

UNITED STATES  
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION  
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-K

ANNUAL REPORT UNDER SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2016

TRANSITION REPORT UNDER SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

Commission file number 1-10799

**ADVANTAGE TECHNOLOGIES GROUP, INC.**

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Oklahoma

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

73-1351610

(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

1221 E. Houston, Broken Arrow, Oklahoma

(Address of principal executive offices)

74012

(Zip code)

Registrant's telephone number: (918) 251-9121

Securities registered under Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of each class

Common Stock, \$.01 par value

Name of exchange on which registered

NASDAQ Global Market

Securities registered under Section 12(g) of the Act: None

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is a well-known seasoned issuer, as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act.

Yes  No

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is not required to file reports pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Act.

Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Yes

No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files).

Yes

No

Indicate by check mark if disclosure of delinquent filers pursuant to Item 405 of Regulation S-K is not contained herein, and will not be contained, to the best of registrant's knowledge, in definitive proxy or information statements incorporated by reference in Part III of this Form 10-K or any amendment to this Form 10-K.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer", "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer

Non-accelerated filer

Accelerated filer

Smaller reporting company

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Act).

Yes  No

The aggregate market value of the outstanding shares of common stock, par value \$.01 per share, held by non-affiliates computed by reference to the closing price of the registrant's common stock as of March 31, 2016 was \$9,984,120.

The number of shares of the registrant's outstanding common stock, \$.01 par value per share, was 10,134,235 as of November 30, 2016.

**Documents Incorporated by Reference**

The identified sections of definitive Proxy Statement to be filed as Schedule 14A pursuant to Regulation 14A in connection with the Registrant's 2017 annual meeting of shareholders are incorporated by reference into Part III of this Form 10-K. The Proxy Statement will be filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission within 120 days after the end of the fiscal year covered by this Form 10-K.

ADVANTAGE TECHNOLOGIES GROUP, INC.  
FORM 10-K  
YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2016  
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**Item 1. Business.****Forward-Looking Statements**

Certain matters discussed in this report constitute forward-looking statements, within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, including statements which relate to, among other things, expectations of the business environment in which ADDvantage Technologies Group, Inc. (the “Company”, “We” or “ADDvantage”) operates, projections of future performance, perceived opportunities in the market and statements regarding our goals and objectives and other similar matters. The words “estimates”, “projects”, “intends”, “expects”, “anticipates”, “believes”, “plans”, “goals”, “strategy”, “likely”, “may”, “should” and similar expressions often identify forward-looking statements. These forward-looking statements are found at various places throughout this report and the documents incorporated into it by reference. These and other statements, which are not historical facts, are hereby identified as “forward-looking statements” for purposes of the safe harbor provided by Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended. These statements are subject to a number of risks, uncertainties and developments beyond our control or foresight, including changes in the cable television and telecommunications industries, changes in customer and supplier relationships, technological developments, changes in the economic environment generally, the growth or formation of competitors, changes in governmental regulation or taxation, changes in our personnel, our ability to identify, complete and integrate acquisitions on favorable terms and other such factors. Our actual results, performance or achievements may differ significantly from the results, performance or achievements expressed or implied in the forward-looking statements. We do not undertake any obligation to publicly release any revisions to these forward-looking statements to reflect events or circumstances after the date of this report or to reflect the occurrence of unanticipated events.

**Background**

The Company was incorporated under the laws of Oklahoma in September 1989 as “ADDvantage Media Group, Inc.” In December 1999, its name was changed to ADDvantage Technologies Group, Inc. Our headquarters are located in Broken Arrow, Oklahoma.

We (through our subsidiaries) distribute and service a comprehensive line of electronics and hardware for the cable television (“Cable TV”) and telecommunications industries. We also provide equipment repair services to cable operators. In addition, we offer our telecommunications customers decommissioning services for surplus and obsolete equipment, which we in turn process through our recycling services.

Several of our subsidiaries, through their long-standing relationships with the original equipment manufacturers (“OEMs”) and specialty repair facilities, have established themselves as value-added resellers (“VARs”). ADDvantage has a reseller agreement with Arris Solutions to sell cable television equipment in the United States. We are also one of only three distributors of Arris broadband products. We are a distributor of Cisco video products as a Cisco Premier Partner, which also allows us to sell Cisco’s IT related products. In addition, we are designated as an authorized third party Cisco repair center for select video products. Our subsidiaries also sell products from other OEMs including Alpha, Blonder-Tongue, RL Drake, Corning-Gilbert, Promax, Quintech, Standard and Triveni Digital.

In addition to offering a broad range of new products, we also sell surplus-new and refurbished equipment that we purchase in the market as a result of cable or telecommunications operator system upgrades or an overstock in their warehouses. We maintain one of the industry’s largest inventories of new and used equipment, which allows us to expedite delivery of products to our customers. We also continually evaluate new product offerings in the broader telecommunications industry as technology in this industry evolves rapidly and will upgrade our product offerings for our customers in order to stay current with their technology platforms. .

Most of our subsidiaries operate technical service centers that service/repair most brands of Cable TV equipment.

## Website Access to Reports

Our public website is [advantagetechologies.com](http://advantagetechologies.com). We make available, free of charge through the “Investor Relations” section of our website, our annual reports to stockholders, annual reports on Form 10-K, quarterly reports on Form 10-Q, current reports on Form 8-K and amendments to those reports filed or furnished pursuant to Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, as soon as reasonably practicable after we electronically file such material with, or furnish it to, the Securities and Exchange Commission (“SEC”). Any material we file with or furnish to the SEC is also maintained on the SEC website ([sec.gov](http://sec.gov)).

The information contained on our website, or available by hyperlink from our website, is not incorporated into this Form 10-K or other documents we file with, or furnish to, the SEC. We intend to use our website as a means of disclosing material non-public information and for complying with our disclosure obligations under Regulation FD. Such disclosures will be included on our website in the “Investor Relations” section. Accordingly, investors should monitor such portions of our website, in addition to following our press releases, SEC filings and public conference calls and webcasts.

## Operating Segments

The Company reports its financial performance based on two reporting segments: Cable Television (“Cable TV”) and Telecommunications (“Telco”).

The Cable TV segment sells new, surplus and refurbished cable television equipment to cable television operators (called multiple system operators or “MSOs”) or other resellers that sell to these customers throughout North America, Central America, South America and, to a substantially lesser extent, other international regions that utilize the same technology. In addition, this segment also repairs cable television equipment for various companies.

The Telco segment provides quality new and used telecommunication networking equipment to its world-wide customer base of telecommunications providers and resellers by utilizing its inventory from a broad range of manufacturers as well as other supply channels. In addition, this segment offers its customers decommissioning services for surplus and obsolete equipment, which it in turn processes through its recycling program.

## Products and Services

### *Cable TV Segment*

We offer our customers a wide range of new, surplus-new and refurbished products across the leading OEM suppliers in the industry that are used in connection with video, telephone and internet data signals.

Headend Products – Headend products are used by a system operator for signal acquisition, processing and manipulation for further transmission. Among the products we offer in this category are satellite receivers (digital and analog), integrated receiver/decoders, demodulators, modulators, antennas and antenna mounts, amplifiers, equalizers and processors. The headend of a television signal distribution system is the “brain” of the system; the central location where the multi-channel signal is initially received, converted and allocated to specific channels for distribution. In some cases, where the signal is transmitted in encrypted form or digitized and compressed, the receiver will also be required to decode the signal.

Fiber Products – Fiber products are used to transmit the output of cable system headend to multiple locations using fiber-optic cable. In this category, we currently offer products including optical transmitters, fiber-optic cable, receivers, couplers, splitters and compatible accessories. These products convert radio frequencies to light frequencies and launch them on optical fiber. At each receiver site, an optical receiver is used to convert the signals back to radio frequencies for distribution to subscribers.

Access and Transport Products – Access and transport products are used to permit signals to travel from the headend to their ultimate destination in a home, apartment, hotel room, office or other terminal location along a distribution network of fiber-optic or coaxial cable. Among the products we offer in this category are transmitters, receivers, line extenders, broadband amplifiers, directional taps and splitters.

**Customer Premise Equipment (“CPE”).** – CPE includes digital converters and modems that are boxes placed inside the home that receive, record and transmit video, data and telephony signals. They are the primary interface equipment between the cable operator and the consumer.

**Test Equipment** – Test equipment is used in the set-up, signal testing and maintenance of electronic equipment and the overall support of the cable television system. Test equipment is vital in maintaining the proper function and efficiency of this electronic equipment, which helps to provide high quality video, telephone and high speed data to the end user.

**Hardware Equipment** – We also inventory and sell to our customers other hardware such as connector and cable products.

We also offer repair services for most brands of cable equipment at our eight service centers.

*Telco Segment*

We offer our customers a wide range of new and used telecommunication equipment across most major manufacturers consisting primarily of component parts to expand capacity, provide spares or replace non-working components.

**Central Office Equipment** – Central office equipment includes optical, switching, and data equipment on a customer’s communication network. Optical equipment products aggregate and transport internet traffic, switching equipment products originate, terminate and route voice traffic, and data equipment products transport internet and voice over internet protocol (“VOIP”) traffic via routers.

**Customer Premise Equipment** – CPE includes integrated access devices, channel banks and routers that are placed inside the customer site that will receive the communication signal from the communication services provider.

In addition, we offer our customers decommissioning services for surplus and obsolete equipment, which we then process through our Responsible Recycling (“R2”)-certified recycling program.

**Revenues by Geographic Area**

Our revenues by geographic areas were as follows:

	2016	2015	2014
United States			
Cable TV	\$ 21,936,344	\$ 23,975,197	\$ 25,738,706
Telco (a)	13,693,837	16,031,293	6,533,458
Canada, Central America, Asia, Europe, Mexico, South America and Other			
Cable TV	1,055,682	1,418,488	1,465,514
Telco (a)	1,977,401	2,308,642	2,151,014
	<u>\$ 38,663,264</u>	<u>\$ 43,733,620</u>	<u>\$ 35,888,692</u>

(a) The Telco segment revenues for fiscal year 2014 are from February 28, 2014 through September 30, 2014.

Revenues attributed to geographic areas are based on the location of the customer. All of our long-lived assets are located within the United States.

**Sales and Marketing**

In 2016, Cable TV segment sales of new products represented 60% of Cable TV segment revenues and refurbished product sales represented 22%. Repair and other services contributed the remaining 18% of Cable TV segment revenues. Telco segment sales of new products represented 6% of Telco segment revenues and refurbished products represented 84%. Recycle sales and other services contributed the remaining 10% of Telco segment revenues.

We market and sell our products to franchise and private MSOs, telecommunication companies, system contractors and other resellers. Our sales and marketing are predominantly performed by our experienced internal sales and customer service staff as well as our outside sales representatives located in various geographic areas. The majority of our sales activity is generated through personal relationships developed by our sales personnel and executives, referrals from manufacturers we represent, trade shows and advertising in trade journals.

We maintain a wide breadth of inventory of new and used products and many times can offer our customers same day shipments. We carry one of the most diverse inventories of any cable television or telecommunication product reseller in the country, and we also have access to additional inventory via our various supply channels. We believe our investment in on-hand inventory, our product supply channels, our network of regional repair centers and our experienced sales and customer service team create a competitive advantage for us.

## **Suppliers**

In fiscal year 2016, the Cable TV segment purchased approximately 31% of its total inventory purchases directly from Arris Solutions and approximately 19% of its total inventory purchases either directly from Cisco or indirectly through Cisco's primary stocking distributor. In addition to purchasing inventory from OEMs, this segment also purchases used or surplus-new inventory from MSOs, who have upgraded or are in the process of upgrading their systems, and from other resellers in this industry.

In fiscal year 2016, the Telco segment did not purchase over 10% of its total inventory purchases from any one supplier. This segment of our business primarily purchases its used inventory from telecommunication companies that have excess equipment on hand or have upgraded their systems or from other resellers in this industry.

## **Seasonality**

In the Cable TV segment, many of the products that we sell are installed outdoors and can be damaged by storms and power surges. Consequently, we can experience increased demand on certain product offerings during the months between late spring and early fall when severe weather tends to be more prominent than at other times during the year.

In the Telco segment, we do not anticipate that quarterly operating results will generally be impacted by seasonal fluctuations.

## **Competition**

The overall telecommunications equipment industry is highly competitive. We compete with numerous resellers in the marketplace and declines in the economy have reduced the amount of capital expenditures in our industry, which heightens the competition. In addition, especially for the Cable TV segment, we sell current production products in competition with the OEMs.

### *Cable TV Segment*

We believe we have differentiated ourselves from the OEMs, other resellers and repair operations in the marketplace in the following ways:

- we sell both new and refurbished Cable TV equipment as well as repair what we sell, while most of our competition does not offer all of these services;
- we stock both new and refurbished inventory;
- we stock a wide breadth of inventory, which many of our competitors do not due to working capital constraints;
- we can reconfigure new and refurbished equipment to meet the different needs of our customers;
- we can meet our customers' timing needs for product due to our inventory on hand; and
- we have experienced sales support staff that have the technical know-how to assist our customers regarding solutions for various products and configurations.

In terms of sales and inventory on hand or available via our supply channels, we believe we are one of the largest resellers in this industry, providing both sales and service of new and refurbished Cable TV equipment.

We also compete with our OEM suppliers as they can sell directly to our customers. Our OEM suppliers have a competitive advantage over us as they can sell products at lower prices than we offer. As a result, we are often considered a secondary supplier by large MSOs and telephone companies when they are making large equipment purchases or upgrades. However, for smaller orders or items that are needed to be delivered quickly, we often hold an advantage over our OEM suppliers as we carry most inventory in stock and can have it delivered in a shorter time frame than the OEM.

### *Telco Segment*

For the Telco segment, we believe our differentiation from other resellers in the marketplace is primarily the following:

- we stock a broad range of used inventory, which allows us to meet our customers' timing needs;
- we have experienced sales support staff that have strong relationships with our customers and technical knowledge of the products we offer;
- we have the following quality certifications: TL9000 (telecommunications quality certification), ISO 14001 (environmental management certification), OHSAS18000 (occupational safety and health management certification), and R2 (EPA responsible recycling practices for electronics); and
- we provide multiple services for our customers including deinstallation and decommission of products, storage and management of spares inventory and recycling.

### **Working Capital Practices**

Working capital practices in our business center on inventory and accounts receivable. We choose to carry a relatively large volume of inventory due to our on-hand, on-demand business model. We typically utilize excess cash flows to reinvest in inventory to maintain or expand our product offerings. The greatest need for working capital occurs when we make bulk purchases of surplus-new and used inventory, or when our OEM suppliers offer additional discounts on large purchases. In 2016, we decreased our inventory \$0.9 million (before excess and obsolescence reserves) due primarily to decreasing our Telco segment inventory \$0.6 million in addition to a decreased inventory position in our Cable TV segment. In 2017, we will be working on further reducing our Telco segment inventory, which should provide further liquidity for our Company. Our working capital requirements are generally met by cash flows from operations and a bank line of credit, which currently permits borrowings up to \$7.0 million. We expect to have sufficient funds available from our cash on hand, future excess cash flows and the bank line of credit to meet our working capital needs for the foreseeable future.

### **Significant Customers**

We sold our equipment and services to approximately 1,300 customers in fiscal year 2016. We are not dependent on one or a few customers to support our business on an on-going basis. Sales to our largest customer accounted for approximately 5% of our consolidated sales in fiscal year 2016, while our sales to our largest five customers were 21% of our consolidated sales in fiscal year 2016, three of which were in the Cable TV segment and two were in the Telco segment.

### **Personnel**

At September 30, 2016, we had 178 employees, including 167 full-time employees. Management considers its relationships with its employees to be excellent. Our employees are not unionized, and we are not subject to any collective bargaining agreements.

### **Item 2. Properties.**

Each subsidiary owns or leases property for office, warehouse and service center facilities.

### *Cable TV Segment*

- Broken Arrow, Oklahoma – We own a facility in a suburb of Tulsa consisting of our headquarters, additional offices, warehouse and service center of approximately 100,000 square feet on ten acres, with an investment of \$3.3 million, financed by a loan with a remaining balance of \$0.9 million, due in monthly payments through 2021 at an interest rate of LIBOR plus 1.4%. In 2007, we also constructed a 62,500 square foot

warehouse facility on the rear of our existing property in Broken Arrow, OK, with an investment of \$1.6 million, financed with cash flows from operations.

- Deshler, Nebraska – We own a facility near Lincoln consisting of land and an office, warehouse and service center of approximately 8,000 square feet.
- Warminster, Pennsylvania – We own a facility in a suburb of Philadelphia consisting of an office, warehouse and service center of approximately 12,000 square feet, with an investment of \$0.6 million. We also lease property of approximately 2,000 square feet, with monthly rental payments of \$1,467 through December 31, 2016. We also rent on a month-to-month basis another property of approximately 2,000 square feet, with monthly rental payments of \$1,325.
- Sedalia, Missouri – We own a facility near Kansas City consisting of land and an office, warehouse and service center of approximately 24,300 square feet. In 2007, we also constructed an 18,000 square foot warehouse facility on the back of our existing property in Sedalia, MO, with an investment of \$0.4 million.
- New Boston, Texas – We own a facility near Texarkana consisting of land and an office, warehouse and service center of approximately 13,000 square feet.
- Suwanee, Georgia – We rent, on a month-to-month basis, a facility in a suburb of Atlanta consisting of an office and service center of approximately 5,000 square feet, with monthly rental payments of \$3,060.
- Phoenix, Arizona – We lease a facility in Phoenix, Arizona consisting of an office, service center and warehouse of approximately 6,300 square feet, with monthly rental payments of \$3,690, and \$3,815 through May 31, 2017, and 2018, respectively, plus monthly common area operating expenses of approximately \$1,500.
- Kingsport, Tennessee – We lease a facility in Kingsport, Tennessee consisting of office space, warehouse, and service center of approximately 14,000 square feet with monthly rental payments to a Company employee of \$4,000 per month through December 31, 2018.

