



FORM 10-K

CENTRAL GARDEN & PET CO – CENT

Filed: December 09, 2004 (period: September 25, 2004)

Annual report which provides a comprehensive overview of the company for the past year

Table of Contents

PART I

Item 1. Business 1

PART I

Item 1. Business

Item 2. Properties

Item 3. Legal Proceedings

Item 4. Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders

PART II

Item 5. Market for the Registrant's Common Equity, Related Stockholder Matters and Issuer Purchases

Item 6. Selected Financial Data

Item 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

Item 7A. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosure About Market Risk

Item 8. Financial Statements and Supplementary Data

Item 9. Changes in and Disagreements with Accountants on Accounting and Financial Disclosure

Item 9A. Controls and Procedures

Item 9B. Other Information

PART III

Item 10. Directors and Executive Officers of the Registrant

Item 11. Executive Compensation

Item 12. Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management

Item 13. Certain Relationships and Related Transactions

Item 14. Principal Accountant Fees and Services

PART IV

Item 15. Exhibits and Financial Statement Schedules

SIGNATURES

EXHIBIT INDEX

EX-10.2.4 (Material contracts)

EX-10.5.1 (Material contracts)

EX-10.5.2 (Material contracts)

EX-10.9 (Material contracts)

EX-12 (Statement regarding computation of ratios)

EX-21 (Subsidiaries of the registrant)

EX-23 (Consents of experts and counsel)

EX-31.1

EX-31.2

EX-32.1

EX-32.2

**UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION**
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-K

[X] ANNUAL REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 or 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the fiscal year ended September 25, 2004

Commission File Number 0-20242

CENTRAL GARDEN & PET COMPANY
(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware
(State or other jurisdiction of
incorporation or organization)

68-0275553
(IRS Employer
Identification Number)

1340 Treat Boulevard, Suite 600, Walnut Creek, California 94597
(Address of principal executive offices) (Zip Code)

Telephone Number: (925) 948-4000

SECURITIES REGISTERED PURSUANT TO SECTION 12(b) OF THE ACT:

| Title of Each Class | Name of Each Exchange on Which Registered |
|---------------------|--|
| None | None |

SECURITIES REGISTERED PURSUANT TO SECTION 12(g) OF THE ACT:

Common Stock
(Title of Class)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes . No .

Indicate by check mark if disclosure of delinquent filers pursuant to Item 405 of Regulation S-K (§ 229.405 of this chapter) is not contained herein, and will not be contained, to the best of registrant's knowledge, in definitive proxy or information statements incorporated by reference in Part III of this Form 10-K or any amendment to this Form 10-K.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is an accelerated filer (as defined in Exchange Act Rule 12b-2). Yes . No .

At March 27, 2004, the aggregate market value of the registrant's Common Stock and Class B Stock held by non-affiliates of the registrant was approximately \$592,728,000 and \$1,807,000, respectively.

At December 1, 2004, the number of shares outstanding of the registrant's Common Stock was 18,937,271. In addition, on such date the registrant had outstanding 1,654,462 shares of its Class B Stock, which are convertible into Common Stock on a share-for-share basis.

DOCUMENTS INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE

Definitive Proxy Statement for the Company's 2005 Annual Meeting of Stockholders – Part III of this Form 10-K.

[Table of Contents](#)

Central Garden & Pet Company
Index to Annual Report on Form 10-K
For the fiscal year ended September 25, 2004

| | <u>Page</u> |
|--|-------------|
| PART I | |
| Item 1. Business | 1 |
| Item 2. Properties | 13 |
| Item 3. Legal Proceedings | 14 |
| Item 4. Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders | 16 |
| PART II | |
| Item 5. Market for the Registrant's Common Equity, Related Stockholder Matters and Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities | 17 |
| Item 6. Selected Financial Data | 18 |
| Item 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations | 20 |
| Item 7A. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosure About Market Risk | 35 |
| Item 8. Financial Statements and Supplementary Data | 36 |
| Item 9. Changes in and Disagreements with Accountants on Accounting and Financial Disclosure | 65 |
| Item 9A. Controls and Procedures | 65 |
| Item 9B. Other Information | 65 |
| PART III | |
| Item 10. Directors and Executive Officers of the Registrant | 65 |
| Item 11. Executive Compensation | 65 |
| Item 12. Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management | 65 |
| Item 13. Certain Relationships and Related Transactions | 65 |
| Item 14. Principal Accountant Fees and Services | 65 |
| PART IV | |
| Item 15. Exhibits and Financial Statement Schedules | 66 |

FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This Form 10-K includes “forward-looking statements.” Forward-looking statements include statements concerning our plans, objectives, goals, strategies, future events, future revenues or performance, capital expenditures, financing needs, plans or intentions relating to acquisitions, our competitive strengths and weaknesses, our business strategy and the trends we anticipate in the industry and economies in which we operate and other information that is not historical information. When used in this Form 10-K, the words “estimates,” “expects,” “anticipates,” “projects,” “plans,” “intends,” “believes” and variations of such words or similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements. All forward-looking statements, including, without limitation, our examination of historical operating trends, are based upon our current expectations and various assumptions. Our expectations, beliefs and projections are expressed in good faith, and we believe there is a reasonable basis for them, but we cannot assure you that our expectations, beliefs and projections will be realized.

There are a number of risks and uncertainties that could cause our actual results to differ materially from the forward-looking statements contained in this Form 10-K. Important factors that could cause our actual results to differ materially from the forward-looking statements we make in this Form 10-K are set forth in this Form 10-K, including the factors described in the section entitled “Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations – Risk Factors.” If any of these risks or uncertainties materialize, or if any of our underlying assumptions are incorrect, our actual results may differ significantly from the results that we express in or imply by any of our forward-looking statements. We do not undertake any obligation to revise these forward-looking statements to reflect future events or circumstances. Presently known risk factors include, but are not limited to, the following factors:

- consolidation trends in the retail industry;
- dependence on a few customers for a significant portion of each of our businesses;
- uncertainty of our product innovations and marketing successes;
- fluctuations in market prices for seeds and grains;
- competition in our industries;
- risks associated with our acquisition strategy;
- adverse weather during the peak gardening season;
- seasonality and fluctuations in our operating results and cash flow;
- dependence upon our key executive officers;
- potential environmental liabilities and product liability claims;
- pending litigation;
- costs and risks associated with Section 404 compliance; and
- potential adverse impact of stock option expensing.

MARKET, RANKING AND OTHER DATA

The data included in this Form 10-K regarding markets and ranking, including the size of certain markets and our position and the position of our competitors and products within these markets, are based on independent industry publications, including the National Gardening Survey 2003, an independent survey conducted by Harris Interactive for the National Gardening Association, the 2003-2004 National Pet Owners Survey, published by the American Pet Products Manufacturers Association, Packaged Facts Market Profile: The U.S. Pet Supplies Market, June 2003, and The U.S. Lawn and Garden Market, March 2003, each published by Packaged Facts, a consumer market research company, Nursery Retailer Magazine, or other published industry sources or our estimates based on management's knowledge and experience in the markets in which we operate. Our estimates have been based on information provided by customers, suppliers, trade and business organizations and other contacts in the markets in which we operate. We believe these estimates to be accurate as of the date of this Form 10-K. However, this information may prove to be inaccurate because of the method by which we obtained some of the data for our estimates or because this information cannot always be verified with complete certainty due to the limits on the availability and reliability of raw data, the voluntary nature of the data gathering process and other limitations and uncertainties inherent in a survey of market size. As a result, you should be aware that market, ranking and other similar data included in this Form 10-K, and estimates and beliefs based on that data, may not be reliable.

Item 1. Business

BUSINESS

Our Company

Central Garden & Pet Company is a leading innovator, marketer and producer of quality branded products for the pet and lawn and garden supplies markets. We are one of the largest companies in the fragmented, \$7.5 billion U.S. pet supplies industry and in the \$50 billion U.S. lawn and garden and related supplies industry. Our pet products include pet bird and small animal food, aquarium products, flea, tick, mosquito and other pest control products, edible bones, cages, carriers, pet books, and other dog, cat, reptile and small animal products. These products are sold under a number of brand names, including Kaytee, All-Glass Aquarium, Oceanic, Kent Marine, Energy Savers Unlimited, Zodiac, Pre-Strike, Altosid, Nylabone, TFH, Four Paws and Interpet. Our lawn and garden products include grass seed, wild bird food, weed and insect control products, decorative outdoor patio products, Christmas products and lighting and ant control products. These products are sold under a number of brand names, including Pennington, Rebel, Lofts, Norcal Pottery, New England Pottery, GKI/Bethlehem Lighting, Lilly Miller, Matthews Four Seasons, AMDRO and Grant's. In fiscal 2004, our consolidated net sales were \$1.27 billion, of which our pet products segment, or Pet Products, accounted for \$568.9 million and our lawn and garden products segment, or Garden Products, accounted for \$697.5 million. In fiscal 2004, our income from operations was \$82.1 million, of which Pet Products accounted for \$61.4 million and Garden Products accounted for \$42.9 million, before corporate expenses and eliminations of \$22.2 million.

Recent Developments

Kent Marine

In January 2004, we acquired substantially all of the assets of Kent Marine, Inc. Based in Georgia, Kent Marine markets and sells premium aquarium supplies domestically and internationally under the brand name "Kent Marine." Annual sales are approximately \$7 million.

New England Pottery

In February 2004, we acquired substantially all of the assets of New England Pottery Co., Inc., a portfolio company of Heritage Partners. Based in Foxboro, Massachusetts, New England Pottery Co., Inc. markets and sells decorative pottery and seasonal Christmas products. Its proprietary brand names include "New England Pottery" and "GKI/Bethlehem Lighting." Annual sales are approximately \$75 million.

Interpet

In April 2004, we acquired substantially all of the assets of Interpet Limited, a division of Lawrence PLC. Based in Surrey, England, Interpet is a leading manufacturer and supplier of branded aquatic, pond, pet book and pet supplies products in the United Kingdom and the continental European Union. Its proprietary brand names include "Interpet," "Blagdon," "PetSafe," "Pet Love," "Red Rum" and "Mikki." Annual sales are approximately \$30 million.

Budd Seed and "Rebel" and "Palmer's Pride" Brands

In May 2004, we acquired substantially all of the assets of KRB Seed Company, LLC, or "Budd Seed." Based in Winston-Salem, North Carolina, Budd Seed is a leading provider of high-quality grass seed brands directed primarily towards retail outlets under the "Rebel" and "Palmer's Pride" brands. Annual sales are approximately \$17 million with a strong regional presence in the Southeastern United States. Pennington Seed, Inc., one of our subsidiaries, previously maintained a licensing agreement with Budd Seed enabling Pennington to sell the Rebel brand to its customers.

Table of Contents

Energy Savers Unlimited

In August 2004, we acquired substantially all of the assets of Energy Savers Unlimited, Inc. ("ESU"). Based in Southern California, ESU is the market leading U.S. supplier of high intensity and specialty lighting to aquatics, reptile and avian hobbyists. ESU also markets and sells a broad range of reptile, marine, freshwater and avian accessories and consumables to hobbyists and enthusiasts under its proprietary brand names including: "Energy Savers," "Coralife," "Pondlife" and "Birdlife." Annual sales are approximately \$20 million.

Competitive Strengths

We believe we have the following competitive strengths which serve as the foundation of our business strategy:

- *Market Leadership Positions Built on a Strong Brand Portfolio.* We are the leader in the premium branded U.S. pet supplies market and one of the leaders in the U.S. consumer lawn and garden supplies market. We have a diversified portfolio of brands, most of which we believe are among the leading brands in their respective U.S. market categories. The majority of our brands have been marketed and sold for more than 20 years and have developed strong brand name recognition, which creates wide appeal, leads to repeat purchases and provides our retail customers with strong sell-through.
- *Strong Relationships with Retailers.* We have developed strong relationships with major and independent retailers through product innovation, premium brand names, broad product offerings, captive sales and logistics capabilities and a high level of customer service. Major retailers value the efficiency of dealing with a limited number of suppliers with national scope and strong brands. These strengths have made us one of the largest pet supplies vendors to Wal*Mart, PETsMART and PETCO and among the largest lawn and garden supplies vendors to Wal*Mart, Home Depot and Lowe's. We believe our ability to service the rapid growth of large retailers, to meet their unique needs for packaging and point of sale displays, and to offer new innovative products, provide us with a competitive advantage. Independent retailers value our high level of customer service and broad array of high margin, premium branded products, and we believe we are the largest supplier to independent pet supplies retailers in the United States. Recently, our pet sales and logistics business was voted "Distributor of the Year" for the third consecutive year by *Pet Business*, a leading industry publication.
- *Innovative New Products.* We have developed a reputation for introducing innovative and high quality products. We continuously seek to introduce new products at a reasonable price, both as complementary extensions of existing product lines and as new product categories. We have received numerous awards for our new pet products.

In 2004, the American Pet Products Manufacturing Association awarded the following Central brands with its "Best New Product Award": Kaytee received three awards for its new Treatsters™ line of nutritious snack bars for birds and small animals and its new Koi'Choice® Floating Food Sticks for koi pond fish, Oceanic received an award for its patent pending line of Oceanic Natural Sea Salt Mix, Wellmark International received two awards for its innovative line of insect control products for horses and ponies, Nylabone won an award for its innovative Nutrient Edible Dental Chew product, and TFH won an award for its informative "The Simple Guide to" series of Pet books which currently has 15 titles.

In addition, in 2004, we received "Best New Product" awards from Pet Business Magazine for our Kaytee "Fusion" – an innovative daily diet for pet birds; Kaytee's Canopy Scientific "Avian Starter Kit," which includes cleansing products and nutritional and health supplements; and Energy Savers Unlimited for its new "Fresh-Air Habitat," an enclosure for small animals and reptiles.

Pet Product News recognized our Oceanic brand with its 2004 "Editors Choice Award" for its "Oceanic Natural Sea Salt Mix." In addition, Interpet, our wholly owned subsidiary in the United Kingdom, won the "Best New Product" award for its patented internal power filter at the Glee Pet Index International tradeshow in Birmingham, England.

Table of Contents

- *Favorable Industry Characteristics.* The pet and lawn and garden supplies markets have grown, even during recent periods of economic and political uncertainty, and are expected to continue to grow, due to favorable demographic and leisure trends. According to Packaged Facts, retail sales of pet supplies are expected to grow 8.2% annually from \$7.5 billion in 2002 to \$11.1 billion by 2007. The key demographics bolstering our markets are the growth rates in the number of children under 18 and the number of adults over age 55. In particular, the 55–64 age group is projected to grow at a compounded annual growth rate of approximately 4% through 2010. Households with children tend to own more pets, and adults over 55 are more likely to be “empty nesters” who keep pets as companions, and have more disposable income and leisure time available for both pets and garden activities. In addition, we believe economic and political uncertainty tend to increase the proportion of at-home leisure activity compared to travel. Many of our products, such as dog bones, grooming supplies and pest control, are routinely consumed and replenished.
- *Sales and Logistics Networks.* We are a leading supplier to independent specialty retail customers for the pet and lawn and garden supplies markets through our sales and logistics networks. We believe our sales and logistics networks give us a significant competitive advantage over other suppliers that do not have this capability. These networks provide us with key access to independent pet specialty retail stores and retail lawn and garden customers for our branded products, facilitating:
 - acquisition and maintenance of premium shelf placement;
 - prompt product replenishment;
 - customization of retailer programs;
 - quick responses to changing customer and retailer preferences;
 - rapid deployment and feedback for new products; and
 - immediate availability for acquired brands.

We plan to continue to utilize our team of dedicated sales people and our sales and logistics networks to expand sales of our branded products.

- *Experienced and Incentivized Management Team.* Our senior management team has significant experience in the pet and lawn and garden supplies industries. William E. Brown, our Chairman, acquired our predecessor 24 years ago, and Glenn W. Novotny has been our Chief Executive Officer since June 2003 and our President since 1990. Mr. Novotny was previously with Weyerhaeuser Corporation in a variety of management positions for 20 years. Our executive officers also collectively own, individually or in partnership with members of their families, approximately 10% of our common shares.

Business Strategy

Our objective is to increase market share, revenue, cash flow and profitability by enhancing our position as one of the leading companies in the U.S. pet supplies industry and the lawn and garden industry. To achieve our objective, we plan to capitalize on our strengths and the favorable industry trends by implementing the following key elements of our business strategy:

- *Promote Existing Brands.* With our broad product assortment, strong brand names, strong sell-through and innovative products and packaging, we believe we can further strengthen our relationships with existing retailers to increase shelf space and sales. Many retailers are continuing to consolidate their vendor base to focus on a smaller number of large suppliers such as us, particularly in the fragmented pet supplies industry. We believe that the expansion plans of our major customers provide us with a solid foundation for continued growth. We intend to gain market share in the mass market, grocery and specialty pet store channels and add new retailers through our recent addition of marketing and sales personnel dedicated to these channels, as well as our innovative product introductions and packaging.

[Table of Contents](#)

We will continue to focus on using our sales and logistics network to emphasize sales of our higher margin, proprietary brands and to use efficient supply chain capabilities that enable us to provide retailers with high service levels and consistent in-stock positions. In addition, we intend to leverage our existing brands to expand opportunistically into international markets with existing retailers, such as Wal*Mart, and add sales personnel or agents in selected countries.

- *Continue New Product and Packaging Innovation.* We will continue to leverage the strength of our leading brand names by introducing innovative new products and packaging, extending existing product lines and entering new product categories. Our new product strategy seeks to capitalize on our strong brand names, established customer relationships and history of product innovation. Some of the products we have recently introduced include the Mini-Bow 5 and Mini-Bow 2.5 aquariums, All-Glass heaters and lighting and Oceanic's Natural Sea Salt Mix, the Quest Nutrient Edible dog treats from Nylabone, Kaytee's fusion blend of bird food, the Eliminator Pump & Spray private label garden chemical line for Wal*Mart, Easy-Melt de-icer product from Pennington, AMDRO Ant Bloc treatment for the home and the Pre-Strike line of mosquito control products. We have also made investments in our corporate sales and marketing infrastructure in the areas of product development, category management and key account sales support.
- *Continue to Improve Margins.* We believe there is an opportunity to continue to improve our gross and operating margins through increased sales of our higher margin branded products, cost reductions, product innovation and leveraging of our existing infrastructure. We consolidated our sales and logistics centers and made capital improvements to some of our manufacturing facilities to reduce costs and improve manufacturing efficiencies.
- *Pursue Strategic Acquisitions of Branded Companies.* We plan to continue to make selected strategic acquisitions of consumer product companies that complement our existing brands and product offerings. Management has substantial experience in acquiring branded products companies. By leveraging our marketing, manufacturing and sales and logistics capabilities, we believe we can increase the sales and improve the operating efficiencies of acquired companies. We look for companies with the potential to have the top one or two brands in their categories. The characteristics we seek when evaluating target companies are strong brand names, high quality and innovative product offerings, an experienced management team and a history of organic earnings growth. We would expect to finance our acquisitions through a combination of operating cash flows, debt and equity.

Pet Products Business

Overview

We are the leading marketer and producer of premium branded pet supplies in the United States. We believe that most of our brands are the number one or two brands in their respective U.S. market categories. In addition, Pet Products operates the largest sales and logistics network in the industry, which strategically supports its brands. In fiscal 2004, Pet Products accounted for \$568.9 million of our consolidated net sales and income from operations of \$61.4 million before corporate expenses and eliminations.

Industry Background

According to the 2003-2004 APPMA National Pet Owners Survey, pets have become increasingly popular in the United States, with an estimated 62% of U.S. households owning one pet and 46% owning two or more pets in 2002. The pet industry includes pets, food and supplies, and we operate primarily in the higher margin pet supplies segment of the industry. This segment includes products such as dog, cat, bird and small animal toys and treats, collars, leashes, cages, habitats, books, vitamins, supplements, grooming supplies, flea and tick control, aquariums and aquatic supplies. According to Packaged Facts, retail sales of pet supplies were approximately \$7.5 billion in 2002, up 18% from 1998, and are expected to grow 8.2% annually to \$11.1 billion by 2007.

[Table of Contents](#)

We believe this growth is due in significant part to favorable demographic and leisure trends, which we expect to continue. The key demographics bolstering the U.S. pet supplies market are the growth rates in the number of children under 18 and the number of adults over age 55. According to U.S. census data, the 55–64 age group is expected to grow at a compounded annual growth rate of approximately 4% through 2010. Households with children tend to own more pets, and adults over 55 are more likely to be “empty nesters” who keep pets as companions, and have more disposable income and leisure time available for pets. In addition, we believe economic and political uncertainty tend to increase the proportion of at-home leisure activity compared to travel, and many pet supplies products (e.g. dog bones, grooming supplies, pest control, etc.) are routinely consumed and replenished.

The U.S. pet supplies market is highly fragmented with over 2,000 manufacturers, consisting primarily of small companies with a limited product line. Virtually none of these manufacturers have a captive sales and logistics network and must rely on us or other independent distributors to supply their products to regional pet specialty chains and independent retailers.

The pet food and supplies industry retail channel also remains fragmented, with over 15,000 independent pet supply stores in the United States and only two national specialty retailers, PETsMART and PETCO. These two “pet superstores” have been growing rapidly, and pet products have also become a growing category in mass merchandisers, discounters and grocery outlets. PETsMART and PETCO typically offer the broadest product selection with competitive prices and a growing array of pet services. Mass merchandisers, supermarkets and discounters have historically carried a limited product assortment that primarily features pet food. We believe these retailers are devoting more shelf space to meet increased consumer demand for premium pet supplies. Independent pet stores typically have a relatively broad product selection and attempt to differentiate themselves by offering premier brands and knowledgeable service.

Proprietary Branded Pet Products

Our principal pet supplies product lines include the Kaytee line of bird and small animal food, the All-Glass and Oceanic Systems line of aquariums, Kent Marine specialty water conditioners and supplements for aquariums, the Wellmark line of flea, tick and mosquito products and professional insect control products, the TFH line of Nylabone premium dog chews, pet carriers and pet books, the Four Paws’ line of dog, cat, small animal and reptile products, Interpet’s portfolio of dog, cat and equine supplies and books, water gardening supplies and aquatics supplies and Energy Savers Unlimited line of high-end specialty lighting systems and other supplies for the aquatics marketplace. Pet Products has a history of product and packaging innovation and has earned numerous industry awards.

Kaytee. Kaytee was founded in 1892. Kaytee is one of the largest marketers and producers of food for pet birds, wild birds and small animals (e.g. rabbits and hamsters). Kaytee manufactures products primarily under the Kaytee brand name and has a strong history of developing innovative new products, such as the Exact line of pet bird and small animal food. Over the past five years, Kaytee has won approximately 20 industry awards.

All-Glass & Oceanic Aquariums. All-Glass Aquarium was founded in 1967. We are the largest producer of aquariums, terrariums and related lighting systems and furniture in the United States. We sell these products under the All-Glass Aquarium and Oceanic Aquarium brand names. All-Glass Aquarium has been a leader in marketing and popularizing innovative new aquarium products such as bow front technology, mini-bow and upscale aquarium furniture. All-Glass Aquarium has won 12 industry awards in the past five years.

Kent Marine. Based in Georgia, Kent Marine is a leading supplier of saltwater aquarium supplements and conditioners sold domestically and internationally under the brand name Kent Marine.

Wellmark. Wellmark was founded in 1985. Wellmark is a leading marketer and producer of flea, tick, mosquito and other insect control products for both professional end users and consumers. These products are

[Table of Contents](#)

sold primarily under the Zodiac, Altosid, Extinguish and Pre-Strike brand names. Wellmark is the only domestic producer of (S)-Methoprene, which is an active ingredient to control mosquitoes, fleas, ticks, ants and mites in many professional and consumer insect control applications. We also sell (S)-Methoprene to manufacturers of other flea and tick control products, including Frontline Plus. In 2002, Wellmark launched Pre-Strike, a mosquito control product for consumers which kills mosquitoes before they hatch, including those which may transmit the deadly West Nile virus. Wellmark frequently adapts professional products for consumer applications.

TFH. TFH was founded in 1952. TFH is a leading marketer and producer of premium dog chews, edible bones, carriers and other pet products. TFH produces these products primarily under the Nylabone, Dental Chew, Quest and TFH brand names and has a strong history of developing innovative new products, such as the Nylabone Fold-Away Pet Carrier, Nutrident Chew & Brush Edible Bone and numerous dog toys. In addition, TFH is a leading producer of pet books. Over the past five years, TFH has won 18 industry awards.

Four Paws. Four Paws was founded in 1970. Four Paws is a leading marketer of dog, cat, reptile and small animal products in the United States. Four Paws products include Magic Coat shampoos, Wee-Wee Pads, Rough & Rugged hard rubber toys, a complete line of grooming supplies for dogs and cats, animal cages, leashes, collars and accessories. These products are sold under the Four Paws and Pet Select brand names.

Interpet. Based in Surrey, England, Interpet is a leading manufacturer and supplier of branded aquatic, pond, pet book and pet supplies products in the United Kingdom and the continental European Union. Its proprietary brand names include "Interpet," "Blagdon," "PetSafe," "Pet Love," "Red Rum" and "Mikki."

Energy Savers Unlimited. Based in Southern California, Energy Savers Unlimited is the market leading U.S. supplier of high intensity and specialty lighting to aquatics, reptile and avian hobbyists. ESU also markets and sells a broad range of reptile, marine, freshwater and avian accessories and consumables to hobbyists and enthusiasts under its proprietary brand names including: "Energy Savers," "Coralife," "Pondlife" and "Birdlife."

Sales and Logistics Network

Our sales and logistics network, consisting of 10 facilities, exists primarily to promote our proprietary brands and provides us with key access to over 15,000 independent specialty retail stores for our branded products. This includes acquisition and maintenance of premium shelf placement, prompt product replenishment, customization of retailer programs, quick responses to changing customer and retailer preferences, rapid deployment and feedback for new products and immediate exposure for acquired brands. The network also sells many other manufacturers' brands of pet supplies and combines these products with our branded products into single shipments enabling our independent customers to deal with us on a cost effective basis to meet their pet supplies requirements.

Sales and Marketing

Our sales strategy is multi-tiered and designed to capture maximum market share with retailers. Our customers include retailers, such as regional and national specialty pet stores, independent pet retailers, mass merchants and grocery stores, and professionals, such as insect control manufacturers and veterinarians. PETSMART accounted for approximately 10% of Pet Products' net sales in fiscal 2004, 2003 and 2002. PETCO is also a significant customer; however, no other single customer accounted for more than 10% of Pet Products' sales in fiscal years 2004, 2003 and 2002.

To maximize our product placement and visibility in retail stores, we market our products through the following complementary strategies:

- each of our brand groups has a dedicated sales force that focuses on their specific products across all trade channels;
- our sales and logistics network, which includes sales and marketing personnel, focuses on gaining product and program placement at thousands of independent retailers;

Table of Contents

- dedicated account—managers and sales teams for several of our largest customers; and
- independent distributors who sell our brands.

Our marketing strategy is brand, trade channel and customer specific. Our focus is on innovation, premium packaging, product positioning and leveraging our high quality brand names with line extensions. To execute this strategy, we partner closely with our customers to identify their needs, jointly develop strategies to meet those needs, and deliver programs that include newspaper, radio, trade journals, and direct consumer mailings.

Manufacturing

Pet Products currently manufactures the majority of its branded products in 13 manufacturing facilities. In addition, certain of our proprietary branded products are manufactured by contract manufacturers. We have entered into an exclusive arrangement with a third party to manufacture (S)—Methoprene, the active ingredient in our flea and tick products. We have not experienced supply interruptions from this manufacturer in the past, and we maintain an inventory of (S)—Methoprene that we believe is sufficient to sustain our own production if substitute manufacturing capability for (S)—Methoprene should become necessary.

Purchasing

Pet Products purchases most of its raw materials from a number of different suppliers. In addition, we purchase one of the raw materials used to manufacture (S)—Methoprene from a single source of supply. Pet Products maintains an inventory of this raw material (in addition to our (S)—Methoprene inventory) to reduce the possibility of any interruption in the availability of (S)—Methoprene, but a prolonged delay in obtaining (S)—Methoprene or this raw material could result in a temporary delay in product shipments and have an adverse effect on Pet Products' financial results.

The principal raw materials required for Kaytee's bird food manufacturing operations are bulk commodity grains, including millet, milo, wheat and sunflower seeds, which are generally purchased from large national commodity companies and local grain cooperatives. In order to ensure an adequate supply of seed to satisfy expected production volume, Kaytee enters into contracts up to two years in advance to purchase grain and seed at future dates by fixing the quantity, and often the price, at the commitment date.

Competition

The pet supplies industry is highly competitive. Our branded pet products compete against national and regional branded products and private label products produced by various suppliers. Our largest competitors are Hartz and United Pet Group. Pet Products competes primarily on the basis of brand recognition, innovation, upscale packaging, quality and service. Pet Products' sales and logistics operations compete with a number of smaller local and regional distributors, with competition based on product selection, price, service and personal relationships.

Garden Products Business

Overview

We are a leading company in the consumer lawn and garden market in the United States and offer both premium and value-oriented branded products. We market and produce a broad array of premium brands, including Pennington, Rebel, Lofts, Norcal Pottery, New England Pottery, GKI/Bethlehem Lighting, Lilly Miller, Matthews Four Seasons, AMDRO and Grant's. We also market and produce value brands that offer products comparable in quality to premium brands at lower prices, including several of Wal*Mart's private label brands. In addition, Garden Products operates a sales and logistics network that strategically supports its brands. In fiscal 2004, Garden Products accounted for \$697.5 million of our consolidated net sales and income from operations of \$42.9 million before corporate expenses and eliminations.

[Table of Contents](#)

Industry Background

We believe that gardening is one of the most popular leisure activities in the United States, with approximately 80% of all U.S. households, or an estimated 85 million households, participating in one or more lawn and garden activities in 2003. We estimate the retail sales of the lawn and garden supplies industry in the categories in which we participate to be approximately \$50 billion. We believe that the industry will continue to grow over the next several years due to favorable demographic trends. The key demographic bolstering our lawn and garden markets is the growth rate in the number of adults over age 55, who are more likely to be “empty nesters” and have more disposable income and leisure time available for garden activities. As the baby boom generation ages, this segment is expected to grow faster than the total population. According to U.S. census data, the 55–64 age group is expected to grow at a compounded annual growth rate of approximately 4% through 2010. We believe that this demographic should increase the number of lawn and garden product users.

Lawn and garden products are sold to consumers through a number of distribution channels, including home centers, mass merchants, independent nurseries and hardware stores. Home centers and mass merchants often carry one or two premium products and one value brand. Due to the rapid expansion of mass merchants and home centers in the last 15 years, the concentration of purchasing power for the lawn and garden category has increased dramatically. We expect the growth of home centers, such as Home Depot and Lowe’s, and mass merchants, such as Wal*Mart, to continue to concentrate industry distribution.

