform and nondiscriminatory basis) that the definition of Eligible Employee shall or shall not include an individual if he or she: (i) has not completed at least two (2) years of service since his or her last hire date (or such lesser period of time as may be determined by the Board in its discretion), (ii) customarily works not more than twenty (20) hours per week (or such lesser period of time as may be determined by the Board in its discretion), (iii) customarily works not more than five (5) months per calendar year (or such lesser period of time as may be determined by the Board in its discretion), (iv) is an executive, officer or other manager, or (v) is a highly compensated employee under Section 414(q) of the Code.

- (i) "Enrollment Date" shall mean the first Trading Day of each Offering Period.
- (j) "Exercise Date" shall mean the last Trading Day of each Offering Period.
- (k) "Fair Market Value" shall mean, as of any date, the value of Common Stock determined as follows:
- (i) If the Common Stock is listed on any established stock exchange or a national market system, including without limitation the Nasdaq Global Select Market, the Nasdaq Global Market or the Nasdaq Capital Market of the Nasdaq Stock Market, its Fair Market Value shall be the closing sales price for such stock (or the closing bid, if no sales were reported) as quoted on such exchange or system for the last market trading day on the date of such determination, as reported in *The Wall Street Journal* or such other source as the Board deems reliable;
- (ii) If the Common Stock is regularly quoted by a recognized securities dealer but selling prices are not reported, its Fair Market Value shall be the mean of the closing bid and asked prices for the Common Stock on the date of such determination, as reported in *The Wall Street Journal* or such other source as the Board deems reliable; or
- (iii) In the absence of an established market for the Common Stock, the Fair Market Value thereof shall be determined in good faith by the Board.
  - (1) "New Exercise Date" means a new Exercise Date set by shortening any Offering Period then in progress.
- (m) "Offering Periods" shall mean the periods of approximately six (6) months during which an option granted pursuant to the Plan may be exercised, commencing on the first Trading Day on or after May 15 and November 15 of each year and terminating on the last Trading Day in the periods ending six months later. For example, an Offering Period under the Plan shall commence with the first Trading Day on or after May 15, 2009 and end on the last Trading Day on or before November 14, 2009. The duration and timing of Offering Periods may be changed pursuant to Sections 4 and 20 of this Plan.
  - (n) "Parent" shall mean a "parent corporation," whether now or hereafter existing, as defined in Section 424(e) of the Code.
- (o) "Participant" means an Eligible Employee who (a) has become a Participant in the Plan pursuant to Section 5 and (b) has not ceased to be a Participant pursuant to Section 10 or Section 11.
  - (p) "Plan" shall mean this 2009 Employee Stock Purchase Plan.
- (q) "Purchase Price" shall mean 85% of the Fair Market Value of a share of Common Stock as determined pursuant to Section 4; provided, however, that the Purchase Price may be adjusted by the Board pursuant to Section 20.
- (r) "Reserves" shall mean the number of shares of Common Stock covered by each option under the Plan which have not yet been exercised and the number of shares of Common Stock which have been authorized for issuance under the Plan but not yet placed under option.
  - (s) "Subsidiary" shall mean a "subsidiary corporation," whether now or hereafter existing, as defined in Section 424(f) of the Code.
  - (t) "Trading Day" shall mean a day on which the national stock exchange upon which the Common Stock is listed is open for trading.

#### ELIGIBILITY.

(a)	Any individual who is an Eligible Employee on a given Enrollment Date shall be eligible to participate in the Plan. This Plan shall not
confer upon any Eligible Employee a	my right with respect to the continuation of his or her employment with the Company or any Designated Subsidiary, nor shall it restrict,
limit, or interfere in any way with the	e right of the Company or any Designated Subsidiary to terminate the employment relationship of any Eligible Employee at any time, with
or without cause.	



#### OFFERING PERIODS.

- (a) The Plan shall be implemented by either of the following Offering Periods, which shall be determined by the Board prior to the applicable Offering Period:
- (i) A six (6) month Offering Period commencing on the first Trading Day on or after May 15 and November 15 each year, or on such other date as the Board shall determine, and continuing thereafter until terminated in accordance with Section 20 hereof or changed pursuant to this Section 4(a) and with a Purchase Price equal to 85% of the Fair Market Value of a share of Common Stock on the Exercise Date (a "Purchase Date Offering Period"); or
- (ii) A six (6) month Offering Period commencing on the first Trading Day on or after May 15 and November 15 each year, or on such other date as the Board shall determine, and continuing thereafter until terminated in accordance with Section 20 hereof or changed pursuant to this Section 4(a) and with a Purchase Price equal to 85% of the Fair Market Value of a share of Common Stock on the Enrollment Date or on the Exercise Date, whichever is lower (a "Look-Back Offering Period").

Notwithstanding the foregoing, if the Board does not determine the type of Offering Period prior to the start of the applicable Offering Period, the default Offering Period shall be the Purchase Date Offering Period as described in Section 4(a)(i) above.

(b) The Board shall have the power to change the duration of Offering Periods (including the commencement dates thereof) and to implement Offering Periods with multiple purchase periods with respect to future offerings without shareholder approval if such change is announced at least five (5) days prior to the scheduled beginning of the first Offering Period to be affected thereafter.

#### 5. PARTICIPATION.

(a) An Eligible Employee may become a Participant in the Plan only by (i) submitting a subscription agreement authorizing payroll deductions in a form determined by the Board (which may be similar to the form attached hereto as Exhibit A) to the Company's payroll office (or its designee), on or before a date prescribed by the Board prior to an applicable Enrollment Date, or (ii) following an electronic or other enrollment procedure prescribed by the Board. Participants in the offering period under the Company's 1999 Employee Stock Purchase Plan (the "1999 ESPP") beginning on or about November 15, 2008 will automatically be enrolled in the initial Offering Period under this Plan commencing on the first Trading Day on or after May 15, 2009 at the same contribution levels as last elected under the 1999 ESPP.

#### PAYROLL DEDUCTIONS.

- (a) At the time a Participant files his or her subscription agreement, he or she shall elect to have payroll deductions made on each pay day during the Offering Period in an amount not exceeding twenty percent (20%) of the Compensation which he or she receives on each pay day during the Offering Period.
- (b) Payroll deductions for a Participant shall commence on the first payroll following the Enrollment Date and shall end on the last payroll in the Offering Period to which such authorization is applicable, unless sooner terminated by the Participant as provided in Section 10 hereof.
- (c) All payroll deductions made for a Participant shall be credited to his or her account under the Plan and shall be withheld in whole percentages only. A Participant may not make any additional payments into such account.
- (d) A Participant may discontinue his or her participation in the Plan as provided in Section 10 hereof, or may (i) increase or decrease the rate of his or her payroll deductions during a Purchase Date Offering Period, or (ii) only decrease the rate of his or her payroll deductions during a Offering Period, in either case by (A) properly completing and submitting to the Company's payroll office (or its designee), on or before a date prescribed by the Board prior to an applicable Exercise Date, a new subscription agreement authorizing a change in payroll deduction rate in the form provided by the Board for such purpose, or (B) following an electronic or other procedure prescribed by the Board. If a Participant has not followed such procedures to change the rate of payroll deductions, the rate of his or her payroll deductions shall continue at the originally elected rate throughout the Offering Period and future Offering Periods (unless terminated as provided in Section 10). The Board may, in its discretion, limit the number of payroll deduction rate changes that may be made by Participants during any Offering Period, and may establish such other conditions or limitations as it deems appropriate for Plan administration. Any change in payroll deduction rate made pursuant to this Section 6(d) shall be effective with the first full payroll period following five (5) business days after the Company's receipt of the new subscription agreement unless the Company, in its sole discretion, elects to process a given change in payroll deduction rate more quickly. A Participant's subscription agreement shall remain in effect for successive Offering Periods unless terminated as provided in Section 10 hereof; provided, however, that in the event a Participant changes his or her rate of payroll deductions during an Offering Period to zero percent (0%) and does not withdraw pursuant to Section 10 prior to the beginning of the subsequent Offering Period, the Participant's payroll deductions shall recommence for the subsequent Offe
- (e) Notwithstanding the foregoing, to the extent necessary to comply with Section 423(b)(8) of the Code and Section 3(b) hereof, a Participant's payroll deductions may be decreased to zero percent (0%) at any time during an Offering Period. Subject to Section 423(b)(8) of the Code and Section 3(b) hereof, payroll deductions shall recommence at the rate originally elected by the Participant effective as of the beginning of the first Offering Period which is scheduled to end in the following calendar year, unless terminated by the Participant as provided in Section 10 hereof.
- (f) At the time the option is exercised, in whole or in part, or at the time some or all of the Company's Common Stock issued under the Plan is disposed of, the Participant must make adequate provision for amounts not in excess of the minimum statutory federal, state, or any other tax liability payable to any authority, national insurance, social security or other tax withholding obligations, if any, which arise upon the exercise of the option or the disposition of the Common Stock. At any time, the Company or the employing Designated Subsidiary, as applicable, may, but shall not be obligated to, withhold from the Participant's compensation amounts not in excess of the applicable minimum statutory withholding obligations, including any withholding required to make available to the Company or the employing Designated Subsidiary, as applicable, any tax deductions or benefits attributable to sale or early disposition of Common Stock by the Eligible Employee. If the Company allows the Participant to settle such tax withholding obligations by remitting to the Company shares of Common Stock issued upon exercise, then the Participant may not elect to withhold amounts in excess of the applicable minimum statutory federal, state, or other tax obligations withheld at the time of exercise or disposal.

7. GRANT OF OPTION. On the Enrollment Date of each Offering Period, each Eligible Employee participating in such Offering Period shall be granted an option to purchase on each Exercise Date during such Offering Period (at the applicable Purchase Price) up to a number of shares of the Company's Common Stock determined by dividing such Eligible Employee's payroll deductions accumulated prior to such Exercise Date and retained in the Participant's account as of the Exercise Date by the applicable Purchase Price; provided that in no event shall an Eligible Employee be permitted to purchase during each Offering Period more than 1,428 shares of the Company's Common Stock (subject to any adjustment pursuant to Section 19), and provided further that such purchase shall be subject to the limitations set forth in Sections 3(b) and 13 hereof. The Board may, for future Offering Periods, increase or decrease, in its absolute discretion, the maximum number of shares of the Company's Common Stock an Eligible Employee may purchase during each Offering Period. Exercise of the option shall occur as provided in Section 8 hereof, unless the Participant has withdrawn pursuant to Section 10 hereof. The option shall expire on the last day of the Offering Period.

#### 8. <u>EXERCISE OF OPTION</u>.

- (a) Unless a Participant withdraws from the Plan as provided in Section 10 hereof, his or her option for the purchase of shares shall be exercised automatically on the Exercise Date, and the maximum number of full shares subject to the option shall be purchased for such Participant at the applicable Purchase Price with the accumulated payroll deductions in his or her account. No fractional shares shall be purchased; any payroll deductions accumulated in a Participant's account which are not sufficient to purchase a full share shall be retained in the Participant's account for the subsequent Offering Period, subject to earlier withdrawal by the Participant as provided in Section 10 hereof. Any other monies left over in a Participant's account after the Exercise Date shall be returned to the Participant. During a Participant's lifetime, a Participant's option to purchase shares hereunder is exercisable only by him or her.
- (b) If the Board determines that, on a given Exercise Date, the number of shares of Common Stock with respect to which options are to be exercised may exceed (i) the number of shares of Common Stock that were available for sale under the Plan on the Enrollment Date of the applicable Offering Period, or (ii) the number of shares of Common Stock available for sale under the Plan on such Exercise Date, the Board may in its sole discretion (x) provide that the Company shall make a pro rata allocation of the shares of Common Stock available for purchase on such Enrollment Date or Exercise Date, as applicable, in as uniform a manner as shall be practicable and as it shall determine in its sole discretion to be equitable among all Participants exercising options to purchase Common Stock on such Exercise Date, and continue all Offering Periods then in effect, or (y) provide that the Company shall make a pro rata allocation of the shares available for purchase on such Enrollment Date or Exercise Date, as applicable, in as uniform a manner as shall be practicable and as it shall determine in its sole discretion to be equitable among all Participants exercising options to purchase Common Stock on such Exercise Date, and terminate any or all Offering Periods then in effect pursuant to Section 20 hereof. The Company may make a pro rata allocation of the shares available on the Enrollment Date of any applicable Offering Period pursuant to the preceding sentence, notwithstanding any authorization of additional shares for issuance under the Plan by the Company's shareholders subsequent to such Enrollment Date.
- 9. <u>DELIVERY.</u> As promptly as reasonably practicable after each Exercise Date on which a purchase of shares occurs, the Company shall arrange the delivery to each Participant, as appropriate, the shares purchased upon exercise of his or her option in a form determined by the Board (in its sole discretion) and pursuant to rules established by the Board. The Company may permit or require that shares be deposited with a broker designated by the Company or to a designated agent of the Company, and the Company may utilize electronic or automated methods of share transfer. The Company may require that shares be retained with such broker or agent for a designated period of time and/or may establish other procedures to permit tracking of disqualifying dispositions of such shares. No Participant shall have any voting, dividend, or other shareholder rights with respect to such shares of Common Stock subject to any option granted under the Plan until such shares have been purchased and delivered to the Participant as provided in this Section 9.

#### 10. <u>WITHDRAWAL</u>.

(a) A Participant may withdraw all but not less than all the payroll deductions credited to his or her account and not yet used to exercise his or her option under the Plan at any time by (i) submitting to the Company's payroll office (or its designee) a written notice of withdrawal in the form prescribed by the Board for such purpose

(which may be similar to the form attached hereto as Exhibit B), or (ii) following an electronic or other withdrawal procedure prescribed by the Board. All of the Participant's payroll deductions credited to his or her account shall be paid to such Participant promptly after receipt of notice of withdrawal and such Participant's option for the Offering Period shall be automatically terminated, and no further payroll deductions for the purchase of shares shall be made for such Offering Period. If a Participant withdraws from an Offering Period, payroll deductions shall not resume at the beginning of the succeeding Offering Period unless the Participant re-enrolls in the Plan in accordance with the provisions of Section 5.

- (b) A Participant's withdrawal from an Offering Period shall not have any effect upon his or her eligibility to participate in any similar plan which may hereafter be adopted by the Company or in succeeding Offering Periods which commence after the termination of the Offering Period from which the Participant withdraws.
- 11. <u>TERMINATION OF EMPLOYMENT</u>. Upon a Participant's ceasing to be an Eligible Employee, for any reason, he or she shall be deemed to have elected to withdraw from the Plan and the payroll deductions credited to such Participant's account during the Offering Period but not yet used to purchase shares under the Plan shall be returned to such Participant or, in the case of his or her death, to the person or persons entitled thereto under Section 15 hereof, and such Participant's option shall be automatically terminated.
- 12. <u>INTEREST</u>. No interest shall accrue on the payroll deductions of a Participant in the Plan.