#### *Telco Segment*

- Jessup, Maryland – We lease a facility in a suburb of Baltimore consisting of an office, warehouse, and service center of approximately 88,000 square feet, with monthly rental payments of \$42,025 increasing each year by 2.5% through November 30, 2023.

We believe that our current facilities are adequate to meet our needs.

#### **Item 3. Legal Proceedings.**

From time to time in the ordinary course of business, we have become a party to various types of legal proceedings. We do not believe that these proceedings, individually or in the aggregate, will have a material adverse effect on our financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

**Item 5. Market for Registrant's Common Equity, Related Stockholder Matters and Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities.****Market Information**

The table sets forth the high and low sales prices on the NASDAQ Global Market under the symbol "AEY" for the quarterly periods indicated.

Year Ended September 30, 2016	High	Low
First Quarter	\$ 2.38	\$ 1.30
Second Quarter	\$ 2.07	\$ 1.57
Third Quarter	\$ 2.04	\$ 1.67
Fourth Quarter	\$ 2.31	\$ 1.70
Year Ended September 30, 2015	High	Low
First Quarter	\$ 2.70	\$ 2.24
Second Quarter	\$ 2.49	\$ 2.18
Third Quarter	\$ 2.49	\$ 2.27
Fourth Quarter	\$ 2.40	\$ 2.20

**Holdings**

At November 30, 2016, we had approximately 60 shareholders of record and, based on information received from brokers, there were approximately 1,900 beneficial owners of our common stock.

**Dividend policy**

We have never declared or paid a cash dividend on our common stock. It has been the policy of our Board of Directors to use all available funds to finance the development and growth of our business. The payment of cash dividends in the future will be dependent upon our earnings, financial requirements and other factors deemed relevant by our Board of Directors.

**Securities authorized for issuance under equity compensation plans**

The information in the following table is as of September 30, 2016:

Plan Category	Number of securities to be issued upon exercise of outstanding options, warrants and rights (a)	Weighted-average exercise price of outstanding options, warrants and rights (b)	Number of securities remaining available for future issuance under equity compensation plans (excluding securities reflected in column (a)) (c)
Equity compensation plans approved by security holders	570,000	\$ 2.73	434,211
Equity compensation plans not approved by security holders	0	0	0
Total	570,000	\$ 2.73	434,211

**Item 6. Selected Financial Data.**

SELECTED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL DATA  
(IN THOUSANDS, EXCEPT PER SHARE AMOUNTS)

	Fiscal Year Ended September 30,				
	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
Sales	\$ 38,663	\$ 43,734	\$ 35,889	\$ 28,677	\$ 29,677
Income from operations	\$ 344	\$ 2,576	\$ 1,097	\$ 2,896	\$ 2,619
Income from continuing operations	\$ 294	\$ 1,498	\$ 659	\$ 1,772	\$ 939
Continuing operations earnings per share					
Basic	\$ 0.03	\$ 0.15	\$ 0.07	\$ 0.18	\$ 0.09
Diluted	\$ 0.03	\$ 0.15	\$ 0.07	\$ 0.18	\$ 0.09
Total assets	\$ 50,268	\$ 51,687	\$ 53,139	\$ 42,923	\$ 41,971
Long-term obligations inclusive of current maturities	\$ 4,366	\$ 5,240	\$ 6,086	\$ 1,503	\$ 1,687

**Item 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.**

The following discussion and analysis of financial condition and results of operations should be read in conjunction with our consolidated historical financial statements and the notes to those statements that appear elsewhere in this report. Certain statements in the discussion contain forward-looking statements based upon current expectations that involve risks and uncertainties, such as plans, objectives, expectations and intentions. Actual results and the timing of events could differ materially from those anticipated in these forward-looking statements as a result of a number of factors.

**General**

The Company reports its financial performance based on two external reporting segments: Cable Television and Telecommunications. These reportable segments are described below.

*Cable Television ("Cable TV")*

The Company's Cable TV segment sells new, surplus and refurbished cable television equipment to cable MSOs throughout North America, Central America and South America as well as other resellers who sell to these types of customers. Our Cable TV segment is a Premier Partner for Cisco's products, which allows them to sell both video-related and IT-related products in the United States and a leading distributor of Arris broadband products. The Cable Television segment also distributes products from other OEMs including Alpha, Blonder-Tongue, RL Drake, Corning-Gilbert, Promax, Quintech, Standard and Triveni Digital. In addition, we also operate technical service centers that offer repair services for our cable MSO customers on most products that we sell.

*Telecommunications ("Telco")*

The Company's Telco segment sells new and used telecommunications networking equipment from a wide range of manufacturers. We have an extensive stock on hand in order to serve our telecommunications customers. We primarily resell our inventory in North America, but we have a worldwide customer base. In addition, this segment offers its customers decommissioning services for surplus and obsolete equipment, which it then processes through its recycling program.

## Recent Business Developments

### *Business Strategy*

Our Cable TV segment has experienced top-line revenue declines since 2008 due to decreased plant expansions and bandwidth equipment upgrades as a result of lower new housing developments and an overall lower cable television subscriber base. Therefore, in fiscal year 2012, our Company initiated a growth strategy through both organic growth of our existing Cable TV business and acquisitions, which would diversify our Company into other areas of the telecommunications industry. For the Cable TV segment, our growth strategy is primarily focused on organic growth in order to gain market share in a shrinking capital equipment expenditure market. We seek to increase this business segment primarily along three major fronts: 1) expand product offerings among existing OEM vendors, 2) add additional vendors to our product offering mix, 3) expand our sales force, and 4) expand our service center operations. In fiscal year 2016, we hired additional sales people with expertise in our industry and in new product offerings. In addition, in fiscal year 2016 we acquired a service center in Kingsport, Tennessee, which expanded our geographic footprint in the southeast portion of the United States. We believe these changes will position us well as we begin fiscal year 2017.

Our Telco segment was formed when we acquired Nave Communications in February 2014 as part of our growth acquisition strategy. In fiscal year 2016, this segment did not perform to our expectations due to a general weakness in the telecommunication's market it primarily serves. In addition, we established a reserve in fiscal year 2016 for slow-moving and obsolete inventory for this segment, which decreased its overall operating results. This segment has several initiatives in place to grow its top-line revenue and operating results including expanding our sales force, expanding our end-user customer base, expanding the capacity of our recycling program and testing our used inventory equipment prior to sale to our end user customers.

As part of our on-going acquisition growth strategy, in fiscal 2016, we engaged an investment banker to help us identify a strategic acquisition in the broader telecommunications industry. Subsequent to September 30, 2016, the Company acquired substantially all the assets of Triton Miami, Inc. ("Triton Miami"), a provider of new and refurbished enterprise networking products, including desktop phones, enterprise switches and wireless routers. This acquisition further diversifies our Company into the broader telecommunications industry, and we believe that there are many areas where Triton Miami is complementary in nature to our existing business. The Company has formed a new subsidiary called ADDvantage Triton, LLC ("Triton"). Under the terms of the asset purchase agreement, the Company purchased Triton Miami's assets for \$6.6 million in cash and \$2.0 million of deferred payments over the next three years. In addition, the Company will also make payments to the Triton Miami owners, if they have not resigned from Triton, over the next three years equal to 60% of Triton's annual EBITDA in excess of \$1.2 million per year. The Company will recognize the payments ratably over the three year period as compensation expense. All members of the Triton Miami management team are now employed by Triton and remain in the same roles they held at Triton Miami. We believe that this acquisition will be immediately accretive to our overall operating results.

### *Investment in YKTG Solutions, LLC ("YKTG Solutions")*

On March 10, 2016, the Company announced that it entered into a joint venture, YKTG Solutions, which will support decommission work on cell tower sites across 13 states in the northeast on behalf of a major U.S. wireless provider. YKTG Solutions, certified as a minority-based enterprise, is owned 51% by YKTG, LLC and 49% by the Company. The joint venture is governed by an operating agreement for completing the decommission project, but the operating agreement can be expanded to include other projects upon agreement by both owners.

For its role in the decommission project, the Company will earn a management fee from YKTG Solutions based on billings. The Company is financing the decommission project pursuant to the terms of a loan agreement between the Company and YKTG Solutions by providing a revolving line of credit. The management fee encompasses any interest earned on outstanding advances under the loan agreement. The Company anticipates that this project will be completed in our third quarter of 2017, and estimates that this project will generate a total of approximately \$1 million in pretax income over the life of the project.

## Results of Operations

Year Ended September 30, 2016, compared to Year Ended September 30, 2015 (all references are to fiscal years)

### Consolidated

Consolidated sales decreased \$5.0 million before the impact of intersegment sales, or 12%, to \$38.7 million for 2016 from \$43.7 million for 2015. The decrease in sales was due to a decrease in both the Cable TV and Telco segments of \$2.4 million and \$3.0 million, respectively.

Consolidated gross profit decreased \$2.9 million, or 19%, to \$12.4 million for 2016 from \$15.3 million for 2015. The decrease in gross profit was due to a decrease in both the Cable TV and Telco segments of \$0.3 million and \$2.6 million, respectively.

Operating, selling, general and administrative expenses include all personnel costs, which include fringe benefits, insurance and business taxes, as well as occupancy, communication and professional services, among other less significant cost categories. Operating, selling, general and administrative expenses decreased \$0.6 million, or 5%, to \$12.1 million for 2016 compared to \$12.7 million for 2015. This decrease was primarily due to decreased expenses of the Telco segment of \$1.1 million, partially offset by an increase in Cable TV segment expenses of \$0.5 million.

Other income and expense consists of activity related to our investment in YKTG Solutions, including other income, interest income and equity earnings (losses), and interest expense related to our notes payable. Other income, which represents our fee for our role in the YKTG Solutions projects, was \$0.5 million for 2016. Equity losses related to the YKTG Solutions investment totaled \$0.2 million. The decommission work on cell tower sites in the northeast on behalf of a major U.S. wireless provider incurred an equity loss of \$0.5 million for 2016. This equity loss was partially offset by another project with a major U.S. telecommunications provider, which generated equity earnings of \$0.3 million. Interest expense decreased \$0.1 million to \$0.2 million for 2016 from \$0.3 million for the same period last year.

The provision for income taxes from continuing operations decreased by \$0.6 million to \$0.2 million, or an effective rate of 38%, for 2016 from \$0.8 million, or an effective rate of 34%, for the same period last year.

### Segment results

#### Cable TV

Sales for the Cable TV segment decreased \$2.4 million, or 9%, to \$23.0 million for the year ended September 30, 2016 from \$25.4 million for the same period last year. The decrease in sales was primarily due to a decrease of \$3.4 million in new equipment sales, partially offset by an increase of \$0.3 million and \$0.7 million in refurbished equipment sales and repair service revenues, respectively.

Gross profit decreased \$0.2 million, or 3%, to \$7.8 million for the year ended September 30, 2016 from \$8.0 million for the same period last year. Gross margin was 34% for 2016 and 32% for 2015. The increase in gross margin was primarily due to higher gross margins on refurbished equipment sales.

Operating, selling, general and administrative expenses increased \$0.5 million, or 8%, to \$6.3 million for the year ended September 30, 2016 from \$5.8 million for the same period last year. The increase was due primarily to increased personnel costs primarily related to the acquisition of the net operating assets of Advantage Solutions, LLC.

#### Telco

Sales for the Telco segment decreased \$3.0 million, or 16%, to \$15.8 million for the year ended September 30, 2016 from \$18.8 million for the same period last year. The decrease in sales resulted from a decrease in used equipment sales of \$4.1 million, partially offset by an increase in new equipment sales and recycling revenue of \$1.0 million and \$0.1 million, respectively. The decrease in sales was due in part to the absence of \$2.3 million in used equipment sales to an end-user customer in fiscal year 2015. In addition, we believe that the decreased sales volume in 2016 was due to delays in capital expenditures from our major customers due to weak economic conditions and budgetary constraints in the first quarter of fiscal year 2016.

Gross profit decreased \$2.6 million, or 36%, to \$4.7 million for the year ended September 30, 2016 from \$7.3 million for the same period last year. Gross margin was 30% for 2016 and 39% for 2015. The decrease in the gross margin was primarily due to lower margins on recycling revenue as a result of lower commodity prices and increased costs of products being recycled. In addition, in 2016, the Telco segment identified certain inventory that more than likely will not be sold or that the cost will not be recovered when it is sold, and had not yet been processed through its recycling program. Therefore, the Company recorded a \$0.4 million charge, which increased cost of sales for the year ended September 30, 2016, to allow for obsolete and excess inventory. We also reviewed the cost of inventories against estimated market value and recorded a lower of cost or market reserve of \$0.2 million for inventories that have a cost in excess of estimated market value.

Operating, selling, general and administrative expenses decreased \$1.1 million, or 17%, to \$5.8 million for the year ended September 30, 2016 from \$6.9 million for the same period last year. The decrease in expenses was primarily due to lower earn-out payments related to the Nave Communications acquisition in March 2016 as compared to March 2015, which were \$0.2 million and \$0.7 million, respectively. In addition, personnel costs decreased \$0.3 million. In March 2016, we made our second annual earn-out payment for \$0.2 million, which was equal to 70% of Nave Communications' annual adjusted EBITDA in excess of \$2.0 million per year ("Nave Earn-out"). We will make the third and final Nave Earn-out payment in March 2017, which we estimate will be less than \$0.3 million.

#### *Non-GAAP Financial Measure*

EBITDA is a supplemental, non-GAAP financial measure. EBITDA is defined as earnings before interest expense, income taxes, depreciation and amortization. In addition, EBITDA as presented excludes other income, interest income and income from equity method investment. EBITDA is presented below because this metric is used by the financial community as a method of measuring our financial performance and of evaluating the market value of companies considered to be in similar businesses. Since EBITDA is not a measure of performance calculated in accordance with GAAP, it should not be considered in isolation of, or as a substitute for, net earnings as an indicator of operating performance. EBITDA, as calculated below, may not be comparable to similarly titled measures employed by other companies. In addition, EBITDA is not necessarily a measure of our ability to fund our cash needs.

A reconciliation by segment of income (loss) from operations to EBITDA follows:

	Year Ended September 30, 2016			Year Ended September 30, 2015		
	Cable TV	Telco	Total	Cable TV	Telco	Total
Income (loss) from operations	\$ 1,478,676	\$ (1,134,815)	\$ 343,861	\$ 2,210,414	\$ 365,796	\$ 2,576,210
Depreciation	322,076	99,874	421,950	296,876	111,827	408,703
Amortization	-	825,804	825,804	-	825,805	825,805
<b>EBITDA (a)</b>	<b>\$ 1,800,752</b>	<b>\$ (209,137)</b>	<b>\$ 1,591,615</b>	<b>\$ 2,507,290</b>	<b>\$ 1,303,428</b>	<b>\$ 3,810,718</b>

(a) The Telco segment includes earn-out expenses of \$0.2 and \$0.7 million for the year ended September 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively, related to the acquisition of Nave Communications.

#### *Year Ended September 30, 2015, compared to Year Ended September 30, 2014*

##### *Consolidated*

Consolidated sales increased \$7.8 million, or 22%, to \$43.7 million for 2015 from \$35.9 million for 2014. The increase in sales was due to an increase in the Telco segment of \$9.6 million primarily resulting from the Nave Communications acquisition in February 2014, partially offset by a decrease in the Cable TV segment of \$1.8 million.

Consolidated gross profit increased \$3.7 million, or 32%, to \$15.3 million for 2015 from \$11.6 million for 2014. The increase in gross profit was due to an increase in the Telco segment of \$3.5 million as a result of the Nave Communications acquisition, and an increase in the Cable TV segment of \$0.2 million.

Operating, selling, general and administrative expenses include all personnel costs, which include fringe benefits, insurance and business taxes, as well as occupancy, communication and professional services, among other less

significant cost categories. Operating, selling, general and administrative expenses increased \$2.2 million, or 21%, to \$12.7 million for 2015 compared to \$10.5 million for 2014. This increase was primarily due to increased expenses of the Telco segment of \$2.7 million, which was a result of the Nave Communications acquisition, offset by a decrease in the Cable TV segment expenses of \$0.5 million.

Interest expense increased \$0.1 million to \$0.3 million for 2015 from \$0.2 million for the same period last year. The increase was due primarily to interest expense incurred on the \$5.0 million term loan entered into in connection with the Nave Communications acquisition.

The provision for income taxes from continuing operations increased by \$0.6 million to \$0.8 million, or an effective rate of 34%, for 2015 from \$0.2 million, or an effective rate of 25%, for the same period last year. The 2014 provision for income taxes includes an adjustment to the federal tax provision for an additional deduction for state income taxes with an impact of approximately \$40 thousand.

#### *Segment results*

##### *Cable TV*

Sales for the Cable TV segment decreased \$1.8 million, or 7%, to \$25.4 million for the year ended September 30, 2015 from \$27.2 million for the same period last year. The decrease in sales was primarily due to a decrease of \$1.0 million, \$0.4 million and \$0.4 million in new equipment sales, refurbished equipment sales, and repair service revenues, respectively.

In spite of lower sales, gross profit increased \$0.2 million, or 3%, to \$8.0 million for the year ended September 30, 2015 from \$7.8 million for the same period last year. Gross margin was 32% for 2015 and 29% for 2014. The increase in gross margin was primarily due to higher gross margins on refurbished equipment sales.

Operating, selling, general and administrative expenses decreased \$0.5 million, or 7%, to \$5.8 million for the year ended September 30, 2015 from \$6.3 million for the same period last year. The decrease was primarily due to lower allocations of corporate overhead to this segment of \$0.3 million and lower payroll-related costs of \$0.2 million.