Proprietary Branded Lawn and Garden Products

Our principal lawn and garden product lines are grass seed, wild bird food, lawn & garden care products, decorative outdoor patio products, Christmas products and lighting and ant control products. We have one of the largest brands in grass seed through Wal*Mart’s private label program; the largest wild bird food product through our Pennington brand; and the leading fire ant bait through our AMDRO brand. We are also a leading marketer of indoor and outdoor pottery products through our Norcal Pottery and New England Pottery brands.

Grass Seed. We are a leading marketer and producer of numerous mixtures and blends of cool and warm season turf grass for both the residential and professional markets, as well as forage and wild game seed mixtures. We sell these products under the Pennington Seed, Pennington, Max-Q, ProSelect, Tournament Quality, MasterTurf, Rebel and Palmer’s Pride brand names. We also produce private label brands of grass seed, including Wal*Mart’s private label grass seed. Recently, the National Turfgrass Evaluation Program evaluated Pennington’s Princess turf type seeded Bermudagrass as the best overall commercially available Bermudagrass. The Pennington grass seed manufacturing facilities are some of the largest and most modern seed conditioning facilities in the industry.

Wild Bird Food Products. We are a leading marketer and producer of wild bird food in the United States. These products are sold primarily under the Pennington brand name. Our wild bird food is treated with Bird-Kote, a nutritious coating made up of vegetable oil, which has been fortified with oil soluble vitamins, and elements needed by wild birds.

Lawn and Garden Chemicals and Fertilizers. We are a leading marketer of lawn and garden weed, moss control and insect control products. We sell these products under the Lilly Miller, IMAGE, and Maxide brand names, the Eliminator private label for Wal*Mart and the Knockout private label for Sam’s Club. We are also a leading marketer of fire ant bait, sold primarily in the southern United States, under the AMDRO brand name. In addition, we market ant baits, animal repellents and garden aid products under the Grant’s brand name. Finally, we manufacture several lines of lawn and garden fertilizers, including granular products and liquid plant foods, soil and mulch under several brands, including Alaska Fish Fertilizer, Pennington, Pro Care and other private and controlled labels.

Decorative Patio and Garden Products. We are a leading marketer of decorative indoor and outdoor pottery products in the United States. We sell these products under the Norcal Pottery and New England Pottery brand

[Table of Contents](#)

names which include terra cotta, stoneware, ceramic and porcelain pots. As a result of our 2004 acquisition of New England Pottery, we now market seasonal Christmas products and lighting under the brand name GKI/Bethlehem Lighting. We also manufacture a complete line of wooden garden products, including planters, barrel fountains, arbors and trellises that are sold under the Matthews Four Seasons brand name. In addition, we have an equity stake in Cedar Works, a leading marketer and producer of bird feeders.

Sales and Logistics Network

Our sales and logistics network, consisting of 28 facilities, exists primarily to promote our proprietary brands and provides us with key access to retail stores for our branded products, acquisition and maintenance of premium shelf placement, prompt product replenishment, customization of retailer programs, quick responses to changing customer and retailer preferences, rapid deployment and feedback for new products, immediate exposure for acquired brands and comprehensive and strategic information. The network also sells other manufacturers' brands of lawn and garden supplies and combines these products with our branded products into single shipments enabling our independent customers to deal with us on a cost effective basis to meet their lawn and garden supplies requirements.

Sales and Marketing

The marketing strategy for our premium products is focused on innovation, upscale packaging, quality and retail shelf placement. The marketing strategy for our value products is focused on promotion of the quality and efficacy of our value brands at a lower cost relative to premium brands. Our customers include retailers, such as mass merchants, home improvement centers, independent lawn and garden nurseries and drug and grocery stores, and professional end users. Pennington also offers a premium line of grass and forage seed for the professional market, such as golf courses, parks and ranchers.

To maximize our product placement and visibility in retail stores, we market our products through the following four complementary strategies:

- dedicated sales forces for each of our brand groups;
- our sales and logistics network, which includes sales and merchandising personnel to service independent retailers on a weekly basis, especially during the prime spring and summer seasons;
- dedicated account-managers and sales teams for several of our largest customers; and
- independent distributors who sell our brands.

Our marketing department develops our consumer and retailer support plans, including cooperative advertising. We also promote our products to consumers and retailers through advertisements in trade journals, magazines and seasonal radio and television commercials.

Manufacturing

Garden Products currently operates 18 manufacturing facilities. In addition, certain of its proprietary branded products are manufactured by contract manufacturers. The primary sales and logistics centers for Pennington's products are located both near the point of manufacture and at strategically located warehousing facilities.

Purchasing

Most of the raw materials purchased by Garden Products are acquired from a number of different suppliers. Garden Products obtains grass seed from various sources. The principal raw materials required for our wild bird food manufacturing operations are bulk grains, including millet, milo, wheat and sunflower seeds, which are

Table of Contents

generally purchased from large national companies and local grain cooperatives. In order to ensure an adequate supply of seed to satisfy expected production volume, Pennington enters into contracts up to five years in advance to purchase grain and seed at future dates by fixing the quantity, and often the price, at the commitment date. See "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" and "Risk Factors." The key ingredients in our fertilizer and insect and weed control products are specialty chemicals including phosphates, urea, potash, herbicides, insecticides and fungicides. Garden Products obtains its raw materials from various sources, which it presently considers to be adequate. No one source is considered to be essential to Garden Products. Garden Products has never experienced a significant interruption of supply.

Competition

The lawn and garden products industry is highly competitive. Our lawn and garden products compete against national and regional products and private label products produced by various suppliers. Our turf and forage grass seed products, fertilizers, pesticides and combination products compete principally against products marketed by Scotts. Since its acquisition of the Ortho line of lawn and garden products from Pharmacia Corporation (formerly Monsanto) in 1999, Scotts' dominant position in the lawn and garden industry has been a significant competitive disadvantage for our similar garden products. Garden Products competes primarily on the basis of its premium and value brands, quality, service, price, low cost manufacturing and strong brand names. Garden Products' sales and logistics operations also compete with a large number of smaller local and regional distributors, with competition based on price, service and personal relationships.

Significant Customers

Wal*Mart represented approximately 20% of Central's net sales in fiscal 2004, 21% in fiscal 2003 and 20% in fiscal 2002 and represented approximately 31% of Garden Products' sales in fiscal 2004, 34% in fiscal 2003 and 31% in fiscal 2002. No other customer accounted for more than 10% of Central's net sales in 2004, 2003 or 2002. Sales to Home Depot represented approximately 15% of Garden Products' sales in 2004 and 2003 and 13% in fiscal 2002. PETsMART represented approximately 10% of Pet Products' net sales in fiscal 2004, 2003 and 2002.

Patents and Other Proprietary Rights

Our branded products companies hold numerous patents in the United States and in other countries, and have several patent applications pending in the United States and in other countries. We consider the development of patents through creative research and the maintenance of an active patent program to be advantageous in the conduct of our business, but we do not regard the holding of any particular patent as essential to our operations. We grant licenses to certain manufacturers and other third parties on various terms and enter into cross-licensing arrangements with other parties.

In addition to patents, we have numerous active ingredient registrations, end-use product registrations and trade secrets, including certain technology used in the Wellmark business for the production of (S)-Methoprene, which has been licensed to us from Novartis. This license is perpetual but non-exclusive. In addition, we have developed certain improvements that are proprietary to us relating to the synthesis of (S)-Methoprene. The success of certain portions of our business, especially our Wellmark business, partly depends on our ability to continue to maintain trade secret information which has been licensed to us, and to keep both licensed and owned trade secret information confidential.

Along with patents, active ingredient registrations, end use product registrations and trade secrets, we own a number of trademarks, service marks, trade names and logotypes. Many of our trademarks are registered but some are not. We are not aware of any reason we cannot continue to use our trademarks, service marks and trade names.

[Table of Contents](#)

Employees

As of September 25, 2004, we had approximately 4,400 employees of which approximately 4,200 were full-time employees and 200 were temporary or part-time employees. We also hire substantial numbers of additional temporary employees for the peak lawn and garden shipping season of February through June to meet the increased demand experienced during the spring and summer months. All of our temporary employees are paid on an hourly basis. Except for certain employees at a Kaytee facility in Rialto, California, none of our employees is represented by a labor union. We consider our relationships with our employees to be good.

Environmental and Regulatory Considerations

Many of the products that we manufacture or distribute are subject to local, state, federal and foreign laws and regulations relating to environmental matters. Such regulations are often complex and are subject to change. In the United States, all products containing pesticides must be registered with the United States Environmental Protection Agency, or EPA, (and in many cases, similar state and/or foreign agencies) before they can be sold. Fertilizer and growing media products are also subject to state and foreign labeling regulations. Grass seed is also subject to state, federal and foreign labeling regulations.

The Food Quality Protection Act, enacted by the U.S. Congress in August 1996, establishes a standard for food-use pesticides, which is that a reasonable certainty of no harm will result from the cumulative effect of pesticide exposures. Under this Act, the EPA is evaluating the cumulative risks from dietary and non-dietary exposures to pesticides. The pesticides in our products, which are also used on foods, will be evaluated by the EPA as part of this non-dietary exposure risk assessment.

In addition, the use of certain pesticide and fertilizer products is regulated by various local, state, federal and foreign environmental and public health agencies. These regulations may include requirements that only certified or professional users apply the product or that certain products be used only on certain types of locations (such as “not for use on sod farms or golf courses”), may require users to post notices on properties to which products have been or will be applied, may require notification of individuals in the vicinity that products will be applied in the future or may ban the use of certain ingredients. We believe we are operating in substantial compliance with, or taking action aimed at ensuring compliance with, these laws and regulations.

Various local, state, federal and foreign environmental laws also impose obligations on various entities to clean up contaminated properties or to pay for the cost of such remediation, often upon parties that did not actually cause the contamination. Accordingly, we may become liable, either contractually or by operation of law, for remediation costs even if the contaminated property is not presently owned or operated by us, or if the contamination was caused by third parties during or prior to our ownership or operation of the property. With our extensive acquisition history, we have acquired a number of manufacturing and distribution facilities. Although we generally conduct Phase I environmental tests in connection with acquisitions, most of these facilities have not been subjected to Phase II environmental tests to determine whether they are contaminated.

Environmental regulations may affect us by restricting the manufacturing or use of our products or regulating their disposal. Regulatory or legislative changes may cause future increases in our operating costs or otherwise affect operations. Although we believe we are and have been in substantial compliance with such regulations and have strict internal guidelines on the handling and disposal of our products, there is no assurance that in the future we may not be adversely affected by such regulations or incur increased operating costs in complying with such regulations. However, neither the compliance with regulatory requirements nor our environmental procedures can ensure that we will not be subject to claims for personal injury, property damages or governmental enforcement. For a discussion of potential environmental issues arising from a fire in our Phoenix sales and logistics facility, please see “Item 3 – Legal Proceedings, *Phoenix Fire*” below.

[Table of Contents](#)

Executive Officers

The following table sets forth the name, age and position of our executive officers as of December 1, 2004.

| <u>Name</u> | <u>Age</u> | <u>Position</u> |
|--------------------------|------------|---|
| William E. Brown | 63 | Chairman of the Board |
| Glenn W. Novotny | 57 | President, Chief Executive Officer and Director |
| Stuart W. Booth | 53 | Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Secretary |
| James V. Heim | 50 | President, Pet Products Division |
| Brooks M. Pennington III | 50 | Chief Executive Officer and President of Pennington Seed, Inc. and Director |

William E. Brown has been our Chairman since 1980. Until June 2003, Mr. Brown also served as our Chief Executive Officer. From 1977 to 1980, Mr. Brown was Senior Vice President of the Vivitar Corporation with responsibility for Finance, Operations, and Research & Development. From 1972 to 1977, he was with McKesson Corporation where he was responsible for its 200-site data processing organization. Prior to joining McKesson Corporation, Mr. Brown spent the first 10 years of his business career at McCormick, Inc. in manufacturing, engineering and data processing.

Glenn W. Novotny has been our Chief Executive Officer since June 2003 and our President since June 1990. Mr. Novotny was President of Weyerhaeuser Garden Supply from 1988 until June 1990. Prior to joining Central, he was with Weyerhaeuser Corporation for 20 years with a wide range of managerial experience including manufacturing, accounting, strategic planning, sales, general management and business turnarounds.

Stuart W. Booth has been our Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Secretary since January 2002. From January 2001 to October 2001, he was Chief Financial Officer of Respond TV, an interactive television infrastructure and services company. From June 1998 until January 2001, Mr. Booth was the Principal Vice President and Treasurer of Bechtel Group, Inc., an international engineering and construction company, where he was responsible for global bank relationships and financial operations including credit, cash management and foreign exchange operations. Prior to working at Bechtel, Mr. Booth was the Senior Vice President, Finance and Development with PG&E Enterprises, the first non-regulated business unit of Pacific Gas and Electric Company.

James V. Heim has been our President, Pet Products Division since August 2004. From June 2002 to February 2004, Mr. Heim was the president and chief executive officer of The Color Factory, a leading designer and manufacturer of domestic and international cosmetic brands. From January 2000 to June 2002, he was the chief executive officer of ExchangeBridge, Inc. a web-based system used by manufacturers and retailers for ordering, cataloging and processing consumer packaged goods. Mr. Heim has also held positions at American Pad & Paper, Procter & Gamble, Polaroid, Maybelline and American Safety Razor.

Brooks M. Pennington III joined Central in February 1998 when we acquired Pennington Seed, Inc. Mr. Pennington has been the President and Chief Executive Officer of Pennington Seed, Inc. since June 1994, and prior thereto, he was the Senior Vice President, Legal, Finance and Administration of Pennington Seed, Inc. Mr. Pennington is not a corporate officer of Central, but because he is the chief executive officer of a principal subsidiary and a director of Central he is deemed to be an executive officer by virtue of the Securities and Exchange Commission rules.

Available Information

Our Web site is <http://www.centralgardenandpet.com>. We make available free of charge, on or through our Web site, our annual, quarterly and current reports, and any amendments to those reports, as soon as reasonably practicable after electronically filing or furnishing such reports with the Securities and Exchange Commission. Information contained on our Web site is not part of this report.

[Table of Contents](#)

Item 2. Properties

We currently operate 31 manufacturing facilities totaling approximately 3,233,000 square feet and 38 sales and logistics facilities totaling approximately 3,433,000 square feet. Most sales and logistics centers consist of office and warehouse space, and several large bays for loading and unloading. Each sales and logistics center provides warehouse, distribution, sales and support functions for its geographic area. Our executive offices are located in Walnut Creek, California.

The table below lists Pet Products' manufacturing and sales and logistics facilities:

| <u>Location</u> | <u>Type of Facility</u> | <u>Owned or Leased</u> |
|----------------------|-------------------------|------------------------|
| Carson, CA | Manufacturing | Leased |
| Rialto, CA | Manufacturing | Owned |
| Sacramento, CA | Sales and Logistics | Leased |
| Santa Fe Springs, CA | Sales and Logistics | Leased |
| Miami, FL | Sales and Logistics | Leased |
| Tampa, FL | Sales and Logistics | Leased |
| Acworth, GA | Manufacturing | Leased |
| Norcross, GA | Sales and Logistics | Leased |
| Abilene, KS | Manufacturing | Owned |
| Mahwah, NJ | Sales and Logistics | Leased |
| Neptune City, NJ | Manufacturing | Leased |
| Hauppauge, NY | Manufacturing | Leased |
| Cressona, PA | Manufacturing | Owned |
| Dallas, TX | Manufacturing | Leased |
| Dallas, TX | Manufacturing | Owned |
| Houston, TX | Sales and Logistics | Leased |
| Algona, WA | Sales and Logistics | Leased |
| Chilton, WI | Manufacturing | Owned |
| Franklin, WI | Manufacturing | Owned |
| Dorking, UK | Manufacturing | Leased |
| Dorking, UK | Sales and Logistics | Leased |
| Manchester, UK | Manufacturing | Leased |
| Somerset, UK | Sales and Logistics | Leased |

The table below lists Garden Products' manufacturing and sales and logistics facilities:

| <u>Location</u> | <u>Type of Facility</u> | <u>Owned or Leased</u> |
|----------------------|-------------------------|------------------------|
| Cullman, AL | Sales and Logistics | Owned |
| Cullman, AL | Sales and Logistics | Leased |
| Roll, AZ | Manufacturing | Owned |
| Yuma, AZ | Manufacturing | Leased |
| El Centro, CA | Manufacturing | Owned |
| Ontario, CA | Sales and Logistics | Leased |
| Orange, CA | Sales and Logistics | Leased |
| Richmond, CA | Sales and Logistics | Leased |
| Sacramento, CA | Sales and Logistics | Leased |
| San Bernardino, CA | Sales and Logistics | Leased |
| San Leandro, CA | Manufacturing | Leased |
| San Leandro, CA | Sales and Logistics | Leased |
| Santa Fe Springs, CA | Sales and Logistics | Leased |
| Stockton, CA | Manufacturing | Leased |
| Longmont, CO | Manufacturing | Owned |

[Table of Contents](#)

| <u>Location</u> | <u>Type of Facility</u> | <u>Owned or Leased</u> |
|-----------------------|-------------------------|------------------------|
| Clearwater, FL | Manufacturing | Leased |
| Orlando, FL (2) | Sales and Logistics | Leased |
| Eatonton, GA | Manufacturing | Owned |
| Eatonton, GA | Sales and Logistics | Leased |
| Madison, GA (2) | Manufacturing | Owned |
| Madison, GA | Manufacturing | Leased |
| Madison, GA | Sales and Logistics | Leased |
| Madison, GA | Sales and Logistics | Owned |
| Shady Dale, GA | Manufacturing | Owned |
| Munster, IN | Sales and Logistics | Leased |
| Foxboro, MA | Sales and Logistics | Leased |
| Taunton, MA | Sales and Logistics | Leased |
| Laurel, MD | Sales and Logistics | Leased |
| Bolivar, MO | Manufacturing | Leased |
| Greenfield, MO (2) | Manufacturing | Owned |
| Greenfield, MO | Sales and Logistics | Owned |
| Winston-Salem, NC | Sales and Logistics | Leased |
| Sidney, NE | Manufacturing | Owned |
| Saddle Brook, NJ | Sales and Logistics | Leased |
| Inland Enterprise, OR | Manufacturing | Owned |
| Lebanon, OR | Manufacturing | Owned |
| Portland, OR | Sales and Logistics | Leased |
| Columbia, SC | Sales and Logistics | Owned |
| Columbia, SC | Sales and Logistics | Leased |
| Grand Prairie, TX | Sales and Logistics | Leased |
| Houston, TX | Sales and Logistics | Leased |
| Kenbridge, VA | Sales and Logistics | Leased |
| Algona, WA | Sales and Logistics | Leased |

We lease 13 of our manufacturing facilities and 34 of our sales and logistics facilities. These leases generally expire between 2005 and 2012. Substantially all of the leases contain renewal provisions with automatic rent escalation clauses. The facilities we own are subject to major encumbrances under our principal credit facility. In addition to the facilities that are owned, our fixed assets are comprised primarily of machinery and equipment, trucks and warehousing, transportation and computer equipment.

Item 3. Legal Proceedings

Central does not believe that the outcome of the following legal proceedings will have a material adverse effect on its results of operations, liquidity or financial position taken as a whole. However, because these proceedings may raise complex factual and legal issues and are subject to uncertainties, Central cannot predict with assurance the outcome of these proceedings. Accordingly, adverse settlements or resolutions may occur and negatively impact earnings or cash flows in the quarter of settlement or resolution.

TFH Litigation. In December 1997, Central acquired all of the stock of TFH Publications, Inc. (“TFH”). In connection with the transaction, Central made a \$10 million loan to the sellers (the “Axelrod Loan”), which was evidenced by a Promissory Note. In September 1998, the prior owners of TFH brought suit against Central and certain executives of Central for damages and relief from their obligations under the Promissory Note, alleging, among other things, that Central’s failure to properly supervise the TFH management team had jeopardized their prospects of achieving certain earnouts. Central believes that these allegations are without merit. Central counterclaimed against the prior owners for enforcement of the Promissory Note, rescission and/or damages and other relief, alleging, among other things, fraud, misrepresentation and breach of fiduciary duty by the prior

Table of Contents

owners of TFH. These actions, *Herbert R. Axelrod and Evelyn Axelrod v. Central Garden & Pet Company*; *Glen S. Axelrod*; *Gary Hersch*; *William E. Brown*; *Robert B. Jones*; *Glenn Novotny*; and *Neill Hines*, Docket No. MON-L-5100-99, and *TFH Publications, Inc. v. Herbert Axelrod et al.*, Docket No. L-2127-99 (consolidated cases), are in the New Jersey Superior Court.

During the course of discovery in this action, Central became aware of certain information which shows that prior to the acquisition of TFH by Central, certain records of TFH were prepared in an inaccurate manner which, among other things, resulted in underpayment of taxes by certain individuals. Those individuals could be liable for back taxes, interest, and penalties. In addition, even though all of the events occurred prior to the acquisition of TFH by Central, there is a possibility that TFH could be liable for penalties for events which occurred under prior management. Central believes that TFH has strong defenses available to the assertion of any penalties against TFH. Central cannot predict whether TFH will be required to pay any such penalties. In the event that TFH were required to pay penalties, Central would seek compensation from the prior owners.

On April 12, 2004, one of the former owners of TFH, Herbert Axelrod, was indicted by a federal grand jury. The two-count federal indictment, which is based on actions taken by Herbert Axelrod before Central acquired TFH, charges Herbert Axelrod with conspiracy to defraud the United States Internal Revenue Service and aiding and abetting the filing of false tax returns by a former Vice President of TFH. In April 2004, Herbert Axelrod failed to appear for his arraignment, and a federal warrant was issued for his arrest. According to press reports and other information, he has subsequently been arrested in Germany, has been extradited to the United States, and he is being held in jail in New Jersey pending further proceedings before the U.S. federal court. Central has information that Herbert Axelrod has liquidated and transferred assets out of the United States. The status of Herbert Axelrod and his assets has raised questions, which cannot presently be answered, about Central's ability to collect on any of its claims against Herbert Axelrod or the Axelrod Loan. Central intends to continue pursuing its claims against Mr. Axelrod. If Central is unsuccessful in its claims against Mr. Axelrod regarding the Axelrod Loan or is unable to collect any judgment awarded, Central would be required to write-off the Axelrod Loan, which would result in a non-cash charge against its future earnings. The Axelrod Loan is currently carried on the financial statements of Central as an "Other Asset" in the amount of \$10.2 million.

Scotts Litigation. On June 30, 2000, The Scotts Company filed suit against Central to collect the purchase price of certain lawn and garden products previously sold to Central. See *The Scotts Company v. Central Garden & Pet Company*, Docket No. C2 00-755 (U.S. Dist Ct. N.D. Ohio). Central filed its answer and a counter complaint asserting various claims for breaches of contracts.

In April 2002, trial occurred on the claims and counterclaims of the parties (excluding one oral contract claim that was severed from the remainder of the case). The net verdict was in favor of Scotts in the amount of \$10.4 million which had previously been recorded as an obligation by the Company. Scotts and Central filed post-trial motions. In a March 20, 2003 order, the district court denied Scotts' motion for attorneys' fees, granted Scotts' motion to set aside \$750,000 of the jury amount awarded to Central, denied Central's motion for a new trial, granted Central's motion for prejudgment interest, and granted in part and denied in part Scotts' motion for prejudgment interest. The court directed each party to re-determine the amount of their respective interest claims in light of the Court's ruling and to submit their respective determinations. On July 11, 2003, the Court issued an order resolving the remaining prejudgment interest issues and directing the parties to submit calculations in accordance with its decision. Pursuant to this order, the Court awarded prejudgment interest to Scotts in the net amount of \$2.8 million. On October 3, 2003, Central and Scotts settled the oral contract claim that had previously been severed from the remainder of the case. Pursuant to the settlement, Scotts reduced the judgment amount by \$300,000. Central and Scotts have appealed different aspects of the prior judgment and post-judgment orders but no date has yet been set for oral argument. In connection with the appeal, Central has paid approximately \$15 million into an escrow account, which is reported as restricted investments in the accompanying balance sheet as of September 25, 2004.

Phoenix Fire. On August 2, 2000, a fire destroyed Central's leased warehouse space in Phoenix, Arizona, and an adjoining warehouse space leased by a third party. On July 31, 2001, the adjoining warehouse tenant filed

[Table of Contents](#)

a lawsuit against Central and other parties in the Superior Court of Arizona, Maricopa County, seeking to recover \$47 million for property damage from the fire. See *Cardinal Health Inc., et al. v. Central Garden & Pet Company, et al.*, Civil Case No. CV2001-013152. Local residents also filed a purported class action lawsuit alleging claims for bodily injury and property damage as a result of the fire. This class action lawsuit has now been settled as to all parties, and has received Court approval. As part of the settlement, Central's liability insurers paid \$7,825,000 on behalf of Central in May 2004. The building owner and several nearby businesses have also filed lawsuits for property damage and business interruption, which are being coordinated with the remaining tenant lawsuit. Each of these lawsuits is currently pending in the Superior Court of Arizona, Maricopa County. Four of the business interruption lawsuits have been settled for amounts totaling approximately \$680,000, paid by Central's insurers. The Arizona Department of Environmental Quality, after monitoring the cleanup operations and asking Central, the building owner and the adjoining warehouse tenant to assess whether the fire and fire suppression efforts may have caused environmental impacts to soil, groundwater and/or surface water, has now issued a letter stating that Central need take no further action at the site with respect to environmental issues. In early 2001, the EPA requested information relating to the fire. On July 17, 2002, the EPA informed Central that it intended to file a civil administrative complaint seeking penalties of up to \$350,000 for certain alleged post-fire reporting violations. Central and the EPA have settled those allegations for \$65,000. The overall amount of the damages to all parties caused by the fire, and the overall amount of damages which Central may sustain as a result of the fire, have not been quantified. At the time of the fire, Central maintained property insurance covering losses to the leased premises, Central's inventory and equipment, and loss of business income. Central also maintained insurance providing \$51 million of coverage (with no deductible) against third party liability. Central believes that this insurance coverage will be available with respect to third party claims against Central if parties other than Central are not found responsible. The precise amount of the damages sustained in the fire, the ultimate determination of the parties responsible and the availability of insurance coverage are likely to depend on the outcome of complex litigation, involving numerous claimants, defendants and insurance companies.

Item 4. Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders

None.

PART II**Item 5. Market for the Registrant's Common Equity, Related Stockholder Matters and Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities**

Our common stock has been traded on the Nasdaq National Market under the symbol CENT since our initial public offering on July 15, 1993. The following table sets forth, for the periods indicated, the highest and lowest closing sale prices for our common stock, as reported by the Nasdaq National Market.

| | <u>High</u> | <u>Low</u> |
|--------------------|-------------|------------|
| Fiscal 2003 | | |
| First Quarter | \$20.21 | \$17.11 |
| Second Quarter | 24.90 | 18.32 |
| Third Quarter | 25.00 | 21.64 |
| Fourth Quarter | 29.11 | 23.27 |
| Fiscal 2004 | | |
| First Quarter | \$28.15 | \$25.57 |
| Second Quarter | 37.49 | 27.94 |
| Third Quarter | 38.89 | 34.04 |
| Fourth Quarter | 35.77 | 28.19 |

As of September 25, 2004, there were approximately 142 holders of record of our common stock and 7 holders of record of our Class B stock.

We have not paid any cash dividends on our common stock in the past. We currently intend to retain any earnings for use in our business and do not anticipate paying any cash dividends on our common stock in the foreseeable future. In addition, our credit facility and senior subordinated notes restrict our ability to pay dividends. See Note 6 of the notes to our consolidated financial statements.

We did not repurchase any of our equity securities during the fiscal year ended September 25, 2004.

[Table of Contents](#)

Item 6. Selected Financial Data

The following selected statement of operations and balance sheet data as of and for the fiscal years ended September 30, 2000, September 29, 2001, September 28, 2002, September 27, 2003 and September 25, 2004 have been derived from our audited consolidated financial statements. The financial data set forth below should be read in conjunction with our consolidated financial statements and related notes thereto in "Item 8 – Financial Statements and Supplementary Data" and "Item 7 – Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" included elsewhere herein.

| | Fiscal Year Ended | | | | |
|--|--|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| | September 30, 2000 | September 29, 2001 | September 28, 2002 | September 27, 2003 | September 25, 2004 |
| | (in thousands, except per share amounts) | | | | |
| Statement of Operations Data: | | | | | |
| Net sales (1) | \$ 1,350,878 | \$ 1,122,999 | \$ 1,077,780 | \$ 1,145,001 | \$ 1,266,526 |
| Cost of goods sold and occupancy | 1,037,701 | 811,186 | 757,437 | 811,562 | 882,227 |
| Gross profit | 313,177 | 311,813 | 320,343 | 333,439 | 384,299 |
| Selling, general and administrative expenses | 274,077 | 297,751 | 267,579 | 261,098 | 302,227 |
| Other charges (2) | 27,156 | — | — | — | — |
| Income from operations | 11,944 | 14,062 | 52,764 | 72,341 | 82,072 |
| Interest expense, net | (22,551) | (23,083) | (14,608) | (19,202) | (17,753) |
| Other income | 1,176 | 1,631 | 5,548 | 2,522 | 2,023 |
| Income (loss) before income taxes and cumulative effect of accounting change | (9,431) | (7,390) | 43,704 | 55,661 | 66,342 |
| Income taxes | 4,053 | (247) | 15,159 | 21,020 | 24,992 |
| Income (loss) before cumulative effect of accounting change | (13,484) | (7,143) | 28,545 | 34,641 | 41,350 |
| Cumulative effect of accounting change, net of tax (3) | — | — | (112,237) | — | — |
| Net income (loss) | \$ (13,484) | \$ (7,143) | \$ (83,692) | \$ 34,641 | \$ 41,350 |
| Basic income (loss) per common equivalent share: | | | | | |
| Before cumulative effect of accounting change | \$ (0.72) | \$ (0.39) | \$ 1.54 | \$ 1.79 | \$ 2.06 |
| Cumulative effect of accounting change | — | — | (6.04) | — | — |
| Basic income (loss) per common equivalent share | \$ (0.72) | \$ (0.39) | \$ (4.50) | \$ 1.79 | \$ 2.06 |
| Diluted income (loss) per common equivalent share: | | | | | |
| Before cumulative effect of accounting change | \$ (0.72) | \$ (0.39) | \$ 1.44 | \$ 1.73 | \$ 1.99 |
| Cumulative effect of accounting change | — | — | (4.88) | — | — |
| Diluted income (loss) per common equivalent share | \$ (0.72) | \$ (0.39) | \$ (3.44) | \$ 1.73 | \$ 1.99 |
| Weighted average shares used in the computation of income (loss) per common equivalent share: | | | | | |
| Basic | 18,786 | 18,402 | 18,581 | 19,327 | 20,036 |
| Diluted | 18,786 | 18,402 | 23,009 | 20,081 | 20,801 |

[Table of Contents](#)

| | Fiscal Year Ended | | | | |
|--|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| | September 30, 2000 | September 29, 2001 | September 28, 2002 | September 27, 2003 | September 25, 2004 |
| | (in thousands) | | | | |
| Other Data: | | | | | |
| Depreciation and amortization | \$ 26,035 | \$ 28,362 | \$ 17,616 | \$ 17,878 | \$ 18,516 |
| Capital expenditures | \$ 16,663 | \$ 13,888 | \$ 10,907 | \$ 17,958 | \$ 18,264 |
| Cash from operating activities | \$ 40,076 | \$ 38,814 | \$ 72,813 | \$ 51,202 | \$ 64,414 |
| Cash used in investing activities | \$ (51,069) | \$ (32,165) | \$ (10,907) | \$ (22,572) | \$ (192,147) |
| Cash from (used in) financing activities | \$ 8,661 | \$ (4,042) | \$ (59,314) | \$ 38,090 | \$ 62,214 |
| Ratio of earnings to fixed charges (4) | — | — | 3.81 | 3.59 | 4.36 |

| | September 30, 2000 | September 29, 2001 | September 28, 2002 | September 27, 2003 | September 25, 2004 |
|----------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------|
| | (in thousands) | | | | |
| Balance Sheet Data: | | | | | |
| Cash | \$ 5,685 | \$ 8,292 | \$ 10,884 | \$ 77,604 | \$ 12,221 |
| Working capital | 119,021 | 110,990 | 154,017 | 302,865 | 292,954 |
| Total assets | 945,311 | 916,626 | 731,957 | 829,098 | 960,197 |
| Total debt | 282,758 | 278,098 | 212,899 | 250,253 | 305,800 |
| Shareholders' equity | 461,840 | 455,315 | 377,508 | 425,096 | 476,796 |

- (1) Sales fluctuations for fiscal years 2000 and 2001 were related primarily to the termination of our distribution arrangement with The Scotts Company.
- (2) Other charges in fiscal 2000 includes charges resulting from workforce reductions, employee benefit obligations, facility closures, and asset impairments due to the termination of our distribution arrangement with The Scotts Company and other anticipated sales decreases in our sales and logistics businesses.
- (3) The cumulative effect of accounting change in fiscal year 2002 related to the adoption of SFAS No. 142, "Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets", as described in Note 5 to the consolidated financial statements.
- (4) For the purposes of determining the ratio of earnings to fixed charges, earnings consist of income (loss) before income taxes and cumulative effect of accounting change, excluding income and losses associated with equity investees, and before fixed charges. Fixed charges consist of interest expense, the portion of rental expense under operating leases deemed by management to be representative of the interest factor and amortization of deferred financing costs. In the fiscal years ended September 30, 2000 and September 29, 2001, our fixed charges exceeded the sum of our earnings and fixed charges by \$10.6 million and \$9.0 million, respectively.