#### 13. STOCK.

- (a) Subject to adjustment upon changes in capitalization of the Company as provided in Section 19 hereof, the maximum number of shares of the Company's Common Stock which shall be made available for sale under the Plan shall be 842,857 shares of Common Stock.
- (b) Until the shares of Common Stock are issued (as evidenced by the appropriate entry on the books of the Company or of a duly authorized transfer agent of the Company), a Participant shall only have the rights of an unsecured creditor with respect to such shares, and no right to vote or receive dividends or any other rights as a shareholder shall exist with respect to such shares.
- (c) Shares of Common Stock to be delivered to a Participant under the Plan shall be registered in the name of the Participant or in the name of the Participant and his or her spouse.
- 14. <u>ADMINISTRATION.</u> The Plan shall be administered by the Board or a committee of members of the Board appointed by the Board, which shall be constituted to comply with Applicable Laws. The Board or its committee shall have full and exclusive discretionary authority to construe, interpret and apply the terms of the Plan, to determine eligibility and to adjudicate all disputed claims filed under the Plan. Every finding, decision and determination made by the Board or its committee shall, to the full extent permitted by law, be final and binding upon all parties. Notwithstanding any provision to the contrary in this Plan, the Board or its committee may adopt rules or procedures relating to the operation and administration of the Plan to accommodate the specific requirements of local laws and procedures for jurisdictions outside of the United States. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, the Board or its committee is specifically authorized to adopt rules and procedures regarding eligibility to participate, the definition of Compensation, handling of payroll deductions, making of contributions to the Plan (including, without limitation, in forms other than payroll deductions), establishment of bank or trust accounts to hold payroll deductions, payment of interest, conversion of local currency, obligations to pay payroll tax, determination of beneficiary designation requirements, withholding procedures and handling of stock certificates which vary with local requirements.

#### 15. <u>DESIGNATION OF BENEFICIARY.</u>

- (a) A Participant may file a designation of a beneficiary who is to receive any shares of Common Stock and cash, if any, from the Participant's account under the Plan in the event of such Participant's death subsequent to an Exercise Date on which the option is exercised but prior to delivery to such Participant of such shares and cash. In addition, a Participant may file a designation of a beneficiary who is to receive any cash from the Participant's account under the Plan in the event of such Participant's death prior to exercise of the option. If a Participant is married and the designated beneficiary is not the spouse, spousal consent shall be required for such designation to be effective.
- (b) Such designation of beneficiary may be changed by the Participant at any time by notice in a form determined by the Board. In the event of the death of a Participant and in the absence of a beneficiary validly designated under the Plan who is living at the time of such Participant's death, the Company shall deliver such shares and/or cash to the executor or administrator of the estate of the Participant, or if no such executor or administrator has been appointed (to the knowledge of the Company), the Company, in its discretion, may deliver such shares and/or cash to the spouse or to any one or more dependents or relatives of the Participant, or if no spouse, dependent or relative is known to the Company, then to such other person as the Company may designate.
  - (c) All beneficiary designations shall be in such form and manner as the Board may designate from time to time.
- 16. TRANSFERABILITY. Neither payroll deductions credited to a Participant's account nor any rights with regard to the exercise of an option or to receive shares under the Plan may be assigned, transferred, pledged or otherwise disposed of in any way (other than by will, the laws of descent and distribution or as provided in Section 15 hereof) by the Participant. Any such attempt at assignment, transfer, pledge or other disposition shall be without effect, except that the Company may treat such act as an election to withdraw funds from an Offering Period in accordance with Section 10 hereof.
- 17. <u>USE OF FUNDS</u>. All payroll deductions received or held by the Company under the Plan may be used by the Company for any corporate purpose, and the Company shall not be obligated to segregate such payroll deductions. Until shares of Common Stock are issued, Participants shall only have the rights of an unsecured creditor with respect to such shares.
- 18. <u>REPORTS</u>. Individual accounts shall be maintained for each Participant in the Plan. Statements of account shall be given to participating Eligible Employees at least annually, which statements shall set forth the amounts of payroll deductions, the Purchase Price, the number of shares of Common Stock purchased and the remaining cash balance, if any.

#### 19. ADJUSTMENTS UPON CHANGES IN CAPITALIZATION, DISSOLUTION, LIQUIDATION, MERGER OR ASSET SALE.

- (a) <u>Changes in Capitalization</u>. In the event that any dividend or other distribution (whether in the form of cash, Common Stock, other securities or other property), recapitalization, stock split, reverse stock split, reorganization, merger, consolidation, split-up, spin-off, combination, repurchase, or exchange of Common Stock or other securities of the Company, or other similar change in the corporate structure of the Company affecting the Common Stock occurs, the number and class of Common Stock of the Reserves, the Purchase Price per share and the number of shares of Common Stock covered by each option under the Plan which has not yet been exercised, and the numerical limits of Sections 7 and 13 shall be automatically proportionately adjusted.
- (b) <u>Dissolution or Liquidation</u>. In the event of the proposed dissolution or liquidation of the Company, the Offering Period then in progress shall be shortened by setting a new Exercise Date, and shall terminate immediately prior to the consummation of such proposed dissolution or liquidation, unless provided otherwise by the Board. The New Exercise Date shall be before the date of the Company's proposed dissolution or liquidation. The Board shall notify each Participant in writing, at least ten (10) business days prior to the New Exercise Date, that the Exercise Date for the

Participant's option has been changed to the New Exercise Date and that the Participant's option shall be exercised automatically on the New Exercise Date, unless prior to such date the Participant has withdrawn from the Offering Period as provided in Section 10 hereof.

(c) Merger or Asset Sale. In the event of a proposed sale of all or substantially all of the assets of the Company, or the merger of the Company with or into another corporation, each outstanding option shall be assumed or an equivalent option substituted by the successor corporation or a Parent or Subsidiary of the successor corporation. In the event that the successor corporation refuses to assume or substitute for the option, any Offering Periods then in progress shall be shortened by setting a New Exercise Date on which such Offering Period shall end. The New Exercise Date shall occur before the date of the Company's proposed sale or merger. The Board shall notify each Participant in writing, at least ten (10) business days prior to the New Exercise Date, that the Exercise Date for the Participant's option has been changed to the New Exercise Date and that the Participant's option shall be exercised automatically on the New Exercise Date, unless prior to such date the Participant has withdrawn from the Offering Period as provided in Section 10 hereof.

#### 20. <u>AMENDMENT OR TERMINATION</u>.

- (a) The Board of Directors of the Company, in its sole discretion, may amend, suspend, or terminate the Plan, or any part thereof, at any time and for any reason. If the Plan is terminated, the Board, in its sole discretion, may elect to terminate all outstanding Offering Periods either immediately or upon completion of the purchase of shares of Common Stock on the next Exercise Date (which may be sooner than originally scheduled, if determined by the Board in its discretion), or may elect to permit Offering Periods to expire in accordance with their terms (and subject to any adjustment pursuant to Section 19). If the Offering Periods are terminated prior to expiration, all amounts then credited to Participants' accounts which have not been used to purchase shares of Common Stock shall be returned to the Participants (without interest thereon, except as otherwise required under local laws) as soon as administratively practicable.
- (b) Without shareholder consent and without limiting Section 20(a), the Board (or its committee) shall be entitled to change the Offering Periods (however, in no event shall an Offering Period exceed 12 months), limit the frequency and/or number of changes in the amount withheld during an Offering Period, establish the exchange ratio applicable to amounts withheld in a currency other than U.S. dollars, permit payroll withholding in excess of the amount designated by a Participant in order to adjust for delays or mistakes in the Company's processing of properly completed withholding elections, establish reasonable waiting and adjustment periods and/or accounting and crediting procedures to ensure that amounts applied toward the purchase of Common Stock for each Participant properly correspond with amounts withheld from the Participant's Compensation, and establish such other limitations or procedures as the Board (or its committee) determines in its sole discretion advisable which are consistent with the Plan.
- (c) In the event the Board determines that the ongoing operation of the Plan may result in unfavorable financial accounting consequences, the Board may, in its discretion and, to the extent necessary or desirable, modify, amend or terminate the Plan to reduce or eliminate such accounting consequence including, but not limited to:
- (i) amending the Plan to conform with the safe harbor definition under Statement of Financial Accounting Standards 123(R), including with respect to an Offering Period underway at the time;
  - (ii) altering the Purchase Price for any Offering Period including an Offering Period underway at the time of the change in Purchase Price;
  - (iii) shortening any Offering Period by setting a New Exercise Date, including an Offering Period underway at the time of the Board action;
  - (iv) reducing the maximum percentage of Compensation a Participant may elect to set aside as payroll deductions; and

(v) reducing the maximum number of shares a Participant may purchase during any Offering Period.

Such modifications or amendments shall not require shareholder approval or the consent of any Plan Participants.

- 21. <u>NOTICES</u>. All notices or other communications by a Participant to the Company under or in connection with the Plan shall be deemed to have been duly given when received in the form and manner specified by the Company at the location, or by the person, designated by the Company for the receipt thereof.
- 22. <u>CONDITIONS UPON ISSUANCE OF SHARES</u>. Shares of Common Stock shall not be issued with respect to an option unless the exercise of such option and the issuance and delivery of such shares pursuant thereto shall comply with all applicable provisions of law, domestic or foreign, including, without limitation, the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder, and the requirements of any stock exchange upon which the shares may then be listed, and shall be further subject to the approval of counsel for the Company with respect to such compliance.

As a condition to the exercise of an option, the Company may require the person exercising such option to represent and warrant at the time of any such exercise that the shares are being purchased only for investment and without any present intention to sell or distribute such shares if, in the opinion of counsel for the Company, such a representation is required by any of the aforementioned applicable provisions of law.

23. <u>TERM OF PLAN</u>. The Plan shall become effective upon the earlier to occur of its adoption by the Board or its approval by the stockholders of the Company. It shall continue in effect for a term of ten (10) years until March 5, 2029, unless sooner terminated under Section 20 hereof.

# EXHIBIT A QUICKLOGIC CORPORATION

# 2009 EMPLOYEE STOCK PURCHASE PLAN SUBSCRIPTION AGREEMENT

Purchase Period:	
Original Application (New Enrollment)	Enrollment Date:
Change in Payroll Deduction Rate	
Change of Beneficiary(ies)	

- 1. hereby elects to participate in the QuickLogic Corporation 2009 Employee Stock Purchase Plan (the "Employee Stock Purchase Plan") and subscribes to purchase shares of the Company's Common Stock in accordance with this Subscription Agreement and the Employee Stock Purchase Plan.
- 2. I hereby authorize payroll deductions from each paycheck in the amount of \_\_\_\_\_\_% of my Compensation on each payday (from 0 to 20%) during the Offering Period in accordance with the Employee Stock Purchase Plan. (Please note that no fractional percentages are permitted and only one reduction is allowed during each 6-month period according to our plan document.)
- 3. I understand that said payroll deductions will be accumulated for the purchase of Shares of Common Stock at the applicable Purchase Price determined in accordance with the Employee Stock Purchase Plan. I understand that if I do not withdraw from an Offering Period, any accumulated payroll deductions will be used to automatically exercise my option and purchase Common Stock under the Employee Stock Purchase Plan.
- 4. I have received a copy of the complete Employee Stock Purchase Plan and its accompanying prospectus. I understand that my participation in the Employee Stock Purchase Plan is in all respects subject to the terms of the Plan.
- 5. Shares of Common Stock purchased for me under the Employee Stock Purchase Plan should be issued in the name(s) of(Eligible Employee or Eligible Employee and Spouse only).
- I understand that if I dispose of any shares received by me pursuant to the Plan within 2 years after the Enrollment Date (the first day of the Offering Period during which I purchased such shares) or 1 year after the Exercise Date, whichever is later, I will be treated for federal income tax purposes as having received ordinary income at the time of such disposition in an amount equal to the excess of the fair market value of the shares at the time such shares were purchased by me over the price which I paid for the shares. I hereby agree to notify the Company in writing within 30 days after the date of any disposition of my shares and I will make adequate provisions for Federal, state or other tax withholding obligations, if any, which arise upon the disposition of the Common Stock. The Company may, but will not be obligated to, withhold from my compensation the minimum statutory amounts of applicable withholding obligation including any withholding necessary to make available to the Company any tax deductions or benefits attributable to sale or early disposition of Common Stock by me. If I dispose of such shares at any time after the expiration of the 2-year and 1-year holding periods, I understand that I will be treated for federal income tax purposes as having received income only at the time of such disposition, and that such income will be taxed as ordinary income only to the extent of an amount equal to the lesser of (a) the excess of the fair market value of the shares at the time of such disposition over the purchase price which I paid for the shares, or (b) 15% of the fair market value of the shares on the first day of the Offering Period. The remainder of the gain, if any, recognized on such disposition will be taxed as capital gain.
- 7. I hereby agree to be bound by the terms of the Employee Stock Purchase Plan. The effectiveness of this Subscription Agreement is dependent upon my eligibility to participate in the Employee Stock Purchase Plan.

8.	In th Plan:		ny death, l	I hereby designate the follow	ing as my benefic	iary(ies) to receive	e all payments and	shares due me u	ander the Employee	Stock Purchase
NAM	E: (Pl	ease print	)							
(First)	(	Middle)	(Last)							
Relati										
(Addr				-						
Securi	ity Nu	Social mber:								
Emplo	yee's	Address:								
				S SUBSCRIPTION AG SS TERMINATED BY		HALL REMAII	N IN EFFECT	ГНROUGHO	UT SUCCESSIV	VЕ
Dated										
Signat		Employe								
				iary other than spouse)						
						2				

8.

# EXHIBIT B QUICKLOGIC CORPORATION

# 2009 EMPLOYEE STOCK PURCHASE PLAN NOTICE OF WITHDRAWAL

The undersigned Participant in the Offering Period of the QuickLogic Corporation 2009 Employee Stock Purchase Plan which began on, "Enrollment Date") hereby notifies the Company that he or she hereby withdraws from the Offering Period. He or she hereby directs the Company to pay to the promptly as practicable all the payroll deductions credited to his or her account with respect to such Offering Period. The undersigned understands and agrees to option for such Offering Period will be automatically terminated. The undersigned understands further that no further payroll deductions will be made for the payres in the current Offering Period and the undersigned shall be eligible to participate in succeeding Offering Periods only by delivering to the Company a ne Agreement.	that his or her ourchase of
Name and Address of Participant:	
Signature:	
Date:	

#### QUICKLOGIC CORPORATION

#### 2019 STOCK PLAN

#### NOTICE OF GRANT OF STOCK OPTIONS

Unless otherwise defined herein, the terms defined in the 2019 Stock Plan (the "Plan") will have the same defined meanings in this Notice of Grant of Stock Options (the "Notice of Grant") and the Stock Option Agreement, attached hereto as <a href="Exhibit A">Exhibit A</a> (the "Stock Option Agreement").