##### *Telco*

Sales for the Telco segment increased \$10.1 million, or 116%, to \$18.8 million for the year ended September 30, 2015 from \$8.7 million for the same period last year primarily as a result of the acquisition of Nave Communications. The increase in sales resulted from an increase in used equipment sales of \$10.0 million and recycling revenue of \$0.1 million.

Gross profit increased \$3.5 million, or 90%, to \$7.3 million for the year ended September 30, 2015 from \$3.8 million for the same period last year. Gross margin was 39% for 2015 and 44% for 2014. The decrease in the gross margin was primarily due to lower margins on recycling revenue as a result of lower commodity prices.

Operating, selling, general and administrative expenses increased \$2.7 million, or 63%, to \$6.9 million for the year ended September 30, 2015 from \$4.2 million for the same period last year. The increase in expenses was primarily due to the acquisition of Nave Communications. In addition, these expenses included \$0.7 million and \$0.4 million for 2015 and 2014, respectively, for earn-out payments related to the Nave Communications acquisition. In March 2015, we made our first of three earn-out payments for \$0.7 million, which was equal to 70% of Nave Communications' annual adjusted EBITDA in excess of \$2.0 million for the twelve month period ending February 28, 2015. Also, in 2014, these expenses included \$0.6 million of direct costs in connection with the acquisition of Nave Communications, which did not recur.

##### *Discontinued Operations*

Loss from discontinued operations, net of tax, was zero for the year ended September 30, 2015 compared to \$36 thousand for the same period last year. This activity included the operations of AGC prior to the sale on January 31, 2014.

Loss on sale of discontinued operations, net of tax, was \$0.6 million for the year ended September 30, 2014. This loss

consisted of a pretax loss of \$0.9 million from the sale of the net assets of AGC on January 31, 2014 for \$2 million in cash and a pretax loss of \$0.1 million from the sale of the AGC facility on June 30, 2014 for \$1.5 million in cash.

#### Non-GAAP Financial Measure

EBITDA is a supplemental, non-GAAP financial measure. EBITDA is defined as earnings before interest expense, income taxes, depreciation and amortization. EBITDA is presented below because this metric is used by the financial community as a method of measuring our financial performance and of evaluating the market value of companies considered to be in similar businesses. Since EBITDA is not a measure of performance calculated in accordance with GAAP, it should not be considered in isolation of, or as a substitute for, net earnings as an indicator of operating performance. EBITDA, as calculated below, may not be comparable to similarly titled measures employed by other companies. In addition, EBITDA is not necessarily a measure of our ability to fund our cash needs.

A reconciliation by segment of income (loss) from operations to EBITDA follows:

	Year Ended September 30, 2015			Year Ended September 30, 2014		
	Cable TV	Telco	Total	Cable TV	Telco	Total
Income (loss) from operations	\$ 2,210,414	\$ 365,796	\$ 2,576,210	\$ 1,492,100	\$ (395,001)	\$ 1,097,099
Depreciation	296,876	111,827	408,703	293,353	66,926	360,279
Amortization	–	825,805	825,805	–	481,722	481,722
<b>EBITDA (a)</b>	<b>\$ 2,507,290</b>	<b>\$ 1,303,428</b>	<b>\$ 3,810,718</b>	<b>\$ 1,785,453</b>	<b>\$ 153,647</b>	<b>\$ 1,939,100</b>

(a) The Telco segment for the year ended September 30, 2014 includes acquisition-related costs of \$0.6 million related to the acquisition of Nave Communications.

#### Liquidity and Capital Resources

##### Cash Flows Provided by Operating Activities

We generally finance our operations primarily through cash flows provided by operations, and we have a bank line of credit of up to \$7.0 million in availability. During 2016, we generated \$3.5 million of cash flows from operations. The cash flows from operations was favorably impacted by a \$0.9 million reduction in inventory due primarily to decreasing our inventory position in the Telco segment. The cash flows from operations was unfavorably impacted by a \$0.6 million increase in income tax receivable. The increase in income tax receivable was due primarily to changes in our tax estimates due largely to our inventory position and investment in YKTG Solutions at the end of 2016.

In March 2016, we made our second annual earn-out payment for \$0.2 million, which was equal to 70% of Nave Communications' annual adjusted EBITDA in excess of \$2.0 million per year ("Nave Earn-out"). We will make the third and final Nave Earn-out payment in March 2017, which we estimate will be less than \$0.3 million.

##### Cash Flows Used in Investing Activities

During 2016, cash used in investing activities was \$4.3 million. In March 2016, we paid \$1.0 million for the second of three annual installment payments to the Nave Communications owners for deferred consideration resulting from the Nave Communications acquisition. The deferred consideration, which consisted of \$3.0 million to be paid in equal annual installments over the three years, is recorded at its present value of \$1.0 million at September 30, 2016.

On December 31, 2015, we acquired the net operating assets of a business for \$0.2 million. The acquisition is discussed in Note 2 of the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements included in Item 8 of this Annual Report on Form 10-K.

During 2016, we funded YKTG Solutions, pursuant to a revolving line of credit between the Company and YKTG Solutions, for \$2.8 million. We plan to fund future advances to YKTG Solutions utilizing our cash flows from operations or our revolving line of credit. The investment in YKTG Solutions is discussed in Note 4 of the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements included in Item 8 of this Annual Report on Form 10-K.

#### *Cash Flows Used in Financing Activities*

During 2016, cash used in financing activities was \$0.9 million. We made principal payments of \$0.9 million on our two term loans under our Credit and Term Loan Agreement with our primary lender. The first term loan requires monthly payments of \$15,334 plus accrued interest through November 2021. Our second term loan is a five year term loan with a seven year amortization payment schedule with monthly principal and interest payments of \$68,505 through March 2019.

At September 30, 2016, there was not a balance outstanding under our line of credit. The lesser of \$7.0 million or the total of 80% of the qualified accounts receivable plus 50% of qualified inventory less any outstanding term loans is available to us under the revolving credit facility (\$7.0 million at September 30, 2016). Any future borrowings under the revolving credit facility are due at maturity.

Subsequent to September 30, 2016, ADDvantage entered into a third term loan for \$4.0 million under the Credit and Term Loan Agreement in connection with the asset acquisition of Triton Miami on October 14, 2016 (see Note 2). The \$4.0 million term loan is due on October 14, 2019, with monthly principal and interest payments of \$118,809. The interest rate on the term loan is a fixed interest rate of 4.40%. This term loan is collateralized by inventory, accounts receivable, equipment and fixtures and general intangibles. This additional term loan has not materially impacted our availability under our credit facility as the Triton Miami asset acquisition contributed additional assets to our borrowing base.

We believe that our cash and cash equivalents of \$4.5 million at September 30, 2016, cash flows from operations and our existing line of credit provide sufficient liquidity and capital resources to meet our working capital and debt payment needs.

#### **Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates**

Note 1 to the Consolidated Financial Statements in this Form 10-K for fiscal year 2016 includes a summary of the significant accounting policies or methods used in the preparation of our Consolidated Financial Statements. Some of those significant accounting policies or methods require us to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported by us. We believe the following items require the most significant judgments and often involve complex estimates.

##### *General*

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with United States generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. We base our estimates and judgments on historical experience, current market conditions, and various other factors we believe to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis for making judgments about the carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results could differ from these estimates under different assumptions or conditions. The most significant estimates and assumptions are discussed below.

##### *Inventory Valuation*

Our position in the industry requires us to carry large inventory quantities relative to annual sales, but it also allows us to realize high overall gross profit margins on our sales. We market our products primarily to MSOs, telecommunication providers and other users of cable television and telecommunication equipment who are seeking products for which manufacturers have discontinued production or cannot ship new equipment on a same-day basis as well as providing used products as an alternative to new products from the manufacturer. Carrying these large inventory quantities represents our largest risk.

We are required to make judgments as to future demand requirements from our customers. We regularly review the value of our inventory in detail with consideration given to rapidly changing technology which can significantly affect future customer demand. For individual inventory items, we may carry inventory quantities that are excessive relative to market potential, or we may not be able to recover our acquisition costs for sales that we do make. In order to address the risks associated with our investment in inventory, we review inventory quantities on hand and reduce the carrying value when the loss of usefulness of an item or other factors, such as obsolete and excess inventories, indicate that cost will not be recovered when an item is sold.

Our inventories consist of new and used electronic components for the cable and telecommunications industry. Inventory is stated at the lower of cost or market, with cost determined using the weighted-average method. At September 30, 2016, we had total inventory, before the reserve for excess and obsolete inventory, of \$24.1 million, consisting of \$15.1 million in new products and \$9.0 million in used or refurbished products.

For the Cable TV segment, our reserve at September 30, 2016 for excess and obsolete inventory was \$2.2 million, which reflects an increase to the reserve of \$0.6 million. In addition, in 2016, we wrote down, against this reserve, the carrying value for certain inventory items by approximately \$1.1 million to reflect deterioration in the market price of that inventory. If actual market conditions are less favorable than those projected by management, and our estimates prove to be inaccurate, we could be required to increase our inventory reserve and our gross margins could be materially adversely affected.

For the Telco segment, any obsolete and excess telecommunications inventory is processed through its recycling program when it is identified. Therefore, for fiscal years ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, there were no charges recorded to allow for obsolete inventory. However, in fiscal year ended September 30, 2016, the Telco segment identified certain inventory that more than likely will not be sold or that the cost will not be recovered when it is sold, and had not yet been processed through its recycling program. Therefore, the Company recorded a \$0.4 million reserve, which increased cost of sales for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2016, to allow for obsolete and excess inventory. We also reviewed the cost of inventories against estimated market value and recorded a lower of cost or market write-off of \$0.2 million for inventories that have a cost in excess of estimated market value. If actual market conditions differ from those projected by management, this could have a material impact on our gross margin and inventory balances based on additional write-downs to net realizable value or a benefit from inventories previously written down.

Inbound freight charges are included in cost of sales. Purchasing and receiving costs, inspection costs, warehousing costs, internal transfer costs and other inventory expenditures are included in operating expenses, since the amounts involved are not considered material.

#### *Accounts Receivable Valuation*

Management judgments and estimates are made in connection with establishing the allowance for doubtful accounts. Specifically, we analyze the aging of accounts receivable balances, historical bad debts, customer concentrations, customer credit-worthiness, current economic trends and changes in our customer payment terms. Significant changes in customer concentration or payment terms, deterioration of customer credit-worthiness, or weakening in economic trends could have a significant impact on the collectability of receivables and our operating results. If the financial condition of our customers were to deteriorate, resulting in an impairment of their ability to make payments, an additional provision to the allowance for doubtful accounts may be required. The reserve for bad debts was \$0.3 million at September 30, 2016 and September 30, 2015. At September 30, 2016, accounts receivable, net of allowance for doubtful accounts, was \$4.3 million.

#### *Note Receivable Valuation*

Included in Investment in and loans to equity method investee as of September 30, 2016 is a note receivable from the Company's joint venture partner, YKTG Solutions, of \$3.0 million. To date, this joint venture has incurred operating losses totaling \$0.4 million and, as of September 30, 2016, the total assets of the joint venture are less than the amount it owes to ADDvantage. Management judgements and estimates are made in connection with collection of the note receivable from the joint venture. Specifically, we analyzed the income statement forecast of the joint venture project to determine if this project will ultimately be profitable, and therefore, be able to satisfy its obligations to ADDvantage. In addition, in the event the joint venture can not satisfy its obligations to ADDvantage, ADDvantage has a guarantee agreement with the joint venture partners. As of September 30, 2016, we believe that the note receivable from the

joint venture is fully collectible. If the financial condition of the joint venture deteriorates, resulting in an inability to satisfy its obligation to ADDvantage, a provision for doubtful accounts for this note receivable to the joint venture may be required.

### *Goodwill*

Goodwill represents the excess of purchase price of acquisitions over the acquisition date fair value of the net assets of businesses acquired. Goodwill is not amortized and is tested at least annually for impairment. We perform our annual analysis during the fourth quarter of each fiscal year and in any other period in which indicators of impairment warrant additional analysis. Goodwill is evaluated for impairment by first comparing our estimate of the fair value of each reporting unit, or operating segment, with the reporting unit's carrying value, including goodwill. Our reporting units for purposes of the goodwill impairment calculation are the Cable TV operating segment and the Telco operating segment.

Management utilizes a discounted cash flow analysis to determine the estimated fair value of each reporting unit. Significant judgments and assumptions including the discount rate and anticipated revenue growth rate, gross margins and operating expenses are inherent in these fair value estimates, which are based on historical operating results. As a result, actual results may differ from the estimates utilized in our discounted cash flow analysis. The use of alternate judgments and/or assumptions could result in the recognition of different levels of impairment charges in the financial statements. If the carrying value of one of the reporting units exceeds its fair value, a computation of the implied fair value of goodwill would then be compared to its related carrying value. If the carrying value of the reporting unit's goodwill exceeds the implied fair value of goodwill, an impairment loss would be recognized in the amount of the excess. If an impairment charge is incurred, it would negatively impact our results of operations and financial position.

We performed our annual impairment test for both reporting units in the fourth quarter of 2016 and determined that the fair value of our reporting units exceeded their carrying values. Therefore, no impairment existed as of September 30, 2016.

We did not record a goodwill impairment for either of our two reporting units in the three year period ended September 30, 2016. Although we do not anticipate a future impairment charge, certain events could occur that might adversely affect the reported value of goodwill. Such events could include, but are not limited to, economic or competitive conditions, a significant change in technology, the economic condition of the customers and industries we serve, a significant decline in the real estate markets we operate in, and a material negative change in the relationships with one or more of our significant customers or equipment suppliers. If our judgments and assumptions change as a result of the occurrence of any of these events or other events that we do not currently anticipate, our expectations as to future results and our estimate of the implied value of each reporting unit also may change.

### *Intangibles*

Intangible assets that have finite useful lives are amortized on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives ranging from 3 years to 10 years.

#### *Impairment of Long-Lived Assets*

The Company reviews long-lived assets for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the asset's carrying amount may not be recoverable. The Company conducts its long-lived asset impairment analyses in accordance with Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") 360-10-15, "Impairment or Disposal of Long-Lived Assets." ASC 360-10-15 requires the Company to group assets and liabilities at the lowest level for which identifiable cash flows are largely independent of the cash flows of other assets and liabilities and evaluate the asset group against the sum of the undiscounted future cash flows. If the undiscounted cash flows do not indicate the carrying amount of the asset is recoverable, an impairment charge is measured as the amount by which the carrying amount of the asset group exceeds its fair value based on discounted cash flow analysis or appraisals.

In the third fiscal quarter of 2016, we concluded that there was a triggering event requiring assessment of impairment for certain of our intangible assets in connection with a new operating system implemented in our Telco segment. The new operating system in our Telco segment enhanced the functionality of the overall software system and decreased reliance upon a former employee maintaining the predecessor system. We did not record an impairment charge against the technology intangible asset as we determined that the carrying amount of the asset group did not exceed the sum

of the undiscounted cash flows for the asset group.

#### *Recently Issued Accounting Standards*

In May 2014, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (“FASB”) issued ASU No. 2014-09: “Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606)”. This guidance was issued to clarify the principles for recognizing revenue and develop a common revenue standard for U.S. GAAP and International Financial Reporting Standards (“IFRS”). In addition, in August 2015, the FASB issued ASU No. 2015-14: “Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606). This update was issued to defer the effective date of ASU No. 2014-09 by one year. Therefore, the effective date of ASU No. 2014-09 is for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2017. Management is evaluating the impact that ASU No. 2014-09 will have on the Company’s consolidated financial statements. Based on management’s initial assessment of ASU 2014-09, management does not expect that ASU No. 2014-09 will have a material impact on the Company’s consolidated financial statements.

In September 2015, the FASB issued ASU No. 2015-16: “Business Combinations (Topic 805)”. This guidance was issued to amend existing guidance related to measurement period adjustments associated with a business combination. The new standard requires the Company to recognize measurement period adjustments in the reporting period in which the adjustments are determined, including any cumulative charge to earnings in the current period. The amendment removes the requirement to adjust prior period financial statements for these measurement period adjustments. The guidance is effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2015 and early adoption is permitted. Management has adopted ASU No. 2015-16 and as of September 30, 2016 it has not had an impact on the Company’s consolidated financial statements.

In November 2015, the FASB issued ASU No. 2015-17: “Income Taxes (Topic 740) – Balance Sheet Classification of Deferred Taxes.” This guidance was issued to simplify the presentation of deferred income taxes. The amendments in this Update require that deferred tax liabilities and assets be classified as noncurrent in a classified statement of financial position. The effective date of ASU No. 2015-17 is for financial statements issued for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2016, and interim periods within those annual periods. Management decided to early adopt ASU No. 2015-17. Prior periods were retrospectively adjusted.

In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-02: “Leases (Topic 842)” which is intended to improve financial reporting about leasing transactions. The ASU will require organizations (“lessees”) that lease assets with lease terms of more than twelve months to recognize on the balance sheet the assets and liabilities for the rights and obligations created by those leases. Organizations that own the assets leased by lessees (“lessors”) will remain largely unchanged from current GAAP. In addition, the ASU will require disclosures to help investors and other financial statement users better understand the amount, timing and uncertainty of cash flows arising from leases. The guidance is effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2018 and early adoption is permitted. Management is evaluating the impact that ASU No. 2016-02 will have on the Company’s consolidated financial statements.