Item 7. Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

The following discussion should be read in conjunction with our consolidated financial statements and the related notes and other financial information appearing elsewhere in this Form 10–K. This Form 10–K contains forward–looking statements that involve risks and uncertainties. Our actual results may differ materially from those indicated in forward–looking statements. See “Forward–Looking Statements.”

Overview

Central Garden & Pet Company is a leading innovator, marketer and producer of quality branded products for the pet and lawn and garden supplies markets. We are one of the largest companies in the fragmented, \$7.5 billion U.S. pet supplies industry and in the \$50 billion U.S. lawn and garden and related supplies industry. Our pet products include pet bird and small animal food, aquarium products, flea, tick, mosquito and other insect control products, edible bones, cages, carriers, pet books, and other dog, cat, reptile and small animal products. These products are sold under a number of brand names, including Kaytee, All–Glass Aquarium, Oceanic, Zodiac, Pre–Strike, Altosid, Nylabone, TFH, Four Paws Kent Marine, Interpet and Energy Savers Unlimited. Our lawn and garden products include grass seed, wild bird food, weed and insect control products, decorative outdoor patio products, Christmas products and lighting and ant control products. These products are sold under a number of brand names, including Pennington, Norcal Pottery, New England Pottery, GKI/Bethlehem Lighting, Lilly Miller, Matthews Four Seasons, AMDRO and Grant’s. In fiscal 2004, consolidated net sales were \$1.27 billion, of which our pet products segment, or Pet Products, accounted for \$568.9 million and our lawn and garden products segment, or Garden Products, accounted for \$697.5 million. In fiscal 2004, income from operations was \$82.1 million, of which Pet Products accounted for \$61.4 million and Garden Products accounted for \$42.9 million, before corporate expenses and eliminations of \$22.2 million.

Background

We transitioned our company to a leading marketer and producer of branded products from a traditional pet and lawn and garden supplies distributor. We made this transition because we recognized the opportunity to build a portfolio of leading brands and improve profitability by capitalizing on our knowledge of the pet and lawn and garden supplies sectors, our strong relationships with retailers, and our nationwide sales and logistics network. Our goal was to diversify our business and improve operating margins by establishing a portfolio of leading brands. Since 1997, we have acquired numerous branded products companies and product lines, including Wellmark and Four Paws in fiscal 1997; Kaytee Products, TFH and Pennington Seed in fiscal 1998; Norcal Pottery in fiscal 1999; AMDRO and All–Glass Aquarium in fiscal 2000; Lilly Miller in fiscal 2001; Alaska Fish Fertilizer in fiscal 2002 and Kent Marine, New England Pottery, Interpet, KRB Seed Company, (dba Budd’s Seed), and Energy Savers Unlimited in fiscal 2004.

While expanding our branded products business, we experienced adverse events in our distribution business. From 1995 to 1999, we were the master distributor of Round Up and Ortho. In January 1999, The Scotts Company, one of our largest distribution suppliers at the time, acquired Ortho and became the marketing agent for Round Up. In July 2000, Scotts terminated its relationship with us. Subsequently, we downsized our distribution operations and integrated these sales and logistics networks into our pet and lawn and garden products businesses to allow us to focus resources and provide strategic sales support for our brands.

Virtually all of our sales before fiscal 1997 were from distributing other manufacturers’ products. Since then, our branded product sales have grown to approximately \$959 million, or approximately 76% of total sales, in fiscal 2004. During this same period, our sales of other manufacturers’ products have declined to approximately 24% of total sales, and our gross profit margins have improved from 13.6% in fiscal 1996 to 30.3% in fiscal 2004.

[Table of Contents](#)

Recent Developments

We completed six acquisitions during the fiscal year ended September 25, 2004. Pro forma results of operations have not been presented for any of the acquisitions because the effects of these acquisitions were not material to Central's operating results either individually, or in the aggregate. The consolidated financial statements include the effects of these acquired businesses from the dates of acquisition.

These acquisitions are summarized as follows:

| | |
|--|----------------|
| Consideration paid (including transaction costs) | \$ 159,000,000 |
| Net tangible assets acquired | \$ 40,000,000 |
| Other intangible assets acquired | \$ 4,000,000 |
| Goodwill | \$ 115,000,000 |

In the aggregate, these acquisitions contributed \$74 million in revenue in fiscal 2004 and \$9 million in operating income. Each acquisition was accounted for as a purchase.

Results of Operations

The following table sets forth, for the periods indicated, the relative percentages that certain income and expense items bear to net sales:

| | Fiscal Year Ended | | |
|--|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| | September 28, 2002 | September 27, 2003 | September 25, 2004 |
| Net sales | 100.0% | 100.0% | 100.0% |
| Cost of goods sold and occupancy | 70.3 | 70.9 | 69.7 |
| Gross profit | 29.7 | 29.1 | 30.3 |
| Selling, general and administrative | 24.8 | 22.8 | 23.8 |
| Income from operations | 4.9 | 6.3 | 6.5 |
| Interest expense, net | (1.4) | (1.7) | (1.4) |
| Other income | 0.5 | 0.2 | 0.2 |
| Income taxes | (1.4) | (1.8) | (2.0) |
| Income before cumulative effect of accounting change | 2.6 | 3.0 | 3.3 |
| Cumulative effect of accounting change, net of tax | (10.4) | — | — |
| Net income (loss) | (7.8)% | 3.0% | 3.3% |

Fiscal 2004 Compared to Fiscal 2003

Net Sales

Net sales for fiscal 2004 increased \$121.5 million, or 10.6%, to \$1,266.5 million from \$1,145.0 million in fiscal 2003. This was due primarily to a \$96.7 million, or 11.2%, increase in our branded product sales of which \$73.8 million related to our fiscal 2004 acquisitions and \$22.9 million related to organic sales growth. Sales of our own branded products represented 76% of our total sales in fiscal 2004.

Garden Products' sales for fiscal 2004 increased \$54.2 million, or 8.4%, to \$697.5 million from \$643.3 million in fiscal 2003. In fiscal 2004, our garden branded product sales increased to \$528.1 million from \$481.6 million in fiscal 2003, and sales of other manufacturers' products increased to \$169.4 million from \$161.7 million in fiscal 2003. The increased sales of our garden branded products were due primarily to \$51.7 million of sales from our fiscal 2004 acquisitions of New England Pottery and Budd Seed, partially offset by a decline in grass seed sales of approximately \$8 million due to unseasonable weather conditions impacting demand at the retail level and a strong comparable in fiscal 2003.

[Table of Contents](#)

Pet Products' sales for fiscal 2004 increased \$67.3 million, or 13.4%, to \$568.9 million from \$501.7 million in fiscal 2003. Pet branded product sales increased to \$431.4 million in fiscal 2004 from \$381.2 million in fiscal 2003, and sales of other manufacturers' products increased to \$137.5 million in fiscal 2004 from \$120.5 million in fiscal 2003. The increased sales of our pet branded products were due primarily to \$22.1 million of sales from our fiscal 2004 acquisitions of Kent Marine, Interpet and ESU and increased organic sales of \$28.1 million related to aquarium and insect control products.

Gross Profit

Gross profit increased \$50.9 million, or 15.3%, from \$333.4 million in fiscal 2003 to \$384.3 million in fiscal 2004. Pet Products' gross profit increased \$24.9 million, or 14.4% and Garden Products' gross profit increased \$26.0 million, or 16.1%. Gross profit as a percentage of net sales increased to 30.3% in fiscal 2004 from 29.1% in fiscal 2003, reflecting increases from 34.5% to 34.8% in Pet Products and from 24.9% to 26.7% in Garden Products. These gross profit increases were due primarily to the \$31 million contribution from fiscal 2004 acquisitions and the restoration of wild bird feed product margins, which increased \$8 million, to more normal levels and a shift in product mix to higher margin products. Our gross margins may not be comparable to those of other entities since some entities include all of their distribution costs in cost of goods sold and others exclude a portion of them from gross margin and include them in an operating expense line item below the gross profit line.

Selling, General and Administrative

Selling, general and administrative expenses increased \$41.1 million, or 15.8%, from \$261.1 million in fiscal 2003 to \$302.2 million in fiscal 2004. The increase was due primarily to increased selling and administrative cost elements. As a percentage of net sales, selling, general and administrative expenses increased from 22.8% during fiscal 2003 to 23.8% during fiscal 2004.

Selling and delivery expenses increased by \$21.1 million, or 15.6%, from \$135.4 million in fiscal 2003 to \$156.5 million in fiscal 2004. The increase was due primarily to \$13.4 million from fiscal 2004 acquisitions and the fiscal 2004 organic sales increase, which led to increased selling and delivery expenses. Selling and delivery expenses as a percentage of net sales increased from 11.8% in fiscal 2003 to 12.4% in fiscal 2004 driven primarily by increased fuel and freight costs.

Facilities expenses increased \$0.9 million from \$10.4 million in fiscal 2003 to \$11.3 million in fiscal 2004. The increase was due primarily to \$0.4 million from our fiscal 2004 acquisitions and \$0.3 million in shutdown costs of a pet manufacturing facility.

Warehouse and administrative expenses increased \$19.1 million, or 16.6%, from \$115.3 million in fiscal 2003 to \$134.4 million in fiscal 2004. Garden Products increased \$10.2 million, Pet Products increased \$6.4 million and Corporate increased \$2.5 million. The increase was due primarily to \$8.5 million from our fiscal 2004 acquisitions, a \$3.5 million increase in salaries and wages and \$2.1 million in professional fees incurred for unsuccessful acquisitions.

Other Income

Other income decreased \$0.5 million from \$2.5 million in fiscal 2003 to \$2.0 million in fiscal 2004. Earnings from equity method investments decreased due primarily to an underperforming investment in a distribution company, partially offset by earnings from an investment made in the fourth quarter of fiscal 2003.

Interest Expense

Net interest expense decreased \$1.4 million, or 7.5%, from \$19.2 million in fiscal 2003 to \$17.8 million in fiscal 2004. The decrease was due primarily to \$1.8 million of fees and expenses incurred in fiscal 2003

[Table of Contents](#)

associated with the early retirement of our 6% convertible subordinated notes in January 2003 and the refinancing of our senior credit facility in May 2003. The impact of the increase in total long-term debt during fiscal 2004 was offset by a slightly lower effective interest rate due to converting \$75 million of our fixed rate 9¹/₈% senior subordinated notes to a floating rate.

Average borrowings for fiscal 2004 were \$283.3 million compared to \$240.8 million in fiscal 2003, primarily as a result of increased borrowings to finance acquisitions during fiscal 2004. The average interest rates for fiscal 2004 and 2003 were 5.7% and 6.6%, respectively.

Income Taxes

Our effective income tax rate in fiscal 2004 was 37.7% compared with 37.8% in fiscal 2003. Our fiscal 2004 combined federal and state statutory tax rate was approximately 38.1% as compared to 39.2% in fiscal 2003. The difference between the combined statutory tax rate and the effective tax rate in fiscal 2004 was due to utilization of state income tax credits and the impact of non-US tax rates at our U.K. based subsidiary. In fiscal 2003 the difference was due primarily to utilization of state income tax credits.

Fiscal 2003 Compared to Fiscal 2002

Net Sales

Net sales for fiscal 2003 increased \$67.2 million, or 6.2%, to \$1,145.0 million from \$1,077.8 million in fiscal 2002. This was due primarily to a \$65 million, or 8%, increase in our branded product sales. All branded product sales growth was organic. Sales of our own branded products represented 75% of our total sales in fiscal 2003.

Garden Products' sales for fiscal 2003 increased \$36.6 million, or 6.0%, to \$643.3 million from \$606.7 million in fiscal 2002. In fiscal 2003, our garden branded product sales increased to \$481.6 million from \$442.2 million in fiscal 2002, partially offset by a \$2.7 million decrease in the sales of other manufacturers' products in fiscal 2003 to \$161.7 million from \$164.5 million in fiscal 2002. The largest factors contributing to the sales increase of our garden branded products were increased sales of our grass seed of approximately \$9 million, wild bird food of approximately \$8 million and ant control products of approximately \$6 million.

Pet Products' sales for fiscal 2003 increased \$30.6 million, or 6.5%, to \$501.7 million from \$471.1 million in fiscal 2002. Pet branded product sales increased to \$381.2 million in fiscal 2003 from \$355.3 million in fiscal 2002, and sales of other manufacturers' products increased to \$120.5 million in fiscal 2003 from \$115.8 million in fiscal 2002. The increased sales of our pet branded products were due primarily to increased sales of our insect control products of approximately \$8 million, including Pre-Strike, our new consumer mosquito control product, increased bird food sales of approximately \$11 million, and increased aquarium sales of approximately \$5 million.

Gross Profit

Gross profit increased \$13.1 million, or 4.1%, from \$320.3 million in fiscal 2002 to \$333.4 million in fiscal 2003. Pet Products' gross profit increased \$5.3 million, or 3.2%, reflecting increased gross profit from sales of our own branded products and increased margin for other manufacturers' products. Garden Products' gross profit increased \$7.8 million, or 5.1%, reflecting increased sales of our own branded products.

Gross profit as a percentage of net sales decreased to 29.1% in fiscal 2003 from 29.7% in fiscal 2002, reflecting decreases from 35.6% to 34.5% in Pet Products and from 25.2% to 24.9% in Garden Products. The decline in gross margin was due primarily to the impact of higher than normal grain prices caused by the 2002 drought in the Plains states, partially offset by increased sales of our higher-margin branded products.

[Table of Contents](#)

Selling, General and Administrative

Selling, general and administrative expenses decreased \$6.5 million, or 2.4%, from \$267.6 million in fiscal 2002 to \$261.1 million in fiscal 2003. The decrease was due primarily to decreased administrative costs, partially offset by increased selling and delivery expenses. As a percentage of net sales, selling, general and administrative expenses decreased from 24.8% during fiscal 2002 to 22.8% during fiscal 2003.

Selling and delivery expenses increased by \$11.9 million, or 9.6%, from \$123.5 million in fiscal 2002 to \$135.4 million in fiscal 2003. The increase was due primarily to increased sales and higher advertising expenses. Selling and delivery expenses as a percentage of net sales increased from 11.5% in fiscal 2002 to 11.8% in fiscal 2003. Advertising expenses included an aggressive advertising campaign for the launch of Pre-Strike and a significantly increased consumer advertising campaign for our fire ant bait brand.

Facilities expenses decreased \$1.1 million from \$11.5 million in fiscal 2002 to \$10.4 million in 2003. The decrease was shared by both Pet Products and Garden Products due to the decreased number of sales and logistics centers and shutdown costs that were absorbed in fiscal 2002.

Warehouse and administrative expenses decreased \$17.3 million, or 13.0%, from \$132.6 million in fiscal 2002 to \$115.3 million in fiscal 2003. Garden Products decreased \$3.0 million, Pet Products decreased \$6.1 million and Corporate decreased \$8.2 million. The decreases were due primarily to a \$10.4 million reduction in legal and litigation expenses and \$3.4 million in reduced costs due to the impact of facility closures in fiscal 2002. Additionally, increased sales and inventory levels in fiscal 2003 reduced the amount of purchasing, merchandise, handling and storage costs charged to warehouse and administration expense and instead included as inventory costs. These decreases were offset partially by increased health care and workers compensation insurance expenses.

Other Income

Other income decreased \$3.0 million from \$5.5 million in fiscal 2002 to \$2.5 million in fiscal 2003. The decrease was due primarily to \$6 million of life insurance proceeds, partially offset by a \$2.8 million write-off of goodwill associated with an unsuccessful equity method investment, recorded in fiscal 2002. Earnings from equity method investments were \$2.5 million in fiscal 2003 compared with \$2.3 million in fiscal 2002.

Interest Expense

Net interest expense increased \$4.6 million, or 31.5%, from \$14.6 million in fiscal 2002 to \$19.2 million in fiscal 2003. Of this increase, \$1.8 million represented fees and expenses associated with the early retirement of our 6% convertible subordinated notes in January 2003 and the refinancing of our senior credit facility in May 2003. The remainder of the increase was due primarily to higher interest expense associated with the issuance in January 2003 of our \$150 million 9 ¹/₈ percent Senior Subordinated Notes due 2013.

Average borrowings for fiscal 2003 were \$240.8 million compared to \$260.6 million in fiscal 2002. The average interest rates for fiscal 2003 and 2002 were 6.6% and 5.2%, respectively.

Income Taxes

Our effective income tax rate in fiscal 2003 was 37.8% compared with 34.7% in fiscal 2002, before the cumulative effect of accounting change. Our combined federal and state statutory tax rate is approximately 39.2%. The difference between the combined statutory tax rate and the effective tax rate in fiscal 2003 was due primarily to utilization of state income tax credits and in fiscal 2002 was due primarily to non-taxable insurance proceeds.

[Table of Contents](#)

Inflation

The results of operations and financial condition are presented based upon historical cost. While it is difficult to accurately measure the impact of inflation, we believe that the effects of inflation on our operations have been immaterial.

Weather and Seasonality

Historically, our sales of lawn and garden products have been influenced by weather and climate conditions in the different markets we serve. Additionally, Garden Products' business has historically been highly seasonal. In fiscal 2004, approximately 63% of Garden Products' net sales and 58% of our total net sales occurred in the second and third fiscal quarters. Substantially all of Garden Products' operating income is typically generated in this period, which has historically offset the operating loss incurred during the first fiscal quarter of the year.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

We have financed our growth through a combination of bank borrowings, supplier credit, internally generated funds and sales of equity and debt securities to the public.

Historically, our lawn and garden business has been seasonal and our working capital requirements and capital resources tracked closely to this seasonal pattern. During the first fiscal quarter, accounts receivable reach their lowest level while inventory, accounts payable and short-term borrowings begin to increase. During the second fiscal quarter, receivables, accounts payable and short-term borrowings begin to increase, reflecting the build-up of inventory and related payables in anticipation of the peak lawn and garden selling season. During the third fiscal quarter, inventory levels remain relatively constant while accounts receivable peak and short-term borrowings start to decline as cash collections are received during the peak selling season. During the fourth fiscal quarter, inventory levels are at their lowest, and accounts receivable and payables are substantially reduced through conversion of receivables to cash. As a result of the reduction in sales of garden products manufactured by other parties as a percentage of overall sales, this seasonal pattern has become somewhat less significant.

We service two broad markets: pet supplies and lawn and garden supplies. Our pet supplies businesses involve products that have a year round selling cycle with very little change quarter to quarter. As a result, it is not necessary to carry large quantities of inventory to meet peak demands. Additionally, this level sales cycle eliminates the need for manufacturers to give extended credit terms to either distributors or retailers. On the other hand, our lawn and garden businesses are highly seasonal with approximately 63% of Garden Products' aggregate sales occurring during the second and third fiscal quarters. For many manufacturers of garden products, this seasonality requires them to move large quantities of their product well ahead of the peak selling periods. To encourage distributors to carry large amounts of inventory, industry practice has been for manufacturers to give extended credit terms and/or promotional discounts.

Cash provided by operating activities increased \$13.2 million from \$51.2 million in fiscal 2003 to \$64.4 million in fiscal 2004. The increase was primarily attributable to increased income and decreased inventory levels, partially offset by decreased prepaid income taxes that increased operating cash in fiscal 2003. Decreased inventory levels were due primarily to managed efforts to decrease grass seed inventories in response to the decrease in grass seed sales in fiscal 2004.

Net cash used in investing activities increased \$169.6 million due primarily to \$158.9 million of cash paid for fiscal 2004 acquisitions.

Net cash provided by financing activities increased \$24.1 million due to the \$55 million of net proceeds borrowed on our \$125 million line of credit. In January 2003, we issued \$150 million of 9¹/₈% senior subordinated notes due 2013.

[Table of Contents](#)

In May 2003, we closed a \$200 million senior secured credit facility consisting of a five-year \$100 million revolving credit facility and a six-year \$100 million term loan. In March 2004, we amended the facility to increase the maximum amount available under the revolving credit portion by \$25 million to \$125 million and to include the option to borrow in Euros, Canadian Dollars and Pounds Sterling. Interest on the term loan is based on a rate equal to LIBOR + 2.25% or the prime rate plus 0.75%, at our option. Interest on the revolving credit facility is based on a rate equal to prime plus a margin, which fluctuates from 0.25% to 1.25% or LIBOR plus a margin which fluctuates from 1.75% to 2.75%, determined quarterly based on consolidated total debt to consolidated EBITDA for the most recent trailing 12-month period. This facility is secured by essentially all of our assets, contains certain financial covenants requiring maintenance of minimum levels of interest coverage and maximum levels of senior debt to EBITDA and total debt to EBITDA, and restricts our ability to make treasury stock purchases. We were in compliance with all financial covenants as of September 25, 2004. This facility also requires the lenders' prior written consent to any material investments in or acquisitions of a business. The balance outstanding at September 25, 2004 under the \$125 million revolving credit facility was \$55.0 million, and the remaining available borrowing capacity was \$61.9 million, with \$8.1 million outstanding under certain letters of credit.

In October 2003, we entered into a \$75 million pay-floating interest rate swap effectively converting half of our \$150 million fixed rate 9 ¹/₈ % senior subordinated notes to a floating rate of LIBOR + 4.04%.

In October 2003, we deposited approximately \$15 million into an escrow account in connection with an appeal in the Scotts litigation. The use of this cash is restricted from general corporate purposes. See Item 3 – "Legal Proceedings – *Scotts Litigation*."

At September 25, 2004, our total debt was \$305.8 million versus \$250.3 million at September 27, 2003. Net debt, or total debt less cash and cash equivalents, increased to \$293.6 million at September 25, 2004 versus \$172.6 million at September 27, 2003 primarily as a result of acquisitions in fiscal 2004.

| | Fiscal Year Ended | |
|-----------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| | September 25, 2004 | September 27, 2003 |
| | (in thousands) | |
| Current portion of long-term debt | \$ 1,025 | \$ 1,028 |
| Long-term debt | 304,775 | 249,225 |
| Total debt | 305,800 | 250,253 |
| Less cash and cash equivalents | (12,221) | (77,604) |
| Net debt | \$293,579 | \$ 172,649 |

The table below presents significant commercial credit facilities available to us and their associated expiration dates: (in millions)

| Maximum Commercial Commitments | Less than 1 Year | 1-3 Years | 4-5 Years | Total Amount Committed |
|-----------------------------------|------------------|-----------|-----------|------------------------|
| Revolving line of credit facility | \$ 0 | \$ 0 | \$ 125 | \$ 125 |

The table below presents our significant contractual cash obligations by fiscal year: (in millions).

| Contractual Obligations | Fiscal 2005 | Fiscal 2006 | Fiscal 2007 | Fiscal 2008 | Fiscal 2009 | Thereafter | Total |
|------------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|------------|----------|
| Revolving line of credit facility | \$ — | \$ — | \$ — | \$ 55.0 | \$ — | \$ — | \$ 55.0 |
| Long-term debt | 1.0 | 1.3 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 94.7 | 150.2 | 249.2 |
| Operating leases | 20.9 | 15.3 | 11.8 | 9.4 | 7.7 | 8.3 | 73.4 |
| Purchase commitments | 81.0 | 40.1 | 25.0 | 18.7 | 10.7 | 2.0 | 177.5 |
| Total contractual cash obligations | \$ 102.9 | \$ 56.7 | \$ 37.8 | \$ 84.1 | \$ 113.1 | \$ 160.5 | \$ 555.1 |

[Table of Contents](#)

We believe that cash flows from operating activities, funds available under our credit facility and arrangements with suppliers will be adequate to fund our presently anticipated working capital requirements for the foreseeable future. We anticipate that our capital expenditures will not exceed \$15 million for the next 12 months.

As part of our growth strategy, we have engaged in acquisition discussions with a number of companies in the past and anticipate that we will continue to evaluate potential acquisition candidates. If one or more potential acquisition opportunities, including those that would be material, become available in the near future, we may require additional external capital. In addition, such acquisitions would subject us to the general risks associated with acquiring companies, particularly if the acquisitions are relatively large.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

We have not entered into any transactions with unconsolidated entities whereby we have financial guarantees, subordinated retained interests, derivative instruments or other contingent arrangements that expose us to material continuing risks, contingent liabilities, or any other obligation under a variable interest in an unconsolidated entity that provides financing, liquidity, market risk or credit risk support to us.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In March 2004, the FASB issued a proposed Statement, "Share-Based Payment, an amendment of FASB Statements No. 123 and 95", which generally would require share-based payments to employees be accounted for using a fair-value-based method and recognized as expenses in our statements of operations. Although some of the technical issues that will play a significant role in determining the fair value and accounting for employee stock options have not been finalized, the effective date for the proposed standard is for quarterly periods beginning after June 15, 2005. The proposed statement, once finalized, is expected to have a significant impact on our consolidated statement of operations as we will be required to expense the fair value of our stock options rather than disclosing the pro-forma impact on our consolidated result of operations within our footnotes. This will result in lower reported earnings and earnings per share.

Critical Accounting Policies, Estimates and Judgments

Our discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations are based upon our consolidated financial statements, which have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The preparation of these financial statements requires us to make estimates and judgments that affect the reported amounts and related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. Estimates and assumptions are required for, but are not limited to, accounts receivable and inventory realizable values, fixed asset lives, intangible asset values, deferred and current income taxes, self-insurance accruals and the impact of contingencies and litigation. We base our estimates on historical experience and on various other assumptions that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the result of which forms the basis for making judgments about the carrying value of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from those estimates under different assumptions or conditions.

Although not all inclusive, we believe that the following represent the more critical accounting policies, which are subject to estimates and assumptions used in the preparation of our consolidated financial statements.

Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

We record an allowance for credit losses and disputed balances resulting from customers' inability to make required payments. We estimate our allowance based on both specific identification and historical experience. If the financial condition of our customers was to deteriorate, or we were not able to demonstrate the validity of amounts due, additional allowances may be required. For more information, see Note 4 of our consolidated financial statements.

[Table of Contents](#)

Inventory

Inventory, which primarily consists of lawn and garden products and pet supplies finished goods, is stated at the lower of first-in first-out (FIFO) cost or market. Cost includes certain indirect purchasing, merchandise handling and storage costs including certain salary and data processing costs incurred to acquire or manufacture inventory, costs to unload, process and put away shipments received to prepare them to be picked for orders, and certain overhead costs. We compute the amount of such costs capitalized to inventory based on an estimate of costs related to the procurement and processing of inventory to prepare it for sale compared to total product purchases. When necessary, we have reduced the carrying value of our inventory if market conditions indicate that we will not recover the carrying cost upon sale. Future downward changes in market conditions related to our products would result in an additional charge to income in the period in which such conditions occur.

Goodwill

As a result of the adoption of SFAS No. 142 "Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets," we recorded a pre-tax \$146.7 million non-cash impairment of our goodwill as of September 30, 2001, which was recorded as a cumulative effect of accounting change in fiscal 2002. We test the carrying value of our goodwill for impairment on an annual basis on the first day of our fourth quarter. We use projected future operating results and cash flows of our reporting units to establish the fair value used in evaluating the carrying value of the associated goodwill. If estimated future results of operations differed from those projections used by management, or if alternative valuation methodologies had been used in determining the reporting units fair value, the cumulative effect of accounting change charge may have been different than the amount we recorded. Future downward changes in the operating results of our reporting units may result in additional charges to income in the year which such conditions occur.

As of June 26, 2004 and June 29, 2003, we performed our annual goodwill impairment analyses. Based on the results of those analyses, no additional reduction of goodwill was required during fiscal years 2004 or 2003.

Long-Lived Assets

We review our long-lived assets for potential impairment based on a review of projected undiscounted cash flows associated with these assets. Long-lived assets are included in impairment evaluations when events and circumstances exist that indicate the carrying amount of those assets may not be recoverable. Measurement of impairment losses for long-lived assets that we expect to hold and use is based on the estimated fair value of the assets. We have recorded asset impairment charges when the carrying value of an asset was in excess of its fair value. Should market conditions or the assumptions used by us in determining the fair value of assets change, or management change plans for usage of certain assets, additional charges to operations may be required in the period in which such conditions occur.

Stock-Based Compensation

We measure compensation expense for our employee stock-based compensation plans using the intrinsic value method prescribed by APB Opinion 25, Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees, and have provided pro forma disclosures of the effect on net income and earnings per share as if the fair value-based method (provided for under SFAS No. 123) had been applied in measuring compensation expense.