QuickLogic Corporation is pleased to inform you that you, the undersigned Optionee, have been granted an option ("Option") to purchase common stock (hereinafter referred to as the "Shares") of the Company, subject to the terms and conditions of the Plan and this Agreement, as follows:

Optionee: Grant Number: Date of Grant: Vesting Commencement Date: Exercise Price, per Share: Number of Shares Granted: Term of Option:

Type of Option: Incentive Stock Option Nonstatutory Stock Option

Vesting Schedule: The option may be exercised as it vests. The options will vest in accordance with the following vesting schedule, so long as a Vesting Cessation Date (as defined herein) has not occurred.

25% of the Shares subject to the Option shall vest twelve months after the Vesting Commencement Date, and 1/48 of the Shares subject to the Option shall vest each month thereafter. Fully vested in four years.

25% of the Shares subject to the Option shall vest twelve months after the Vesting Commencement Date, and 1/8 of the Shares subject to the Option shall vest fifteen months after the Vesting Commencement Date and each six months thereafter. Fully vested in 15 quarters.

1/12 th of the Shares subject to the Option shall vest for each full month of Service after the Vesting Commencement Date. Fully vested in one year.

1/24th of the Shares subject to the Option shall vest for each full month of Service after the Vesting Commencement Date. Fully vested in two years.

- 1/ of the Shares subject to the Option shall vest after the Vesting Commencement Date. Thereafter, 1/ of the Shares shall vest for each full of Service. Fully vested in
  - 1/ of the Shares subject to the Option shall vest for each full of Service after the Vesting Commencement Date.

100% of the Shares subject to the Option shall be fully vested on the grant date.

Termination of Relationship as a Service Provider or Provision of Notice of Employment Termination; Vesting Cessation Date. If Optionee (i) ceases to provide ongoing service as a Service Provider (for any reason and regardless of any appropriate court finding such termination unfair or irregular on any basis whatsoever), or (ii) is provided with notice of termination of employment (for any reason and regardless of any appropriate court finding

the related termination unfair or irregular on any basis whatsoever) and ceases to provide ongoing service during the notice period, the Optionee may exercise his or her Option for a three month period beginning (a) the earlier of the date of such cessation as a Service Provider or the last date of ongoing service after receiving a notice of termination of employment, or (b) such later date as required by Applicable Law (the earlier of these dates or such later date required by Applicable Law is referred to herein as the "Vesting Cessation Date," as reasonably fixed and determined by the Administrator). Such exercise period shall automatically extend from three to twelve months in the event Optionee ceases to be a Service Provider as a result of Optionee's death or Disability. In no event shall this Option be exercised later than the expiration of the term of such Option as set forth in the Option Agreement. Optionee further acknowledges and agrees that this Agreement, the transactions contemplated hereunder and the vesting schedule set forth herein do not constitute an express or implied promise of continued engagement as a Service Provider for the vesting period or for any other period and shall not interfere with Optionee's right or the Company's right to terminate Optionee's relationship as a Service Provider at any time, with or without notice, except as otherwise required by Applicable Law. At the sole discretion of Company, subject to Applicable Law, Optionee may be paid a lump sum for their cash compensation in lieu of notice. Options which do not vest by the Vesting Cessation Date shall automatically become void and without further effect. In such event, the underlying Shares shall be returned to the Plan.

The Stock Option Agreement included as Exhibit A and the Plan are incorporated herein by reference. The Plan, Stock Option Agreement and this Notice of Grant constitute the entire agreement of the parties with respect to the subject matter hereof and supersede in their entirety all prior undertakings and agreements of the Company and Optionee with respect to the subject matter hereof, and may not be modified adversely to the Optionee's interest except by means of a writing signed by the Company and the Optionee. The Company will administer the Plan from the United States of America, and any disputes will be settled in the U.S. according to U.S. law. This Notice of Grant, Stock Option Agreement, Plan and all awards are governed by the internal substantive laws,

but not the choice of law principles, of the State of California, United States of America.

By Optionee's signature and the signature of the Company's representative below, Optionee and the Company agree that this Option is granted under and governed by the terms and conditions of the Plan, the Stock Option Agreement and this Notice of Grant. Optionee has reviewed the Plan, the Stock Option Agreement and this Notice of Grant in their entirety, has had an opportunity to obtain the advice of counsel prior to executing this Agreement and fully understands all provisions of the Plan, the Stock Option Agreement and this Notice of Grant. Optionee hereby agrees to accept as binding, conclusive and final all decisions or interpretations of the Administrator upon any questions relating to the Plan, the Stock Option Agreement and this Notice of Grant.

OPTIONEE:	QUICKLOGIC CORPORATION
	Ву:
Signature	
District Control of the Control of t	Title:
Print Name	
Date:	Date:
OPTIONEE ADDRESS:	
OT TO NEET TO DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY OF T	
BENEFICIARY:	

Print Name					
Date:					
Consent of spouse i	required if beneficiary is someone other than spouse:				
Signature:					
Print Name:					
Date:					

Please return this Notice of Grant of Stock Options to the Stock Administrator of the Company.

#### **EXHIBIT A**

#### STOCK OPTION AGREEMENT

- 1. Grant of Option. The Plan Administrator of the Company hereby grants to the person named in the Notice of Grant under the Plan (the "Optione") an option (the "Option") to purchase the number of Shares, as set forth in the Notice of Grant, at the exercise price per share set forth in the Notice of Grant (the "Exercise Price"), subject to the terms and conditions of the Notice of Grant, this Stock Option Agreement and the Plan, which is incorporated by reference. In the event of a conflict between the terms and conditions of the Plan and the terms and conditions of the Plan shall prevail. If designated in the Notice of Grant as an Incentive Stock Option ("ISO"), this Option is intended to qualify as an ISO under Section 422 of the Code. However, any Option that exceeds the \$100,000 rule of Code Section 422(d) shall be treated as a Nonstatutory Stock Option ("NSO").
- 2. <u>Exercise of Option.</u> This Option is exercisable during its term in accordance with the Vesting Schedule set out in the Notice of Grant and the applicable provisions of the Plan and this Stock Option Agreement. This Option shall be deemed exercised when the Company receives: (i) written or electronic notice of exercise from the person entitled to exercise the Option; and (ii) full payment of the Exercise Price, as defined herein, for Shares exercised. The form of written notice of exercise is attached as Exhibit A-1. The forms of consideration acceptable for the payment of the aggregate Exercise Price are described in the Plan, Section 9(c).
- 3. <u>Term of Option</u>. This Option may be exercised only within the Term of Option set out in the Notice of Grant, and in accordance with the terms of the Plan and this Option Agreement.
- 4. Tax Withholding and Consequences. Regardless of any action the Company takes with respect to any or all income tax, social insurance, payroll tax, or other tax-related withholding, fringe benefit tax ("FBT") or National Insurance Contribution ("NIC") tax paid or payable in respect of the grant, vesting, exercise, cancellation, transfer of the Options or issuance of the Shares ("Tax-Related Items"), Optionee acknowledges that the ultimate liability for all Tax-Related Items legally due by Optionee are and remain Optionee's responsibility and that the Company (a) makes no representations or undertakings regarding the treatment of any Tax-Related Items in connection with any aspect of the grant, vesting, exercise or delivery of options or related Shares, the subsequent sale of Shares and/or the receipt of any dividends; and (b) does not commit to structure the terms of a option grant to reduce or eliminate Optionee's liability for Tax-Related Items. Optionee should consult a tax adviser and the Plan in order to determine the tax consequences before exercising this Option or disposing of the Shares.
- 5. <u>Tax Matters.</u> If the Optionee sells or otherwise disposes of any of the Shares acquired pursuant to an ISO on or before the later of (i) two years after the grant date, or (ii) one year after the exercise date, the Optionee shall immediately notify the Company in writing of such disposition, and shall promptly provide any information

that may be requested by the Company and/or the Company's consultant regarding such sale or other disposition of the Shares. The Optionee agrees that he or she may be subject to income tax withholding by the Company on the compensation income recognized from such early disposition of ISO Shares by payment in cash or out of the current earnings paid to the Optionee.

6. Tax Obligations. Optionee agrees to make appropriate arrangements with the Company (or the Parent or Subsidiary employing or retaining Optionee) in accordance with the procedures offered by the Company for the satisfaction of all federal, state, local and foreign income and employment tax withholding requirements, FBT and NIC applicable to the grant, vesting or exercise of the Options and issuance of the Shares. Optionee also agrees to reimburse or pay the Company (including its Subsidiaries) in full, any liability that the Company incurs towards any FBT or NIC paid or payable in respect of the grant, vesting, exercise or cancellation of the Option or transfer or delivery of the Shares, within the time and in the manner prescribed by the Company. The Administrator may in its sole discretion determine amounts and whether the withholding taxes and/or FBT and/or NIC with respect to such Option and related Shares will be paid by cash, exercising and selling a portion of a vested Option, electing to have the Company withhold otherwise deliverable Shares having a value equal to the minimum amount statutorily required to be withheld, selling a sufficient number of such Shares otherwise deliverable to Optionee through such means as the Company may determine in its sole discretion (whether through a broker or otherwise) having a Fair Market Value equal to the amount required, by directing of a portion of the proceeds to the Company, by payroll withholding, by delivering already vested and owned Shares to the Company, by delivering net shares, by direct payment from the Optionee to the Company, by some other method, or by some combination thereof. Optionee agrees to execute any additional documents requested by the Company for such reimbursement of such taxes to the Company.

Optionee grants to the Company the irrevocable authority, as agent of Optionee and on Optionee's behalf, to sell or procure the sale of sufficient Shares subject to this Option so that the net proceeds receivable by the Company are as far as possible equal to but not less than the amount of any withholding tax, FBT or NIC the Optionee is liable for (including pursuant to the preceding paragraph) and the Company will account to Optionee for any balance.

Optionee acknowledges and agrees that the Company may refuse to allow the exercise of Options or the delivery of Shares if Optionee has not made appropriate arrangements with the Company to satisfy tax withholding requirements, FBT or NIC.

7. No Guarantee of Continued Service. OPTIONEE ACKNOWLEDGES AND AGREES THAT THE VESTING OF SHARES PURSUANT TO THE VESTING SCHEDULE HEREOF IS EARNED ONLY BY CONTINUING AS A SERVICE PROVIDER AT THE WILL OF THE COMPANY (NOT THROUGH THE ACT OF BEING HIRED, BEING GRANTED AN OPTION OR PURCHASING SHARES HEREUNDER). OPTIONEE FURTHER ACKNOWLEDGES AND AGREES THAT THIS AGREEMENT, THE TRANSACTIONS CONTEMPLATED HEREUNDER AND THE VESTING SCHEDULE SET FORTH HEREIN DO NOT CONSTITUTE AN EXPRESS OR IMPLIED PROMISE OF CONTINUED ENGAGEMENT AS A SERVICE PROVIDER FOR THE VESTING PERIOD, FOR ANY PERIOD, OR AT ALL, AND WILL NOT INTERFERE WITH OPTIONEE'S RIGHT OR THE COMPANY'S RIGHT TO TERMINATE OPTIONEE'S SERVICE PROVIDER STATUS AT ANY TIME, WITH OR WITHOUT CAUSE, EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE REQUIRED BY APPLICABLE LAW. ACCORDINGLY, OPTIONEE DOES NOT HAVE ANY ENTITLEMENT TO AN OPTION IF

## OPTIONEE RESIGNS OR IF THERE IS A VESTING CESSATION DATE FOR ANY REASON PRIOR TO THE DATE THAT THE OPTION VESTS.

8. <u>Data Privacy</u>. By accepting this Stock Option Agreement or any Shares upon exercise thereof, Optionee explicitly and unambiguously consents to the collection, use and transfer, in electronic or other form, of Optionee's personal data as described in this document by and among, as applicable, the Company, its subsidiaries and affiliates for the exclusive purpose of implementing, administering and managing Optionee's participation in the Plan. For the purpose of implementing, administering and managing the Plan, Optionee understands that the Company holds certain personal information about Optionee, including, but not limited to, Optionee's name, home address and telephone number, date of birth, Tax ID or other identification number, salary, nationality, job title, any equity or directorships held in the Company, details of all equity awards or any entitlement to Shares awarded,

canceled, exercised, vested, unvested or outstanding in Optionee's favor, for the purpose of implementing, administering and managing the Plan ("Data"). Optionee understands that Data may be transferred to any third parties assisting in the implementation, administration and management of the Plan, that these recipients may be located in Optionee's country or elsewhere. The Company, as a global company, may transfer Optionee's personal data to countries that may not provide an adequate level of protection. The Company, however, is committed to providing a suitable and consistent level of protection for Optionee's personal data regardless of the country in which it resides. Optionee understands that Optionee may request information regarding the Company's stock plan administration by contacting Human Resources, the Chief Financial Officer or their designee. Optionee authorizes the recipients to receive, possess, use, retain and transfer the Data, in electronic or other form, for the purposes of implementing, administering and managing Optionee's participation in the Plan, including any requisite transfer of such Data as may be required to a broker or other third party with whom Optionee deposits any Shares issued at exercise of an option. Optionee understands that Data will be held as long as is necessary to implement, administer and manage the Plan. Optionee understands that Optionee may, at any time, view Data, request additional information about the storage and processing of Data, require any necessary amendments to Data or refuse or withdraw the consents herein, in any case without cost, by contacting in writing Human Resources or the Chief Financial Officer. Optionee understands, however, that refusing or withdrawing Optionee's consent may affect Optionee's ability to participate in the Plan. For more information on the consequences of Optionee's refusal to consent or withdrawal of consent, Optionee understands that he or she may contact Human Resources, the Chief Financial Officer or their designee.

- 9. <u>Electronic Delivery.</u> The Company may, in its sole discretion, decide to deliver any documents related to the Option or issuance of Shares and participation in the Plan or future Stock Option Agreements that may be awarded under the Plan by electronic means or to request Optionee's consent to participate in the Plan by electronic means. Optionee hereby consents to receive such documents by electronic delivery and, if requested, to agree to participate in the Plan through an on-line or electronic system established and maintained by the Company or another third party designated by the Company.
- 10. Payments after Death. Any distribution or delivery to be made to the Optionee under this Agreement will, if the Optionee is then deceased, be made to the administrator or executor of the Optionee's estate or, if none, to the persons entitled to receive such distribution or delivery under the

Optionee's will or the laws of descent or distribution. Any such recipient must furnish the Company with (a) written notice of his or her status as transferee, and (b) evidence satisfactory to the Company to establish the validity of the transfer and compliance with any laws or regulations pertaining to said transfer.