In March 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-09: “Compensation – Stock Compensation (Topic 718)” which is intended to improve employee share-based payment accounting. This ASU identifies areas for simplification involving several aspects of accounting for share-based payment transactions, including the income tax consequences, classification of awards as either equity or liabilities, an option to recognize gross stock compensation expense with actual forfeitures recognized as they occur, as well as certain classifications on the statement of cash flows. The guidance is effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2016 and interim periods within those annual periods. Early adoption is permitted. Management is evaluating the impact that ASU No. 2016-09 will have on the Company’s consolidated financial statements.

In August 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-15: “Statement of Cash Flows (Topic 230) – Classification of Certain Cash Receipts and Cash Payments.” This update addresses eight specific cash flow issues with the objective of reducing the existing diversity in practice. The amendments in this Update are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2017, and interim periods within those fiscal years. Early adoption is permitted. Management is evaluating the impact that ASU No. 2016-15 will have on the Company’s consolidated financial statements.

#### **Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements**

None.

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REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

To the Board of Directors and Stockholders of  
ADDvantage Technologies Group, Inc.

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of ADDvantage Technologies Group, Inc. and subsidiaries (the "Company") as of September 30, 2016 and 2015, and the related consolidated statements of operations, shareholders' equity and cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended September 30, 2016. Our audits of the consolidated financial statements also included the financial statement schedules of ADDvantage Technologies Group, Inc., listed in Item 15(a). These financial statements and financial statement schedules are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements and financial statement schedules based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. The Company is not required to have, nor were we engaged to perform, an audit of its internal control over financial reporting. Our audits included consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of ADDvantage Technologies Group, Inc. and subsidiaries as of September 30, 2016 and 2015, and the results of their operations and their cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended September 30, 2016, in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. Also, in our opinion, the related financial statement schedules, when considered in relation to the basic consolidated financial statements taken as a whole, presents fairly, in all material respects, the information set forth therein.

/s/ HOGANTAYLOR LLP

December 13, 2016  
Tulsa, Oklahoma

ADVANTAGE TECHNOLOGIES GROUP, INC.  
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

	September 30,	
	2016	2015
<b>Assets</b>		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 4,508,126	\$ 6,110,986
Accounts receivable, net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$250,000	4,278,855	4,286,377
Income tax receivable	480,837	-
Inventories, net of allowance for excess and obsolete inventory of \$2,570,868 and \$2,756,628, respectively	21,524,919	23,600,996
Prepaid expenses	323,289	153,454
<b>Total current assets</b>	<b>31,116,026</b>	<b>34,151,813</b>
Property and equipment, at cost:		
Land and buildings	7,218,678	7,218,678
Machinery and equipment	3,833,230	3,415,164
Leasehold improvements	151,957	151,957
<b>Total property and equipment, at cost</b>	<b>11,203,865</b>	<b>10,785,799</b>
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(4,993,102)	(4,584,796)
<b>Net property and equipment</b>	<b>6,210,763</b>	<b>6,201,003</b>
Investment in and loans to equity method investee	2,588,624	-
Intangibles, net of accumulated amortization	4,973,669	5,799,473
Goodwill	3,910,089	3,910,089
Deferred income taxes	1,333,000	1,490,000
Other assets	135,988	134,678
<b>Total assets</b>	<b>\$ 50,268,159</b>	<b>\$ 51,687,056</b>

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

ADVANTAGE TECHNOLOGIES GROUP, INC.  
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

	September 30,	
	2016	2015
<b>Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity</b>		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$ 1,857,953	\$ 1,784,482
Accrued expenses	1,324,652	1,358,681
Income tax payable	–	122,492
Notes payable – current portion	899,603	873,752
Other current liabilities	963,127	982,094
Total current liabilities	5,045,335	5,121,501
Notes payable, less current portion	3,466,358	4,366,130
Other liabilities	131,410	1,064,717
Total liabilities	8,643,103	10,552,348
Shareholders' equity:		
Common stock, \$.01 par value; 30,000,000 shares authorized; 10,634,893 and 10,564,221 shares issued, respectively; 10,134,235 and 10,063,563 shares outstanding, respectively	106,349	105,642
Paid in capital	(4,916,791)	(5,112,269)
Retained earnings	47,435,512	47,141,349
Total shareholders' equity before treasury stock	42,625,070	42,134,722
Less: Treasury stock, 500,658 shares, at cost	(1,000,014)	(1,000,014)
Total shareholders' equity	41,625,056	41,134,708
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$ 50,268,159	\$ 51,687,056

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

ADVANTAGE TECHNOLOGIES GROUP, INC.  
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

	Years ended September 30,		
	2016	2015	2014
Sales	\$ 38,663,264	\$ 43,733,620	\$ 35,888,692
Cost of sales	26,222,381	28,434,731	24,283,236
Gross profit	12,440,883	15,298,889	11,605,456
Operating, selling, general and administrative expenses	12,097,022	12,722,679	10,508,357
Income from operations	343,861	2,576,210	1,097,099
Other income (expense):			
Other income	459,636	-	-
Interest income	90,686	-	-
Loss from equity method investment	(184,996)	-	-
Interest expense	(236,024)	(305,310)	(217,910)
Total other income (expense), net	129,302	(305,310)	(217,910)
Income before income taxes	473,163	2,270,900	879,189
Provision for income taxes	179,000	773,000	220,000
Income from continuing operations	294,163	1,497,900	659,189
Discontinued operations:			
Loss from discontinued operations, net of tax	-	-	(36,211)
Loss on sale of discontinued operations, net of tax	-	-	(629,835)
Discontinued operations, net of tax	-	-	(666,046)
Net income (loss)	\$ 294,163	\$ 1,497,900	\$ (6,857)
Earnings (loss) per share:			
Basic			
Continuing operations	\$ 0.03	\$ 0.15	\$ 0.07
Discontinued operations	-	-	(0.07)
Net income (loss)	\$ 0.03	\$ 0.15	\$ (0.00)
Diluted			
Continuing operations	\$ 0.03	\$ 0.15	\$ 0.07
Discontinued operations	-	-	(0.07)
Net income (loss)	\$ 0.03	\$ 0.15	\$ (0.00)
Shares used in per share calculation:			
Basic	10,107,483	10,055,052	10,021,431
Diluted	10,111,545	10,055,052	10,049,440

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

ADVANTAGE TECHNOLOGIES GROUP, INC.  
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY  
Years ended September 30, 2016, 2015 and 2014

	Common Stock		Paid-in	Retained	Treasury	Total
	Shares	Amount	Capital	Earnings	Stock	
Balance, September 30, 2013	10,499,138	\$ 104,991	\$ (5,578,500)	\$ 45,650,306	\$ (1,000,014)	\$ 39,176,783
Net loss	–	–	–	(6,857)	–	(6,857)
Restricted stock issuance	42,726	428	135,572	–	–	136,000
Share based compensation expense	–	–	130,047	–	–	130,047
Balance, September 30, 2014	10,541,864	\$ 105,419	\$ (5,312,881)	\$ 45,643,449	\$ (1,000,014)	\$ 39,435,973
Net income	–	–	–	1,497,900	–	1,497,900
Restricted stock, net of forfeited	22,357	223	58,944	–	–	59,167
Share based compensation expense	–	–	141,668	–	–	141,668
Balance, September 30, 2015	10,564,221	\$ 105,642	\$ (5,112,269)	\$ 47,141,349	\$ (1,000,014)	\$ 41,134,708
Net income	–	–	–	294,163	–	294,163
Restricted stock issuance	70,672	707	121,794	–	–	122,501
Share based compensation expense	–	–	73,684	–	–	73,684
Balance, September 30, 2016	10,634,893	\$ 106,349	\$ (4,916,791)	\$ 47,435,512	\$ (1,000,014)	\$ 41,625,056

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

ADVANTAGE TECHNOLOGIES GROUP, INC.  
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

	Years ended September 30,		
	2016	2015	2014
<b>Operating Activities</b>			
Net income (loss)	\$ 294,163	\$ 1,497,900	\$ (6,857)
Net loss from discontinued operations	-	-	(666,046)
Net income from continuing operations	294,163	1,497,900	659,189
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:			
Depreciation	421,950	408,703	360,279
Amortization	825,804	825,805	481,722
Allowance for doubtful accounts	-	50,000	-
Provision for excess and obsolete inventories	951,282	600,000	601,351
(Gain) loss on disposal of property and equipment	(2,000)	30,652	-
Deferred income tax provision (benefit)	157,000	(341,000)	(276,000)
Share based compensation expense	192,213	239,613	212,436
Loss from equity method investment	184,996	-	-
Cash provided (used) by changes in operating assets and liabilities:			
Accounts receivable	115,479	2,057,203	(2,351,459)
Income tax receivable\payable	(603,329)	342,596	38,686
Inventories	1,140,895	(1,420,473)	(2,188,205)
Prepaid expenses	(165,863)	(17,359)	(14,753)
Other assets	(1,310)	(3,250)	-
Accounts payable	15,514	(1,096,279)	(78,670)
Accrued expenses	13,697	(330,544)	838,479
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities – continuing operations	3,540,491	2,843,567	(1,716,945)
Net cash provided by operating activities – discontinued operations	-	-	280,462
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	3,540,491	2,843,567	(1,436,483)
<b>Investing Activities</b>			
Acquisition of net operating assets, net of cash acquired	(178,000)	-	(9,630,647)
Guaranteed payments for acquisition of business	(1,000,000)	(1,000,000)	-
Investments in and loans to equity method investee	(3,040,839)	-	-
Distributions from equity method investee	267,219	-	-
Purchases of property and equipment	(317,810)	(172,649)	(43,977)
Net cash used in investing activities – continuing operations	(4,269,430)	(1,172,649)	(9,674,624)
Net cash provided by investing activities – discontinued operations	-	-	3,413,001
Net cash used in investing activities	(4,269,430)	(1,172,649)	(6,261,623)
<b>Financing Activities</b>			
Proceeds on notes payable	-	-	5,000,000
Payments on notes payable	(873,921)	(846,029)	(492,522)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	(873,921)	(846,029)	4,507,478
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(1,602,860)	824,889	(3,190,628)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	6,110,986	5,286,097	8,476,725
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$ 4,508,126	\$ 6,110,986	\$ 5,286,097
<b>Supplemental cash flow information:</b>			
Cash paid for interest	\$ 195,086	\$ 245,051	\$ 126,659
Cash paid for income taxes	\$ 597,200	\$ 944,000	\$ 62,000
<b>Supplemental noncash investing activities:</b>			
Deferred guaranteed payments for acquisition of business	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (2,744,338)

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

ADVANTAGE TECHNOLOGIES GROUP, INC.  
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

**Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies**

*Organization and basis of presentation*

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of ADDvantage Technologies Group, Inc. and its subsidiaries, all of which are wholly owned (collectively, the “Company”) as well as an equity-method investment. Intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation. The Company’s reportable segments are Cable Television (“Cable TV”) and Telecommunications (“Telco”).

*Cash and cash equivalents*

Cash and cash equivalents includes demand and time deposits, money market funds and other marketable securities with maturities of three months or less when acquired.

*Accounts receivable*

Trade receivables are carried at original invoice amount less an estimate made for doubtful accounts. Management determines the allowance for doubtful accounts by regularly evaluating individual customer receivables and considering a customer’s financial condition, credit history and current economic conditions. Trade receivables are written off against the allowance when deemed uncollectible. Recoveries of trade receivables previously written off are recorded when received. The Company generally does not charge interest on past due accounts.

*Inventories*

Inventories consist of new and used electronic components for the Cable TV segment and new and used telecommunications networking equipment for the Telco segment. Inventory is stated at the lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost is determined using the weighted-average method. Net realizable value is the estimated selling prices in the ordinary course of business, less reasonably predictable costs of completion, disposal, and transportation. For the Cable TV and Telco segment, the Company records an inventory reserve provision to reflect inventory at its estimated net realizable value based on a review of inventory quantities on hand, historical sales volumes and technology changes. These reserves are to provide for items that are potentially slow-moving, excess or obsolete.

*Property and equipment*

Property and equipment consists of software, office equipment, warehouse and service equipment, and buildings with estimated useful lives generally of 3 years, 5 years, 10 years and 40 years, respectively. Depreciation is provided using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the related assets. Leasehold improvements are amortized over the shorter of the useful lives or the remainder of the lease agreement. Gains or losses from the ordinary sale or retirement of property and equipment are recorded in other income (expense). Repairs and maintenance costs are generally expensed as incurred, whereas major improvements are capitalized. Depreciation expense was \$0.4 million for each of the years ended September 30, 2016, 2015 and 2014.

*Goodwill*

Goodwill represents the excess of the purchase price of acquisitions over the acquisition date fair value of the net identifiable tangible and intangible assets acquired. In accordance with current accounting guidance, goodwill is not amortized and is tested at least annually for impairment at the reporting unit level. The Company performs this annual analysis in the fourth quarter of each fiscal year and in any other period in which indicators of impairment warrant additional analysis.

The goodwill analysis is a two-step process. Goodwill is first evaluated for impairment by comparing management’s estimate of the fair value for each of the reporting units with the reporting unit’s carrying value, including goodwill. If the carrying value of the reporting unit exceeds its fair value, a computation of the implied fair value of goodwill would then be compared to its related carrying value. If the carrying value of the reporting unit’s goodwill exceeds the implied fair value of goodwill, an impairment loss would be recognized in the amount of the excess. Management

utilizes a discounted cash flow analysis, referred to as an income approach, to determine the estimated fair value of its reporting units. Judgments and assumptions are inherent in the estimate of future cash flows used to determine the estimate of the reporting unit's fair value. The use of alternate judgments and/or assumptions could result in the recognition of different levels of impairment charges in the consolidated financial statements. At September 30, 2016 and 2015, the estimated fair value of our reporting unit exceeded its carrying value, so goodwill was not impaired.

#### *Intangible assets*

Intangible assets that have finite useful lives are amortized on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives ranging from 3 years to 10 years.

#### *Impairment of long-lived assets*

The Company reviews long-lived assets for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the asset's carrying amount may not be recoverable. The Company conducts its long-lived asset impairment analyses in accordance with Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") 360-10-15, "Impairment or Disposal of Long-Lived Assets." ASC 360-10-15 requires the Company to group assets and liabilities at the lowest level for which identifiable cash flows are largely independent of the cash flows of other assets and liabilities and evaluate the asset group against the sum of the undiscounted future cash flows. If the undiscounted cash flows do not indicate the carrying amount of the asset is recoverable, an impairment charge is measured as the amount by which the carrying amount of the asset group exceeds its fair value based on discounted cash flow analysis or appraisals.

#### *Income taxes*

The Company provides for income taxes in accordance with the liability method of accounting. Under this method, deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized for the future tax consequences attributable to differences between the financial statement carrying amounts of existing assets and liabilities and their respective tax basis and tax carryforward amounts. Management provides a valuation allowance against deferred tax assets for amounts which are not considered "more likely than not" to be realized.

#### *Revenue recognition*

The Company recognizes revenue for product sales when title transfers, the risks and rewards of ownership have been transferred to the customer, the fee is fixed and determinable and the collection of the related receivable is probable, which is generally at the time of shipment. The stated shipping terms are generally FOB shipping point per the Company's sales agreements with its customers. Accruals are established for expected returns based on historical activity. Revenue for repair services is recognized when the repair is completed and the product is shipped back to the customer. Revenue for recycle services is recognized when title transfers, the risks and rewards of ownership have been transferred to the customer, the fee is fixed and determinable and the collection of the related receivable is probable, which is generally upon acceptance of the shipment at the recycler's location.

#### *Freight*

Amounts billed to customers for shipping and handling represent revenues earned and are included in sales income in the accompanying consolidated statements of operations. Actual costs for shipping and handling of these sales are included in cost of sales.

#### *Advertising costs*

Advertising costs are expensed as incurred. Advertising expense was \$0.2 million, \$0.1 million and \$0.1 million for the years ended September 30, 2016, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

#### *Management estimates*

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with United States generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Any significant, unanticipated changes in product demand, technological developments or continued economic trends affecting the cable or telecommunications industries could have a significant impact on the value of the Company's inventory and operating results.

#### *Concentrations of credit risk*

The Company holds cash with one major financial institution, which at times exceeds FDIC insured limits. Historically, the Company has not experienced any losses due to such concentration of credit risk.

Other financial instruments that potentially subject the Company to concentration of credit risk consist principally of trade receivables. Concentrations of credit risk with respect to trade receivables are limited because a large number of geographically diverse customers make up the Company's customer base, thus spreading the trade credit risk. The Company controls credit risk through credit approvals, credit limits and monitoring procedures. The Company performs in-depth credit evaluations for all new customers but does not require collateral to support customer receivables. The Company had no customer in 2016, 2015 or 2014 that contributed in excess of 10% of the total net sales. The Company's sales to foreign (non-U.S. based) customers were approximately \$3.0 million, \$3.7 million and \$3.6 million for the years ended September 30, 2016, 2015 and 2014, respectively. In 2016, the Cable TV segment purchased approximately 31% of its inventory from Arris Solutions, Inc. and approximately 19% of its inventory either directly from Cisco or indirectly through their primary stocking distributor. The concentration of suppliers of the Company's inventory subjects the Company to risk. The Telco segment did not purchase over 10% of its total inventory purchases from any one supplier.

#### *Employee stock-based awards*

Share-based payments to employees, including grants of employee stock options, are recognized in the consolidated financial statements based on their grant date fair value over the requisite service period. The Company determines the fair value of the options issued, using the Black-Scholes valuation model, and amortizes the calculated value over the vesting term of the stock options. Compensation expense for stock-based awards is included in the operating, selling, general and administrative expense section of the consolidated statements of operations.

#### *Earnings per share*

Basic earnings per share is computed by dividing the earnings available to common shareholders by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding for the year. Dilutive earnings per share include any dilutive effect of stock options and restricted stock.

#### *Fair value of financial instruments*

The carrying amounts of cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, accounts payable, accrued expenses and other current liabilities approximate fair value due to their short maturities.

Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") ASC 820, *Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures*, defines fair value, establishes a consistent framework for measuring fair value and establishes a fair value hierarchy based on the observability of inputs used to measure fair value. The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are as follows:

- Level 1 – Quoted prices for identical assets in active markets or liabilities that we have the ability to access. Active markets are those in which transactions for the asset or liability occur in sufficient frequency and volume to provide pricing information on an ongoing basis.
- Level 2 – Inputs are other than quoted prices in active markets included in Level 1 that are either directly or indirectly observable. These inputs are either directly observable in the marketplace or indirectly observable through corroboration with market data for substantially the full contractual term of the asset or liability being measured.
- Level 3 – Inputs that are not observable for which there is little, if any, market activity for the asset or liability being measured. These inputs reflect management's best estimate of the assumptions market participants would use in determining fair value.

In May 2014, the FASB issued ASU No. 2014-09: “Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606)”. This guidance was issued to clarify the principles for recognizing revenue and develop a common revenue standard for U.S. GAAP and International Financial Reporting Standards (“IFRS”). In addition, in August 2015, the FASB issued ASU No. 2015-14: “Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606). This update was issued to defer the effective date of ASU No. 2014-09 by one year. Therefore, the effective date of ASU No. 2014-09 is for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2017. Management is evaluating the impact that ASU No. 2014-09 will have on the Company’s consolidated financial statements. Based on management’s initial assessment of ASU 2014-09, management does not expect that ASU No. 2014-09 will have a material impact on the Company’s consolidated financial statements.

In September 2015, the FASB issued ASU No. 2015-16: “Business Combinations (Topic 805)”. This guidance was issued to amend existing guidance related to measurement period adjustments associated with a business combination. The new standard requires the Company to recognize measurement period adjustments in the reporting period in which the adjustments are determined, including any cumulative charge to earnings in the current period. The amendment removes the requirement to adjust prior period financial statements for these measurement period adjustments. The guidance is effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2015 and early adoption is permitted. Management has adopted ASU No. 2015-16 and as of September 30, 2016 it has not had an impact on the Company’s consolidated financial statements.

In November 2015, the FASB issued ASU No. 2015-17: “Income Taxes (Topic 740) – Balance Sheet Classification of Deferred Taxes.” This guidance was issued to simplify the presentation of deferred income taxes. The amendments in this Update require that deferred tax liabilities and assets be classified as noncurrent in a classified statement of financial position. The effective date of ASU No. 2015-17 is for financial statements issued for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2016, and interim periods within those annual periods with earlier application permitted. Management has decided to early adopt ASU No. 2015-17. Prior periods were retrospectively adjusted (see Note 6).

In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-02: “Leases (Topic 842)” which is intended to improve financial reporting about leasing transactions. The ASU will require organizations (“lessees”) that lease assets with lease terms of more than twelve months to recognize on the balance sheet the assets and liabilities for the rights and obligations created by those leases. Organizations that own the assets leased by lessees (“lessors”) will remain largely unchanged from current GAAP. In addition, the ASU will require disclosures to help investors and other financial statement users better understand the amount, timing and uncertainty of cash flows arising from leases. The guidance is effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2018 and early adoption is permitted. Management is evaluating the impact that ASU No. 2016-02 will have on the Company’s consolidated financial statements.

In March 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-09: “Compensation – Stock Compensation (Topic 718)” which is intended to improve employee share-based payment accounting. This ASU identifies areas for simplification involving several aspects of accounting for share-based payment transactions, including the income tax consequences, classification of awards as either equity or liabilities, an option to recognize gross stock compensation expense with actual forfeitures recognized as they occur, as well as certain classifications on the statement of cash flows. The guidance is effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2016 and interim periods within those annual periods. Early adoption is permitted. Management is evaluating the impact that ASU No. 2016-09 will have on the Company’s consolidated financial statements.

In August 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-15: “Statement of Cash Flows (Topic 230) – Classification of Certain Cash Receipts and Cash Payments.” This update addresses eight specific cash flow issues with the objective of reducing the existing diversity in practice. The amendments in this Update are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2017, and interim periods within those fiscal years. Early adoption is permitted. Management is evaluating the impact that ASU No. 2016-15 will have on the Company’s consolidated financial statements.

#### *Reclassification*

Certain prior period amounts have been reclassified to conform to the current year presentation. These reclassifications had no effect on previously reported results of operations or retained earnings.

## Note 2 – Acquisition

On December 31, 2015, the Company acquired the net operating assets of Advantage Solutions, LLC in Kingsport, Tennessee. This new location for the Cable TV segment will provide cable television equipment repair services in the region as well as expand the Company's Cable TV equipment sales opportunities.

The purchase price was allocated to the major categories of assets and liabilities based on their estimated fair values at the acquisition date. The following table summarizes the purchase price allocation:

### Assets acquired:

Accounts receivable	\$ 107,957
Refurbished inventory	16,100
Fixed assets - equipment	111,900

### Liabilities assumed:

Current liabilities	(57,957)
Net assets acquired	<u>\$ 178,000</u>

Subsequent to September 30, 2016, the Company acquired substantially all the assets of Triton Miami, Inc. ("Triton Miami"), a provider of new and refurbished enterprise networking products, including desktop phones, enterprise switches and wireless routers. This acquisition is part of our overall growth strategy in that it further diversifies our Company into the broader telecommunications industry. The Company formed a new subsidiary called ADDvantage Triton, LLC ("Triton"). Under the terms of the asset purchase agreement, the Company purchased Triton Miami's assets for \$6.6 million in cash and \$2.0 million of deferred payments over the next three years. In addition, the Company will also make payments to the Triton Miami owners, if they have not resigned from Triton, over the next three years equal to 60% of Triton's annual EBITDA in excess of \$1.2 million per year. The Company will recognize the payments ratably over the three year period as compensation expense. The purchase price will be allocated to the major categories of assets and liabilities based on their estimated fair values at the acquisition date. Any remaining amount will be recorded as goodwill. The acquisition occurred on October 14, 2016, and the Company is still determining the initial purchase price allocation.

## Note 3 – Inventories

Inventories at September 30, 2016 and 2015 are as follows:

	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
New:		
Cable TV	\$ 15,087,495	\$ 16,255,487
Refurbished:		
Cable TV	3,383,079	3,676,132
Allowance for excess and obsolete inventory	(2,219,586)	(2,756,628)
Telco	5,625,213	6,426,005
Allowance for excess and obsolete inventory	(351,282)	-
	<u>\$ 21,524,919</u>	<u>\$ 23,600,996</u>

New inventory includes products purchased from the manufacturers plus "surplus-new", which are unused products purchased from other distributors or multiple system operators. Refurbished inventory includes factory refurbished, Company refurbished and used products. Generally, the Company does not refurbish its used inventory until there is a sale of that product or to keep a certain quantity on hand.

The Company regularly reviews the Cable TV and Telco segment inventory quantities on hand, and an adjustment to cost is recognized when the loss of usefulness of an item or other factors, such as obsolete and excess inventories, indicate that cost will not be recovered when an item is sold. The Company recorded charges in the Cable TV segment to allow for obsolete inventory, which increased the cost of sales during the fiscal years ended September 30, 2016, 2015 and 2014, by approximately \$0.6 million, respectively.

For the Telco segment, any obsolete and excess telecommunications inventory is generally processed through its recycling program when it is identified. However, in fiscal year ended September 30, 2016, the Telco segment identified certain inventory that more than likely will not be sold or that the cost will not be recovered when it is sold, and had not yet been processed through its recycling program. Therefore, the Company recorded a \$0.4 million reserve, which increased cost of sales for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2016, to allow for obsolete and excess inventory. We also reviewed the cost of inventories against estimated market value and recorded a lower of cost or market charge for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2016 of \$0.2 million for inventories that have a cost in excess of estimated market value. For fiscal years ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, there was not a reserve recorded for obsolete and excess inventory.

#### Note 4 – Investment In and Loans to Equity Method Investee

On March 10, 2016, the Company announced that it entered into a joint venture, YKTG Solutions, LLC (“YKTG Solutions”), which will support decommission work on cell tower sites across 13 states in the northeast on behalf of a major U.S. wireless provider. YKTG Solutions is owned 51% by YKTG, LLC and 49% by the Company, and YKTG Solutions is certified as a minority-based enterprise. The joint venture is governed by an operating agreement for the purpose of completing the decommission project, but the operating agreement can be expanded to include other projects upon agreement by both owners. The Company accounts for its investment in YKTG Solutions using the equity-method of accounting.

For its role in the decommission project, the Company earns a management fee from YKTG Solutions based on billings. The Company is financing the decommission project pursuant to the terms of a loan agreement between the Company and YKTG Solutions by providing a revolving line of credit. The line of credit is for \$4.0 million and is secured by all of the assets of YKTG Solutions, YKTG, LLC and the personal guarantees by the owners of YKTG, LLC. The line of credit accrues interest at a fixed interest rate of 12% and is paid monthly. At September 30, 2016, the amount outstanding under this line of credit was \$3.0 million. The management fee encompasses any interest earned on outstanding advances under the line of credit.

During the year ended September 30, 2016, the Company recognized management fees of \$0.5 million as other income and \$0.1 million as interest income in the Consolidated Statements of Operations related to the Company’s participation in projects and the financing provided.

The Company’s carrying value in YKTG Solutions is reflected in investment in and loans to equity method investee in the Consolidated Balance Sheets. During the year ended September 30, 2016, the Company advanced YKTG Solutions \$2.8 million, net of equity distributions of \$0.3 million, and recorded a net loss from the equity method of investment of \$0.2 million, which resulted in the \$2.6 million carrying value at September 30, 2016. At September 30, 2016, the Company’s total estimate of maximum exposure to loss as a result of its relationship with YKTG Solutions was approximately \$4.0 million, which represents the Company’s equity investment and available and outstanding line of credit with this entity. To help mitigate the risks associated with funding of the decommission project, the Company has obtained credit insurance for qualifying YKTG Solutions accounts receivable outstanding arising from the decommission project. In addition, in July 2016, YKTG Solutions entered into a \$2.0 million surety payment bond whereby the Company and YKTG, LLC will be guarantors under the surety payment bond.

#### Note 5 – Intangible Assets

Intangible assets with finite useful lives and their associated accumulated amortization amounts at September 30, 2016 are as follows:

	Gross	Accumulated Amortization	Net
Intangible assets:			
Customer relationships – 10 years	\$ 4,257,000	\$ (1,099,721)	\$ 3,157,279
Technology – 7 years	1,303,000	(480,866)	822,134
Trade name – 10 years	1,293,000	(334,023)	958,977
Non-compete agreements – 3 years	254,000	(218,721)	35,279
Total intangible assets	\$ 7,107,000	\$ (2,133,331)	\$ 4,973,669

In the third fiscal quarter of 2016, we concluded that there was a triggering event requiring assessment of impairment for certain of our intangible assets in connection with a new operating system implemented in our Telco segment. The new operating system in our Telco segment enhanced the functionality of the overall software system and decreased reliance upon a former employee maintaining the predecessor system. We did not record an impairment charge against the technology intangible asset as we determined that the carrying amount of the asset group did not exceed the sum of the undiscounted cash flows for the asset group.

The intangible assets with their associated accumulated amortization amounts at September 30, 2015 are as follows:

	<u>Gross</u>	<u>Accumulated Amortization</u>	<u>Net</u>
Intangible assets:			
Customer relationships – 10 years	\$ 4,257,000	\$ (674,023)	\$ 3,582,977
Technology – 7 years	1,303,000	(294,725)	1,008,275
Trade name – 10 years	1,293,000	(204,724)	1,088,276
Non-compete agreements – 3 years	254,000	(134,055)	119,945
Total intangible assets	<u>\$ 7,107,000</u>	<u>\$ (1,307,527)</u>	<u>\$ 5,799,473</u>

Amortization expense was \$0.8 million, \$0.8 million and \$0.5 million for the years ended September 30, 2016, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

The estimated aggregate amortization expense for each of the next five fiscal years is as follows:

2017	\$ 776,421
2018	741,143
2019	741,143
2020	741,143
2021	632,561
Thereafter	<u>1,341,258</u>
Total	<u>\$ 4,973,669</u>

#### Note 6 – Income Taxes

The provision (benefit) for income taxes for the years ended September 30, 2016, 2015 and 2014 consists of:

	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>
Continuing operations:			
Current	\$ 22,000	\$ 1,114,000	\$ 496,000
Deferred	157,000	(341,000)	(276,000)
	<u>179,000</u>	<u>773,000</u>	<u>220,000</u>
Discontinued operations – current	–	–	(385,000)
Total provision (benefit) for income taxes	<u>\$ 179,000</u>	<u>\$ 773,000</u>	<u>\$ (165,000)</u>

The following table summarizes the differences between the U.S. federal statutory rate and the Company's effective tax rate for continuing operations financial statement purposes for the years ended September 30, 2016, 2015 and 2014:

	2016	2015	2014
Statutory tax rate	34.0%	34.0%	34.0%
State income taxes, net of U.S. federal tax benefit	(4.4)%	2.1%	5.7%
Net operating loss	–	(4.0%)	(10.2%)
Return to accrual adjustment	1.5%	(3.0%)	1.0%
Additional state tax deduction for federal taxes	–	–	(5.6%)
Charges without tax benefit	6.8%	1.6%	3.9%
Tax credits and other exclusions	(0.1%)	3.3%	(3.8%)
<b>Company's effective tax rate</b>	<b>37.8%</b>	<b>34.0%</b>	<b>25.0%</b>

The charges without tax benefit rate for fiscal year 2016 includes, among other things, the impact of officer life insurance and nondeductible meals and entertainment. The tax credits and other exclusions rate for fiscal year 2016 includes, among other things, the impact of deferred taxes resulting from intangible and goodwill basis differences.

The tax effects of temporary differences related to deferred taxes at September 30, 2016 and 2015 consist of the following:

	2016	2015
Deferred tax assets:		
Net operating loss carryforwards	\$ 281,000	\$ 236,000
Accounts receivable	97,000	96,000
Inventory	1,269,000	1,319,000
Intangibles	351,000	215,000
Accrued expenses	169,000	266,000
Stock options	226,000	212,000
Other	76,000	28,000
	<u>2,469,000</u>	<u>2,372,000</u>
Deferred tax liabilities:		
Financial basis in excess of tax basis of certain assets	926,000	832,000
Investment in equity method investee	143,000	–
Other	67,000	50,000
	<u>1,136,000</u>	<u>932,000</u>
<b>Net deferred tax asset</b>	<b>\$ 1,333,000</b>	<b>\$ 1,490,000</b>

The Company early adopted ASU 2015-17: "Income Taxes (Topic 740) – Balance Sheet Classification of Deferred Taxes" (see Note 1). Therefore, the above net deferred tax asset is presented in the Company's consolidated balance sheets at September 30, 2016 and 2015 as a noncurrent deferred tax asset. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2015, the \$286,000 noncurrent deferred tax liability was combined with the \$1,776,000 current deferred tax asset which resulted in a noncurrent deferred tax asset of \$1,490,000.

Utilization of the Company's net operating loss carryforward, totaling approximately \$0.7 million at September 30, 2016, to reduce future taxable income is limited to an annual deductible amount of approximately \$0.3 million. The net operating loss carryforward expires in varying amounts in 2020 and 2036.

The Company records net deferred tax assets to the extent the Company believes these assets will more likely than not be realized. In making such determination, the Company considers all available positive and negative evidence, including scheduled reversals of deferred tax liabilities, projected future taxable income, tax planning strategies and recent financial performance. The Company has concluded, based on its historical earnings and projected future earnings, that it will be able to realize the full effect of the deferred tax assets and no valuation allowance is needed.

Based upon a review of its income tax positions, the Company believes that its positions would be sustained upon an examination by the Internal Revenue Service and does not anticipate any adjustments that would result in a material change to its financial position. Therefore, no reserves for uncertain income tax positions have been recorded. Generally, the Company is no longer subject to examinations by the U.S. federal, state or local tax authorities for tax years before 2013.

#### Note 7 – Accrued Expenses

Accrued expenses at September 30, 2016 and 2015 are as follows:

	2016	2015
Employee costs	\$ 1,123,940	\$ 856,078
Nave Communications earn-out	–	290,455
Taxes other than income tax	120,455	116,442
Interest	13,836	16,085
Other, net	66,421	79,621
	<u>\$ 1,324,652</u>	<u>\$ 1,358,681</u>

#### Note 8 – Line of Credit and Notes Payable

##### Notes Payable

The Company has an Amended and Restated Revolving Credit and Term Loan Agreement (“Credit and Term Loan Agreement”). At September 30, 2016, the Company has two term loans outstanding under the Credit and Term Loan Agreement. One outstanding term loan has an outstanding balance of \$1.0 million at September 30, 2016 and is due on November 30, 2021, with monthly principal payments of \$15,334 plus accrued interest. The interest rate is the prevailing 30-day LIBOR rate plus 1.4% (1.92% at September 30, 2016) and is reset monthly. This term loan is collateralized by inventory, accounts receivable, equipment and fixtures and general intangibles.

The second outstanding term loan was entered into as a result of the acquisition of Nave Communications for \$5.0 million. This term loan has an outstanding balance of \$3.4 million at September 30, 2016 and is due March 4, 2019, with monthly principal and interest payments of \$68,505, with the balance due at maturity. It is a five year term loan with a seven year amortization payment schedule with a fixed interest rate of 4.07%. This term loan is collateralized by inventory, accounts receivable, equipment and fixtures and general intangibles.