As required under SFAS No. 123, the pro forma effects of stock-based compensation on net income and earnings per common share for employee stock options granted and employee stock purchase plan purchases have been estimated at the date of grant using a Black-Scholes option pricing model. For purposes of our pro forma disclosures (which are included in Note 1 of our consolidated financial statements), the estimated fair value of the options and shares is amortized over the options' vesting period.

Although different valuation methodologies are available, we have chosen the intrinsic value method to account for common stock incentive awards. This accounting policy has been applied consistently for all years

Table of Contents

presented. Operating results would be affected if other alternatives were used. Information about the impact on operating results of using APB Opinion 25 is included in Note 1 of our consolidated financial statements.

The FASB has announced its intention to soon require all companies to expense the value of employee stock options. The FASB's review of technical issues will play a significant role in determining the fair value of and accounting for employee stock options. In the future, should we expense the value of employee stock options, we will recognize more compensation expense.

Income Taxes

We account for income taxes in accordance with SFAS No. 109, "Accounting for Income Taxes." Deferred income taxes result primarily from bad debt allowances, inventory write-downs, depreciation and nondeductible reserves. We have considered future taxable income and ongoing prudent and feasible tax planning strategies in assessing the need for a valuation allowance. If we were to determine that we would not be able to realize all or part of our net deferred tax assets in the future, any adjustment would be charged to income in the period such determination was made. For more information, see Note 8 of our consolidated financial statements.

Accruals For Self-Insurance

We maintain insurance for certain risks, including workers' compensation, general liability and vehicle liability, and are self-insured for employee related health care benefits. Our workers' compensation, general liability and vehicle liability insurance policies include deductibles of \$250,000 to \$350,000 per occurrence. We maintain excess loss insurance that covers any health care costs in excess of \$150,000 per person per year. We establish reserves for losses based on our claims experience and industry actuarial estimates of the ultimate loss amount inherent in the claims, including losses for claims incurred but not reported. Any differences in estimates and assumptions could result in accrual requirements materially different from the calculated accruals.

Commitments and Contingencies

As discussed in Note 7 to our consolidated financial statements, we are involved in several significant legal matters as well as other matters incidental to our business, the disposition of which are not expected to have a material effect on our financial position or results of operations. We use our best estimates to determine the probable outcome and costs associated with the resolution of such matters. These estimates are developed in consultation with outside counsel handling these matters and are based upon a combination of potential litigation and settlement strategies. It is possible, however, that future results of operations for any particular quarter or annual period could be materially affected by adverse developments or changes in management's strategy related to these proceedings.

Risk Factors

This Form 10-K contains forward-looking statements that involve risks and uncertainties. Our actual results could differ materially from those anticipated in these forward-looking statements as a result of factors both in and out of our control, including the risks faced by us described below and elsewhere in this Form 10-K.

You should carefully consider the risks described below. In addition, the risks described below are not the only ones facing us. We have only described the risks we consider to be the most material. However, there may be additional risks that are viewed by us as not material at the present time or are not presently known to us. Conditions could change in the future, or new information may come to our attention that could impact our assessment of these risks.

If any of the events described below were to occur, our business, prospects, financial condition and/or results of operations could be materially adversely affected. When we say below that something could or will

[Table of Contents](#)

have a material adverse effect on us, we mean that it could or will have one or more of these effects. In any such case, the price of our common stock could decline, and you could lose all or part of your investment in our company.

We may be adversely affected by trends in the retail industry.

With the growing trend towards retail trade consolidation, we are increasingly dependent upon key retailers whose bargaining strength is growing. Our business may be negatively affected by changes in the policies of our retailer customers, such as inventory destocking, limitations on access to shelf space, price demands and other conditions. In addition, as a result of the desire of retailers to more closely manage inventory levels, there is a growing trend among retailers to make purchases on a “just-in-time” basis. This requires us to shorten our lead time for production in certain cases and more closely anticipate demand, which could in the future require the carrying of additional inventories and increase our working capital and related financing requirement.

A significant deterioration in the financial condition of one of our major customers could have a material adverse effect on our sales, profitability and cash flow. We continually monitor and evaluate the credit status of our customers and attempt to adjust sales terms as appropriate. Despite these efforts, a bankruptcy filing by a key customer could have a material adverse effect on our business, results of operations and financial condition in the future.

We depend on a few customers for a significant portion of our business.

Wal*Mart, our largest customer, accounted for approximately 20% of our net sales in fiscal 2004, 21% in fiscal 2003 and 20% in fiscal 2002. In addition, although each accounted for less than 10% of our net sales, Home Depot, Lowe’s, PETsMART and PETCO are also significant customers and, together with Wal*Mart, accounted for approximately 43% of our net sales in fiscal 2004, 44% in fiscal 2003 and 42% in fiscal 2002. The market shares of all of these key retailers have increased during the last several years and may continue to increase in future years.

The loss of, or significant adverse change in, our relationship with any of these key retailers could cause our net sales, income from operations and cash flow to decline. The loss of, or reduction in, orders from any significant customer, losses arising from customer disputes regarding shipments, fees, merchandise condition or related matters, or our inability to collect accounts receivable from any major customer could reduce our income from operations and cash flow.

We cannot be certain that our product innovations and marketing successes will continue.

We believe that our past performance has been based upon, and our future success will depend upon, in part, our ability to continue to improve our existing products through product innovation and to develop, market and produce new products. We cannot assure you that we will be successful in the introduction, marketing and production of any new products or product innovations, or develop and introduce in a timely manner innovations to our existing products which satisfy customer needs or achieve market acceptance. Our failure to develop new products and introduce them successfully and in a timely manner could harm our ability to grow our business and could have a material adverse effect on our business, results of operations and financial condition.

Seeds and grains we use to produce bird food and grass seed are commodity products subject to price volatility that has had, and could have, a negative impact on us.

Our financial results depend to some extent on the cost of raw materials and our ability to pass along increases in these costs to our customers. In particular, our Pennington and Kaytee subsidiaries are exposed to fluctuations in market prices for commodity seeds and grains used to produce bird food. Historically, market prices for commodity seeds and grains have fluctuated in response to a number of factors, including changes in

Table of Contents

United States government farm support programs, changes in international agricultural and trading policies and weather conditions during the growing and harvesting seasons. For example, due to drought conditions in 2002, we experienced significant increases in the costs of most grains and seeds purchased for production. These cost increases had a negative impact on profitability of bird food products in fiscal 2003. In the event of any increases in raw materials costs, we would be required to increase sales prices to avoid margin deterioration. We cannot assure you as to the timing or extent of our ability to implement future price adjustments in the event of increased raw material costs or as to whether any price increases implemented by us may affect the volumes of future shipments.

A portion of our grass seed operations are subject to crop yield and commodity pricing. In fiscal 2001 and 2002, Garden Products was adversely affected by a worldwide oversupply of certain grass seeds brought on by a combination of weather issues and the bankruptcy sale of a competitor, generally poor economic conditions in agriculture, and cattle diseases that reduced demand for seed. By close of fiscal 2003, the grass seed market returned to more normal conditions with overall supply–demand balance, yet certain varieties were in oversupply, and others were in short supply. In 2004, we experienced unusually wet weather in portions of the United States, adversely impacting sales and crop harvests of non–proprietary seeds.

To mitigate our exposure to changes in market prices, we enter into purchase contracts for grains, bird food and grass seed to cover up to approximately one–third of the purchase requirements for a selling season. Since these contracts cover only a portion of our purchase requirements, if market prices for grains increase, our cost of production would increase. In contrast, if market prices for grains decrease because of a lack of demand, we may end up purchasing grains and seeds pursuant to the purchase contracts at prices above market.

Competition in our industries may hinder our ability to execute our business strategy, achieve profitability, or maintain relationships with existing customers.

We operate in highly competitive industries. We compete against numerous other companies, some of which are more established in their industries and have substantially greater revenue or resources than we do. Our products compete against national and regional products and private label products produced by various suppliers. Our largest competitors in pet supplies products are Hartz Mountain and United Pet Group, and our largest competitor in lawn and garden products is The Scotts Company. Since its acquisition of the Ortho line of lawn and garden products from Pharmacia Corporation (formerly Monsanto) in 1999, Scotts' dominant position in the lawn and garden industry has been a significant competitive disadvantage for Garden Products.

To compete effectively, among other things, we must:

- maintain our relationships with key retailers;
- continually develop innovative new products that appeal to consumers;
- maintain strict quality standards;
- deliver products on a reliable basis at competitive prices; and
- effectively integrate acquired companies.

Competition could cause lower sales volumes, price reductions, reduced profits or losses, or loss of market share. Our inability to compete effectively could have a material adverse effect on our business, results of operations and financial condition.

Our acquisition strategy involves a number of risks.

We have completed numerous acquisitions since 1997 and intend to grow through the acquisition of additional companies. We are regularly engaged in acquisition discussions with a number of companies and anticipate that one or more potential acquisition opportunities, including those that would be material, may

Table of Contents

become available in the near future. If and when appropriate acquisition opportunities become available, we intend to pursue them actively. Further, acquisitions involve a number of special risks, including:

- failure of the acquired business to achieve expected results;
- diversion of management's attention;
- failure to retain key personnel of the acquired business;
- additional financing, if necessary and available, could increase leverage, dilute equity, or both;
- the potential negative effect on our financial statements from the increase in goodwill and other intangibles; and
- the high cost and expenses of completing acquisitions and risks associated with unanticipated events or liabilities.

These risks could have a material adverse effect on our business, results of operations and financial condition.

We expect to face competition for acquisition candidates, which may limit the number of opportunities and may lead to higher acquisition prices. In fiscal 2002, we took a pre-tax write off \$146.7 million relating to goodwill impairment in accordance with SFAS 142. In fiscal 2004, we completed six acquisitions. We cannot assure you that we will be able to identify, acquire, or manage profitably additional businesses or to integrate successfully any acquired businesses into our existing business without substantial costs, delays or other operational or financial difficulties. In future acquisitions, we also could incur additional indebtedness or pay consideration in excess of fair value, which could have a material adverse effect on our business, results of operations and financial condition.

Our lawn and garden sales are highly seasonal and subject to adverse weather, either of which could impact our cash flow and operating results.

Because our lawn and garden products are used primarily in the spring and summer, Garden Products' business is seasonal. In fiscal 2004, approximately 63% of Garden Products' net sales and 58% of our total net sales occurred during our second and third fiscal quarters. Substantially all of Garden Products' operating income and cash flow is generated in this period. Our working capital needs and our borrowings generally peak near the middle of our second fiscal quarter because we are generating fewer revenues while incurring expenses in preparation for the spring selling season. If cash on hand and borrowings under our credit facilities are ever insufficient to meet our seasonal needs or if cash flow generated during the spring and summer is insufficient to repay our borrowings on a timely basis, this seasonality could have a material adverse effect on our business.

Because demand for lawn and garden products is significantly influenced by weather, particularly weekend weather during the peak gardening season, our results of operations and cash flow could also be adversely affected by certain weather patterns such as unseasonably cool or warm temperatures, water shortages or floods. During the last several years, our results of operations and cash flow were negatively affected by severe weather conditions in some parts of the United States.

Our operating results and cash flow are susceptible to fluctuations.

We expect to continue to experience variability in our net sales, net income and cash flow on a quarterly basis. Factors that may contribute to this variability include:

- weather conditions during peak gardening seasons and seasonality;
- shifts in demand for lawn and garden products;
- shifts in demand for pet products;

Table of Contents

- changes in product mix, service levels and pricing by us and our competitors;
- the effect of acquisitions, including the costs of acquisitions that are not completed; and
- economic stability of retail customers.

These fluctuations could negatively impact our business and the market price of our common stock.

Our success is dependent upon retaining key personnel.

Our future performance is substantially dependent upon the continued services of William E. Brown, our Chairman, Glenn W. Novotny, our President and Chief Executive Officer, and Brooks M. Pennington III, the President of our Pennington subsidiary. The loss of the services of any of these persons could have a material adverse effect upon us. In addition, our future performance depends on our ability to attract and retain skilled employees. We cannot assure you that we will be able to retain our existing personnel or attract additional qualified employees in the future.

Some of the products that we manufacture and distribute require governmental permits and also subject us to potential environmental liabilities.

Many of the products that we manufacture and distribute are subject to regulation by federal, state and local authorities. Such regulations are often complex and are subject to change. Environmental regulations may affect us by restricting the manufacturing or use of our products or regulating their disposal. Regulatory or legislative changes may cause future increases in our operating costs or otherwise affect operations. Although we believe we are and have been in substantial compliance with such regulations and have internal guidelines on the handling and disposal of our products, there is no assurance that in the future we may not be adversely affected by such regulations or incur increased operating costs in complying with such regulations. However, neither the compliance with regulatory requirements nor our environmental procedures can ensure that we will not be subject to claims for personal injury, property damages or governmental enforcement. In addition, while we do not anticipate having to make, and historically have not had to make, significant capital expenditures to comply with applicable environmental laws and regulations, due to the nature of our operations and the frequently changing nature of environmental compliance standards and technology, we cannot predict with any certainty that future material capital expenditures will not be required.

In addition to operational standards, environmental laws also impose obligations on various entities to clean up contaminated properties or to pay for the cost of such remediation, often upon parties that did not actually cause the contamination. Accordingly, we may become liable, either contractually or by operation of law, for remediation costs even if the contaminated property is not presently owned or operated by us, or if the contamination was caused by third parties during or prior to our ownership or operation of the property. With our extensive acquisition history, we have acquired a number of manufacturing and distribution facilities. Given the nature of the past operations conducted by us and others at these properties, there can be no assurance that all potential instances of soil or groundwater contamination have been identified, even for those properties where an environmental site assessment has been conducted. While we are not subject to any existing remediation obligations, future events, such as changes in existing laws or policies or their enforcement, or the discovery of currently unknown contamination, may give rise to future remediation liabilities that may be material. See “Item 3 – Legal Proceedings, *Phoenix Fire*.”

The products that we manufacture could expose us to product liability claims.

Our business exposes us to potential product liability risks, which are inherent in the manufacture and distribution of certain of our products. Although we generally seek to insure against such risks, there can be no assurance that such coverage is adequate or that we will be able to maintain such insurance on acceptable terms. A successful product liability claim in excess of our insurance coverage could have a material adverse effect on us and could prevent us from obtaining adequate product liability insurance in the future on commercially reasonable terms.

[Table of Contents](#)

We have pending litigation which could adversely impact our operating results.

We are a party to certain legal proceedings, including the litigation between us and Scotts, us and Herbert Axelrod and litigation arising from a fire which destroyed our Phoenix, Arizona facility. We are currently unable to determine the total expense or possible loss, if any, that may ultimately be incurred in the resolution of our legal proceedings. Regardless of the ultimate outcome of our legal proceedings, they could result in significant diversion of time by our management. The results of our pending legal proceedings, including any potential settlements, are uncertain and we cannot assure you that the outcome of these disputes will not adversely affect our operating results or future cashflows. See “Item 3 – Legal Proceedings.”

We may be subject to regulatory scrutiny and may sustain a loss of public confidence, if we are unable to satisfy regulatory requirements relating to internal controls over financial reporting.

Section 404 of the Sarbanes–Oxley Act of 2002 requires us to perform an evaluation of our internal controls over financial reporting and have our auditor attest to such evaluation. This evaluation will be required in our Form 10–K for the fiscal year ending September 24, 2005. During the next year, we will be performing the system and process evaluation and testing (and any necessary remediation) required in an effort to comply with the management certification and auditor attestation requirements. As a result, we expect to incur additional expenses and diversion of management’s time. While we currently anticipate being able to fully implement the requirements relating to internal controls and all other aspects of Section 404 in a timely fashion, we cannot be certain as to the timing of completion of our evaluation, testing and remediation actions or the impact of the same on our operations. If we are not able to implement the requirements of Section 404 in a timely manner or with adequate compliance, we might be subject to sanctions or investigation by regulatory authorities, such as the Securities and Exchange Commission or The Nasdaq Stock Market. Any such action could adversely affect our financial results and could cause our stock price to fall.

Changes in stock option accounting rules may adversely impact our reported operating results prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, our stock price and our competitiveness in the employee marketplace.

We have a history of using broad based employee stock option programs to hire, incentivize and retain our workforce in a competitive marketplace. Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 123, “Accounting for Stock–Based Compensation” (“SFAS 123”) allows companies the choice of either using a fair value method of accounting for options, which would result in expense recognition for all options granted, or using an intrinsic value method, as prescribed by Accounting Principles Board Opinion No. 25, “Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees” (APB 25), with pro forma disclosure of the impact on net income (loss) of using the fair value option expense recognition method. We have elected to apply APB 25, and, accordingly, we generally do not recognize any expense with respect to employee stock options as long as such options are granted at exercise prices equal to the fair value of our common stock on the date of grant.

In March 2004, the FASB issued a proposed Statement, “Share–Based Payment, an amendment of FASB Statements No. 123 and 95”, which generally would require share–based payments to employees be accounted for using a fair–value–based method and recognized as expenses in our statements of operations. The effective date for the proposed standard is for quarterly periods beginning after June 15, 2005. This proposed statement is expected to be finalized, and would have a significant impact on our consolidated statement of operations as we will be required to expense the fair value of our stock options rather than disclosing the impact on our consolidated result of operations within our footnotes. This will result in lower reported earnings and earnings per share which could negatively impact our future stock price. In addition, should the proposal be finalized, this could impact our ability to utilize broad based employee stock plans to reward employees and could result in a competitive disadvantage to us in the employee marketplace.

The holders of our Class B stock, through their voting power, can greatly influence control of Central.

As of December 1, 2004, William E. Brown, our Chairman, controlled approximately 45% of the voting power of our capital stock. Accordingly, he can effectively control all matters requiring stockholder approval,

[Table of Contents](#)

including the power to elect all of our directors. Holders of Class B stock are entitled to the lesser of ten votes per share or 47% of the total votes cast. Holders of common stock are entitled to one vote for each share owned. The holders of Class B stock have 49% of the combined voting power, subject to the aforementioned voting restrictions. Holders of Class B stock are likely to be able to elect all of our directors, control our management and policies and determine the outcome of any matter submitted to a vote of our stockholders, except to the extent that a class vote of the common stock is required by applicable law. The disproportionate voting rights of our common stock and Class B stock could have an adverse effect on the market price of our common stock. Such disproportionate voting rights may make us a less attractive target for a takeover than we otherwise might be, or render more difficult or discourage a merger proposal, a tender offer or a proxy contest, even if such actions were favored by our common stockholders. Accordingly, such disproportionate voting rights may deprive holders of common stock of an opportunity to sell their shares at a premium over prevailing market prices, since takeover bids frequently involve purchases of stock directly from stockholders at such a premium price.

Item 7A. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosure About Market Risk

We are exposed to market risks, which include changes in U.S. interest rates and commodity prices and, to a lesser extent, foreign exchange rates. We do not engage in financial transactions for trading or speculative purposes.

Interest Rate Risk. The interest payable on our credit facility and \$75 million of our senior subordinated notes is based on variable interest rates and therefore affected by changes in market interest rates. If interest rates on our variable rate debt had changed by 10% compared to actual rates, interest expense would have increased or decreased by approximately \$0.9 million in fiscal 2004 and \$0.4 million in fiscal 2003. In addition, we have fixed income investments consisting of cash equivalents and short-term investments in marketable debt securities, which are also affected by changes in market interest rates.

Commodity Prices. We are exposed to fluctuation in market prices for grains and grass seed. To mitigate risk associated with increases in market prices and commodity availability, we enter into contracts for grains, bird food and grass seed purchases. Such contracts are primarily entered into to ensure commodity availability to us in the future. As of September 25, 2004, we had entered into fixed seed purchase commitments for fiscal 2005 totaling approximately \$81.0 million. A 10% change in the market price for grain and grass seed would have resulted in an additional pretax gain or loss of \$8.1 million related to the contracts outstanding as of September 25, 2004. As of September 27, 2003, we had entered into fixed seed purchase commitments for fiscal 2004 totaling approximately \$66.6 million. A 10% change in the market price for grain and grass seed would have resulted in an additional pretax gain or loss of \$6.7 million related to the contracts outstanding as of September 27, 2003.

Foreign Currency Risks. Our market risk associated with foreign currency rates is not considered to be material. To date, we have had minimal sales outside of the United States. Purchases made by our U.S. subsidiaries from foreign vendors are primarily made in U.S. dollars. Our international subsidiary transacts most of its business in British pounds. Therefore, we have only minimal exposure to foreign currency exchange risk. We do not hedge against foreign currency risks and believe that foreign currency exchange risk is immaterial to our current business.

[Table of Contents](#)

Item 8. Financial Statements and Supplementary Data

INDEX TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Central Garden & Pet Company

| | |
|--|----|
| Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm | 37 |
| Consolidated Balance Sheets, September 25, 2004 and September 27, 2003 | 38 |
| Consolidated Statements of Operations for Fiscal Years Ended September 25, 2004, September 27, 2003 and September 28, 2002 | 39 |
| Consolidated Statements of Shareholders' Equity for Fiscal Years Ended September 25, 2004, September 27, 2003 and September 28, 2002 | 40 |
| Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for Fiscal Years Ended September 25, 2004, September 27, 2003 and September 28, 2002 | 41 |
| Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for Fiscal Years Ended September 25, 2004, September 27, 2003 and September 28, 2002 | 42 |

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

Board of Directors
Central Garden & Pet Company
Walnut Creek, California

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Central Garden & Pet Company and subsidiaries as of September 25, 2004 and September 27, 2003, and the related consolidated statements of operations, shareholders' equity and cash flows for each of the fiscal years in the three-year period ended September 25, 2004. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, such consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Central Garden & Pet Company and subsidiaries as of September 25, 2004 and September 27, 2003, and the results of their operations and their cash flows for each of the fiscal years in the three-year period ended September 25, 2004 in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

As discussed in Note 5 to the consolidated financial statements, the Company adopted Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 142, *Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets*, effective September 30, 2001.

/s/ DELOITTE & TOUCHE LLP

December 6, 2004
San Francisco, California

CENTRAL GARDEN & PET COMPANY
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

| | September 25, 2004 | September 27, 2003 |
|---|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| (dollars in thousands) | | |
| ASSETS | | |
| Current assets: | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 12,221 | \$ 77,604 |
| Restricted investments | 14,936 | — |
| Accounts receivable, less allowance for doubtful accounts of \$12,348 and \$6,575 | 183,979 | 146,075 |
| Inventories | 237,913 | 217,156 |
| Prepaid expenses and other assets | 15,811 | 15,222 |
| Total current assets | 464,860 | 456,057 |
| Land, buildings, improvements and equipment: | | |
| Land | 5,479 | 5,313 |
| Buildings and improvements | 65,206 | 60,951 |
| Transportation equipment | 4,897 | 6,156 |
| Machinery and warehouse equipment | 82,863 | 77,575 |
| Office furniture and equipment | 32,328 | 34,708 |
| Total | 190,773 | 184,703 |
| Less accumulated depreciation and amortization | (85,161) | (83,165) |
| Land, buildings, improvements and equipment—net | 105,612 | 101,538 |
| Goodwill | 338,384 | 222,780 |
| Deferred income taxes and other assets | 51,341 | 48,723 |
| Total | \$ 960,197 | \$ 829,098 |
| LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY | | |
| Current liabilities: | | |
| Accounts payable | \$ 105,933 | \$ 105,103 |
| Accrued expenses | 64,948 | 47,061 |
| Current portion of long-term debt | 1,025 | 1,028 |
| Total current liabilities | 171,906 | 153,192 |
| Long-term debt | 304,775 | 249,225 |
| Other long-term obligations | 3,720 | 1,585 |
| Commitments and contingencies | — | — |
| Convertible redeemable preferred stock | 3,000 | — |
| Shareholders' equity: | | |
| Class B stock | 16 | 16 |
| Common stock | 325 | 319 |
| Additional paid-in capital | 555,436 | 545,228 |
| Retained earnings | 65,710 | 24,360 |
| Treasury stock | (144,827) | (144,827) |
| Accumulated other comprehensive income | 136 | — |
| Total shareholders' equity | 476,796 | 425,096 |
| Total | \$ 960,197 | \$ 829,098 |

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

CENTRAL GARDEN & PET COMPANY
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

| | Fiscal Year Ended | | |
|---|--|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| | September 25, 2004 | September 27, 2003 | September 28, 2002 |
| | (in thousands, except per share amounts) | | |
| Net sales | \$ 1,266,526 | \$ 1,145,001 | \$ 1,077,780 |
| Cost of goods sold and occupancy | 882,227 | 811,562 | 757,437 |
| Gross profit | 384,299 | 333,439 | 320,343 |
| Selling, general and administrative expenses | 302,227 | 261,098 | 267,579 |
| Income from operations | 82,072 | 72,341 | 52,764 |
| Interest expense | (18,282) | (19,747) | (14,745) |
| Interest income | 529 | 545 | 137 |
| Other income | 2,023 | 2,522 | 5,548 |
| Income before income taxes and cumulative effect of accounting change | 66,342 | 55,661 | 43,704 |
| Income taxes | 24,992 | 21,020 | 15,159 |
| Income before cumulative effect of accounting change | 41,350 | 34,641 | 28,545 |
| Cumulative effect of accounting change, net of tax | — | — | (112,237) |
| Net income (loss) | \$ 41,350 | \$ 34,641 | \$ (83,692) |
| Basic income per common equivalent share: | | | |
| Before cumulative effect of accounting change | \$ 2.06 | \$ 1.79 | \$ 1.54 |
| Cumulative effect of accounting change | — | — | (6.04) |
| Basic income (loss) per common equivalent share | \$ 2.06 | \$ 1.79 | \$ (4.50) |
| Diluted income per common equivalent share: | | | |
| Before cumulative effect of accounting change | \$ 1.99 | \$ 1.73 | \$ 1.44 |
| Cumulative effect of accounting change | — | — | (4.88) |
| Diluted income (loss) per common equivalent share | \$ 1.99 | \$ 1.73 | \$ (3.44) |
| Weighted average shares used in the computation of net income (loss) per common equivalent share: | | | |
| Basic | 20,036 | 19,327 | 18,581 |
| Diluted | 20,801 | 20,081 | 23,009 |

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

CENTRAL GARDEN & PET COMPANY
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY
(dollars in thousands)

| | Class B Stock | | Common Stock | | Additional Paid-in Capital | Retained Earnings (Deficit) | Treasury Stock | | Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income | |
|---|---------------|--------|--------------|--------|----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------|-------------|---|-----------|
| | Shares | Amount | Shares | Amount | | | Shares | Amount | Income | Total |
| Balance, September 29, 2001 | 1,655,462 | \$ 16 | 30,532,473 | \$ 305 | \$526,410 | \$ 73,411 | (13,742,250) | \$(144,827) | | \$455,315 |
| Tax benefit from exercise of stock options | | | | | 732 | | | | | 732 |
| Issuance of common stock | | | 475,725 | 5 | 5,148 | | | | | 5,153 |
| Net loss | | | | | | (83,692) | | | | (83,692) |
| Balance, September 28, 2002 | 1,655,462 | 16 | 31,008,198 | 310 | 532,290 | (10,281) | (13,742,250) | (144,827) | | 377,508 |
| Tax benefit from exercise of stock options | | | | | 4,877 | | | | | 4,877 |
| Conversion of Class B stock into common stock | (1,000) | — | 1,000 | — | | | | | | — |
| Issuance of common stock | | | 900,721 | 9 | 8,061 | | | | | 8,070 |
| Net income | | | | | | 34,641 | | | | 34,641 |
| Balance, September 27, 2003 | 1,654,462 | 16 | 31,909,919 | 319 | 545,228 | 24,360 | (13,742,250) | (144,827) | | 425,096 |
| Tax benefit from exercise of stock options | | | | | 4,972 | | | | | 4,972 |
| Issuance of common stock | | | 605,301 | 6 | 5,236 | | | | | 5,242 |
| Comprehensive income | | | | | | | | | | |
| Net income | | | | | | 41,350 | | | | 41,350 |
| Net change in foreign currency translation | | | | | | | | | \$ 136 | 136 |
| Total comprehensive income | | | | | | | | | | 41,486 |
| Balance, September 25, 2004 | 1,654,462 | \$ 16 | 32,515,220 | \$ 325 | \$555,436 | \$ 65,710 | (13,742,250) | \$(144,827) | \$ 136 | \$476,796 |

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

CENTRAL GARDEN & PET COMPANY
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

| | Fiscal Year Ended | | |
|--|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| | September 25, 2004 | September 27, 2003 | September 28, 2002 |
| | (in thousands) | | |
| Cash flows from operating activities: | | | |
| Net income (loss). | \$ 41,350 | \$ 34,641 | \$ (83,692) |
| Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities: | | | |
| Depreciation and amortization. | 18,516 | 17,878 | 17,616 |
| Cumulative effect of accounting change | — | — | 146,748 |
| Goodwill impairment charge | — | — | 2,750 |
| Deferred income taxes | 7,165 | 9,037 | (26,065) |
| Loss (gain) on sale of land, building and improvements. | (302) | 204 | 1,142 |
| Changes in assets and liabilities: | | | |
| Receivables. | (16,543) | (15,091) | 10,807 |
| Inventories. | 9,421 | (23,997) | 24,743 |
| Prepaid expenses and other assets. | (3,322) | 11,454 | 4,555 |
| Accounts payable. | (5,990) | 8,307 | (31,088) |
| Accrued expenses. | 13,326 | 9,196 | 4,561 |
| Other long-term obligations. | 793 | (427) | 736 |
| Net cash provided by operating activities. | 64,414 | 51,202 | 72,813 |
| Cash flows from investing activities: | | | |
| Additions to land, buildings, improvements and equipment. | (18,264) | (17,958) | (10,907) |
| Businesses acquired, net of cash acquired. | (158,947) | (4,614) | — |
| Restricted investments. | (14,936) | — | — |
| Net cash used by investing activities. | (192,147) | (22,572) | (10,907) |
| Cash flows from financing activities: | | | |
| Repayments under lines of credit, net. | — | (59,975) | (59,448) |
| Repayments on revolving line of credit | (87,823) | — | — |
| Borrowings on revolving line of credit | 142,823 | — | — |
| Payments on long-term debt. | (1,028) | (152,671) | (5,751) |
| Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt | — | 250,000 | — |
| Proceeds from issuance of stock. | 8,242 | 8,070 | 5,885 |
| Deferred financing costs. | — | (7,334) | — |
| Net cash provided (used) by financing activities. | 62,214 | 38,090 | (59,314) |
| Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and equivalents | 136 | — | — |
| Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents | (65,383) | 66,720 | 2,592 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year. | 77,604 | 10,884 | 8,292 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at end of year. | \$ 12,221 | \$ 77,604 | \$ 10,884 |
| Supplemental information: | | | |
| Cash paid for interest. | \$ 17,350 | \$ 18,656 | \$ 15,471 |
| Cash paid for income taxes – net of refunds. | 12,078 | 1,467 | 4,340 |
| Liabilities assumed in connection with businesses acquired | 16,353 | — | — |

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

CENTRAL GARDEN & PET COMPANY
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

**Fiscal Years Ended September 25, 2004,
September 27, 2003 and September 28, 2002**

1. Organization and Significant Accounting Policies

Organization – Central Garden & Pet Company (“Central”), a Delaware corporation, and subsidiaries (the “Company”), is a leading marketer and producer of quality branded products for the pet and lawn and garden supplies markets.