- 11. Option is Not Transferable. Except to the limited extent provided in paragraph 10 of this Agreement, this Option and the rights and privileges conferred hereby will not be transferred, assigned, pledged or hypothecated in any way (whether by operation of law or otherwise) and will not be subject to sale under execution, attachment or similar process. Upon any attempt to transfer, assign, pledge, hypothecate or otherwise dispose of this Option, or any right or privilege conferred hereby, or upon any attempted sale under any execution, attachment or similar process, this Option and the rights and privileges conferred hereby immediately will become null and void.
- 12. <u>Rights as Stockholder</u>. Neither the Optionee nor any person claiming under or through the Optionee will have any of the rights or privileges of a stockholder of the Company in respect of any Shares deliverable hereunder unless and until certificates representing such Shares will have been issued, recorded on the records of the Company or its transfer agents or registrars, and delivered to the Optionee's broker or had the Shares electronically transferred to Optionee's account.
  - 13. <u>Acknowledgments.</u> The Optionee expressly acknowledges the following:
- (a) The Company (whether or not Optionee's employer) is granting the Option. That the Option, future grants of Options, and benefits and rights provided under the Plan are at the complete discretion of the Company and do not constitute regular or periodic payments, or remuneration under the terms of employment. No grant of Options will be deemed to create any obligation to grant any further options, whether or not such a reservation is explicitly stated at the time of such a grant. The benefits and rights provided under the Plan are not to be considered part of Optionee's salary or total compensation for purposes of determining Optionee's entitlement upon termination and will not be included for purposes of calculating any severance, resignation, termination, redundancy or other end of service payments, vacation, bonuses, long-term service awards,

indemnification, pension or retirement benefits, life insurance, 401(k) profit sharing or any other payments, benefits or rights of any kind. Optionee waives any and all rights to compensation or damages as a result of the termination of employment with the Company or its subsidiaries and the administration of the Plan and this grant for any reason whatsoever insofar as those rights result or may result from:

- (i) the loss or diminution in value of such rights under the Plan, or
- (ii) Optionee ceasing to have any rights under, or ceasing to be entitled to any rights under the Plan as a result of such termination or administration.
- (b) The Company has the right, at any time to amend, suspend or terminate the Plan. The Plan will not be deemed to constitute, and will not be construed by Optionee to constitute, part of the terms and conditions of employment, and that the Company will not incur any liability of

any kind to Optionee as a result of any change or amendment, or any cancellation, of the Plan at any time.

- (c) The Optionee's employment with the Company and its Subsidiaries is not affected at all by any grant and it is agreed by the Optionee not to create an entitlement and will not be included in the Optionee's entitlement at common law for damages during any reasonable notice period. Accordingly, the terms of the Optionee's employment with the Company and its Subsidiaries will be determined from time to time by the Company or the Subsidiary employing the Optionee (as the case may be), and the Company or the Subsidiary will have the right, which is hereby expressly reserved, to terminate or change the terms of the employment of the Optionee at any time for any reason whatsoever, with or without good cause or notice, and to determine when Optionee is no longer providing ongoing service to the Company for purposes of administering Optionee's Option, except as may be expressly prohibited by the laws of the jurisdiction in which the Optionee is employed.
  - (d) The future value of the Shares is unknown and cannot be predicted with certainty.
  - (e) Choice of Language.
- (i) For Employees of Canadian Locations: The undersigned agrees that it is his or her express wish that this form and all documents relating to his or her participation in the scheme be drawn in the English language only. Le soussigné convient que sa volonté expresse est que ce formulaire ainsi que tous les documents se rapportant à sa participation au régime soient rédigés en langue anglaise seulement.
- (ii) For Employees of Locations Other than Canada: Optionee has received this Agreement and any other related communications and consents to having received these documents solely in English.
- 14. <u>Binding Agreement.</u> Subject to the limitation on the transferability of this grant contained herein, this Agreement will be binding upon and inure to the benefit of the heirs, legatees, legal representatives, successors and assigns of the parties hereto.
- 15. Additional Conditions to Issuance of Stock. If at any time the Company will determine, in its discretion, that the listing, registration or qualification of the Shares upon any securities exchange or under any state or federal law, or the consent or approval of any governmental regulatory authority is necessary or desirable as a condition to the issuance of Shares to the Optionee (or Optionee's estate), such issuance will not occur unless and until such listing, registration, qualification, consent or approval will have been effected or obtained free of any conditions not acceptable to the Company. The Company will make all reasonable efforts to meet the requirements of any such state or federal law or securities exchange and to obtain any such consent or approval of any such governmental authority.
- 16. <u>Administrator Authority</u>. The Administrator has the power to interpret the Plan, the Notice of Grant and this Agreement and to adopt such rules for the administration, interpretation and

application thereof as are consistent therewith and to interpret or revoke any such rules. Any dispute regarding the interpretation of this Agreement will be submitted by Optionee or by the Company forthwith to the Administrator which will review such dispute at its next regular meeting. All actions taken and all interpretations and

determinations made by the Administrator in good faith will be final and binding upon Optionee, the Company and all other interested persons. No member of the Administrator will be personally liable for any action, determination or interpretation made in good faith with respect to the Plan, the Notice of Grant or this Agreement.

- 17. <u>Address for Notices.</u> Any notice to be given to the Company under the terms of this Agreement will be made in writing and deemed effective: (i) upon delivery when delivered in person; or (iii) when delivered by registered or certified mail, postage prepaid, return receipt requested, addressed to the Company at 2220 Lundy Avenue, San Jose, CA 95131, <u>Attn</u>: Stock Administrator, or at such other address as the Company may hereafter designate in writing or electronically.
  - 18. Captions. Captions provided herein are for convenience only and are not to serve as a basis for interpretation or construction of this Agreement.
- 19. <u>Agreement Severable</u>. In the event that any provision in this Agreement will be held invalid or unenforceable, such provision will be severable from, and such invalidity or unenforceability will not be construed to have any effect on, the remaining provisions of this Agreement.
- 20. <u>Modifications to the Agreement.</u> This Agreement constitutes the entire understanding of the parties on the subjects covered. Optionee expressly warrants that he or she is not accepting this Agreement in reliance on any promises, representations, or inducements other than those contained herein. Modifications to this Agreement or the Plan can be made only in an express written contract executed by a duly authorized officer of the Company. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in the Plan or this Agreement, the Company reserves the right to revise this Agreement as it deems necessary or advisable, in its sole discretion and without the consent of Optionee, to comply with Section 409A of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code") or to otherwise avoid imposition of any additional tax or income recognition under Section 409A of the Code in connection with this Option.
- 21. No Waiver. Either party's failure to enforce any provision or provisions of this Agreement will not in any way be construed as a waiver of any such provision or provisions, nor prevent that party from thereafter enforcing each and every other provision of this Agreement. The rights granted both parties herein are cumulative and will not constitute a waiver of either party's right to assert all other legal remedies available to it under the circumstances.

#### Exhibit A-1

#### QUICKLOGIC CORPORATION 2019 STOCK PLAN STOCK OPTION EXERCISE FORM

Your completed form should be returned by fax or mail to: Stock Administration. Phone: (408) 990-4120. Fax: (408) 990-4276. Incomplete forms may cause a delay in processing/receipt of funds.

Date:	Country in Which You Work:	Dept. #:	Emp. ID:	
Name:	SS#:		Work Phone:	
Home Address:	(Number and Street)			
	(City, State, Zip Code/Postal Code, Country)			

Grant #	Grant Date	Grant Type (ISO/NQ)	Grant Price Per Share	# of Shares to Exercise	Amount Due For Stock	Amount Due For Taxes **
			TOTALS			
2. Me	thod of Exercise (Please Check One	):				
	Cash Exercise (Exercis					
	It is your responsibility to conta Stock Administration wil	<u>act a broker to sell your sto</u> ll not contact a broker for <u>j</u>				
Social S	**Tax Due: (U.S. employees O ecurity, and SDI.	NLY) For NQ option exer	cise - We are required to	o collect Federal Incom	e Tax, Applicable State I	ncome Tax, Medicare,
3. Plea	ase deliver all shares to: (If shares a	re to be delivered to a bro	oker, you must establish	an account prior to de	elivery.)	
	Broker Name:		Acct.#:			
	Broker DTC#:		Broker .	Phone:		
	Mail stack cartificata t	o my home address as list	ad ahova (maka sura th	o addross is logible )		
4. Iur	nderstand that Stock Administration	•	•	,		
	understand that I should read a cui	rent copy of the Compan	y's Prospectus prior to	making any investmen	t; and that, if necessary	, I can contact the Company
	understand that, if I am an officer on is type of transaction.	or director of the Compan	ny, I may be subject to a	dditional requirements	s under Federal securiti	es regulation which pertain
	Signature				Print Name	

1. I hereby elect to exercise the following stock option(s):

# QUICKLOGIC CORPORATION 2019 STOCK PLAN

#### NOTICE OF GRANT OF RESTRICTED STOCK UNITS

Unless otherwise defined herein, the terms defined in the 2019 Stock Plan (the "Plan") will have the same defined meanings in this Notice of Grant of Restricted Stock Units (the "Notice of Grant") and the Restricted Stock Unit Agreement, attached hereto as <u>Exhibit A</u> (the "Restricted Stock Unit Agreement" or "Agreement").

Grantee: %%FIRST\_NAME%-% %%MIDDLE\_NAME%-% %%LAST\_NAME%-%

Address: %%ADDRESS LINE 1%-%

%%ADDRESS LINE 2%-% %%ADDRESS LINE 3%-%

<u>%%CITY%-%, %%STATE%-% %%COUNTRY%-% %%ZIPCODE%-%</u>

Grantee has been granted the right to receive an award of Restricted Stock Units ("RSUs"), subject to the terms and conditions of the Plan and the Agreement, as follows:

Grant Number %%OPTION NUMBER%-%

Date of Grant %%OPTION DATE,'MM/DD/YYYY'%-%

Vesting Commencement Date %%VEST\_BASE\_DATE,'MM/DD/YYYY'%-%

Number of Restricted Stock Units %%TOTAL SHARES GRANTED,'999,999,999'%-%

Vesting Schedule:

A Grantee vests in the RSUs in accordance with the following vesting schedule, so long as a Vesting Cessation Date (as defined herein) has not yet occurred:

This RSU will vest, in whole or in part, according to the following vesting schedule:

X Scheduled 25% then bi-annual vesting over four years. 25% of the RSUs shall vest on the one-year anniversary of the grant date and one eighth (1/8th) of the RSUs shall vest every six months thereafter, subject to the individual's continued employment with the Company.

<u>Term of Service Vesting RSUs</u>. Service vesting RSUs shall automatically expire, to the extent then unvested, on the Vesting Cessation Date. RSUs which expire shall automatically become void and without further effect. In such event, the underlying Shares shall be returned to the Plan.

1

The maximum term of a RSU is ten (10) years.

GRANTEE

QUICKLOGIC CORPORATION

The Restricted Stock Unit Agreement included as Exhibit A and the Plan are incorporated herein by reference. The Plan, Restricted Stock Unit Agreement and this Notice of Grant constitute the entire agreement of the parties with respect to the subject matter hereof and supersede in their entirety all prior undertakings and agreements of the Company and Grantee with respect to the subject matter hereof, and may not be modified adversely to the Grantee's interest except by means of a writing signed by the Company and Grantee. The Company will administer the Plan from the United States of America, and any disputes will be settled in the U.S. according to U.S. law. This Notice of Grant, Restricted Stock Unit Agreement, Plan and all awards are governed by the internal substantive laws, but not the choice of law principles, of the State of California, United States of America.

By Grantee's signature, Grantee agrees that this award is granted under and governed by the terms and conditions of the Plan, the Restricted Stock Unit Agreement and this Notice of Grant. Grantee has reviewed the Plan, the Restricted Stock Unit Agreement and this Notice of Grant in their entirety, has had an opportunity to obtain the advice of counsel prior to executing this Agreement and fully understands all provisions of the Plan, the Restricted Stock Unit Agreement and this Notice of Grant. Grantee hereby agrees to accept as binding, conclusive and final all decisions or interpretations of the Administrator upon any questions relating to the Plan, the Restricted Stock Unit Agreement and this Notice of Grant.

	By:		
Signature			
Print Name	Title:		
Date:	Date:		
GRANTEE ADDRESS:			
BENEFICIARY:			
Print Name			
		2	

Date:		
Consent of spouse required if beneficiary is someone other than spouse		
Signature:		
Print Name:		
Date:		
	3	

# **EXHIBIT A**

#### RESTRICTED STOCK UNIT AGREEMENT

- 1. <u>Grant of Restricted Stock Units.</u> The Company hereby grants to the Grantee named in the Notice of Grant under the Plan an award of Restricted Stock Units ("RSUs"), subject to all of the terms and conditions in this Restricted Stock Unit Agreement and the Plan, which is incorporated herein by reference. Subject to Section 16(c) of the Plan, in the event of a conflict between the terms and conditions of the Plan and the terms and conditions of the Plan will prevail.
- 2. <u>Company's Obligation</u>. Each RSU represents the right to receive a Share in accordance with the vesting schedule in the attached Notice of Grant. Unless and until the RSUs vest, the Grantee will have no right to receive Shares underlying such RSUs. Prior to actual distribution of Shares pursuant to any vested RSUs, such RSUs will represent an unsecured obligation of the Company, payable (if at all) only from the general assets of the Company.
- 3. <u>Vesting Schedule</u>. Subject to paragraph 4 of this Agreement, the RSUs awarded by this Agreement will vest and all restrictions lapse according to the vesting schedule specified in the Notice of Grant.
- 4. <u>Forfeiture upon Termination as a Service Provider.</u> Notwithstanding any contrary provision of this Agreement or the Notice of Grant, if the RSU expires for any or no reason prior to vesting, the unvested RSUs awarded by the Notice of Grant and this Agreement will thereupon be forfeited at no cost to the Company.
- 5. Payment after Vesting. Any RSUs that vest in accordance with paragraph 3 of this Agreement will be paid to the Grantee (or in the event of the Grantee's death, to Grantee's estate) in Shares, provided that to the extent determined appropriate by the Company, any federal, state and local withholding taxes, fringe benefit tax ("FBT") or National Insurance Contribution ("NIC") tax with respect to such RSUs will be paid by the Grantee in the manner allowed by the Company.
- 6. Tax Withholding and Consequences. Regardless of any action the Company takes with respect to any or all income tax, social insurance, payroll tax, or other tax-related withholding, FBT or NIC paid or payable in respect of the grant, vesting, release, cancellation, transfer of the RSUs or issuance of the related Shares ("Tax-Related Items"), Grantee acknowledges that the ultimate liability for all Tax-Related Items legally due by Grantee are and remain Grantee's responsibility and that the Company (a) makes no representations or undertakings regarding the treatment of any Tax-Related Items in connection with any aspect of the grant, vesting or delivery of RSUs or related Shares, the subsequent sale of Shares and/or the receipt of any dividends; and (b) does not commit to structure the terms of a RSU grant to reduce or eliminate Grantee's liability for Tax-Related Items. Set forth below is a brief summary as of the date of grant of this Restricted Stock Unit Agreement of some of the United States federal tax consequences of vesting of this RSU and disposition of the Shares. THIS SUMMARY IS NECESSARILY INCOMPLETE, AND THE TAX LAWS AND REGULATIONS ARE SUBJECT TO CHANGE.