Subsequent to September 30, 2016, ADDvantage entered into a third term loan for \$4.0 million under the Credit and Term Loan Agreement as a result of the acquisition of Triton Miami on October 14, 2016 (see Note 2). The \$4.0 million term loan is due on October 14, 2019, with monthly principal and interest payments of \$118,809. The interest rate on the term loan is a fixed interest rate of 4.40%. This term loan is collateralized by inventory, accounts receivable, equipment and fixtures and general intangibles.

##### Capital Lease Obligations

The Company has two capital lease obligations related to machinery and equipment totaling \$20 thousand at September 30, 2016 with monthly principal and interest payments of \$2,069. The capital lease obligations are due on June 20, 2017 and September 20, 2017.

The aggregate minimum maturities of notes payable for each of the next five years are as follows:

2017	\$ 899,603
2018	908,859
2019	2,143,601
2020	184,008
2021	184,008
Thereafter	45,882
Total	<u>\$ 4,365,961</u>

#### *Line of Credit*

The Company has a \$7.0 million Revolving Line of Credit (“Line of Credit”) under the Credit and Term Loan Agreement with its primary financial lender. At September 30, 2016, the Company had no amount outstanding under the Line of Credit. The Line of Credit requires quarterly interest payments based on the prevailing 30-day LIBOR rate plus 2.75% (3.28% at September 30, 2016), and the interest rate is reset monthly. Any future borrowings under the Line of Credit are due on March 31, 2017. Future borrowings under the Line of Credit are limited to the lesser of \$7.0 million or the net balance of 80% of qualified accounts receivable plus 50% of qualified inventory less any outstanding term loans. Under these limitations, the Company’s total Line of Credit borrowing base was \$7.0 million at September 30, 2016. Among other financial covenants, the Line of Credit agreement provides that the Company must maintain a fixed charge ratio of coverage (EBITDA to total fixed charges) of not less than 1.25 to 1.0, determined quarterly. The Line of Credit is collateralized by inventory, accounts receivable, equipment and fixtures and general intangibles.

#### *Fair Value of Debt*

The carrying value of the Company’s variable-rate term loan approximates its fair value since the interest rate fluctuates periodically based on a floating interest rate.

The Company has determined the fair value of its fixed-rate term loan utilizing the Level 2 hierarchy as the fair value can be estimated from broker quotes corroborated by other market data. These broker quotes are based on observable market interest rates at which loans with similar terms and maturities could currently be executed. The Company then estimated the fair value of the fixed-rate term loan using cash flows discounted at the current market interest rate obtained. The fair value of the Company’s second term loan was approximately \$3.4 million as of September 30, 2016.

### **Note 9 – Stock-Based Compensation and Preferred Stock**

#### *Plan Information*

The 2015 Incentive Stock Plan (the “Plan”) provides for awards of stock options and restricted stock to officers, directors, key employees and consultants. Under the Plan, option prices will be set by the Compensation Committee and may not be less than the fair market value of the stock on the grant date.

At September 30, 2016, 1,100,415 shares of common stock were reserved for stock award grants under the Plan. Of these reserved shares, 434,211 shares were available for future grants.

#### *Stock Options*

All share-based payments to employees, including grants of employee stock options, are recognized in the consolidated financial statements based on their grant date fair value over the requisite service period. Compensation expense for stock-based awards is included in the operating, selling, general and administrative expense section of the consolidated statements of operations.

Stock options are valued at the date of the award, which does not precede the approval date, and compensation cost is recognized on a straight-line basis over the vesting period. Stock options granted to employees generally become

exercisable over a three, four or five-year period from the date of grant and generally expire ten years after the date of grant. Stock options granted to the Board of Directors generally become exercisable on the date of grant and generally expire ten years after the date of grant.

A summary of the status of the Company's stock options at September 30, 2016 and changes during the year then ended is presented below:

	Options	Weighted Average Exercise Price	Aggregate Intrinsic Value
Outstanding at September 30, 2015	535,000	\$ 2.88	
Granted	50,000	\$ 1.75	
Exercised	-	\$ -	\$ 0
Expired	(10,000)	\$ 5.78	
Forfeited	(5,000)	\$ 3.00	
Outstanding at September 30, 2016	570,000	\$ 2.73	\$ 0
Exercisable at September 30, 2016	403,334	\$ 2.81	\$ 0

There were no options exercised for the years ended September 30, 2016, 2015 and 2014.

Information about the Company's outstanding and exercisable stock options at September 30, 2016 is as follows:

Exercise Price	Stock Options Outstanding	Exercisable Stock Options Outstanding	Remaining Contractual Life
\$1.750	50,000	0	9.6 years
\$3.210	200,000	133,334	7.5 years
\$2.450	250,000	200,000	5.5 years
\$3.001	60,000	60,000	1.9 years
\$3.450	10,000	10,000	0.4 years
	570,000	403,334	

The Company granted nonqualified stock options of 50,000 shares for the year ended September 30, 2016. No nonqualified stock options were granted in 2015. The Company granted nonqualified stock options totaling 200,000 shares for fiscal year ended September 30, 2014. The Company estimated the fair value of the options granted using the Black-Scholes option valuation model and the assumptions shown in the table below. The Company estimated the expected term of options granted based on the historical grants and exercises of the Company's options. The Company estimated the volatility of its common stock at the date of the grant based on both the historical volatility as well as the implied volatility on its common stock. The Company based the risk-free rate that was used in the Black-Scholes option valuation model on the implied yield in effect at the time of the option grant on U.S. Treasury zero-coupon issues with equivalent expected terms. The Company has never paid cash dividends on its common stock and does not anticipate paying any cash dividends in the foreseeable future. Consequently, the Company used an expected dividend yield of zero in the Black-Scholes option valuation model. The Company amortizes the resulting fair value of the options ratably over the vesting period of the awards. The Company used historical data to estimate the pre-vesting options forfeitures and records share-based expense only for those awards that are expected to vest.

The estimated fair value at date of grant for stock options utilizing the Black-Scholes option valuation model and the assumptions that were used in the Black-Scholes option valuation model for the fiscal years 2016 and 2014 stock option grants are as follows:

	2016	2014
Estimated fair value of options at grant date	\$ 34,350	\$ 244,400
Black-Scholes model assumptions:		
Average expected life (years)	6	6
Average expected volatile factor	38%	34%
Average risk-free interest rate	1.75%	2.79%
Average expected dividends yield	-	-

Compensation expense related to stock options recorded for the years ended September 30, 2016, 2015 and 2014 is as follows:

	2016	2015	2014
Fiscal year 2012 grant	\$ 17,417	\$ 33,044	\$ 55,369
Fiscal year 2014 grant	47,522	108,624	74,678
Fiscal year 2016 grant	8,745	-	-
<b>Total compensation expense</b>	<b>\$ 73,684</b>	<b>\$ 141,668</b>	<b>\$ 130,047</b>

The Company records compensation expense over the vesting term of the related options. At September 30, 2016, compensation costs related to these unvested stock options not yet recognized in the statements of operations was \$44,536.

#### *Restricted stock*

The Company granted restricted stock in March 2016, 2015 and 2014 to its Board of Directors and a Company officer totaling 62,874, 31,915 shares and 19,050 shares, respectively. The restricted stock grants were valued at market value on the date of grant. The restricted shares are delivered to the directors and employees at the end of the 12 month holding period. For the shares granted in March 2015 and March 2014, a director resigned from the Board of Directors prior to the expiration of the respective holding period, so their individual share grant of 6,383 shares and 3,175 shares for 2015 and 2014, respectively, was forfeited. The fair value of the shares upon issuance totaled \$105,000, \$60,000 and \$60,000 for the 2016, 2015 and 2014 fiscal year grants, respectively. The grants are amortized over the 12 month holding period as compensation expense. The Company granted restricted stock in December 2015 and October 2015 to two new Directors totaling 3,333 and 4,465 shares, respectively which were valued at market value on the date of the grants. The holding restriction on these shares expired the first week of March 2016. The fair value of the shares issued December 2015 and October 2015 totaled \$7,500 and \$10,000, respectively and was amortized over the holding period as compensation expense.

The Company granted restricted stock in April of 2014 to certain employees totaling 23,676 shares, which were valued at market value on the date of grant. The shares have a holding restriction, which will expire in equal annual installments of 7,892 shares over three years starting in April 2015. The fair value of these shares upon issuance totaled \$76,000 and is being amortized over the respective one, two and three year holding periods as compensation expense.

Compensation expense related to restricted stock recorded for the years ended September 30, 2016, 2015 and 2014 is as follows:

	2016	2015	2014
Fiscal year 2013 grant	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 29,167
Fiscal year 2014 grant	14,779	58,778	53,222
Fiscal year 2015 grant	25,000	39,167	-
Fiscal year 2016 grant	78,750	-	-
	<b>\$ 118,529</b>	<b>\$ 97,945</b>	<b>\$ 82,389</b>

**Note 10 – Retirement Plan**

The Company sponsors a 401(k) plan that allows participation by all employees who are at least 21 years of age and have completed one year of service. The Company's contributions to the plan consist of a matching contribution as determined by the plan document. Costs recognized under the 401(k) plan were \$0.3 million, \$0.3 million and \$0.2 million for the years ended September 30, 2016, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

**Note 11 – Earnings per Share**

Basic and diluted earnings per share for the years ended September 30, 2016, 2015 and 2014 are:

	2016	2015	2014
Income from continuing operations	\$ 294,163	\$ 1,497,900	\$ 659,189
Discontinued operations, net of tax	-	-	(666,046)
Net income (loss) attributable to common shareholders	<u>\$ 294,163</u>	<u>\$ 1,497,900</u>	<u>\$ (6,857)</u>
Basic weighted average shares	10,107,483	10,055,052	10,021,431
Effect of dilutive securities:			
Stock options	4,062	-	28,009
Diluted weighted average shares	<u>10,111,545</u>	<u>10,055,052</u>	<u>10,049,440</u>
Earnings (loss) per common share:			
Basic			
Continuing operations	\$ 0.03	\$ 0.15	\$ 0.07
Discontinued operations	-	-	(0.07)
Net income (loss)	<u>\$ 0.03</u>	<u>\$ 0.15</u>	<u>\$ (0.00)</u>
Diluted			
Continuing operations	\$ 0.03	\$ 0.15	\$ 0.07
Discontinued operations	-	-	(0.07)
Net income (loss)	<u>\$ 0.03</u>	<u>\$ 0.15</u>	<u>\$ (0.00)</u>

The table below includes information related to stock options that were outstanding at the end of each respective year but have been excluded from the computation of weighted-average stock options for dilutive securities due to the option exercise price exceeding the average market price per share of our common stock for the fiscal year, or their effect would be anti-dilutive.

	2016	2015	2014
Stock options excluded	520,000	535,000	310,000
Weighted average exercise price of stock options	\$ 2.83	\$ 2.88	\$ 3.37
Average market price of common stock	\$ 1.90	\$ 2.38	\$ 2.76

**Note 12 – Related Parties**

David E. Chymiak and Kenneth A. Chymiak beneficially owned 26% and 22%, respectively, of the Company's outstanding common stock at September 30, 2016.

**Note 13 – Commitments and Contingencies**

The Company leases and rents various office and warehouse properties in Arizona, Georgia, Maryland, North Carolina, Pennsylvania, and Tennessee. The terms on its operating leases vary and contain renewal options or are rented on a month-to-month basis. Rental payments associated with leased properties totaled \$0.7 million, \$0.6 million and \$0.4 million for the years ended September 30, 2016, 2015 and 2014, respectively. The Company's minimum annual future obligations under all existing operating leases for each of the next five years are as follows:

	2017	\$ 630,533
	2018	617,892
	2019	552,868
	2020	554,390
	2021	568,250
	Thereafter	1,279,383
	<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 4,203,316</b>

#### Note 14 – Segment Reporting

The Company has two reporting segments, Cable Television and Telecommunications, as described below.

##### *Cable Television (“Cable TV”)*

The Company’s Cable TV segment sells new, surplus and re-manufactured cable television equipment throughout North America, Central America, South America and, to a substantially lesser extent, other international regions that utilize the same technology. In addition, this segment also repairs cable television equipment for various cable companies.

##### *Telecommunications (“Telco”)*

The Company’s Telecommunications segment consists of Nave Communications. Nave Communications’ sells new and used telecommunications networking equipment. In addition, Nave Communications offers its customers decommissioning services for surplus and obsolete equipment, which Nave Communications in turn processes through its recycling services.

The Company evaluates performance and allocates its resources based on operating income. The accounting policies of its reportable segments are the same as those described in the summary of significant accounting policies.

Segment assets consist primarily of cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, inventory, property and equipment, goodwill and intangible assets.

	Fiscal Years Ended		
	September 30, 2016	September 30, 2015	September 30, 2014
<b>Sales</b>			
Cable TV	\$ 22,996,998	\$ 25,396,779	\$ 27,206,743
Telco	15,800,424	18,835,116	8,710,267
Intersegment	(134,158)	(498,275)	(28,318)
Total sales	<u>\$ 38,663,264</u>	<u>\$ 43,733,620</u>	<u>\$ 35,888,692</u>
<b>Gross profit</b>			
Cable TV	\$ 7,753,735	\$ 8,025,651	\$ 7,770,723
Telco	4,687,148	7,273,238	3,834,733
Total gross profit	<u>\$ 12,440,883</u>	<u>\$ 15,298,889</u>	<u>\$ 11,605,456</u>
<b>Operating income (loss)</b>			
Cable TV	\$ 1,478,676	\$ 2,210,414	\$ 1,492,100
Telco	(1,134,815)	365,796	(395,001)
Total operating income	<u>\$ 343,861</u>	<u>\$ 2,576,210</u>	<u>\$ 1,097,099</u>

**Segment assets**

Cable TV	\$	25,201,697	\$	26,494,430	\$	29,241,335
Telco		15,122,911		17,094,713		17,781,114
Non-allocated		9,943,551		8,097,913		6,116,232
Total assets	\$	<u>50,268,159</u>	\$	<u>51,687,056</u>	\$	<u>53,138,681</u>

**Note 15 – Quarterly Results of Operations (Unaudited)**

The following is a summary of the quarterly results of operations for the years ended September 30, 2016, 2015 and 2014:

	First Quarter	Second Quarter	Third Quarter	Fourth Quarter
<b>Fiscal year ended 2016</b>				
Sales	\$ 8,249,668	\$ 10,587,187	\$ 10,060,242	\$ 9,766,167
Gross profit	\$ 2,765,380	\$ 3,584,612	\$ 3,466,151	\$ 2,624,740
Income (loss) from continuing operations	\$ 23,994	\$ 145,630	\$ 316,086	\$ (191,547)
Basic earnings (loss) from continuing operations per common share	\$ 0.00	\$ 0.01	\$ 0.03	\$ (0.02)
Diluted earnings (loss) from continuing operations per common share	\$ 0.00	\$ 0.01	\$ 0.03	\$ (0.02)
<b>Fiscal year ended 2015</b>				
Sales	\$ 10,837,158	\$ 11,366,539	\$ 11,902,391	\$ 9,627,532
Gross profit	\$ 3,831,803	\$ 4,243,512	\$ 4,144,607	\$ 3,078,967
Income from continuing Operations	\$ 415,923	\$ 234,255	\$ 637,134	\$ 210,588
Basic earnings from continuing operations per common share	\$ 0.04	\$ 0.02	\$ 0.06	\$ 0.02
Diluted earnings from continuing operations per common share	\$ 0.04	\$ 0.02	\$ 0.06	\$ 0.02
<b>Fiscal year ended 2014</b>				
Sales	\$ 6,119,733	\$ 8,313,815	\$ 9,323,158	\$ 12,131,986
Gross profit	\$ 1,863,227	\$ 2,231,167	\$ 3,220,055	\$ 4,291,007
Income (loss) from continuing Operations	\$ 139,369	\$ (243,264)	\$ 143,726	\$ 619,358
Basic earnings (loss) from continuing operations per common share	\$ 0.01	\$ (0.02)	\$ 0.01	\$ 0.06
Diluted earnings (loss) from continuing operations per common share	\$ 0.01	\$ (0.02)	\$ 0.01	\$ 0.06

**Item 9. Changes in and Disagreements with Accountants on Accounting and Financial Disclosure.**

None.

**Item 9A. Controls and Procedures.**

**Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures.**

We maintain disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rule 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by us in the reports that we file or submit to the Securities and Exchange Commission under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified by the Commission's rules and forms, and that information is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and our Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure. Our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer evaluated our disclosure controls and procedures as of September 30, 2016. Based on that evaluation, the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures are effective.

**Management's Annual Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting.**

Our management is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934) and for the assessment of the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting. Our internal control system was designed to provide reasonable assurance to our management and board of directors regarding the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. Our internal control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (i) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of our assets; (ii) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that our receipts and expenditures are being made only in accordance with authorization of our management and board of directors; and (iii) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use or disposition of our assets that could have a material effect on our financial statements.

All internal control systems, no matter how well designed, have inherent limitations. Therefore, even those systems determined to be effective can provide only reasonable assurance with respect to financial statement preparation and presentation. Projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Our management assessed the effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting as of September 30, 2016. In making this assessment, management used the criteria set forth by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO) in Internal Control — Integrated Framework (2013). Based on our assessment, we believe that, as of September 30, 2016, our internal control over financial reporting is effective based on those criteria.

This annual report does not include an attestation report of our registered public accounting firm regarding internal control over financial reporting. Management's report was not subject to attestation by our registered public accounting firm pursuant to rules of the Securities and Exchange Commission that permit us to provide only management's report in this annual report.

**Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting.**

During the fourth quarter ended September 30, 2016, there has been no change in our internal controls over financial reporting that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

**Item 9B. Other Information.**

None.