Basis of Consolidation and Presentation – The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company. Minority interest investments in equity-method investees are included in other assets, and earnings from these investments are included in “Other income.” All significant intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated.

Use of Estimates – The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires that management make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities as of the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period including accounts receivable and inventory valuation and goodwill lives. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Revenue Recognition – Sales are recognized when merchandise is shipped, title passes to the customer and the Company has no further obligations to provide services related to such merchandise. Discounts, volume-based rebate incentives and most cooperative advertising amounts are recorded as a reduction of sales. The Company’s current practice on product returns generally is to accept and credit the return of unopened cases of products from customers where the quantity is small, where the product has been misshipped or the product is defective. Estimated product returns are recorded as a reduction to revenue. Sales also include shipping and handling costs billed directly to customers.

Cost of goods sold and occupancy consists of cost of product, inbound freight charges, purchasing and receiving costs, certain indirect purchasing, merchandise handling and storage costs, internal transfer costs as well as allocations of overhead costs related to the Company’s facilities. Cost of goods sold excludes substantially all shipping and handling and out-bound freight costs to customers, which are included in selling, general and administrative expenses as delivery expenses. The cost of shipping and handling, including internal costs and payments to third parties, included in delivery expenses within selling, general and administrative expenses for the fiscal year ended September 25, 2004, September 27, 2003 and September 28, 2002 were \$55.9 million, \$49.5 million and \$43.5 million, respectively.

Advertising Costs – The Company expenses the costs of advertising as incurred. Advertising expenses were \$18.6 million, \$15.7 million and \$12.9 million in fiscal 2004, 2003 and 2002, respectively.

401(k) Plans – The Company sponsors several 401(k) plans which cover substantially all employees. The Company’s matching contributions expensed under these plans were \$871,000, \$795,000 and \$553,000 for fiscal years 2004, 2003 and 2002, respectively.

Other income in fiscal years 2004, 2003 and 2002 consists of earnings from equity method investments. Fiscal year 2002 also includes \$6 million of life insurance proceeds, partially offset by \$2.8 million in charges related to the write-off of goodwill associated with an unsuccessful equity method investment.

Income Taxes are accounted for under the asset and liability method in accordance with Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (“SFAS”) No. 109, “Accounting for Income Taxes”. Deferred income taxes

CENTRAL GARDEN & PET COMPANY

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS—(Continued)

result primarily from bad debt allowances, inventory and goodwill write-downs, depreciation and nondeductible reserves. In accordance with Accounting Principles Board Opinion No. 23, no United States income taxes have been provided on undistributed earnings of the Company's foreign operations since all foreign earnings are indefinitely reinvested overseas.

Cash and cash equivalents include all highly liquid debt instruments with a maturity of three months or less at the date of purchase.

Restricted investments represents amounts in an escrow account in connection with an appeal in the Scotts litigation. The use of these securities are restricted from general corporate purposes. The securities held within the escrow account are classified as held-to-maturity and reported at amortized cost, which approximates the fair market value.

Inventories, which primarily consist of garden products and pet supplies finished goods, are stated at the lower of FIFO cost or market. Cost includes certain indirect purchasing, merchandise handling and storage costs including certain salary and data processing costs incurred to acquire or manufacture inventory, costs to unload, process and put away shipments received in order to prepare them to be picked for orders, and certain other overhead costs. The amounts of such costs capitalized to inventory are computed based on an estimate of costs related to the procurement and processing of inventory to prepare it for sale compared to total product purchases.

Long-lived assets – The Company reviews its long-lived assets for potential impairment based on projected undiscounted cash flows associated with these assets. Long-lived assets are included in impairment evaluations when events and circumstances exist that indicate the carrying amount of those assets may not be recoverable. Measurement of impairment losses for long-lived assets that the Company expects to hold and use is based on the estimated fair value of those assets.

Land, buildings, improvements and equipment are stated at cost. Depreciation is computed by the straight-line method over thirty years for buildings. Improvements are amortized on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the useful life of the asset or the terms of the related leases. Depreciation on equipment is computed by the straight-line and accelerated methods over the estimated useful lives of 3 to 10 years.

Goodwill is the excess of the purchase price over the fair value of net assets acquired in business combinations accounted for under the purchase method. Prior to fiscal year 2002, the Company amortized goodwill on a straight-line basis over the periods benefited, ranging from 20 to 40 years. The Company adopted SFAS No. 142 effective September 30, 2001 (the beginning of fiscal year 2002). Upon adoption, as required under of SFAS No. 142, the Company stopped the amortization of goodwill, and began performing an annual assessment for potential impairment applying a fair-value based test (see Note 5).

Investments – The Company owns membership interests (from 33% to 49%) in four unconsolidated companies. The Company accounts for its interest in these entities using the equity method. Equity income of \$2.0 million in fiscal 2004, \$2.5 million in fiscal 2003 and \$2.3 million in fiscal 2002 is included in other income. The Company's investment in these entities is \$19.6 million at September 25, 2004 and \$18.7 million at September 27, 2003, which is greater than the Company's share of the underlying equity in net assets by approximately \$5 million. This amount was attributable to goodwill when the investments were made. On a combined basis, the assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses of these entities are not significant.

Accruals For Insurance – The Company maintains insurance for certain risks, including workers' compensation, general liability and vehicle liability, and is self-insured for employee related health care benefits. The Company's workers' compensation, general liability and vehicle liability insurance policies include

CENTRAL GARDEN & PET COMPANY

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS—(Continued)

deductibles of \$250,000 to \$350,000 per occurrence. The Company maintains excess loss insurance that covers any health care costs in excess of \$150,000 per person per year. The Company accrues for the expected costs associated with these risks by considering historical claims experience, demographic factors, severity factors and other relevant information. Costs are recognized in the period the claim is incurred, and the financial statement accruals include an estimate of claims incurred but not yet reported.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments – At September 25, 2004 and September 27, 2003, the carrying amount of cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, accounts payable and non-convertible debt approximates its fair value. The fair value, determined by comparison to quoted market prices, of the Company's \$150 million senior subordinated notes was \$165.0 million at September 25, 2004 and \$163.5 million at September 27, 2003.

Derivative Financial Instruments – The Company accounts for derivative instruments in accordance with SFAS 133, "Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activity", which requires, among other things, that all derivatives be reported on the balance sheet at fair value. Changes in fair value are recognized in earnings, or are deferred, depending on the nature of the underlying exposure being hedged and how effective the derivative is at offsetting a change in the underlying exposure. The Company does not enter into derivatives for trading or speculative purposes.

In October 2003, the Company entered into a \$75 million pay-floating interest rate swap effectively converting 50% of its \$150 million fixed rate 9 ¹/₈% senior subordinated notes to a floating rate of LIBOR + 4.04%. When it was entered into, the swap was designated as a hedge of the underlying specific interest rate exposure on the senior subordinated debt. The differential paid or received on the swap is recognized in interest expense over the life of the swap, thereby adjusting the effective interest rate on the underlying obligation. For the fiscal year ended September 25, 2004, the unrealized gain was approximately \$1.6 million, with a corresponding adjustment in the fair value of the related debt.

Stock-based compensation – The Company has two stock-based compensation plans, as described in Note 9. The Company accounts for its employee stock-based awards using the intrinsic value method in accordance with Accounting Principles Board ("APB") No. 25, "Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees;". No compensation expense is recognized for employee stock options, because it is the Company's practice to grant stock options with an exercise price equal to the market price of the underlying common stock on the date of grant.

As required by SFAS No. 123, "Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation," and SFAS No. 148, "Accounting for Stock Based Compensation Transition and Disclosure," the pro forma effects on net income and earnings per share, as if the fair value-based method had been applied in measuring compensation expense, has been provided. These calculations require subjective assumptions, including future stock price volatility and expected time to exercise, which greatly affect the calculated values. The Company's calculations were made using the Black-Scholes option pricing model with the following weighted average assumptions: expected life of three years from date of grant; stock volatility, 34.55% in fiscal 2004, 42% in fiscal 2003 and 52% in fiscal 2002; risk free interest rates, 2.15% in fiscal 2004, 2.83% in fiscal 2003 and 3.09% in fiscal 2002; and no dividends during the expected term.

CENTRAL GARDEN & PET COMPANY

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS—(Continued)

The Company's calculations are based on a single option valuation approach and forfeitures are recognized as they occur. If the computed fair values of the fiscal 1998 through 2004 awards had been amortized to expense in the consolidated financial statements over the vesting period of the awards, pro forma net income (loss) would have been as follows:

| | Fiscal Year Ended | | |
|---|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| | September 25, 2004 | September 27, 2003 | September 28, 2002 |
| | | (in thousands) | |
| Net income (loss), as reported | \$41,350 | \$ 34,641 | \$ (83,692) |
| Deduct: Total stock-based employee compensation expense determined under fair value based method for awards, net of related tax effects | (1,690) | (1,820) | (2,663) |
| Pro forma net income (loss) | \$39,660 | \$ 32,821 | \$ (86,355) |
| Net income (loss) per common equivalent share: | | | |
| Basic – as reported | \$ 2.06 | \$ 1.79 | \$ (4.50) |
| Basic – pro forma | \$ 1.98 | \$ 1.70 | \$ (4.65) |
| Diluted – as reported | \$ 1.99 | \$ 1.73 | \$ (3.44) |
| Diluted – pro forma | \$ 1.91 | \$ 1.63 | \$ (3.56) |

Total comprehensive income – Total comprehensive income consists of two components: net income and other comprehensive income. Other comprehensive income refers to revenue, expenses, gains and losses that under generally accepted accounting principles are recorded directly as an element of shareholders' equity, but are excluded from net income. The Company's other comprehensive income is comprised of foreign currency translation adjustments relating to foreign subsidiary whose functional currency is not the US dollar. Deferred taxes are not provided on translation gains and losses, because the Company expects earnings of its foreign subsidiary to be permanently reinvested.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements – In March 2004, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued a proposed Statement, "Share-Based Payment, an amendment of FASB Statements No. 123 and 95", which generally would require share-based payments to employees be accounted for using a fair-value-based method and recognized as expenses in our statements of operations. Although the technical issues that will play a significant role in determining the fair value and accounting for employee stock options have not been finalized, the effective date for the proposed standard is for quarterly periods beginning after June 15, 2005. The proposed statement, once finalized, is expected to have a significant impact on our consolidated statement of operations as we will be required to expense the fair value of our stock options rather than disclosing the pro-forma impact on our consolidated result of operations within our footnotes. This will result in lower reported earnings and earnings per share.

2. Businesses Acquired

The Company completed six acquisitions during the fiscal year ended September 25, 2004. Pro forma results of operations have not been presented for any of the acquisitions because the effects of these acquisitions were not material to Central's operating results either individually, or in the aggregate. The consolidated financial statements include the effects of these acquired businesses from the dates of acquisition. Each of these acquisitions was accounted for as a purchase. Other intangible assets acquired have indefinite lives and are not being amortized.

CENTRAL GARDEN & PET COMPANY

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS—(Continued)

The acquisitions are summarized as follows:

| | |
|--|----------------|
| Consideration paid (including transaction costs) | \$ 159,000,000 |
| Net tangible assets acquired | \$ 40,000,000 |
| Other intangible assets acquired | \$ 4,000,000 |
| Goodwill | \$ 115,000,000 |

In January 2004, the Company acquired substantially all of the assets of Kent Marine, Inc., a leading supplier of saltwater aquarium supplements and conditioners sold under the brand name “Kent Marine”, for approximately \$10 million in cash. The purchase price exceeded the fair value of the net tangible assets acquired by approximately \$9 million, which was recorded as goodwill. The Company may be required to pay up to \$700,000 of additional cash consideration over the next three years, contingent upon actual earnings of the acquired business.

In February 2004, the Company acquired substantially all of the assets of New England Pottery, Inc., a marketer and seller of decorative pottery and seasonal Christmas products, for approximately \$66 million in cash. Its proprietary brand names include “New England Pottery” and “GKI/Bethlehem Lighting.” The purchase price exceeded the fair value of the net tangible assets acquired by approximately \$49 million, which was recorded as goodwill.

In April 2004, the Company acquired substantially all of the assets of Interpet Limited, a leading marketer and manufacturer of pet supplies based in England, for approximately \$28 million in cash. The purchase price exceeded the fair value of the net tangible assets acquired by approximately \$20 million, which was recorded as goodwill.

In May 2004, the Company acquired substantially all of the assets of KRB Seed Company, LLC (dba “Budd Seed”), a leading provider of high-quality grass seed brands under the “Rebel” brand for approximately \$18 million in cash. The purchase price exceeded the fair value of the net tangible and intangible assets acquired by approximately \$10 million, which was recorded as goodwill.

In July 2004, the Company acquired substantially all of the assets of Burden’s Birds, a bird broker, for approximately \$1 million in cash. The purchase price exceeded the fair value of the net tangible assets acquired by approximately \$1 million, which was recorded as goodwill.

In August 2004, the Company acquired substantially all of the assets of Energy Savers Unlimited, Inc. (“ESU”), a leading U.S. provider of high intensity and specialty lighting to aquatics, reptile and avian hobbyists, for approximately \$35 million in cash. ESU also markets and sells a broad range of reptile, marine, freshwater and avian accessories and consumables to hobbyists and enthusiasts. The purchase price exceeded the fair value of the net tangible assets acquired by approximately \$26 million, which was recorded as goodwill. Central may be required to pay additional cash consideration over the next year, contingent upon the actual earnings of the acquired business.

In the aggregate, the fiscal 2004 acquisitions contributed \$74 million in revenue and \$9 million in operating income.

In fiscal 2003, the Company acquired a 49% equity interest in the E. M. Matson lawn and garden business. E. M. Matson is a lawn and garden manufacturer in the Western United States, which markets and sells slug & snail products, moss controls and animal repellants under the Corry’s, Deadline and Moss-B-Ware brand names.

3. Concentration of Credit Risk and Significant Customers and Suppliers

Customer Concentration – Approximately 43%, 44% and 42% of the Company’s net sales for fiscal years 2004, 2003 and 2002, respectively, were derived from sales to the Company’s top five customers. The Company’s largest customer accounted for approximately 20%, 21% and 20% of the Company’s net sales for

CENTRAL GARDEN & PET COMPANY

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS—(Continued)

fiscal years 2004, 2003 and 2002, respectively. No other customer accounted for more than 10% of Central's net sales in fiscal years 2004, 2003 and 2002. The loss of, or significant adverse change in, the relationship between the Company and its significant customers could have a material adverse effect on the Company's business and financial results. The loss of or reduction in orders from any significant customer, losses arising from customer disputes regarding shipments, fees, merchandise condition or related matters, or the Company's inability to collect accounts receivable from any major customer could have a material adverse impact on the Company's business and financial results. As of September 25, 2004 and September 27, 2003, accounts receivable from the Company's top five customers comprised 41% and 46% of the Company's total accounts receivable, including 10% and 17% from the Company's largest customer, respectively.

Supplier Concentration – While the Company purchases products from over 1,000 different manufacturers and suppliers, approximately 7%, 8% and 7% of the Company's net sales in fiscal years 2004, 2003 and 2002, respectively, were derived from products purchased from the Company's five largest suppliers.

4. Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

The changes in the allowance for doubtful accounts are summarized below (in thousands):

| Description | Balances at Beginning of Period | Charged to Costs and Expenses | Asset Write-Offs | Other | Balances at End of Period |
|-------------------------------|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------|---------|---------------------------------|
| Year ended September 25, 2004 | \$ 6,575 | \$ 3,453 | \$ 706 | \$3,026 | \$ 12,348 |
| Year ended September 27, 2003 | 7,597 | 1,778 | 2,800 | — | 6,575 |
| Year ended September 28, 2002 | 14,464 | 2,043 | 8,910 | — | 7,597 |

The other increase in fiscal 2004 represents amounts recognized relating to acquired businesses.

5. Goodwill

Upon adoption of SFAS No. 142, "Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets", in the fiscal year beginning September 30, 2001, the Company performed its transitional goodwill impairment analysis, and recorded a non-cash charge to write down goodwill in its Garden Products segment of \$51.9 million (\$42.1 million after tax) and in its Pet Products segment of \$94.8 million (\$70.1 million after tax). As of June 26, 2004 and June 29, 2003, the Company performed its annual goodwill impairment analyses using a valuation model based on estimated future operating results and cashflows. Based on the results of those analyses, there was no additional impairment of goodwill during fiscal years 2004 or 2003.

The changes in the carrying amount of goodwill for the years ended September 25, 2004, and September 27, 2003, are as follows (in thousands):

| | Garden Products Segment | Pet Products Segment | Total |
|----------------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------|------------|
| Balance as of September 28, 2002 | \$ 105,390 | \$ 117,099 | \$ 222,489 |
| Additions | 291 | — | 291 |
| Balance as of September 27, 2003 | 105,681 | 117,099 | 222,780 |
| Additions | 59,825 | 55,779 | 115,604 |
| Balance as of September 25, 2004 | \$ 165,506 | \$ 172,878 | \$ 338,384 |

Goodwill is included in Corporate for segment reporting purposes, see Note 13.

CENTRAL GARDEN & PET COMPANY

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS—(Continued)

6. Long-Term Debt

In January 2003, the Company issued \$150 million of 9 ¹/₈% senior subordinated notes due 2013.

In May 2003, the Company closed a \$200 million senior secured credit facility consisting of a five-year \$100 million revolving credit facility and a six-year \$100 million term loan. In March 2004, the Company amended the facility to increase the maximum amount available under the revolving credit portion by \$25 million to \$125 million and to include the option to borrow in Euros, Canadian Dollars and Pounds Sterling. Interest on the term loan is based on a rate equal to LIBOR + 2.25% or the prime rate plus 0.75%, at our option. Interest on the revolving credit facility is based on a rate equal to prime plus a margin, which fluctuates from 0.25% to 1.25% or LIBOR plus a margin which fluctuates from 1.75% to 2.75%, determined quarterly based on consolidated total debt to consolidated EBITDA for the most recent trailing 12-month period. This facility is secured by essentially all the Company's assets, contains certain financial covenants requiring maintenance of minimum levels of interest coverage and maximum levels of senior debt to EBITDA and total debt to EBITDA, and restricts the Company's ability to make treasury stock purchases. The Company was in compliance with all financial covenants as of September 25, 2004. This facility also requires the lenders' prior written consent to any material investments in or acquisitions of a business. The balance outstanding at September 25, 2004 under the \$125 million revolving credit facility was \$55.0 million, and the remaining available borrowing capacity was \$61.9 million, with \$8.1 million outstanding under certain letters of credit.

In October 2003, the Company entered into a \$75 million pay-floating interest rate swap effectively converting half of its \$150 million fixed rate 9 ¹/₈ % senior subordinated notes to a floating rate of LIBOR + 4.04%.

Long-term debt consists of the following:

| | September 25, 2004 | September 27, 2003 |
|---|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| | (in thousands) | |
| Senior Subordinated Notes, interest at 9.125% payable semi-annually, principal due February 2013 | \$150,000 | \$ 150,000 |
| Term Loan, interest at LIBOR + 2.25% or the prime rate + 1.25%, quarterly principal payments of \$250,000 remaining balance due May 2009 | 99,000 | 100,000 |
| Revolving credit facility, interest at LIBOR + 1.75% to 2.75% or the prime rate + 0.25% to 1.25%, final maturity May 2008 | 55,000 | — |
| Fair market value of \$75 million interest rate swap of \$150 million fixed rate 9 ¹ / ₈ % senior subordinated notes, principal due February 2013, to floating rate of LIBOR + 4.04%. | 1,575 | — |
| Other notes payable | 225 | 253 |
| Total | 305,800 | 250,253 |
| Less current portion of long-term debt | (1,025) | (1,028) |
| Total | \$304,775 | \$ 249,225 |

CENTRAL GARDEN & PET COMPANY

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS—(Continued)

Principal repayments on long-term debt are scheduled as follows:

| | (in thousands) |
|--------------|-------------------|
| Fiscal year: | |
| 2005 | \$ 1,025 |
| 2006 | 1,250 |
| 2007 | 1,000 |
| 2008 | 56,000 |
| 2009 | 94,750 |
| Thereafter | 150,200 |
| Total | <u>\$ 304,225</u> |

7. Commitments and Contingencies

Purchase commitments – Seed production and purchase agreements entered into in the ordinary course of business obligate the Company to make future purchases based on estimated crop yields. These contracts vary in their terms, a portion of which have fixed prices or quantities. At September 25, 2004, estimated annual seed purchase commitments were \$81.0 million for fiscal 2005, \$40.1 million for fiscal 2006, \$25.0 million for fiscal 2007, \$18.7 million for fiscal 2008 and \$10.7 million for fiscal 2009.

Leases – The Company has operating lease agreements principally for office and warehouse facilities and equipment. Such leases have remaining terms of 1 to 8 years. Rental expense was \$19.9 million, \$17.7 million and \$18.8 million for fiscal years 2004, 2003, and 2002 respectively.

Certain facility leases have renewal options and include escalation clauses. Minimum lease payments include scheduled rent increases pursuant to these escalation provisions.

Aggregate minimum annual payments on non-cancelable operating leases at September 25, 2004 are as follows:

| | (in thousands) |
|--------------|------------------|
| Fiscal year: | |
| 2005 | \$ 20,895 |
| 2006 | 15,317 |
| 2007 | 11,775 |
| 2008 | 9,388 |
| 2009 | 7,759 |
| Thereafter | 8,299 |
| Total | <u>\$ 73,433</u> |

Contingencies – Central does not believe that the outcome of the following legal proceedings will have a material adverse effect on its results of operations, liquidity or financial position taken as a whole. However, because these proceedings may raise complex factual and legal issues and are subject to uncertainties, Central cannot predict with assurance the outcome of these proceedings. Accordingly, adverse settlements or resolutions may occur and negatively impact earnings or cash flows in the quarter of settlement or resolution.

TFH Litigation. In December 1997, Central acquired all of the stock of TFH Publications, Inc. (“TFH”). In connection with the transaction, Central made a \$10 million loan to the sellers (the “Axelrod Loan”), which was

CENTRAL GARDEN & PET COMPANY

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS—(Continued)

evidenced by a Promissory Note. In September 1998, the prior owners of TFH brought suit against Central and certain executives of Central for damages and relief from their obligations under the Promissory Note, alleging, among other things, that Central's failure to properly supervise the TFH management team had jeopardized their prospects of achieving certain earnouts. Central believes that these allegations are without merit. Central counterclaimed against the prior owners for enforcement of the Promissory Note, rescission and/or damages and other relief, alleging, among other things, fraud, misrepresentation and breach of fiduciary duty by the prior owners of TFH. These actions, *Herbert R. Axelrod and Evelyn Axelrod v. Central Garden & Pet Company*; *Glen S. Axelrod*; *Gary Hersch*; *William E. Brown*; *Robert B. Jones*; *Glenn Novotny*; and *Neill Hines*, Docket No. MON-L-5100-99, and *TFH Publications, Inc. v. Herbert Axelrod et al.*, Docket No. L-2127-99 (consolidated cases), are in the New Jersey Superior Court.

During the course of discovery in this action, Central became aware of certain information which shows that prior to the acquisition of TFH by Central, certain records of TFH were prepared in an inaccurate manner which, among other things, resulted in underpayment of taxes by certain individuals. Those individuals could be liable for back taxes, interest, and penalties. In addition, even though all of the events occurred prior to the acquisition of TFH by Central, there is a possibility that TFH could be liable for penalties for events which occurred under prior management. Central believes that TFH has strong defenses available to the assertion of any penalties against TFH. Central cannot predict whether TFH will be required to pay any such penalties. In the event that TFH were required to pay penalties, Central would seek compensation from the prior owners.

On April 12, 2004, one of the former owners of TFH, Herbert Axelrod, was indicted by a federal grand jury. The two-count federal indictment, which is based on actions taken by Herbert Axelrod before Central acquired TFH, charges Herbert Axelrod with conspiracy to defraud the United States Internal Revenue Service and aiding and abetting the filing of false tax returns by a former Vice President of TFH. In April 2004, Herbert Axelrod failed to appear for his arraignment, and a federal warrant was issued for his arrest. According to press reports and other information, he has subsequently been arrested in Germany, has been extradited to the United States, and he is being held in jail in New Jersey pending further proceedings before the U.S. federal court. Central has information that Herbert Axelrod has liquidated and transferred assets out of the United States. The status of Herbert Axelrod and his assets has raised questions, which cannot presently be answered, about Central's ability to collect on any of its claims against Herbert Axelrod or the Axelrod Loan. Central intends to continue pursuing its claims against Mr. Axelrod. If Central is unsuccessful in its claims against Mr. Axelrod regarding the Axelrod Loan or is unable to collect any judgment awarded, Central would be required to write-off the Axelrod Loan, which would result in a non-cash charge against its future earnings. The Axelrod Loan is currently carried on the financial statements of Central as an "Other Asset" in the amount of \$10.2 million.

Scotts Litigation. On June 30, 2000, The Scotts Company filed suit against Central to collect the purchase price of certain lawn and garden products previously sold to Central. See *The Scotts Company v. Central Garden & Pet Company*, Docket No. C2 00-755 (U.S. Dist Ct. N.D. Ohio). Central filed its answer and a counter complaint asserting various claims for breaches of contracts.

In April 2002, trial occurred on the claims and counterclaims of the parties (excluding one oral contract claim that was severed from the remainder of the case). The net verdict was in favor of Scotts in the amount of \$10.4 million which had previously been recorded as an obligation by the Company. Scotts and Central filed post-trial motions. In a March 20, 2003 order, the district court denied Scotts' motion for attorneys' fees, granted Scotts' motion to set aside \$750,000 of the jury amount awarded to Central, denied Central's motion for a new trial, granted Central's motion for prejudgment interest, and granted in part and denied in part Scotts' motion for prejudgment interest. The court directed each party to re-determine the amount of their respective interest claims in light of the Court's ruling and to submit their respective determinations. On July 11, 2003, the Court issued an order resolving the remaining prejudgment interest issues and directing the parties to submit calculations in accordance with its

CENTRAL GARDEN & PET COMPANY

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS—(Continued)

decision. Pursuant to this order, the Court awarded prejudgment interest to Scotts in the net amount of \$2.8 million. On October 3, 2003, Central and Scotts settled the oral contract claim that had previously been severed from the remainder of the case. Pursuant to the settlement, Scotts reduced the judgment amount by \$300,000. Central and Scotts have appealed different aspects of the prior judgment and post-judgment orders but no date has yet been set for oral argument. In connection with the appeal, Central has paid approximately \$15 million into an escrow account, which is reported as restricted investments in the accompanying balance sheet as of September 25, 2004..

Phoenix Fire. On August 2, 2000, a fire destroyed Central's leased warehouse space in Phoenix, Arizona, and an adjoining warehouse space leased by a third party. On July 31, 2001, the adjoining warehouse tenant filed a lawsuit against Central and other parties in the Superior Court of Arizona, Maricopa County, seeking to recover \$47 million for property damage from the fire. See *Cardinal Health Inc., et al. v. Central Garden & Pet Company, et al.*, Civil Case No. CV2001-013152. Local residents also filed a purported class action lawsuit alleging claims for bodily injury and property damage as a result of the fire. This class action lawsuit has now been settled as to all parties, and has received Court approval. As part of the settlement, Central's liability insurers paid \$7,825,000 on behalf of Central in May 2004. The building owner and several nearby businesses have also filed lawsuits for property damage and business interruption, which are being coordinated with the remaining tenant lawsuit. Each of these lawsuits is currently pending in the Superior Court of Arizona, Maricopa County. Four of the business interruption lawsuits have been settled for amounts totally approximately \$680,000, paid by Central's insurers. The Arizona Department of Environmental Quality, after monitoring the cleanup operations and asking Central, the building owner and the adjoining warehouse tenant to assess whether the fire and fire suppression efforts may have caused environmental impacts to soil, groundwater and/or surface water, has now issued a letter stating that Central need take no further action at the site with respect to environmental issues. In early 2001, the EPA requested information relating to the fire. On July 17, 2002, the EPA informed Central that it intended to file a civil administrative complaint seeking penalties of up to \$350,000 for certain alleged post-fire reporting violations. Central and the EPA have settled those allegations for \$65,000. The overall amount of the damages to all parties caused by the fire, and the overall amount of damages which Central may sustain as a result of the fire, have not been quantified. At the time of the fire, Central maintained property insurance covering losses to the leased premises, Central's inventory and equipment, and loss of business income. Central also maintained insurance providing \$51 million of coverage (with no deductible) against third party liability. Central believes that this insurance coverage will be available with respect to third party claims against Central if parties other than Central are not found responsible. The precise amount of the damages sustained in the fire, the ultimate determination of the parties responsible and the availability of insurance coverage are likely to depend on the outcome of complex litigation, involving numerous claimants, defendants and insurance companies.

8. Income Taxes

The provision (benefit) for income taxes consists of the following:

| | Fiscal Year Ended | | |
|----------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| | September 25, 2004 | September 27, 2003 | September 28, 2002 |
| | (in thousands) | | |
| Current: | | | |
| Federal. | \$15,802 | \$ 10,454 | \$ 5,636 |
| State. | 1,450 | 1,529 | 1,079 |
| Foreign. | 575 | — | — |
| Total. | 17,827 | 11,983 | 6,715 |
| Deferred | 7,165 | 9,037 | (26,065) |
| Total | \$24,992 | \$ 21,020 | \$ (19,350) |

CENTRAL GARDEN & PET COMPANY

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS—(Continued)

The tax benefit of \$19.4 million recognized in fiscal 2002 results from the \$34.5 million tax benefit related to the cumulative effect of accounting change recorded net of tax during the fiscal year.