As the RSUs vest, Grantee will immediately recognize compensation income in an amount equal to the Fair Market Value of the vesting Shares (the "Vest Date Fair Market Value") if Grantee is a U.S taxpayer. If Grantee is a non-U.S. taxpayer, Grantee will be subject to applicable taxes in Grantee's jurisdiction.

If Grantee is an Employee or former Employee, the Vest Date Fair Market Value will be subject to tax withholding by the Company, and the Company will generally be entitled to a tax deduction in the amount at the time the Grantee recognizes ordinary income with respect to a Restricted Stock Unit Agreement.

7. Tax Obligations. Grantee agrees to make appropriate arrangements with the Company (or the Parent or Subsidiary employing or retaining Grantee) in accordance with the procedures offered by the Company for the satisfaction of all federal, state, local and foreign income and employment tax withholding requirements, FBT and NIC applicable to the grant, vesting or issuance of Shares pursuant to an award of RSUs. Grantee also agrees to reimburse or pay the Company (including its subsidiaries) in full, any liability that the Company incurs towards any FBT or NIC paid or payable in respect of the grant, vesting, release, cancellation, transfer or delivery of the RSU or related Shares, within the time and in the manner prescribed by the Company. The Administrator may in its sole discretion determine amounts and whether the withholding taxes and/or FBT and/or NIC with respect to such RSUs and related Shares will be paid by cash, selling a portion of vested shares, electing to have the Company withhold otherwise deliverable Shares having a value equal to the minimum amount statutorily required to be withheld, selling a sufficient number of such Shares otherwise deliverable to Grantee through such means as the Company may determine in its sole discretion (whether through a broker or otherwise) having a Fair Market Value equal to the amount required, by directing a portion of the proceeds to the Company, by payroll withholding, by delivering already vested and owned Shares to the Company, by delivering net shares, by direct payment from the Grantee to the Company, by some other method, or by some combination thereof. Grantee agrees to execute any additional documents requested by the Company for such reimbursement of such taxes to the Company.

Grantee grants to the Company the irrevocable authority, as agent of Grantee and on Grantee's behalf, to sell or procure the sale of sufficient Shares subject to this award of RSUs so that the net proceeds receivable by the Company are as far as possible equal to but not less than the amount of any withholding tax, FBT or NIC the Grantee is liable for (including pursuant to the preceding paragraph) and the Company will account to Grantee for any balance.

Grantee acknowledges and agrees that the Company may refuse to deliver Shares if Grantee has not made appropriate arrangements with the Company to satisfy tax withholding requirements, FBT or NIC.

8. No Guarantee of Continued Service. GRANTEE ACKNOWLEDGES AND AGREES THAT THE VESTING OF RSUs PURSUANT TO THE NOTICE OF GRANT OF RSUs HEREOF IS EARNED ONLY BY CONTINUING SERVICE AS A SERVICE PROVIDER AT THE WILL OF THE COMPANY (NOT THROUGH THE ACT OF BEING HIRED). GRANTEE FURTHER ACKNOWLEDGES AND AGREES THAT THIS AGREEMENT, THE

TRANSACTIONS CONTEMPLATED HEREUNDER AND THE VESTING SCHEDULE SET FORTH HEREIN DO NOT CONSTITUTE AN EXPRESS OR IMPLIED PROMISE OF CONTINUED ENGAGEMENT AS A SERVICE PROVIDER FOR THE VESTING PERIOD, FOR ANY PERIOD, OR AT ALL, AND WILL NOT INTERFERE WITH GRANTEE'S RIGHT OR THE COMPANY'S RIGHT TO TERMINATE GRANTEE'S SERVICE PROVIDER STATUS AT ANY TIME, WITH OR WITHOUT CAUSE, EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE REQUIRED BY APPLICABLE LAW. ACCORDINGLY, GRANTEE DOES NOT HAVE ANY ENTITLEMENT TO A RSU IF GRANTEE RESIGNS OR IF THERE IS A VESTING CESSATION DATE FOR ANY REASON PRIOR TO THE DATE THAT THE RSU VESTS.

- Data Privacy. By accepting this Restricted Stock Unit Agreement or any Shares upon vesting thereof, Grantee explicitly and unambiguously consents to the collection, use and transfer, in electronic or other form, of Grantee's personal data as described in this document by and among, as applicable, the Company, its subsidiaries and affiliates for the exclusive purpose of implementing, administering and managing Grantee's participation in the Plan. For the purpose of implementing, administering and managing the Plan, Grantee understands that the Company holds certain personal information about Grantee, including, but not limited to, Grantee's name, home address and telephone number, date of birth, Tax ID or other identification number, salary, nationality, job title, any equity or directorships held in the Company, details of all equity awards or any entitlement to Shares awarded, canceled, exercised, vested, unvested or outstanding in Grantee's favor, for the purpose of implementing, administering and managing the Plan ("Data"). Grantee understands that Data may be transferred to any third parties assisting in the implementation, administration and management of the Plan, that these recipients may be located in Grantee's country or elsewhere. The Company, as a global company, may transfer Grantee's personal data to countries that may not provide an adequate level of protection. The Company, however, is committed to providing a suitable and consistent level of protection for Grantee's personal data regardless of the country in which it resides. Grantee understands that Grantee may request information regarding the Company's stock plan administration by contacting Human Resources, the Chief Financial Officer or their designee. Grantee authorizes the recipients to receive, possess, use, retain and transfer the Data, in electronic or other form, for the purposes of implementing, administering and managing Grantee's participation in the Plan, including any requisite transfer of such Data as may be required to a broker or other third party with whom Grantee deposits any Shares issued at vesting or other scheduled payout. Grantee understands that Data will be held as long as is necessary to implement, administer and manage the Plan. Grantee understands that Grantee may, at any time, view Data, request additional information about the storage and processing of Data, require any necessary amendments to Data or refuse or withdraw the consents herein, in any case without cost, by contacting in writing Human Resources or the Chief Financial Officer. Grantee understands, however, that refusing or withdrawing Grantee's consent may affect Grantee's ability to participate in the Plan. For more information on the consequences of Grantee's refusal to consent or withdrawal of consent, Grantee understands that he or she may contact Human Resources, the Chief Financial Officer or their designee.
- 10. <u>Electronic Delivery</u>. The Company may, in its sole discretion, decide to deliver any documents related to the award of RSUs or issuance of Shares and participation in the Plan or future Restricted Stock Unit Agreements that may be awarded under the Plan by electronic means or to

request Grantee's consent to participate in the Plan by electronic means. Grantee hereby consents to receive such documents by electronic delivery and, if requested, to agree to participate in the Plan through an on-line or electronic system established and maintained by the Company or another third party designated by the Company.

- Payments after Death. Any distribution or delivery to be made to the Grantee under this Agreement will, if the Grantee is then deceased, be made to the administrator or executor of the Grantee's estate or, if none, to the persons entitled to received such distribution or delivery under the Grantee's will or the laws of descent or distribution. Any such recipient must furnish the Company with (a) written notice of his or her status as transferee, and (b) evidence satisfactory to the Company to establish the validity of the transfer and compliance with any laws or regulations pertaining to said transfer.
- 12. <u>Grant is Not Transferable</u>. Except to the limited extent provided in paragraph 11 of this Agreement, this grant and the rights and privileges conferred hereby will not be transferred, assigned, pledged or hypothecated in any way (whether by operation of law or otherwise) and will not be subject to sale under execution, attachment or similar process. Upon any attempt to transfer, assign, pledge, hypothecate or otherwise dispose of this grant, or any right or privilege conferred hereby, or upon any attempted sale under any execution, attachment or similar process, this grant and the rights and privileges conferred hereby immediately will become null and void.
- 13. Rights as Stockholder. Neither the Grantee nor any person claiming under or through the Grantee will have any of the rights or privileges of a stockholder of the Company in respect of any Shares deliverable hereunder unless and until certificates representing such Shares will have been issued, recorded on the records of the Company or its transfer agents or registrars, and delivered to the Grantee or Grantee's broker or had the Shares electronically transferred to Grantee's account.
  - 14. <u>Acknowledgments.</u> The Grantee expressly acknowledges the following:
- (a) The Company (whether or not Grantee's employer) is granting the award of RSUs. That the grant of the award, future grants of awards, and benefits and rights provided under the Plan are at the complete discretion of the Company and do not constitute regular or periodic payments, or remuneration under the terms of employment. No grant of awards will be deemed to create any obligation to grant any further awards, whether or not such a reservation is explicitly stated at the time of such a grant. The benefits and rights provided under the Plan are not to be considered part of Grantee's salary or total compensation for purposes of determining Grantee's entitlement upon termination and will not be included for purposes of calculating any severance, resignation, termination, redundancy or other end of service payments, vacation, bonuses, long-term service awards, indemnification, pension or retirement benefits, life insurance, 401(k) profit sharing or any other payments, benefits or rights of any kind. Grantee waives any and all rights to compensation or damages as a result of the termination of employment with the Company or its subsidiaries and the administration of the Plan and this grant for any reason whatsoever insofar as those rights result or may result from:
  - (i) the loss or diminution in value of such rights under the Plan, or

(ii) Grantee ceasing to have any rights under, or ceasing to be entitled to any rights under the Plan as a result of such termination or administration.

(b) The Company has the right, at any time to amend, suspend or terminate the Plan. The Plan will not be deemed to constitute, and will not be construed by Grantee to constitute, part of the terms and conditions of employment, and that the Company will not incur any liability of any kind to Grantee as a result of any change or amendment, or any cancellation, of the Plan at any time.

- The Grantee's employment with the Company and its Subsidiaries is not affected at all by any award and it is agreed by the Grantee not to create an entitlement and will not be included in the Grantee's entitlement at common law for damages during any reasonable notice period. Accordingly, the terms of the Grantee's employment with the Company and its Subsidiaries will be determined from time to time by the Company or the Subsidiary employing the Grantee (as the case may be), and the Company or the Subsidiary will have the right, which is hereby expressly reserved, to terminate or change the terms of the employment of the Grantee at any time for any reason whatsoever, with or without good cause or notice, and to determine when Grantee is no longer providing ongoing service to the Company for purposes of administering Grantee's grant of RSUs, except as may be expressly prohibited by the laws of the jurisdiction in which the Grantee is employed.
- (d) The future value of the Shares is unknown and cannot be predicted with certainty.
  - (e) Choice of Language.
- (i) For Employees of Canadian Locations: The undersigned agrees that it is his or her express wish that this form and all documents relating to his or her participation in the scheme be drawn in the English language only. Le soussigné convient que sa volonté expresse est que ce formulaire ainsi que tous les documents se rapportant à sa participation au régime soient rédigés en langue anglaise seulement.
- (ii) For Employees of Locations Other than Canada: Grantee has received this Agreement and any other related communications and consents to having received these documents solely in English.
- 15. <u>Binding Agreement</u>. Subject to the limitation on the transferability of this grant contained herein, this Agreement will be binding upon and inure to the benefit of the heirs, legalees, legal representatives, successors and assigns of the parties hereto.
- 16. Additional Conditions to Issuance of Stock. If at any time the Company will determine, in its discretion, that the listing, registration or qualification of the Shares upon any securities exchange or under any state or federal law, or the consent or approval of any governmental regulatory authority is necessary or desirable as a condition to the issuance of Shares to the Grantee (or Grantee's estate), such issuance will not occur unless and until such listing, registration, qualification, consent or approval will have been effected or obtained free of any conditions not

acceptable to the Company. The Company will make all reasonable efforts to meet the requirements of any such state or federal law or securities exchange and to obtain any such consent or approval of any such governmental authority.

- Administrator Authority. The Administrator has the power to interpret the Plan, the Notice of Grant and this Agreement and to adopt such rules for the administration, interpretation and application thereof as are consistent therewith and to interpret or revoke any such rules (including, but not limited to, the determination of whether or not any RSUs have vested). Any dispute regarding the interpretation of this Agreement will be submitted by Grantee or by the Company forthwith to the Administrator which will review such dispute at its next regular meeting. All actions taken and all interpretations and determinations made by the Administrator in good faith will be final and binding upon Grantee, the Company and all other interested persons. No member of the Administrator will be personally liable for any action, determination or interpretation made in good faith with respect to the Plan, the Notice of Grant or this Agreement.
- 18. <u>Address for Notices</u>. Any notice to be given to the Company under the terms of this Agreement will be made in writing and deemed effective: (i) upon delivery when delivered in person; or (iii) when delivered by registered or certified mail, postage prepaid, return receipt requested, addressed to the Company at 1277 Orleans Drive, Sunnyvale, CA 94089, <u>Attn</u>: Stock Administrator, or at such other address as the Company may hereafter designate in writing or electronically.
- 19. <u>Captions</u>. Captions provided herein are for convenience only and are not to serve as a basis for interpretation or construction of this Agreement.
- 20. <u>Agreement Severable</u>. In the event that any provision in this Agreement will be held invalid or unenforceable, such provision will be severable from, and such invalidity or unenforceability will not be construed to have any effect on, the remaining provisions of this Agreement.
- Modifications to the Agreement. This Agreement constitutes the entire understanding of the parties on the subjects covered. Grantee expressly warrants that he or she is not accepting this Agreement in reliance on any promises, representations, or inducements other than those contained herein. Modifications to this Agreement or the Plan can be made only in an express written contract executed by a duly authorized officer of the Company. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in the Plan or this Agreement, the Company reserves the right to revise this Agreement as it deems necessary or advisable, in its sole discretion and without the consent of Grantee, to comply with Section 409A of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code") or to otherwise avoid imposition of any additional tax or income recognition under Section 409A of the Code in connection to this award of RSUs.
- 22. <u>No Waiver</u>. Either party's failure to enforce any provision or provisions of this Agreement will not in any way be construed as a waiver of any such provision or provisions, nor prevent that party from thereafter enforcing each and every other provision of this Agreement. The rights granted both parties herein are cumulative and will not constitute a waiver of either party's right to assert all other legal remedies available to it under the circumstances.