**PART III**

**Item 10. Directors, Executive Officers and Corporate Governance.**

The information required by this item concerning our officers, directors, compliance with Section 16(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, Code of Business Conduct and Ethics and Audit Committee is incorporated by reference to the information in the sections entitled “Identification of Officers,” “Election of Directors,” “Section 16(a) Beneficial Ownership Reporting Compliance,” “Code of Ethics” and “Audit Committee,” respectively, of our Proxy Statement for the 2015 Annual Meeting of Shareholders to be filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission within 120 days after the end of our fiscal year ended September 30, 2016 (the “Proxy Statement”). A copy of our Code of Business Conduct and Ethics is posted on our website at [www.addvantagetechologies.com](http://www.addvantagetechologies.com).

**Item 11. Executive Compensation.**

The information required by this item concerning executive compensation is incorporated by reference to the information set forth in the section entitled “Compensation of Directors and Executive Officers” of the Proxy Statement.

**Item 12. Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management and Related Stockholder Matters.**

The information required by this item regarding security ownership and equity compensation plans is incorporated by reference to the information set forth in the section entitled “Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management and Related Stockholder Matters” of the Proxy Statement.

**Item 13. Certain Relationships and Related Transactions, and Director Independence.**

The information required by this item regarding certain relationships and related transactions and director independence is incorporated by reference to the information set forth in the section entitled “Certain Relationships and Related Transactions” and “Board of Directors,” respectively, of the Proxy Statement.

**Item 14. Principal Accounting Fees and Services.**

The information required by this item regarding principal accounting fees and services is incorporated by reference to the information set forth in the section entitled “Principal Accounting Fees and Services” of the Proxy Statement.

**Item 15. Exhibits, Financial Statement Schedules.**

- (a) 1. The following financial statements are filed as part of this report in Part II, Item 8.

Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm as of September 30, 2016 and 2015, and for each of the three years in the period ended September 30, 2016, 2015 and 2014.

Consolidated Balance Sheets as of September 30, 2016 and 2015.

Consolidated Statements of Operations for the years ended September 30, 2016, 2015 and 2014.

Consolidated Statements of Changes in Shareholders' Equity for the years ended September 30, 2016, 2015 and 2014.

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the years ended September 30, 2016, 2015 and 2014.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

2. The following financial statement Schedule II – Valuation and Qualifying Accounts for the years ended September 30, 2016, 2015 and 2014 is filed as part of this report. All other financial statement schedules have been omitted because they are not applicable or are not required or the information required to be set forth therein is included in the financial statements or notes thereto contained in Part II, Item 8 of this current report.

Schedule II – Valuation and Qualifying Accounts

	Balance at Beginning of Year	Charged to Costs and Expenses	Write offs	Recoveries	Balance at End of Year
<b>Year Ended September 30, 2016</b>					
Allowance for Doubtful Accounts	\$ 250,000	14,899	(14,899)	–	\$ 250,000
Allowance for Excess and Obsolete Inventory	\$ 2,756,628	951,282	(1,137,042)	–	\$ 2,570,868
<b>Year Ended September 30, 2015</b>					
Allowance for Doubtful Accounts	\$ 200,000	44,514	–	5,486	\$ 250,000
Allowance for Excess and Obsolete Inventory	\$ 2,156,628	600,000	–	–	\$ 2,756,628
<b>Year Ended September 30, 2014</b>					
Allowance for Doubtful Accounts	\$ 300,000	–	(103,403)	3,403	\$ 200,000
Allowance for Excess and Obsolete Inventory	\$ 1,600,000	601,351	(208,056)	163,333	\$ 2,156,628

3. The following documents are included as exhibits to this Form 10-K.

<u>Exhibit</u>	<u>Description</u>
3.1	Certificate of Incorporation of the Company and amendments thereto incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to the Annual Report on Form 10-KSB filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission by the Company on January 10, 2003 (File No. 033-39902-FW).
3.2	Bylaws of the Company, as amended, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission by the Company on December 31, 2007 (File No. 001-10799).
4.1	Certificate of Designation, Preferences, Rights and Limitations of ADDvantage Media Group, Inc. Series A 5% Cumulative Convertible Preferred Stock and Series B 7% Cumulative Preferred Stock as filed with the Oklahoma Secretary of State on September 30, 1999 incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission by the Company on October 14, 1999 (File No. 033-39902-FW).
10.1	Senior Management Incentive Compensation Plan, incorporated by reference to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission by the Company on March 9, 2007 (File No. 001-10799).
10.2	Employment Contract between the Company and Scott A. Francis, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission by the Company on September 18, 2008 (File No. 001-10799).
10.3	Amended and Restated Revolving Credit and Term Loan Agreement dated November 30, 2010, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.6 to the Company's Form 10-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on December 14, 2010 (File No. 001-10799).
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10.6	Form of Non-Qualified Stock Option Agreement under the Company's 1998 Incentive Stock Plan as amended, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission by the Company on April 6, 2012 (File No. 001-10799).
10.7	Change in Control Agreement dated April 2, 2012 between the Company and Scott A. Francis, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.3 to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission by the Company on April 6, 2012 (File No. 001-10799).
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- 10.9 Amendment Two to Amended and Restated Revolving Credit and Term Loan Agreement dated November 30, 2012, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.11 to the Company's Form 10-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on December 11, 2012 (File No. 001-10799).
- 10.10 Amendment Three to Amended and Restated Revolving Credit and Term Loan Agreement dated November 29, 2013, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.12 to the Company's Form 10-K/A filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on December 13, 2013 (File No. 001-10799).
- 10.11 Stock Purchase Agreement by and among ADDvantage Acquisition Corp. and Carlton Douglas Nave, Edward Howe, Ryan Hecox, John Leigh, Peter Boettcher, and Michael Burch dated as of February 28, 2014, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 2.1 to the Company's Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on March 6, 2014 (File 001-10799).
- 10.12 Amendment Four to Amended and Restated Revolving Credit and Term Loan Agreement dated March 3, 2014, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Form 10-Q filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on May 14, 2014 (File No. 001-10799).
- 10.13 Amendment Five to Amended and Restated Revolving Credit and Term Loan Agreement dated November 28, 2014, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.14 to the Company's Form 10-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on December 9, 2014 (File No. 001-10799).
- 10.14 The ADDvantage Technologies Group, Inc. 2015 Incentive Stock Plan, incorporated by reference to the Company's Form DEF 14A filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on January 23, 2015 (File No. 001-10799).
- 10.15 Amendment Six to Amended and Restated Revolving Credit and Term Loan Agreement dated November 27, 2015, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.14 to the Company's Form 10-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on December 15, 2015 (File No. 001-10799).
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- 10.17 Amendment Seven to Amended and Restated Revolving Credit and Term Loan Agreement dated October 14, 2016.
- 21.1 Listing of the Company's subsidiaries.
- 23.1 Consent of HoganTaylor LLP.
- 31.1 Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes Oxley Act of 2002.
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101.INS	XBRL Instance Document.
101.SCH	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema.
101.CAL	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase.
101.DEF	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase.
101.LAB	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase.
101.PRE	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase.

## SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

ADDvantage Technologies Group, Inc.

Date: December 13, 2016                      By: /s/ David L. Humphrey  
David L. Humphrey, President and Chief Executive Officer

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, this report has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of the registrant and in the capacities and on the dates indicated.

Date: December 13, 2016                      /s/ David E. Chymiak  
David E. Chymiak, Chairman of the Board of Directors and Chief Technology Officer

Date: December 13, 2016                      /s/ Scott A. Francis  
Scott A. Francis, Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial Officer)

Date: December 13, 2016                      /s/ Thomas J. Franz  
Thomas J. Franz, Director

Date: December 13, 2016                      /s/ Joseph E. Hart  
Joseph E. Hart, Director

Date: December 13, 2016                      /s/ James C. McGill  
James C. McGill, Director

Date: December 13, 2016                      /s/ David W. Sparkman  
David W. Sparkman, Director

## INDEX TO EXHIBITS

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101.PRE	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase.

AMENDMENT SEVEN TO AMENDED AND RESTATED  
REVOLVING CREDIT AND TERM LOAN AGREEMENT

This Amendment Seven to Amended and Restated Revolving Credit and Term Loan Agreement (“**Amendment**”) is dated as of October 14, 2016 (“**Effective Date**”) by and between ADDVANTAGE TECHNOLOGIES GROUP, INC., an Oklahoma corporation (“**Borrower**”) and BOKF, NA dba Bank of Oklahoma, formerly known as Bank of Oklahoma, N.A. (“**Lender**”).

RECITALS

A. Reference is made to the Amended and Restated Revolving Credit and Term Loan Agreement dated as of November 30, 2010 (as amended, the “**Loan Agreement**”), by and between Borrower and Lender, under which currently exists a \$7,000,000 revolving line (“**Line Facility**”), a \$2,760,000 term loan facility (“**\$2,760,000 Term Facility**”), and a \$5,000,000 term loan facility (“**\$5,000,000 Term Facility**”) (separately and collectively, the “**Loan**”), and pursuant to which other loan documents were executed and delivered to Lender, including without limitation the following (together with the Loan Agreement, separately and collectively, the “**Loan Documents**”): (i) \$7,000,000 Promissory Note (“**Line Note**”) dated November 27, 2015 payable by Borrower to Lender and maturing March 31, 2017; (ii) \$2,760,000 Promissory Note (“**\$2,760,000 Term Note**”) dated November 20, 2006 payable by Borrower to Lender, maturing November 30, 2021; (iii) \$5,000,000 Promissory Note (“**\$5,000,000 Term Note**”) dated March 4, 2014 payable by Borrower to Lender, maturing March 4, 2019; (iv) Security Agreements from the Borrower and each of the Guarantors; (v) Guaranty Agreements from each of the Guarantors; (vi) Subordination Agreements; and (vii) other instruments, documents and agreements executed or delivered to Lender in connection with the Loan Agreement.

B. Borrower has requested Lender to extend Borrower a new term loan (“**\$4,000,000 Term Facility**”) in the amount of \$4,000,000 for ADDVANTAGE TRITON, LLC, an Oklahoma limited liability company (“**ADDvantage Triton**”) a Subsidiary of Borrower, to acquire the net assets of Triton Miami Inc.; and Lender has agreed to such request, subject to the terms and conditions set forth in this Amendment.

AGREEMENT

For valuable consideration received, Borrower and Lender agree to the following:

1. Definitions. Capitalized terms used in this Amendment (including capitalized terms used in the Recitals) that are not otherwise defined herein have the respective meanings ascribed to them in the Loan Agreement. The following definitions are hereby incorporated into the Loan Agreement.

“*Acquisition Completion Certificate*” means a Certification from the Borrower certifying the completion of the Triton Asset Purchase, in form and content satisfactory to Lender.

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“*ADDvantage Triton Documents*” means (i) a copy of all charter documents (articles, bylaws and related documents); (ii) certificate of good standing from the State in which ADDvantage Triton was formed and any other States in which Triton does business; (iii) a Secretary Certification evidencing, inter alia, authorization for Triton to execute and perform under the Restated Guaranty Agreement (Subsidiaries) and the Restated Security Agreement (Subsidiaries), in form and content satisfactory to Lender; and (iv) a UCC Search issued by the applicable governmental authority evidencing that the assets of Triton are free and clear of any Liens or encumbrances.

“*Amendment to Mortgage*” means an Amendment Two to Mortgage executed by Borrower, in form and content satisfactory to Lender, accompanied by all Title Assurances.

“*Certificates of Good Standing*” means Certificates of Good Standing for each of the Borrower and the Guarantors.

“*Guaranty Joinder Agreement*” means the Guaranty Joinder Agreement, the form of which is attached to the Restated Guaranty Agreement (Subsidiaries).

“*Mortgaged Property*” means the property subject to the Mortgage.

“*Restated Borrowing Base Certificate*” means a Restated Borrowing Base Certificate in form and content satisfactory to Lender.

“*Restated Guaranty Agreement (Subsidiaries)*” means the Restated Guaranty Agreement (Subsidiaries) dated March 4, 2014 executed by each of the Guarantors.

“*Restated Security Agreement (Subsidiaries)*” means the Restated Security Agreement (Subsidiaries) dated February 28, 2014, by each of the Guarantors.

“*Security Agreement Joinder Agreement*” means the Security Agreement Joinder Agreement, the form of which is attached to the Restated Security Agreement (Subsidiaries).

“*Title Assurances*” means any updated title requirements required to Lender relating to the Mortgaged Property.

“*Triton*” means TRITON MIAMI, INC., a Florida corporation.

“*Triton Asset Purchase*” means the completion of the purchase by ADDvantage Triton of the net assets of Triton in accordance with the Triton Asset Purchase Documents.

“*Triton Asset Purchase Documents*” means all instruments, documents and agreements relating to the Triton Asset Purchase, including without limitation the Asset Purchase Agreement between ADDvantage Triton, as Buyer, and Triton, as Seller.

2. Amendments to Loan Agreement.

2.1. "Loan" now means the loans under the \$7,000,000 Line Facility, the \$2,760,000 Term Facility, the \$5,000,000 Term Facility and the \$4,000,000 Term Facility.

2.2. "Notes" means the Line Note, the \$2,760,000 Term Note, the \$5,000,000 Term Note and the \$4,000,000 Term Note, together with extensions, renewals, modifications, restructures and/or consolidations thereof from time to time.

2.3. Borrowing Base. Section 1.5 is amended to read as follows:

"Borrowing Base" means, at any date of determination thereof, the sum of (A) eighty percent (80%) of Qualified Receivables at such date, plus (B) without duplication, ninety percent (90%) of Sprint Insured Qualified Receivables, plus (C) fifty percent (50%) of Qualified Inventory, with such value to be the lesser of (i) the direct cost of acquiring the Qualified Inventory and (ii) the appraised value, on a wholesale value basis (as established by an appraiser acceptable to Lender) of the Qualified Inventory consistent with the most recent appraisal of Qualified Inventory received and accepted by, or performed by, Lender, less (a) the outstanding principal balance of the \$2,760,000 Term Note, (b) the outstanding principal balance of the \$4,000,000 Term Note (Triton Asset Purchase); (c) the outstanding principal balance of the \$5,000,000 Term Note (Nave Communications Acquisition); and (d) the Exposure (as defined in the Credit Support Annex Paragraph 12 of the ISDA), to the extent that it exceeds \$900,000. The Borrowing Base shall be primarily based upon the information provided by Borrower to Lender under the Borrowing Base Certificate; provided, that Lender reserves the right to adjust the Borrowing Base at any time based upon the results of any field audits performed from time to time by Lender or, at Lender's discretion, any party (e.g., a third party inspector) on behalf of Lender. Any advance request based upon Sprint Insured Qualified Receivables shall be accompanied by written evidence to the Sprint A/R Insurance in form and content satisfactory to Lender in its sole discretion.

2.4. Borrowing Base Certificate. The form of the Borrowing Base Certificate shall now be evidenced by a Restated Borrowing Base Certificate, in form and content satisfactory to Lender.

2.5. Section 1.37 (Leverage Ratio) is amended to read as follows:

"Section 1.37 "Leverage Ratio" means as of the Determination Date for any Reporting Period, the ratio of (i) Funded Debt to (ii) EBITDA."

2.6. Section 7.16 is amended to read as follows:

"7.16. Acquisitions and Asset Investments. Without the prior written consent of Lender in each instance, expend funds during any given Reporting Period for the purpose of acquiring all or substantially all of the assets, stock or other ownership interests of a Person and/or investing in non-current assets (including without

limitation fixed assets and capitalized value of leased equipment and leased real property. In any instance, any acquisition or asset investment shall not occur if any Initial Default or Matured Default has occurred and is continuing or will result therefrom.”

2.7. Section 8.1 (Leverage Ratio) is hereby amended to evidence that the ratio “2.00 to 1.00” shall now mean and read “2.50 to 1.00”.

2.8. A new Section 2.9 is added as follows:

“2.9. Triton Acquisition Loan. Provided no Event of Default exists, Lender agrees to loan to Borrower the sum of \$4,000,000 for the purpose of enabling ADDvantage Triton, LLC to accomplish the Triton Asset Purchase in accordance with the Triton Asset Purchase Documents and subject to all conditions required in connection therewith, including without limitation the execution and delivery by ADDvantage Triton of the ADDvantage Triton Company Documents, and the delivery by Borrower of the \$4,000,000 Term Note and Amendment to Mortgage.