A reconciliation of the statutory federal income tax rate to the Company's effective income tax rate is as follows:

| | Fiscal Year Ended | | |
|--|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| | September 25, 2004 | September 27, 2003 | September 28, 2002 |
| Statutory rate | 35.0% | 35.0% | 35.0% |
| State income taxes, net of federal benefit | 2.4 | 2.0 | 2.0 |
| Nondeductible expenses, primarily goodwill | .5 | 0.8 | (18.1) |
| Other | (.2) | — | (0.1) |
| Effective tax rate | 37.7% | 37.8% | 18.8% |

Deferred income taxes reflect the impact of "temporary differences" between asset and liability amounts for financial reporting purposes and such amounts as determined based on existing tax laws. The tax effect of temporary differences and carryforwards which give rise to deferred tax assets and liabilities are as follows:

| | September 25, 2004 | | September 27, 2003 | |
|---|---------------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------------|
| | Deferred Tax Assets | Deferred Tax Liabilities | Deferred Tax Assets | Deferred Tax Liabilities |
| | (in thousands) | | | |
| Current: | | | | |
| Allowance for doubtful accounts receivable. | \$ 2,166 | | \$ 1,374 | |
| Inventory write-downs | 4,000 | | 3,808 | |
| Prepaid expenses. | | \$ 1,944 | | \$ 2,133 |
| Nondeductible reserves | 2,013 | | 2,142 | |
| State taxes. | | 2,385 | | 1,741 |
| Other. | 540 | | 62 | |
| Current | 8,719 | 4,329 | 7,386 | 3,874 |
| Noncurrent: | | | | |
| Depreciation and amortization. | | 2,443 | 5,705 | |
| Joint venture income. | | 925 | | 860 |
| Other. | 2,025 | | 1,856 | |
| Noncurrent. | 2,025 | 3,368 | 7,561 | 860 |
| Total. | \$10,744 | \$ 7,697 | \$14,947 | \$ 4,734 |

9. Shareholders' Equity

At September 25, 2004, there were 80,000,000 shares of common stock (\$0.01 par value) authorized, of which 18,772,970 were outstanding.

At September 25, 2004, there were 3,000,000 shares of Class B stock (\$0.01 par value) authorized, of which 1,654,462 were outstanding. The voting powers, preferences and relative rights of the Class B stock are identical to common stock in all respects except that (i) the holders of common stock are entitled to one vote per share and

CENTRAL GARDEN & PET COMPANY

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS—(Continued)

the holders of Class B stock are entitled to the lesser of ten votes per share or 49% of the total votes cast, (ii) stock dividends on common stock may be paid only in shares of common stock and stock dividends on Class B stock may be paid only in shares of Class B stock and (iii) shares of Class B stock have certain conversion rights and are subject to certain restrictions on ownership and transfer. Each share of Class B stock is convertible into one share of common stock, at the option of the holder. Additional shares of Class B stock may only be issued with majority approval of the holders of the common stock and Class B stock, voting as separate classes.

At September 25, 2004, there were 1,000,000 shares of preferred stock (\$0.01 par value) authorized, of which 100 shares of Series B preferred stock were outstanding. The Series B preferred stock is entitled to receive dividends when and as declared by the Board of Directors, subject to the prior rights of holders of all classes of stock at the time outstanding having prior rights as to dividends. The Series B preferred stock is convertible into approximately 86,406 shares of our common stock anytime after February 26, 2005. Each share of Series B Preferred Stock is entitled to a liquidation preference equal to the greater of (i) \$30,000 per share plus all declared but unpaid dividends on the Series B preferred stock or (ii) such amount per share as would have been payable with respect to such shares of Series B preferred stock had each share of the then outstanding Series B preferred stock been converted to common stock immediately prior to such event whether or not the Series B preferred stock is then so convertible. Except as otherwise required by law, the holders of Series B preferred stock shall not be entitled to vote. The Series B preferred stock is redeemable at the option of the holder starting on February 26, 2005 for a period extending until February 26, 2009 at a price equal to \$30,000 per share. As a result, the Series B preferred stock has been excluded from shareholders' equity. The Series B preferred stock is not redeemable at our option.

In August 1998, the Company's Board of Directors authorized a program for the Company to repurchase up to \$25 million of common shares. In several subsequent authorizations, the Company's Board of Directors increased such authorization up to \$155 million of common shares as of December 1, 1999. As of September 30, 2000, the Company had repurchased approximately 13.7 million shares of its common stock for an aggregate price of approximately \$143.8 million under this program. There have been no repurchases since September 30, 2000.

In February 2003, the Company adopted the 2003 Omnibus Equity Incentive Plan (the "2003 Plan") which provides for the grant of options to key employees and consultants of the Company for the purchase of up to an aggregate of 2.5 million shares of common stock of the Company. The 2003 Plan is administered by the Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors, comprised of independent directors only, who must approve individual awards to be granted, vesting and exercise of share conditions. The 2003 Plan replaced the 1993 Omnibus Equity Incentive Plan (the "1993 Plan") which, through January 2003, provided for the grant of options to key employees and consultants of the Company for the purchase of up to an aggregate of 4.8 million shares of common stock of the Company. Upon adoption of the 2003 plan, the Company terminated the 1993 Plan, subject to the remaining outstanding option grants.

In 1996, the Company adopted the Nonemployee Director Stock Option Plan (the "Director Plan") which provides for the grant of options to nonemployee directors of the Company. In June 2001, the Board of Directors of the Company amended the Director Plan, to increase the number of shares authorized for issuance under the Director Plan to 200,000 shares and to revise the annual awards to provide for an option to purchase \$100,000 of the Company's common stock and a restricted stock grant for \$10,000 of the Company's common stock. In June 2001, the Board granted each nonemployee director an option to purchase 7,000 shares of the Company's common stock and a restricted stock grant for 1,000 shares of common stock outside the Director Plan. In August 2002, the Board granted a new nonemployee director an option to purchase 3,709 shares of the Company's common stock and a restricted stock grant for 371 shares of common stock outside the Director Plan.

CENTRAL GARDEN & PET COMPANY

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS—(Continued)

Option activity under the Plan, Director Plan and to nonemployee directors outside the Director Plan is as follows:

| | Number of Options | Weighted Average Exercise Price |
|---|----------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Balance at September 29, 2001 | 2,894,559 | \$ 12.48 |
| Granted (weighted average fair value of \$3.54) | 1,179,488 | 8.78 |
| Exercised | (462,621) | 11.22 |
| Cancelled | (783,260) | 14.19 |
| Balance at September 28, 2002 | 2,828,166 | 10.66 |
| Granted (weighted average fair value of \$6.76) | 564,038 | 21.72 |
| Exercised | (899,250) | 9.58 |
| Cancelled | (383,624) | 18.71 |
| Balance at September 27, 2003 | 2,109,330 | 12.48 |
| Granted (weighted average fair value of \$6.79) | 547,560 | 27.25 |
| Exercised | (600,100) | 9.29 |
| Cancelled | (75,850) | 11.40 |
| Balance at September 25, 2004 | 1,980,940 | 17.55 |
| Exercisable at September 28, 2002 | 996,821 | 14.25 |
| Exercisable at September 27, 2003 | 438,238 | 10.43 |
| Exercisable at September 25, 2004 | 659,947 | 8.49 |

| Range of Exercise Prices | Options Outstanding September 25, 2004 | | | Options Exercisable September 25, 2004 | |
|-----------------------------|---|--|------------------------------------|---|------------------------------------|
| | Number of Options Outstanding | Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Life (Years) | Weighted Average Exercise Price | Number of Options Exercisable | Weighted Average Exercise Price |
| \$ 1.30 – \$ 4.99 | 200 | 0.2 | \$ 1.30 | 200 | \$ 1.30 |
| 5.00 – 9.99 | 617,021 | 0.9 | 7.66 | 600,354 | 7.67 |
| 10.00 – 14.99 | 277,737 | 4.9 | 12.85 | 35,000 | 13.00 |
| 15.00 – 19.99 | 26,334 | 2.1 | 16.99 | 7,334 | 15.63 |
| 20.00 – 24.99 | 521,338 | 2.6 | 21.77 | 12,124 | 21.99 |
| 25.00 – 29.99 | 451,000 | 2.7 | 26.10 | — | — |
| 30.00 – 34.99 | 77,310 | 5.0 | 32.63 | 4,935 | 33.76 |
| 35.00 – 38.41 | 10,000 | 5.0 | 37.95 | — | — |
| \$ 1.30 – \$38.41 | 1,980,940 | 2.6 | \$ 17.55 | 659,947 | \$ 8.49 |

CENTRAL GARDEN & PET COMPANY

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS—(Continued)

10. Earnings Per–Share

The following is a reconciliation of the numerators and denominators of the basic and diluted earnings per–share (EPS) computations:

| | Fiscal Year Ended September 25, 2004 | | | Fiscal Year Ended September 27, 2003 | | | Fiscal Year Ended September 28, 2002 | | |
|---|---|--------|--------------|---|--------|--------------|---|--------|--------------|
| | Income | Shares | Per Share | Loss | Shares | Per Share | Loss | Shares | Per Share |
| (in thousands, except per share amounts) | | | | | | | | | |
| Basic EPS: | | | | | | | | | |
| Net income (loss) available to common shareholders | \$ 41,350 | 20,036 | \$ 2.06 | \$ 34,641 | 19,327 | \$ 1.79 | \$ (83,692) | 18,581 | \$ (4.50) |
| Effect of dilutive securities: | | | | | | | | | |
| Options to purchase common stock | — | 765 | | — | 754 | | — | 321 | |
| Convertible notes | — | — | | — | — | | 4,470 | 4,107 | |
| Diluted EPS: | | | | | | | | | |
| Net income (loss) attributed to common shareholders | \$ 41,350 | 20,801 | \$ 1.99 | \$ 34,641 | 20,081 | \$ 1.73 | \$ (79,222) | 23,009 | \$ (3.44) |

Shares from the assumed conversion of the Company's convertible securities and exercise of certain options to purchase common stock were not included in the computation of diluted EPS for fiscal 2003 as the impact would have been anti-dilutive. The convertible securities were retired during the second quarter of fiscal year 2003 and were only outstanding for a portion of fiscal year 2003. Although the assumed conversion of such items was anti-dilutive during fiscal 2002, 4,107,143 shares of the Company's convertible securities were included in the computation of diluted EPS as required by SFAS No. 128, "Earnings Per Share," which requires net income before the cumulative effect of accounting change to be used for measurement purposes of dilution.

Options to purchase 1,980,940 shares of common stock at prices ranging from \$1.30 to \$38.41 per share were outstanding at September 25, 2004. Of these shares, 52,310 were not included in the computation of diluted earnings per share because the option exercise prices were greater than the average market price of the common shares and, therefore, the effect of including these options would be anti-dilutive. Options to purchase 2,109,330 shares of common stock at prices ranging from \$1.30 to \$30.00 per share were outstanding at September 27, 2003. Of these shares, 6,148 were not included in the computation of diluted earnings per share because the option exercise prices were greater than the average market price of the common shares and, therefore, the effect of including these options would be anti-dilutive. Options to purchase 2,828,166 shares of common stock at prices ranging from \$1.30 to \$33.94 per share were outstanding at September 28, 2002. Of these shares, 848,803 were not included in the computation of diluted earnings per share because the option exercise prices were greater than the average market price of the common shares and, therefore, the effect of including these options would be anti-dilutive.

CENTRAL GARDEN & PET COMPANY

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS—(Continued)

11. Quarterly Financial Data – unaudited

| | Fiscal 2004 | | | |
|--|--|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| | 1 st Quarter | 2 nd Quarter | 3 rd Quarter | 4 th Quarter |
| | (in thousands, except per share amounts) | | | |
| Sales | \$ 222,350 | \$ 358,985 | \$ 374,431 | \$ 310,760 |
| Gross profit | 62,071 | 112,026 | 117,925 | 92,277 |
| Net income (loss) | (645) | 18,844 | 17,941 | 5,210 |
| Net income (loss) per common equivalent share: | | | | |
| Basic | \$ (0.03) | \$ 0.94 | \$ 0.89 | \$ 0.26 |
| Diluted | \$ (0.03) | \$ 0.91 | \$ 0.86 | \$ 0.25 |
| Weighted average common equivalent shares outstanding: | | | | |
| Basic | 19,877 | 20,030 | 20,086 | 20,271 |
| Diluted | 19,877 | 20,803 | 20,974 | 20,966 |

| | Fiscal 2003 | | | |
|--|--|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| | 1 st Quarter | 2 nd Quarter | 3 rd Quarter | 4 th Quarter |
| | (in thousands, except per share amounts) | | | |
| Sales | \$ 211,936 | \$ 330,509 | \$ 345,115 | \$ 257,441 |
| Gross profit | 61,218 | 99,090 | 102,207 | 70,924 |
| Net income (loss) | (717) | 13,529 | 17,230 | 4,599 |
| Net income (loss) per common equivalent share: | | | | |
| Basic | \$ (0.04) | \$ 0.70 | \$ 0.89 | \$ 0.23 |
| Diluted | \$ (0.04) | \$ 0.68 | \$ 0.86 | \$ 0.23 |
| Weighted average common equivalent shares outstanding: | | | | |
| Basic | 19,060 | 19,234 | 19,357 | 19,673 |
| Diluted | 19,060 | 20,009 | 20,137 | 20,415 |

12. Transactions with Related Parties

During fiscal 2004, 2003 and 2002, subsidiaries of the Company purchased \$2.1 million, \$2.4 million and \$2.5 million, respectively, of products from Bio Plus, Inc., a company that produces granular peanut hulls. As of September 25, 2004 and September 27, 2003, the Company owed Bio Plus, Inc. \$8,330, and \$75,581, respectively, for such purchases. Such amounts were included in accounts payable as of that date. A director and executive officer of the Company is a minority shareholder and a director of Bio Plus, Inc.

13. Business Segment Data

Operating segments are defined as components of an enterprise about which separate financial information is available that is evaluated regularly by the chief operating decision maker, or decision making group, in deciding how to allocate resources and in assessing performance. The Company's chief operating decision making group is comprised of the Chief Executive Officer and the lead executives of each of the Company's operating segments. The lead executive for each operating segment is also a member of a Strategy Board that manages the profitability of each respective segment's various product lines and business. The operating segments are managed separately because each segment represents a strategic business unit that offers different products or services. The chief operating decision making group evaluates performance based on profit or loss from operations. The Company's Corporate division is included in the presentation of reportable segment information since certain revenues and expenses of this division are not allocated separately to the two operating segments. Segment assets exclude cash equivalents, short-term investments, deferred taxes and goodwill.

CENTRAL GARDEN & PET COMPANY

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS—(Continued)

Management has determined that the reportable segments of the Company are Pet Products and Garden Products based on the level at which the chief operating decision making group reviews the results of operations to make decisions regarding performance assessment and resource allocation.

The Pet Products segment consists of Four Paws Products, TFH Publications, Wellmark, Kaytee, Island Aquarium, All-Glass Aquarium, Kent Marine, Interpet and Energy Savers Unlimited. These companies are engaged in the manufacturing, delivery and sale of pet supplies, books and food principally to independent pet distributors and retailers, national specialty pet stores, mass merchants and bookstores. The Pet Products segment is also a distributor of pet supply products. This segment also operates distribution centers in various states. Their products are sold to independent retailers, national retail chains, grocery stores and mass merchants.

The Garden Products segment consists of Pennington Seed, Matthews Four Seasons, Grant's, Norcal Pottery, AMBRANDS, Lilly Miller, New England Pottery and GKI/Bethlehem Lighting. Products manufactured or designed and sourced are products found typically in the lawn and garden sections of mass merchandisers, warehouse-type clubs, home improvement centers and nurseries and include grass seed, bird feed, clay pottery, outdoor wooden planters and trellises, ant control and animal repellents. These products are sold directly to retailers and to distributors. The Garden Products segment is also a distributor of lawn and garden products. This segment also operates distribution centers in various states. Their products are sold to independent retailers, national retail chains, grocery stores and mass merchants.

The Corporate division includes expenses associated with corporate functions and projects, certain employee benefits, goodwill impairments, interest income, interest expense and intersegment eliminations.

CENTRAL GARDEN & PET COMPANY

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS—(Continued)

Financial information relating to the Company's business segments for each of the three most recent fiscal years is presented in the table below.

| | 2004 | 2003 | 2002 |
|---|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| | (in thousands) | | |
| Net sales: | | | |
| Pet Products | \$ 568,942 | \$ 501,652 | \$ 471,077 |
| Garden Products | 697,548 | 643,349 | 606,703 |
| Total net sales | <u>\$ 1,266,526</u> | <u>\$ 1,145,001</u> | <u>\$ 1,077,780</u> |
| Income (loss) from operations before other charges: | | | |
| Pet Products | \$ 61,392 | \$ 52,677 | \$ 43,386 |
| Garden Products | 42,872 | 39,347 | 37,257 |
| Corporate | (22,192) | (19,683) | (27,879) |
| Total income from operations before other charges | 82,072 | 72,341 | 52,764 |
| Interest expense | (18,282) | (19,747) | (14,745) |
| Interest income | 529 | 545 | 137 |
| Other income | 2,023 | 2,522 | 5,548 |
| Income taxes | (24,992) | (21,020) | (15,159) |
| Income (loss) before cumulative effect of accounting change | 41,350 | 34,641 | 28,545 |
| Cumulative effect of accounting change, net of tax | — | — | (112,237) |
| Net income (loss) | <u>\$ 41,350</u> | <u>\$ 34,641</u> | <u>\$ (83,692)</u> |
| Assets: | | | |
| Pet Products | \$ 245,212 | \$ 208,703 | |
| Garden Products | 330,362 | 281,679 | |
| Corporate, eliminations and all other | 384,623 | 338,716 | |
| Total assets | <u>\$ 960,197</u> | <u>\$ 829,098</u> | |
| Depreciation and amortization: | | | |
| Pet Products | \$ 11,827 | \$ 11,985 | \$ 11,589 |
| Garden Products | 5,694 | 5,352 | 5,456 |
| Corporate | 995 | 541 | 571 |
| Total depreciation and amortization | <u>\$ 18,516</u> | <u>\$ 17,878</u> | <u>\$ 17,616</u> |
| Expenditures for long-lived assets | | | |
| Pet Products | \$ 12,930 | \$ 13,906 | \$ 7,043 |
| Garden Products | 4,119 | 3,456 | 2,462 |
| Corporate | 1,215 | 596 | 1,402 |
| Total expenditures for long-lived assets | <u>\$ 18,264</u> | <u>\$ 17,958</u> | <u>\$ 10,907</u> |

CENTRAL GARDEN & PET COMPANY

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS—(Continued)

14. Consolidating Condensed Financial Information of Guarantor Subsidiaries

Certain wholly-owned subsidiaries of the Company (as listed below, collectively the “Guarantor Subsidiaries”) have guaranteed fully and unconditionally, on a joint and several basis, the obligation to pay principal and interest on the Company’s \$150,000,000 9 1/8% Senior Subordinated Notes (the “Notes”) issued on January 30, 2003. Certain subsidiaries and operating divisions are not guarantors of the Notes and have been included in the financial results of the Parent in the information below. Those subsidiaries that are guarantors of the Notes are as follows:

Four Paws Products Ltd.
 Grant Laboratories, Inc.
 Interpet, PLC
 Kaytee Products, Incorporated
 Matthews Redwood & Nursery Supply, Inc.
 New England Pottery, LLC
 Norcal Pottery Products, Inc.
 Pennington Seed, Inc. (including Phaeton Corporation (dba Unicorn Labs), Pennington Seed, Inc. of Nebraska, Gro Tec, Inc., Seeds West, Inc., All-Glass Aquarium Co., Inc. (including Oceanic Systems, Inc.))
 T.F.H. Publications, Inc.
 Wellmark International

In lieu of providing separate audited financial statements for the Guarantor Subsidiaries, the Company has included the accompanying consolidating condensed financial statements based on the Company’s understanding of the Securities and Exchange Commission’s interpretation and application of Rule 3–10 of the Securities and Exchange Commission’s Regulation S–X.

CONSOLIDATING CONDENSED STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS
Fiscal Year Ended September 25, 2004
 (in thousands)

| | Unconsolidated | | | Consolidated |
|---|----------------|------------------------|--------------|--------------|
| | Parent | Guarantor Subsidiaries | Eliminations | |
| Net sales | \$412,783 | \$ 941,625 | \$ (87,882) | \$ 1,266,526 |
| Cost of goods sold and occupancy | 301,214 | 668,986 | (87,973) | 882,227 |
| Gross profit | 111,569 | 272,639 | 91 | 384,299 |
| Selling, general and administrative expenses | 106,438 | 195,789 | — | 302,227 |
| Income from operations | 5,131 | 76,850 | 91 | 82,072 |
| Interest – net | (17,908) | 155 | — | (17,753) |
| Other income | 327 | 1,696 | — | 2,023 |
| Income (loss) before income taxes | (12,450) | 78,701 | 91 | 66,342 |
| Income taxes | 4,694 | (29,652) | (34) | (24,992) |
| Net income (loss) before equity in undistributed income of guarantor subsidiaries | (7,756) | 49,049 | 57 | 41,350 |
| Equity in undistributed income of guarantor subsidiaries | 49,106 | — | (49,106) | — |
| Net income (loss) | \$ 41,350 | \$ 49,049 | \$ (49,049) | \$ 41,350 |

CENTRAL GARDEN & PET COMPANY

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS—(Continued)

CONSOLIDATING CONDENSED STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS

Fiscal Year Ended September 27, 2003

(in thousands)

| | Unconsolidated | | | Consolidated |
|---|----------------|------------------------|--------------|--------------|
| | Parent | Guarantor Subsidiaries | Eliminations | |
| Net sales | \$376,217 | \$ 844,933 | \$ (76,149) | \$ 1,145,001 |
| Cost of goods sold and occupancy | 278,457 | 608,895 | (75,790) | 811,562 |
| Gross profit (loss) | 97,760 | 236,038 | (359) | 333,439 |
| Selling, general and administrative expenses | 97,260 | 163,838 | — | 261,098 |
| Income (loss) from operations | 500 | 72,200 | (359) | 72,341 |
| Interest – net | (18,314) | (888) | — | (19,202) |
| Other income | 741 | 1,781 | — | 2,522 |
| Income (loss) before income taxes | (17,073) | 73,093 | (359) | 55,661 |
| Income taxes | (6,127) | 27,280 | (133) | 21,020 |
| Net income (loss) before equity in undistributed income of guarantor subsidiaries | (10,946) | 45,813 | (226) | 34,641 |
| Equity in undistributed income of guarantor subsidiaries | 45,587 | — | (45,587) | — |
| Net income (loss) | \$ 34,641 | \$ 45,813 | \$ (45,813) | \$ 34,641 |

CONSOLIDATING CONDENSED STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS

Fiscal Year Ended September 28, 2002

(in thousands)

| | Unconsolidated | | | Consolidated |
|---|----------------|------------------------|--------------|--------------|
| | Parent | Guarantor Subsidiaries | Eliminations | |
| Net sales | \$ 373,475 | \$ 774,059 | \$ (69,754) | \$ 1,077,780 |
| Cost of goods sold and occupancy | 285,356 | 542,040 | (69,959) | 757,437 |
| Gross profit | 88,119 | 232,019 | 205 | 320,343 |
| Selling, general and administrative expenses | 104,563 | 163,016 | — | 267,579 |
| Income (loss) from operations | (16,444) | 69,003 | 205 | 52,764 |
| Interest – net | (12,203) | (2,405) | — | (14,608) |
| Other income | (2,171) | 7,719 | — | 5,548 |
| Income (loss) before income taxes and cumulative effect of accounting change | (30,818) | 74,317 | 205 | 43,704 |
| Income taxes | (12,250) | 27,327 | 82 | 15,159 |
| Net Income (loss) before cumulative effect of accounting change | (18,568) | 46,990 | 123 | 28,545 |
| Cumulative effect of accounting change, net of tax | (112,237) | — | — | (112,237) |
| Net income (loss) before equity in undistributed income of guarantor subsidiaries | (130,805) | 46,990 | 123 | (83,692) |
| Equity in undistributed income of guarantor subsidiaries | 47,113 | — | (47,113) | — |
| Net income (loss) | \$ (83,692) | \$ 46,990 | \$ (46,990) | \$ (83,692) |

CENTRAL GARDEN & PET COMPANY
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS—(Continued)
CONSOLIDATING CONDENSED BALANCE SHEET
September 27, 2004
(in thousands)

| | Unconsolidated | | | Consolidated |
|--|----------------|---------------------------|------------------|----------------|
| | Parent | Guarantor Subsidiaries | Eliminations | |
| ASSETS | | | | |
| Cash and equivalents | \$ 5,028 | \$ 7,193 | \$ — | \$ 12,221 |
| Restricted investments | 14,936 | — | — | 14,936 |
| Accounts receivable | 50,540 | 146,388 | (12,949) | 183,979 |
| Inventories | 67,420 | 170,493 | — | 237,913 |
| Prepaid expenses and other assets | 8,291 | 7,520 | — | 15,811 |
| | <u>146,215</u> | <u>331,594</u> | <u>(12,949)</u> | <u>464,860</u> |
| Total current assets | 146,215 | 331,594 | (12,949) | 464,860 |
| Land, buildings, improvements and equipment, net | 10,376 | 95,236 | — | 105,612 |
| Goodwill | 338,384 | — | — | 338,384 |
| Investment in guarantors | 319,403 | — | (319,403) | — |
| Deferred income taxes and other assets | 49,735 | 18,143 | (16,537) | 51,341 |
| | <u>864,113</u> | <u>444,973</u> | <u>(348,889)</u> | <u>960,197</u> |
| Total | \$ 864,113 | \$ 444,973 | \$ (348,889) | \$ 960,197 |
| LIABILITIES | | | | |
| Accounts payable | \$ 56,360 | \$ 62,522 | \$ (12,949) | \$ 105,933 |
| Accrued expenses and other liabilities | 22,364 | 43,609 | — | 65,973 |
| | <u>78,724</u> | <u>106,131</u> | <u>(12,949)</u> | <u>171,906</u> |
| Total current liabilities | 78,724 | 106,131 | (12,949) | 171,906 |
| Long-term debt | 304,775 | — | — | 304,775 |
| Other long-term obligations | 818 | 19,439 | (16,537) | 3,720 |
| Convertible redeemable preferred stock | 3,000 | — | — | 3,000 |
| Total shareholders' equity | 476,796 | 319,403 | (319,403) | 476,796 |
| | <u>864,113</u> | <u>444,973</u> | <u>(348,889)</u> | <u>960,197</u> |
| Total | \$ 864,113 | \$ 444,973 | \$ (348,889) | \$ 960,197 |

CENTRAL GARDEN & PET COMPANY
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS—(Continued)
CONSOLIDATING CONDENSED BALANCE SHEET
September 27, 2003
(in thousands)

| | Unconsolidated | | | Consolidated |
|--|----------------|---------------------------|------------------|----------------|
| | Parent | Guarantor Subsidiaries | Eliminations | |
| ASSETS | | | | |
| Cash and equivalents | \$ 76,354 | \$ 1,250 | \$ — | \$ 77,604 |
| Accounts receivable | 43,209 | 113,415 | (10,549) | 146,075 |
| Inventories | 55,718 | 161,438 | — | 217,156 |
| Prepaid expenses and other assets | 10,198 | 5,024 | — | 15,222 |
| | <u>185,479</u> | <u>281,127</u> | <u>(10,549)</u> | <u>456,057</u> |
| Total current assets | 185,479 | 281,127 | (10,549) | 456,057 |
| Land, buildings, improvements and equipment, net | 10,092 | 91,446 | — | 101,538 |
| Goodwill | 222,780 | — | — | 222,780 |
| Investment in guarantors | 281,522 | — | (281,522) | — |
| Deferred income taxes and other assets | 47,607 | 1,116 | — | 48,723 |
| | <u>747,480</u> | <u>373,689</u> | <u>(292,071)</u> | <u>829,098</u> |
| Total | \$ 747,480 | \$ 373,689 | \$ (292,071) | \$ 829,098 |
| LIABILITIES | | | | |
| Accounts payable | \$ 53,024 | \$ 62,628 | \$ (10,549) | \$ 105,103 |
| Accrued expenses and other liabilities | 20,131 | 27,958 | — | 48,089 |
| | <u>73,155</u> | <u>90,586</u> | <u>(10,549)</u> | <u>153,192</u> |
| Total current liabilities | 73,155 | 90,586 | (10,549) | 153,192 |
| Long-term debt | 249,200 | 25 | — | 249,225 |
| Other long-term obligations | 29 | 1,556 | — | 1,585 |
| Total shareholders' equity | 425,096 | 281,522 | (281,522) | 425,096 |
| | <u>747,480</u> | <u>373,689</u> | <u>(292,071)</u> | <u>829,098</u> |
| Total | \$ 747,480 | \$ 373,689 | \$ (292,071) | \$ 829,098 |

CENTRAL GARDEN & PET COMPANY

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS—(Continued)

CONSOLIDATING CONDENSED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

September 25, 2004
(in thousands)

| | Unconsolidated | | | Consolidated |
|--|----------------|---------------------------|--------------|--------------|
| | Parent | Guarantor Subsidiaries | Eliminations | |
| Net cash provided by operating activities | \$ 79,478 | \$ 33,985 | \$ (49,049) | \$ 64,414 |
| Expenditures for land, buildings, improvements and equipment | (1,418) | (16,846) | — | (18,264) |
| Payments to acquire companies, net of cash acquired | (158,947) | — | — | (158,947) |
| Restricted investments | (14,936) | — | — | (14,936) |
| Investment in guarantor | (37,745) | (11,304) | 49,049 | — |
| Net cash provided (used) by investing activities | (213,046) | (28,150) | 49,049 | (192,147) |
| Repayments on revolving line of credit | (87,823) | — | — | (87,823) |
| Borrowings on revolving line of credit | 142,823 | — | — | 142,823 |
| Payments on long-term debt | (1,000) | (28) | — | (1,028) |
| Proceeds from issuance of stock | 8,242 | — | — | 8,242 |
| Net cash provided (used) by financing activities | 62,242 | (28) | — | 62,214 |
| Effect of exchange rates on cash | — | 136 | — | 136 |
| Net increase in cash and cash equivalents | (71,326) | 5,943 | — | (65,383) |
| Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period | 76,354 | 1,250 | — | 77,604 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at end of period | \$ 5,028 | \$ 7,193 | \$ — | \$ 12,221 |

CONSOLIDATING CONDENSED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

September 27, 2003
(in thousands)

| | Unconsolidated | | | Consolidated |
|--|----------------|---------------------------|--------------|--------------|
| | Parent | Guarantor Subsidiaries | Eliminations | |
| Net cash provided by operating activities | \$ 4,137 | \$ 47,065 | \$ — | \$ 51,202 |
| Expenditures for land, buildings, improvements and equipment | (1,987) | (15,971) | — | (17,958) |
| Payments to acquire companies, net of cash acquired | (4,614) | — | — | (4,614) |
| Investment in guarantor | (22,971) | 22,971 | — | — |
| Net cash provided (used) by investing activities | (29,572) | (7,000) | — | (22,572) |
| Repayments under lines of credit, net | (33,992) | (25,983) | — | (59,975) |
| Payments on long-term debt | (125,035) | (27,636) | — | (152,671) |
| Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt | 250,000 | — | — | 250,000 |
| Proceeds from issuance of stock | 8,070 | — | — | 8,070 |
| Deferred financing costs | (7,334) | — | — | (7,334) |
| Net cash provided (used) by financing activities | 91,709 | (53,619) | — | 38,090 |
| Net increase in cash and cash equivalents | 66,274 | 446 | — | 66,720 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period | 10,080 | 804 | — | 10,884 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at end of period | \$ 76,354 | \$ 1,250 | \$ — | \$ 77,604 |

CENTRAL GARDEN & PET COMPANY
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS—(Continued)
CONSOLIDATING CONDENSED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
September 28, 2002
(in thousands)

| | Unconsolidated | | | Consolidated |
|--|----------------|---------------------------|--------------|--------------|
| | Parent | Guarantor Subsidiaries | Eliminations | |
| Net cash provided by operating activities | \$ 11,190 | \$ 61,623 | \$ — | \$ 72,813 |
| Expenditures for land, buildings, improvements and equipment | (2,186) | (8,721) | — | (10,907) |
| Investment in guarantor | 41,638 | (41,638) | — | — |
| Net cash provided (used) by investing activities | 39,452 | (50,359) | — | (10,907) |
| Repayments under lines of credit, net | (49,069) | (10,379) | — | (59,448) |
| Payments on long-term debt | (4,531) | (1,220) | — | (5,751) |
| Proceeds from issuance of stock | 5,885 | — | — | 5,885 |
| Net cash used by financing activities | (47,715) | (11,599) | — | (59,314) |
| Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents | 2,927 | (335) | — | 2,592 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period | 7,153 | 1,139 | — | 8,292 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at end of period | \$ 10,080 | \$ 804 | \$ — | \$ 10,884 |

[Table of Contents](#)

Item 9. Changes in and Disagreements with Accountants on Accounting and Financial Disclosure

None.