#### QUICKLOGIC CORPORATION

#### 2019 STOCK PLAN

#### NOTICE OF GRANT OF STOCK PURCHASE RIGHT

Unless otherwise defined herein, the terms defined in the 2019 Stock Plan (the "Plan") will have the same defined meanings in this Notice of Grant of Stock Purchase Right and the Restricted Stock Purchase Agreement, attached hereto as Exhibit A (the "Restricted Stock Purchase Agreement").

QuickLogic Corporation is pleased to inform you that you, the undersigned Purchaser, have been granted a right to purchase Restricted Stock (hereinafter referred to as the "Shares") of the Company, subject to the terms and conditions of the Plan and this Agreement, as follows:

Purchaser: Grant Number: Date of Grant: Expiration Date: Vesting Commencement Date: Exercise Price, per Share: Number of Shares Granted:

Vesting Schedule (Check one):

Exercise and Vesting Schedule: This grant is exercisable immediately, in whole or in part, and the Restricted Stock shall vest according to the following vesting schedule. Purchaser will generally be taxed when the Restricted Stock vests and the Company's repurchase option has lapsed. The Restricted Stock is intended (but not guaranteed) to vest in an open trading window under the Company's insider trading policy. This should help enable the Purchaser to sell a portion of the delivered shares to cover the Purchaser's tax obligations. If the trading window is closed on a scheduled vesting date, vesting of the Restricted Stock will be delayed until the trading window is open. A Purchaser vests in the Restricted Stock in accordance with the following vesting schedule, so long as a Vesting Cessation Date has not yet occurred:

25% of the shares will vest on the first open trading day under the Company's insider trading policy occurring on or after the one year anniversary of the Vesting Commencement Date; thereafter, 1/16 of the Shares will vest on the first open trading day under the Company's insider trading policy on or after each successive quarter following the first anniversary, so as to be 100% vested on the first open trading day on or after the fourth anniversary of the Vesting Commencement Date.

25% of the shares are scheduled to vest on the first open trading day under the Company's insider trading policy on or after each quarter following the Vesting Commencement Date, so as to be 100% vested on the first open trading day on or after the first anniversary of the Vesting Commencement Date.

The shares are immediately vested upon grant.

Other:

In no event shall the Shares vest after the 10th anniversary of the Date of Grant.

For instance, assume a Purchaser received a stock purchase right to acquire 160 shares on 2/15/06 under scheduled vesting date alternative 1, and that the Purchaser exercised the purchase right. If the trading window under the Company's insider trading policy is open on 2/15/07, 5/15/07 and 8/15/07, the Purchaser would vest 40

shares on 2/15/07, 10 shares on 5/15/07 and 10 shares on 8/15/07. If the trading window was closed 3/1/07 and reopened 8/20/07, the Purchaser would vest 40 shares on 2/15/07 and 20 shares on 8/20/07

In these examples, if the Purchaser ceased providing services to the Company as a director, employee or consultant on 6/1/07, the individual would have vested in 50 shares in the open trading window scenario, and in 40 shares under the closed trading window scenario.

YOU MUST EXERCISE THIS STOCK PURCHASE RIGHT BEFORE THE EXPIRATION DATE OR IT WILL TERMINATE AND YOU WILL HAVE NO FURTHER RIGHT TO PURCHASE THE SHARES.

Non-Transferability of Stock Purchase Right. This Stock Purchase Right may not be transferred, assigned, pledged or hypothecated in any manner (whether by operation of law or otherwise) otherwise than by will or by the laws of descent or distribution and may be exercised during the lifetime of Purchaser only by Purchaser. Upon any attempt to transfer, assign, pledge, hypothecate or otherwise dispose of this Stock Purchase Right or the unreleased shares, or any right or privilege conferred hereby, or upon any attempted sale under any execution, attachment or similar process, this right and the rights and privileges conferred hereby immediately will become null and void. The terms of the Restricted Stock Purchase Agreement, Plan and Notice of Grant of Stock Purchase Right will be binding upon the executors, administrators, heirs, successors and assigns of the Purchaser

Termination of Relationship as a Service Provider or Provision of Notice of Employment Termination; Vesting Cessation Date. If Purchaser (i) ceases to provide ongoing service as a Service Provider (for any reason and regardless of any appropriate court finding such termination unfair or irregular on any basis whatsoever), or (ii) the Purchaser is provided with notice of termination of employment (for any reason and regardless of any appropriate court finding the related termination unfair or irregular on any basis whatsoever) and ceases to provide ongoing service during the notice period, the Company will, in the period commencing (a) on the earlier of the date of such cessation as a Service Provider or the last date of ongoing service after receiving a notice of termination of employment, or (b) such later date as required by Applicable

Law (the earlier of these dates or such later date required by Applicable Law is referred to herein as the "Vesting Cessation Date", as reasonably fixed and determined by the Administrator) and ending three months later, have an irrevocable, exclusive option to repurchase up to that number of Shares which constitute the Unreleased Shares (as defined in Section 4) at the original Exercise Price per share (the "Repurchase Price") (the "Repurchase Option"). At the sole discretion of Company, subject to Applicable Law, Purchaser may be paid a lump sum for their cash compensation in lieu of notice.

The Restricted Stock Purchase Agreement (including exhibits A-1 to A-3) and the Plan are incorporated herein by reference. This Notice of Grant, the Plan and Restricted Stock Purchase Agreement (including exhibits A-1 to A-3 referenced therein) constitute the entire agreement of the parties with respect to the subject matter hereof and supersede in their entirety all prior undertakings and agreements of the Company and Purchaser with respect to the subject matter hereof, and may not be modified adversely to the Purchaser's interest except by means of an express written contract signed by the Company and Purchaser. The Company will administer the Plan from the United States of America, and any disputes will be settled in the U.S. according to U.S. law. This Notice of Grant of Stock Purchase Right, Restricted Stock Purchase Agreement (including exhibits A-1 to A-3), Plan and all awards are governed by the internal substantive laws, but not the choice of law principles, of the State of California, United States of America. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in the Plan or the Agreement (including exhibits A-1 to A-3), the Company reserves the right to revise this Agreement as it deems necessary or advisable, in its sole discretion and without Purchaser's consent, to comply with Section 409A or to otherwise avoid imposition of any additional tax or income recognition under Section 409A prior to the actual issuance of Restricted Stock or prior to the lapse of repurchase rights under this Agreement.

By Purchaser's signature and the signature of the Company's representative below, Purchaser and the Company agree that this Stock Purchase Right is granted under and governed by the terms and conditions of the Plan, the Restricted Stock Purchase Agreement (including exhibits A-1 to A-3) and this Notice of Grant of Stock Purchase Right. Purchaser has reviewed the Plan, the Restricted Stock Purchase Agreement (including exhibits A-1 to A-3) and this Notice of Grant of Stock Purchase Right, has had an opportunity to obtain the advice of counsel

prior to executing this Agreement and fully understands all provisions of the Plan, the Restricted Stock Purchase Agreement (including exhibits A-1 to A-3) and this Notice of Grant of Stock Purchase Right. Purchaser agrees to accept as binding, conclusive and final all decisions or interpretations of the Administrator upon any questions relating to the Plan, the Restricted Stock Purchase Agreement (including exhibits A-1 to A-3) and this Notice of Grant of Stock Purchase Right. Purchaser further agrees to notify the Company upon any change in the residence indicated in the Notice of Grant of Stock Purchase Right.

PURCHASER	QUICKLOGIC CORPORATION		
	By:		
Signature			
D' (V	Title:		
Print Name			
Date:	Date:		
PURCHASER ADDRESS:			
BENEFICIARY:			
Print Name			
Date:			
Consent of spouse required if beneficiary is someone other than spouse:			
Signature:			
Print Name:			
Date:			

Please return this Notice of Grant of Stock Purchase Right, Assignment Separate from Certificate, and Joint Escrow Instructions to the Stock Administrator of the Company.

## **EXHIBIT A**

# RESTRICTED STOCK PURCHASE AGREEMENT

1. <u>Sale of Stock.</u> The Company hereby agrees to sell to the individual named in the Notice of Grant of Stock Purchase Right (the "Purchaser"), and the Purchaser hereby agrees to purchase the number of Shares set forth in the Notice of Grant of Stock Purchase Right, at the exercise price per share set forth in the Notice of Grant of Stock Purchase Right (the "Exercise Price"), and subject to the terms and conditions of the Plan, which is

incorporated herein by reference. In the event of a conflict between the terms and conditions of the Plan and this Agreement, the terms and conditions of the Plan will prevail.

2. <u>Payment of Purchase Price.</u> Upon exercise of the Stock Purchase Right, Purchaser shall deliver to the Company the aggregate Exercise Price for the Shares by cash or check, together with any and all withholding taxes due in connection with the purchase of the Shares.

#### 3. Repurchase Option.

- (a) The Repurchase Option may be exercised by the Company by delivering written notice to the Purchaser or the Purchaser's executor (with a copy to the Escrow Holder (as defined in Section 7)) AND, at the Company's option, (i) by delivering to the Purchaser or the Purchaser's executor a check in the amount of the aggregate Repurchase Price, or (ii) by the Company canceling an amount of the Purchaser's indebtedness to the Company equal to the aggregate Repurchase Price, or (iii) by a combination of (i) and (ii) so that the combined payment and cancellation of indebtedness equals such aggregate Repurchase Price. Upon delivery of such notice and the payment of the aggregate Repurchase Price in any of the ways described above, the Company will become the legal and beneficial owner of the Unreleased Shares being repurchased and all rights and interests therein or relating thereto, and the Company will have the right to retain and transfer to its own name the number of Unreleased Shares being repurchased by the Company.
- (b) If no cash consideration was used to pay for the Restricted Stock (for example, if the Shares were purchased by prior Service), the Repurchase Option will be exercised by the Company by delivering written notice to the Purchaser or the Purchaser's executor (with a copy to the Escrow Holder (as defined in Section 7)). Upon delivery of such notice, the Company will become the legal and beneficial owner of the Unreleased Shares being repurchased and all rights and interests therein or relating thereto, and the Company will have the right to retain and transfer to its own name the number of Unreleased Shares being repurchased by the Company.
- (c) Whenever the Company will have the right to repurchase the Unreleased Shares hereunder, the Company may designate and assign one or more employees, officers, directors or shareholders of the Company or other persons or organizations to exercise all or a part of the Company's Repurchase Option to purchase all or a part of the Unreleased Shares. If the Fair Market Value of the Unreleased Shares to be repurchased on the date of such designation or assignment (the "Repurchase FMV") exceeds the aggregate Repurchase Price of the

Unreleased Shares, then the Administrator may require each such designee or assignee to pay the Company cash equal to the difference between the Repurchase FMV and the aggregate Repurchase Price of Unreleased Shares to be purchased.

(d) If the Company or its assignee does not elect to exercise the Repurchase Option conferred above by giving the requisite notice within three (3) months following Purchaser's Vesting Cessation Date, the Repurchase Option will terminate.

#### Release of Shares From Repurchase Option.

- (a) The Repurchase Option shall lapse as the Shares vest, as set forth in the Notice of Grant of Stock Purchase Right, or any other duly authorized written agreement between Company and Purchaser.
  - (b) Any of the Shares which have not yet been released from the Company's Repurchase Option are referred to herein as "Unreleased Shares".
- (c) The Shares which have been released from the Company's Repurchase Option will be delivered to the Purchaser at the Purchaser's request (see Section 7).
- 5. Payment after Vesting. Any Restricted Stock that vests in accordance with the Notice of Grant of Stock Purchase Right will be released from escrow to Purchaser (or in the event of the Purchaser's death, to Purchaser's estate), provided that to the extent determined appropriate by the Company, any federal, state and local

withholding taxes, fringe benefit tax ("FBT") or National Insurance Contribution ("NIC") tax with respect to such Restricted Stock will be paid by the Purchaser in the manner allowed by the Company.

6. Restriction on Transfer. Except for the escrow described in Section 7 or transfer of the Shares to the Company or its assignees contemplated by this Agreement, none of the Shares or any beneficial interest therein will be transferred, assigned, pledged or hypothecated in any way (whether by operation of law or otherwise) and will not be subject to sale under execution, attachment or similar process, encumbered or otherwise disposed of in any way until the release of such Shares from the Company's Repurchase Option in accordance with the provisions of this Agreement, other than by will or the laws of descent and distribution. Upon any attempt to transfer, assign, pledge, hypothecate or otherwise dispose of this grant, or any right or privilege conferred hereby, or upon any attempted sale under any execution, attachment or similar process, this grant and the rights and privileges conferred hereby immediately will become null and void.

# Escrow of Shares.

(a) To ensure the availability for delivery of the Purchaser's Unreleased Shares upon exercise of the Repurchase Option by the Company, the Purchaser will, upon exercise of the Stock Purchase Right, deliver and deposit with an escrow holder designated by the Company (the "Escrow Holder") the share certificates representing the Unreleased Shares, together with the Assignment Separate from Certificate (the "Stock Assignment") duly endorsed in blank, attached hereto as <a href="Exhibit A-1">Exhibit A-1</a>. The Unreleased Shares and Stock Assignment will be

held by the Escrow Holder, pursuant to the Joint Escrow Instructions of the Company and Purchaser attached as <u>Exhibit A-2</u> hereto, until such time as the Company's Repurchase Option expires.

- (b) The Escrow Holder will not be liable for any act it may do or omit to do with respect to holding the Unreleased Shares in escrow and while acting in good faith and in the exercise of its judgment.
- (c) If the Company or any assignee exercises its Repurchase Option hereunder, the Escrow Holder, upon receipt of written notice of such option exercise from the proposed transferee, will take all steps necessary to accomplish such transfer.
- (d) When the Repurchase Option has been exercised or expires unexercised or a portion of the Shares has been released from such Repurchase Option, upon Purchaser's request the Escrow Holder will promptly cause a new certificate to be issued for such released Shares and will deliver such certificate to the Company or the Purchaser, as the case may be.
- (e) Subject to the terms hereof, once the Stock Purchase Right is exercised, the Purchaser will have all the rights of a shareholder, and shall be a shareholder when his or her purchase is entered upon the records of the duly authorized transfer agent of the Company, including without limitation, the right to vote the Shares and receive any cash dividends declared thereon. No adjustment will be made for a dividend or other right for which the record date is prior to the date the Stock Repurchase Right is exercised, except as provided in Section 14 of the Plan. If, from time to time during the term of the Company's Repurchase Option, there is (i) any stock dividend, stock split or other change in the Shares, or (ii) any merger or sale of all or substantially all of the assets or other acquisition of the Company, any and all new, substituted or additional securities to which the Purchaser is entitled by reason of the Purchaser's ownership of the Shares will be immediately subject to this escrow, deposited with the Escrow Holder and included thereafter as "Shares" for purposes of this Agreement and the Company's Repurchase Option, in an amount proportional to the Unreleased Shares.