3. Conditions. The effectiveness of this Amendment is subject to satisfaction of the following.

3.1. Loan Documents. The following loan documents and other instruments, documents and agreement shall be duly executed and/or delivered to Lender, each in form and substance satisfactory to the Lender:

- 3.1.1. This Amendment executed by Borrower and all Ratifications attached hereto;
- 3.1.2. The \$4,000,000 Term Note executed by Borrower;
- 3.1.3. The Amendment to Mortgage executed by Borrower, accompanied by the Title Assurances;
- 3.1.4. The Acquisition Completion Certificate;
- 3.1.5. The ADDvantage Triton Company Documents;
- 3.1.6. Copies of the Triton Asset Purchase Documents;
- 3.1.7. The Guarantor Joinder Agreement executed by ADDvantage Triton;
- 3.1.8. The Security Agreement Joinder Agreement executed by ADDvantage Triton;

- 3.1.9. Certificates of Good Standing;
- 3.1.10. UCC Searches as to the Borrower and Guarantors;
- 3.1.11. Lender shall have received an updated appraisal as to the Mortgaged Property, which must evidence a Lender approved appraisal amount satisfactory to Lender;
- 3.1.12. Borrower shall pay all costs, expenses and fees (including Lender legal counsel fees, appraisal costs and Title Assurances costs) incurred by Lender in connection herewith); and
- 3.1.13. Any other instruments, documents or agreements reasonably requested by Lender in connection herewith.
- 3.2. No Default. No Event of Default shall have occurred and be continuing under the Loan Agreement or any other Loan Documents or will result from the execution of or performance under this Amendment or the documents executed pursuant hereto.
- 3.3. Legal Matters. All legal matters required by Lender and Lender's legal counsel to be satisfied by the Borrower and any other Loan Party and the transactions contemplated hereby shall have been satisfied satisfactory to the Lender and its legal counsel.
- 3.4. Ratification of Borrower. Borrower hereby (i) ratifies, affirms and restates its obligations under, and acknowledges, renews and extends its continued liability under, the Loan Agreement (as amended hereby) and all other Loan Documents to which it is a party, (ii) agrees that the Loan Agreement (as amended hereby) and all other Loan Documents to which it is a party remain in full force and effect, and (iii) represents that each representation and warranty set forth in the Loan Agreement (as amended hereby) and other Loan Documents to which it is a party remains true, correct and accurate as of the Effective Date, and are hereby restated. Borrower further agrees and represents to Lender that the facts set forth in the Recitals are true and correct.
- 3.5. Ratification of Guarantor. Each Guarantor, by execution of the ratification following the signature page hereof, hereby (i) agrees to this Amendment, (ii) ratifies, affirms and restates its obligations under, and acknowledges, renews and extends its continued liability under, its Guaranty as to all Obligations of the Borrower, including without limitation the \$4,000,000 Term Note, (iii) confirms that, after giving effect to the amendments provided for herein, its Guaranty remains in full force and effect, (iv) represents that each representation and warranty set forth in its Guaranty remains true, correct and accurate as of the Effective Date, and are hereby restated, and (v) acknowledges and agrees that nothing in this Amendment shall affect or impair any rights, remedies or powers which Lender may have under any of the Loan Documents, including without limitation the Guaranty.

3.6. Ratification of Collateral Documents. Each of the Borrower and other Loan Parties to any instruments, documents, agreements, assignments, security agreements or similar security instruments (separately and collectively, the “*Collateral Documents*”) executed under and pursuant to the Loan Agreement to secure payment of the Obligations of Borrower to Lender, by execution of the ratification following the signature page hereof, hereby (i) agrees to this Amendment, (ii) ratifies, affirms and restates each Collateral Document to which it is a party and agrees that the Collateral Documents are, and shall remain at all times during the term of the Loan, first and valid liens and security interests, (iii) confirms that, after giving effect to the amendments provided for herein, the Collateral Documents remain in full force and effect, (iv) represents that each representation and warranty set forth in the Collateral Documents remains true and correct as of the Effective Date, and are hereby restated as of the Effective Date, and (v) ratifies and confirms that all Exhibits and Schedules attached to the Loan Agreement and other Loan Documents remain true, correct and accurate as of the Effective Date, and are hereby restated.

4. REPRESENTATIONS AND WARRANTIES.

4.1. Additional Representations and Warranties. The Borrower further represents and warrants to the Lender that:

4.1.1. Each Borrower, and each other Loan Party to any Loan Document has the requisite power and authority and has been duly authorized to execute, deliver and perform its obligations under this Amendment, the Loan Agreement (as amended by this Amendment), and the other Loan Documents set forth under Section 3.1 (separately and collectively, the “*Amendment Documents*”).

4.1.2. The Amendment Documents are valid and legally binding obligations of each respective Loan Party, enforceable in accordance with their respective terms, except as limited by applicable bankruptcy, insolvency or other laws affecting the enforcement of creditors’ rights generally.

4.1.3. The execution, delivery and performance of the Amendment Documents by the Loan Parties do not and will not (a) conflict with, result in a breach of the terms, conditions or provisions of, constitute a default under, or result in any violation of the organizational and operating agreements and documents of Borrower or any Loan Party, or any agreement, instrument, undertaking, judgment, decree, order, writ, injunction, statute, law, rule or regulation to which Borrower or any Loan Party is subject or by which the assets and property of the Borrower or any Loan Party is bound or affected, (b) result in the creation or imposition of any lien on any assets or property now or hereafter owned by the Borrower or any Loan Party pursuant to the provisions of any mortgage, indenture, security agreement, contract, undertaking or other agreement to which Borrower or any Loan Party is a party, other than liens in favor of the Lender, (c) require any authorization, consent, license, approval or authorization of, or other action by, notice or declaration to, registration with, any governmental agency or authority or, to the extent any such consent or other action may be required, it has

been validly procured or duly taken, or (d) result in the occurrence of an event materially adversely affecting the validity or enforceability of any rights or remedies of the Lender or the Borrower's or any Loan Party's ability to perform its obligations under the Loan Agreement and related Loan Documents.

5. MISCELLANEOUS.

- 5.1. Effect of Amendment. The terms of this Amendment shall be incorporated into and form a part of the Loan Agreement. Except as amended, modified and supplemented by this Amendment, the Loan Agreement shall continue in full force and effect in accordance with its stated terms, all of which are hereby reaffirmed, confirmed and restated in every respect as of the date hereof. In the event of any irreconcilable inconsistency between the terms of this Amendment and the terms of the Loan Agreement, the terms of this Amendment shall control and govern, and the agreements shall be interpreted so as to carry out and give full effect to the intent of this Amendment. All references to the Loan Agreement appearing in any of the Loan Documents shall hereafter be deemed references to the Loan Agreement as amended, modified and supplemented by this Amendment. This Amendment supersedes any prior or contemporaneous discussions, representations or agreements, oral or written, concerning the subject matter of this Amendment.
- 5.2. Descriptive Headings. The descriptive headings of the several paragraphs of this Amendment are inserted for convenience only and shall not be used in the construction of the content of this Amendment.
- 5.3. Governing Law. This Amendment, the Loan Agreement, and all other Loan Documents and all matters relating hereto or thereto or arising therefrom (whether sounding in contract law, tort law or otherwise), shall be governed by, and shall be construed and enforced in accordance with, the laws of the State of Oklahoma, without regard to conflicts of laws principles. Borrower hereby consents to the jurisdiction of any state or federal court located within the County of Tulsa, State of Oklahoma and irrevocably agrees that, subject to Lender's election, all actions or proceedings arising out of or relating to the foregoing described documents and matters shall be litigated in such courts. Borrower expressly submits and consents to the jurisdiction of the aforesaid courts and waives any defense of forum non conveniens. Borrower hereby waives personal service of any and all process and agrees that all such service of process may be made upon Borrower by certified or registered mail, return receipt requested, addressed to Borrower at the address set forth in the Loan Agreement and service so made shall be complete ten (10) days after the same has been posted.
- 5.4. Reimbursement of Expenses. Borrower agrees to pay the reasonable costs, expenses and fees, including without limitation reasonable legal fees and out-of-pocket expenses of Riggs, Abney, Neal, Turpen, Orbison & Lewis, legal counsel to the Lender, incurred by Lender in connection herewith.

- 5.5. Release of Lender. In consideration of the amendments contained herein, the Loan Parties hereby waive and release the Lender (and its employees, loan participants, agents attorneys, officers, directors, partners, successors and assigns) from any and all claims, damages, expenses, liabilities, disputes, defenses and setoffs of any and every character, known or unknown, with respect to the Loan Agreement and the other Loan Documents and the transactions contemplated thereby accruing or arising on or before the date hereof. Each Loan Party acknowledges that it has consulted by legal counsel of its choice and that each Loan Party has voluntarily and without coercion or duress of any kind entered into this Amendment.
- 5.6. No Waiver. Borrower expressly acknowledges and agrees that the execution of this Amendment shall not constitute a waiver, and shall not preclude the exercise, of any right, power or remedy granted to Lender in any Loan Document, or as provided by applicable law. No previous amendment, modification, extension or compromise entered into with respect to any obligations of Borrower to Lender shall constitute a course of dealing or be inferred or construed as constituting an expressed or implied understanding to enter into any future modification, extension, waiver or compromise. No delay on the part of Lender in exercising any right, power, or remedy shall operate as a waiver thereof, or otherwise prejudice Lender's rights, powers, or remedies.
- 5.7. Entire Agreement. This Amendment reflects the entire understanding of the Borrower and other Loan Parties as to the matters set forth herein.
- 5.8. Counterparts. This Amendment may be executed in any number of counterparts, all of which taken together shall constitute one agreement, and any of the parties hereto may execute this Amendment by signing any such counterpart.
- 5.9. USA Patriot Act Notification. The Lender hereby notifies the Borrower that pursuant to the requirements of the USA PATRIOT Act of 2001, 31 U.S.C. Section 5318, it is required to obtain, verify and record information that identifies the Borrower, which information includes the name and address of the Borrower and other information that will allow the Lender to identify the Borrower in accordance therewith.
- 5.10. Late Fees. To the extent any payment due under any Loan Document is not paid within 10 calendar days of the due date therefore, and, to the extent that the following described fee is deemed to constitute interest, subject to any usury savings clause in the Loan Documents and to the extent permitted by law, in addition to any interest or other fees and charges due under the applicable Loan Document, Borrower shall pay Lender a late fee equal to 5% of the amount of the payment that was required to have been made. Borrower agrees that the charges set forth herein are reasonable compensation to Lender for the acceptance and handling of such late payments.
- 5.11. Waiver of Jury Trial. Each of Borrower and Lender hereby irrevocably waives any and all right to trial by jury in any legal actions or proceeding arising out of or relating to the Loan Documents or the transactions contemplated thereby and agrees that any

such action or proceeding shall be tried before a court and not before a jury. Each of Borrower and Lender acknowledges that this waiver is a material inducement to enter into a business relationship, and that each has relied on the waiver in entering into this Amendment and the other Loan Documents, and that each will continue to rely on this waiver in their related future dealings. Each of Borrower and Lender warrants and represents that each has had the opportunity of reviewing this jury waiver with legal counsel, and that each knowingly and voluntarily waives its jury trial rights.

- 5.12. Flood Insurance. Borrower must provide evidence that flood insurance is not required of Lender; provided, that if the Mortgaged Property is located in a special flood hazard area, a notification thereof shall be provided to and acknowledged by the mortgagor, and adequate proof of flood insurance (either a declaration page or an application for flood insurance accompanied by proof of payment) must be delivered to Lender, equal to the lesser of (i) the outstanding principal balance of the Loan, (ii) the maximum amount available under the NFIP for the particular type of improvement, or (iii) the full insurable value of the improvement.

*(Signature page follows)*

“Borrower”

ADVANTAGE TECHNOLOGIES GROUP, INC.,  
an Oklahoma corporation

By /s/ Scott A. Francis  
Scott A. Francis, Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Chief Accounting  
Officer

“Lender”

BOKF, NA dba Bank of Oklahoma

By /s/ Timberly Harding  
Timberly Harding,  
Vice President

*[Signature page to Amendment Seven to Revolving Credit and Term Loan Agreement]*

RATIFICATION OF GUARANTY

As inducement for the Lender to enter into the Amendment Seven to Amended and Restated Revolving Credit and Term Loan Agreement (“*Amendment*”) dated effective October 14, 2016, to which this Ratification is affixed, the undersigned Guarantors each hereby agrees to the Amendment, including Section 3.5 thereof. This Ratification may be executed in multiple counterparts.

ADVANTAGE TECHNOLOGIES GROUP OF MISSOURI, INC.,  
a Missouri corporation

By /s/ Scott A. Francis  
Scott A. Francis, Secretary/Treasurer

ADVANTAGE TECHNOLOGIES GROUP OF NEBRASKA, INC.,  
a Nebraska corporation

By /s/ Scott A. Francis  
Scott A. Francis, Secretary/Treasurer

ADVANTAGE TECHNOLOGIES GROUP OF TEXAS, INC.,  
a Texas corporation

By /s/ Scott A. Francis  
Scott A. Francis, Secretary/Treasurer

NCS INDUSTRIES, INC.,  
a Pennsylvania corporation

By /s/ Scott A. Francis  
Scott A. Francis, Secretary/Treasurer

TULSAT, LLC, an Oklahoma limited liability company, by conversion of Tulsat Corporation

By /s/ Scott A. Francis  
Scott A. Francis, Secretary/Treasurer

TULSAT-ATLANTA, L.L.C.,  
an Oklahoma limited liability company

By ADDvantage Technologies Group, Inc.,  
an Oklahoma corporation,  
Its sole member and manager

By /s/ Scott A. Francis  
Scott A. Francis, Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Chief  
Accounting Officer

NAVE COMMUNICATIONS COMPANY,  
a Maryland company

By /s/ Scott A. Francis  
Scott A. Francis, CFO/Secretary/Treasurer

ADVANTAGE ACQUISITION CORPORATION,  
an Oklahoma corporation

By /s/ Scott A. Francis  
Scott A. Francis, CFO/Secretary/Treasurer

TULSAT-ARIZONA, LLC, an Oklahoma limited liability company

By /s/ Scott A. Francis  
Scott A. Francis, Chief Financial Officer,  
Treasurer and Secretary

RATIFICATION OF COLLATERAL DOCUMENTS

As inducement for the Lender to enter into the Amendment Seven to Amended and Restated Revolving Credit and Term Loan Agreement (“**Amendment**”) dated effective October 14, 2016, to which this Ratification is affixed, the undersigned hereby agrees to the Amendment, including Section 3.6 thereof. This Ratification may be executed in multiple counterparts.

ADVANTAGE TECHNOLOGIES GROUP, INC.,  
an Oklahoma corporation

By /s/ Scott A. Francis  
Scott A. Francis, Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Chief Accounting Officer

ADVANTAGE TECHNOLOGIES GROUP OF MISSOURI, INC.,  
a Missouri corporation

By /s/ Scott A. Francis  
Scott A. Francis, Secretary/Treasurer

ADVANTAGE TECHNOLOGIES GROUP OF NEBRASKA, INC.,  
a Nebraska corporation

By /s/ Scott A. Francis  
Scott A. Francis, Secretary/Treasurer

ADVANTAGE TECHNOLOGIES GROUP OF TEXAS, INC.,  
a Texas corporation

By /s/ Scott A. Francis  
Scott A. Francis, Secretary/Treasurer

NCS INDUSTRIES, INC.,  
a Pennsylvania corporation

By /s/ Scott A. Francis  
Scott A. Francis, Secretary/Treasurer

TULSAT, LLC, an Oklahoma limited liability company, by conversion of Tulsat Corporation

By /s/ Scott A. Francis  
Scott A. Francis, Secretary/Treasurer

TULSAT-ATLANTA, L.L.C.,  
an Oklahoma limited liability company

By ADDvantage Technologies Group, Inc.,  
an Oklahoma corporation,  
Its sole member and manager

By /s/ Scott A. Francis  
Scott A. Francis, Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Chief  
Accounting Officer

NAVE COMMUNICATIONS COMPANY,  
a Maryland company

By /s/ Scott A. Francis  
Scott A. Francis, CFO/Secretary/Treasurer

ADVANTAGE ACQUISITION CORPORATION,  
an Oklahoma corporation

By /s/ Scott A. Francis  
Scott A. Francis, CFO/Secretary/Treasurer

TULSAT-ARIZONA, LLC, an Oklahoma limited liability company

By /s/ Scott A. Francis  
Scott A. Francis, Chief Financial Officer,  
Treasurer and Secretary



**Exhibit 21.1**

**ADDvantage Technologies Group, Inc.**

**Subsidiaries**

ADDvantage Acquisition Corporation, an Oklahoma corporation

Tulsat LLC, an Oklahoma limited liability company

Tulsat–Arizona LLC, an Oklahoma limited liability company

Tulsat–Atlanta LLC, an Oklahoma limited liability company

Tulsat–Tennessee LLC, an Oklahoma limited liability company

ADDvantage Technologies Group of Nebraska, Inc. (dba “Tulsat–Nebraska”), a Nebraska corporation

ADDvantage Technologies Group of Texas (dba “Tulsat–Texas”), a Texas corporation

ADDvantage Technologies Group of Missouri, Inc. (dba “ComTech Services”), a Missouri corporation

NCS Industries, Inc., a Pennsylvania corporation

Nave Communications Company, a Maryland corporation, a subsidiary of ADDvantage Acquisition Corporation

ADDvantage Triton, LLC, an Oklahoma limited liability company

CONSENT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING  
FIRM

We consent to the incorporation by reference in Registration Statement (No. 333-203055) on Form S-8 of ADDvantage Technologies Group, Inc. of our report dated December 13, 2016, relating to our audit of the consolidated financial statements and the financial statement schedules, which appear in this Annual Report on Form 10-K of ADDvantage Technologies Group, Inc. for the year ended September 30, 2016.

/s/ HoganTaylor LLP  
December 13, 2016

**CERTIFICATION OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

I, David L. Humphrey, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this annual report on Form 10-K of ADDvantage Technologies Group, Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - a. Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - b. Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - c. Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - d. Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - a. All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - b. Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: December 13, 2016

/s/ David L. Humphrey  
David L. Humphrey  
President and Chief Executive Officer

**CERTIFICATION OF CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

I, Scott A. Francis, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this annual report on Form 10-K of ADDvantage Technologies Group, Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15 (e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f) for the registrant and have:
  - a. Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - b. Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - c. Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - d. Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - a. All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - b. Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: December 13, 2016

/s/ Scott A. Francis  
Scott A. Francis  
Chief Financial Officer

**CERTIFICATION OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

In connection with the Annual Report on Form 10-K of ADDvantage Technologies Group, Inc. (the "Company") for the year ended September 30, 2016, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report") I, David L. Humphrey, the Chief Executive Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

/s/ David L. Humphrey

Name: David L. Humphrey  
Title: President and Chief Executive Officer  
Date: December 13, 2016

**CERTIFICATION OF CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

In connection with the Annual Report on Form 10-K of ADDvantage Technologies Group, Inc. (the "Company") for the year ended September 30, 2016, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report") I, Scott A. Francis, the Chief Financial Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

/s/ Scott A. Francis

Name: Scott A. Francis  
Title: Chief Financial Officer  
Date: December 13, 2016