Item 9A. Controls and Procedures

(a) *Evaluation of disclosure controls and procedures.* Our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have reviewed, as of the end of the period covered by this report, the “disclosure controls and procedures” (as defined in the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 Rules 13a–15(e) and 15d–15(e)) that ensure that information relating to the Company required to be disclosed by us in the reports that we file or submit under the Exchange Act, is recorded, processed, summarized and reported in a timely and proper manner. Based upon this review, we believe that the controls and procedures in place are effective to ensure that information relating to the Company that is required to be disclosed by us in the reports that we file or submit under the Exchange Act is properly disclosed as required by the Exchange Act and related regulations.

(b) *Changes in internal controls.* There were no significant changes in our internal control over financial reporting that occurred during our last fiscal year that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

Item 9B. Other Information

None.

PART III

Item 10. Directors and Executive Officers of the Registrant

We have adopted a code of ethics that applies to all of our executive officers and directors, a copy of which was filed as Exhibit 14 to our Form 10–K for the fiscal year ended September 27, 2003.

The remaining information required by this item is incorporated by reference from Central’s Definitive Proxy Statement for its 2005 Annual Meeting of Stockholders under the captions “Election of Directors,” “Audit Committee Financial Expert” and “Section 16(a) Beneficial Ownership Reporting Compliance.” See also Item 1 above.

Item 11. Executive Compensation

The information required by this item is incorporated by reference from Central’s Definitive Proxy Statement for its 2005 Annual Meeting of Stockholders under the caption “Executive Compensation.”

Item 12. Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management

The information required by this item is incorporated by reference from Central’s Definitive Proxy Statement for its 2005 Annual Meeting of Stockholders under the captions “Ownership of Management and Principal Stockholders” and “Equity Compensation Plan Information.”

Item 13. Certain Relationships and Related Transactions

The information required by this item is incorporated by reference from Central’s Definitive Proxy Statement for its 2005 Annual Meeting of Stockholders under the captions “Compensation Committee Interlocks and Insider Participation” and “Transactions with the Company.”

Item 14. Principal Accountant Fees and Services

The information required by this item is incorporated by reference from Central’s Definitive Proxy Statement for its 2005 Annual Meeting of Stockholders under the caption “Principal Accountant Fees and Services.”

Item 15. Exhibits and Financial Statement Schedules

(a) The following documents are filed as part of this report:

(1) Consolidated Financial Statements of Central Garden & Pet Company are included in Part II, Item 8:

[Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm](#)

[Consolidated Balance Sheets](#)

[Consolidated Statements of Operations](#)

[Consolidated Statements of Shareholders' Equity](#)

[Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows](#)

[Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements](#)

All other schedules are omitted because of the absence of conditions under which they are required or because the required information is included in the consolidated financial statements or notes thereto.

(2) Exhibits:

See attached Exhibit Index.

EXHIBIT INDEX

Set forth below is a list of exhibits that are being filed or incorporated by reference into this Form 10-K:

| <u>Exhibit Number</u> | <u>Exhibit</u> |
|---------------------------|--|
| 3.1 | Third Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation (Incorporated by reference from Exhibit 3.1 to Registration Statement No. 33-98544). |
| 3.1.1 | Certificate of Amendment of Third Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation (Incorporated by reference from Exhibit 3.1.1 to Registration Statement No. 333-46437). |
| 3.1.2 | Certificate of Designation—Series B Convertible Preferred Stock (Incorporated by reference from Exhibit 3.1.2 to the Company’s Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 26, 2004). |
| 3.2 | Copy of Registrant’s Bylaws (Incorporated by reference from Exhibit 3.2 to Registration Statement No. 33-48070). |
| 4.1 | Specimen Common Stock Certificate (Incorporated by reference from Exhibit 4.1 to Registration Statement No. 33-48070). |
| 4.2 | Indenture dated as of January 30, 2003 between the Company, Wells Fargo and the Subsidiary Guarantors name therein (Incorporated by reference from Exhibit 4.1 to Registration Statement on Form S-4 No. 333-103835). |
| 10.1 | Form of Indemnification Agreement between the Company and Executive Officers and Directors (Incorporated by reference from Exhibit 10.18 to Registration Statement No. 33-48070). |
| 10.2 | Credit Agreement dated May 14, 2003, between the Company and Canadian Imperial Bank of Commerce et al. (Incorporated by reference from Exhibit 10.9 to the Company’s Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 28, 2003). |
| 10.2.1 | First Amendment to Credit Agreement dated October 27, 2003, between Central Garden & Pet Company and Canadian Imperial Bank of Commerce et al. (Incorporated by reference from Exhibit 10.2.1 to the Company’s Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 27, 2004). |
| 10.2.2 | Second Amendment to Credit Agreement dated February 12, 2004, between Central Garden & Pet Company and Canadian Imperial Bank of Commerce et al. (Incorporated by reference from Exhibit 10.2.2 to the Company’s Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 26, 2004). |
| 10.2.3 | Third Amendment to Credit Agreement dated March 26, 2004, between Central Garden & Pet Company and Canadian Imperial Bank of Commerce et al. (Incorporated by reference from Exhibit 10.2.3 to the Company’s Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 26, 2004). |
| 10.2.4 | Fourth Amendment to Credit Agreement dated July 30, 2004, between Central Garden & Pet Company and Canadian Imperial Bank of Commerce et al. |
| 10.3 | Stock Purchase Agreement dated as of December 5, 1997 among the Company and the shareholders of T.F.H. Publications, Inc. (Incorporated by reference from Exhibit 1.2 to the Company’s Report on Form 8-K/A dated December 18, 1997). |
| 10.4* | 1993 Omnibus Equity Incentive Plan, as amended (Incorporated by reference from Exhibits 4.1 to the Company’s Registration Statements Nos. 33-7236, 33-89216, 333-1238 and 333-41931). |
| 10.5* | 2003 Omnibus Equity Incentive Plan (Incorporated by reference from Exhibit 10.8 to the Company’s Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 29, 2003). |
| 10.5.1* | Form of Nonstatutory Stock Option Agreement for 2003 Omnibus Equity Incentive Plan. |
| 10.5.2* | Form of Restricted Stock Agreement for 2003 Omnibus Equity Incentive Plan. |
| 10.6* | Nonemployee Director Equity Incentive Plan, as amended June 8, 2001 (Incorporated by reference from Exhibit 10.12 to the Company’s Form 10-K/A for the fiscal year ended September 29, 2001). |

Table of Contents

| <u>Exhibit Number</u> | <u>Exhibit</u> |
|---------------------------|---|
| 10.7* | Employment Agreement dated as of February 27, 1998 between Pennington Seed, Inc. of Delaware and Brooks Pennington III (Incorporated by reference from Exhibit 10.20 to the Company's Form 10-K/A for the fiscal year ended September 26, 1998). |
| 10.8* | Modification and Extension of Employment Agreement dated as of February 27, 1998 between Pennington Seed, Inc. of Delaware and Brooks Pennington III, dated as of May 6, 2003 (Incorporated by reference from Exhibit 10.7.1 to the Company's Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 28, 2003). |
| 10.9* | Employment Agreement dated as of July 9, 2004 between the Company and James V. Heim. |
| 12 | Statement re Computation of Ratios of Earnings to Fixed Charges. |
| 14 | Code of Ethics (Incorporated by reference from Exhibit 14 to the Company's Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended September 27, 2003). |
| 21 | List of Subsidiaries. |
| 23 | Consent of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm. |
| 31.1 | Certification of Principal Executive Officer Pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a). |
| 31.2 | Certification of Principal Financial Officer Pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a). |
| 32.1 | Certification of Principal Executive Officer Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350. |
| 32.2 | Certification of Principal Financial Officer Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350. |

* Management contract or compensatory plan or arrangement.

CENTRAL GARDEN & PET COMPANY

FOURTH AMENDMENT

TO CREDIT AGREEMENT

This **FOURTH AMENDMENT TO CREDIT AGREEMENT** (this “**Amendment**”) is dated as of July 30, 2004 between **CENTRAL GARDEN & PET COMPANY**, a Delaware corporation (“**Borrower**”) and **CANADIAN IMPERIAL BANK OF COMMERCE**, as administrative agent for Lenders (“**Administrative Agent**”), and is made with reference to that certain Credit Agreement dated as of May 14, 2003, as amended to date (as so amended, the “**Credit Agreement**”), by and among Borrower, the financial institutions listed therein as Lenders, the Co-Syndication Agents named therein, and the Administrative Agent. Capitalized terms used herein without definition shall have the same meanings herein as set forth in the Credit Agreement.

RECITALS

WHEREAS, Borrower, Agents and Lenders desire to amend the Credit Agreement (i) to remove the Consolidated Tangible Net Worth covenant, (ii) to permit certain acquisitions by the Company in addition to those provided for in the general acquisition covenant, and (iii) to make certain other amendments as provided herein;

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the premises and the agreements, provisions and covenants herein contained, the parties hereto agree as follows:

Section 1. AMENDMENTS TO THE CREDIT AGREEMENT**1.1 Amendments to Section 1: Definitions**

A. Consolidated Tangible Net Worth. Subsection 1.1 of the Credit Agreement is hereby amended by deleting in its entirety the definition of “Consolidated Tangible Net Worth” appearing therein.

B. Adjusted LIBOR. Subsection 1.1 of the Credit Agreement is hereby further amended by deleting in its entirety the definition of “Adjusted LIBOR” appearing therein and substituting the following therefor:

“**Adjusted LIBOR**” means, for any Interest Rate Determination Date with respect to an Interest Period for a LIBOR Loan, the rate per annum obtained by dividing (x) the rate of interest equal to (a) with respect to LIBOR Loans denominated in U.S. Dollars, the rate per annum determined on the basis of the rate for deposits in U.S. Dollars for a period equal to such Interest Period commencing on the first day of such Interest Period and appearing on Moneyline

Telerate Screen 3750 at or about 11:00 A.M., London time, two Business Days prior to the commencement of such Interest Period, or (b) with respect to LIBOR Loans denominated in currencies other than U.S. Dollars, and LIBOR Loans denominated in U.S. Dollars to the extent the rate specified in clause (a) above does not appear on Moneyline Telerate Screen 3750, the average of the rates per annum at which deposits in the currency of the LIBOR Loan in immediately available funds are offered to CIBC in the interbank LIBOR market as at or about 11:00 A.M. (New York City time) two (2) Business Days prior to the beginning of such Interest Period for delivery on the first day of such Interest Period, and for a period approximately equal to such Interest Period, by (y) a percentage equal to 100% minus the stated maximum rate (expressed as a percentage) of all reserve requirements (including any marginal, emergency, supplemental, special or other reserves) applicable on such Interest Rate Determination Date to any member bank of the Federal Reserve System in respect of "Eurocurrency liabilities" as defined in Regulation D (or any successor category of liabilities under Regulation D). For any Interest Period with respect to any LIBOR Loan advanced by a Lender required to comply with the relevant requirements of the Bank of England and the Financial Services Authority of the United Kingdom, Adjusted LIBOR shall be the sum of (a) the rate determined in accordance with the first sentence of this definition and (b) the Mandatory Cost Rate for such Interest Period."

1.2 Amendments to Section 7: Borrower's Negative Covenants.

A. Financial Covenants. Subsection 7.6 of the Credit Agreement is hereby amended by deleting subsection D (Minimum Consolidated Tangible Net Worth), therefrom in its entirety.

B. Investments; Acquisitions. Subsection 7.3 of the Credit Agreement is hereby amended by deleting clause (viii) thereof in its entirety and substituting the following therefor:

"(viii) in addition to acquisitions permitted pursuant to clause (v) and investments permitted pursuant to clause (vi) above, Borrower may (1) consummate the Kent Marine Acquisition and the New England Pottery Acquisition as described in the definitions thereof, (2) acquire substantially all of the assets of the global pet supplies business of Lawrence PLC and Interpet Limited pursuant to that certain Agreement of Purchase and Sale dated as of January 31, 2004, and (3) acquire substantially all of the assets of KRB Seed Company, LLC on terms and conditions acceptable to Administrative Agent; provided that no Potential Event of Default or Event of Default shall have occurred or be continuing as a result of any such acquisition or after giving effect thereto."

1.3 Amendments to Exhibits.

Exhibit VI (Form of Compliance Certificate) to the Credit Agreement is hereby amended and restated in their entirety as set forth on the attached Annex A-1.

Section 2. CONDITIONS TO EFFECTIVENESS

Section 1 of this Amendment shall become effective only upon the satisfaction of all of the following conditions precedent (the date of satisfaction of such conditions being referred to herein as the “**Fourth Amendment Effective Date**”):

A. On or before the Fourth Amendment Effective Date, Borrower shall deliver to Lenders (or to Administrative Agent for Lenders with sufficient originally executed copies, where appropriate, for each Lender and its counsel) copies of this Amendment, executed by Borrower and each Credit Support Party.

B. On or before the Fourth Amendment Effective Date, Administrative Agent shall have executed copies of this Amendment on behalf of itself and consenting Lenders.

C. On or before the Fourth Amendment Effective Date, all corporate and other proceedings taken or to be taken in connection with the transactions contemplated hereby and all documents incidental thereto not previously found acceptable by Administrative Agent, acting on behalf of Lenders, and its counsel shall be satisfactory in form and substance to Administrative Agent and such counsel, and Administrative Agent and such counsel shall have received all such counterpart originals or certified copies of such documents as Administrative Agent may reasonably request.

Section 3. BORROWER’S REPRESENTATIONS AND WARRANTIES

In order to induce Lenders to enter into this Amendment and to amend the Credit Agreement in the manner provided herein, Borrower represents and warrants to each Lender that the following statements are true, correct and complete:

A. Corporate Power and Authority. Borrower and each Credit Support Party has all requisite corporate power and authority to enter into this Amendment and to carry out the transactions contemplated by, and perform its obligations under, the Credit Agreement as amended by this Amendment (the “**Amended Agreement**”).

B. Authorization of Agreements. The execution and delivery of this Amendment and the performance of the Amended Agreement have been duly authorized by all necessary corporate action on the part of Borrower and each Credit Support Party.

C. No Conflict. The execution and delivery by Borrower and each Credit Support Party of this Amendment and the performance by Borrower of the Amended Agreement do not and will not (i) violate any provision of any law or any governmental rule or regulation applicable to Borrower or any of its Subsidiaries, the Certificate or Articles of Incorporation or Bylaws of Borrower or any of its Subsidiaries or any order, judgment or decree of any court or other agency of government binding on Borrower or any of its Subsidiaries, (ii) conflict with, result in a breach of or constitute (with due notice or lapse of time or both) a default under any Contractual Obligation of Borrower or any of its Subsidiaries, (iii) result in or require the creation or imposition of any Lien upon any of the properties or assets of Borrower or any of its Subsidiaries, except pursuant to the Loan Documents, or (iv) require any approval of stockholders or any approval or consent of any Person under any Contractual Obligation of Borrower or any of its Subsidiaries.

D. Governmental Consents. The execution and delivery by Borrower and each Credit Support Party of this Amendment and the performance by Borrower of the Amended Agreement do not and will not require any registration with, consent or approval of, or notice to, or other action to, with or by, any federal, state or other governmental authority or regulatory body.

E. Binding Obligation. This Amendment has been duly executed and delivered by Borrower and each Credit Support Party and this Amendment and the Amended Agreement are the legally valid and binding obligations of Borrower and each Credit Support Party, enforceable against Borrower and each Credit Support Party in accordance with their respective terms, except as may be limited by bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganization, moratorium or similar laws relating to or limiting creditors' rights generally or by equitable principles relating to enforceability.

F. Incorporation of Representations and Warranties From Credit Agreement. The representations and warranties contained in Section 5 of the Credit Agreement are and will be true, correct and complete in all material respects on and as of the Fourth Amendment Effective Date to the same extent as though made on and as of that date, except to the extent such representations and warranties specifically relate to an earlier date, in which case they were true, correct and complete in all material respects on and as of such earlier date.

G. Absence of Default. No event has occurred and is continuing or will result from the consummation of the transactions contemplated by this Amendment that would constitute an Event of Default or a Potential Event of Default.

Section 4. ACKNOWLEDGEMENT AND CONSENT

Borrower is a party to certain Collateral Documents pursuant to which Borrower has created Liens in favor of Administrative Agent on certain Collateral to secure the Obligations. Each Subsidiary is a party to a Subsidiary Guaranty and certain Collateral Documents pursuant to which such Subsidiary has (i) guarantied the Obligations and (ii) created Liens in favor of Administrative Agent on certain Collateral to secure the obligations of such Subsidiary under the Subsidiary Guaranty. Borrower and each Subsidiary are collectively referred to herein as the "**Credit Support Parties**", and the Subsidiary Guaranties and Collateral Documents referred to above are collectively referred to herein as the "**Credit Support Documents**".

Each Credit Support Party hereby acknowledges that it has reviewed the terms and provisions of the Credit Agreement and this Amendment and consents to the amendment of the Credit Agreement effected pursuant to this Amendment. Each Credit Support Party hereby confirms that each Credit Support Document to which it is a party or otherwise bound and all Collateral encumbered thereby will continue to guaranty or secure, as the case may be, to the fullest extent possible the payment and performance of all "Obligations," "Guarantied

Obligations” and “Secured Obligations,” or other similar terms, as the case may be (in each case as such terms are defined in the applicable Credit Support Document), including, without limitation, the payment and performance of all such “Obligations,” “Guarantied Obligations” or “Secured Obligations,” or similar terms, as the case may be, in respect of the Obligations of Borrower now or hereafter existing under or in respect of the Amended Agreement and the Notes.

Each Credit Support Party acknowledges and agrees that any of the Credit Support Documents to which it is a party or otherwise bound shall continue in full force and effect and that all of its obligations thereunder shall be valid and enforceable and shall not be impaired or limited by the execution or effectiveness of this Amendment. Each Credit Support Party represents and warrants that all representations and warranties contained in the Amended Agreement and the Credit Support Documents to which it is a party or otherwise bound are true, correct and complete in all material respects on and as of the Fourth Amendment Effective Date to the same extent as though made on and as of that date, except to the extent such representations and warranties specifically relate to an earlier date, in which case they were true, correct and complete in all material respects on and as of such earlier date.

Each Credit Support Party (other than Borrower) acknowledges and agrees that (i) notwithstanding the conditions to effectiveness set forth in this Amendment, such Credit Support Party is not required by the terms of the Credit Agreement or any other Loan Document to consent to the amendments to the Credit Agreement effected pursuant to this Amendment and (ii) nothing in the Credit Agreement, this Amendment or any other Loan Document shall be deemed to require the consent of such Credit Support Party to any future amendments to the Credit Agreement.

Section 5. MISCELLANEOUS

A. Reference to and Effect on the Credit Agreement and the Other Loan Documents.

(i) On and after the Fourth Amendment Effective Date, each reference in the Credit Agreement to “this Agreement”, “hereunder”, “hereof”, “herein” or words of like import referring to the Credit Agreement, and each reference in the other Loan Documents to the “Credit Agreement”, “thereunder”, “thereof” or words of like import referring to the Credit Agreement shall mean and be a reference to the Amended Agreement.

(ii) Except as specifically amended by this Amendment, the Credit Agreement and the other Loan Documents shall remain in full force and effect and are hereby ratified and confirmed.

(iii) The execution, delivery and performance of this Amendment shall not, except as expressly provided herein, constitute a waiver of any provision of, or operate as a waiver of any right, power or remedy of Agent or any Lender under, the Credit Agreement or any of the other Loan Documents.

B. Fees and Expenses. Borrower acknowledges that all costs, fees and expenses as described in subsection 10.2 of the Credit Agreement incurred by the Administrative Agent and its counsel with respect to this Amendment and the documents and transactions contemplated hereby shall be for the account of Borrower.

C. Headings. Section and subsection headings in this Amendment are included herein for convenience of reference only and shall not constitute a part of this Amendment for any other purpose or be given any substantive effect.

D. Applicable Law. THIS AMENDMENT AND THE RIGHTS AND OBLIGATIONS OF THE PARTIES HEREUNDER SHALL BE GOVERNED BY, AND SHALL BE CONSTRUED AND ENFORCED IN ACCORDANCE WITH, THE INTERNAL LAWS OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK (INCLUDING WITHOUT LIMITATION SECTION 5-1401 OF THE GENERAL OBLIGATIONS LAW OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK), WITHOUT REGARD TO CONFLICTS OF LAWS PRINCIPLES.

E. Counterparts; Effectiveness. This Amendment may be executed in any number of counterparts and by different parties hereto in separate counterparts, each of which when so executed and delivered shall be deemed an original, but all such counterparts together shall constitute but one and the same instrument; signature pages may be detached from multiple separate counterparts and attached to a single counterpart so that all signature pages are physically attached to the same document. This Amendment (other than the provisions of Sections 1 and 2 hereof, the effectiveness of which is governed by Section 3 hereof) shall become effective upon the execution of a counterpart hereof by Borrower, each Credit Support Party and Administrative Agent and the execution of a Lender Consent by consenting Lenders and receipt by Borrower and Administrative Agent of written or telephonic notification of such execution and authorization of delivery thereof.

[Remainder of page intentionally left blank]

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have caused this Amendment to be duly executed and delivered by their respective officers thereunto duly authorized as of the date first written above.

CENTRAL GARDEN & PET COMPANY

By: /s/ Stuart W. Booth

Name: Stuart W. Booth
Title: Vice President & Chief Financial Officer

ALL-GLASS AQUARIUM CO., INC.
CGP ACQUISITION CORP. I, LLC
FOUR PAWS PRODUCTS LTD.
GRANT LABORATORIES, INC.
GRO TEC, INC.
KAYTEE PRODUCTS, INC.
MATTHEWS REDWOOD & NURSERY SUPPLY, INC.
NEW ENGLAND POTTERY, LLC
NORCAL POTTERY PRODUCTS, INC.
OCEANIC SYSTEMS, INC.
PENNINGTON SEED INC. OF NEBRASKA
PENNINGTON SEED, INC.
PHAETON CORPORATION
SEEDS WEST, INC.
T.F.H. PUBLICATIONS, INC.
WELLMARK INTERNATIONAL
(for purposes of Section 5 only)
as a Credit Support Party

By: /s/ Stuart W. Booth

Name: Stuart W. Booth
Title: Vice President & Chief Financial Officer

CANADIAN IMPERIAL BANK OF COMMERCE,
as Administrative Agent

By: /s/ Dean J. Decker

Dean J. Decker
Managing Director
CIBC World Markets Corp., AS AGENT

CONSENT OF LENDER

Reference is hereby made to the Fourth Amendment to Credit Agreement (the "**Amendment**") dated as of _____, 2004 by and between Central Garden & Pet Company, a Delaware corporation ("**Borrower**"), and Canadian Imperial Bank of Commerce, as administrative agent for the Lenders ("**Administrative Agent**"), which is made with reference to that certain Credit Agreement dated as of May 14, 2003, as amended by the First Amendment to Credit Agreement dated as of October 27, 2003, the Second Amendment to Credit Agreement dated as of February 12, 2004, and the Third Amendment to Credit Agreement dated as of March 26, 2004 (the "**Credit Agreement**"), by and among Borrower, the financial institutions listed therein as Lenders, the Co-Syndication Agents listed therein, and the Administrative Agent.

The undersigned Lender hereby consents to the execution and delivery of the Amendment by Administrative Agent on its behalf, substantially in the form of the draft presented to the undersigned Lender on July __, 2004.

Dated: _____, 2004

[Name of Institution]

By: _____

Name: _____

Title: _____

EXHIBIT VI

[FORM OF COMPLIANCE CERTIFICATE]

COMPLIANCE CERTIFICATE

EACH OF THE UNDERSIGNED HEREBY CERTIFY THAT:

- (1) I am the duly elected Vice President and Chief Financial Officer of Central Garden & Pet Company, a Delaware corporation (the "**Borrower**");
- (2) I have reviewed the terms of that certain Credit Agreement dated as of May 14, 2003 as amended, restated, supplemented or otherwise modified to the date hereof (said Credit Agreement, as so amended, restated, supplemented or otherwise modified, being the "**Credit Agreement**", the terms defined therein and not otherwise defined in this Certificate (including Attachment No. 1 annexed hereto and made a part hereof) being used in this Certificate as therein defined), by and among Borrower, the financial institutions party thereto as lenders, the financial institutions party thereto as agents and Canadian Imperial Bank of Commerce, as Administrative Agent, and I have made, or have caused to be made under my supervision, a review in reasonable detail of the transactions and condition of Borrower and its Subsidiaries during the accounting period covered by the attached financial statements; and
- (3) The examination described in paragraph (2) above did not disclose, and I have no knowledge of, the existence of any condition or event which constitutes an Event of Default or Potential Event of Default during or at the end of the accounting period covered by the attached financial statements or as of the date of this Certificate[, except as set forth below].

[Set forth [below] [in a separate attachment to this Certificate] are all exceptions to paragraph (3) above listing, in detail, the nature of the condition or event, the period during which it has existed and the action which Borrower has taken, is taking, or proposes to take with respect to each such condition or event:

The foregoing certifications, together with the computations set forth in Attachment No. 1 annexed hereto and made a part hereof and the financial statements delivered with this Certificate in support hereof, are made and delivered this ____ day of _____, 20__ pursuant to Subsection 6.1(iv) of the Credit Agreement.

CENTRAL GARDEN & PET COMPANY

By: _____

Name: Stuart W. Booth

Title: Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

ATTACHMENT NO. 1

TO COMPLIANCE CERTIFICATE

This Attachment No. 1 is attached to and made a part of a Compliance Certificate dated as of _____, 200__ and pertains to the period ending _____, 200___. Subsection references herein relate to Subsections of the Credit Agreement.

A. Indebtedness

| | |
|--|---------------|
| 1. Aggregate principal amount of additional Subordinated Indebtedness permitted under Subsection 7.1(vii): | \$ _____ |
| 2. Maximum permitted under Subsection 7.1(vii): | \$150,000,000 |
| 3. Aggregate principal amount of other Indebtedness outstanding pursuant to Subsection 7.1(viii): | \$ _____ |
| 4. Aggregate amount of other Contingent Obligations outstanding pursuant to Subsection 7.4(vi): | \$ _____ |
| 5. Aggregate principal amount of other Indebtedness and other Contingent Obligations outstanding under Subsection 7.4(vi) (same as D.1): | \$ _____ |
| 6. Maximum permitted under Subsection 7.1(viii): | \$ 20,000,000 |
| 7. Aggregate principal amount of Indebtedness of Foreign Loan Parties to Borrower or Subsidiary Guarantors: | \$ _____ |
| 8. Maximum permitted under Subsection 7.1(ix): | \$ _____ |

B. Liens

| | |
|--|----------|
| 1. Aggregate amount of Indebtedness secured by Liens permitted under Subsection 7.2(iv): | \$ _____ |
|--|----------|

| | |
|--|--------------|
| 2. Maximum aggregate amount of Indebtedness secured by Liens permitted under Subsection 7.2(iv): | \$20,000,000 |
|--|--------------|

C. Investments; Acquisitions

| | |
|---|--------------|
| 1. Aggregate purchase price of acquisitions by Borrower and its Subsidiaries: | \$ _____ |
| 2. Maximum permitted under Subsections 7.3(v) and 7.1(vi): | \$75,000,000 |
| 3. Aggregate principal amount of other Investments (including Capital Stock) permitted under Subsection 7.3(vi) : | \$ _____ |
| 4. Maximum permitted under Subsection 7.3(vi): | \$50,000,000 |
| 5. Aggregate amount of repurchases of Borrower's Capital Stock: | \$ _____ |
| 6. Maximum permitted under Subsection 7.3(vi): | \$10,000,000 |

D. Contingent Obligations

| | |
|---|--------------|
| 1. Total Contingent Obligations, and Indebtedness outstanding under Subsection 7.4(vi) (same as A.5): | \$ _____ |
| 2. Maximum permitted under Subsection 7.4(vii): | \$20,000,000 |

E. Minimum Interest Coverage Ratio (for the four-Fiscal Quarter period ending _____, ____)

| | |
|---|----------|
| 1. Consolidated Net Income: | \$ _____ |
| 2. Consolidated Interest Expense: | \$ _____ |
| 3. Provisions for taxes based on income: | \$ _____ |
| 4. Total depreciation expense: | \$ _____ |
| 5. Total amortization expense: | \$ _____ |
| 6. Other non-recurring and non-cash items reducing Consolidated Net | |

| | |
|--|------------|
| Income but not requiring the expenditure of cash ¹ : | \$ _____ |
| 7. Interest Income: | |
| 8. Other non-recurring non-cash items increasing Consolidated Net Income but not constituting the receipt of cash: | \$ _____ |
| 9. Consolidated EBITDA (1+2+3+4+5+6-7-8): | \$ _____ |
| 10. Interest Coverage Ratio (E.9):(E.2): | _____:1.00 |
| 11. Minimum ratio required under Subsection 7.6A: | _____:1.00 |
| F. Maximum Total Leverage Ratio (as of _____, ____) | |
| 1. Reported Consolidated Total Debt: | \$ _____ |
| 2. Reported Debt under Interest Rate Agreements ² : | \$ _____ |
| 3. Consolidated Total Debt subtotal (F.1-F.2): | \$ _____ |
| 4. Working Capital Adjustment (minus \$25,000,000 for each Fiscal Quarter ending in March of each Fiscal Year; plus \$25,000,000 for each Fiscal Quarter ending in September of each Fiscal Year): | \$ _____ |
| 5. Consolidated Total Debt (F.3-F.4): | \$ _____ |
| 6. Consolidated EBITDA (E.9 above plus/minus any adjustment for any | |

¹ This amount includes such acquisition and transaction costs as may be approved by Administrative Agent in its sole but reasonable discretion. For Fiscal Year 2003, not more than \$5,000,000 in the aggregate, and for each Fiscal Year thereafter, not more than \$2,000,000 in the aggregate of all non-recurring and non-cash items (other than those described in the preceding sentence) shall be included in line E6.