#### Restrictive Legends; Stop-Transfer Orders; Refusal to Transfer.

(a) Purchaser understands and agrees that the Company will cause the legends set forth below or legends substantially equivalent thereto, to be placed upon any certificate(s) evidencing ownership of the Shares

together with any other legends that may be required by the Company or by applicable state or federal securities laws:

THE SHARES REPRESENTED BY THIS CERTIFICATE ARE SUBJECT TO CERTAIN RESTRICTIONS ON TRANSFER AND A REPURCHASE OPTION HELD BY THE ISSUER OR ITS ASSIGNEE(S) AS SET FORTH IN THE RESTRICTED STOCK PURCHASE AGREEMENT BETWEEN THE ISSUER AND THE ORIGINAL HOLDER OF THESE SHARES, A COPY OF WHICH MAY BE OBTAINED AT THE PRINCIPAL OFFICE OF THE ISSUER. SUCH TRANSFER RESTRICTIONS, RIGHT OF FIRST REFUSAL AND

#### REPURCHASE OPTION ARE BINDING ON TRANSFEREES OF THESE SHARES.

- (b) <u>Stop-Transfer Notices</u>. Purchaser agrees that, in order to ensure compliance with the restrictions referred to herein, the Company may issue appropriate "stop transfer" instructions to its transfer agent, if any, and that, if the Company transfers its own securities, it may make appropriate notations to the same effect in its own records.
- (c) <u>Refusal to Transfer.</u> The Company will not be required (i) to transfer on its books any Shares that have been sold or otherwise transferred in violation of any of the provisions of this Agreement or (ii) to treat as owner of such Shares or to accord the right to vote or pay dividends to any purchaser or other transferree to whom such Shares will have been so transferred.
- 9. Tax Withholding and Consequences. Regardless of any action the Company takes with respect to any or all income tax, social insurance, payroll tax, payment on account or other tax-related withholding, fringe benefit tax ("FBT") or National Insurance Contribution ("NIC") relating to the grant, vesting, release, cancellation or transfer of the related Shares ("Tax-Related Items"), Purchaser acknowledges that the ultimate liability for all Tax-Related Items legally due by Purchaser are and remain Purchaser's responsibility and that the Company (i) make no representations or undertakings regarding the treatment of any Tax-Related Items in connection with any aspect of the grant of Restricted Stock, including the grant of a Stock Purchase Right, vesting and lapse of repurchase rights, the subsequent sale of shares and/or the receipt of any dividends; and (ii) do not commit to structure the terms of the grant of a Stock Purchase Right or the terms of underlying Restricted Stock to reduce or eliminate Purchaser's liability for Tax-Related Items.

Purchaser agrees to make appropriate arrangements with the Company (or the Parent or Subsidiary employing or retaining Purchaser) in accordance with the procedures offered by the Company for the satisfaction of all federal, state, local and foreign income and employment tax withholding requirements, FBT or NIC tax applicable to the grant, vesting or delivery of Shares pursuant to this award of Stock Purchase Rights. Purchaser also agrees to reimburse or pay the Company (including its Subsidiaries) in full, any liability that the Company incurs towards any FBT or NIC paid or payable in respect of the grant, vesting, release, cancellation, transfer or delivery of the Shares, within the time and in the manner prescribed by the Company. The Administrator may in its sole discretion determine amounts and whether the withholding taxes and/or FBT and/or NIC with respect to such Shares will be paid by cash, selling a portion of vested shares, electing to have the Company withhold otherwise deliverable Shares having a value equal to the minimum amount statutorily required to be withheld, selling a sufficient number of such Shares otherwise deliverable to Purchaser through such means as the Company may determine in its sole discretion (whether through a broker or otherwise) having a Fair Market Value equal to the amount required, by directing of a portion of the proceeds to the Company, by payroll withholding, by delivering already vested and owned Shares to the Company, by delivering net shares, by direct payment from the Purchaser to the Company, by some other method, or by some combination thereof. Purchaser agrees to execute any additional documents requested by the Company for such reimbursement of such taxes to the Company.

Purchaser grants to the Company the irrevocable authority, as agent of Purchaser and on Purchaser's behalf, to sell or procure the sale of sufficient Shares subject to this award of Stock Purchase Rights so that the net proceeds receivable by the Company are as far as possible equal to but not less than the amount of any withholding

tax, FBT or NIC the Purchaser is liable for (including pursuant to the preceding paragraph) and the Company will account to Purchaser for any balance.

Purchaser acknowledges and agrees that the Company may refuse to deliver Shares if Purchaser has not made appropriate arrangements with the Company to satisfy tax withholding requirements, FBT or NIC.

Set forth below is a brief summary as of the date of grant of this Stock Purchase Right of some of the federal tax consequences of exercise of this Stock Purchase Right and disposition of the Shares. THIS SUMMARY IS NECESSARILY INCOMPLETE, AND THE TAX LAWS AND REGULATIONS ARE SUBJECT TO CHANGE.

As the Company's repurchase right lapses, Purchaser will immediately recognize compensation income in an amount equal to the difference between the Fair Market Value of the stock at the time the Company's repurchase right lapses and the amount paid for the stock, if any (the "Spread"), if you are a U.S taxpayer. If you are a non-U.S. taxpayer, you will be subject to applicable taxes in your jurisdiction.

Alternatively, for U.S. taxpayers the Spread on all of the Shares will be recognized by Purchaser in connection with the exercise of the stock purchase right for shares subject to the Repurchase Option, if an election under Section 83(b) of the Code is filed with the Internal Revenue Service within thirty (30) days of the date of exercise of the right to purchase stock. The form for making this election is attached as <a href="Exhibit A-3">Exhibit A-3</a> hereto.

If Purchaser is an Employee or former Employee, the Spread will be subject to tax withholding by the Company, and the Company will be entitled to a tax deduction in the amount at the time the Purchaser recognizes ordinary income with respect to a Stock Purchase Right. Purchaser agrees to make appropriate arrangements with the Company (or the Parent or Subsidiary employing or retaining Purchaser) for the satisfaction of all federal, state, and local income and employment tax withholding requirements applicable to the purchase of Shares or the lapse of repurchase rights hereunder. Purchaser acknowledges and agrees that the Company may refuse to honor the exercise and refuse to deliver Shares if such withholding amounts are not delivered at the time of purchase.

The Administrator, in its sole discretion and pursuant to such procedures as it may specify from time to time, may permit the Purchaser to satisfy such tax withholding obligation, in whole or in part by one or more of the following (without limitation): (i) paying cash, (ii) delivering to the Company already vested and owned Shares having a Fair Market Value equal to the minimum amount statutorily required to be withheld, (iii) electing to have the Company withhold otherwise deliverable Shares having a value equal to the minimum amount statutorily required to be withheld, or (iv) selling a sufficient number of such Shares otherwise deliverable to Purchaser through such means as the Company may determine in its sole discretion (whether through a

broker or otherwise) having a Fair Market Value equal to the minimum amount required to be withheld.

PURCHASER ACKNOWLEDGES THAT IT IS THE PURCHASER'S SOLE RESPONSIBILITY AND NOT THE COMPANY'S TO FILE TIMELY THE ELECTION UNDER SECTION 83(b), EVEN IF THE PURCHASER REQUESTS THE COMPANY OR ITS REPRESENTATIVES TO MAKE THIS FILING ON THE PURCHASER'S BEHALF.

10. No Guarantee of Continued Service. PURCHASER ACKNOWLEDGES AND AGREES THAT THE RELEASE OF SHARES FROM THE REPURCHASE OPTION OF THE COMPANY PURSUANT TO SECTION 4 HEREOF IS EARNED ONLY BY CONTINUING SERVICE AS A SERVICE PROVIDER AT THE WILL OF THE COMPANY (NOT THROUGH THE ACT OF BEING HIRED OR PURCHASING SHARES HEREUNDER). PURCHASER FURTHER ACKNOWLEDGES AND AGREES THAT THIS AGREEMENT, THE TRANSACTIONS CONTEMPLATED HEREUNDER AND THE VESTING SCHEDULE SET FORTH HEREIN DO NOT CONSTITUTE AN EXPRESS OR IMPLIED PROMISE OF CONTINUED ENGAGEMENT AS A SERVICE PROVIDER FOR THE VESTING PERIOD, FOR ANY PERIOD, OR AT ALL, AND WILL NOT INTERFERE WITH PURCHASER'S RIGHT OR THE COMPANY'S RIGHT TO TERMINATE PURCHASER'S CONTINUOUS STATUS AT ANY TIME, WITH OR WITHOUT CAUSE, EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE REQUIRED BY APPLICABLE LAW. ACCORDINGLY, PURCHASER DOES NOT HAVE ANY

ENTITLEMENT TO THE UNDERLYING SHARES IF PURCHASER RESIGNS OR IF THERE IS A VESTING CESSATION DATE FOR ANY REASON PRIOR TO THE DATE THAT THE RESTRICTED STOCK VESTS.

- (a) Nature of Grant. In accepting the offer to acquire Shares, Purchaser acknowledges that: (a) the Plan is established voluntarily by the Company, it is discretionary in nature and it may be modified, amended, suspended or terminated by the Company at any time, unless otherwise provided in the Plan and this Agreement; (b) the grant of a Stock Purchase Right and Restricted Stock is voluntary and occasional and does not create any contractual or other right to receive future grants of Stock Purchase Rights or Restricted Stock, or benefits in lieu of such grants even if such awards have been granted repeatedly in the past; (c) all decisions with respect to future Stock Purchase Rights, if any, will be at the sole discretion of the Company; (d) Purchaser is voluntarily participating in the Plan; (e) the grant of Stock Purchase Rights and Restricted Stock is an extraordinary item that does not constitute compensation of any kind for services of any kind rendered to the Company; (f) the Stock Purchase Right and Restricted Stock are not part of normal or expected compensation or salary for any purposes, including, but not limited to, resignation, termination, redundancy, bonuses, long-service awards, pension or retirement benefits, life insurance, 401(k) profit sharing or similar payments; (g) the future value of the Shares is unknown and cannot be predicted with certainty; and (h) that the Company will have the exclusive discretion to determine when Purchaser is no longer providing ongoing service to the Company for purposes of administering Purchaser's grant of Stock Purchase Rights or Restricted Stock.
- (b) <u>Data Privacy</u>. By accepting this Stock Purchase Right or any Restricted Stock in payment thereof, Purchaser explicitly and unambiguously consents to the collection, use

and transfer, in electronic or other form, of Purchaser's personal data as described in this document by and among, as applicable, the Company, its subsidiaries and affiliates for the exclusive purpose of implementing, administering and managing Purchaser's participation in the Plan. For the purpose of implementing, administering and managing the Plan, Purchaser understands that the Company holds certain personal information about Purchaser, including, but not limited to, Purchaser's name, home address and telephone number, date of birth, Tax ID or other identification number, salary, nationality, job title, any equity or directorships held in the Company, details of all equity awards or any entitlement to Shares awarded, canceled, exercised, vested, unvested or outstanding in Purchaser's favor, for the purpose of implementing, administering and managing the Plan ("Data"). Purchaser understands that Data may be transferred to any third parties assisting in the implementation, administration and management of the Plan, that these recipients may be located in Purchaser's country or elsewhere. The Company, as a global company, may transfer Purchaser's personal data to countries which may not provide an adequate level of protection. The Company, however, is committed to providing a suitable and consistent level of protection for Purchaser's personal data regardless of the country in which it resides. Purchaser understands that he or she may request information regarding the Company's stock plan administration by contacting Human Resources, the Chief Financial Officer or their designee. Purchaser authorizes the recipients to receive, possess, use, retain and transfer the Data, in electronic or other form, for the purposes of implementing, administering and managing Purchaser's participation in the Plan, including any requisite transfer of such Data as may be required to a broker or other third party with whom Purchaser deposits any Shares issued at vesting or other scheduled payout. Purchaser understands that Data will be held as long as is necessary to implement, administer and manage the Plan. Purchaser understands that he or she may, at any time, view Data, request additional information about the storage and processing of Data, require any necessary amendments to Data or refuse or withdraw the consents herein, in any case without cost, by contacting in writing Human Resources or the Chief Financial Officer. Purchaser understands, however, that refusing or withdrawing his or her consent may affect Purchaser's ability to participate in the Plan. For more information on the consequences of Purchaser's refusal to consent or withdrawal of consent, Purchaser understands that he or she may contact Human Resources, the Chief Financial Officer or their designee.

(c) <u>Electronic Delivery.</u> The Company may, in its sole discretion, decide to deliver any documents related to the award of Stock Purchase Rights or issuance of Restricted Stock and participation in the Plan or future Stock Purchase Rights or Restricted Stock that may be awarded under the Plan by electronic means or to request Purchaser's consent to participate in the Plan by electronic means. Purchaser hereby consents to receive such documents by electronic delivery and, if requested, to agree to participate in the Plan through an on-line or electronic system established and maintained by the Company or another third party designated by the Company.

(d) Value of Shares. The future value of the Shares is unknown and cannot be predicted with certainty.

#### (e) Choice of Language.

- (i) <u>For Employees of Canadian Locations</u>: The undersigned agrees that it is his or her express wish that this form and all documents relating to his or her participation in the scheme be drawn in the English language only. Le soussigné convient que sa volonté expresse est que ce formulaire ainsi que tous les documents se rapportant à sa participation au régime soient rédigés en langue anglaise seulement.
- (ii) <u>For Employees of Locations Other than Canada</u>: Purchaser has received this Agreement and any other related communications and consents to having received these documents solely in English.
- 11. Notices. Any notice, demand or request required or permitted to be given by either the Company or the Purchaser pursuant to the terms of this Agreement will be in writing and will be deemed given when delivered personally or deposited in the U.S. mail, First Class with postage prepaid, and addressed to the parties at the addresses of the parties set forth at the end of this Agreement or such other address as a party may request by notifying the other in writing, or when delivered electronically pursuant to Section 9(c).

Any notice to the Escrow Holder will be sent to the Company's address with a copy to the other party not sending the notice.