² This amount represents liabilities associated with the fair market value of Interest Rate and Currency Rate Hedge Agreements.

| | |
|--|---------------|
| Asset Sales or other acquisitions or dispositions of assets): | \$ _____ |
| 3. Consolidated Total Leverage Ratio (F.5):(F.6): | :1.00 |
| 4. Maximum ratio permitted under Subsection 7.6B: | :1.00 |
| G. Maximum Senior Leverage Ratio (as of _____, ____) | |
| 1. Consolidated Total Debt (F.5 above): | \$ _____ |
| 2. Aggregate principal amount of all unsecured Subordinated Indebtedness of Borrower and its Subsidiaries, determined on a consolidated basis: | \$ _____ |
| 3. Consolidated Senior Debt (G.1 – G.2): | \$ _____ |
| 4. Consolidated EBITDA (E.9 above plus/minus any adjustment for any Asset Sales or other acquisitions or dispositions of assets): | \$ _____ |
| 5. Consolidated Senior Leverage Ratio (G.3):(G.4): | :1.00 |
| 6. Maximum ratio permitted under Subsection 7.6C: | :1.00 |
| I. Asset Sales | |
| 1. Aggregate fair market value of assets sold in any one or more Asset Sales after the Effective Date in one or more transactions permitted under Subsection 7.7(v): | \$ _____ |
| 2. Maximum permitted under Subsection 7.7(v): | \$ 25,000,000 |

J. Consolidated Capital Expenditures

| | |
|---|---------------|
| 1. Consolidated Capital Expenditures for Fiscal Year-to-date ³ : | \$ _____ |
| 2. Maximum amount of Consolidated Capital Expenditures permitted under Subsection 7.8 for Fiscal Year (as increased pursuant to Subsection 7.8 in an amount not to exceed \$5,000,000) ⁴ : | \$ 25,000,000 |

K. Lease Payments

| | |
|--|---------------|
| 1. Maximum rental payments paid or payable during current Fiscal Year: | \$ _____ |
| 2. Maximum permitted under Subsection 7.12: | \$ 30,000,000 |

³ This amount shall exclude for Fiscal Year 2003, any expansion capital expenditures related to Borrower's Kaytee product line.

⁴ This amount as increased pursuant to Subsection 7.8 in an amount not to exceed \$5,000,000.

**CENTRAL GARDEN & PET COMPANY
2003 OMNIBUS EQUITY INCENTIVE PLAN
NONQUALIFIED STOCK OPTION AGREEMENT**

1. Grant of Option. Central Garden & Pet Company (the “Company”) hereby grants to First Name Last Name (the “Employee”) under the Central Garden & Pet Company 2003 Omnibus Equity Incentive Plan (the “Plan”), as a separate incentive in connection with his or her employment and not in lieu of any salary or other compensation for his or her services, a nonqualified stock option to purchase, on the terms and conditions set forth in this Agreement and the Plan, all or any part of an aggregate of (insert shares) shares of authorized shares of the Common Stock, at the purchase price set forth in paragraph 2 of this Agreement. The option granted hereby is not intended to be an Incentive Stock Option within the meaning of section 422 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended.
2. Exercise Price. The purchase price per share (the “Option Price”) shall be \$(price), which is the fair market value per share of the Common Stock. The effective date of this Agreement shall be (date). The Option Price shall be payable in the legal tender of the United States or, in the discretion of the Committee, in shares of the Common Stock of the Company or in a combination of such legal tender and such shares.
3. Number of Shares. The number and class of shares specified in paragraph 1 above, and/or the Option Price, are subject to appropriate adjustment in the event of changes in the capital stock of the Company by reason of stock dividends, split-ups or combinations of shares, reclassifications, mergers, consolidations, reorganizations or liquidations. Subject to any required action of the stockholders of the Company, if the Company shall be the surviving corporation in any merger or consolidation, the option granted hereunder (to the extent that it is still outstanding) shall pertain to and apply to the securities to which a holder of the same number of shares of Common Stock that are then subject to the option would have been entitled. To the extent that the foregoing adjustments relate to stock or securities of the Company, such adjustments shall be made by the Committee, whose determination in that respect shall be final, binding and conclusive.
4. Commencement of Exercisability. The shares granted under this Option Agreement are exercisable commencing on (date).
5. Termination of Option. In the event of termination of the Employee’s employment with the Company and all Affiliates for any reason other than death, the Employee may, within one (1) month after the date of such termination and within (expiration date) from the date of this Agreement, whichever shall first occur, exercise the option to the extent the right to exercise the option had accrued as of the date of such termination. If the Employee’s termination of employment is on account of his or her death, or if the Employee shall die within such one (1) month period, the option may be exercised by the Employee’s transferee, as hereinafter provided, to the same extent that the right to exercise the option had accrued immediately prior to the Employee’s death, for a period of two (2) months after the date of the Employee’s death.

6. Persons Eligible to Exercise. The option shall be exercisable during the Employee's lifetime only by the Employee. The option shall be non-transferable by the Employee other than by a beneficiary designation made in a form and manner acceptable to the Committee, or by will or the applicable laws of descent and distribution.

7. After the Death of Employee. To the extent exercisable after the Employee's death, the option shall be exercised only by the Employee's designated beneficiary or beneficiaries, or if no beneficiary survives the Employee, by the person or persons entitled to the option under the Employee's will, or if the Employee shall fail to make testamentary disposition of the option, his or her legal representative. A transferee exercising the option must furnish the Company (a) written notice of his or her status as transferee, (b) evidence satisfactory to the Company to establish the validity of the transfer of the option and compliance with any laws or regulations pertaining to said transfer, and (c) written acceptance of the terms and conditions of the option as prescribed in this Agreement.

8. Exercise of Option. The option may be exercised by the person then entitled to do so as to any shares which may then be purchased (a) by giving written notice of exercise to the Company, specifying the number of full shares to be purchased and accompanied by full payment of the purchase price thereof (and the amount of any income tax the Company is required by law to withhold by reason of such exercise), and (b) by giving satisfactory assurances in writing if requested by the Company, signed by the person exercising the option, that the shares to be purchased upon such exercise are being purchased for investment and not with a view to the distribution thereof.

9. Suspension of Exercisability. If at any time the Company shall determine, in its discretion, that the listing, registration or qualification of the shares covered by the option upon any securities exchange or under any state or federal law, or the consent or approval of any governmental regulatory authority, is necessary or desirable as a condition of the purchase of shares hereunder, the option may not be exercised, in whole or in part, unless and until such listing, registration, qualification, consent or approval shall have been effected or obtained free of any conditions not acceptable to the Company. The Company shall make reasonable efforts to meet the requirements of any such state or federal law or securities exchange and to obtain any such consent or approval of any such governmental authority.

10. No Rights of Stockholder. Neither the Employee nor any person claiming under or through said Employee shall be or have any of the rights or privileges of a stockholder of the Company in respect of any of the shares issuable upon the exercise of the option, unless and until certificates representing such shares shall have been issued, recorded on the records of the Company or its transfer agents or registrars, and delivered to Employee.

11. Option has No Effect on Employment. The terms of Employee's employment shall be determined from time to time by the Company, or the Subsidiary employing the Employee, as the case may be, and the Company, or the Subsidiary employing the Employee, as the case may be, shall have the right, which is hereby expressly reserved, to terminate or change the terms of the employment of the Employee at any time for any reason whatsoever, with or without good cause.

12. Addresses for Notices. Any notice to be given to the Company under the terms of this Agreement shall be addressed to the Company, in care of its Chief Financial Officer, 1340 Treat Blvd., Suite 600, Walnut Creek, CA 94597, or at such other address as the Company may hereafter designate in writing. Any notice to be given to the Employee shall be addressed to the Employee address set forth beneath the Employee's signature hereto, or at such other address as the Employee may hereafter designate in writing. Any such notice shall be deemed to have been duly given if and when enclosed in a properly sealed envelope, addressed as aforesaid, registered or certified and deposited, postage and registry fee prepaid, in a United States post office.

13. Non-Transferability of Option. Except as otherwise herein provided, the option herein granted and the rights and privileges conferred hereby shall not be transferred, assigned, pledged or hypothecated in any way (whether by operation of law or otherwise) and shall not be subject to sale under execution, attachment or similar process. Upon any attempt to transfer, assign, pledge, hypothecate or otherwise dispose of said option, or of any right or privilege conferred hereby, contrary to the provisions hereof, or upon any attempted sale under any execution, attachment or similar process upon the rights and privileges conferred hereby, said option and the rights and privileges conferred hereby shall immediately become null and void.

14. Maximum Term of Option. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Agreement, this option is not exercisable after the expiration of (*expiration date*) from the effective date of this Agreement.

15. Binding Agreement. Subject to the limitation on the transferability of the option contained herein, this Agreement shall be binding upon and inure to the benefit of the heirs, legatees, legal representatives, successors and assigns of the parties hereto.

16. Plan Governs. This Agreement is subject to all terms and provisions of the Plan. In the event of a conflict between one or more provisions of the Agreement and one or more provision of the Plan, the provisions of the Plan shall govern. Terms used in this Agreement that are not defined in this Agreement shall have the meaning set forth in the Plan.

17. Committee Authority. The Committee shall have the power to interpret the Plan and this Agreement and to adopt such rules for the administration, interpretation and application of the Plan as are consistent therewith and to interpret or revoke any such rules. All actions taken and all interpretations and determinations made by the Committee in good faith shall be final and binding upon Employee, the Company and all other interested persons. No member of the Committee shall be personally liable for any action, determination or interpretation made in good faith with respect to the Plan or this Agreement.

18. Captions. Captions provided herein are for convenience only and are not to serve as a basis for interpretation or construction of this Agreement.

19. Agreement Severable. In the event that any provision in this Agreement shall be held invalid or unenforceable, such provision shall be severable from, and such invalidity or unenforceability shall not be construed to have any effect on, the remaining provisions of the Agreement.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties have executed this Agreement, in duplicate, effective as of the day and year specified in paragraph 2 of this Agreement.

CENTRAL GARDEN AND PET COMPANY

By _____

[Name]
[Title]

EMPLOYEE SIGNATURE

DATE

ADDRESS

SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBER

**CENTRAL GARDEN & PET COMPANY
2003 OMNIBUS EQUITY INCENTIVE PLAN
RESTRICTED STOCK AWARD AGREEMENT**

THIS AGREEMENT is made as of this ___th day of _____, 200 __, between CENTRAL GARDEN & PET COMPANY, a Delaware corporation (the “Company”) and (Insert EE name) (the “Officer”).

1. Grant of Award. The Company hereby grants to the Officer under the Central Garden & Pet Company 2003 Omnibus Equity Incentive Plan (the “Plan”), as a separate incentive in connection with his or her service to the Company and not in lieu of any salary or other compensation for his or her services, an award of (insert # of shares) shares of restricted common stock of the Company (“Restricted Shares”) on the date hereof, subject to the terms and conditions in this Agreement and the Plan.

2. Shares Held by Company. Until the Restricted Shares have vested as set forth in paragraphs 4 or 5, any certificates representing such shares shall be held by the Secretary of the Company and such shares may not be sold or otherwise transferred and may not be pledged or otherwise hypothecated. The certificates representing such shares shall be delivered by the Company to the Officer as the shares vest in accordance with paragraph 4, provided that all other terms and conditions in this Agreement have been satisfied.

3. Certificate Legend. Until the shares have vested, each certificate representing Restricted Shares shall bear the following legend:

“The sale or other transfer of the shares of stock represented by this certificate, whether voluntary, involuntary, or by operation of law, is subject to certain restrictions on transfer as set forth in a Restricted Stock Award Agreement. A copy of such Restricted Stock Award Agreement may be obtained from the Secretary of Central Garden & Pet Company.”

4. Restriction on Shares. Except as otherwise provided in this Agreement, the Restricted Shares shall vest (and all restrictions on transfer under paragraph 2 shall lapse) as follows: (insert appropriate dates, then delete these words)

- _____ shares shall vest on _____, 200 __;
- _____ shares shall vest on _____, 200 __;
- _____ shares shall vest on _____, 200 __; and
- _____ shares shall vest on _____, 200 __.

If the Officer terminates his or her employment with the Company on account of death or permanent and total disability within the meaning of Section 22(e)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code, 100% of any unvested Restricted Shares shall vest in full upon such termination of service.

5. Committee Discretion. The Committee may decide, in its absolute discretion, to accelerate the vesting of some or all of Restricted Shares at any time. If so accelerated, such Restricted Shares shall vest as of the date specified by the Committee.

6. Withholding of Taxes. No certificate representing any of the Restricted Shares may be delivered by the Company to the Officer until the Officer shall have delivered to the Company the full amount of any federal, state or local income or other taxes that the Company may be required by law to withhold with respect to the issuance of such shares. The Committee may, but is not required to, permit the Officer to satisfy any such tax withholding requirement by delivering to the Company already-owned shares of Company Common Stock or by requesting that the Company withhold shares of Company Common Stock otherwise deliverable to the Officer.

7. Continuous Employment Required. The Restricted Shares shall only vest so long as the Officer shall have been continuously employed by the Company or one of its subsidiaries from the date of this Agreement through and on the relevant vesting date set forth in paragraph 4. Any Restricted Shares that are not vested at the time of the Officer's termination of employment (unless the vesting of such shares shall have been accelerated pursuant to paragraph 5 or the last sentence of paragraph 4) shall be forfeited and automatically reacquired by the Company at no cost to the Company. The Officer hereby appoints the Secretary of the Company, with full power of substitution, as the Officer's true and lawful attorney-in-fact with irrevocable power and authority in the name and on behalf of the Officer to take any action and execute all documents and instruments, including, without limitation, stock powers which may be necessary to transfer the certificate or certificates evidencing such forfeited shares to the Company.

8. After the Death of the Officer. Any distribution or delivery to be made to the Officer under this Agreement shall, if the Officer is then deceased, be made to the Officer's designated beneficiary, or, if no such beneficiary survives the Officer, the person or persons entitled to such distribution or delivery under the Officer's will, or, if the Officer shall fail to make testamentary disposition of such property, his or her legal representative. Any transferee must furnish the Company with (a) written notice of his or her status as transferee, and (b) evidence satisfactory to the Company to establish the validity of the transfer and compliance with any laws or regulations pertaining to said transfer.

9. Conditions to Issuance of Restricted Shares. The Company shall not be required to issue any certificate or certificates for shares of stock hereunder prior to fulfillment of all of the following conditions:

(a) The admission of such shares to listing on all stock exchanges on which such class of stock is then listed; and

(b) The completion of any registration or other qualification of such shares under any state or federal law or under the rulings or regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission or any other governmental regulatory body, which the Committee shall, in its absolute discretion, deem necessary or advisable; and

(c) The obtaining of any approval or other clearance from any state or federal governmental agency, which the Committee shall, in its absolute discretion, determine to be necessary or advisable; and

(d) The lapse of such reasonable period of time following the date of grant of the Restricted Shares as the Committee may establish from time to time for reasons of administrative convenience.

10. No Rights of Stockholder. Neither the Officer nor any person claiming under or through the Officer shall be, or have any of the rights or privileges of, a stockholder of the Company in respect of any shares issuable hereunder unless and until certificates representing such shares shall have been issued, recorded on the records of the Company or its transfer agents or registrars, and delivered to the Officer or the Secretary of the Company to hold pursuant to paragraph 2.

11. Changes in Stock. In the event that as a result of a stock dividend, stock split, reclassification, recapitalization, combination of shares or the adjustment in capital stock of the Company or otherwise, or as a result of a merger, consolidation, spin-off or other reorganization, the Company's Common Stock shall be increased, reduced or otherwise changed, and by virtue of any such change the Officer shall in his or her capacity as the owner of the Restricted Shares which have been awarded to him or her hereunder (the "Prior Shares") be entitled to new or additional or different shares of stock or securities (other than rights or warrants to purchase securities), such new or additional or different shares or securities shall thereupon be considered to be Restricted Shares and shall be subject to all of the restrictions and other conditions which were applicable to the Prior Shares pursuant to this Agreement. If the Officer receives rights or warrants with respect to any Prior Shares, such rights or warrants may be held or exercised by the Officer, provided that until such exercise any such rights or warrants and after such exercise any shares or other securities acquired by the exercise of such rights or warrants shall be considered to be subject to all of the restrictions and other conditions which were applicable to the Prior Shares pursuant to this Agreement. The Committee in its absolute discretion at any time may accelerate the vesting of all or any portion of such new or additional shares of stock or securities, rights or warrants to purchase securities or shares or other securities acquired by the exercise of such rights or warrants.

12. Committee Authority. The Committee shall have the power to interpret this Agreement and to adopt such rules for the administration, interpretation and application of this Agreement as are consistent therewith and to interpret or revoke any such rules. All actions taken and all interpretations and determinations made by the Committee shall be final and binding upon the Officer, the Company and all other interested persons, and shall be given the maximum deference permitted by law. No member of the Committee shall be personally liable for any action, determination or interpretation made in good faith with respect to this Agreement.

13. Non-Transferability of Award. Except as otherwise herein provided, the shares of Restricted Shares herein granted and the rights and privileges conferred hereby shall not be transferred, assigned, pledged or hypothecated in any way (whether by operation of law or otherwise) and shall not be subject to sale under execution, attachment or similar process. Upon

any attempt to transfer, assign, pledge, hypothecate or otherwise dispose of such award, or of any right or privilege conferred hereby, contrary to the provisions hereof, or upon any attempted sale under any execution, attachment or similar process upon the rights and privileges conferred hereby, such award and the rights and privileges conferred hereby shall immediately become null and void.

14. Binding Agreement. Subject to the limitation on the transferability of the Restricted Shares contained in paragraph 13, this Agreement shall be binding upon and inure to the benefit of the heirs, legatees, legal representatives, successors and assigns of the parties hereto.

15. Addresses for Notices. Any notice to be given to the Company under the terms of this Agreement shall be addressed to the Company, in care of its Secretary, at 1340 Treat Blvd., Suite 600, Walnut Creek, CA 94597 or at such other address as the Company may hereafter designate in writing. Any notice to be given to the Officer shall be addressed to the Officer at the address set forth beneath the Officer's signature hereto, or at such other address as the Officer may hereafter designate in writing. Any such notice shall be deemed to have been duly given if and when enclosed in a properly sealed envelope, addressed as aforesaid, registered or certified and deposited, postage and registry fee prepaid, in a United States post office.

16. Plan Governs. This Agreement is subject to all of the terms and provisions of the Plan. In the event of a conflict between one or more provisions of this Agreement and one or more provisions of the Plan, the provisions of the Plan shall govern. Capitalized terms and phrases used and not defined in this Agreement shall have the meaning set forth in the Plan.

17. Severability of Agreement. In the event that any provision in this Agreement shall be held invalid or unenforceable, such provision shall be severable from, and such invalidity or unenforceability shall not be construed to have any effect on, the remaining provisions of this Agreement.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties have executed this Agreement, in duplicate, the day and year first above written.

CENTRAL GARDEN & PET COMPANY

By: _____

[Name]
[Title]

(Insert EE name)

Address

Social Security Number

EMPLOYMENT AGREEMENT

THIS EMPLOYMENT AGREEMENT (the "Agreement"), made this 9th day of July, 2004 is entered into by Central Garden & Pet Company, a Delaware corporation (the "Company"), and James V. Heim ("Executive").

WHEREAS, the Company desires to employ the Executive and the Executive desires to be employed by the Company.

In consideration of mutual covenants and promises contained herein, and other good and valuable consideration, the receipt and sufficiency of which are hereby acknowledged, the parties agree as follows:

1. **Term of Employment:** Executive will be employed by the Company for a period of three (3) years, subject to termination as set forth below.
2. **Start Date:** Executive's employment start date shall be August 20, 2004.
3. **Title; Capacity:** Executive shall serve as President Pet Products. He shall perform those duties and responsibilities consistent with such position that are assigned to him by the Chief Executive Officer of the Company.
4. **Salary:** The Company will pay the Executive a salary of \$375,000 annually in accordance with the Company's prevailing practices for executives of the Company. In addition, Executive will be eligible for an annual bonus each year, targeted at 50% of base compensation with a maximum payout of 100%. Actual payout will be based upon both the Executive's and the Company's performance.
5. **Benefits:** Executive shall receive fringe benefits, including 401(k) and life insurance at one times base compensation (additional term life insurance may be purchased by the Executive) and shall participate in other benefit programs on substantially the same terms and conditions as are generally available to other executives of the Company. Such benefits shall include an automobile allowance of \$1,000 per month and shall otherwise be generally comparable to the benefits currently offered to senior executives of the Company. Additionally, the Executive will be eligible for four (4) weeks vacation annually.
6. **Central Garden and Pet Restricted Stock and Stock Options:** The Company will grant to Executive effective upon commencement of employment 15,000 shares of restricted stock and 20,000 stock options under the Company's omnibus equity incentive plan. Such shares and stock options shall fully vest if Executive has been continuously employed by the Company from the date hereof with the following vesting schedule: 25% will vest following twenty-four (24), thirty-six (36), forty-eight (48) and sixty (60) months of continuous employment, respectively. Stock options expire at the end of 72 months.

James V. Heim Employment Agreement

-
7. **Reimbursement of Expenses:** The Company will reimburse Executive for all reasonable travel, entertainment and other expenses incurred or paid by the Executive in connection with, or related to, the performance of his duties, responsibilities or services under this Agreement in accordance with the Company's policies, upon presentation by Executive of documentation, expense statements, vouchers, and/or other supporting information as the Company may request.
8. **Incapacity:** In the event that Executive becomes physically or mentally disabled or incapacitated such that it is the reasonable, good faith opinion of the Company that Executive is unable to perform the services required under this Agreement, then after four (4) months of continuous physical or mental disability, this Agreement will terminate; provided however, that during this four (4) month period, Executive shall be entitled to the continuation of his compensation as provided by this Agreement; however such continued payments by the Company shall be integrated with any disability, workers' compensation, or other insurance payments received, such that the total amount does not exceed the compensation as provided by this Agreement. For purposes of this Agreement, physical or mental disability does not include any disability arising from alcoholism, drug abuse, or related issues.
9. **Termination by the Company for Cause:** The Company may terminate Executive for cause. If Executive is terminated for cause, he will receive only his compensation earned pro rata to the date of his termination. All other benefits will cease on the date of Executive's termination. Cause shall be defined as:
- (a) An act of fraud, embezzlement or theft;
 - (b) An act or omission constituting negligence or misconduct which is materially injurious to the Company;
 - (c) A violation of the Noncompetition Agreement between the parties contained herein;
 - (d) A material violation of this Agreement by Executive, which is not cured within 30 days after written notice thereof; or
 - (e) Executive's disability or incapacity pursuant to Section 8 above.
 - (f) Executive's death.
10. **Termination by the Company Other Than for Cause:** If the Company terminates Executive for any reason other than cause as defined in Section 9 hereof, Executive will continue to receive the compensation and benefits provided for in this Agreement through the term of employment provided in Section 1 hereof.
11. **Confidential Business Information:** The Company has and will continue to spend significant time, effort and money to develop proprietary information which is vital to the Company's business. In the course of Executive's employment with the Company, he

will acquire certain proprietary information. Executive agrees that he will not disclose or utilize any confidential business information (not already otherwise made public or already in possession of the person to whom it was disclosed) or trade secrets to any competitor of the Company or any other person or entity outside the Company other than the agents representatives or consultants acting on behalf of the Company. Any confidential materials that come into Executive's possession during his employment shall remain the exclusive property of the Company and shall be promptly returned to the Company upon any termination of employment.

12. **Separability:** Each provision of this Agreement is separable and independent of the other provisions. If any part of this Agreement is found to be invalid, the remainder shall be given full force and effect as permissible by law.
13. **Complete Agreement:** This Agreement constitutes the entire agreement between Executive and the Company regarding the subjects covered by this Agreement. No other agreement, understanding, statement or promise other than those contained in this Agreement is part of their employment agreement or will be effective. Any modification of this Agreement will be effective only if it is in writing and signed by the parties.
14. **Governing Law:** This Agreement will be governed and construed consistent with the laws of the State of California.
15. **Notice:** All notices, requests, demands and other communications hereunder shall be in writing and shall be deemed to have been duly given (except as may otherwise be specifically provided herein to the contrary) if delivered by hand and receipted for by the party to whom said notice or other communication shall have been directed or mailed by certified or registered mail with postage prepaid:

(a) If to the Company to: Central Garden & Pet Company
3697 Mt. Diablo Boulevard
Lafayette, CA 94549
Attention: Glenn W. Novotny

with a copy to: Orrick, Herrington & Sutcliffe LLP
The Old Federal Reserve Bank Building
400 Sansome Street
San Francisco, CA 94111
Attention: John F. Seegal, Esq.

(b) If to the Executive to: James V. Heim
760 La Salle Way
Napa, CA 94559

-
16. **Noncompetition Agreement:** Executive covenants and agrees that for a period equal to the longer of five (5) years after (i) the date of this Agreement, or (ii) termination of employment with the Company (the "Noncompetition Period"), he will not, nor will he permit any entity or other person under his control to, directly or indirectly, own, manage, operate or control, or participate in the ownership, management, operation or control of, or be connected with or have any interest in, as a shareholder, director, officer, employee, agent, consultant, partner, creditor or otherwise, any business or activity which engages in the manufacture, sale or distribution of pet supplies or lawn and garden products (collectively, the "Restricted Activity"), anywhere within (i) the State of California, (ii) any other state of the United States and the District of Columbia in which the Company or any of their subsidiaries or affiliates engages in or has engaged in the Restricted Activity during the past five years, or (iii) any foreign country in which the Company or any of their subsidiaries or affiliates engages in or has engaged in business during the past five years. In the event a court shall refuse to enforce the agreements contained in this Covenant, either because of the scope of the geographical area specified in this Covenant or the duration of the restrictions, the parties hereto expressly confirm their intention that the geographical areas covered hereby and the time period of the restrictions be deemed automatically reduced to the minimum extent necessary to permit enforcement.

James V. Heim Employment Agreement

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have executed this agreement the day and year first above written.

EXECUTIVE

/s/ James V. Heim

James V. Heim

CENTRAL GARDEN & PET COMPANY

By /s/ Glenn W. Novotny

Glenn W. Novotny, President and Chief
Executive Officer

James V. Heim Employment Agreement Signatory Page

CENTRAL GARDEN & PET COMPANY
COMPUTATION OF RATIOS OF EARNINGS TO FIXED CHARGES

(dollars in thousands)

| | Fiscal Year Ended | | | | |
|---|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| | September 30, 2000 | September 29, 2001 | September 28, 2002 | September 27, 2003 | September 25, 2004 |
| Income (loss) before income taxes, cumulative effect of accounting change, and income (losses) associated with equity investees | \$(10,607) | \$ (9,021) | \$ 44,156 | \$ 53,139 | \$ 64,319 |
| Fixed charges (1) | 24,841 | 24,863 | 15,689 | 20,552 | 19,157 |
| Earnings | 14,234 | 15,842 | 59,845 | 73,691 | 83,476 |
| Fixed charges (1) | \$ 24,841 | \$ 24,863 | \$ 15,689 | \$ 20,552 | \$ 19,157 |
| Ratio of earnings to fixed charges | — | — | 3.81 | 3.59 | 4.36 |

- (1) Fixed charges consist of interest expense, the portion of rental expense under operating leases deemed by management to be representative of the interest factor and amortization of deferred financing costs.
- (2) In the fiscal years ended September 30, 2000 and September 29, 2001, our fixed charges exceeded the sum of our earnings and fixed charges by \$10.6 million and \$9.0 million, respectively.

LIST OF SUBSIDIARIES

The following table sets forth certain information concerning the principal subsidiaries of the Company.

| <u>Name</u> | <u>State or Other Jurisdiction of Incorporation</u> |
|-------------------------------|---|
| All-Glass Aquarium Co., Inc. | Wisconsin |
| CGP Acquisition I, LLC | Delaware |
| Four Paws Products, Ltd. | New York |
| Interpet Limited | United Kingdom |
| Kaytee Products Incorporated | Wisconsin |
| New England Pottery, LLC | Delaware |
| Norcal Pottery Products, Inc. | California |
| Pennington Seed, Inc. | Delaware |
| TFH Publications, Inc. | Delaware |
| Wellmark International | California |

The names of certain subsidiaries have been omitted because such unnamed subsidiaries, considered in the aggregate, would not constitute a significant subsidiary as that term is defined in Regulation S-X.

CONSENT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

We consent to incorporation by reference in Central Garden & Pet Company's Registration Statement Nos. 333-09085, 33-96816, 333-41931, 333-84737, 333-83022 and 333-105965 on Form S-8 and Registration Statement Nos. 333-05261, 333-22209 and 333-46437 on Form S-4 of our report dated December 6, 2004 (which report expresses an unqualified opinion and includes an explanatory paragraph relating to a change in accounting principle) appearing in this Annual Report on Form 10-K of Central Garden & Pet Company for the year ended September 25, 2004.

/s/ DELOITTE & TOUCHE LLP

San Francisco, California
December 9, 2004

I, Glenn W. Novotny, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this report on Form 10-K of Central Garden & Pet Company;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) for the registrant and we have:
 - a) designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b) evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - c) disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation, of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a) all significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: December 9, 2004

/s/ GLENN W. NOVOTNY

GLENN W. NOVOTNY
Chief Executive Officer
(Principal Executive Officer)

I, Stuart W. Booth, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this report on Form 10-K of Central Garden & Pet Company;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) for the registrant and we have:
 - a) designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b) evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - c) disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation, of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a) all significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: December 9, 2004

/s/ STUART W. BOOTH

Stuart W. Booth
Chief Financial Officer
(Principal Financial Officer)

**CERTIFICATION OF PRINCIPAL EXECUTIVE OFFICER
PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350**

In connection with the accompanying annual report on Form 10-K of Central Garden & Pet Company for the year ended September 25, 2004 (the "Report"), I, Glenn W. Novotny, President and Chief Executive Officer of Central Garden & Pet Company, hereby certify pursuant to 18 U.S.C. §1350, as adopted pursuant to §906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

- (1) such Report complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and

- (2) the information contained in such Report presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of Central Garden & Pet Company.

December 9, 2004

/s/ GLENN W. NOVOTNY

Glenn W. Novotny
Chief Executive Officer

**CERTIFICATION OF PRINCIPAL FINANCIAL OFFICER
PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350**

In connection with the accompanying annual report on Form 10-K of Central Garden & Pet Company for the year ended September 25, 2004 (the "Report"), I, Stuart W. Booth, Chief Financial Officer of Central Garden & Pet Company, hereby certify pursuant to 18 U.S.C. §1350, as adopted pursuant to §906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

- (1) such Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and

- (2) the information contained in such Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of Central Garden & Pet Company.

December 9, 2004

/s/ STUART W. BOOTH

Stuart W. Booth
Chief Financial Officer

Created by 10KWizard Technology www.10KWizard.com