- 12. No Waiver. Either party's failure to enforce any provision or provisions of this Agreement will not in any way be construed as a waiver of any such provision or provisions, nor prevent that party from thereafter enforcing each and every other provision of this Agreement. The rights granted both parties herein are cumulative and will not constitute a waiver of either party's right to assert all other legal remedies available to it under the circumstances.
- 13. <u>Successors and Assigns.</u> The Company may assign any of its rights under this Agreement to single or multiple assignees, and this Agreement will inure to the benefit of the successors and assigns of the Company. Subject to the restrictions on transfer herein set forth, this Agreement will be binding upon Purchaser and his or her heirs, executors, administrators, successors and assigns.
- 14. <u>Binding Agreement.</u> Subject to the limitation on the transferability of this grant contained herein, this Agreement will be binding upon and inure to the benefit of the heirs, legatees, legal representatives, successors and assigns of the parties hereto.
- 15. Additional Conditions to Issuance of Stock. If at any time the Company will determine, in its discretion, that the listing, registration or qualification of the Shares upon any securities exchange or under any state or federal law, or the consent or approval of any governmental regulatory authority is necessary or desirable as a condition to the issuance of Shares to the Purchaser (or Purchaser's estate) or the release from escrow, such issuance or release from escrow will not occur unless and until such listing, registration, qualification, consent or approval will have been effected or obtained free of any conditions not acceptable to the Company. The Company will make all reasonable efforts to meet the requirements of any such state or federal law or securities exchange and to obtain any such consent or approval of any such governmental authority.
- 16. Administrator Authority. The Administrator has the power to interpret the Plan, the Notice of Grant and this Agreement and to adopt such rules for the administration, interpretation and application thereof as are consistent therewith and to interpret or revoke any such rules (including, but not limited to, the determination of whether or not any Stock Purchase Rights have vested). Any dispute regarding the interpretation of this Agreement will be submitted by Purchaser or by the Company forthwith to the Administrator which will review such dispute at its next regular meeting. All actions taken and all interpretations and determinations made by the Administrator in good faith will be final and binding upon Purchaser, the Company and all other interested persons. No member of

the Administrator will be personally liable for any action, determination or interpretation made in good faith with respect to the Plan, the Notice of Grant or this Agreement.

- 17. Captions. Captions provided herein are for convenience only and are not to serve as a basis for interpretation or construction of this Agreement.
- 18. <u>Agreement Severable</u>. In the event that any provision in this Agreement will be held invalid or unenforceable, such provision will be severable from, and such invalidity or unenforceability will not be construed to have any effect on, the remaining provisions of this Agreement.
- 19. Modifications to the Agreement. This Agreement constitutes the entire understanding of the parties on the subjects covered. Purchaser expressly warrants that he or she is not accepting this Agreement in reliance on any promises, representations, or inducements other than those contained herein. Modifications to this Agreement or the Plan can be made only in an express written contract executed by a duly authorized officer of the Company. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in the Plan or this Agreement, the Company reserves the right to revise this Agreement as it deems necessary or advisable, in its sole discretion and without the consent of Purchaser, to comply with Section 409A of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code") or to otherwise avoid imposition of any additional tax or income recognition under Section 409A of the Code in connection to this award of Stock Purchase Rights.
- 20. No Waiver. Either party's failure to enforce any provision or provisions of this Agreement will not in any way be construed as a waiver of any such provision or provisions, nor prevent that party from thereafter enforcing each and every other provision of this Agreement. The rights granted both parties herein are cumulative and will not constitute a waiver of either party's right to assert all other legal remedies available to it under the circumstances.

# **EXHIBIT A-1**

#### ASSIGNMENT SEPARATE FROM CERTIFICATE

, hereby sell, assign and transfer unto QuickLogic Corporation

shares of the Common

FOR VALUE RECEIVED I,

Stock of Qu appoint	ickLogic Corporation standing	in my name on the books of said corporation represented by Certificate No. herewith and do hereby irrevocably constitute and to transfer the said stock on the books of the within named corporation with full power of substitution in the premises.			
	This Stock Assignment may , (the "Agreement"	e used only in accordance with the Restricted Stock Purchase Agreement between QuickLogic Corporation and the undersigned dated			
Dated:	,	Signature:			
<b>INSTRUCTIONS:</b> Please do not fill in any blanks other than the signature line. The purpose of this assignment is to enable the Company to exercise its Repurchase Option as set forth in the Agreement, without requiring additional signatures on the part of the Purchaser.					

#### EXHIBIT A-2

#### JOINT ESCROW INSTRUCTIONS

QuickLogic Corporation 2220 Lundy Avenue San Jose, CA 95131

Attention: Corporate Secretary

Dear Corporate Secretary:

As Escrow Agent for both QuickLogic Corporation (the "Company") and the undersigned purchaser of stock of the Company (the "Purchaser"), you are hereby authorized and directed to hold the documents delivered to you pursuant to the terms of that certain Restricted Stock Purchase Agreement ("Agreement") between the Company and the undersigned, in accordance with the following instructions:

- 1. In the event the Company and/or any assignee of the Company (referred to collectively for convenience herein as the "Company") exercises the Company's repurchase option set forth in the Agreement (the "Repurchase Option"), the Company will give to Purchaser and you a written notice specifying the number of shares of stock to be purchased, the purchase price, and the time for a closing hereunder at the principal office of the Company. Purchaser and the Company hereby irrevocably authorize and direct you to close the transaction contemplated by such notice in accordance with the terms of said notice.
- 2. At the closing, you are directed (a) to date the stock assignments necessary for the transfer in question, (b) to fill in the number of shares being transferred, and (c) to deliver same, together with the certificate evidencing the shares of stock to be transferred, to the Company or its assignee, against the simultaneous delivery to you of the purchase price (by cash, a check, or some combination thereof) for the number of shares of stock being purchased pursuant to the exercise of the Company's Repurchase Option.
- 3. Purchaser irrevocably authorizes the Company to deposit with you any certificates evidencing shares of stock to be held by you hereunder and any additions and substitutions to said shares as defined in the Agreement. Purchaser does hereby irrevocably constitute and appoint you as Purchaser's attorney-in-fact and agent for the term of this escrow to execute with respect to such securities all documents necessary or appropriate to make such securities negotiable and to complete any transaction herein contemplated. Subject to the provisions of this paragraph 3, Purchaser will exercise all rights and privileges of a shareholder of the Company while the stock is held by you.
- 4. Upon written request of the Purchaser, unless the Company's Repurchase Option has been exercised, you will deliver to Purchaser a certificate or certificates representing so many shares of stock as are not then subject to the Company's Repurchase Option. Within four (4) months after cessation of Purchaser's continuous employment by or services to the Company, or any parent or subsidiary of the Company, you will deliver to Purchaser a certificate or certificates representing the aggregate number of shares held or issued pursuant to the Agreement and not purchased by the Company or its assignees pursuant to exercise of the Company's Repurchase Option.
- 5. If at the time of termination of this escrow you should have in your possession any documents, securities, or other property belonging to Purchaser, you will deliver all of the same to Purchaser and will be discharged of all further obligations hereunder.

- 6. Your duties hereunder may be altered, amended, modified or revoked only by a writing signed by all of the parties hereto.
- 7. You will be obligated only for the performance of such duties as are specifically set forth herein and may rely and will be protected in relying or refraining from acting on any instrument reasonably believed by you to be genuine and to have been signed or presented by the proper party or parties. You will not be personally liable for any act you may do or omit to do hereunder as Escrow Agent or as attorney-in-fact for Purchaser while acting in good faith, and any act done or omitted by you pursuant to the advice of your own attorneys will be conclusive evidence of such good faith.
- 8. You are hereby expressly authorized to disregard any and all warnings given by any of the parties hereto or by any other person or corporation, excepting only orders or process of courts of law and are hereby expressly authorized to comply with and obey orders, judgments or decrees of any court. In case you obey or comply with any such order, judgment or decree, you will not be liable to any of the parties hereto or to any other person, firm or corporation by reason of such compliance, notwithstanding any such order, judgment or decree being subsequently reversed, modified, annulled, set aside, vacated or found to have been entered without jurisdiction.
- 9. You will not be liable in any respect on account of the identity, authorities or rights of the parties executing or delivering or purporting to execute or deliver the Agreement or any documents or papers deposited or called for hereunder.
- 10. You will not be liable for the outlawing of any rights under the Statute of Limitations with respect to these Joint Escrow Instructions or any documents deposited with you.
- 11. You will be entitled to employ such legal counsel and other experts as you may deem necessary properly to advise you in connection with your obligations hereunder, may rely upon the advice of such counsel, and may pay such counsel reasonable compensation therefore.
- 12. Your responsibilities as Escrow Agent hereunder will terminate if you will cease to be an officer or agent of the Company or if you will resign by written notice to each party. In the event of any such termination, the Company will appoint a successor Escrow Agent.
- 13. If you reasonably require other or further instruments in connection with these Joint Escrow Instructions or obligations in respect hereto, the necessary parties hereto will join in furnishing such instruments.
- 14. It is understood and agreed that should any dispute arise with respect to the delivery and/or ownership or right of possession of the securities held by you hereunder, you are authorized and directed to retain in your possession without liability to anyone all or any part of said securities until such disputes will have been settled either by mutual written agreement of the parties concerned or by a final order, decree or judgment of a court of competent jurisdiction after the time for appeal has expired and no appeal has been perfected, but you will be under no duty whatsoever to institute or defend any such proceedings.
- 15. Any notice required or permitted hereunder will be given in writing and will be deemed effectively given upon personal delivery or upon deposit in the United States Post Office, by registered or certified mail with postage and fees prepaid, addressed to each of the other parties thereunto entitled at the following addresses or at such other addresses as a party may designate by ten (10) days advance written notice to each of the other parties hereto.

COMPANY: QuickLogic Corporation

2220 Lundy Avenue San Jose, CA 95131 Attention: Corporate Secretary

PURCHASER:

ESCROW AGENT: QuickLogic Corporation

2220 Lundy Avenue San Jose, CA 95131

Attention: Corporate Secretary

- 16. By signing these Joint Escrow Instructions, you become a party hereto only for the purpose of said Joint Escrow Instructions; you do not become a party to the Agreement.
  - 17. This instrument will be binding upon and inure to the benefit of the parties hereto, and their respective successors and permitted assigns.
- 18. The Restricted Stock Purchase Agreement is incorporated herein by reference. These Joint Escrow Instructions, the 2019 Stock Plan and the Restricted Stock Purchase Agreement (including the exhibits referenced therein) constitute the entire agreement of the parties with respect to the subject matter hereof and supersede in their entirety all prior undertakings and agreements of the Escrow Agent, the Purchaser and the Company with respect to the subject matter hereof, and may not be modified except by means of a writing signed by the Escrow Agent, the Purchaser and the Company.
  - 19. These Joint Escrow Instructions will be governed by, and construed and enforced in accordance with, the laws of the State of California.

	Very truly yours,	
	QUICKLOGIC CORPORATION	
	Ву:	
	Title:	
	PURCHASER:	
	(Signature)	
	(Typed or Printed Name)	
SCROW AGENT:		
Corporate Secretary		

# EXHIBIT A-3

ELECTION UNDER SECTION 83(b)
OF THE INTERNAL REVENUE CODE OF 1986

The undersigned taxpayer hereby elects, pursuant to the above-referenced Federal Tax Code, to include in taxpayer's gross income for the current taxable year, the amount of any compensation taxable to taxpayer in connection with his receipt of the property described below:

1.	The name, address, taxpayer identification number and taxable year of the undersigned are as follows:				
	NAME:	TAXPAYER:	SPOUSE:		
	ADDRESS:				
	IDENTIFICATION NO.:	TAXPAYER:	SPOUSE:		
	TAXABLE YEAR:				
2.	The property with respect to which the election is made is described as follows: shares (the "Shares") of the Common Stock of QuickLogic Corporation (the "Company").				
3.	The date on which the property was transferred is: , .				
4.	The property is subject to the following restrictions:				
	The Shares may be repurchased by the Company, or its assignee, on certain events. This right lapses with regard to a portion of the Shares based on the continued performance of services by the taxpayer over time.				
5.	The fair market value at the time of transfer, determined without regard to any restriction other than a restriction which by its terms will never lapse, of such property is \$				
6.	The amount (if any) paid for such property is:				
	\$				
		his statement to the person for whom the service is the person performing the services in connecti	s were performed in connection with the undersigned's receipt of the above on with the transfer of said property.	e-described	
The unc	dersigned understands that the fore	going election may not be revoked except with the	ne consent of the Commissioner.		
Dated:	,				
The undersigned spouse of taxpayer joins in this election.  Dated: , Taxpayer					

Name	Jurisdiction
QuickLogic International, Inc.	Delaware
QuickLogic Kabushiki Kaisha	Japan
QuickLogic (India) Private Limited	India
QuickLogic (Shanghai) Trading Limited	China
SensiML Corporation	USA

# CONSENT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

We consent to the incorporation by reference in the Registration Statements on Form S-3 (No. 333-230352) and Form S-8 (Nos. 333-34898, 333-34900, 333-34902, 333-76022, 333-123515, 333-159498, 333-208060 and 333-231806) of our report dated March 13, 2020, relating to the consolidated financial statements and schedule of QuickLogic Corporation, which report expresses an unqualified opinion and includes an explanatory paragraph relating to a change in the method of accounting for revenue recognition, and the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting of QuickLogic Corporation, appearing in this Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 29, 2019.

/s/ Moss Adams LLP San Francisco, California March 13, 2020

#### I, Brian C. Faith, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this annual report on Form 10-K of QuickLogic Corporation;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: March 13, 2020

/s/ Brian C. Faith
Brian C. Faith
President and Chief Executive Officer

#### I, Suping (Sue) Cheung, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this annual report on Form 10-K of QuickLogic Corporation;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: March 13, 2020

/s/ Suping (Sue) Cheung Suping (Sue) Cheung

Vice President, Finance and Chief Financial Officer

# CERTIFICATION OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER AND CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

I, Brian C. Faith, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that the Annual Report of QuickLogic Corporation on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 29, 2019 fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and that information contained in such Annual Report on Form 10-K fairly presents in all material respects the financial condition and results of operations of QuickLogic Corporation.

By: /s/ Brian C. Faith
Date: March 13, 2020
Name: Brian C. Faith

Title: President and Chief Executive Officer

I, Suping (Sue) Cheung, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that the Annual Report of QuickLogic Corporation on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 29, 2019, fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and that information contained in such Annual Report on Form 10-K fairly presents in all material respects the financial condition and results of operations of QuickLogic Corporation.

By: /s/ Suping (Sue) Cheung
Date: March 13, 2020
Name: Suping (Sue) Cheung

Title: Vice President, Finance and Chief Financial Officer